The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Nov. 4, 1868.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, } EDITORS.

The "Globe" has the largest number of readers of any other paper published in the county. Advertisers should remember this.

VICTORY AGAIN!

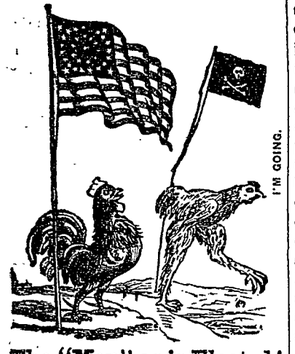
Victory is perched upon the Union Republican banners. The fight has terminated as Union men everywhere anticipated. It was a contest between Revolution and Peace,—the Rebels and their sympathizers voted for Revolution, and in the Southern States where the rebels have intimidated and murdered Union men, Seymour wins, while in the loyal States where Union men have rallied to the support of the Flag and their Country, Grant is triumphantly victorious.

Seymour and Blair, together with their revolutionary platform and sentiments, have been repudiated by the people, and Grant and Colfax have been chosen by them for four years—to preserve and perpetuate all that Loyalty won. We may now look for Peace where there is Strife, and we can hope that President Grant will be as successful in restoring order in the Southern States as he was in quelling the rebellion. There is a glorious future for our country, and the loyal people of to-day have in the words of the Constitution, "*formed a more perfect Union*, established Justice, *insured Domestic Tranquillity*, promoted the General Welfare, and secured the blessings of Liberty to ourselves and posterity."

GONE UP AGAIN!

GAINS EVERYWHERE!

How GRANT Moved Johnny Reb on Yesterday.



The "Mon" as is Elected!

BULLY! BULLY!

The General Result.

Philadelphia, Nov. 4—2 a. m.

The following seems to be the result from returns received to this hour:—

For Grant:

Maine, 30,000 majority.
New Hampshire, 8,000 majority.
Vermont, 30,000 majority.
Massachusetts, 70,000.
Connecticut, 3,000 majority.
Rhode Island, 6,500 majority.
Pennsylvania, 25,000 majority.
Ohio, 40,000 majority.
Indiana, 10,000 majority.
Iowa, 50,000 majority.
Illinois, 40,000 majority.
Michigan, 25,000 majority.
Wisconsin, 15,000 majority.
Minnesota, 10,000 majority.
Kansas, 10,000 majority.
West Virginia, 8,000 majority.
Tennessee, 30,000 majority.
California, 5,000 majority.
Nebraska, 4,000 majority.
Missouri, 8,000 majority.

The following States have gone for Seymour:

Maryland, 25,000 majority.
Delaware, 1,500 majority.
Kentucky, 90,000 majority.
Alabama, 5,000 majority.
Georgia, 20,000 majority.
Louisiana, 30,000 majority.

New Jersey and Arkansas are doubtful.—There are few returns from Southern States generally.

New York claimed by the Republicans.

Philadelphia gives Rep. majority of 1500, and Alleghany county Rep. maj. of 12,000. Rep. Gains everywhere

HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

As far as heard from, we gain on the October election. Our majority will be about **1050.**

Brady, Rep. gain 18; Carbon, Rep. gain 3; Cromwell, Dem. gain 17; Huntingdon, Dem. 4; Henderson, Rep. 2; Juniata, Rep. gain 1; Lincoln, Rep. gain 2; Mapleton, Rep. gain 13; Mount Union, Dem. gain 3; Mt Union District, Dem. gain 13; Oneida, Rep. gain 2; Penn, Rep. gain 9; Porter, Rep. gain 13; Union, Rep. gain 19.

Barree, Rep. gain 7; Hopewell, Rep. gain 11; Petersburg, Dem. gain 9; Shirley, Rep. gain 4; Walker, Dem. gain 11; West, Dem. gain 5.

"Let us Have Peace."

The political contest is over, but the motto of General Grant—"Let us have Peace"—which has echoed across the continent from Washington to Maine, and from Maine to California, has not yet lost its significance. When he uttered that sentiment, the fever of political discussion and consequent excitement had not commenced, but he meant it as an expression for the period in which we lived then, and unfortunately in which we still continue to live. Scarcely a day passes by in which we do not hear of some fresh outbreak in the South between the negroes and whites, or of the murder of some Union man who has dared to express his Unionism, or of the killing of some officer of the Government for discharging the duties devolving upon him. This state of feeling has existed for some time in the South, and many a man who has dared to express an opinion in opposition to the rebel clans, has been cruelly dealt with. Judging from the press dispatches, a reign of terror for Union men is existing in that portion of our Republic. We of the North can not fully understand why this should be, and there are those who are ready to defend such disgraceful and rebellious conduct on the part of the Southern people. They say they are overridden and ruled with a tyrant's rod, and that they will resist so long as tyranny continues. This will not do. The people of the South, when we contemplate to what extremes they went to disunite the Union, have no right to claim a free, full and unconditional pardon from the North. But this subject has been well discussed heretofore, and the people of the North have time and again decided it, but the people of the South, stirred up by infatuated leaders, have forgotten the lessons of the past, and are clamoring for their rights—which indeed has been their cry ever since they were a part of the Union.

The people of the South are in a disordered condition. They have entertained delusive hopes that their treason has been forgotten, and that they are ready to be accepted into a share of the Government. Having these hopes, they think it tyranny to behold the military in their midst, and while they do not insult the Government by attacking them, they do resort to venting their anger upon the negro or upon some unprotected Union man. Now, it is the desire of every man who has the welfare of his country at heart to see this "bushwacking," for we can call it by no other name—once and forever stopped. How can the South prosper when each man who goes there is watched and questioned as to his proclivities? How can our Government trust such a community where disaffection exists, and where a spirit of secession would assume gigantic shape and proportion if let alone? Magnanimity with such a people will not succeed, or else it would have sufficed long ere this; but justice, rigidly administered, will succeed where mercy has failed. The *spirit* of rebellion must be crushed—the rights of every man must be insured—the power of the Government must be made manifest now as it was during the war. It does not need tyranny to do this, but all that is necessary is to have the laws faithfully and impartially administered, and see that each individual, whether black or white, is protected in his rights to life, liberty and property.

To Our Campaign Subscribers.

Campaign subscribers will receive the *Globe* until the 18th of the present month. Any who may wish the paper continued after that date will please inform us by letter or otherwise. We will be pleased to continue the *Globe* regularly to all our campaign subscribers, if we can do so without loss. Our terms will be $2 per year—$1 for six months, or 50 cents for three months. Advance payments are desirable—they will pay us best, and enable us to give our patrons a better paper than we otherwise could. The late campaign has been an expensive one to us, and we hope all who feel like sustaining us will not be backward in using their influence to increase our regular circulation and support.

☞ The contest for President and Vice President is over, and Grant and Colfax are elected. The next important position to fill by the Union men of Pennsylvania, is that of United States Senator. Our next Legislature will have that important duty to perform, and if Senators and Representatives will listen to the will of the people, we have no doubt the State will be represented by one of her most able and reliable men. As it was in the nomination for President, it must be in the nomination for United States Senator—the people must make the nomination.

The October Elections.

The official vote of Indiana for Governor is 171,575 for Baker, Rep., and 170,614 for Hendricks, Dem. Baker's majority 961.

The official vote of Ohio for Secretary of State is 267,068 for Sherwood, Rep., and 249,687 for Hubbard, Dem. Sherwood's majority 17,381.

☞ We publish in another column the popular vote of the States in 1864, which will be useful for comparison.

Tremendous Earthquake in California

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21, 1868.

A heavy shock of earthquake occurred at 7:50 this morning. The motion was east and west. Several buildings were thrown down and a considerable number badly damaged on Pine, Battery and Sansom streets.—Near California street the ground sunk, throwing the buildings out of line. At the present writing, 9 a. m., no estimate of the damage can be made, though considered comparatively small. Several severe shocks have followed at intervals since, creating alarm among the people. The shock was felt in great severity at San Jose, where a number of buildings were considerably injured.

Survey city shows the principal damage by the earthquake was confined to the lower portion below Montgomery street and among old buildings. Numerous houses in that portion of the city were abandoned, and have been pulled down. The Custom House brick building, on the pile of ground which was badly shattered by the earthquake of October, 1865, was considered unsafe, and the officials removed to the revenue building. Business, in the lower part of the city, has been suspended. The streets are thronged with people, and great excitement prevails. Parapette walls and chimneys of a number of buildings were thrown down, resulting in loss of life. The damage will not exceed one million dollars.

At Oakland the shock was severe, throwing down chimneys and greatly damaging numerous buildings. The ground opened in several places. A strong sulphurous smell was noticed immediately after the shock. The Court House at San Leandis was completely demolished and one life lost.—From various portions of the country and vicinity of Francisco Bay shocks are reported severe, and considerable damage was sustained. In many places the earth opened and water gushed forth.

Second Despatch.

October 22—1½ p. m.—The streets are crowded. Excited multitudes are discussing the particulars of the disastrous earthquake. Twelve shocks were felt during the day. The general direction was northerly and southerly, though some descriptions give a rotary motion.

The greatest damage extends in a belt several hundred feet wide, running about northwest and southeast, commencing near the Custom House and entering Falsome street wharf, injuring and demolishing some twelve buildings in its course. At the corner of Market and First streets, the ground opened fissure several inches wide and forty or fifty feet long, and at other places the ground opened and water forced its way above the surface. The City Hall may be considered an entire wreck. The courts have all adjourned. The prisoners were taken from the station houses to the county jail.

Another Earthquake.

San Francisco, Oct. 23, 2:15 a. m.—Another severe shock of earthquake has occurred here, and has sent the people shrieking with terror into the streets. It is impossible to tell at present whether any more damage has been sustained by the shattered buildings or any lives lost. The streets are thronged with people in their nightclothes, fearful of what may come next. The atmosphere is thick and the weather warm and sultry.

3 o'clock. A. M.—The excite is somewhat quelled, but since the shake at 2:15 the people evince no desire to retire, but remain in the streets, discussing the probability of the recurrence of another disaster similar to that of the 21st of October.

Official Vote of the State.

Counties.	Aud. Gen. Hartranft.	Aud. Gen. Boyle.	Sur. Gen. Campbell.	Sur. Gen. W. H. Ent.
Adams	2832	3174	2834	3173
Allegheny,	23880	14023	23844	14043
Armstrong,	3987	3459	3987	3460
Beaver,	3540	2675	3541	2671
Bedford,	2625	3019	2636	3009
Berks,	7413	13921	7395	13938
Blair,	3841	3183	3837	3184
Bradford,	7612	3863	7608	3863
Bucks,	6981	7838	6979	7838
Butler,	3723	3292	3722	3293
Cambria,	2849	3587	2864	3558
Cameron,	537	441	537	441
Carbon,	2129	2772	2124	2773
Centre,	3388	3765	3389	3764
Chester,	8850	6658	8863	6665
Clarion,	1908	2956	1908	2955
Clearfield,	1895	3037	1892	3040
Clinton,	1992	2765	1991	2769
Columbia,	2077	4058	2003	4129
Crawford,	7026	5390	7023	5392
Cumberland,	3801	4435	3785	4448
Dauphin,	6190	4535	6178	4554
Delaware,	4016	2764	4000	3769
Elk,	508	1054	507	1055
Erie,	7702	4531	7699	4532
Fayette,	3745	4779	3789	4723
Franklin,	4321	4278	4319	4277
Fulton,	782	1113	782	1113
Forest,	352	348	352	348
Greene,	1722	3374	1720	3372
Huntingdon,	3473	2498	3475	2496
Indiana,	4842	2301	4842	2295
Jefferson,	2076	2094	2075	2095
Juniata,	1467	1863	1462	1867
Lancaster,	15313	8570	15304	8572
Lawrence,	3691	1716	3692	1715
Lebanon,	4267	2858	4262	2854
Lehigh,	4733	6305	4732	6307
Luzerne,	9992	13420	9990	13459
Lycoming,	4680	5031	4671	5037
McKean,	983	809	982	810
Mercer,	4793	4177	4793	4169
Mifflin,	1858	1828	1854	1831
Monroe,	745	2789	733	2791
Montgomery,	7943	8905	7909	8936
Montour,	1194	1683	1192	1683
Northampton,	4452	7701	4446	7700
Northumberland	3694	4146	3680	4161
Perry,	2570	2526	2570	2526
Philadelphia,	60633	60808	60600	60858
Pike,	338	1269	337	1271
Potter,	1604	811	1605	811
Schuylkill,	8193	9538	8184	9532
Somerset,	3195	1829	3189	1830
Snyder,	1865	1343	1862	1342
Sullivan,	461	846	462	846
Susquehanna,	4682	3377	4681	3378
Tioga,	5410	2051	5411	2050
Union,	2054	1340	2048	1346
Venango,	4431	3761	4430	3755
Warren,	2990	1882	2980	1890
Washington,	4946	4948	4936	4945
Wayne,	2698	3397	2698	3398
Westmoreld,	5335	6569	5330	6578
Wyoming,	1549	1765	1552	1767
York,	6053	9006	6048	9005
	331416	321739	321134	321955
	321739		321955	
	9,677		9,179	

☞ Victory won! Peace restored! Thank God for it!

THE SOUTHERN OUTRAGES.

DEMOPOLIS, Oct. 29.—While we were canvassing Choctaw and Sumter counties, several daring attempts were made by armed mobs to assassinate us. We were threatened with hanging in Choctaw, and at Gaston, in Sumpter, the carriage containing us was fired upon and hit several times. Double-barrel guns and revolvers were used. This occurred in the day time in the streets. We saved our lives by fast driving. The Republican canvassers have been similarly treated in other sections of the State. We can have no fair election in many counties without the presence of United States troops.

GEO. L. HARRINGTON,
Speaker House of Representatives.
F. L. PENNINGTON,
State Senator.

Mob Law in New Orleans.

New Orleans, Oct. 28—Last night armed bands of Democrats patrolled the streets and negroes were shot down. The remaining Republican club rooms and some residences were sacked. Prominent Republicans were generally concealed. Large numbers have been killed here and in St. Bernard, and mob law has ruled, but *no United States soldier has fired a gun.*—This morning's newspapers demand the immediate resignation of the State officers, the departure of carpet baggers, and that laws which do not suit them shall be trampled under foot.—Gov. Warmouth does his duty nobly amid dangers and difficulties. This afternoon General Rousseau told the Police Board to remove Superintendent Williamson and appoint General Steadman, or take care of themselves. They complied, and Gen. Steadman is reorganizing the police by superseding the Republicans. The excitement is intense, but less demonstrative. This evening Gen. Rousseau publishes an address, saying that he will support Gen. Steadman in preserving the peace. Gen. Rousseau's course favors the revolutionists.

The Ku-Klux in Alabama.

Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 30.—The Ku-Klux are rampant in Northern Alabama. Last Wednesday an armed body of the villains, numbering twenty, went to Judge Carleton's in Somerville, threatened to burn the house and murder the Judge. He escaped through the window, after being shot at twice. Wm. Bean, in the same house, was shot at but escaped. The room of Robert Earmer, deputy Sheriff, was broken into, but the villain fled when fired upon with a shot gun. The Ku Klux then went to the house of C. A. Welch, circuit clerk, and forced him to give them such indictments as they desired. Negroes are killed in Northern Alabama and Georgia almost nightly.

Further from New Orleans.

New Orleans, Oct. 30—Every thing is quiet to-day. Gen. Steadman last night withdrew his resignation as Superintendent of the Metropolitan Police force.

To-day an injunction was taken in the 5th District Court, by the Metropolitan Police Commissioners, restraining the Mayor from establishing a police force, on the ground that it will bring about a collision.

The *Republican* of this evening has a leader indicating an intention to have the electoral vote of this State thrown out by Congress, if possible.—It advises Republicans to vote wherever they can, without reasonable apprehension of being subjected to personal violence; but says, we are certain that if every possible effort should be made, it would be an impossibility to poll one half the real Republican vote of the State. It also says, there are tribunals of appeal beyond the mobs of Louisiana, and to them we can go with full confidence of redress for grievances

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

BY JOHN W. GEARY, GOVERNOR.

Unto God, our Creator, we are indebted for life and all its blessings. It, therefore, becomes us at all times to render unto Him the homage of grateful hearts; and in the performance of our sacred duties, to set apart special periods to "enter into His gates with thanksgiving and unto His courts with praise." For this purpose, in accordance with an established custom, I have designated THURSDAY, the 26th day of NOVEMBER next; and I recommend that the people of this Commonwealth on that day to refrain from their usual avocations and pursuits, and assemble at their chosen places of worship, to "praise the name of God and magnify Him with thanksgiving;" devoutly to acknowledge their dependence, and lay upon His altars the cheerful offerings of grateful hearts.

Let us thank Him with Christian humility for health and prosperity; abundant harvests; the protection of commerce, and advancement of scientific, mechanical and manufacturing interests; our progress in education, morality, virtue and social order; the increase of our material wealth; exemption from pestilence and contagious diseases and the destructive influences of war; for having blessed us as a people and a nation, and opened before us the brightest prospects for the future; and for all other blessings, both temporal and spiritual.

With sure reliance upon Divine favor let us pray for the forgiveness of our sins, making public confession of our dependence, that we may continue worthy of His parental love and protecting care; that our civil and religious liberties and political rights may remain unimpaired; that we may remember with gratitude our country's brave defenders, and cherish with sympathy their widows and orphan children; and that our paths through life may be directed by the example and instructions of the Redeemer, who died that we might enjoy all the blessings which temporarily flow therefrom, and eternal life in the world to come.

Given under my Hand and the great Seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this twenty-eighth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and of the Commonwealth the ninety-third.

JNO. W. GEARY.

By the Governor:
F. JORDAN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The Presidential Vote of 1864

By States was as follows, the majorities all being for Lincoln, except those marked thus (*):—

STATES.	Lincoln, Rep.	M'Clellan, Dem.	Majorities.
Alabama,	.....	.....	.....
Arkansas,	.....	.....	.....
California,	62,134	43,841	18,293
Connecticut,	44,691	42,285	2,401
Delaware,	8,155	3,767	*612
Florida,	.....	.....	.....
Georgia,	.....	.....	.....
Illinois,	189,497	158,730	30,766
Indiana,	150,422	130,233	20,189
Iowa,	89,075	49,596	39,479
Kansas,	16,441	3,691	12,750
Kentucky,	27,786	64,301	*36,515
Louisiana,	.....	.....	.....
Maine,	68,114	46,992	21,122
Maryland,	40,153	32,739	7,414
Massachusetts,	126,742	48,745	77,997
Michigan,	91,531	74,604	16,917
Minnesota,	25,069	17,375	7,685
Mississippi,	.....	.....	.....
Missouri,	72,750	31,678	41,072
Nevada,	9,826	6,524	3,232
New Hampshire,	36,140	32,871	3,529
New Jersey,	60,723	68,024	*7,301
New York,	368,735	361,986	6,749
North Carolina,	.....	.....	.....
Ohio,	265,154	205,568	59,586
Oregon,	9,888	8,457	1,431
Pennsylvania,	296,091	276,016	20,075
Rhode Island,	14,349	8,718	5,631
South Carolina,	.....	.....	.....
Tennessee,	.....	.....	.....
Texas,	.....	.....	.....
Vermont,	42,419	13,321	29,098
Virginia,	.....	.....	.....
West Virginia,	24,152	10,438	12,714
Wisconsin,	83,158	65,851	17,574
Totals,	2,223,035	1,811,754	411,281
	1,811,754		
Majority,	411,281		

The Electoral Votes of the States.

The following is the Electoral vote of each State:—

Alabama,	9	Missouri,	11
Arkansas,	5	Nebraska,	3
California,	5	Nevada,	3
Connecticut,	6	New Hampshire,	5
Delaware,	3	New Jersey,	7
Florida,	3	New York,	33
Georgia,	9	North Carolina,	10
Illinois,	16	Ohio,	21
Indiana,	13	Oregon,	3
Iowa,	8	Pennsylvania,	26
Kansas,	3	Rhode Island,	4
Kentucky,	11	South Carolina,	8
Louisiana,	6	Tennessee,	10
Maine,	7	Texas,	4
Maryland,	7	Vermont,	5
Massachusetts,	12	Virginia,	10
Michigan,	8	West Virginia,	5
Minnesota,	4	Wisconsin,	8
Mississippi,	7		
Total,			317
Deduct Mississippi, Texas, and Virginia.			21
			296
Necessary to a choice,			149

The Last Popular Vote in Each State

was as follows:—

States.	Rep. Vote.	Dem. Vote.	Majority.	
Ala.	73,812	1,005	69,807‡	Constitution, 1868.
Ark.	27,913	26,597	1,316‡	Constitution, 1868.
Cal.	44,381	47,960	3,385b	Lt. Governor, 1867.
Conn.	48,779	50,651	1,772b	Governor, 1868.
Del.	8,598	9,810	1,212b	Governor, 1866.
Fla.	14,520	9,491	5,029R	Constitution, 1868.
Ga.	14,170	10,144*	4,026R	Governor, do
Geo.	88,423	69,756	18,703R	Constitution, do
Geo.	83,146	76,099	7,047R	Governor, do
Ill.	209,045	147,058	55,987R	Congress, 1866
Ind.	171,575	170,614	961R	Governor, 1868
Iowa,	90,789	58,850	31,999R	Sup. Judge, 1867.
Kan.	19,370	8,151	11,219R	Governor, 1866.
Ken.	26,275	115,524	89,249D	Governor, 1863.
La.	76,152	48,799	17,413R	Constitution do
La	61,901	41,614*	23,287R	Governor, do
Maine,	75,835‡	55,431‡	20,404R‡	Governor, do
Md.	21,830	63,662	41,713D	Governor, 1867.
Mass.	98,306	70,360	27,946R	Governor, do
Mich.	80,819	55,865	24,954R	Sup. Judge, do
Min.	34,879	29,543	5,336R	Governor, do
Miss.	55,250	63,321	8071D	Constit. tion, 1868.
Mo.	62,187	40,958	29,869R	Sup Schools, 1866
Neb.	.....	.....	2,403R†	Governor, 1866.
Nev.	5,047	4,295	752R	Congress, 1866.
N. H.	59,778	57,260	2,518R	Governor, 1868.
N. J.	68,462	62,971	1,491R	Congress, 1866.
N. J.	51,115‡	67,463	16,254D	Local, 1867.
N. Y.	375,099	373,020	47,930D	Sec. State, 1867.
N. C.	93,081	74,015	19,069R	Constitution, 1866.
Ohio,	267,068	249,687	17,381R	Sec. State, 1868.
Ore.	10,960	11,759	1,209D	Congress, do
Penn.	331,420‡	321,730‡	9,681R‡	Aud. Gen. do
R. I.	10,938	5,731	4,307R	Governor, do
S. C.	70,758	27,382	43,470R	Constitution, do
Tenn.	74,484	22,548	51,936R	Governor, 1867.
Texas,	44,689	.....	.....	Convention, 1868.
Vt.	42,327‡	15,274‡	27,253R‡	Governor, do
Va.	107,342	61,587	45,455R	Convention, do
W. Va	25,00†	20,000†	5,000R†	Governor, do
Wis.	78,657	68,873	4,764R	Governor, 1867.

* Including scattering and independent votes.
† Estimated.
‡ Official vote not complete.
Mississippi, Texas, and Virginia, not being wholly reconstructed, will not participate in the Presidential election.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ESTRAYS.—Came to the residence of the subscriber near Coalmont, Huntingdon Co., about the first of September last, one white and red STEER, with piece off both ears; about eighteen months old, and one red brindle HEIFER, right ear split, and piece off left; about fifteen months old.
DANIEL BRODE.
Coalmont, Pa., Nov. 4*

I. S. WATERMAN,
PROPRIETOR OF
Waterman's Cocktail and Tonic Bitters,
Wholesale and Retail,
No. 1106 Market Street, Philadelphia.
The tonic properties of these Bitters have been certified to by some of our eminent practising physicians, as the best tonic now in use, and the Cocktail Bitters is the universal favorite among judges of a good gin or whisky cocktail. nov4-3m.

THE FARMERS' BOOK.
140 beautiful illustrations. 750 octavo pages. Showing just what every Farmer wants to know:
HOW TO MAKE THE FARM PAY.
Send for circular giving full description.
FARMERS! FARMERS' SONS!
Experienced Book Agents and others wanted to take this book to every Farmer in every community. Business permanent. Pays from $150 to $200 per month according to experience and ability.
Address, ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO., Publishers. Philadelphia, Pa., Cincinnati, O., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo. 1feb19

JONES HOUSE,
HARRISBURG,
PENNSYLVANIA.
The undersigned having leased the above popular and well known house, which has been thoroughly repaired and greatly improved, as well as entirely refurnished throughout with elegant new furniture, including all the appointments of a first class Hotel, will be ready for the reception of guests, on and after the 15th of November, 1868. nov4-3m.
THOMAS FARLEY,
PROPRIETOR.

Desirable Building Lots For Sale.
FORTY-THREE BUILDING LOTS, situate in the borough of MARYSVILLE, Perry Co., Penna., fronting on Main street and extending to the Susquehanna river. They are the most desirable located Lots in the borough, being immediately adjacent to the stations of the Pennsylvania Central and Northern Central Railroads.
For further information inquire of D. GEIB at Marysville station, or to BENJAMIN REIFF, 116 South Front street, Philadelphia. nov4-3m*

PUBLIC SALE of Real Estate.
WILL be offered at Public Sale on the premises,
On Thursday, 19th of November, 1868,
At 10 o'clock, a. m., all that Valuable Farm situated in WALKER township, Huntingdon county, about 1 mile south east of McConnellstown, adjoining the Broad Top Railroad Station, containing 139 ACRES more or less, about 75 acres of which are under cultivation, and the balance covered with good timber, principally rock oak, having thereon a good LOG HOUSE, and bank Barn, a fine Orchard of choice fruit, a good well of water and stream of running water near the house. Immediate possession given. Terms made known on the day of sale.
GEORGE SCHAFER,
no4-3t Admr. of Jacob Schafer, dec'd.

Valuable Town Property For Sale.
WILL be sold at Public Sale on the premises in the borough of Cassville,
On Wednesday, November 25th, 1868,
At 10 o'clock, a. m., a LET in the center of said village, known as the Diamond or Read property, having thereon a stone DWELLING HOUSE, 26 by 40 feet, two stories high. Also, a two-story brick Store Room with basement, 16 by 34 feet, with frame Warehouse, stable and other outbuildings. The property is bounded by public streets on all sides, making it the most convenient business location in the village.
Also, a LOT of ground lying on the west side to the back street adjoining lots of Lemuel Green, E. H. Wilson and others, containing one and a half acres, more or less. Conditions of sale will be moderate and made known on said day.
JOHN READ,
no4-3t Agent for Thos. Read, dec'd.

LEWIS RICHTER,
Boot and Shoe Maker.
I guarantee entire satisfaction in Fit, Style, Material and Workmanship, and a saving of 25 per cent. on prevailing prices. Shop one door east of Johnston & Watt-son's store, Huntingdon, Pa. mh11-6m

THE SUCCESS
Of our One Dollar Sale has caused such
A COMPLETE
REVOLUTION
IN TRADE.
That in order to supply the demand occasioned by our constantly increasing patronage, we have recently made importations for the Fall Trade, direct from European Manufacturers,
Amounting to Nearly $500,000,
So that we are prepared to sell every description of
Dry and Fancy Goods, Silver Plated Ware, Cutlery, Watches, Albums, Jewelry, &c., &c.,
Of better quality than any other concern in the country for the uniform price of
ONE DOLLAR For Each Article,
With privilege of exchange from a large variety of useful articles, not one of which could be bought for
TWICE THE AMOUNT
in any other way.
☞ The best of Boston and New York references given as to the reliability of our house, and that our business is conducted in the fairest and most legitimate manner possible, and that we give greater value for the money than can be obtained in any other way.
ALL GOODS DAMAGED OR BROKEN IN TRANSPORTATION REPLACED WITHOUT CHARGE.
☞ Checks describing articles sold sent to agents in Clubs at rates mentioned below. We guarantee every article to cost less than if bought at any Boston or New York Wholesale House.

Our Commissions to Agents
Exceed those of every other establishment of the kind,—proof of this can be found in comparing our premiums with those of others FOR CLUBS OF THE SAME SIZE, in addition to which we claim to give better goods of the same character.
We will send to Agents free of charge,
For a Club of Thirty, and $3.00.
One of the following articles: 1 doz. good linen shirt fronts; 1 set solid gold studs; all wool cassimere for pants; fine white counterpane, large size, 1 elegant balmoral skirt; 20 yards brown or bleached sheeting, good quality, yard wide; 1 elegant 110 picture morocco-bound photo. album; 1 double lens stereoscope and 12 foreign views; 1 silver plated engraved 5 bottle castor; 1 elegant silk fan, with ivory or sandal-wood frame, feathered edge and spangled; 1 steel carving knife and fork, very best quality ivory balanced handle; 1 handsome beaded and lined parasol; 20 yards good print; 1 very fine damask table cover; 1 pair best quality ladies' serge congress boots; 1 dozen fine linen towels; ½ dozen Rogers' best silver dessert forks; 1 ladies' large real morocco traveling bag; 1 fancy dress pattern; ½ dozen elegant silver plated engraved napkin rings; 1 dozen ladies' fine merino or cotton stockings; gents' heavy chased solid gold ring; 1 pair ladies' high cut balmoral boots; 1 elegant delaine dress pattern; 1 violin and bow, in box complete; 1 set jewelry, pin, ear drops and sleeve buttons.
For a Club of Fifty, and $5.00.
1 black or colored alpaca dress pattern; 1 set lace curtains; 1 pair all wool blankets; engraved silver plated 6 bottle revolving castor; 1 beautiful writing desk; 1 solid gold scarf pin; 8½ yds very fine cassimere, for pants and vest; 1 set ivory balanced handle knives with silver plated forks; 1 elegant satin parasol, heavily beaded and lined with silk; 1 pr. gents' calf boots; 30 yds good print; 30 yds. good brown or bleached sheeting, yard wide, or 40 yds. ⅞ yd. wide, good quality; 1 ladies' elegant morocco traveling bag; 1 square wool shawl; 1 plain or rich poplin dress pattern; 13½ yds double width cloth for ladies' cloak; elegant engraved silver plated tea pot; 3 yds double width water-proof cloth for cloaking.
For a Club of One Hundred, and $10.00.
1 rich merino or thibet dress pattern; 1 pair fine Damask table cloths and napkins to match; 1 pair gents' french calf boots; 1 heavy silver plated engraved ice pitcher; very fine all wool cloth for ladies' cloak; 1 web very best quality brown or bleached sheeting; 7½ yds. fine cassimere for suit; 1 elegant poplin dress pattern; 1 elegant english barege dress pattern; 1 beautiful english barege shawl; 1 set ivory balanced handle knives and forks; 1 ladies' or gents' silver hunting case watch; 1 Bartlett hand portable sewing machine; splendid family bible, steel engravings, with record and photograph pages; 25 yds. good hemp carpeting good color; 1 pair good Marseilles quilts; 1 good 5 barrel revolver; 1 elegant fur muff and cape; 1 single barrel shot gun; 1 silver plated engraved 6 bottle revolving castor, cut glass bottles; 1 very fine violin and bow, in case; 1 set of ivory balanced knives and forks.
Presents for larger Clubs increase in the same ratio.
Send Money by Registered Letter.
SEND FOR OUR NEW CIRCULAR.
PARKER & CO.
Nos. 98 & 100 Summer St. Boston.
Nov 4-4w.

Carpets—Don't Pay the High Prices!
THE NEW ENGLAND CARPET CO., of Boston, Mass., established nearly a quarter of a century ago, in their present location, in Halls over 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85 and 87 Hanover street, have probably furnished more houses with Carpets than any other house in the country. In order to afford these at a distance the advantages of their low prices, propose to send, on receipt of the price, 20 yards or upwards, of their beautiful Cottage Carpeting, at 50 cents per yard, with samples of ten sorts, varying in price from 25 cents to $1 per yard, suitable for furnishing every part of any house. no4-4w

$1000 PER YEAR guaranteed, and steady employment. We want a reliable agent in every county to sell our *Patent White Wire Clothes Line, (Everlasting.)* Address WHITE WIRE Co., 75 William street, New York, or 16 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill. not-4w

WANTED--AGENTS-- In every town for
CUSHMAN & CO'S
GREAT ONE DOLLAR STORE.
Descriptive checks $10 per hundred. Consumers supplied direct from the manufacturers, and all goods warranted. Circulars sent free. Address
CUSHMAN & CO.,
oc28-12w, 10 Arch St., Boston.

MONEY EASILY MADE,
With our Complete Stencil and Key Check Outfit. Small capital required. Circulars free. STAFFORD MANFG. CO., 66 Fulton Street, New York. oc28-4w.

1868. CLOTHING. 1868.
H. ROMAN.
NEW
CLOTHING
FOR
FALL AND WINTER
JUST RECEIVED
AT
H. ROMAN'S
CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.
For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at
H. ROMAN'S,
opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

HOOP SKIRTS
MADE AT HOME!
THE undersigned has commenced the manufacture of Hoop Skirts at the Millinery Store, on Hill Street, Huntingdon, and will constantly keep on hand an assortment of all kinds, or make to order any desired—thus giving ladies an opportunity of pleasing themselves in size and quality. All will be made of the best material and in the most workmanlike manner. The ladies are requested to call.
☞ Also, REPAIRING DONE at short notice. ☜
N. B.—Ladies residing at a distance can have skirts sent by express by forwarding measurement of hips, waist, length in front, and style required, whether for walking, full dress, or general use.
JOSEPH HANIGAR,
se30,1y. Huntingdon, Pa.

NOTICE TO ALL.
HILL STREET MARKET,
OPPOSITE THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
R. G. MORRISON respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he continues the meat market business in all its various branches, and will keep constantly on hand
Fresh Beef, Pork, Pudding and Sausage, salt Beef and Pork, Canned Fruit and Vegetables, Spices of all kinds, Catsups and Sauces, Teas, Soaps, Cheese, Salt Lard, &c., &c.,
All of which he will continue to sell at reasonable prices.
The highest prices paid for hides and tallow. Thomas Colder, at Alexandria, and March & Bro., at Coffee Run, are my agents to purchase at their places.
Thankful for past patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same. R. G. MORRISON.
Huntingdon, Oct. 28, 1867.

TO ALL P