The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Jan. 16, 1867.

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.
Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor.

"I know of no mode in which a loyal citizen may so well demonstrate his devotion to his country as by sustaining the Flag the Constitution and the Union, under all circumstances, and UNDER EVERY ADMINISTRATION REGARDLESS OF PARTY POLITICS, AGAINST ALL ASSAILANTS, AT HOME AND ABROAD."—STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.

SETTLEMENT OF ACCOUNTS.

We are anxious that all indebted to us for subscription to *Globe*, advertising, printing, books, stationery, etc., etc., should make payment immediately, or not later than the 20th of January next. The first of the year is a good time to square up, and we would feel *extremely* happy on the first day of the new year if we could then say that all indebted to us now had gave us a *friendly* call. We desire to keep square with the world and "at peace with mankind," but to do so we must have our own. We will expect those *knowing* themselves indebted to give this call their immediate attention.

All persons having claims against us will present them for settlement.

The United States Senator Question.

The *Journal & American's* announcement last week that Gov. Curtin had withdrawn from the Senatorial contest, was *slightly previous*. It was only a trick of his enemies. He continued a candidate to the end of the contest, thereby keeping his white washed friends in very deep water.

Where is "The Soldiers' Friend" now? The people are with him still, but the politicians—the *honest* Representatives of their will—have gone back on him and them. The father of the soldiers' orphans is cast aside as readily as the old clothes off the back of a successful gambler. Curtin is not the only "Soldiers Friend" who has received a double dose of ingratitude.

The first fruits of the great Republican victory in Pennsylvania: "Simon *points up!*" Curtin, "The Soldiers' Friend," Stevens, the "Great Commoner," nine-tenths of the Republican press, and forty-nine fiftieths of the party, *point down*.

A consultation meeting of *all* Senators and Members opposed to the election of Simon Cameron, was held at the State Capital Hotel in Harrisburg, on Thursday afternoon last, previous to the caucus meeting held in the evening. Gov. Curtin, Thad. Stevens, Hon. J. K. Moorhead, Hon. Galusha Grow, Wm. B. Mann, Hon. A. K. McClure, Gen. Hartranft, Hon. Jacob Hoffman of Berks, Hon. A. E. Roberts, O. J. Dickey, Major Lemuel Todd and L. Kauffman, of Cumberland; Dr. Joseph Gibbons and J. M. Willis Geist, of Lancaster; John W. Forney, Major G. M. Lauman, Gen. Collis, and other representatives from many sections of the State were also present.

The meeting was organized at three o'clock, by the appointment of Hon. T. J. Bigham, Senator from Alleghany, as chairman, and L. M. Lee, one of the Philadelphia members, Secretary.

Mr. Bigham explained that the object of the meeting was to enable them to hear suggestions as to the best means to preserve, intact, the organization of the Union party of the State, and to do no violence to the popular sentiment. For that purpose the three gentlemen named for Senator, Messrs. Stevens, Grow and Curtin, had been invited, and the meeting was now prepared for any suggestions that might be presented.

Gen. Fisher, Senator from Lancaster, was the first to speak. He said there was no doubt as to the unanimity of sentiment upon one question. He believed that the election of Simon Cameron to the Senate of the United States at this time would be the greatest disaster that could happen to the Republican party.

He did not believe a Senator could be elected without going into joint convention. He believed there were enough good friends of the Union party in the Senate to prevent an election there, and the question was whether there was a sufficient number belonging to the House that would stand firm.

The list of yeas and nays of the members of the Legislature being called, it appeared that the following gentlemen opposed to the election of Cameron answered to their names: Messrs. Bigham, Billingfelt, Browne of Lawrence, Fisher, Royer, Taylor, White, Adair, Allen, Armstrong, Chase, Colville, Davis, Day, Espy, Ewing, Gallagher, Gordon, Lee, Leech, Pennypacker, Peters, Quay, Richards, Roath, Steacy, Stehman, Wilson and Wingard.

Thaddeus Stevens was the next Speaker. "He had not intended to take part in this canvass, but many of his friends insisted upon his coming here, urging that his presence might possibly prevent a great calamity. He did not disguise the fact that there were two gentlemen who had more votes to operate with than he could expect to have in this convention. When the election was over, he took occasion to count, with an intimate friend of one of the prominent candidates (he meant General Cameron himself), and nineteen votes were all that he claimed. Gov. Curtin had a much larger number than that. Mr. Grow and himself had a few each, and yet he was told Madame Rumor says that these nineteen votes have been very *prolific*, and that the number for Gen. Cameron now is whatever he chooses to put it. [Laughter.] Gov. Curtin's number, he feared, had not been much increased, but had been diminished. [Laughter.] In conclusion, Mr. Stevens said he should continue to be a candidate under all circumstances, lest a worse man should get the votes of his friends."

Gov. Curtin said "he had reluctantly allowed his name to be mentioned as a candidate for this high office, and had subsequently made a vigorous fight, and determined not to withdraw from the field. There were some gentlemen who desired to vote for him if the caucus meets, and there are others who might do as they please in regard to the matter and settle their accounts with their constituency at home."

Col. Lemuel Todd said "he had no hesitancy in saying that the election of Simon Cameron would be the worst calamity that could befall the State. It would be a dishonor, not only to the State, but to every member of the Republican party. The disease requires a radical remedy, and it is for the men who are faithful to Republican principles to set their faces against this corrupt effort of Simon Cameron and strike at the very roots of it. Better ten thousand times that no election should be made than that he should disgrace us. The true plan is for the people here from the different sections of the State to avow their sentiments on this subject, so that our representatives may know what the feeling is, and act upon it. If the people are in favor of it they may have the chance of expressing the wish if the election is postponed. The true policy of those who are opposed to Cameron is to force the election before the House and defeat him at all hazards."

Col. John W. Forney said, "while he appreciated the modesty which actuated those who were not members of the Legislature, and deferred to the good taste of leaving this subject to be disposed of by themselves, yet, as one of their constituents, he believed it his duty to state that no infliction would give to the great Union organization a more fatal, if not mortal, wound than that which is now threatened. He belonged to what is called the fourth estate in American politics, an humble member of the Radical Union press, accustomed to take the responsibility, and have been literally on the picket line since the beginning of the rebellion. (Applause.) As such he had learned as well the danger and the value of a bold example in a crisis like this. We are poor, frail men—here to-day and gone to-morrow. The discharge of a great duty makes us, when it is well discharged, immortal; and, as so gloriously stated by the distinguished gentleman, Mr. Thaddeus Stevens, the other day, at the close of his remarkable speech, in which he unconsciously delineated himself: "This is a crisis that men may become immortal, but cowards always craven." There is not a Republican man or woman in Pennsylvania whose heart today is not throbbing with indignation over this spectacle, and yet we are hesitating as to the discharge of a plain, patent, public duty. I think, frankly that those gentlemen who are to deliberate to-night, and vote for Simon Cameron in known violation of the wishes of their constituents, are simply signing their own death warrant. There is not one of them who will not be marked by the people, and if there is an independent tongue and and pen in the State every one of them will be followed from now on until they are called to answer at the bar of public opinion." [Cheers.]

Hon E. Billingfelt, Senator from Lancaster county, said, "his position on this question was so well known that he deemed it scarcely necessary to say a word in defence of it. In this as in many other cases, truth, like murder, will out. We might just as well face the music now as at any other time, for we shall have to meet our constituents and settle the account. He said a great crime was to be perpetrated to night. The high office of U. S. Senator was to be bartered away for gain. There was not a gentleman in the room (if there was he would call upon him to step forward) who did not believe this. There was not a Senator present who did not feel satisfied from the bottom of his heart that this office would be bartered and sold to night. It was their duty, if they felt they could not consistently unite in this offer, and aid in this crime about to be perpetrated upon the Republican party of Pennsylvania, to refrain from attending the caucus. He was sure that there was not a member of the Republican party of Pennsylvania who would not receive the commendation of his constituents for such action. Nine out of every ten intelligent citizens will endorse their action if they remain out of the caucus; and he, for one should not become a party to a movement that would bring dishonor and disgrace, not only upon the members of the Legislature, but upon their constituents and the great Republican party of Pennsylvania, by giving his voice or lending his presence to a body of men who are going to assemble to night, to set at defiance the best and holiest wishes of that great party."

After which all persons present retired except the members of the Legislature, and what they said or agreed upon was not made public.

HARRISBURG Jan. 10.—The Senatorial caucus organized at eight o'clock, in the hall of the House.

Senator Bigham moved to adjourn the nomination to Monday evening. Lost by a vote of fifty-four to twenty-eight.

A ballot was then taken on the nomination of Senator, when Cameron received forty-six votes; Curtin, twenty-three; Stevens, seven; Grow, five; absent, from Lancaster, 2—total, 83. The following is the vote:

FOR CAMERON.

Brown, (Mercer,) Coleman, Connell, Cowles, Graham, Hains, Landon, Barton, BROWN, (Juniata,) Cameron, Chadwick, De Haven, Donebough, Freeborn, Ghegan, Harbison, Hoffman, Humphrey, Kennedy, Kerns, Kimmell, Kinney, McCamant, McKee, Lowry, McConaughy, Ridgway, Stutzman, Worthington, Hall, (Speaker,) Mann, Marks, Mechling, Melly, Seiler, Sharpless, Shuman, Stumbaugh, Subers, Waddell, Weller, Wham, Woodward, Worrell, Wright, Glass, (Speaker.)

FOR CURTIN.

Adair, Allen, Chase, Colville, Davis, Day, Espey, WHARTON, Ewing, Gallagher, Gordon, Lee, McCreary, Royer, Taylor, Wingard, White, Pennypacker, Peters, Pillow, Quay, Wallace, Watt.

FOR STEVENS.

Bigham, Armstrong, Wilson, Richards, Roath, Stacey, Stehman.

FOR GROW.

Brown, of Lawrence, Shoemaker, Leech, Webb, McPherrin.

On the announcement of the above vote, Cameron's nomination was made unanimous on motion of M. S. Quay, of Beaver.

The Democratic Senators and Representatives held a caucus on Wednesday and after the withdrawal of several names, unanimously agreed to support Hon. Edgar Cowan for U. S. Senator, in apposition to the Republican candidate.

Cameron, Geary & Co.

Mr. F. B. Penniman, editor of the old Pittsburgh *Gazette*, a strong Republican organ, writing from Harrisburg on Wednesday last, says:

"General Geary has fully identified himself with Cameron. So far, all his appointments have been made with the view of detaching support from Curtin and transferring it to Cameron. Whatever appointments he has to make of pecuniary value, are all pledged to promote the same end. This course on the part of the incoming Governor excites conflicting comments, according to the Senatorial predilections of the individuals talking. There are low threats of reprisals at the elections next autumn, and abundant predictions that Geary's administration will be in the minority in the next Legislature. How far these dolorous prophesies result from a definite forecasting of the future, and how far from the bitterness of present disappointment, it would be idle to speculate.

General Cameron's friends are exultant over his anticipated election. In their elation they more than intimate that a persistent effort will be made to secure the General the Presidential nomination in 1868. This will interfere with General Geary's ambition, which aims at nothing less than the Vice Presidential nomination, and gives sign that it will seek the higher mark."

☞ The passage of the bills admitting Colorado and Nebraska into the Union, with the provision that within said States there shall be no abridgement or denial of the exercise of the elective franchise or of any other right, to any person on account of color or race, and the passsage of the District suffrage bill, pretty thoroughly commits the Republican party to the principle of universal suffrage.

The above extract is from the Pittsburgh *Commercial*, a Republican journal. The truth of its comment can be readily seen; and yet we are told by men too incredulous to think of the future by the present, that such things will never be. Such a future we believe inevitable, if Congress can pass such bills with impunity, or for the mere purpose of calling forth a Presidential veto. The idea of universal suffrage is gradually losing its hideousness under the gentle smoothings that a few far-seeing minds in Congress see fit to give it. The unhappy difficulty in which the Republic is now involved may be increased tenfold, but all we have to say is, if we are going to have the worst, let the people know it, so that they can make the best out of it.

THE TWO PICTURES.—Edgar Cowan, elected by the Republican party, now is the nominee of the Democratic party. Simon Cameron,—who does not recollect the statement of Boyer, in 1863, the Manear, Lebo and Wagon seller transaction, the Indian speculation, the Scotch ale and straw hat purchases, the resolution of censure on record in Washington, Wm. D. Kelley's letter, and who can read the Republican press to day and say amen to the election of Simon? We would not advise the election of Cowan, under the circumstances, neither could we vote for Simon if he should receive fifty caucus nominations. Sticking to such politics is not our politics.

Col. McClure publishes one of the best Republican papers in the State—he is a whole team, and is recognized as one of the most able party men in the State. But he is not a Cameron man—hear how he talks. In his last paper, speaking of Cameron he says:—"He never won a position but by fraud, and never left one but with dishonor." That's rough. But McClure is not afraid to speak out in plain English.

A French newspaper offers to give annually £40 as a wedding portion to the "poorest and most virtuous girl!" indicated by its subscribers, and also to give £2 a month to such as give the best solution of a riddle. How will the fact be found out?

A funny sight, but true—to see all the old Democratic politicians at Harrisburg electioneering for Simon. Simon is expected to have an influence with the President, that's all there is in it, and that's what's the matter.

Why was Gov. Curtin defeated for U. S. Senator? Because Simon *Came-c'er-on* with his *Simon*-pure "how come you so." The *Curtain* dropped, Stevens *staved in*, and Grow *grew* less.

Hon. Thad. Stevens has openly asserted that the nomination of Cameron will be the certain defeat of the Republican party at the next State election. His rooms are constantly crowded with visitors.

☞ In the test oath case, the majority of the Supreme Court has decided that the test oath is unconstitutional; also that Congress has no constitutional power to limit or abridge the pardoning power of the President.

☞ The announcement in Europe of the commencement of proceedings looking to the impeachment of the President, has had the tendency greatly to weaken the confidence of European capitalists in our securities.

[Special Despatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.]

Particulars of the Arrest of Surratt.

WASHINGTON, January 8, 1867.

The following is Consul General Halo's letter in full, relative to the arrest of Surratt. It is dated Alexandria, Egypt, and addressed to Secretary Seward. None of its contents have been published:

Agency and Consulate General of the United States of America, Alexandria, Egypt, Nov. 26, 1866.

SIR:—I have the honor to report that in consequence of a telegram received via Constantinople from Mr. King, United States Minister at Rome, and of several letters received from Mr. Winthrop, United States Consul at Malta, the Mediterranean wire being unfortunately broken between Malta and this place, I have this day arrested a man calling himself Walters dressed in the uniform of a Zouave, who arrived at Alexandria on the 23d inst., in the steamship Tripoli, from Naples, and who is believed to be John Harrison Surratt, one of the conspirators for the assassination of President Lincoln. The telegram and some of the letters having been delayed in transmission, I was fortunate in finding the man still in quarantine among the third class passengers, of whom there is no list kept whatever. It was easy to distinguish him among seventy-eight of these by his Zouave uniform, and scarcely less easy by his almost unmistakable American type of countenance.

I said at once to him: "You are the man I want. You are an American." He said, "Yes, sir, I am." I said, "you doubtless know why I want you? What is your name?" He replied promptly—"Walters." I said, "I believe your true name is Surratt," and in arresting him mentioned my official position as United States Consul General. The director of quarantine speedily arranged a sufficient escort of soldiers, by whom the prisoner was conducted to a safe place within the quarantine walls. Although the walk occupied several minutes, the prisoner close at my side made no remark whatover, displaying neither surprise nor irritation.

Arrived at the place prepared, I gave him the usual magisterial caution, that he was not obliged to say anything, and that anything he said would be at once taken in writing. He said: "I have nothing say. I want nothing but what is right." He declared he had neither passport, nor baggage, nor money, except six francs. His companions confirm his statements in this respect. They say he came to Naples, a deserter from the Papal army at Rome. I find that he had no papers and no clothes but those he is wearing. The appearance of the prisoner answers very well the description given of Surratt by the witness Welchmann, at page 11 of Pitman's report officially sent to me by the Government, and is accurately portrayed in the likeness of Surratt in the frontispiece of the same volume. Mr. King and Mr. Winthrop speak in confident terms of the identity of the Zinan Walters with Surratt, and after seeing the man I have not a shadow of doubt of it.

According to the well established public law of this place, as the prisoner avowed himself an American and submitted without objection to arrest by me on my statement that I acted for the United States, and especially as he has no paper to suggest even a *prima facia* claim for belonging to any other jurisdiction, there is no other authority which can rightfully interfere here with his present custody, and I have good reason for saying that no attempt at interference will be set on foot by any authority whatever pretension he may make. The prisoner's quarantine will expire on the 29th. He will then be received into the prison of the local Government, which gives me every assistance.

A letter from Leavenworth of the 4th says from all accounts the troops so horribly massacred by the Indians were *en route* to Fort Laramie for escort duty, and after marching a sufficient distance from Fort Phil. Kearney to prevent the successful escape of any of the party, the Indians, who had been notified of their departure by squaws and spies at that post, followed the command, and while they were peacefully reposing from the fatigues of the march, surprised them just before daylight and butchered the whole party.

The quality of wool is tested by taking a lock from the sheep's back, and placing it on a surface representing an inch in length. If the spiras count from thirty to thirty-three in that space the wool is equal to the finest "Electoral" or Saxony wool. The staple is inferior accordingly as it takes a lesser number to fill up the same space.

On Friday John Shaffner, an old citizen of Fort Dodge, Iowa, was killed by the accidental discharge of a pistol. He was talking in relation to a suicide which was committed in St. Louis some time ago, and taking up a loaded revolver to show how the act had been performed, the pistol was discharged.

The number of lumber yards now in Chicago is 107, against 86 at this time last year; and the estimated amount of lumber now piled up in the yards is 150,000,000 feet, against 134,000,000 at the same time last year.

A Yankee girl, who wished to hire herself out, was asked if she had any followers or sweethearts. After a little hesitation she replied: "Well, now, can't exactly say. Reckon more a sorter yes than a sorter no."

Baron Adolphe Charles de Rothschild, who presided over the Naples branch of this great banking house, has retired from business with the snug little fortune of $10,000,000.

A man traveled one hundred and fifty miles in a skiff with a basket of vegetables to exhibit at the fair recently held at New Orleans.

A writer in the New York *Citizen* advocates the nomination of Gen. Cameron as President and Speaker Colfax as Vice President.

Surratt is being brought to this country by the steamer Swatara, and will be here by the last of January.

Corn cobs soaked in oil is a new article of trade in Newark. The cobs are used for kindling fires.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STRAY STEER.—Came to the residence of the subscriber, in Juniata township, in the early part of September last, a pale red STEER, with a few white spots over his body. The point of both ears are split. Supposed to be about two years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away; otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.
ja10 EDWARD THOMPSON.

Notice.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Huntingdon & Broad Top Mountain Railroad and Coal Company will be held at their office, No. 258 South Third street, Philadelphia, on TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 5th, 1867, at 11 o'clock, A. M., when an election will be held for a President and Twelve Directors to serve for the ensuing year.
J. P. AMTSEN, *Secretary.*
Ja16-3t

Brass Musical Instruments FOR SALE.

1 Silver E flat Cornet, 2 Brass E flat Cornets, 2 E flat Altos, 3 B flat Tenors, 1 Baritone, 2 E flat Basses, 1 Bass Drum.

The above outfit for a Band will be sold at very low rates, and those desiring to purchase should avail themselves of this opportunity.
Apply to E. W. THOMAS,
Huntingdon, Jan16-tf *Teacher of Cornet Bands.*

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—[Estate of John Russell, dec'd.] Letters testamentary upon the will and testament of John Russell, late of Hopewell township, Huntingdon County, deceased, have been granted to the subscribers. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated to the undersigned.
JOHN RUSSELL,
JACOB RUSSELL,
Jan 16, 1867-6t.* Executors.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The co-partnership existing under the name of S. E. HENRY & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent—Wm. F. Johnston retiring. The business of the late firm will be settled by S. E. Henry.
S. E. HENRY,
WM. F. JOHNSTON.
Huntingdon, Jan. 7, 1867. THOS. S. JOHNSTON.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership under the firm name of HENRY & CO., and will continue the business heretofore carried on by S. E. Henry & Co.
SAML. E. HENRY,
THOS. S. JOHNSTON,
Huntingdon, Jan. 7, 1867. CHRISTIAN LONG.

ROBLEY & MARSH,
MERCHANT TAILORS.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have formed a partnership in the above business and will constantly keep on hand the best and most fashionable Goods in the market, comprising all kinds of

Fancy Silk, Mixed Goods & Cassimers.

Also, the best quality of

BLACK CLOTHS AND DOESKINS.

Both having had large experience in the business will try to please all.
Their room is on Smith street, two doors below Main.
H. ROBLEY,
Ja18-3m GEO. F. MARSH.

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY
BY
DR. WILLIAM BREWSTER,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

For the benefit of those proposing to undertake Electrical treatment for diseases we give in the following list a few of the more prominent and most common complaints met with in our practice, in all of which we are most successful. IN NEARLY ALL CASES OF CHRONIC DISEASE, ELECTRICITY IS A SURE REMEDY, AND IN ALL CASES BENEFICIAL, IF PROPERLY APPLIED. Those, therefore, afflicted with complaints not here enumerated, need have no hesitation in applying, and whether only RELIEF, or a PERMANENT CURE can be effected, they will receive replies accordingly. All communications free.

1 Epilepsy, Chorea, St. Vitus' Dance, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Nervousness, Palpitation of the Heart, Lock-Jaw, etc., etc.
2 Sore Throat, Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Obstinate Constipation, Hemorrhoids, or Piles, Billious, Flatulent, and Painter's Colic, and all affections of the Liver and Spleen.
3 Catarrh, Cough, Influenza, Asthma, (where not caused by organic disease of the heart,) Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Rheumatism of the Chest, Consumption in the early stages.
4 Gravel, Diabetes, and Kidney Complaints.
5 Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Stiff Neck, Spinal Diseases, Hip Diseases, Cancers, Tumors; (those last named always cured without pain, cutting, or plasters in any form)

In a word, we propose to cure all curable diseases.

We have no connection whatever with any other Electrical office in this or any other county. All letters address to
WM. BREWSTER, M. D.,
Ja16 Huntingdon, Pa.

READING RAIL ROAD.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT,
DECEMBER 1, 1866.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, TAMAQUA, ASHLAND, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, EPHRATA, LITIZ, LANCASTER, COLUMBIA, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00, 8.10 and 9 35 A. M., and 2 10 and 9.00 P. M., connecting with similar trains on the Pennsylvania R.R, arriving at New York 5.00 and 10 10 A. M., & 4.40, 6.20, 10 25 P. M. Sleeping cars accompany the 3 00 A m and 9 00 p. m. trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 10 A. M., and 2 10 and 4 10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4 10 p. m. train making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna R.R., leave Harrisburg at 2 20 P M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12 Noon, 5 & 8 P. M; Philadelphia at 8.15 A. M., and 3.30 P. M; Way Passenger train leaves Philadelphia at 7 30 A. M. returning from Reading at 6 20 P. M., stops at all stations: Pottsville at 8.45 A. M., and 2 45 P. M.; Ashland 6 00 and 11.30 a m, and 1.05 P M; Tamaqua at 9.45 A M., and 1 and 8 55 P M.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7.00 a m.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 6.30 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 4.30 P. M

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7 00 A M., and 6 15 P. M., for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

On Sundays, leave New York at 8 00 P. M., Philadelphia, 8 a m and 3 15 P. M., the 8 a m train running only to Reading; Pottsville 8 A. M., Harrisburg, 9 35 a m, and Reading 1.20, 7 30 a. m., for Harrisburg, 11 22 a m for New York, and 4.25 p. m. for Philadelphia.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, SCHOOL, and EXCURSION TICKETS at reduced rates to and from all points.

Baggage checked through: 80 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
Reading, Jan. 1, 1867. *General Superintendent.*

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Thursday, January 10, 1867, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTHWARD TRAINS.			STATIONS AND SIDINGS.	NORTHWARD TRAINS.			
Accomm'd		Express		Accomm		Express	
P. M.		A. M.		A. M.		P. M.	
LE 4 04	LE	7 50	Huntingdon,	AR 11 22	AR	4 45	
4 24		8 10	McConnellstown,	10 52		4 4	
4 34		8 18	Pleasant Grove,	10 54		4 10	
4 50		8 34	Marklesburg,	10 38		4 00	
5 00		8 54	Coffee Run,	10 22		3 45	
5 14		9 02	Rough & Ready,	10 14		3 36	
5 20		9 14	Cove,	10 02		3 24	
5 30		9 18	Fisher's Summit	9 58		3 20	
AR 5 45	AR	9 33	Saxton,		LE	3 05	
	LE	9 43		AR 9 43	AR	2 55	
		10 03	Riddlesburg			2 35	
		10 11	Hopewell			2 27	
		10 23	Piper's Run			2 09	
		10 50	Petersville			1 47	
		11 11	Bloody Run			1 34	
	AR	11 15	Mount Dallas	LE	LE	1 30	

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

LE	9 45	Saxton,	AR	9 30	AR	3 00
	10 00	Coalmont,		9 15		2 45
	10 05	Crawford,		9 05		2 35
AR	10 15	Dudley.	LE	9 00	LE	2 30
		Broad Top City,				

Huntingdon Jan. 10, 1867. JOHN M'KILLIPS, Supt.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—A regular meeting of the Huntingdon County Agricultural Society will be held in the Court House on Tuesday evening of the coming January court, 15th inst. The annual election of officers will be held at that time and other business of importance attended to.

An Agricultural address will be delivered by T. H. CREMER.

By order of the Society.
R. M'DIVITT,
ja2 Secretary.

E. W. THOMAS,
Teacher of Cornet Bands,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

Having had considerable experience in teaching made he promises to give entire satisfaction to Bands or individuals, in town or country, desiring his services.

Any bands desiring music, or music arranged, will please address him. ja9-2m

BOOTS AND SHOES, of every variety at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

☞ For plain, fancy and ornamental printing, call at the "Globe" Office.

VERMICELLI, Barley, Rice, Hominy, Beans, &c., at Lewis' Family Grocery.

WOOL BLANKETS, Coverlids, Arm Blankets, &c., at S. E. HENRY & CO.

J. WEICHSELBAUM,
OPTICIAN,
FROM PHILADELPHIA,

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon, and vicinity, that he has opened a Room at the Franklin House, where he offers for sale SPECTACLES! of every variety, and quality.

A new invention of Spectacles, for distant or close reading, with gold, silver, steel and tortoise-shell frames, and a new and improved assortment of Perifocal and Parabola ground flint Glasses of his own manufacture. He would particularly call the attention of the public to his Spectacles for NEAR SIGHTED PERSONS, and for persons who have been operated upon for the Cataract of the Eye, and to his new kind of Glasses and Conservers of the sight, made of the best flint and azure Glasses. Good Glasses may be known by their shape, exact centre, sharp and highly polished surface. The qualities are to be found in a high degree in his Glasses.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT.

VERY BEST BRAZILLIAN PEBBLE AND ROCK CRYSTAL!

So universally proved to be far superior to any other glass.

Also, MICROSCOPES, SPY AND QUIZZING GLASSES OF EVERY SIZE AND QUALITY, TELESCOPES, MAGNIFYING AND OPERA GLASSES, with different powers, together with every variety of articles in the Optical line not mentioned.

OPTICAL and other Instruments and Glasses carefully repaired at short notice. He can always select Glasses to suit the vision of the person, as he sees them, upon the first trial. He will remain in this place during the first week of January Court, and those in want of the above articles will please give him a call.

He will, if required, go to any respectable house where his services may be wanted.

☞ The very best Eye-Water and the best Hunting Glasses always for sale.
Jan. 1, '67-

First National Store.

ROHM & MILLER have just received at their new store another invoice of Ladies and Gentlemen's

DRESS GOODS,

of the very latest styles, which they are now offering to the public at the most reasonable rates. Their stock consists of Silks, French and American Merinos, Paris and Alpaca Plaids, Furs, Delaines, Jaconet Barred, Cambric, Bleached and unbleached Muslins, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, Shawls, Flannels, Calicoes, Hoods, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Wood and Willow ware, Carpets and Oil Cloths, Family Groceries, and the largest and best assortment of QUEENSWARE in "ye ancient borough."

All those desirous of getting bargains will not fail to stop in and see us at our New Store south west corner of the Diamond, (Fisher's old stand,) Huntingdon, Pa.
ja2 ROHM & MILLER.

ENTERPRISE, ORIGINALITY, AND REDUCTION COMBINED AT

CLEASONS'
Mammoth Store,
BARNET, Huntingdon Co.
GREAT COST SALE

Commencing Wednesday, December 19, 1866, and closing January 19, 1867.

We must have money within that time and have adopted this novel and attractive plan to dispose of our

IMMENSE STOCK

Of Fall and Winter Goods, only for CASH,

AT ACTUAL COST.

We will sell standard sheeting Muslins a yard wide at 20 cents, best American Prints 20 cents, Delaines 20 cts. Miner's Flannels 45 cents, Gold Medal Spool Cotton, 200 yards, only 3 cents, best spool cotton, 7 cents, skirt braid 8 cents, white cotton hose 16 cents, wool hose 40, chewing tobacco 80 cents, smoking tobacco 40 cents, Sugar 10 cts, Tea 75 cents, best Green Coffee 30 cents, paper Coffee 15 cents, and other goods in proportion.

Embrace the golden opportunity and secure

Bargains Never Before Equalled.

Overcoats at	$ 7,	price last year	$12.
Do	10,	do	do	15
Do	12,	do	do	18
Do	24,	do	do	40
Men's Boots,	1,75,	do	do	3.50
Do	2,50,	do	do	5.00
Do	3,50,	do	do	7.00

Ladies' Shoes from $1.25 to 2,50.

Dress Coats, Pants and Vests, at a corresponding reduction. Iron, Nails, Glass, Paints, Oils, Hardware, household Furniture, Stoves, &c., reduced one-third.

The goods were recently purchased at greatly reduced prices, and are now offered at what they actually cost in New York.

☞ Remember the sale continues only one month, and will be continued strictly on the cash principle. de19

WEST HUNTINGDON FOUNDRY.
JAMES SIMPSON,
Iron Founder,
HUNTINGDON, PA.,

Manufacturer of all kinds of work in his line, among which the

FARMER

Will find Threshing Machines, Plows, Sled soles, Kettles, &c. The

BLACKSMITH

Will find Round Mandrils, hollow Anvils, block and roller Tire benders, Tire irons, sled and sleigh soles, Wagon boxes, &c. The

MILL-OWNER

Can have all kinds of Machinery. The

BUILDER

Can have door and window sills and Lintels, sash weights cellar window grates, all sizes, porch stands, armor for rain spouts, chimney caps, pavement castings, for coal and wood cellars, heaters for warming private dwellings and public buildings, doors and frames for bake ovens, iron railing for verandahs, porticoes, balconies, and fences of all kinds.

Particular attention paid to fencing grave lots. Everybody can have threshing machine, plow and stove repairs and all kinds of iron and brass castings.
JAMES SIMPSON.
de12-6m

NEW LEATHER STORE.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that, in connection with their TANNERY, they have just opened a splendid assortment of

Fine Leather,

Consisting in part of

FRENCH CALF-SKIN, KIP, MORROCCO, LININGS, BINDINGS, SOLE, UPPER, HARNESS, SKIRTING, &c.,

Together with a general assortment of FINDINGS.

The trade is invited to call and examine our stock.

Store on HILL street, two doors west of the Presbyterian church.

The highest price paid for hide and bark.
C. H. MILLER & SON.
Huntingdon, Dec. 12-3m

NOTICE TO TAX COLLECTORS.

The Tax Collectors of Hopewell, Penn and Carbon townships, in Huntingdon county, and of Liberty township, Bedford county, having tax claims against Robert Hare Powel or Powelton Coal and Iron Company, will present the same to WM. M. CHASE, immediately, for payment, at Powelton, Huntingdon county, Pa. Ja9-3t

STRAY BOAR.

Came to my premises in Walker twp., about the first of October last a Boar, supposed to be about a year old, with three black spots. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.
jan.1.'67. W. D. REED.

STRAY.

Came to the residence of Wm. Morgan, in Hopewell twp., Huntingdon county, on December 18th, 1866, a dark sorrell mare, supposed to be six or seven years old. The owner is requested to come and prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law. dec.31.'66* WM. MORGAN.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.
THOMAS N. COLDER.

The undersigned having now entered into the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that he will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.
THOS. N. COLDER.
Alexandria, Oct. 23, 1866-tf.

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE!

If you want your card neatly printed on envelopes, call at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STEOR.

BEST BLEACHED MUSLIN always on hand at
CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

COFFEES, SUGARS AND TEAS.
ALL THE CHOICE KINDS FOR SALE
At Lewis' Family Grocery.

HAMS. HAMS.

Plain and canvas sugar cured Hams—the best in market—whole or sliced, for sale at
Lewis' Family Grocery.

CHEESE. CHEESE.

The best always for sale at
LEWIS' FAMILY GROCERY.

SALES.

PUBLIC SALE AND AUCTION.

On Thursday the 17th of January, 1867,

At ten o'clock A M, I will positively offer at public sale the VALUABLE

DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT

situated on Hill street, between Charles and Franklin. After which the following lot of Valuable

Household and Kitchen Furniture,

Consisting of three complete suites of handsome marble top walnut BED-ROOM FURNITURE, one elegant walnut green repp'd covered PARLOR SUITE, one hair cloth covered walnut SITTING-ROOM SUITE, with oak and walnut DINING-ROOM FURNITURE, two French plate pier MIRRORS; three new Brussels and two Ingrain CARPETS; elegant Brussels stair Carpeting, Oil Cloths, Matting, Stoves, Queensware, Glassware, &c., &c.
JAS. L. GLAZIER.
Huntingdon, Jan. 1, 1867.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
Valuable Farm Stock, &c., &c.

The subscriber will offer at Public Sale in PORTER township,

On Thursday, 31st of January, 1867,

6 head of Horses, 2 two year old Colts, 7 head of Cows, and 1 Bull, Alderney stock, 3 breeding sows and 1 boar, 1 two-horse carriage, wagons, cart, plows and harrows, cultivators, threshing machine, mower and reaper, horse-rake, grain drill, chopping mill, Fodder and Straw Cutters, Platform Scales, and a large number of other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on same day when the terms will be made known.
Porter tp., Jan 9. THOS. N. COLDER.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

A Comfortable frame Dwelling house with six rooms, located in Washington street, Huntingdon, will be sold at private sale.

For further particulars call at MARCH & BRO'S store, Huntingdon