

LTON'S EXTRACT OF PURE JANNICA GINGER-for Indig

THE COMMITTEE'S ADDRESS.

North and North-West for Philapelphia, New Reading, Potisville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Lemano Town, Easton, Epurata, Litiz, Lancaster, Colum pledge to its support our lives, our forunes, and our sacred honor. Ett, Ko., Ko. Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, 'as follows : At 300, R10 and 9 05 A. M., and 210 and 9,15 P. M., connect-ing with similar trains on the Pennsylvania R.R., arriving at New York 6,00 and 10 10A, M., & 4.10, 5.2,010 45 P. M. Sleeping ares accompany the 3 00 a m and 9 15 p. m. trains without charge. General Este, from the same committee, reported a lengthy address, anaivad Minoie Campioner, for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua; Izavo Harcisburg, for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua; Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grovo, Allentown and Phila-delphia at 810 A. M., and 210 and 410 P. M., stopping at Lebanca and principal way stations; the 410 p. m. train making connections for Philadelphia and Golumbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuyl-kill and Susquehanan R.R., leave Harrisburg at 32 0 P M. Returning, leave New-York at 7 & 9 A. M., 12 Noon, 8 P. M.; Philadelphia at 815 A. M., and 3 30 P. M.; Way Pas-senger train leaves Philadelphia at 7 30 A. M. returning from Reading at 630 P. M., stops at all stations: Pottsville at 845 A. M., and 246 P./M.; Ashland 6 40 and 11,30 a m. and 1,05 P. M.; Tamaqua at 7,30 a m. A. Accountedation Passenger Train leaves REABING at 5,00 P. M. Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 645 a m., 12 65 and 64 15 P. M., for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Col-umbia, &c. Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Ta and adopted with waving of flags, cheers, and singing "Rally Round the Flag, Boys." ADDRESS. ed since you were released from service and permitted to return to your homes with the assurance of the country that your work was done, and that the Be-For four years, on the ocean and in

arms to abolish by their local laws the tion of the whole. It seems incredible institution of slavery, the agitation of that those who issisted upon thus conwhich had been the cause of this war neeting them could have expected that

returned to the next Congress, that

leaders of the party opposing the recondition will grow worse for two years longer. Who can estimate the construction policy of the President, evils which will meantime have fallen and supporting the revolutionary, dis declare null and void their acts of se-cession, which had been part of their belligorent action, and until rescinded embodied a calm which threatened fn-four years of termible were not their fate through four years of termible were not the the embodyment of method with meantime nave fallen upon all races in those communities as well as ourselves? It is our duty to remember that the Government is not the embodyment of method.

Ac, where a warming cental stimulant is required. Its careful preparation and entire purity make it a cheep and reliable article for culturary ptrposes. Sold everywhere at 50 cents per bottle.

Saradaga Spring Water, sold by ail Druggists. july11, 1866-cowly 19-All the above articles for sale by S. S. SMITH, Huntingdon, Penna.

DUNCANNON NAIL AGENCY.

TAS. A. BROWN is Agent for the AS. A. BRUWN N is Agent for the sate of car Nails and Spikes, at luntingion, Pa. It is well known that the Duncannon Nails are far superfor-in quality to any others offored in the Huutingdon market DEALERS, BUILDERS, and consumers generally will be supplied in quantities from one pound to one hundred kegs at manufacturers⁵ prices by sending their orders or calling at his new manumoth Hardware store, Huuting-don, Fa. [sp10] DUNCANNON HUN CO.

MANTUA MAKING.

MRS. JOHN HOFFMAN & RERECCA MEGAHAN.

ance, JOHA HOFFMAN & REDECCA MEDAILAN, are prepared to do all kinds of Mantua Making, and all kinds of plain sewing. Both have had great experience in the sewing line, and respectfully solicit the patronago of the public, and espe-cially that of the Ladies. Their room is on Railroad street in the rest of Fishers' store.

store. Gentlemen's and other Shirts, Ladies' and Children's Dresses promptly made to order. May 10, 1806.

MONEY:

ECONOMY IS MONEY SAVED!

The subscriber is permanently located in Huntingdon and is prepared to purchase, or repair in the best etyle, and expeditionsly, broken UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS. All articles intrusted to him will be returned to the residence of the owner as soon as repaired. Umbrollas and parasols for repair can be left at Lewis "book store, may2,1866tt WM. PENTIMAN.

500 A MONTH !—Agents wanted for six entirely new articles, just out. Ad dices 0. 7. GARET, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. co .201565-19

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at buy CLOTHING from ine in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the itics, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia. II. ROMAN. WM. LEWIS, Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instru-its, Huntingdon, Pa. CARPETING OF ALL KINDS CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S. DROWN & BLEACHED MUSLINS D Ticking, Linseys, Checks, bleached and brown can ton Flannels, miner's Plaid, Wool Flannels. &c., &c., a 8. E. HENRY & CO'S. BOOTS AND SHOES, of every va CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S. A LL KINDS OF TO BACCO CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S. F YOU WANT the BEST SYRUP, go to CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S. THE BEST EASTERN CHEESE CUNNINGHAM & CARHON'S.

TEW GOODS CONSTANTLY RE HOICE Teas, Coffee, Sugars and Molasses, for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

LL KINDS OF C R A C K E R S constantly on hand at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S. Dat U R E S P I C E S CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S. GROUND ALUM AND SALINA CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOAES for wagons of all sizes, for sale at the hard store of [fc14,1866] JAS. A. BROWN

ENVELOPES-By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

rders on the shortest notice. Alexandria, Jan. 13, 1865-tf.

DERFUMERY and Faney Soaps for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

2 do find 0 to 1 m, for Agrice, and the second seco

delphia. COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, SCHOOL, and EXCURSION TREATES at reduced rates to and from all points. Baggage checked through : 80 pounds Baggage allowed cach Plessenger. G. A. NICOLLS. G. A. NICOLLS, Reading, June 25, 1966. General Superintendent.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

WM. AFRICA Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond,

A Fine Assortment of all kinds of

BOOTS AND SHOES, For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children, All of which he will sell at fair prices. Quick sales and mall profils. Call and examine my stock. Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual. Huntingdon, April 10, 1866.

ACENCY, FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY

AND PENSIONS. LL who may have any claims a-gainst the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pressions, can have their claims promptly collected by ap-plying either in person or by letter to W. H. WOODS, Attorney at Law, Huntingdon, Pa August 12, 1863. IF YOU WANT A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS, CALL AT DONNELL & KLINE'S PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store. CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS. Huntingdon, Oct 4, '65-tf. PURE LIBERTY WHITE LEAD,

The Whitest, the most durable and the most con-ry it! Manufactured only by ZIEGLER & SMITH, Wholesale Drug, Paint & Glass Dea No. 137 North Third st., Philade au24-1y DURE LIBERTY WHITE LEAD, Preferred by all practical Painters! Try it! ar ill have no other. Manufactured only by

ZIEGLER & SMITH, Wholesale Drug, Paint & Glass Dealers, No. 137 Nth. Third st., Philada. jan24-1y

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY. E. O. & G. W. COLDER. HAVING entered into co-partnership in the Mexandria Brewery, the public are informed lat they will be propared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice. Alexandria, Jan. 33. 1865-16.

For LLOW and CEDAR WARE JEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

embodied a calm which threatened fu- four years of terrible war, are called ture conflict, and finally to repudiate upon to aid the proscription. What-

which would have been a hostile act, serve at the hands of the Government More than fifteen months have claps-d since you were released from service tion and threatening its renewal. The have dreamed of asking their associinstitution of slavery, the ordinances of ates and followers to inflict that punsccession and the maintenance of an ishmout upon them, especially a pun-insurrectionary war debt, were strictbellion was substantially suppressed. Iy hostile positions, and threatened a ble than any which the Government possible renewal of the war until they itself is authorized to impose. If in should be surrendered. There could the midst of their errors the people of fields stretching from Gettysburg to New Orleans, you had fought in order be no complete surrender of the bellig- the South retain the ordinary fidelity erent attitude of the insurgent com- of comrados in arms to each otherto restore the integrity of the nation, and you rested from your toils with the munities of the South; therefore the the common sentiment of henor which conviction that it only remained for Commande-in Chief, clothed with the rules all companionship—they will not statesmen to rivet the broken bands double functions of military command- voluntarily desert the men whom they er and of the civil execution of the laws | have voluntarily and steadily followed which you had laid together. You knew that this task required wisdom of the Union compelled the surronder, amid so many perils. They will not and deliberation; but you had a right and at this point the belligerent powto expect that like your own, it would er of the National Government-the be taken up promptly and conducted

with singleness of purpose. You had yourselves left party ties volted States-was exhausted.

behind when you marched to the field, This legitimate and restricted use of South from the practice of self governand thenceforth knew only your coun compulsion appeared to accomplish the ment and the training of patriotism try. You had a right to demand that in the peaceful completion of your desired ond. It is true that the sub- but if they could be persuaded or conlued and impoverished people of the strained to accept it we are at a loss work they would follow your example. South did not and could not at once to perceive the benefit to be derived pass from hostility to friendship. from it, because no act of Congress, Their homes were darkened with sor-nor anything contained in the propos-You expected that those who had called upon you to suppress not only revolution but the spirit of revolution, and row which no sense of error could mitigate; their fields were cemeteries, surance that the adopton of those to vindicate the violated law, would their farms were the burnt path of our set a new example to the nation by a strict adherence to their constitutional armies, and they could not love us in of loyal representatives from the power and a revival of the old spirit the midst of their desolution. But they of sacred obedience to law. know that the issue of the appeal to

arms had been determined You expected, and after the perforfooever mance of such services you had a po-culiar right to demand, that your suc-cessors in the work of restoration tempted by work to save. They had should not only devise measures which suffered too much to dreme of renewshould be just, but should propose them ing the strife, and seeing no future beat the season when they should be fore them but that of citizens of the practicable; and that by means of the United States they were ready to re State. It is evident from the course turn to their allegiance as defined to pursued by the extreme men who urgo measures and the sympathies of the North, the people of the South subjec- them anew by the event of the strange. ted to all the ponalties should long When Congress first assembled they since have been brought back to the had acquired a temper towards the performance of all its duties in this na. National Government as healthy as it ments be adopted, to still insist upon tion, and, which the vindication of the was possible for any people to attain law demanded, to a real participation after such a conflict and such experiin its life. For more than a year you ences. In this respect the results of mitting loyal representatives from the have looked on in silence, and the work the war was unexamped in the history Southern States lately in Robellion.-for which you provided the opportu-nity has not been done. Your successions at the requirements of the Commander-sors have acted neither wisely nor in the requirements of the Commander-the requirements of the Commander-alarm of the country by declaring the

n-Chief, surrendered overy position | readmission of the South without season. That which would have been well which could truthfully be doened hos them is an abandonment of all the and wisely accomplished, if proposed tile to the Government, and by his ad- dear-bought fruits of the war. It is at the proper time, has been made im-practicable by delay, and a condition which it would have been of doubtful vice, not under his compulsion, they not for the soldiers and sailors of that went farther, and in common with the war to shrink from being wise lest they loyal States ratified the Constitutional should be suspected of insulting the wisdom to impose at any time is at last amendment which forever abolishes graves of their comrades, and forgetimposed when it is too late. After you slavery, and gave to Congess the pow- ing the objects for which they sufferhad been withdrawn from the field, or, by appropriate legislation, to pro- od so much. because you had annihilated the power vent its re-establishment. They might They know have conceded still more; but month in the life of this nation, and that of your opponents to disobey their Gov-

ernment, an entire year was added to after month passed without action, and there is a God who animates that life, their already long estrangement from meantime they were subjected to mil-it before any conditions of roturn were litary government. offered to them, and when these condi-

tions were at last announced, they con- than our national Government to the which this people has vindicated in tained terms which proposed to make performance of the duties for which it war will not sieken and perish in the estrangement of a large portion of was designed; no government could be peace. The South cannot, if it would our population perpetual. The youth less adapted to the regulation of affairs cast off the obligations of events; and South ?" "Nary a merey," was the re-of the South, who had nover known in a subjected neighboring territory. inder the good that has been done it pty. "Come away from him," said a when the Rebellion had commenced, Mistaken injustice, even fraud, inevita has shared already, and for a law as friend; he is one of those radical mercy.

or what it was to share in the duties bly mingled with and marred its ope | irresistible as time must continue to | narys. Ho'd go through you in a min and business of national citizens, have 'rations through distant agencies and share the common development of 'nte

their war debts, the recognization of ever punishment their bodies may dement, and they are forbidden to accept power to apply compulsion in any form | the other without it. We believe that to the political future of the lately re- the only effect of such a proposition will be a prolonged exclusion of the ng to the freedmen the rights which

honor and humanity enjoin will not be made in vain. We shall ask and expect that they, like ourselves will unite in maintaining the law, preserving the peace, vindicating good will of our common country. ed amendment gives any pledge or as-We want a Union not merely in name, but a Union in fact ; not a Union amendments will secure the admission nerely of geographical lines, but a Union of hearts. Such a Union we Southern States now excluded or the recognition of their constitutional relations to the Government of the Uni-

ted States. The preamble and resolution adopted in the case of Tenuessee do not commit Congress to the restoration of the assist in the great work of pacification. Union, should their example be follow-We appeal to you, not as Democrats, ed at once by every other Southern not as Republicans, but as patriots and national Union men. these amondments, and from the senti ments enunciated by them that it is their fixed purpose, oven if the amendthose who have shared common danger in contending for a common cause. the political equality of the colored We were brothers during the dark days of the Robellion-let us remain race as a condition precedent to adto the South when she was hostile and

her not only just but generous treatment now that she is subdued and disarmed If we but do this, if we but evince the magnanimity of spirit always po-

litic from the victor to the conquered the They know that there is a progress

as it is cowardly. Nations never die No system was over better adapted in their adolescence. The manhood

and assistance in our efforts to establish and perpetuato it. 13""Have you no mercy for the

but is a practical business, and deals And I tell you, gentlemen, that in a with the wise and unwise, the well and short time all this complaint about neill-disposed, as a mingled mass of that civilization which is a growth, and not the result of force. We believe that nationality with its distribution of to tostify in your courts-that his oath powers between the central and local would not be granted him. But how Governments, is the chief instrumen- stands the matter to day ? He is not tality and is the best blessing of politonly permitted to testify in your courts with impunity, but there is ical and civil life for all races and communities in this land, and that our first every evidence that he will soon be on duty to all is to see that it is as prompta social equality with the white man in your State. Yes, gentlemen, in a short time he will marry and intery as possible re-established. By means of it we shall accomplish not only peace marry in your families. It is a little and safety, but justice to the nation and the freedmen. Upon all of these objectionable to-day, but you will soon get over this, and the persecuted negro sacred rights we shall insist. will be welcome in your parlors. This Wo speak as soldiers because we helieve that an appeal from us to the will be the result of the political and social changes of the next few months. brave men who met us in battle to unite with us in giving peace to our common country, in fulfilling pledges which have been made and guarantee-This is the result for which the Radicals are laboring. Will white men aid

them to accomplish it ?

Douglas' Last Words.

General John A. Dix, at the laying of the corner stone of the monument and upholding the honor and integrity to Stephen A. Douglas, at Fairview, three miles from Chicago, on the 13th inst., delivered an oration, in which he recited the public services of Mr. Douglas, and paid an eloquent tribute fought to maintain, such a Union we to his memory. He concluded as folwish to enjoy. By it alone can our lows:

nation accomplish its true mission and "IIc will be remembered above all fulfill its true destiny. So believing for those heroic words, the last hg we anxiously and earnestly appeal to ever uttered, worthy to be graven on stone and treasured to the end of time in all patriotic hearts-words which come to us, as we stand around his grave, with a solemnity and pathos which no language can express. When Let no criminations or recriminations his wife bent over him as his spirit mar or disturb that mutual ostoem was departing, and asked him if ha which should ever be cherished by had anything to say to his children; forgetting himself, his domestic ties, everything precious in life, from which he was about to be sovered; thinking ays of the Rebellion-let us remain friends during the brighter days of peace; and as we carried desolation to the South when she was heatileand the laws, and support the Constitution defiant, let us unite in tendering to of the Union."

> IS IT GLORY OR SHAME ?- The Union soldiers fought to preserve the Union. Their glory is that not a star has been erased from the National flag.---But if, as Thaddeus Stevens says, there is no Union : if the North is one country and the South another; if the theory of secession is to be advocated as it was five years ago by Northern extremists, the glory is but shame af: ter all, and every grave-stone of our the silent record of a ruined

> ES- It should not be forgotten by our readers that John W. Forney and

Thad. Stevens are candidates, for U. States Senator on a negro Buffrage platform. The one is the head and front of the Radical party in Congress, and the other is at the head of the radical press of Pennsylvania.

honor and pride of the Southern soldiers will so respond that our beloved Union shall be stronger, better, firmer than ever before. May the God of our fathers who, by His blessing, enabled

them trough a seven years' war to establish a Union and we, their childron and sons, to vindicate it in the cause. late terrible struggle grant His aid