W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor. Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor. Wednesday morning, Aug. 29, 1866.

WHO IS YOUR CANDIDATE FOR GOVER-NOR?-This question has been put to bors of the party stand back in disus by several persons during the past gust. The guerrillas have triumphed week. We answer, we have noneand may not be able to find one. If we should not be able to find one by upon the "slate" previously arranged They were adopted in the hope that the 2d Tuesday of October, our ticket by the guerrillas. Guerrillaism and the election could be carried upon will be, "for Governor, The National Union Platform." The important is ter be the best recommendation an ap- coive a popular indersement, they will sue in the campaign will be made on plicant can offer to secure an office go further. They will be emboldened the candidates for Congress and the Legislature, and while we cannot support Geary on the radical platform. others can and will do as they please. At Congressman to be elected this fall we were not doing our work so open in them. will have a voice for or against the we might almost expect to have the peace and prosperity of our countryand the members of the Legislature ted States Senator. We haven't a word to say against General Geary, other than that every vote cast for him will be counted as against President Johnson and in favor of Thad. Stevens' Radicalism.

The Radical Meeting.

The Geary meeting came off on Sat urday." Gen. Geary, Gov. Curtin, and other prominent politicians from abroad were in attendance. We expected to like what was expected by the Radicals. The town was dull-the Raditod." The Radical guerrillas had lost expect to keep them. the support they had in former campaigns. Some of the most active work-

the friends of Geary their hearty support, we also carnestly ask them to declared himself opposed to our gallant standard-bearer in the fight. That circumstances seem to show that sum from the Philadelphia Convention to carry on his traitorous work against the best man in the political field without continuing the subscriptions.'

We heard of the passage of the resolution about noon, and expecting a rush at our office during the afternoon, we denied ourself the pleasure of hearing the speaking and remained at out receiving a call, when Mr. Shontz, the mover of the resolution, and shall we now gratify our office and ordered his paper to be discontinued. This was the first and last charge made upon us during the whole afternoon and evening in compliance with the generate receiving a call, when Mr. Shontz, the mover of the South fought the mover of the resolution, and shall we now gratify them by the ballot, after we have defeated them by the ballot? The hongest scharge made upon us during the whole afternoon and evening in compliance with the generate receiving a call, when Mr. Shontz, for disunion, and shall we now gratify the mover of the resolution, and shall we now gratify the ballot, after we have defeated them by the ballot? The hongest scharge made upon us during the stands just where he always stood, notwithstanding the denunciations of his opponents. He sticks to the cause of truth, and like the immentation is thus seen to be the reaffirmation and adoption, by all the States, including these their in rectellion, the States to be essential, and which is collected, shall pay the duties on by the loyal States to be essential, and which in 1864 the Union party declared they were resolved to attain by prosceution of the war. In 1864 the Union party declared the war should be waged until the successful to the cause of truth, and like the immentation and adoption, by all the States, including those their production and which the States, including the extended and other the excise of the empire is collected, shall pay the duties on by the loyal States to be essential, and which in 1864 the Union party declared they are resolved to attain by prosceution of the war. In 1864 the Union party declared they are resolved to attain by prosceution of the war. In 1864 the Union party declared they are resolved to attain by prosceution of the war. In 1864 the Union party declared they are resolved to attain by prosceution of the war. In 1864 the Union party declared they are resolved to attain by prosceution of the war. In 1864

but only one after the one-horse League | 3d of September next. issued its order to the faithful. We are thankful for small favors, and we are pleased "that circumstances seem to show" that we received from the Philadelphia Convention a sufficient sum to carry on the campaign. But we would rather have the evidence. The condition of our pocket book don't give proof of having received any funds from the Philadelphia Convention. We wish it was otherwise.

A pretty full report of the proceed-ings of the meeting will be found in another part of this paper.

We have not heard of any strength made to the radical cause, but we do know of three men who came to town as Radicals, opposed to Johnson, going home in favor of Johnson and opposed to the radical party and its candidates The good work goes on-and must succeed.

We were positive when we left the Democratic organization in '61, because as we believed, it sympathised with the Disunionists-and we are inst as positive now in leaving what was the Union party, during the war, because we believe it is in sympathy with the Disunionists, Thad. Stevens, Sumner & Co. As parties now stand -(with ten States asking for recognition,) the Democrats and conservative republicans are the Union men, the Union party—the Republicans as an organization are the Disunionists. We simply stand now where we stood during the war-for the Union-with a National Union organization.

We would rather defend a position our conscience tells us is right navy of the United States during the and be without a political friend on late robellion will be held at Cleveland, call of the State Committee will be earth, than to defend what our con- Ohio, on the 17th of September, to enscience tells us is wrong if by doing so dorse the policy of President Johnson. we should secure the friendship and It will be another grand demonstration support of all Thad. Stevens' follow- for the Union. The call is signed by ers in the Union. Those who choose to play dog can do so-but as for us guished officers in the Union army. we know no master.

be denied the States.

Who are Leaders Now? The great Union party of this county that was, is now nothing more than of this place who were prominent gueragainst the soldier ticket. No wonder that many of the old and honest memand it was only by mistake that some unfaithfulness is now and will hereaffrom the party, and we would not be surprised if the most unmanageable State Senate offered us next fall-but then we are not playing guerrilla and

will, have a voice in the election of can't expect to be counted in. Guereither a Radical or Conservative Uni rillaism is at a premium (two terms played out,) for the evidence look at the prominence of our friend Mr. H. G. Fisher, the Journal & American editors, and other smaller lights. We prefer acting an honorable part-making an open opposition to the ticket, or a part of it at least. We will not honest enough to declare that it will attempt to stab the ticket in the dark | be satisfied with nothing less than neas most if not all the leaders of the gro equality, but it fails to tell its readparty now, attempted to do last fall. ors that military government will be Can any body recollect of any effort required in every State outside of New made last fall by any of the leaders for | England to maintain it. Less honest see a larger gathering—it was nothing the success of the ticket? Those who Radicals than Greeley say they will worked most faithfully last fall are now forced to take back seats—are out in Southern States can be placed in the cals showed by their actions that they the cold—and the "two term" patriots hands of the so-called Unionists. They felt dull. They discovered that there are in. The guerrillas have triumphed was ta screw loose somewhere. No thus far, and they feel that they have tary governments, for there is not one flags were flying-no enthusiasm exis- the faithful under their feet where they of the States in which the mon whose

GRANT ALL RIGHT.-Major General Grant, it will be seen by reading the ers in former campaigns were now si- President's speech on our outside, lent spectators, and for revenge the stands "shoulder to shoulder" with pop guns of the Soldiers League held a President Johnson. The Radicals can meeting in the Court House about 11 claim any General they may, but such o'clock A. M., and passed the following solid men as Grant, Sherman and Sherresolution, offered by Mr. J. B. Shontz: idan, know very well what the war "Resolved, That while we urge upon was for, and how the South should be treated now that it has been subdued. withdraw their support from William The same position as taken by General Lowis, editor of the Globe, who has Grant is being taken by a large majority of the solid Union officers and soldiers. You cannot get a true Union soldier, unless he is of the Thad. Stevens school of politicians, to denouce President Johnson, but you can get any number to denounce Congress for harmony.

There can be no mistaking the issue of the day-Union or no Union. It is not difficult for a man to decide pliance with the earnest request of the ly the secret traitors in the South who resolution, but before Mr. Shontz had aid the Radicals, because they know got out of our office three gentlemen them to be Disunionists. They are took his place on our book and paid us the Unionists of the South now who \$2 each, and when we closed our office | met in the Philadelphia Convention, in the evening we had lost Mr. Shontz's and they will be the Disunionists of subscription and entered nine new ones. the South who will meet in the Radical consolidation of parties. Conservative cerned, therefore, the principles of the two We lost several during the forenoon, Convention in the same place on the men of all parties met to effect a union

The important question of the hour, Shall the Southern States be admitted into Congress, can only be settled by an unbiased and unprejudiced judgment. A man's prejudices should not be permitted to control his judgment. True, there has been a great loss sustained by us, but what was it for? Was it not to preserve the Union? All loyal men will admit that it was. And now can we have a Union so long as the South is held in subjection and left unrepresented. The longer such a condition exists the worse will be the feeling at the South. Let us seek to have a Congress that will not hesitate to admit Loyar Southern representatives, and then we will States to representation is a very strong

sections. Those opposed to President Johnson ask, Why don't he punish the traitors? We answer, for the simple reason that he has not got the power. According to the Constitution, Congress has power to punish treason in individuals, and when it met, President Johnson had nothing to do with the punishment of Jeff. Davis or any other leading criminal. Congress adjourned without even sanctioning the trial of Jeff. Davis. Now, what was their reason for so doing, if they had no sympathy for traitors. But President Johnson has to take the blame. This is unjust. Let Congress take the

blame for not making treason odious. A Convention of the Soldiers and Sailors who served in the army and some two hundred of the most distin-

The Democrats and Conserva-Is Congress higher authority tive Republicans of Allegheny county than the Constitution of the United have nominated a full county ticket States, -if not, how can representation on the Philadelphia National Union platform.

The People Must be Trusted.

The Brooklyn Eagle discusses the question of "What are the True Issues faction of radicals under the control | before the Country ?" It charges, with and management of a few young men great truth, that the more moderate rillas in the party last year, and se- knowledge the leadership of the Radcretly or openly worked and voted icals who have ruined their party, attempt to deceive their readers by reiterating that the issue in the election is on the adoption of the proposed constitutional amendments. Every man knows that those amendments men were nominated who were not were not satisfactory to Congress. them. If the Sumners and Stovens rewith a renewed lease of power, to lay down their ultimatum, which is, avowvoters in the party this fall should be edly, that the Southern States shall not offered the best offices next fall. If be controlled by the people who live

> The truth is the Radicals do not desire any settlement between the sections. In the States in which they hold control they have taken no steps to endorse the Constitutional Amend. ment. It is intended for a political issue and for nothing else. If the RADICALS SUC-CEED IN THIS, THE OTHER SCHEMES WILL FOLLOW, so long as the people are content to wrangle for the benefit of a faction. The New York Tribune is control. They were the first process of the first p

its radical course against peace and cial copy of the proceedings of the to stand by the right. Read his speech with an unprejudiced mind, is all we

> The recent National Union Conmen of all parties met to effect a union of the States and an agreement be tween the North and South. There are now but two parties—the one Conservative, the other Radical. Conservative men seek to unite the Country, the Radicals seek to keep it divided. There are those who cannot agree to the extreme notions of such Radicals as Stevens and Forney. These must now choose between the two parties.
>
> What a Radical Admits.
>
> The Springfield (Ill.) Republican, speaking of the late National Union Convention, admits what can't be deviced. That as Slavery is admitsed. Metalogical that as slavery with the part of the Southern division of the set to the parties the strength of this forcer prohibited, and there are those who cannot agree to the two fields are the tisolal ever be publican government, just-pre-stablished upon the soil of the Republic fine and that, while we uplied extrapolate can't the union of the Soil of the Republic fine and the soil of the Republic fine from the soil of the Repu

Convention, admits what can't be denied by any man. It says:

"It must be conceded that the argument made by the Philadelphia Convention for the right of the Southern have a Union, harmonious in all its one. Constitutionally it is imprese

NABLE. Who are Union Men? -All who are for a complete restoration of the Union under the Constitution, are Union men, All who treat the requirements of the Constitution with contempt by denying loyal representation from the Southern States are Dis-unionists. The President is for a Union-Congress is against a Union.

The National Union Party is sweeping over the whole Union like the bright sun in a cloudless day. This is the last year of Rudical Republicanism. The platform is giving waywe dont intend to be hurt when it falls.

Union State Convention.

A State Convention of the National Union Party will be held at Harrisburg on the 20th of September. The published next week.

18 Who represents the Radical party? Thad. Stevens of Pennsylvania, a man who says that negroes are the equals of foreigners, and is in favor of

PORITICAL PRINCIPLES.

Baltimore and Philadelphia Platforms.

It is just now the cue of the leaders of the revolutionary Radical movement to claim the authority of the Union Party for their principles and measures. Every one who hesitates to follow in their footsteps is denounced as a renegade and traitor to the Union Party. The hypocrisy and unprincipled recklessness of this pretext are apparent. None of the Radical leaders on listed in this crusade every were leaders of the Union Party, and Republican journals, which still ac Union Party for their principles and were leaders of the Union Party, and the doctrines they now put forward as Union doctrines find no support in any of the anthorized declarations of principles and did the Constitution and the anthorized declarations of principles. of the authorized declarations of principle put forth by the Convention of the Union Party

The Baltimore platform is the latest authortative declaration of the principles held and the policy espoused by the Union Party which gates from every loyal State and Territory in 1864, while the war against the rebellion was still raging, and was the basis upon which President Lincoln and Andrew Johnson were nominated and elected. It was accepted by both these great men, as the platform on which their administration would be based in case of: their jelection, and was research throughout the Union, by men of all parties, as the true basis and, platform of the Union party. And we naw assort, and challenge con-tradiction, that there is not a single principle touching national affuirs asserted in it, which is not reaffirmed by the Philadelphia platform; nor is there a single principle contained in the latter which is not embraced or implied in the

former:
The Philadelphia platform is identical, in every principle and position, with the Balti-more platform; and in proof of this position we reprint the provisions of the two, side by

that the war should be waged until the supreme authority of the Constitution was received, and all its States and all its people accepted that result. In the Philadelphia Declaration, the South joins the North in declaring that the authority of the Constitution has been returned and its grain supremed ted, by declaring a tution has been restored and is again supremethat the Union is perfect and perpetual-no State or States having any right to secede. vention has had the effect of making a | So far as this fandamental principle is conare identical. Next comes the subject of

SLAVERY.

Upon the subject of slavery the two are identical—or rather the Philadelphia Declaration acknowledges and accepts the complete fulfillment of every pledge and promise made at Baltimore—delegates from the southern states uniting in and ratifying this acceptance.

THE NATIONAL DEBT.

Baltimore, 1864.

Resided, That the National faith, pledged for the public debt, as user as reversely and that for this purpose we recommend common force, an obligation incurred my and rigid responsibility or undertaken in making in the public expenditures, war against the Enited and a vigorous and just 292. States, we hold the debt of the ten of taxtion, and that it indion to be secued and any is the duty of every loyal of the National Currency.

National Currency.

The National Debt. THE NATIONAL DEBT.

Here again on the subject of the National Debt the Southern States join the loyal States be assumed or made of binding force.

The same identity is found between the two n the subject of

The NATIONAL SOLDIERS.

The Baltimore Platform.
Resolved, That the thanks of the American people are due to the soldiers and sailors tional Government to recogof the Army and Newy, who hive the sorvices of the Nedman Areay, who have perilled their lives in least soldiers and sailors in defence of their country, and the contest just closed by in vinileation of the honor of meeting promptly and fully its flag—that the nation owes all their just and rightful to them some permaient ro-claims for the sorvices they cognition of their patriotism have rendered the nation, and their valor, and permaient by extending to those ment and ample provision of them who have survived for those of their survivors and to the widows and or who have are received disabling phans of those who have and honorable wounds in falten, the most generous the service of their country, and considerate care. and the membrane of the dingratorial and overlasting remembrance. THE NATIONAL SOLDIERS.

LINCOLN AND JOHNSON.

There is thus an absolute identity of sentiment and principle between the Baltimore Platform of the Union party in 1864 and that adopted at Philadelphia last week. We chalthe policy esponsed by the Union Party which longe any man to point out any deviation from carried the country through the war. It was the former on the part of the Philadelphia adopted by the unanimous vote of the delegates from every loyal State and Territory war to re-establish the integrity of the Union and the supreme authority of the Constitution; and in the Philadelphia Convention delegates from every State and Territory of the Union, Northern and Southern alike, unite in the de-claration that this has been done, and they necopt all the legitimate results and consequences thereof.

What the Philadelphia Convention has ac-

complished, therefore, has been to nationalize the principles and purposes of the Union party as declared at Baltimore in 1864. If others as accared at Sattimore in 1904. If others have added to those principles, they have done so on their own responsibility. They cannot hold any Union man bound by their acts in so doing. The Union Party represented in the Baltimore Convention was represented in Philadelphia, with the additiona advantage of finding their principles triumph-ant, and accopted alike by the great mass of the patriotic Democrats in the North and the great body of the people in the Southern States. If they cannot, thus fortified by suc-

of this decree. Given at Mexico the

And Whereas, The decree thus recited, by declaring a belligerent blockade unsupported by competent military and naval force, is in violation of the neutral rights of the United States as defined by the law of nations, as well as of the treatics existing between the United States of America and the afore

said United States of Mexico; Now, therefore, I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby proclaim and declare that the aforesaid decree is held and will be held by the United States to be absolutely null and void as against the Government and citizens of the United States, and that any attempt which shall be made to enforce the same against the Government or citizens of the United States will be disallowed.

In witness whereof I have herounto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington seventeenth day of August, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eighteen hundred and sixty-six and

of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-first. Andrew Johnson. By the President :

W. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

THE NATIONAL DEBT AND THE SOUTH. -The Memphis Avalanche has always been known as a radically Southern newspaper, and as such represents the extreme Southern sentiment. In a recent article about the Philadelphia Convention, the Avalanche refers to a letter in favor of the thorough and complete recognition of the National debt, written by General Frank P. Blair, Jr., to Captain Daniel Able, of in ratifying the pledge made by the latter at Baltimore in 1854, that this debt should be sacred and inviolable, and they add, moreover, a pledge that the robol debt shall never the National debt, but that this impression days that the South is disposed to repudiate the National debt, but that this impression has gone abroad that the South is disposed to repudiate the National debt, but that this impression is incorrect, for the Southern people, while they complain of taxation without representation, have never exhibited a desire to see the Government repudiate its liabilities. Avalanche then continues: "The South lost all, and she has not much to tax, but she is willing to contribute her share to the extinguishment of the National debt. Let us show to the North that while asking for justice we are willing to be just. Poor and impoverished as we are, we may well stand aghast at the magnitude of the debt; but with an economical administration

- retrenchment and reform-the debt can be obliterated in the course of time.'. Such wholesome sentiments as these, equals of foreigners, and is in favor of the blacks enjoying all political rights equal with the white man.

The Southern delegates now join the States who have no doubt, felt by many of which were loyal through the war in declaring it to be the duty of the Federal Government to fulfill the pleases made in the Baltine Avalanche and its readers to oblitthe Avalanche and its readers to oblit-What does it mean?—Cameron's friends are perfectly satisfied with the nomination of Wharton and Brown.

I ment to fulfill the pledges made in the Baltimore platform of 1864, by recognizing and rewarding the services of the soldiers and sail-services of the soldiers and sail-services of the loyal Presidents.

And so in regard to the loyal Presidents. sections-the fear that the South might

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

ASSEMBLY.

ts of my constituents. Lewistown, August 22, 1866 NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Logan Academy, BELL'S MILLS, BLAIR CO., PA.

New school building, large and well arranged. Thorough and accomplished tanglages will arranged. Autistown P. O., Blair co., Pa. nu29-31n*

Farm For Sale. All that Form or Tract of Land, situate in Walker township, about two-inites from the borough of Hunting-ion, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Cnurt House, in said borough.

On Friday, September 28th., 1866. This farm contains TWO HUNDRED AND THIRTY SEVEN ACRES and 139 PERGIES, and has thereon, of large and comfortable Dwilling House, a large brick Barn and other cutbuildings. There is also a Well of excellent water near the door, and other water on the premises water near the door, and other water on the premises sufficient for watering cattle. Also, a young Ordand of Fruit Trees, just commencing to bear, besides older frees predicting sufficient fruit for the use of a family. Those desiring to purchase, will please call upon Mr. John Reed, who resides upon the farm and is acting as my agent in this matter. He will give to those who may call upon him, every necessary information regarding terms, &c. URNELIA M. REED. Huntingdon, Aug. 23, 266-46.

rmis, &c... CORNELIA M. REED. Hunthington, Aug. 28, '66-td. [Lewistown Gazette, Hollidaysburg Whig please giv ne insertion, and forward bill to this office.]

SPECIAL NOTICE.

PHILIP HILL'S

est quality NEEDLES, numbers most needed for lady's so. They are the best manufactured. Every lady hould send and procure one of these casket. This little asket is forwarded to any address on receipt of 90 cents on mail. Any one wishing to become agent will please end for sample and circular. Price for sample, 50 cents, want 1900 agents inore.

The Great American Prizzle will be sent to any address. It contains six numbers.
PHILLIP HILL,
259 Market street, Philada.

BOTTLED PORTER.

EXCELSIOR MINERAL WATER & SARSAPARILLA Always on hand and delivered to families on short no

JACOB LEONHARD. Huntingdon, Aug. 14-3t Huntingdon, Aug. 14-04

Teachiers who are applicants for examination are informed that I will meet them as follows:
Morris township, August 20, at Shaftersville.
Porter twp, and alexandria bor. Aug. 21, at Alexandri Franklin township, Aug. 22, at Franklinville.
Warriorsmark " 23, at Birningham.
Wat " 24, at Spruce Creek bridge,
Barreo " 25, at Janor Hill.
Jackson " 25, at Janor Hill.
Jackson " 27, at McAlory's Nort.
Omshid. " 29, at Centre Union 8, II;
Henderson, " 30, at Union school house.
Walker, " 30, at Union school house.
Walker, " 31, at Raitroed station.
Pour

Valker, " Sept. 3, at Markkesburg,
each Sept. 3, at Markkesburg,
arban twp. & Coalment borough, Sept. 4, at Coalmor
topswell township, Sept. 5, at Coffee Run,
rady " 6, at Mill Creek,
Julion " 7, at Mapleton,
hirley " 10, at Mount Union,
hirleysburg & Shirley twp. Sept. 11, at Shirleysburg,
Sept. 11, at Shirleysburg,
Sept. 11, at Shirleysburg,
Sept. 11, at Shirleysburg, on tley to the control of the contro

EXTRA BOUNTY

WIDOWS! FATHERS MOTHERS AND MINOR CHILDREN!

BOUNTY BILL JUST PASSED gives all soldiers who culisted for three years, since April 19, 1801, and served their full torm of service, or were discharged before the expiration of said term of service on account of wounds received in the time of duty, and received fine Huadred, Dollars Bonnty and no more, are now entitled to an extra bounty of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS. Widows, Fathers, Mothers and Minor Children of decased soldiers who entisted for three years, as above, and died in the service or from disease or wounds contracted in the service and line of duty, are entitled to the above extra ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

Eas- To be obtained upon application in person or 163 R3· by letter to the Military and Navad Agency, No. 163 R3· by letter to the Military and Navad Agency, No. 163 R3· by letter to the Military and Navad Agency, No. 163

EXTRA PENSION

TO WIDOWS. EXTRA PENSION TO WIDOWS. EXTRA PENSION TO WIDOWS.
WIDOWS are now entitled to an INGREASED PENSION of \$2 per month for each child of the soldier under 16 years of e.g.. To be obtained upon-application in person or by letter, to the MILIT UIV AND NAVAL AGENCY. No. 427 WALNUT ST., PHILLABELPHIA.
JOSEPH E. DEVITT & CO.

UNITED STATES

Authorized WAR CLAIM AGENCY HUNTINGDON, PA.

W. H. WOODS,

AUTHORIZED GOVERNM'T AGENT And Attorney for Soldiers and their Friends. He will prosecute and collect, with unrivalled succe Soldiers' Claims and Dues of all kinds. Also, any other kind of Claim against the Gavernment, before any of the

Glorious News! \$100 ADDITIONAL BOUNTY! NEW BOUNTY LAW PASSED! Attention, Discharged Soldiers!

Attention, Discharged Soldiers!

The Act of Congress approved July 28, 1888, gives \$100 additional bounty to all soldiers who enlisted for three years and were discharged by reason of expiration of service, or who were discharged for wounds received in battle and who have not received more than \$100 bounty for such service. An additional, bounty of \$100 is also allowed to the nearest relative of soldiers who enlisted for a term of three years and who died or were killed in the service, to be paid in the following order: First, to the widow; second, to the children; third, to the father, and fourth, to the mother.

Soldiers' Widows. Soldiers Widows.

By applying to W. If. Woods, of Huntingden, Tuntingden county, Pa., you can have your pensions increased two dollars a month for each and every child you have, and when the widow has married or ided, the children are entitled to the increase.

To all who have brought home the bodies of their friends who died or were killed in the service of the United States, there is a certain amount of compensation allowed you for the expenses incurred in bringing home the bodies of your friends, which you can obtain by making application to me.

Invalid Soldiers, Attention I
The act of Congress, approved June 6, 1808, gives additional pensions to the following class of persons:
Soldiers who have lost both eyes or both honds, \$25 per month; who have lost both feet \$20 per month; who have lost one hand or one foot, or totally disabled in the same \$15 in result.

have lost one hand or one toot, or totally unsumed in the same, \$15 per month.

Persons who have been deprived of their pensions in consequence of being in the civil service of the United States Government, can be restored to the possion roll by applying to me.

Fullers and mothers who were in whole or in part de-Fathers and mothers who were in whole or in part oppendent upon their sons for support are entitled to a pension. Also brothers and sisters under sixteen years of age
All discharged soldlers who did not receive transportation to their places of enlistment when discharged, are
entitled to receive it; and also all who were held as prisoners of war, and did not receive commutation of rations
when released or discharged, are entitled to it.
Officers who were in the service on the 3d of March,
1855, and were discharged after the 0th of April, 1855, by
applying to me can receive three months extra pay.

Coldings of 1812 [Soldiers of 1812 I

All soldiers, or soldiers' wilows, of the war of 1812 who have served (we months, or been wounded or disabled in such service, if in increasitous circumstances, are ontitled to a naturity of \$40.

in such service, it in necessarious tied to it amounty of \$40.

Local Bounty.

All veteran soldiers who gave their credit to districts in the State of Pennsylyania, and who received no local bounty, are entitled to receive three hundred dollars.

All persons having any of the aboya mentioned claims, or any other kind of claim against the United States or State Governments; will please address me, giving ful particulars, enclosing a stamp for return, postage, un they will receive a prompt reply.

Authorized Army and Navy War-Claim Agent, aug 15,1896

TULE BEST EASTERN CHEESE

ANNOUNCEMENT TO

THE QUAKER CITY BUSINESS 1 COLLEGE,
Tenth and Chestnut, and Broad and Spring Garden, etc.,
Philadelphia.

Tenth and Chesting, and arrong and opening courses, and Philadelphia.

OPENING OF THE FALL SESSIONS, SEPT. 6d.
Liberal Inducaments.—A discount of 25 per cent allowed on all Scholauships purchased during the month of August, reducing the terms to \$30. Money may be remitted by mail, and Scholarships secured by those who propose to enter at any future this. Supernon Advantages.—This institution ranks the first in the country; is a regularly incorporated College, authorized by law to grant Diplomas and confer Degrees of Merit.

The Fall Sessions will open with greatly increased facilities, and young men destring to qualify themselves for business life will find here advantages to be obtained no.

FAIRBANKS' BOOKKEEPING. FAIRBANKS' BOOKKEEPING.

This work, the most complete and extensive treatise on Bookkeeping ever written, containing 421 pages, and composed exclusively of Actual Business Sets. will be ready for publication in August. Price, \$3; by subscription, paid in advan. e, \$2,60. Remit money, and secure a copy. Descriptive Oirculists on application. Subscriptive Oirculists on application. Introduction of this book, and with ablo and experienced instructors, the students of this institution are guaranteed a practical accountant's course of the highest value; such as has not been applied to the students of the students.

T. E. MERCHANT, L. YAIRBANKS, A. M., Scoretary. President ug8-3t SALES.

PUBLICSALE

Personal Property & Real Estate.

The undersigned desirous of moving to the West, will offer at public sate at his residence in McConnelistown, Walker township, Huntingdon county, Penna,

On Thursday, September 20th, 1866, On Thurstady, reptember, 20th, 1806, the following described property, viz:

4 head work horses, all young, the oldest not over six' years old, one cult nearly three years old, 2 cows; one is fresh at this time, and 2 hogs. I two-horse wingon nearly new, I one horse wagon, I sulky, I horse rake, and one pair of bob sleds 2 side saddes, one man sadde and war gon saddle, four sets tug harness, fly nets, halters, and other harness; also the hower of the threabing inachine. I had burnt in my burn, and a great many other varieties.

Also will be offered at the same time and place, all my real estate, to wit; Tanyard and good shop, two dwoll-ing houses and a large stable. Also, 65 acres, of land more or less, adjoining the tanyard property above men tioned.

ioned.

Salo to commence at 10 o'clock on said day when a casonable credit will be given by.

G. H. LANG. OTS FOR SALE .- The subscribers thave some lots in the town of Grantsville, or Mar-klesburg station, which they will sell at low price, from \$30 to \$100. All who desire a good healthy location to build would do well to call upon them soon at their store, and secure for themselves lots at low prices. Grantsville,my16.

TRAY COW.—Strayed or stolen of Alexandria, on the 21st Joly, a red cow, white the fore chendler and in the flank also, white the face, sharp horns, about four years old bast spring. Her tall is cut of above the long hair. She was with call. The flader will be liberally rewarded.

Alexandria, Aug. 8* WILLIAM BURNS:

SPECIAL NOTICES.

EAFNESS, BLINDNESS & CA-TARRH, treated with the utmost success, by J. 183 AGS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leydon, Holland), No. 519 PINE street, PHILADA. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country, can be seen at bis office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. ARTFICIAL EYES inserted without pain.—No charge for examination.

MONEY! ECONOMY IS MONEY SAVED! And is prepared to purchase, or repair in the best style, and organizationly. Paradocks

All articles intented to him will be retained to the residence of the owner as soon as required. Umbrella did parasols for repair can be left at Lewis book store. WM. FENTIMAN.

NEW CHEAP CASH STORE IN HUNTINGDON.

TEW GOODS

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER. WM. MARCH & BRO.

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and spleadid stock of goods at their store in Huntingdon, consisting in part of DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, BOOTS & SHOES HATS, CAPS, TINWÁRE, LADIES FANCY TRIMMINGS. HOOP SKIRTS, BONNETS, BUTTONS, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, PROVISIONS, GROCERIES,

CRACKERS, NOTIONS, TOBACCO, SEGARS, GLASS, NAILS, FISH, SALT, &c., &c.

And in fact everything that is usually kept in a first clara-store, all which were bought low for each mid willow sold at correspondingly low prices for each, or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can ofter superior inducements to cash buyers. We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and the public are cordially invited to examine cur goods. Everything taken in exchange for goods except promi-ses.

Huntingdon, Apl. 24, 1866. WM. MARCH & BRO. GEO. SHAEFFER as just returned from the east with a SPLENDID STOCK

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &C., Which he offers to the inspection of his customers and the public generally. He will sell his stock at the most REASONABLE PRICES,

id those who purchase once will surely call again. BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER, nd REPAIRING done in the neutest and most expediions manner. Call upon Mr. Schaester at his shop on Hill street, a w doors west of the Diamond. my2

MANTUA MAKING.
MRS. JOHN HOPPMAN & REBECCA MEGAHAN,

mano, south HOPERIAN & REBECCIA SHEARIAN, are prepared to do all kinds of Mantua Making, and all kinds of plain sowing.

Both have had great experience in the sowing line, and respectfully solicit the patronage of the public, and especially that of the Ladies.

Their room is on Railroad street in the rear of Fishers' store. tore.

Gentlemen's and other Shirts, Ladies' and Children's
Presses promptly made to order,
May 16, 1866.

DUNCANNON NAIL AGENCY. JAS. A. BROWN is Agent for the sale of our Nails and Spikes, at Huntingdon, Pa. It is well known that the Duncamon Nails are far 'esperior in quality to dony others offered in the Huntingdon market DRALERS, BUILDERS, and consumer senerally will be supplied in quantities from our bound to one hundred kegs at manufacturers' prices by sending their orders or calling at his new mammont! Hardware store, Huntingdon, Pa. [ap10] DUNCANNON HON CO.

A MONTH!—Agents wanted for the entirely new articles, just out. Ad inces O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine, to 201865-ly ASSIMERES.—A choice lot of UNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE
BOXES for wagons of all sizes, for sale at the hardwere store of [fel4,1806] JAS. A. BROWN.

MALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want CANNED PEACHES and Tomatoes

Mixed Pickles, Tomatoo Catsup, Peppersauco, &c., & Lewis & Co's, Family Grocery. MIOICE Dried Peaches, Apples, Currants, Prunes, Raisins, &c., &c., for sale at LEWIS & CO'B Family Grocery.

DARCHMENT DEED PAPER-LEWIS' HOOK STORE