The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Jan. 3, 1866.

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.
Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor.

Past, Present and Future.

The year 1865 came and has gone, and is now numbered with the things of the past. It has been the most eventful year in the history of our nation In the beginning we were in the darkest period of the great rebellion that was lowered upon us; the balance of Fate was equally poised, and each side fully arrayed awaited the decision of Fortune. A quarter of the year rolled away, and the aspect of military affairs assumed an encouraging change; the contesting armies met and fought the most decisive as well as most sanguinary battles; the foes of the government were discomfitted and compelled to surrender—the great General Lee and the flower of Southern chivalry first, and Johnston and his war scarred veterans shortly after. Then followed scenes of general rejoicing throughout the North for the well earned and dearly bought victory; but in the midst of rejoicing a voice of mourning went up for the loss of our second Washington now honored in the hearts of his countrymen. The nation lived though its beloved Guide had fallen at the hand of his country's enemy, and the labor of showing mercy unto the thousands who had erred was commenced and is still being prosecuted to, we trust, a happy finale. *Again the hearts of Christians and* patriots were cheered with the fact that Slavery had met its doom, first by the blindness of its own upholders and lastly by the unchangeable voice of the people. January 1st, 1863, Abraham Lincoln proclaimed the death-warrant to Slavery, and on the eve of January 1st, 1866, the edict has gone forth that Freedom is universal, and the people echo the proclamation of liberty throughout all this great land, and celebrate the death of slavery. What vast revolutions the rebellion has produced. Blessings as well as sorrows have followed in its train, and having experienced the worst of its sorrows we are yet to receive the best share of its blessings. One of those blessings and the most important is that of the extinction of slavery, and may we not hope that its eradication is the forerunner of a continued reign of unbounded prosperity, added to national influence and power and undivided patriotism.

The hand of the Almighty is not only visible in controling the events of *the past year to our national benefit* in giving us the victory over our enemy, but at home we observe that the labors of the husbandmen have been rewarded bountifully through His providence. This is another source of rejoicing, and is evidence that He is with us, not only as a Protector but as a Preserver. May the close of '66 find us as a Nation amicably united, with all political differences and prejudices dissolved, and in the enjoyment of universal freedom, abiding peace, and increasing prosperity!

National Education.

Should the Government provide for the general education of its subjects? Although this question may not be familiar to many of my readers, it is by no means a new one. By several European powers it has been duly considered and decided in the affirmative, and has been suggested to the minds of some of our leading men by recent events of which the mere mention will recall to memory. It is true that a number of our State governments have made ample provisions for the *encouragement* of education, but on the other hand the large section including the states lately in rebellion have not touched by legislation this important subject. There are sufficient grounds on which *to found the right of the* Government to enforce an attendance at places of public instruction. Self-preservation is the duty of nations as well as of individuals, and they only are a wise people who take precautions against injuries to their common country. It is also the part of wisdom to endeavor to prevent crime instead of merely enacting laws to punish it after it is committed. Blackstone commends very highly that system of *preventive* justice which requires suspected persons to enter into recognizances to keep the peace; but would it not be better to adopt a plan by which the semblance of criminality might be diminished or more nearly avoided? I will not presume that there exists any doubt of the fact that an increase of intelligence would tend to decrease the number of offences against the laws. The records of our courts, especially those of the large cities, show what a vast proportion of our criminals come from the lowest and most ignorant classes. The causes of this preponderance are so evident that it is not necessary to recount them here. We know that the evil exists, and to remedy it we have but to change *the circumstances* from which it flows. The experiment of holding out inducements has been tried, but its benefits have not reached the class that need them most. There are innumerable children in the land that will attend schools only when compelled to, and many of them not being so controlled, it becomes the duty of the Government to adopt measures for securing their education.

To this there has been urged the objection that it deprives the subject of his personal liberty, an apparently *forcible argument but really without* foundation. It must be remembered that it affects the individual at a time when he is not recognized as a citizen, and when he has no privileges except those that are allowed by parental authority. If the latter be not exerted in the proper manner it is no infringement on private rights to remove it from the hands of the parent, and give it to the Government.

[No. IX.] COMMONPLACE.

Horatio Speaks.

We offer no apology for occupying a small space in our columns to defend ourself and our interests against the attacks of *public* men. All men who aspire to political positions above their neighbors, and attempt to influence the people, are public men and public property, just as much so as a candidate for an office or an editor who is generally everybody's foot ball. We have long since made it a rule to rely mainly upon our own ability to protect our interests and defend ourself personally. If we should fail to do so we would not be deserving the assistance of our friends. Horatio has spoken. Months ago, and immediately previous to the election, we asked from Horatio, in a public way, why he withdrew the patronage of the Fisher firm from the *Globe* office. He remained mum until we stirred him up again three weeks ago, when we exposed his *bitterness towards us* by advising means to crush our business. In reply to our expose he published a long letter in the *Journal & American*, intended to be *very* severe upon us, but it only shows his weak points. He tries to make it appear that his withdrawal of the firm's patronage from us was only an every day business transaction, with the exception that we, as he says, inflicted upon him a *"private wrong;"* and for this reason he withdrew his patronage. Now, it would be more manly in Horatio to let us and the public know what the "private wrong" was we inflicted, and not go sniffling around like the boy who "drapped" something. If Horatio had come right out and admitted that he withdrew his patronage from us because we had declared publicly our intention to vote for the one armed soldier, Anthony J. Beaver, he would have admitted the truth, a truth this whole community knew was the reason why "Fishers' Column" no longer appeared in the *Globe*. We had a right to vote for Mr. Beaver, if we saw proper to do so—and *we could not see why he was not worthy* our vote. We had made loud professions of friendship for the returned *wounded soldiers*—perhaps not louder than Mr. Horatio—but we could not profess one thing and practice another—we were not of the Horatio school of politicians, a political friend of a soldier to his face and his political enemy behind his back. We were visited by Horatio's proscription because we would not surrender a sense of duty we owed a deserving soldier; and it is not possible for Horatio to put himself in any other position, so he might as well own up to the true reason why he has cut our acquaintance. The results have not seriously interfered with our arrangements for the winter, for we find our stock of kraut is quite as large as it was last winter, and our cow has improved on the change of bran.

Horatio, in his "explanation," confesses to conduct as a party man we want the Union men of the county to remember. He says he *has voted for Democrats, and will continue to do so whenever an opportunity is afforded him of aiding a personal friend, without regard to his politics.* A right Horatio has and one he exercised at the last election by voting against a portion of the Union county ticket; and with all his confessed guilt of opposing his party *nominees* he presumes to dictate how others of the party shall vote, and for a failure to vote to please him he visits upon the heads of better party men than himself the *crushing* weight of his *influence* and *proscription*. Horatio will learn as he grows older that he is not the man *he* thinks himself to be.

Horatio gives in his "explanation" also another expose which is quite interesting to the advertising public.—He says we charged the Fisher firm almost *one hundred per cent. more* for publishing their column advertisement than the *Jour. & Am.* did. This is a bold charge against the *Jour. & Amer.* editors, and they should not have been so stupid as to permit it to appear in their columns. But as they have published the charge in their own columns they cannot complain if the public believes it, and they are denounced as *Rats!* The rates of the *Globe* and the *Journal & American* have been the same *for publishing a column advertisement*, $60 per year. We charged the Fisher firm $60, but it appears the *Jour. & Am.* charged nearly a *hundred per cent. less.* We cannot understand why the rich firm of Fisher & Sons should have their advertising done at nearly *one half less* than other merchants and advertisers. If we give favors of the kind we give them to business men less able to pay than the Fishers. This insulting charge of Horatio against the character of the *Jour. & Am.* office is the first of the *kind* we have ever heard made by any of the many advertisers who have patronized both offices. *Perhaps* other advertisers can *snake* into its rates nearly a hundred per cent., an item worth looking after just now when trade is a little dull.—*If the Jour. & Am.* office publish column advertisements for the same as it does half columns, other merchants should not remain ignorant of the fact. Will the *Jour. & Am.* editors explain? Advertisers generally are anxious to know why they are charged full rates and the Fishers nearly a hundred per cent. less.

Horatio seems to doubt our *Unionism.* We cannot see where Horatio has any advantage over us. We have given more time and labor to the cause than he, and if he is to be believed we have voted for more candidates of the Union party than he has, and he promises to vote against them whenever a personal friend of his of the opposition party is up for an office. Perhaps he wants *extra credit* for avoiding the draft by buying a poor darkey to go where he was afraid to go. If he is entitled to the extra cred it, then we admit he *may be* a better Union man than we are. But it is a nice question—one we will leave for the Union party to decide.

The loss of that column advertisement is nothing to be compared with the loss of Horatio's *regard* for us. He says he has hosts of Democratic friends *for whom he retains a much higher* regard than he does for us. Horatio wants to be cruel, but then he is to be excused as it is only a "business transaction," and he wants to make it pay if Democrats he has denounced as "copperheads" will bite at his bait.

In conclusion we give Horatio and all his *particular* friends this notice:—We shall always be prepared, and use means most convenient, to defend our self and our interests against any attack from any quarter, public or private, and when we surrender it will be *after* we are defeated.

CARRIER'S ADDRESS

To the Patrons of the Huntingdon Globe.

JANUARY 1, 1866.

The war has run his bloody race,
And Peace now shows her shining face,
As down the gold-fringed cloud she leaps
From quiet skies where beauty sleeps,
With rosy cheek and brightened eye;
In mantle of the star-lit sky;
With sweetest songs upon her tongue,
That oft have through the heavens rung;
And claps her hands and jumps to earth,
To mingle in the merry mirth,
That round victorious standards rings,
As shadowed by the eagle's wings.
No truer friend of human kind—
So chastened, lovely and refined—
Ere burst empyrean's filmy veil;
And thwart the comet's burning trail;
On early morning's darting ray;
Was borne to palace of the gay,
Alighted in the cabin home,
Or rested on the temple's dome.

Ambassador from courts above,
With letters of eternal love,
And amities directed to
A noble people conquering through
The bloodiest strife, historic time
Has traced upon the scroll of crime,
All hail! we welcome back again;
Oh gentle Peace—with all your train
Of arts, development and wealth—
Contentment, joy and blooming health,
To sway your sceptre o'er the land—
Assume again supreme command.
We need your vital power now,
To build the shop and start the plow;
Send commerce on her track once more,
And farmers to the fields of gore.
Stretch forth again your magic wand;
Turn paper money into bond;
Reduce the gold to dollars true;
Let paper have a golden hue;
Sink shafts in Colorado's hills;
Crush quartz in strong Nevada mills;
Wash out in California's sands,
And gather on the ocean strands,
The yellow spangles from the dirt
With which the treasure is begirt;
Explore each gulch and in each ledge,
Expend the force of thundering sledge;
And make the rock-ribbed earth display
Her golden treasures to the day:
Make cornfields spring to life, restored
Within a night, like Jonah's gourd;
And wheat fields wave before the gale,
And plenty cover every vale;
And never let us hear again,
The war-horse snort on battle plain.

All nature courts your beaming smile—
All countries worship you the while.
Columbia's flag on mountain height,
That greets the eagle in his flight,
Revered by all the patriot world
With all its azure folds unfurled;
And proud of all the glories won;
And all the noble actions done;
Within its shade on land or wave,
By squadrons true and seamen brave;
Its starry brow adoring bends,
When past, your train, in beauty wends.
How beautiful thou art, oh peace!
How lovely in the war's surcease!
No wonder, all the brightened earth
Rejoiced—adored thee—at thy birth!
No wonder, through advancing time,
In every clime, every clime,
Philanthropists have loved thy reign,
And scholars haunted thy domain.

The future, brilliant as a gem,
Awaits to deck your diadem,
Beneath your sway, the marble white,
In memory of the conquering fight;
And those, who in the war path fell,
On many a bill, in many a dell;
Must rise to meet auroral skies,
That wait to lend their burnished dies.
Not that you dip your fingers in
The blood that springs from tumult's din:
For often from your jeweled throne,
You've had to fly, and stay alone;
While soldiers, on the battle field,
Determined, who should reign or yield,
While you were weeping in your home,
Beyond the place where rebels roam;
The Union soldier's wiry arm,
In watchings, strife and death's alarm;
A mighty empire won for you,
And spread it to your wondering view,
And gave away with generous hand,
The conquest into your command.
This conquest gained in bloody strife,
And reconstructed into life;
With equal laws that cover all,—
The white, the black, the great and small,—
When sixty States, in after years,
Shall move harmonious in their spheres,
Without a jar, as planets run
Their yearly courses round the sun;
When mighty debts that trouble now,
And cast a shade on every brow,
Shall all be paid and leave no trace
Of heart-torn effort on the face;
When cultivated fields shall bloom,
Like maiden in her bridal room;
When gall and bitterness shall die,
Like mildew 'neath a sunny sky;
And north and south shall peans sing,
That make the ambient heavens ring,

As round the temple of the free,
They gather in exultant glee;
Then will all people bless the hour,
The soldier with coercive power,
Barbaric temples tumbled down
And shivered slavery's bloody crown
And gave a land without a chain,
On which sweet Peace shall ever reign.
Then let the monuments arise
Until they strike the spangled skies;
Upon their tops, your banners bright,
Unfurl, to drink the morning light;
Inscribe upon the marble's side,
The names of those who bled and died;
And as recurring ages run
Their ceaseless course beneath the sun;
They'll celebrate the epoch grand,
When freedom made her conquering stand.

We've passed the dawn of that bright day—
Approaching its effulgent ray—
That Plymouth's pilgrims came to find;
That those same pilgrims half divined,
Was shining on another shore,
Where stranger oceans dash and roar.
With many errors of their time,
They carried to their new found clime,
This truth—their country to adorn—
That all are free and equal born:
And whatsoever difference may
Distinguish parts of human clay;
The self-same laws should govern each,
That every other person, reach.
Upon this great foundation stone,
The constitution built its throne;
And had the plan been followed true,
As up the noble structure grew;
And varied not, to let the slave
Be builded in the architrave;
A bloody war had never, round
Its splendid columns, stained the ground.

The happiest song that I can sing—
The noblest offering I can bring—
To all my friends, this New Year's day,
Since horrid war is blown away;
Is,—that your country is no more
Half slave, half free—as 'twas before;
But is an undivided home,
From entrance floor to crowning dome;
And when the reconstruction's done—
Or restoration into one,
Is all completed, as 'twill be,
For happy banquets of the free;
Unnumbered years of peace and truth
Will bless your age, adorn your youth,
Until the last of Adam's race
Shall see the summoning angel's face.

THE CARRIER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO THOSE INDEBTED.

All persons indebted to H. STROUSE. & CO., are requested to call immediately and make settlement and save further trouble. H. STROUSE, & CO.

Marklesburg, Jan. 2, '66-2t.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

A regular meeting of the Huntingdon County Agricultural Society will be held in the Court House on Monday evening of the first week of the coming Court. By order of the Society. R. MIDDITH, Secretary.

Jan3

GOING TO THE WEST.

THE undersigned respectfully informs all persons indebted to them that they are making preparations to move to the West at an early day and they hope all will call without delay and make a final settlement of book and note accounts, and all who have claims against them will please present them for settlement.

They do not design to make costs in the collection of their claims. W. MARCH & BRO.

Marklesburg, Jan. 3, 1866-2t

Another Sale OF GOVERNMENT GOODS.

THOMAS & SON will have another sale of a variety of goods, in HUNTINGDON, *Commencing First Tuesday of January Court*, and continuing during the week.

Their stock will be of a greater variety and better goods. jan3-1t

PUBLIC SALE.

The subscriber will sell at public sale at Marklesburg,

On Thursday, January 18, 1866,

The following property, to wit: One large heavy draft horse 6 years old, one sorrel family horse 5 years old, one black farm mare 7 years old, one fancy sleigh, and one sled, two Buffalo robes, one Top Buggy, and one Trotting Buggy, one cow and calf, one set of silver mounted Harness, and one working Harness, three saddles, and a number of other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock *on* said day, when reasonable terms will be made known W. MARCH, & BRO.

Marklesburg, Jan. 2, '66-1t.

Public Sale.

WILL be sold on the premises in PENN township, at 12 o'clock,

On Thursday, January 25th, 1866,

A TRACT OF LAND containing 230 acres, of which about 50 acres are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, having a good Dwelling House erected thereon, a never failing spring, and a good chestnut oak timber as any in the surrounding country. It is bounded by lands of John Anderson, Peter Speck, William States and David Norris.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money on confirmation of sale—the balance in two equal payments with interest, secured by bonds and mortgage.

The land belongs to the heirs of Jane McCall, late of said township, who have appointed the undersigned to act as their agent or attorney. JOHN ANDERSON.

jan3

DOBBINS' ELECTRIC SOAP,

SAVES LABOR,
SAVES TIME,
SAVES MONEY,
SAVES CLOTHES,
SAVES SOAP,
AND SAVES WOMEN.

It's the Soap for Every Family.

Sold by Grocers and storekeepers throughout city and country. Manufactured only by

J. B. DOBBINS & CO.,
107 South Fifth street, below Chesnut,
Jan3-10t PHILADELPHIA.

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!

BARGAINS.

FROM and after this date, we will sell the entire stock of goods in our Marklesburg Store at cost. This is no fiction, but all sales will positively be CO-ST or UNDER.

Our stock consists of
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS,
CAPS, &c.

We make this offer on account of our business agents, W. & J. MARCH, going west. Persons in need of goods cannot do better than give us a call, and find prices lower than expected.

A large lot of SALT, 3½ bushel sacks at low rates.

H STROUSE, & CO.

Jan. 2, '66-2t.

TRIAL LIST.

JANUARY TERM, 1866.

FIRST WEEK.

J. H. Stonebraker's adm'rs	vs David Stewart.
Alexander Glenn for use	vs Evan Jones.
Leonard Weaver	vs H. & H. R. M. R. R. Co.
M. P. O'Harn for use	vs Dr. McMurtrie's adm'r.
Dr. P. Sheerberger's ex'r.	vs Wilson & Lorenz.
Morris Tasker & Co.	vs Harrison & Mattern.
W. H. Henderson	vs A. Wise, et al.
Lowell Shumway	vs Samuel B. Grove.

SECOND WEEK.

Margaret Shaffer	vs Foust & Etnier.
S. L. Glasgow for use	vs Mary Gibboney's executor.
Boggs & Kirk	vs Samuel B. Grove.
D. S. Peterson, et al	vs Samuel Bolinger
Jacob Miller's executor	vs John McComb.
John Gayton	vs M. M. Wise & A. Wise.
Matthew Simpson	vs D. L. Etnier.
D. M. Hoek	vs S. L. Glasgow & wife.
Edward Buckley	vs Morris Hawn's executor.
Joshua Williamson	vs J. & S. Shively.
Mary DeArmitt	vs Nicholas Crosswell.
John Bell et al.	vs Morgan & Gifford.
D. C. Wilson	vs George Warvel
Wm. Bricker	vs Rev. John Beaver.
Patrick Hammill	vs W. E. McMurtrie et al.
Enos McMullen for use	vs Harrison Gorsuch.
Henry B. Grove	vs J. G. Boyer et al.

W. C. WAGONER, Prothonotary.

GRAND JURORS.

John Copenhaver, laborer, Shirley.
Sam. Dieffendaffer, blacksmith, Shirley
George Eby, farmer, Brady.
David Fleck, farmer, Shirley.
Samuel Gregory, farmer, West.
James Harper, farmer, Cromwell.
John Hetrick, farmer, Brady.
Peter Harnish, farmer, Morris
William A. Hudson, farmer, Dublin
Sam. Hemphill, carpenter, Huntingdon
Henry Holtzapple, miller, West
David Johns, farmer, Cromwell
James Lane, farmer, Shirley
Michael Low, farmer, Morris
John Laport, farmer, Franklin
Graffius Miller, brewer, Huntingdon
Charles Miller, tanner, Huntingdon
Andrew G. Neff, farmer, Porter
George Numer, farmer, Henderson
James Park, farmer, Juniata
John Robb, farmer, Walker
H. R. Shearer, mail contractor, Dublin
Andrew Sheffler, farmer, Cromwell
John Thompson, farmer, Juniata

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

James Black, farmer, Porter
Benjamin F. Baker, farmer, Tod
J. Berkstresser, merchant Coalmont
Samuel Barick, farmer, Barree
James Bricker, farmer, Huntingdon
Lewis Bergans, farmer, Henderson
David Barrick, farmer, Penn
John Beaver, farmer, Hopewell
J. Copeley, gentleman, Warriorsmark
John G. Decker, wagon maker, West
John Eby, farmer, Shirley
Jacob Fouse, farmer, Walker
John Gregory, farmer, Walker
Philip Gosnell, farmer, Cass
George Glazier, butcher, Huntingdon
Jer. Grazier, farmer, Warriorsmark
John R. Gossnell, farmer, Cass
Collins Hamer, jr., farmer, West
Wm. Hoffman, carpenter, Huntingdon
George Hallman, blacksmith, West
George W Hall, laborer, Brady
Benjamin Heffner, farmer, Walker
David Isenberg, farmer, Henderson
Samel Kreiger, farmer, Hopewell
George Kyler, farmer, Walker.
Joseph Logan, blacksmith, Barree
Zach. Lower, carpenter, Warriorsmark
Sela Lock, farmer, Springfield
James Lloyd, farmer, Walker
Daniel Logan, inn keeper, Carbon
Robert Madden, farmer, Springfield
Wm. Moore, merchant, West
Isaac Myton, gentleman, Barree
Jacob Mears, clerk, Carbon
George McClain, farmer, Tod
Henry Neff, miller, West
John Nightwine, farmer, Henderson
Jacob Park, farmer, Shirley
Wm. J. Pearson, inn keeper, Carbon
John Piper, laborer, Porter
Samuel Rutter, farmer, Cromwell
Samuel Rulston, tailor, Warriorsmark
Easton Robb, farmer, Porter.
H. H. Summers, farmer, Hopewell
J. Whittaker, of Thos. laborer, Porter
J. Westbrook, jr, shoemaker, Hunt'n
Ephraim Wright, farmer, Union
Wm. B. White, farmer, Juniata

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Anthony Beaver, carpenter, Penn
Simon Beck, farmer, Warriorsmark
John M. Booher, farmer, Shirley
P. H. Burket, farmer, Warriorsmark
G. C Bucher, merchant, Alexandria
Hugh L. Cook, farmer, Cromwell
William Clark, farmer, Shirley
Daniel Coble, laborer, Union
Robert Cunningham, farmer, Porter
Samuel Douglas, farmer, Cromwell
Andrew Elias, farmer, Tod
Wilson L. Elias, farmer, Tod
T. Fisher, sr., merchant, Huntingdon
John Fulton, farmer, Hopewell
John Gutchall, farmer, Springfield
Wm. Hildebrand, farmer, Shirley
George Hetrick, farmer, Henderson
Jacob Hess, farmer, Henderson
Joseph Isenberg, carpenter, Walker
John Itinger, farmer, Shirley
Hugh Jackson, farmer, Jackson
William Lincoln, farmer, Walker
L. Meredith, shoemaker, Huntingdon
Mathew Martin, farmer, Walker
James McCall, farmer, Henderson
John Numer, carpenter, Henderson
John M. Oaks, farmer, West
John Piper, farmer, Tod
Lawrence Swoope, blacksmith, Penn
Peter Shaffer, farmer, Morris
Alex. Stitt, gentleman, Alexandria
George Stever, farmer, Union
Christian Shontz, farmer, Hopewell
Henry Shultz, farmer, Hopewell
David F. Tussey, farmer, Porter
Abraham Taylor, farmer, Cass

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Harrison Harris, of Morris town-ship deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, to present them for settlement. HENRY HARRIS, Administrator.

Spruce Creek, Jan 2, '66-6t*

$90 A MONTH!—Agents wanted for six entirely new articles. Just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. Dec 20, 1865-1y

MILLER'S Patent BROOM HEAD

THIS is a very useful invention about to be introduced to our housewives by which they are able to make their own corn brooms. It is a slight metallic frame which opens and closes by a clasp and contains a socket for a wire on handle. All that is required is to cut and straighten the corn and insert it in the frame, and a handsome as well as a strong broom is secured. Canvassers will visit our farmers to introduce the article. C H SPRUHLE is the agent for the counties of Blair and Huntingdon. We have seen a Broom manufactured in this manner and believe it will please the people. dec20-3t*

The Old Foundry STILL IN BLAST.

THE subscribers, thankful for the liberal share of patronage they have heretofore received by strict attention to business, hope to merit and still receive the same, take this method to inform their friends and everybody else, that they are prepared to make all kinds of IRON and BRASS CASTINGS *made in a first class* Foundry.

We have always on hand all kinds of Plough and Stove Castings, also wash Kettles, cellar window Grates, coal hole castings for pavements, window weights of all sizes and weights, pipe joints sled and sleigh soles, wagon boxes, machine castings for steam and water, grist, saw, *sumac and plaster* mills of all descriptions.

We are prepared to furnish theaters and Iron Fences of the most improved style, oven doors and frames, door sills and in fact everything made in this line.

We have a very large stock of patterns and can furnish castings at short notice, and cheaper than they can be had *in the county. Having* a good drill we are prepared to do drilling and fitting up of all kinds.

☞ Highest market price paid for old metal, brass, zinc, lead, &c. J. M. CUNNINGHAM & SON.

Office on Railroad street, one door west of the Exchange Hotel, Huntingdon, Pa. dec27,'65

Read new advertisements.

NOTICE.—

Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have filed their petitions with the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions, praying the said Court to grant them licenses to keep inns or taverns in their respective boroughs, townships and villages in the county of Huntingdon, and that said petitions will be presented to the said Court on Monday, the 8th day of January next for consideration, &c., when and where all persons interested can attend if they think proper, viz:

George W. Gettys, Mapleton.
Adam Zeigler, Marklesburg.
George F. McCabe, Huntingdon.
Philip T. Doyle, Barnet, Carbon township.

WM. C. WAGONER, Clerk.

Prothonotary's Office, December 19, 1865. }

$1,500 PER YEAR—We want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $5 Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co. and Batchelder. All* other cheap machines are *infringements* and the seller or user are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Circulars free. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine, or at No. 823 Broadway, New York; No. 236 Carter street, Philadelphia, Pa; No. 14 Lombard's Block, Chicago, Ill; No. 17 West Fourth st., Cincinnati, O.; or, No. 8 Spaulding's Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y. dec30-1y

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of Le. Fa. Ven. Ex. to me directed, I will expose to public sale or outcry, at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, ON MONDAY, 8TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1866, at two o'clock, P. M., the following described property to wit:

The following described tract or parcel of land, situate in Hill valley, Shirley township, Huntingdon county, to wit: A tract of land adjoining Benjamin Rhodes on the south, Theophilus Ganey on the east, David Shaffer on the north, and McConaughy on the west, containing 22 acres more or less, nearly all of which is cleared and cultivated, with log house and barn thereon erected, seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of James Long.

Also—All that certain messuage, house, &c., being the one half of lot No. 13 in the plan of the borough of Huntingdon, Pa., upon which the dwelling house, in which the said William Stewart resides, is erected, being the southerly end of said lot and containing in front on Allegheny street 45 feet, and extending at right angles to said street 100 feet, towards Hill street, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of William Stewart.

Also—All the right, title, interest and estate of James Steel to a tract of land situate in Henderson township, in the county of Huntingdon, surveyed on warrant in the name of Alexander Henry and granted to him, adjoining lands of John and George Numer, lands late of James Gwin, Esq., and others, containing two hundred and forty seven acres, more or less, about six or seven acres cleared the residue being timber land, chiefly white pine; no building thereon.

Also—The one undivided half part of a tract of land situate in Henderson township, on Stone creek ridge, surveyed in the name of Joan Wolf, adjoining lands late of Wm. Shirley's heirs, lands late of James Gwin, Esq., and the above described tract in the name of Alexander Henry, containing one hundred and sixty five acres more or less, about ten acres cleared thereon, the residue being timber land, chiefly white pine; no buildings thereon.

Also—Part of a lot of ground in the borough of Huntingdon, fronting on Allegheny (or Railroad) street, fifty feet, and extending back at right angles to said street towards Hill street, one hundred and two feet, having thereon erected a new brick house and a frame house, adjoining, with frame kitchen and dining room attached to said frame house, said lot adjoins a lot of Daniel Africa, Esq., on the west, and Henry Africa on the east, seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Jas. Steel.

NOTICE TO PURCHASERS.—Bidders at Sheriff's Sales will take notice that immediately up in the property being knocked down, fifty per cent. of all bids under $100, and twenty-five per cent. of all bids over that sum, must be paid to the Sheriff, or the property will be set up again and sold to other bidders who will comply with the above terms.

Sheriff's Sales will hereafter be made on Monday of the first week of Court, and the deeds acknowledged on the following Saturday. JAS. F. BATHURST, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Huntingdon, Dec. 13, 1865. }

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that the following inventories of the goods and chattels set to widows, under the provisions of the Act of 14th of April, A. D. 1851, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county and will be presented for approval by the Court on Monday, the 8th of January, A. D. 1866.

1. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of William Widney, late of Tell tp., deceased, set apart to his widow Martha Widney.

2. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Benjamin E. Stitt, late of Dublin tp., deceased, set apart to his widow Mary Stitt.

3. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Christopher C. Wiser, late of Dublin twp., deceased, set apart to his widow Jane Wiser.

4. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Samuel Rorer, deceased, taken by his widow Margaret Rorer.

5. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Jacob Rorer, late of Shirley tw., deceased, set apart to his widow Susan Rorer.

6. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Charles Helley, late of Hopewell twp., deceased, set apart to his widow Catharine Helley.

7. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Andrew J. Gilliland, late of Dublin tp., deceased, set apart to his widow Catharine Gilliland.

DANIEL W. WOMELSDORF, Clerk.

Dec. 13, 1865.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's Office, at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, on Monday the 8th day of January next, (1866,) to wit:

1. Administration account of Matthew Stewart, Administrator of Adam Warfel, late of West township, deceased.
2. Administration account of Samuel Stewart and Geo. W. Porter, Administrators of William Porter, late of Jackson township, deceased.
3. Account of Lydia Leffard and John Leffard, Administrators of Joseph Leffard, deceased.
4. Account of John Bell, Administrator of George W. Bell, late of Barree township, deceased.
5. Final account of W. H. Lear, Administrator of John Shaver, late of Shirley township, deceased.
6. Administration account of George Wagoner, Executor of Wm. Wagoner, late of Clay township, deceased.
7. Administration account of Edward Zuerner Administrator of Eleanor Logan, late of Shirley township dec'd.
8. Account of Benjamin Hartman and Adam Lightner, Executors of Christopher Irvine, late of West tp., dec'd.
9. The account of Brice Blair, administrator of Samuel S. Campbell, late of Dublin township deceased.
10. Administration account of Jas. M. Piper, administrator of Philip Piper, late of Porter township dec'd.
11. The account of Aruah Hilliont, Executor of Samuel Hilliont, late of Cromwell township, deceased.
12. Guardian ship account of James Oliver, guardian of George D. Ewing, Levi Ewing and Robert Ewing minor children of James Ewing, late of Franklin township, deceased, said minors being one alien deceased.
13. Administration account of Wm. Patterson, Esq., acting executor of William Orbison, Esq., late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased.
14. The Administration account of John Alexander, executor of Jonathan Carothers, late of Shirley tp., deceased.
15. Account of Michael Garner, administrator of James K. Isett, late of Penn township, deceased.
16. The account of Isaac Taylor, executor of John Kaufman, late of Tod township, deceased.

DANIEL W. WOMELSDORF, Register

Register's Office, Hunt., Dec. 13, 1865. }

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, by a precept to me directed, dated at Huntingdon, the 15th of November, A. D. 1865, under the hands and seal of the Hon George Taylor, President of the Court of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer, and general jail delivery of the 24th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of Huntingdon, Blair and Cambria counties; and the Hons. Benj. F. Patton and Anthony J. Beaver, his associates, Judges of the county of Huntingdon, justices assigned, appointed to hear, try and determine all and every indictments made or taken for or concerning all crimes, which by the laws of the State are made capital, or felonies of death, and other offences, crimes and misdemeanors, which have been or shall hereafter be committed or perpetrated, for crimes aforesaid—I am commanded to make public proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Oyer and Terminer, of Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions, will be held at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on the second Monday (and 8th day) of January next, and those who will prosecute the said prisoners, be then and there to prosecute them as it shall be just, and that all Justices of the Peace, Coroner and Constables within said county, be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock, a. m. of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and remembrances, to do those things which to their offices respectively appertain.

Dated at Huntingdon, the 12th December in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and the 89th year of American Independence.

JAS. F. BATHURST, *Sheriff.*

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, by a precept to me directed by the Judges of the Common Pleas of the county of Huntingdon, bearing test the 18th of November, A. D. 1865, I am commanded to make public Proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Common Pleas will be held at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on the 3rd Monday (and 15th day) of January, A. D., 1866, *for the trial of all issues* in said Court which remain undetermined before the said Judges, when and where all jurors, witnesses, and suitors, in the trials of all issues are required.

Dated at Huntingdon, the 12th December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and the 89th year of American Independence.

JAS. F. BATHURST, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Huntingdon, Dec. 12, '65.

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ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

[Estate of John Heddings, dec'd.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of John Heddings, late of Brady township, Huntingdon county dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to the undersigned, and all persons indebted will make immediate payment. CALEB WAKEFIELD, Administrator.

dec13-6t*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

[Estate of John Donaldson, dec'd.]

Letters of administration upon the estate of John Donaldson, late of Mapleton, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

JANE D'NALDSON, Mapleton,
SAM'L T. BROWN, Huntingdon.

N. B.—Rev. B. F. Collins and William Gayton have been appointed agents and attorneys in fact of James Dona