

"I know of no mode in which a loyal citizen may so well demonstrate his devotion to his country as by sustaining the Flag, the Constitution and the Union, under all circum stances, and under every Administration REGARDLESS OF PARTY POLITICS, AGAINST ALL ASBAILANTS, AT HOME AND ABROAD."—STEPHEN 1. Douglas.

Our Flag Forever.

Our Soldiers Coming Home.

The din of war has almost if not quite ended, and our heroes, made doubly glad by the contemplation of their triumphant achievements, are awaiting to conclusion of the preparations necessary to their disbandment. Ere another month clapses, the greater portion of our large army will have re-·ceived their discharges and he dwell ing beneath the roofs of their former homes now made more pleasant and inviting by the long separation. The change can scarcely be realized, and we must linger upon the recollections of our recent eventful history and wonderingly inquire Where are the marshalled battalions of the enemy so bold to resist us? Ah! we know full well. Their day of annihilation has come and gone. No longer do we find the frantic host ready to draw the life blood of our Nation's defenders, but the rebel rank and file have been scattered, and with their confederacy dead at Richmond. The latter had secured many of them have buried their ani. a residence for Gen. Sherman's use in mosities, and are ready to come under Richmond, but Sherman refused to ac-

fought till the advent of this auspicious leck. Sherman would not permit his hour, what a swell of thanks and grate. troops to pass in review before Halfulness must be raised. Having risked leck. This unpleasantry is said to their lives in many a battle, they now have been occasioned by the orders general Subscription Agent for U.S. the accommodation of prisoners of see their efforts crowned with all tri. which Halleck was obliged to promulumphant success, and are saved to gate, when Sherman "gave in" to the "enjoy the peace their valor won." Let the homes from which they have THE beaten rebels, it is said, are gobeen separated be prepared to receive ing to Mexico. This is the best place the warrior so anxiously awaited, and for them. If they are ashamed of the let those who love the soldier keep land for which they so obstinately him in remembrance at the day when fought, they can leave it, and others

been shed, the weeds of mourning put | land of promise. on, but the popular token of gratitude | THE news of the assassination of more frequently to their manly, and will not mourn his sorrowful death. patriotic deeds. The poor families of PRESIDENT JOHNSON is causing to be

duty and gratitude. The soldiers who are returning, having been accustomed to the stirring have been most conspicuous in civil in June we cannot predict, but parand exciting events of camp and battle, positions in the attempt to overthrow ties who wish to make sure of a porwill, perhaps, find it difficult to love the Government. Let the traitors all may indulge in those sportive habits be gathered in, and receive the full that only force excitement. To obviate this the soldier must accept em- The rebel hordes and dupes having ployment. This we believe the true received part punishment in the dissoldier will do. He will thus merit the title of a good citizen.

were made and resolution offered:

R. H. Kerr, Esq, stated that he had the melancholy duty to perform of announcing the death of Abraham as well as respected.

Lincoln, the President of the United IF the cause of the States. None sympathized more than the Democratic party in this great loss to the country. He was not only the President of those who elected was not quite so much so. The beauty him. but our President. He was strick- of the whole affair rested in the pettien down by the hand of an assassinmurdered. With the permission of the Convention he would offer the following resolution, upon the adoption of which he hoped all the members of the Convention would rise to their

feet. The resolution was as follows: country, its institutions, and our publof the Tonnessee, the Army of Georgia, lin men, we deeply deplore the sad and General Sheridan's Cavalry will take place on Tuesday and Wednesday ed Richmond as a conqueror, but he peared to him to be over, and it vas not in his heart to bear malice and the Ninth Corps, all under the against a fallen foe; and that same night, that he pleaded for morey and for peace, with malice toward none and with charity for all, a godless Potomac. On Wednesday will be re-wretch killed him. We honor him viewed the Army of the Tennessee, dead; who saved the nation while liv. ing. He is embalmed in the tears of

a free people.

The resolution was adopted by a manimous vote.

Tax prejudice of the Philadelphia city passenger railway companies against colored persons riding in their cars, it appears, cannot be supplanted or removed. Exciting disturbances, and almost general riots have been ou-

Editorial Miscellany.

Steps are in progress at Harrisburg to muster out and pay the Pennsylva. tral part of the State, in a camp to be located somewhere in York or Cumberland counties, near the Northern Central Railroad. The reasons for might be engendered from Camp Curtin; and to protect the men from the liquer and lager boor influence so all pervading in Harrisburg. These are very good reasons, and should cause a

GUERILLAS will hereafter know their fate. The war department has deriver, will be regarded as guerillas, well as military crime.

"JEFF. DAVIS should be hanged," is train than any novel torture. As a is already as good as dead." -We shall await the opinion of the tribunal that his trial.

GEN. SHERMAN has been accused of discourteous conduct to Gen. Hallock the Union fold as law abiding citizens, | cept the proffered courtesy, and added For our braves who have toiled and | that he could not recognize Gon. Halrebel Johnston.

his services will be openly rewarded. | not treasonable will occupy and fruc-But there are many of the heroes tify it. As the tide of emigration is who left our midst who will never ro. now tending southward we may soon turn. For them the tear has already expect to see this land of desolation a

is yet required. While their names President Lincoln created great symwill be honored, a public testimonial pathy throughout the countries of should be erected, which when looked | Europe. They knew his virtues, and upon will recur the mind of the patriot | where is the nation knowing him that

the soldiers who have died, more espe- gathered in, not slowly but surely, the cially, should be provided for, the wid- ring-leaders of the Robolfton. Hunter, option, is retained. ow comforted, and orphan educated. of Virginia, Brown, of Georgia, and Then will we be doing a useful service some others, are already in confinein memory of the departed braves, ment and pursuit is being made after and one which is prompted by love, Vance, of North Carolina, Magrath, of of June will certainly see the last of and demanded its surrender, which South Carolina, and others still who punishment that their crimes demand. grace of defeat, the ringleaders of the rebellion must now receive their meri-Honzer.-The "Democracy" of Alle- ted final doom. If we were magnanigheny county met in county convention mous enough to allow the rebels to go on the 17th, in Pittsburg, and after quietly home, we must be severe organization, the following remarks enough to inflict the punishment of treason upon the leaders. We will thereby make our Government feared

Ir the cause of the would-be Confederacy has been found to be bootless, that of Jeff. Davis in escaping vigilance coats and boot-v.

The Grand Review.

By command of Lieutenant General Grant, a review, with marching salute, Resolved. That as men proud of our of the Army of the Potomac, the Army launched no decree of prescription the 23d and 24th instants. On Tuesagainst the South, for the fight ap day will be reviewed the Army of the command of Major General George G. Meade, commanding the Army of the Major General O. O. Howard commanding, and the Army of Georgia, Major view of the gallant armies assembled General H. W. Slocum commanding: around Washington will take place the whole under command of Major General W. T. Sherman.

ton telegram to the New York Tribune ately after the review the troops will states that an order from the War Department was read on Monday to Let us be prepared to receive our ductors. On several occasions last the troops stationed at Fairfax, anweek colored persons got into the car, and because they did not get out when ordered, the car was taken off the track and the horses detached. Should ten days, to be returned to their State The order is supposed to be general.

The Third Series of Seven-Thirties. The great success of the 7.30 Loan

must always be looked upon as one nia troops to be disbanded in the cen- of the most powerful evidences of the strength of the United States Government, and of its strong hold upon the confidence and affections of the people. On Saturday, May 13th, the subscripthis disposition is to compel the offi- tions were over thirty million dollars, cers to be with their men, and thus and for the week ending on that day, effect a speedier perfection of the rolls; over ninety eight million dollars, and to prevent an epidemic disease that in the three months that the Loan has been in charge of Mr. Jay Cooke, over five hundred million dollars. These large receipts will enable the Treasury to pay off our armies as they are o' clock, from Hilton Head, S. C., on have entered into some understanding incurred during the war. History will show that a great war-debt to clared that from and after the 1st day individuals has never before been so important prisoners, with a strong of July, 1865, any and all persons promptly paid; and we think all will guard of his men, accompanied the found in arms against the United agree that Secretary McCulloch de-States, who may commit acts of hos. serves great credit for the ability he ward to this place, and on reaching here immediately telegraphed to tility against it east of the Mississippi has manifested not only in securing Washington for instructions regarding the means, but for the financial skill the disposal of his charge. and punished with death. This order he has displayed in so directing these acknowledges that the war is practic vast receipts and disbursements as secresy observed, not only as to the cally ended, and those who do herenf not for a moment to disturb the equil. presence of the prisoners, ter resist U. S. authority are citizens ibrium of commerce, embarrass indiwho have banded together for the viduals, or in any way tighten the regarding the intentions of the Govpurpose of plunder and destruction. money market. It is doubtless true ernment. All found engaged in endeavoring to that the Secretary of the Treasury protract the war should be hung with. might have negotiated the remander Colonel Pritchard is probably the only out trial or jury, because it is a civil as of his loans at six per cent, interest one who has as yet come ashore from instead of 7-30, but so much valuable her. time would necessarily have been lost the expressed sentiment of the loyal in popularizing a new loan that the journals and the loyal masses. Some great object of the Government, viz., even think banging too good; but the an immediate supply of money suffiacknowledged disgrace of this mode of cient to pay all the debts incident to ending criminals is more poignant to the war, would have been defeated; those who may desire to follow in his and besides, the difference of interest would not have been equal to three about one mile from the fort, and cotemporary remarks: "Jeff. Davis days expenses. The policy may have looked "penny wise," but the best financial authorities, as well as comwill be immediately inaugurated for men sense, pronounced it "pound foolish." As it is-and will be, no soldier will go home without his greenbacks, and the floating debt in the shape of vouchers, requisitions, &c., will be with the steamer, and it is more than

> The Second Series of the 7.30 Loan was exhausted on Saturday, May 13th. of the Engineer Corps, received orders On Monday, the Secretary of the by telegraph, from Major General Treasury authorized Jay Cooke, the Securities, to receive subscriptions state. The work on the casemates, for \$230.000,000 of a Third Series, transforming them into cells, for which is all that is authorized by Congress, and is without doubt the last loan at this high rate of interest

There is no change in the terms or conditions of this Third Series, except that the Government reserves the right of paying interest at six per cent. in gold instead of seven and

The privilege of converting the notes into 5-20 six per cent. gold bonds at the end of three years, or receiving payment at maturity, at the holder's

The first day of the Third Sories opened with subscription within a fraction of five millions, and the month the 7.30s out of market. How early was refused. The Imperialists marchtion would do well to be in time. Full particulars may be found in

our advertising columns.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON'S CREED .- "Treason must be made odious and Traitors punished." "The time has come for us to understand that treason is a crime, the highest of crimes; in other words, that all crimes are submerged in treason, and that he who has committed treason has committed all crimes." "The people must understand that treason is the blackest of crimes and will be surely punished." "Public morals and opinion should be established upon the sure and inflexible principles of justice." "We must not

forget that what may be mercy to the

individual is cruelty to the State.". JEFF'S LAST FEAT.-Those who expected the "stern statesman," Jeff., to pass through on the Pennsylvania road, were disappointed on finding that he had arrived at Fortress Monroe from Hilton Head. We think if he had passed through we would have been disappointed, anyhow, as Jeff. would not have been made visible. The last visible feat of the notorious to work with. Other masters will individual was made at Irwinsville, follow the example.

but the last feat he will perform may General Schofield's course gives be at Washington, when he and his boots will be suspended. Such feat Order of the War Department-Punish. will be worthy of his boots.

GRAND REVIEW .- A despatch from Secretary Stanton states that a rethere to-day (Tuesday) and to mor-THE ONE YEAR MEN. A Washing- war, and it is expected that immedireturn home to hear of war no more.

rath, of South Carolina, and Wade Hampton, are both at Columbia, enany riot occur the car companies will Capitals and mustered out of service. gaged in conscripting all the males have totake the responsibility.

JEFF. DAVIS MAKES A LANDING.

FORT. MONROE HIS DESTINATION. A. H. Stephens, C. C. Clay, Gen.

Wheeler, and Others, in Tow. Arrangements for their Keeping.

FORT MONROE, May 19. Jefferson Davis, late of the so-called Southern Confederacy, with his family and staff officers, consisting of his wife. a small son, two daughters, Alexander H. Stephens, C. C. Clay, Col. Wm. Regan, Gen. Wheeler and 15 or 16 other officers, captured by Gen. Wilson's command, arrived here to-day at twelve disbanded, and to rapidly discharge board the steamer Wm. II. Clyde, conthe various obligations that have been voyed by the U.S. gunboat Tuscarora, Commodore Frailey.
Col. Pritchard, of the Michigan cav-

alry, who made the capture of the rebel party on the steamer Clydenorth-

At this writing, such is the strict to their future movements, that it is impossible to form even an opinion The steamer Clyde still remains away out more than three miles from here, seemingly anchored, and

The gunboat Tuscarora anchored in the Road about 2 o'clock this afternoon, but nothing can be gleaned from the officers in relation to the party on the Clyde. Rumors have been continually flying about this afternoon, to the effect that the steamer Clyde ran in close to the beach about 4 o'clock, P. M., and landed Davis and others on the beach, from there were marched into the sally port of the water battery, in

to escape the gaze of the curious. 4 P. M.—The steamer Clyde has just shipped her anchor in the Road and there now seems no doubt but that Jeff. Davis must have been landed somewhere along the beach. No communication whatever is allowed wiped out as rapidly as the proper probable that the larger portion of the officers can audit and adjust the acparty still remain on board. The officer in charge awaits instructions rom Washington.

About a week since Col. Brewerton, Barnard, to immediately have vacated a row of casemates inside the fort for which they are admirably adapted, was at once commenced, and are so far completed as to render entirely futile any attempt at escape or rescue that will be offered by the Govern- if such a thing as the latter be thought

Who Have been Captured.

A despatch from Fortress Monroe states the following as the names of the illustrious prisoners brought by the Clyde to Fortress Monroe: Jeff. three tenths in currency-a right Davis, Mrs. Jeff. Davis, four children, which would pre suppose a return to mother and sisters; Alexander H. Stespecie payments, and make six per phens, who surrendered himself to our cent. in gold ever better than the highta, and who is in extremely feeble er rate in currency—a consummation health; Clement C. Clay and wife, Gen. efforts to produce good harvests. Wheeler and staff, Col. Johnston, Col. Large numbers of contrabands are William Reagan, the robel Postmaster General; and many others of importance, though of lessor note.

THE MEXICAN WAR.

ed out to meet them, and a cavalry and artillery fight occurred.

Business was suspended at Matamoros, and the streets were barrica ded in expectation of an attack but all was quiet up to the evening of the 2d.

The custom house officers fled to Brownsville, and the wealthy citizens moved all their valuables to the same

Eight hundred troops arrived at the mouth of the Rio Grande on the 2d, and left for the interior the next day. A report reached Bagdad on the 4th that the Liberals were in full retreat.

North Carolina.

Consternation Over the Emancipa-tion Order-The Slaves to be Obli-ged to Work.

Greensboro, May 4 .- General Schofield's order, declaring the slaves of this State free, created great consternation, as the labor of the slaves was wanted to put in the spring crops, and the slaves refused to work, declaring that their former masters owed

them a living.

Major General Cox, of the Twentythird Corps, has relieved the anxiety of the people by telling them that the slaves will be obliged to work and support themselves.

Hon. John A. Gilmer has commen-

ced dividing his lands among his slaves, furnishing them with facilities

universal satisfaction.

ment of Guerillas. A general order has been issued from

the War Department as follows:
All the forces of the enemy east of the Mississippi river having been duly surrendered by their proper command-ing officers to the armies of the United States, under an agreement of parole row. This will be the last vast assem-blage of our armiest hat will occur for this no authorized troops east of the Mississippi river, it is ordered that from and after the 1st day of July, 1865, any and all persons found in arms against the United States, who may commit acts of hostility against it east of the Mississippi river, will be regardod as guerillas, and punished with the of Santh of Santh Committee of ecution of this order is especially enof all United States forces within the port on the 11th inst., ostensibly for territorial limits to which it applies.

NEWS SUMMARY.

Bazil Duke and several of his deld officers have surrendered to our Those Good Enough to fight, Good Enough to Vote." ield officers have surrendered to our forces at Augusta.

Gov. Brown, of Georgia, was an rested on the night of 9th inst., at his mansion, in Milledgeville, by Capt. Kneeland and Lieut. Bayard, and proceeds to Washington under charge of the latter.

nea. It is reported that a detachment of cavalry is in pursuit of Governor Magrath, of this State, who was last heard from when about leaving Spartansburg. ng Information has been received at Washington leading to the behalf

with each other, Governor Brown of Georgia, arrived at Washington on the evening of the 18th, and was placed in the Old

Capitol prison. Box. Gov. Vance, of North Carolina, arrived at Fortress Monroe from Newbern, N. C. via Norfolk, Va., under guard. He is now in the fortress and tions, never turns a deaf ear to any will doubtless meet the fate destined for prisoners on the Clyde.

all his men, some 700, with their arms possession of the liberty brought us, and horses, to the United States. The men were paroled.

greater part of it will shortly return in triumph in every State of the Unto the North, as soon as order shall ion. have been fully restored in that vicini-York, May 20, from Charleston, S. C.

ed prisoners including Basil Duke. The Memphis Arnus has reliable information that the rebel General Forrest was killed at Parkville, Ala., death of six of their comrades, ordered over the news of Johnston's surrender, which Forrest did not believe.

According to an order of the War Department, the Adjutant Gen. eral has been directed to commence mustering honorably out of service, all general, field and staff officers who are unemployed, or whose service is no

Dispatches from Nashville say the rebel leaders Gatewood and Champ Ferguson are committing great depredations on the defenceless people of country robbing and plundering gonerally.

troops, has been designated to form the will start from there as soon as the necessary transportation can be get

mend of Major Gen. Crook, which left Petersburg and Richmond on the 10th, arrived at their camp, on the road from Washington to Alexandra, on Wednesday last. The march was made in easy stages. The men and horses are in fine condition.

A despatch from Fortress Mon tegrity, and in the fond hope that the roc says: The farmers are returning mantle of our murdered friend and to their plantations, now that the war father may have fallen upon your First National Bank of Harrisburg. is over, and are making strenuous shoulders. being thrown out of employment by the order of retrenchment in the Government expenditure. Many Northern farmers, tempted by the liberal inducements of the government, have purchased tracts of land in this neghbor-

The proclamation of President skedadlers, giving them sixty days to return to their duty, has lately brought large numbers back with a view of becoming good loyal citizens henceforth. The office of the Provost Marshal at Detroit is througed with these men. Some three hundred were unable to report in proper form, and are compelled to return to Canada.

nea A despatch of Kilpaterick's cavalry, under command of a staff of escaped. The blow which has struck ficer, Capt. Hayes, proceeded to Bun-Mr. Lincoln at the very moment when combo county, N. C., and arrested he seemed about to harvest the fruits Governor Vance, at the house of his father in-law. It is understood that Vance was arrested in accordance the absence of the Emperor, I am not with orders received from Washing. in a position to receive and transmit to ton, and that he will be taken to the last named place and tried for trea | His Imperial Majesty. Being acquain

Havana on the 11th inst., ostensibly pression which the news of this odious for Galveston, andthat our commander crime will cause His Imperial Majesty on the coast had been warned of the to experience. I have hastened to tesfact. The Stonewall is commanded tify to Gen. Clay the carnest and corby Cap. Maffit, late of the pirate Owl, which had arrived at Havana from with the Federal Government. Please Galveston on the 9th inst. The United States steamer Powhattan left President Johnson, adding thereunto Key West on learning of the wherea | our most sincere wishes that this new

bout of the Stonewall. The Raleigh Standard, of 11th, says: It is probable, steps will soon be taken to call a convention to construct a loval State Government in North Carolina. A letter dated Fayetteville, says: An agent was ap-pointed by the Major of that place to welcome home and precure food for the inhabitants. The result was that 25.000 or 30.000 rations were at once forwarded, and though the secesh swore they would not eat anything from the Yankees, they were the very first to rush in with bags and bas kots. Government horses and mules are also furnished the farmers to work

with, The pirate Stonewall, it appears. left Teneriffe on April 1st, arrived at Bermuda on the 26th, and thence proceeded to Nassau, but was unable to go over the bar, owing to her drawing of the interlude to make good their over 16 feet of water, and then occupied three days in the passage to Havana. She was not saluted at Havana, but the Spanish General Don Marina, under pretence of showing the pirate to his daughter, paid a visit to the Mississippi, and soon after the review Stonewall. One of the Captain Genor of our torces in Washington he will erals aids, and several Government be sent there to wipe out Kirby Smith officers also visited the pirate. The United States Consul at Havana re- Gold Pens & Pencile, joined upon the commanding officers ports that the ram Stonewall left that

THE FREEMEN OF N. CAROLINA

NEWBERN, May 10. For the purpose of encouraging emigration to the South, and restoring the lost dignity to labor, which has been the chief obstacle in the way, and for other reasons, the following important petition is being extensive

To His Excellency, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States:

We, the undersigned, your petitioners, are colored men of the State of North Carolina, of the ago of twentyone years and upwards; and we hum ly come to you with our request, and yet in great confidence, because you are occupying a place recnetly filled by a man who had proved himself indeed our friend; and it must be that some of his great and good spirit lingers to bless his successor; and then we are assured that you are a man who gives kind attention to all petione because he may be in poor or humble circumstances. In many respects The Nashville Union says the we are poor, and greatly despised by rebel Gen. Ben. Hill has turned over our fellow men; but we are rich in the and our wives and our little ones, by your noble predecessor, secured to The Sixth Army Corps, Major us by the armies of the United States, General Wright, is still at Danville, and promised to be permanent by Virginia, but it is expected that the that victorious flag which now flies

We accept this great boon of freedom with truly thankful liearts, and shall The Arago arrived at New try by our lives to prove our worthi-

We always loved the old flag, and Among her passengers are fifty parolwe have stood by it, and tried to help those who upheld it through all this rebellion, and now that it has brought us liberty we love it more than ever by four of his own men, to avenge the and in all fature time we and our sons will be ready to defend it by our blood to be shot the day before, for exulting and we may be permitted to say that such blood as that shed at Fort Wag ner and Port Hudson is not altogether unworthy of such a service.

Some of us are soldiers, and have had the privilege of fighting for our country in this war. Since we have become freemen, and been permitted the honor of being soldiers, we begin to feel that we are men, and are anxions to show our countrymen that we can and will fit ourselves for the cred itable discharge of the duties of citi zenship. We want the privilege of voting. It seems to us that men who East Tennessee. Large numbers of are willing on the field of danger to paroled prisoners from Lee and John-carry the musket of Republics, in the ston's army are traveling through the days of peace ought to be permitted to carry its ballots; and certainly we cannot understand the justice of denyman General Weitzel's Twenty-fifth ing the elective franchise to men who Corps, composed chiefly of colored have been fighting for the country while it is freely given to men who expedition to Texas. The command have just returned from four years will rendezvous at Alexandria, and fighting against it. As you were once citizen of North Carolina, we need not remind you that up to the year of 1855, free colored men voted State, and never, as we have heard, with any detriment to its interests. What we desire is, that preliminary to elections in the returning States you would order the enrolment of all lov al men without regard to color. But the whole question we humbly submit to your better judgment, and we submit it in full belief in your partial in-

> May God bless and ever protect and our beloved country, from all as: sassins, shall be the constant prayer of your faithful friends and humble pe titioners.

Russian Condolence.

WASHINGTON, May 19 .- De Stoeckl the Russian Minister here, recently Lincoln to deserters and draft read to the President the eloquent instructions of Prince Gortchakow, the Minister of Foreign Affairs at St. Petersburg, of which the subjoined is a translation:

"Sr. Petersbung, April 16, 1865 .-Six:—The telegraph has brought us the news of the double crime by which the President of the United States has fallen a victim, and Mr. Seward barely escaped. The blow which has struck you the expression of the sentiments of ted, nevertheless, with those which our communication from Gen. Canby, sta United States of America; it is easy ting that the pirate Stonewall left for me to realize in advance the imand grievous trial may not impede the onward march of the American people toward the re-establishment of the Union and of that concord which are the sources of its power and of its prosperity.
"Receive, sir, the assurance of my

very distinguished consideration. "GORTCHAKOW. "To His Excellency M. Stoeckl."

A correspondent of the New York Tribune gives the whole number of officers and men of the rebel John ston's army that were paroled at 29, 924. The number of Johnston's army at the time hostilities were terminated, on the 17th and 18th of April is estimated by Gen. Hartsuff at 50, 000 men of all arms. The delay in concluding negotiations produced the belief that the war would be renewed, and a large number availed themselves escape.

It is said that Maj. Gen. Sheridan has been assigned to the command of all the forces west of the of our forces in Washington he will

The best assortment of the handsomest and best styles, for sale at

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THIRD SERIES.

\$230,000,000.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned, the General Subscription Agent for the sale of Inited States Securities, offers to the Public the third eries of Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths

t. interest per annum, known as the 7.80 LOAN.

These notes are issued under date of July 15, 1865, and are payable three years from that date in currency, or are vertible at the option of the holder into U. S. 5-20 SIX PER CENT. GOLD:

BEARING BONDS. These Bonds are now worth a handsome pren are exempt, as are all the Government Bonds, from State County, and Municipal taxation, retich aids from one to three per cent. per annum to their value, according to the rate levied upon other property. The interest is payable emi-annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut of and sold to any Bank or banker.

The interest at 7:30 per cent, amounts to One cent per day on a \$50 note. Two cents " " \$500 " \$1000 " \$5000

Notes of all the denominat furnished upon receipt of subscription

The Notes of the Third Series are precisely similar in form and privileges to the Seven-Thirties already sold, except that the Government reserves to itself the option of paying interest in gold coin at 6 per cent, instead of 7 3 10ths in currency. Subscribers will deduct the interest in currency up to July 15th, at the time when they sub-

The delivery of the notes of this third series of the Seven-thirties will commence on the 1st of June, and will be made promptly and continuously after that date. The slight change made in the conditions of this THIRD SERIES affects only the matter of interest. The payment in gold, if made, will be equivalent to the currency nterest of the higher rate.

The return to specio payments; in the event of which only will the option to pay interest in Gold be availed of. would so reduce and equalize prices that purchases made with six per cent. in gold would be fully equal to those

Now offered by the Government, and its sun

Great Popular Loan of the People

Less than \$230,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, a the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscrib ed for within sixty days, whon the notes will undoubtedly command a premium; as has uniformly been the case

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan he National Banks, State Bank, and Private Bankers. throughout the country, have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders

JAY COOKE. SUBSCRIPTION AGENT, Philadelph

First National Bank of Huntingdon First National Bank of Hollidaysburg First National Bank of Altoona. First National Bank of Bellefonte.

PIANOS & MELODIANS FOR SALE NO CABINET ORGANS.

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DROFESSOR HUGH COYLE of-PROFESSOR HUGH COYLE of fore for she the celebrated PIANOS and the celebrated PIANOS and the celebrated PIANOS and the celebrated PIANOS and the considers cannot be surpassed in touch or tonal bility by any instrument, in the market. Notwithstanding Steinway & Co's. instruments are considered superior by certain agents, the Professor can only pronounce them good, for there is an uncertainty in the tone which he will not recommend. As site is the only manufacturer that gives a Painze Guñahrzes for the durability of his instrument, I have no healtation in recommending the same.

Prof. Ceyle is a judge, from the fact that he has had twenty years experience in teaching music, which of their qualifies him to recommend any instrument, but Steck's in particular.

The community can use their discretion in provincing

qualifies him to recomment any manufacture in particular.

The community can use their discretion in purchasing instruments, but Professor Coyle feels himself a indee, and notwithstanding all afcitions advertisements, he would recommend Steck & Co's. in preference to all others.

PROF. H. COYLH.

rs. Huntingdon, May 24, 1865-3m HEAD QUARTERS FOR

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D. P. CWIN INFORMS THE PUBLIC

THAT HE HAS JUST OPENED ni Juditis a lifta

SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS THAT

IN CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

CAN'T BE BEAT

COME AND SEE. D. P. GWIN, May. 23, 165.

NEW CLOTHING

AT LOW PRICES. M. GUTMAN

HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, Which he offers to all who want to be CLOTHED, AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for MEN AND BOYS,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C. Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cuts I lething not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their neasure they can be accommodated as short putch. Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Long's

MANUAL GUTMAN. Huntingdon, May. 17, 768, John Scoff, Bamuel T, Brown, John M. Daile The name of this firm has been change

ed from SCOTT & BROWN, to under which name they will hereafter conduct their Practice as

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' helegainst the Government, will be promptly prosecuted,
May 17, 1865-tf.