a de la compañía de l

State States

The Globe. HUNTINGDON, PA. Wedneslay morning, June 29, 1864. port in the Nashville Times :

W. Lowis, Editor and Proprietor



"I know of no mode in which a loyal citisen may so well demonstrate his devotion to his country as by sustaining the Flag the Constitution and the Union, under all circumstances, and UNDER EVERY ADMINISTRATION REGARDLESS OF PARTY POLITICS, AGAINST ALL ABSAILANTS, AT HOME AND ABROAD."-STEPHEN 4. DOUGLAS.

NATIONAL UNION TICKET. FOR PRESIDENT, ABRAHAM LINCOLN. OF ILLINOIS. FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

ANDREW JOHNSON. OF TENNESSEE.

For the Constitutional Amendment Giving Pennsylvania Soldiers in the Service THE RIGHT TO VOTE.

SPECIAL ELECTION. AUG. 23, 1864 #= Friends of our gallant Soldiers in the field, don't forget the day, and don't fail to vote

"FOR THE AMENDMENT." UNION DISTRICT TICKETS.

FOR CONGRESS, SENATE, AND ASSEMBLY THE NOMINEES

of the Union Conferences of the Districts. UNION COUNTY TICKET.

Prosecuting Attorney, JAS. D. CAMPBELL, of Huntingdon. County Commissioner, JACOB MILLER, of Oneida.

Directors of Poor, HENRY DAVIS. of West, 3 years. HENRY A. MARKS, of Juniata, 2 yrs

County Surveyor, D. D. ESHELMAN, of Shirley.

Auditor. LIVINGSTON ROBB, of Walker.

## Union State Electoral Ticket. SENATORIAL.

Morton M'Michael, Philadelphia. Thos. H. Cunningham, Beaver co REPRESENTATIVE. 1 Robt. P King, 13 Elias W. Hall, **3** Geo. Morrison 14 Chs. H. Shriner Coates, 15 Jno. Wister, Coates, 15 Jno. Wister, 8 Henry Bumm, 16 D. M'Conaughy Wm. H. Kern, 17 D. W. Woods, B. H. Jenks, 18 Isaac Benson, 6 B. H. Jenks, 18 Isaac Benson, 6 Chas. M. Runk, 19 John Patton,

 7 Robt. Parke, 20 S. B. Dick,
8 Aaron Mull, 21 Ev. Bierer, 9 J. A. Hiestand, 22 Jno. P. Penney

Speech of Gov. Johnson at Nashville, to remain in the Union. In trying to poleon, "You can get up no monarchy save slavery you killed it and lost your on this continent," [Great applause.] A Union mass meeting was held at own freedom. Your slavery is dead, but I did not murder it. As Macbeth Nashville on Friday night, at which Governor Johnson was the principal said to Banquo's bloody ghost, Neter shake thy gory locks at me,speaker. We find the following re-Thou cans't not say I did it.

Slavery is dead, and you must par-The appearance of Governor John-son on the steps of the St. Cloud Ho-body; you can bury it out of sight. In the other against it, and I am for my tel was greeted by the vast crowd restoring the State, leave out that dis-with loud applause. All were any turbing and dangerous element, and I am s which will move in harmony.

President of the United States. After thanking the assembly for the compliment they had bestowed on him, and a few other preliminary remarks, Governor Johnson proceeded to say that we are engaged in a great to say that we are engaged in a great in the struggle for free government in the struggle for free government in the have a fair start and an equal chance have a fair start and an equal chance here compared to the term. I desire that all men shall term in this stute and ingging mouth here a fair start and an equal chance here compared in the rebel in the race of life, and let him succeed in the accounting the base as a principle of heaven. I am apon the Government out of regard to but to all the nations of the earth, because it is right in itself, and second of the country is now the only busi-

that we are determined to maintain because in the emancipation of the ness which concerns the patriot. and carry out the principles of free slaves, we break down an odious and In conclusion, let us give our thanks overnment. [Applause.] That Con- dangerous aristocracy. I think that not formal, but heartfelt thanks, to vention announced and confirmed a we are freeing more whites than those gallant officers and soldiers who principle not to be disregarded. It blacks in Tennessee. I want to see have come to our rescue, and deliverwe are freeing more whites than those gallant officers and soldiers who was that the right of secossion, and slavery broken up, and when its bar, ed us from the rebellion. And though fifty yards apart. At day light this the power of a State to place itself out riors are thrown down. I want to see money be expended, though life be morning an advance of the entire line of the Union, are not recognized. The industrious, thrifty emigrants pouring lost, though towns and clies be deso- was made, when it was found the eneof the Union, are not recognized. The industrious, thirifty emigrants pouring lost; though towns and cities be deso-Convention had declared this princi- in from all parts of the country. Come lated, let the war for the Union go on, ple by its action. Tennessee had been on! We need your labor, your skill, in rebellion against the Government, your capital. We want your enter-and waged a treasonable war against prise and invention, so that hereafter be restored, and freedom firmly estabits authority just as other Southern Tennessee may rank with New Eng-States had done. She had secoded land in the arts and mechanics, and ust as much as other States had, and that when we visit the Patent Office, left the Union as far as she had the at Washington, where the ingenious power to do so. Nevertheless, the mechanice of the free States have pla-National Convention had declared ced their models, we need not blush that a State cannot put itself from un- that Tennessee can show nothing but der the national authority. It said a mousetrap, or something of about as by its first nomination that the presmuch importance. Come on ! We ent President, take him altogether, greet you with a hearty welcome to was the man to steer the ship of State the soil of Tennessee. Here is soil the for the next four years. [Loud ap-plause] Next it said—if I may be permitted to speak of myself, not in forests, water power, and mines of inhe way of vanity, but to illustrate a exhaustible richness; come and help principle-"We will go into one of the us redeem Tonnessee, and make her

rebellious States and choose a candi-date for the Vice Presidency." Thus a powerful and flourishing State. But in calling a convention to rethe Union party declared its belief store the State, who shall restore and re-establish it? Shall the man who that the rebollious States are still in the Union, and that their loyal citi-zens are still citizens of the United gave his influence and his means to destroy the Government? Is he to all of them prisoners of war, have been States. And now there is but one participate in the great work of reor-ganization? Shall he who brought They have been turned over to Brig great work for us to do, that is to put down the robellion. Our duty is to this misery upon the State be permit- Gen Ripley, commanding the first milthis misery upon the State be permited to reprise the formation of the rebels, including the formation of the rebels, including the result of the rebels, including s right and sacred. poured out, will have been wantonly spilled. All the glorious victories won Governor Johnson said he had no impassioned appeal to make to the by our noble armics will go for nought children. It is proper, however, that people in his own behalf. He had not and all the battle fields which have I should inform you that it is a part sought the position assigned him by been sown with dead beroes during the National Convention. Not a man this rebellion will have been made this rebellion will have been made been exposed, day and night, to the in all the land can truthfully say that memorable in vain. Why all this car-I have asked him to use his influence nage and devastation? It was that in my behalf in that body, for the po-sition allotted to me, or for any other. tors punished. Therefore I say that On the contrary, I have avoided the traitors should take a back seat in the candidacy. But while I have not work of restoration. If there be but sought it, still being conferred upon five thousand men in Tennessee loyal me unsought, I appreciate it the more to the Constitution, loyal to freedom, bighly. Being conferred on me with loyal to justice, these true and faithful out solicitation, I shall not decline it. men should control the work of reor-[Applause.] Come weal or woo, suc-cess or defeat, sink or swim survive [Loud and prolonged applause.] I say or perish, I accept the nomination, on that the traitor has ceased to be a citprinciple, be the consequence what izen, and in joining the reballion has GENERAL: I have to acknowledge they may. I will do what I believe become a public enemy. He forfeited the receipt this day of your communiz-to be my duty. I know there are his right to vote with loyal men when cation of the 18th inst, informing me those here who profess to feel a con-tempt for me, and I, on the other hand feel my superiority to them. I have We say to the most honest and indus-war, have been turned over by you to So long as Gen Grant elects he can always understood that there is a sort trious foreigner who comes from Eng- Brig Gen Ripley, with instructions to of exclusive aristocracy about Nash- land or Germany to dwell among us see that they are provided with quarville which affects to contern all who are not within its little circle. Let them enjoy their opinions. I have not stay here for five years." If we heard it said that, self-government. I hold with Jeffer- to honest, industrious men. instruments to promote his welfare. and progress of the people, and the enlightened spirit of the age. [Loud applause.] Now, if any of your Se. cessionists have lost faith in man's cayour masters, and put their collars on And here let me say that now is the of a mighty revolution. While sociis dead. It was not murdered by me. I told you long ago what the result would be if you endeavored to go out

ard it said that, "Worth makes the man, and want of it, the fellow." voluntarily renounce their homes to per to inform me that it is a part of present position he can move at will This aristocracy has been the bane live with us, what should we say to the city which has been for many of the slave States, nor has the North the traitor, who, although born and months exposed to the fire of our guns been wholly free from its curso It is reared among us, has raised a parriei- Many months since Maj Gen Gilmore, a class which I have always forced to dal hand against the Government U.S army, notified Gen Beauregard, respect me, for I have ever set it at which always protected him? My then commanding at Charleston, that defiance. The respect of the honest judgment is, that he should be subjeed the city would be bombarded. This and you will find that it is for a vigor-ous prosention of the war under any a man. One of the chief elements of the the varue of the chief elements of t other man than Abe Lincoln. Anoth-ser is for McClellan and opposed to a men who have risen from the ranks trusted. Before these repenting reb-war nlatform. Another will not super the server is prosent to be an another will not super trusted to be an another will not super trusted. Before these repenting reb-the server is for McClellan and opposed to a men who have risen from the ranks trusted. Before these repenting reb-trusted. Before these repenting rebof the people. This aristocracy hated els can be trusted, let them bring torth port any candidate upon a war plat- Mr. Lincoln, because he was of hum- the fruits of repentance. He who ble origin, a rail-splitter in early life. helped to make all these widows and One of them, the private secretary of orphans who drape the streets of Nash-Howell Cobb, said to me one day, af ville in mourning, should suffer for his of the city which has been far many **Democratic** candidate. Another is for voring for an electoral ticket without verned by a man who has come up With Grant thundering on the Potoexpressing a preference for the Presi. from the ranks of the common people, mac, before Richmond, and Sherman action in thus placing defenceless pris- together with the destruction of the dency. Another is for anybody for President—for the strongest man in connection to Lincoln—for anything energy is a substantial feeling and spirit of this Sou ther rebellion. Now, it has just oc. Will any madly persist in rebellion? opposition to Lincoln-for anything curred to me, if this aristocracy is so Suppose that an equal number be slain violently opposed to being governed in every battle, it is plain that the reby Mr. Lincoln, what in the name of sult must be the utter extermination conscience will I do with Lincoln and of the rebels. Ah, these rebel leaders Johnson? [Great laughter.] I re- have a strong personal reason for hol. hesitate to stoop very low to get in ject with scorn this whole idea of an ding out to save their necks from the position. It matters little how low arrogant aristocracy. I believe that halter. And these leaders must feel they try to get, and we think it will man is capable of self government, ir the power of the Government. Trearespective of his outward circumstan- son must be made odious, and traitors ces, and whether he be a laborer, a must be punished and impoverished .-shoemaker, a tailor, or a grocer. The Their great plantations must be selzed banks of the rivers on both sides of the as great as ours. question is whether man is capable of and divided into small farms, and sold son, that government was made for for protecting the lands and negroes the convenience of man, and not man of these authors of rebellion is past.for the government. That laws and It is high time it was. 1 have been umns of the Washington Constitutional constitutions were designed as mere most deeply pained at some things which have come under my observa And hence, from this principle, I con- tion. Wo get men in command who clude that governments can and ought | under the influence of flattery, fawnthe rich traitor, while the poor Union man stands out in the cold, often unable to get a receipt or voucher for his losses. [Cries of "That's so !" from all parts of the crowd.] The traitor can get lucrative contracts, while the loyal man is pushed aside, unable to obtain a recognition of his just claims. I am Jeff Davis, Beauregard, and Bragg for tolling the truth. I care nothing for your masters, and put their collars on stripes and shoulder straps. I want them all to hear what I say. I have been on a gridiron for two years at exploded, but will nover bo retracted time to recur to these fundamental the sight of these abuses. I blame not principles, while the land is rent with the Government for these wrongs, anarchy and upheaves with the throes which are the work of weak or faith. less subordinates. Wrongs will be Committee have postponed the hold- ety is in this disordered state, and we committed under every form of govare seeking security, let us fix the criment and every administration. foundations of the Government on For myself I mean to stand by the For myself I mean to stand by the been held on the 4th of July. This change of programme is intended to work the defeat of McClellan. Fre-mont for President, and Vallandigham be Wice President, will likely be the principles of eternal justice which will Government till the flag of the Union endure for all time. There is an ele-shall wave over every city, town, hilltakes advantage of our internal diffi- would have connected on the left with

This left flit flank of the 8d Division on this continent," [Great applause.] unprotected and the enemy, taken ad An expedition into Mexico would be a sort of recreation to the brave soldiers fairly into the pits, ordering our men who are now fighting the battles of the to surrender.

ished.

FROM CHARLESTON.

nerals Jones and Foster :

fire of your guns.

of South Carolina, C S.

ervant,

Charleston, S C. June 13.

Union, and the French concern would quickly be wiped out. Let us be uni-es and foll back rapidly, but many of ted. I know that there are but two them were captured and quite a num- Island, feating the 15-inch Dahlgrens parties now, one for the country, and ber killed and wounded. Our loss in prisoners is reported at

1,000, while some make the figure higher.—Our loss in killed and wound-I am a Democrat in the strictest ions to hear and see the next Vice use only those parts of the machinery meaning of the term. I am for this ed is probably 1,500.

Four officers engaged in this fight Government, because it is democratic Now, in regard to emancipation, I --- a government of the people. I am had just joined their commands after want to say to the blacks that liberty for putting down this rebellion, bebeing exchanged, and when surround-ed and ordered to surrender, replied "never, death rather than Libby," and freedom. I desire that all men shall tent in this State and higgling about fighting their way as bost they could, several of them got back safe. At 8 P. M. a charge was made by the

2d Corps, and the line of works from which they had been forced in the afternoon recovered. We lost scarcely a man in this advance, as the enemy fired too high, and the balls all passed over the heads of our men. A num-

ber of prisoners were taken Skirmishing was kept up all night along the line, the pickets being not lated, let the war for the Union go on, my had taken a new position some dis-and the stars and stripes be bathed, if tance further back, where they had thrown up strong entrenchments du-ring the night, which they still held. The rbels in and around Richmond Governor Johnson retired amid loud are, therefore, restricted to the use and continued cheering, and the large of the Danville railroad, of the destruc-

crowd disnersed to their homes. tion of a part of which by Hunter we may hear at any moment. That rail-road is of different broad guage from WAR FOR THE UNION. all other Virginia railroads, and, there-

can be used upon it.

In a word, Grant, by his move Correspondence between General Foster south of the James, has cut Lee's rail communications in all directions, exand General Sam Jones-Federal Of ficers placed under Fire at Charleston. cept via Danville, which, as yet, are ncomplete and cannot be available Washington, June 20-The followfor the receipt of supplies for his army ng is the correspondence between from any considerable region of coun Ileadquarters Department of South Carolina, Georgia and Florida, try. In achieving this important re-sult he has placed Lee in a situation in which he must not long hence come out from behind his fortifications and GENTLEMEN : Five generals and for-

risk a battle on a fair field or abandon ty five field officers of the US army, Richmond and Petersburg. Washington, Friday June 24 .--- Gen

Grant's army occupies positions in Piney woods, upon the outskirts of Pe-tersburg, which were not long since of the Appomattox river, constructed the city occupied by non combatants, provious to the arrival of the advance the majority of whom are women and of our army to those points.

These positions entirely command the town of Petersburg and the railof the city which has for many months road communication through Petersburg-theonly one between Richmond and Weldon-the town being also com-Very respectfully, your obedient ervant, SAM JONES, manded by the enemy's works on the Major General Commanding. north side of the river, and, therefore To Major General J G Foster, comdg not to be occupied by us so long as those works remain in the hands of

United States forces on the coas the rebels. For all practical purposes our guns stop all continuous communications Headquarters Department of the by rail between Richmond and points South, Hilton Head, S C, June 16. south of Petersburg. Gen Batler has effectually destroy Major General Sam Jones, Comdg.

the Confederate forces, Department of South Carolina, Georgia and Florida. ed about three miles of the road be tween Petersburg and Richmond, twisting the rails so that they must be recast or recoiled before they can

hold the enemy thus by the throat at Petersburg, his camps being perfectly

ing on the James river for the protection of Richmond came down on Tues day as far as the vicinity of Dutch Gap, and threw some shells overland but they fell harmless. The rams are afraid to round the bend of Farrar on our monitors lying just below the

obstructions. The President found and left Gen Grant in the very best of spirits, and confident of a successful result;

WASHINGTON, June 25. The war department we learn today received information from Gen. Hunter's command, which, having fulfilled the mission upon which it was-the destruction of the Central railroad

in the vicinity of Stanton, and of the Gordonsville and Lynchburg railroad, and an important portion of the James river canal-is successfully moving to the point in Western Virginia, which Hunter was ordered to make for, after having done the work in the valley assigned to him. His losses have been smaller than was anticipated when he

set out. The services his little army have rendered are of great importance indeed and his losses of comparative insignificence. The steamer Keyport brought up

two rebel officers from City point, who were captured a few days ago, one a Colonel Baker, who commands a cavalry regiment, and the other a robel major who belonged to Gen. Lee's staff, He was caught in our lines, having in mistake enquired of our pickets for a rebel brigade. He was a bearer of lispatches from Lee to Beauregard. A dispatch from General Grant's

headquarters, received this forenoon, fore, no machinery adapted to them states that yesterday's Richmond papers say that a Union cavalry force

under Gen. Wilson, after tearing some miles of the Petersburg and Weldon railroad track, a considerable distance below Petersburg, moved next for the South Side railroad connecting Petersburg with Lynchburg, and were, on Thursday last, tearing that up al-

> We take it for granted that he was operating in the immediate vicinity of he junction or crossing of the South Side railroad and Richmond and Dan ville railroad, so that he may be able

at the same to tear up both roads as ar as possible.

Increase of Pay in the Army. WASHINGTON, June 22. The president has signed and ap-

proved the act to increase the pay of the soldiers in the United States Army. It provides that on and after the 1st of May last and during the continuance of the present rebellion the pay pe

month of the non-commissioned cers and privates in the military sorvice shall be as follows, viz : Sergeant Majors, \$26; Quartermasters and Commissary Sergeants of Ca-valry, Artillery and Infantry, \$20;

Sergeants of Ordnance, Sappers and Miners, and Pontoniers, \$34; Corporals of Ordnance, Sappers and Miners. and Pontoniers, \$20; Privates of En-gineors and Ordnance, of the first

lass, \$18, and of the second class, \$16; Corporals of Cavalry, Artillery and Infantry, \$18; Chief Buglers of Caval. ry, \$23; Buglers, \$16; Farriers an Blacksmiths of Cavalry, and Artificers of Artillery, \$18; Principal musicia

of Artillery and Infantry, \$22; lead-ers of brigade and regimental bands, \$75; Musicians, \$16; Hospital Stewards, of the first class, \$33. Hospital Stewards of second class, \$25. Hospital Steward, third class, \$23. All non-commissioned officers



A fine and large assortment always on AT LEWIS BOOK STORE.

AT LLOYD & HENRY'S is the

GO TO LLOYD & HENRY'S to buy good and cheap Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., &c.

CEMENT by the Barrel LLOYD & HENRYS' GRINDSTONES, Mowing & Cradling sols,1864 LLOYD & HENRY'S.

NAILS .- 200 kegs Nails for sale-at LLOYD & HENRY'S.

TISH.-200 barrels prime Fish, at city prices, at LLOYD & HENRYS. prices, nt

DROVISIONS .- Ham, Shoulder, Side Dried Beef. Dried Peaches and Apples. Clience, Pd Inters, Beans, Flour, Corn Meal, Lard, &c., &c., at jol5 LLOYD & HENRY'S.

BOAT "HERO" has just arrived with One argo of Dry Gook, Grocories, Boost and Shoey Gueensware, Hardware, Carpet, Oil Clothe, &c. which Will'be sold as a small advance above city prices are a LLOYD & HENRY'S.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY. THE undersigned having purchased from T. Newell his interest in the Alexan-dria Browery, the business will hereafter be corried on nuder the firm of E. O. COLDER & So to and old customers and the public general-by are informed that all orders will receive prompt attention. #27,1864

prompt attention. ap27,1864 W. M. MANN'S AXES, at old prices, at the Hardware store of JAS. A. BROWN.

HORSE HAY FORKS, for unload-ing Hay. J. A. BROWN, Hunting fori, is agent for the best Fork in the United States. Call soon, mat'ed

T. E. GREENE, DENTIST. DENTIST. Office removed to opposite the store of D. P. Gwin, in the square, Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa. April 13, 1864.

WAGONS & HARNESS for SALE. One 4 horse wagon aud one 2 horse wagon for Also, a lot of horse genra. W. B. ZEIGLER. intingdon, June 8-4t

## **U.** S. **REVENUE STAMPS**

FOR SALE AT LEWIS' BOOK STORES

HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

BOOKS. BOOKS. OKS. BULLAR. The subscriber would inform superintenues. All, schools and the public generally of Blair and singlon countles that he is prepared to supply Sab supply the publications of the American San with the publications of the American Sun well as with all the publications of the Am ociety at Catalogue prices. Orders prompi rican Tract Society a y altonded to by addr ounty, Ponna. (jo7-3m) J. H. FOCHT.

THIS WAY ! THIS WAY!

A NEW ARRIVAL OF BOOTS & SHOES, HATS, etc.

× D JOHN II. WESTBROOK informs the public that he has just received a new stock of BOOTS and SHOES of all al zes and kinds to suit everyboily. Also, Hats, Hostery, Shoe Findings, Morocco and Lin ing Skins, all of which will be sold at the lowest cash writes. Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old custo

hers and the public generally are invited to call... Huntingdon, June15, 1864. AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE TO SELL THE

Elegant Full Length Steel Plate Engraving 

PRESIDENT LINCOLN,

Signing the Emancipation Proclamation The best and only correct likeness

of this great man in existence. For particulars, address, JOHN DAINTY, PUBLISHER,

No 17 S. 6th St., Philada.

EASTWARD

FAST

10 R. H. Coryell, 23 Eb. M'Junkin, 11 Ed. Halliday, 12 Chas. F. Reed. 24 J. W. Blanch'rd

SLIGHTLY IN A MIX .-- It is amusing to read the so-called Democratic papers at the present time. Pick up one war platform. Another will not supform. Another thinks the "Democracy" could swallow Fremont's abolitionism and unite upon him as the or anybody, so that the outs can got in. To get in is what the robel sympathisers are after, and they will not be impossible for them to get much lowor than they are-meaner and more contemptible than the rebels in arms.

WHAT WILL TRAITORS NOT SAY .---Some scribbler concocted for the col-Union a story to the effect that the mother of Andy Johnson is in destitute circumstances, forced to carn a to be changed and amended to conliving by selling tripe in the streets of form to the wants, to the requirements Philadelphia. This silly story is now going the rounds of the Western press in which region it is supposed the lie uncontradicted will be successful for pability of self government, and feel mischief. The fact is that the mother unfit for the exercise of this great of Andy Johnson died in Greenville, right, go straight to rebeldom, take Tenn. in 1847, surrounded by every comfort which the love of a true son your necks. could bestow. Thus a silly story is by the traitor sheets.

THE so-called Democratic National ing of the Chicago National Convention to August 29th. It was to have "Democratic" ticket.

President Lincoln and wife vis-

batant population of Charleston would be removed with all possible celerity. That the women and children have Central Railroad. beeh since retained by you in the part make them available this season .-months exposed to fire is a matter decided by your own sense of humanity. l must, however, protest against your oners of war in a position exposed to railroads last referred to, renders it bombardment. It is an indefensible act of cruelty, and can be designed | table force northward. only to prevent the continuance of our fire upon Charleston. This, city is a Secretary Dana, who arrived last depot for military supplies, and con- night direct from Gen. Grant's head-

tains not merely arsonals, but, also, foundries and factories for the manu- ment he left there on Wednesday, our facture of munitions of war. In its entire loss in killed, wounded and misshipyard several armed ironclads have been already completed, while others been more than 10,000, while there is are still upon the stocks in course of construction. Its wharves and the the Rebels has been proportionately city are lined with batteries. To de-

The day stroy these means of continuing the front is that the army is in excellent war is therefere our object and duty. You seek to defeat this effort, and by means not known to honorable warfare, but by placing unarmed and helpless prisoners under fire. I have for warded your communication to the President with the request that he will ing and caressing, grant protection to place in my custody an equal number of prisoners of like grades to be kept with the condition of things, and con-by me in positions exposed to the fire firmed in his confidence in Grant's exby me in positions exposed to the fire f your guns as long as you continue the course stated in your communication.

> I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant, J. G. FOSTER,

Major General Commanding. D C WAGER, A A General.

THE WAR IN VIRGINIA. HEAD QR'S., ARMY OF THE POTOMAC June 23.

The attack upon the 2nd Corps on Wednesday, near the Weldon Railroad. did not result so disasterously as was

at first supposed. The line was formed by Barlow's division being on the left; Birney's [Gen. Mott in command] on the centre, and Gibbon's on the right. It was expected that the 6th corps

culties and sends. Maximilian off to Barlow, but it seems quite a gap was Mexico to set up a monarchy on our left, into which A. P. Hill's corps enborders. The day of reckoning is ap- tered, and before our men were aware President Lincoln and wife vis-ited the Sanitary Fair in Philadelphia on Thursday, the 16th inst. He had a warm reception. He had fields, plundered villages, a warm reception. The day of reckoning is ap-proaching. The day of reckoning is ap-proaching. The time is not far dis-tant when the rebellion will be put and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you be deviated fields, plundered villages, and cities; and therefore I urged you

toward the south, with, say twenty July 22d, 1861, shall have the prividays' supplies, compelling Lee to fol- lego of re-enlisting for a torm of three low him and risk heavy engagements years in their respective organizations on-unfortified ground, as he must if possible prevent the eventual total de-struction of his rail communication privates so re-enlisting, shall be entiiled to the bounty mentioned in the On the north side of the James riv-

January 13th, 1864. er. Hunter and Sheridan have effected In all cases where the Government shall furnish transportation and subsistence to discharged officers and soldiers, from the place of original musroad communications north, the rail ter into the service, they shall not be rood to Lynchburg and the Virginia entitled to travel, pay or commuta-He cannot again tion of subsistence.

They have also consumed and destroyed all the supplies remaining in Virn the Regular Army since the comginia in the valley between the two Annas and Washington city, which, Lieutenant General, six Major Generals and twenty two Brigadier Generals; and eighteen of all grades are now impossible for Lee to send any respecin the service, viz: One Lieutenant General, three Major Generals and

We have the authority of Assistant quarters, stating that up to the mopointed Brigadier Generals, of whom sing since crossing the James has not 207 are now acting as such. There are 70 Major Generals at this time in little reason to doubt that the loss of the service.

105 "Our childron will have the im-The tenor of information from the nense tax on their hands," said an American gentleman. "Ob, horrible !" spirits, and that everything looks hopeful. The greatest drawback exexclaimed an elderly lady, "what a plessing it is that we have nails on perienced by our brave boys is from ours !" the heat and the dust, which is said to be beyond all their past experience

DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. DALLY IS IN ALOUS IN CAREAU [Estate of Hugh M. Parker, docd.] Litters of administration upon the estate of Hugh M. Parker, late of Jackson tp., Huntingdon county, ded having been granted to the undersigned, all persons in-debied to the estate will make payment and those baring debied to the estate will make payment and those baring in oppressiveness. The President returned yesterday

from his visit to the front, satisfied alms will present them for settlement. LIBERTY J. PARKER, Administrator 1+22. 1864\_61\* traordinary qualities as a commander ADMINIS'I'RATOR'S NOTICE. Estate of Jesse Gorsuch, dec'd.] Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of Jesse Gorsuch, late of Oneida township, deceased. All persons knowing themselves indubted to raid estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them prop-erly authonticated, for settlement. NATUAN GORSUCH. Mr. Lincoln was accompanied by Can Fox, Assistant Secretary of the Navy and Col. Chadwick, of Willard's Ho tel, who acted as chief caterer of the Presidential party. He was received at City Point by Gen. Grant, and con-May 25-6t ducted to the Lieutenant General's UMMER RESORT.headquarters. After partaking of re-

freshments, the President and Capt. BROAD TOP MOUNTAIN HOUSE. Fox accompanied Gen. Grant to the BROAD TOP CITY. HUNTINGDON COUNTY, PENNA

front, a distance of ten miles. On Wednesday the President and party visited General Butler's headquarters, and under the escort of the General and staff rode to the extreme right of his lines, near Farrar's Island on the James river, and within sight and good range of a rebel battery on-ly 1,900 yards off. This battery is on the south side of the James, just above the obstructions placed in the river by order of Gen. Grant.

On Tuesday this battery opened up on our extreme right, without doing any damage, when one of our moni is Both Coupon and Registered Bonds are issued, of the same denominations as the U. S. 5-20's [jel5-1m\*]

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD. TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. joint resolution of Congress, approved WESTWARD. A WARD BALL NO. CONTRACT OF CO 
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 ji men. The total number of Generals nencement of the war is 29, viz: One fourtoen Brigadier Generals. In the Volunteer force, 108 have been appointed Major Generals, including the promotion of 91 Brigadier Generals, and 477 have been ap-

NATHAN GORSUCH,

CHAS. M. ALLMOND.

S. 10-40 LOAN.

The PAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 1 20 A. The ENIGRANT TRAIN Westward leaves N. Hamfl-on at 10 30 A. M. and arrives at Huntingdon, 11 25 A M. HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.—CHANGE OF SCHEDULE. On and after Monday, May 23, 1864, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows : DOWN TRAINS. UP TRAINS. STATIONS Morn's | Evon's Even'g | Morn'g AND A. M. A. M. P. M. 1 P. M. SIDINGS LE 5 40 LE 6 00 G 08 G 24 G 38 G 45 G 56 7 01 AR 7 15 AR LR 7 25 LE 7 45 7 53 30 Huntingdon, 50 McConnellato 10 24 8 39 10 16 8 22 10 00 8 06 9 42 7 52 9 35 7 45 9 23 7 33 9 20 7 30 9 05 LE 7 15 14 Marklesburg, 8 28 Coffee Inn, ..... 8 35 Rough & Ready, 8 46 Cove, ...... 8 50 Fisher's Summit 9 05 Saxton, ..... 9 40 Riddlesburg..... 9 48 Hopewell..... 8 33 6 43 8 26 6 3 BEDFORD RAIL ROAD. 8 49 10 44 Bloody Run,..... 8 53 AR 10 45 Mount Dallas, ... SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH. 9 25 Saxton,..... AB 8 00 AR 6 50

7 45 7 35 LE, 7 30 LI 7 40 9 40 Coalmont,... 7 45 9 45 Grawford, ... 7 55 AR 9 55 Dudley, ..... Broad Top City,..... Huntingdon, May 23, 1864. JAS. LEWIS, Supr.'

READING RAIL ROAD.

X

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

**NREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE** T. North and North-West for Philadelmia, New-one, Readino, Portsville, Lenanon, Allentôwn, Elaron, C., M., Traina lente Manping for Dru spingte New York

This Hotel, one of the fluest in the interior of Pennsyl-vania, is now open for the reception of guests. The TABLE will always be supplied with the choicest and most wholesome Provisions the market affords. The STABLING bolonging to this House, is good and extensive, and will be supplied with the best provender, and attended by careful hostlers. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

Trains leave Portrevillent 6.15 A. M., and 2.30 P. M., for Pail.ADELPHA., IlARRISONE and NEW-YORK. An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves Realing at 80 A. M., and repurse from Philabelphata at 600 P. M., Agar All the above trains run uhily, sundays excepted A Sunday train leaves Portraville at 7.30 A. M., and PAILADELPHIA at 3.16 P. M. Consuration, Milleaoz, Beason, and Excussion Tickies i reduced rates to and from all points. 60 pounds Baggage

CHAS. M. ALLMOND & CO., Managers. L. B. NEGLEY AP All other county papers insert one month and end bill to Broad Top for collection. [je32-1m B. The First National Bank of Huntingdon, Pa., is utilorized to receive subscriptions to the new Govern-nent or 10-40 years Loau. This Loan bears five per cent uterest per annum, payable in COIN-phil yearly on all nonds over \$100, and yearly on bonds of \$100 or \$50; and he bonds are redeemable any time after ten years, at the leasure of the Government, and payable forty years after late.

allowed each Passenger. G. A. NICOLLE, General Superintenden May. 2, 1864.