

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Sept. 30, 1863.

Another Raid on Pennsylvania Threatened.

Lee Urged to Advance to Help the Democracy.

If any one has doubted heretofore that there is a complete and thorough understanding between the Southern traitors and their Northern allies now striving to elect Judge Woodward in this State, let them read the following editorial from the Richmond *Examiner*, the acknowledged organ of Jeff Davis. If, after reading such evidence of the guilty complicity of the leaders North and South to break up the Government of our fathers, there are any remaining unconvinced, they deserve to be denounced as parties consenting to the diabolical plot. Are our people willing again to see our borders invaded by Lee's invading hosts? If so, let them at once come forth and boldly proclaim that they favor the rebel cause and the rebel conspirators. This would be the manly course, even tho' it covered them with confusion and eternal shame. Read this precious article, and see how thoroughly anxious the rebels are to help elect Judge Woodward Governor of Pennsylvania: "THE ROAD TO REAG?"

[From the Richmond *Examiner*, Sep. 7.] The approaching session of the United States Congress will be one of no ordinary interest. During its deliberations, the Presidential campaign of 1864 will be marked out. Political parties will, in the next session of Congress, arrange the platform of principles that each will advocate before the people, as well as unmask the gross corruptions that war has produced. The contest for the speakership of the House of Representatives will be one of great excitement; if the Democrats are successful, their speaker will have the arrangement and appointment of the various committees which prepare business for the House, as well as all those investigating committees on the conduct of the war, the committee on contracts, the suppression of newspapers, and the arrest and imprisonment of individuals.

The reports of these committees will form the groundwork of the next Presidential campaign. Should Meade be driven into Washington, and the capital of the United States be captured by the Confederate army, the conduct of the war will receive such a blow from which neither Vicksburg nor Port Hudson will relieve it. If the Administration should find its army in the third year of the war shut up in Washington, Mr. Lincoln's message would be deprived of all its glorification over the summer campaign. His management of military affairs will stand a confessed failure, and his unfitness for the position of Commander-in-Chief will become patent to every man. Of what avail will the capture of Vicksburg and Port Hudson, and the seizure of Charleston prove, if Meade, driven into Washington, is unable to rescue the capital from the insults of a beleaguering army? In vain will Halleck point to Grant, and Gilmore if the army of the Potomac is forced to march under the fortifications of Washington, and cover before the advance of Lee. The friends of McClellan will assail the administration for more shameful failures than those for which he was dismissed; they will point to the besieging army, and ask for the proofs of the victory at Gettysburg; they will inquire into the "escape" of Lee; and, parading the administration accounts of the battle of Gettysburg, ask why Lee was not lagged? Meade besieged in Washington will be inconceivably unpopular with the household perpetrating upon the public.

Should General Lee cross into Maryland, the embarrassment of Lincoln would increase; his victorious army, unable to take the field and adorned with the reputation of Sharpsburg and Gettysburg, would be compelled to remain in Washington, while General Lee marched whithersoever he wished into Maryland and Pennsylvania.

The success of the Democratic party would be no longer doubtful. General Lee once advance on Meade. Parties in the United States are so nearly balanced that the least advance in favor of one will insure the success. Should the Confederate army remain quiescent on the banks of the Rappahannock, the household brigades of Lee and Hancock would be crushed, and Lincoln and Halleck will point in triumph to the crippled condition of the Confederate army as confirmation of the great victory won in Pennsylvania. The Democrats unable to gather such evidence, will be constrained to enter the contest for Speakership where of the principal part of their strength—the disgrace mismanagement and conduct of the year.

Gen. Lee must turn politician as well as warrior, and we believe that he will prove the most successful politician the Confederacy ever produced. He may so move and direct his army as to produce political results which, in their bearing upon this war, will prove more effectual than the bloodiest victories. Let him drive Meade into Washington, and he will again raise the spirits of the Democrats, confirm their timid, and give confidence to the warring. He will embolden the Peace party should he again cross the Potomac, for he will show the people of Pennsylvania how little security they have from Lincoln for the protection of their homes.

It matters not whether this advance be made for purposes of permanent occupation, or simply for a grand raid; it will demonstrate that, in the third year of the war, they are so far from the subjugation of the Confederate States that the defence of Maryland and Pennsylvania has not been secured.

A fall campaign in Pennsylvania, with the hands of our soldiers united, not for indiscriminate plunder—demonstrating and undisciplining the army, but a campaign for a systematic and organized retaliation and punishment,

would arouse the popular mind to the uncertainty and insecurity of Pennsylvania. This would react upon the representatives in Congress strengthening the Democrats, and mollifying even to the hard shell of fanaticism itself. The damages which the last campaign inflicted, if augmented by another this fall, when presented to the Lincoln Government, would unless paid, greatly exasperate the people against an administration which neither defends the State, nor reimburses its citizens for losses which its own imbecility has produced. And if these damages are paid the debt is increased, the taxes raised, and the burdens imposed will accomplish the same end.

Let the great and important fact be constantly kept in a tangible and threatening aspect before the people of Pennsylvania, that, notwithstanding they have opened the Mississippi, and are besieging Charleston, and threatening East Tennessee, and Georgia, and Alabama, that notwithstanding all this, Pennsylvania is not safe from invasion, and Washington city is in peril, because of the policy of the war. The road to peace lies through Pennsylvania via Washington. Loyal voters of Pennsylvania, is the above not sufficient evidence to satisfy you that Jeff Davis' army of traitors are working in harmony with the treasonable bogus Democratic organization in the North to destroy this Government. Can you vote for Woodward and still claim to be a Union man? We think not.

A JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING CERTAIN AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution, in accordance with the tenth article thereof: There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, to read: Section 4. Whereas any of the qualified electors of any State, under a regulation from the President of the United States, shall have been elected to either of the Houses of Congress, who, upon the expiration of his term of office, shall have been elected to either of the Houses of Congress, shall be entitled to the right of suffrage in all elections by the qualified electors of the State in which he was elected, and shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges, in any case, when the suffrage is exercised upon the basis of the census of the United States, as if he had been elected to the same office at the time of the census.

JOHN CRESSNA,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN F. PENNEY,
President of the Senate.

Office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth.
HARRISBURG, July 1, 1863.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS:
I do hereby certify that the foregoing and annexed articles, together with a full and correct copy of the same, as they appear in the Constitution of the Commonwealth, and as the same remain on file in this office.

In Testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of the Commonwealth, at Harrisburg, this 7th day of July, 1863.

MUSKINGUM VALLEY
Market and Third Streets,
ZANESVILLE, OHIO.

WE ARE NOW FULLY PREPARED TO RECEIVE AND MAKE UP ORDERS FOR THE MOST IMPROVED STYLES AND PATTERNS, AND THE MOST MODERN MACHINES, AND ALL THE LATEST AND MOST IMPROVED PATTERNS. We respectfully request those who intend to purchase to send us the names of the makers of the machinery, and the names of the makers of the patterns, and we will make up the orders accordingly. We have a large stock of the most improved patterns, and we will make up the orders accordingly. We have a large stock of the most improved patterns, and we will make up the orders accordingly.

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A fall campaign in Pennsylvania, with the hands of our soldiers united, not for indiscriminate plunder—demonstrating and undisciplining the army, but a campaign for a systematic and organized retaliation and punishment,

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

STATIONS	WESTWARD	EASTWARD
HUNTINGDON	7:30 A.M.	12:30 P.M.
CLAYTON	8:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
ALTOONA	8:30 A.M.	1:30 P.M.
PHILADELPHIA	9:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.

HUNTINGDON & BRODLOP RAILROAD.

STATIONS	UP TRAINS	DOWN TRAINS
HUNTINGDON	7:30 A.M.	12:30 P.M.
CLAYTON	8:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
ALTOONA	8:30 A.M.	1:30 P.M.
PHILADELPHIA	9:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.

READING RAIL ROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

STATIONS	UP TRAINS	DOWN TRAINS
HUNTINGDON	7:30 A.M.	12:30 P.M.
CLAYTON	8:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
ALTOONA	8:30 A.M.	1:30 P.M.
PHILADELPHIA	9:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.

TO ARMS!
SIMON COHN,
AT OFFICE RUN STATION,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

WAR FOR THE UNION.
NEW ORLEANS, St. LOUIS, MEMPHIS, MOBILE, &c.
TARKIN—ASHBY SLAIN, AND THE BACK-
BONES OF "REBEK" BROUEN

Wh. MARCH & BROTHER,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,
ON HILL STREET,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

FOR PRESENTS
TO PLEASE AND INSTRUCT
YOUR CHILDREN,
CALL AT D. P. GWIN'S if you want
CARPET Sacks and Fancy Baskets at
GWIN'S.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS.
J. D. CAMPBELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Office on the Bank Row, nearly opposite the Court House.
[April 15, 1863]

J. H. O. CORBIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Office on Hill Street.
Huntingdon, Jan. 14, 1863-4.

R. ALLISON MILLER,
DENTIST.
Has removed to the Bank Row opposite the Court House.
April 15, 1863.

WILLIAM AFRICA
HAS AGAIN COMMENCED THE
BOOT AND SHOEMAKING,
ON THE EAST OF H. HOLLAND CLOTHING STORE.
His old customers and the public generally, will give him a call.
[Huntingdon, Oct. 25, 1863]

J. E. GREENE,
DENTIST.
Office removed to opposite the Exchange
C. BARSTOW,
April 7, 1863.

THE JACKSON HOTEL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
J. MORRISON, Proprietor

W. M. LEWIS,
Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready
Made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. JOHN McCULLOUGH, offers his
professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon
and vicinity. Office on Hill street, near corner of
Drug Store. Aug. 25, 1863.

PENS! PENS!!
GET THE BEST!
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST!
C. BARNARD'S
Celebrated "Corrugated Metal" Pens
ARE FOR SALE
AT LEWIS BOOK STORE,
Agent for the county.

Prices—25 cts. per dozen or \$2 per gross.
THE "CORRUGATED METAL"
PENS, made by C. BARNARD, are the best
and most durable pens ever made. They
are used by all the principal banks and
Government Departments, Public Schools,
and all the great business concerns of the
United States and Canada.

C. BARNARD'S PENS
have been introduced into the United States, with a
marked preference by the public, and for the
reasons: The "Corrugated Metal" PENS do not
corrupt; they will not rust; they will not
break; they have an easy gliding motion, a certainty
of writing, and a uniformity of penmanship.

Having tried the corrugated pens made by Mr. Barnard,
I can recommend them as the best I have ever
used. SAMUEL L. BRINKER,
Commander-in-Chief, New York.

We have used the pens of Mr. Barnard, and find them
to be the best we have ever used. W. H. HUGHES,
Clerk, New York.

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WHAT EVERYBODY WANTS.
EVERYBODY'S LAWYER
AND
COUNSELLOR IN BUSINESS
BY FRANK CROFT,
OF THE PHILADELPHIA BAR.

27th Feb. How to draw up Partnership Papers and
give general forms for Assurances of all
kinds. 25 cts. per copy.

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