be in its possession, viz: pounder rifled howitzer, 750 lbs., Dahl- performance of it. small howitzer gans, 12 pounders, with der rified howitzer. Dahlgreen; one 12 pounder smooth bore, 750 lbs., Dahl-green; 2 field commission to report upon the availability of and Hudson Canal green; 2 field carriages for ditto; 2 the site and also of New London. 672.884 rounds musket and rifle car-

tridges.
The foregoing does not include the arms and equipments that have been possession.

For the details of military operations ports of the Adjutant General, Quartermaster General, Commissary General, Surgeon General, and the Chief of

message.
In regard to the election of officers in the Reserve Corps and the recruit-ment of the regiments of that corps safe from hostile attack by its position. proceedings are now pend and of our other gallant regiments of volunteers, I propose to send a special of Philadelphia, at my request, and message in a few days, as I desire to without compensation, has made a retreat these subjects somewhat at large, and to submit to the Legislature some documents relating to them.

By the thirteenth section of the act of May 15th, 1861, I was authorized to draw my warrants on the treasury for a sum not exceeding twenty thousand had drawn from the treasury eight thousand five hundred dollars, and had paid out up to the 1st of December, 1861, six thousand four hundred, when my account was settled. Since that time I have drawn two thousand dollars from the treasury, part of which, with the balance in my hands, has been expended in the payment of members of my personal staff in service

and during the raid in October last. Auditor General.

ty of this place, and I recommend the attention of the Legislature to the sub-

that provision be made for procuring carriages, caissons, and other equipments for them. The liberal donors are entitled to the thanks of the Commonwealth for their patriotic gift.

promptly taken for the relief of our scarcely any evil effects from the trousers and wounded men in the field.— bled state of the country. Absence of serve the Government, and to main-The wounded at Winchester, Stras- the usual degree of progress in the va- tain the unity of the country. burg, Front Royal, Williamsburg, and rious departments is the only result Fair Oaks, and those in the corps of Major General Banks were duly attended on the field or in the vicinity which, in common with all our great The Loss in Negley's Division in by Surgeon General Smith and a corps of surgeons under his direction, and been subjected, is the strongest proof same system would have been contin- it possesses upon the affections as well ued, but in June last, I received a let- as the judgment of the people of the ter from the Surgeon General of the United States, representing that it was found inconvenient to the service, and in some parts of the State a system must create difficulties in the regular exists of paying the wages of workidentification of the soldiers for pay and pensions.

system, but I have not ceased to urge into the State, where they can be nursed and cared for by their friends, and rangement was made with the authorities at Washington, which it was practical operation, that I recommend the Legislature to invite the attention of the War Department to the subject. sympathy and aid of their State, to be so rendered as not to injure the service. ded could produce even inconvenience the abundant comforts which the solicitude of their families and friends | ject to the Legislature for prompt and | Nashville, and thence to Louisville for | Cambria and Huntingdon, for 1863 .would rejoice to provide for them.

In addition to the expenses of at tending and bringing home our sick institutions to which the Legislature and wounded as above stated, I have expended less than \$4000 in the trans- have been well managed during the portation of friends of sick, killed, or past year. wounded volunteers, and other persons sent by me for their care to the seve- hands of the receiver. Certain eredi- THE WAIT ral battle-fields and hospitals, and in tors of the company have instituted bringing home for interment the hodies of those slain. The whole expense | selling the canal under the mortgage. incurred under the joint resolution was The Attorney General has intervened five thousand one hundred and nine in the suit to oppose the making of a November, 1775, as follows: teen dollars and eighty-three cents, decree of sale. No decree has been the details of which will be found in made, and the proceedings are yet

allowed the expense of transportation of one person to the field to bring home formation has been filed in the Sument on the Continent? Would it not the expense of his return with the body. The cost of this has not exceeded or such charges and assessments as active against us? Why should persons position, in numerous instances, made

ry accourrements: 1.603,938 rounds of to their suffering fellow citizens, disa-thousand dollars, and the annual intbled by the casualties of war. Not erest on the mortgage bonds of the In addition to the above, the following military property of the city of the c Philadelphia is reported by the "Home ery part of the Commonwealth thous-

Guard of the city of Philadelphia," to be in its possession, viz:

ands have applied their means and excretions to the same end; and especial-Six 20 pounder Parrot rifled guns; 2 ly have the women of Pennsylvania, proper cashier's bonds, to recover the 10 pounder Prussian rifled gans; 1 10 obeying their true womanly instincts, pounder English rifled gan; 12 caissons shown that they are worthy to be the Bank of Commerce at Eric, and 1 for 20 pounder Parrot rifled guns; two mothers, wives and sisters of the brave have employed John II. Walker, Esq., eaissons for 10 pounder Prussian rifled men, whom they have stimulated to as special counsel for the Common guns, with tools and stores; 1 12 pounder ridge and southed and nursed in der rifled howitzer, Dahlgreen; one 12 the sufferings that have ensued the cers of the bank in the Court of Quar-

The city of Philadelphia having pariages, tools and stores; 195 saddles; of the commission have reported in layer at Sanbury, in October last. I27 saddles, with traces, breast strap, layer of New London, but the minorial By an Act bassed on the 16th of

127 saddles, with traces, breast strap, favor of New London, but the minority of Saddles, incomplete; 2,296 muskets and rifles; 200 pistols and 124 holsters; 1,997 rounds of shot and shell; tary of the Navy, showing so conclusions and shell; the community, in occupients.

By an Act passed on the 16th day of May, 1861, a company was incorporated by the name of the Navy Yard, his country as by sustaining the Flay, the Broad street and Fairmount railway Constitution and the Union, under all circumissued to the several regiments of the for the construction of iron-clad ves- a railroad of a different charter by a Home Guard, and which are in their sels at a point remote from all necessary supplies, situated on salt water, and accessible by more than one route and of statistics, I refer you to the Re- to any enemy who may have a momentary superiority at sea, would apwisdom of Congress, especially when a Transportation, which accompany this site is offered convenient to iron, coal, charter, and has also filed an informaand other necessary supplies, situated on fresh water with a sufficient depth

Capt. Henry E. Wrigley, of the city port to me on the defences of the Delaware, which I berewith transmit for

In July last, I received at Pittsa sum not exceeding twenty trousing as a sum not exceeding twenty trousing as a sum not exceeding twenty trousing trousing as a sum not exceeding twenty trousing trousing as a sum not exceeding twenty trousing trousing trousing as a sum not exceeding twenty trousing trousing trousing trousing trousing as a sum not exceeding twenty trousing tro country in a military capacity. At authority to accept it on behalf of the constitutional. Penusylvania has sent the date of my last annual message, I | public, and was unwilling to undertake | to the service about two hundred thous. | His mad was up. Ife was named in which is annexed to this message.

If the Legislature should accept the plied towards the erection of an asylum for our disabled soldiers, and that suffrage to the citizens who are thus when I required assistance, and in pro- the trustees appointed to superintend excluded. curing information, and to persons em- the erection and management of the ployed when the State was threaten- asylum, be authorized to accept such speaking of the unbroken loyalty and ed these two prominent candidates du- Henco, the necessity of a Photograph ed with invasion in September, 1862, further contributions as our citizens and during the raid in October last.

An account of these expenditures will be found on file in the office of the that the pensions to be allowed by the Government to the men, will enable Under the act of 20th April, 1858, it them to support themselves with comis my intention to take early measures for the sale of the powder magazine in on the second day of July, 1862, lands will never tolerate schemes for destroy the city of Philadelphia. The powder | were granted to the several States for magazine at Harrisburg is not judici- the endowment, support and mainten. States, or for forming separate Confedously located. A State powder maga- ance by each State of at least one col- cracies, or any other schemes for crezine ought, in my judgment, to be lege for teaching such branches of ating general confusion and ruin, and erected on a suitable site in the vicini-

common school system, during the contrary, they will, (as is their right,) ter." The same happy application of Under the joint resolutions of 28th of February, 1862, measures were school year that terminated on the insist that competent Integrity, Earfirst Monday in June, 1862, manifest nestness, Intellect and Vigor shall be social interests and enterprises, it has were brought into this State. The of its inherent vigor, and of the hold

State. It has come to my knowledge that men and laborers not in money, but in orders on storekeepers for merchan I compliance with his views, I was disc and other articles. This system, reluctantly obliged to discontinue the by preventing all competition, leaves the men to the uncontrolled discretion on the War Department the propriety of the storekeepers. It is a system of sending our sick and wounded men most unwise and unjust, and it affects classes of useful citizens, who, as they live by the proceeds of their daily la have to say that at length such an ar- bor, have not adequate means to resist I have no doubt that most of the difficulties which occasionally occur hoped would be effective, but there has between employers and their workmen

been such tardiness in putting it into are due to the prevalence of this sys tem. That every man for a fair day's labor should receive a fair day's wages, is but the dictate of a common hon-Our suffering men have a right to the esty; and while it would be most unwise for the State to interfere at all with the rate of wages, it is in my If the bringing them home to be atten- judgment, incumbent on her to protect her laboring population by requito that, I would not urge it. But it is ring that whatever may be the wages cruel to leave them to the care and (I stipulated, they shall be so paid that their wounds are frightful, and most regret to say it) frequently to the neg-lect or worse, of strange officials, at for himself and his family where they I learn that the town of Lavergue has for himself and his family where they I learn that the town of Lavergne has points in the immediate vicinity of all can be had best and cheapest. I do been accidentally burned down; so the abundant comforts which the soli- most carnestly recommend this sub- rebel wounded will have to be sent to

> I believe that the several charitable has been accustomed to grant aid,

effectual action.

The Wyoming Canal is still in the proceedings in the Supreme Court for the report of the Surgeon General and pending. Meanwhile, it being alleged the present contest but our own of the Chief of Transportation.

that the present grad the present contest but our own that the subscribers and stockholders strength, care, firmness and union, ty-six cents (8150.476 96) for the Gov-I have uniformly, when applied to, have paid up but a small part of the the body of his friend or relation, and preme Court by the Attorney General, be prudent to seize on those torics who \$600, which is included in the sum of may be necessary to extinguish the who are preging upon the vitals of their

In pursuance of the joint resolution passed April 11th, 1862, the Attorney denoral has issued proceedings on the

ter Sessions of Eric county.

In accordance with the provisions To Pennsylvania Coal Company. The small 12 pounder howitzers, with car the general astonishment, a majority case was argued before the Supreme

sively the superiority of League Isl- company. It being alleged that the and that it is scarcely possible that company, instead of making a railway Congress should hesitate to select that on the route and in the manner prelocation. To establish a Navy Yard scribed by its charter, is constructing route, extending from the Philadelphia Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad depot to the Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad depot, both within the city of Philadelphia, the Attorney General pear to be quite inconsistent with the has proceeded against the company wisdom of Congress, especially when a by quo warranto for the violation of its tion for the purpose of restraining the company from proceeding in the construction of their road. Both these sentatives. Both candidates were on

proceedings are now pending. By the act of 29th March, 1813, it was provided that citizens absent from home in actual military service, gates and honest Albert Owen were might exercise their right of suffrage as if they were present at the usual places of election. This act was substantially re-enacted in the general burg, by telegraph, an offer from the election law passed on the 2d of July, Penusylvania Railroad Company, of a 1839. The Supreme Court has recent-1839. The Supreme Court has recent-

the disbursement of the fund in my and citizens, who, by this decision, are private capacity. I have since received a letter on the subject from the measure—that men who testify their place in caucus. He told company suggesting other modes of devotion to the country by going to all manner of hard stories about Speer, disposing of the money, a copy of the field should thereby lose the most which is annexed to this message. ommend that the necessary steps be for papers to prove that Speer was not no excuse for a neglect to gratify a donation, I recommend that it be ap- forthwith commenced to amend the constitution; so as to give the right of

> I cannot close this message without sirit of the freemen of Pennsylvania. They feel that on the preservation of the Union and the suppression of the most causeless and wicked rebellion which history records, depend the honor, the interests and the whole future welfare of the Commonwealth. They ing the Government of the United

This State has furnished more me ject.

In September last two batteries of rifled cannon were presented to the Commonwealth by a committee of citizens of Philadelphia, through S. V. Merrick, Esq., which are now in the Arsenal in that city. I recommend that Congress be requested to allow the lands and their proceeds to be that provision be made for procuring. for the defence of our institutions, and

> A. G. CURTIN. EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, Harrisburg, Jan. 7, 1863. Tennessee.

A correspondent of the Press sends the following:

Murfreesboro, Jan. 9.—From official the total loss in Gen. Negley's divis- alew, of Montour county, received a ion, comprising killed, wounded and missing, is one thousand three hundred and fifty-six, (1,356.)

Seventy-ninth Regiment of Pennsylva- a large majority. The election takes nia Volunteers is three hundred killed, wounded and missing; over half of the regiment are lost. Gen. Rosecrans has taken occasion to compliment the ballot, the contest will be exciting .colonel and his men personally for their | The Republicans did not make a nomconspicuous and unflagging courage ination on Monday night.

The Seventy-eighth Regiment loses twenty two killed, one hundred and ten wounded and twenty-six missing. The Seventy-first Regiment (Pennsylvania Cavalry) lost fourteen altogether, killed, wounded and missing. The Pennsylvania troops all behaved

splendidly. The loss of the rebels increases every day. Two thousand wounded Confederates were sent to Lavergne, from here, but they cannot be moved, as

treatment General Rosecrans' headquarters were, to-day, removed to the house of Hon. James Ready, near this place, where John Hamilton Morgan, the noted guerilla, was married some days

IY WASHINGTON DEALT WITH TRAITORS,

George Washington wrote to Gov. Jonathan Trumbull, of Connecticut, in "As it is now very apparent that

we have nothing to depend upon in should not the same measures be adopless than \$4,000, above stated.

In this connection I must speak with applicate of the active benevolence of our citizens, who have without compensation devoted their time and care in the canal during the last season, have been about one hundred and thirty in the canal during the last season, have been about one hundred and thirty in the canal during the last season, have consideration."

In this connection I must speak with add due to the Commonwealth. This country be suffered to shulk at large, while to country be suffered to shulk at large, while to country be suffered to shulk at large, while to country be suffered to shulk at large, while to country be suffered to shulk at large, while to country be suffered to shulk at large, while to country be suffered to shulk at large, while to country be suffered to shulk at large, while to country be suffered to shulk at large, while to country be suffered to shulk at large, while to country be suffered to shulk at large, while to country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large, while to country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shulk at large. While the country be suffered to shul

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA. Wednesday morning, Jan. 14, 1863.



stances, and under every Administration. REGARDLESS OF PARTY POLITICS, AGAINST ALL ASSAILANTS, AT HOME AND ABROAD."-STEPHEN A. Douglas.

R. Milton Speer and David Caldwell were both candidates from this place ture. The two would-be State' delealso on hand. The contest commencolate their pledge in caucus. He told and even telegraphed to Huntingdon own political family in the contest for ly Record," for the display and propnounced as a full blooded Abolitionist. graphs of the family, or of friends and The mistake Dave made was in allow- others, which for beauty of design and ing the bogus delegates to have an in- completeness of execution, has never fluence with members of the House | yet been equalled. They are adapted who are candidates for Governor. It to the pocket of the traveler, or the is rumored that Caldwell intends to parlor and centre table of every home, withdraw his stock from the Monitor | and are so useful as well as so pretty, establishment, and join in with his that wherever one is introduced, more friends to start another new parely are sure to follow. They are, indeed,

€ A Richmond paper commenting on General Bragg's defeat and flight after boasting of a victory over Roseby the wiles of masked enemies or the crans, quotes the proverb: "Bragg is a good dog, but Hold-fast is a betthe saying has been made protty generally in the Army of the Cumberland, and General Rosecrans is now called by his soldiers, "Old Holdfast." The designation will cling to him as that of "Old Hickory" did to Gen. Jackson, and that of "Old Rough and Ready" to General Taylor.

United Spates Senator.—A caucus of Democratic Senators and members of the House met on Monday night, eturns it has been ascertained that and on the 6th ballot, Charles A. Buckmajority of the votes, and was declared the nomince. The traitor Hughes The total loss in Col. Hambright's was handsomely laid upon the shelf by place to-day (Tuesday)—the Democrats having but one majority on joint

THE Governor of Michigan in his message delivered on Wednesday last, alluding to the emancipation proclamation, which is heartily endorsed, he says: " we are about to strike hands with the entire loyal population of the South, whether white or black. We shall no longer respect the claim of a white traitor to compel black loyalists here, yesterday. Many more are left to aid him in destroying the Govern-

> Hox. Samuel Calvin, of Hollidaysburg, has been appointed Revenue Commissioner for the counties of Blair. The Board will meet in Harrisburg at the call of the State Treasurer, get mileage and \$2,00 per day, and may continue their session thirty days, but ker Boards, and a great variety of othno longer.

Frauds on the Government.

During the last four months, says a Washington correspondent, Colonel Baker, provost marshal of the War ernment, which, but for his efforts, would have been lost. This includes fraudulent contracts, stolen fire arms,

THE OLD FRANKLIN ALMANAC FOR

Soldiers' Aid Society, Huntingdon.

On Monday, 5th January, two box s were packed, to be forwarded to the 110th Regt., P. V., containing shirts, stockings, bandages, candles, corn-starch, dried fruit, butter, onions,

The following donations have been eccived :- From the Misses Stewart, of Coleraine, \$5,00; Messrs. Blair and Port, five lbs. stocking yarn: Also, donations in cash from Mrs. Elizabeth Miller, Mrs. Charles Miller, Mrs. John Watson, Mr. John Miller. From our merchants-Messrs Fisher, Gwin, Cunningham, Strouse, stockings. For sale of Reports of Ladies' Aid of Philadelphia, \$3,00. From Mrs. Protesman of McConnelstown, dried fruit. Spruce \$3,00. From Mrs. Protesman, Creek, a web of muslin which will be made into shirts for another box .-Further contributions are needed and solicited. Jan. 10th, 1863.

· Negro Troops.

At a convention of the colored men of the District of Columbia held on Friday night, Rev. Mr. Perry announced that the President had authorized A FAMILY QUARREL.-A political him to raise a regiment of colored men. family quarrel is sometimes interest-The meeting was very enthusiastic, ing, and often very amusing. Our and the negroes declared that they readers will remember that we an- were willing and determined their own nounced some three week's ago that and the country's enomies-the rebels —shall be erushed.

FOR GOVERNOR .- The Democratic County Convention of Montgomery county instructed the delegates to dihand at the meeting of the Legisla- vide their votes between Hon. Jacob Fry and Wm. II, Witee, for Governor.

We were visited by a snow on Sated-Owen, Petrikin and Miller throw- urday last, which finally turned into ing their influence as editor and dele. | slush and froze, making the pavements gates in favor of Speer-throwing and sidowalks slippery, thus endanger-Caldwell's claims overboard. Speer ing the limbs of those who walked our in the constitutional amendments of the influence of Cessna & Co. But fall, but no serious accident occurred.

REBEL FLAG.-We have had exhibited to us a large rebel flag taken from a house in Fredericksburg and sent home by Sergt. Maj. Wm. Cunningham

Риотодкари Pictures are now taken so neatly, and are so cheap, as to leave sound on the goose;" but all would relation or friend by leaving one's pornot do; Speer was elected, and Cald. trait in their hands. But photographs, well returned home damning an un- singly or alone, will soon tarnish, grateful Democracy. If we had abus- warp, and lose their natural beauty .ring the late fall campaign half as Album, which is the crowning feature much as they were abused by their of the whole. It constitutes a "Famia clerkship, we would have been de- cr preservation of the Card Photo

> Especial attention is called to the passed for durability and elogance of quantity of contraband goods, valued finish, while the prices are such as to at \$50,000, found there in possession of bring them within everybody's reach. Each Album is furnished with a title more, who is now a prisoner on coarse page and a neat index in which to en-

Improve Your Sight and Preserve Your Eyes .- A. BIRNBAUM, Practi- thence through Acomac county, Vircal and Manufacturing Optician, takes pleasure in informing the Ladies and Gentlemen of Huntingdon and viciniprising Convex and Concave Glasses, such as Flint, Crystal and Scotch Pebmend the superiority of the last-named Glasses. His theoretical as well as his practical knowledge of Optics, and his long practice in the Occulistic science, enables him to adant, after an examination of the eyes, those glasses which to any frame, of any shape or color .---Please call and examine the Spectacles. Ambrotypes and Photographs taken at all times on reasonable terms.

Also, Segars, Tobacco and Meerschaum Pipes constantly on hand. Oct. 28, 6m,

nen_Old and young can be accom modated by calling at Lewis' Book STORE, with large and small Bibles. Hymn Books, Miscellaneous Books, Photograph and other Albums, a large stock of interesting books for the young folks, Games, Toy Books, a heavy stock of Pocket Books, Purses, Porte-monnaics and Wallets, Jewelry and fine pocket Cutlery, Shawl Pins, Violins, Guitars, Accordeons and fifes, fine Toy Paints, Dominoes, and Checer articles.

Negroes Hanged in Charleston .- A British subject who has arrived from Charleston, South Carolina, within a few days, brings the information that nineteen negroes were hung in the streets just prior to his departure .-Department, has recovered one hun- This occurred in consequence of a disdred and fifty-six thousand four hun- covery, made in a rather singular manty-six cents (\$156,476 96) for the Gov- past have been closely watching the movements of the blacks, and thinking that they observed an unusual number of funerals among them, a white man disguised himself, and followed in one of the processions; on arriving at the burial ground he discovered that the rection of Gen. McClernand, re-embarwhich a number had already been deposited. The consequence of this dis- boats, were driven back with severe covery was the execution of nineteen loss.

of the most intelligent of the negroes. At the last accounts, the entire fleet

WAR NEWS

The Raid in East Tennessee--Official Despatch.

HEADQUARTERS, CINCINNATI, Jan. 7,

To Major-General H. W. Halleck, Gen eral-in-Chief: I have just received a despatch from Maj. Gen. Granger that the cavalry force of about 1,000 men, which he sent to East Tennessee on the 21st ult., by my order, under the command

of Brig. Gen. P. Carter, to destroy the

East Tennessee railroad bridges, &c. nas been heard from. Gen. Granger has just received a despatch from Gen. Carter at Manches er, Kentucky, on his return, stating that on the 30th he entirely destroyed the Union and Watauga bridges, with ten miles of railroad; 550 rebels were killed, wounded and taken prisoners 700 stand of arms and a large amoun of flour, salt and other rebel stores. were captured. Also a locomotive and two cars were taken and destroy

A brisk skirmish took place at the Watauga bridge, and another at Jones-

ville. We lost but ten men. This expedition, as characterized by den. Granger, has been one of the nost hazardous and daring of the war, ittended with great hardships and privations, owing to the almost impasable nature of the country, the length of the route of nearly two hundred miles each way, and the inclement

The important results of this expediion can hardly be overrated, severing, as it has, the main robel artery of comnunication between Virginia and the Southwest. General Carter, his officers and men, deserve the thanks of

the country.

Great credit is also due to Maj. Gen. iranger, under whose immediate supervision the expedition was fitted out donation of fifty thousand dollars to by decided that by reason of a phrase received the caucus nomination thro' streets the following day. Some did and whose long cavalry experience was a guarantee that nothing tending to its success would be neglected of forgotten.

. G. B. WRIGHT, (Signed) Major General Commanding.

Response of General Halleck.

Washington, Jan. 9, 1863. To Major General Wright, Cincinnati: The daring operations and brilliant achievements of Gen. Carter and his command are without parallel in the history of the war; and deserve the thanks of the country. This expedition has proved the capacity of our country for bold and dashing movements, which, I doubt not, will be imitated by others.

H. W. HALLECK, (Signed) General in Chief.

Successful Expedition to White House-Capture of a Rebel Baggage Train and Contraband Goods from Bulti-

FORTRESS MONROE, Jan. 9 .- An expedition which wont out from Yorklown last Wednesday, has returned, having been, highly successful. The expedition was in charge of Major Hall, and consisted of Companies B. Democratic paper. Go ahead boys-- becoming a household necessity, as the D, and E, of the 5th Pennsylvania Cavalry, and Companies II, and F, of man, and the boat's crow got away, Democratic paper. Go ahead boys—
"when rogues fall out, honest men get their dues."

Album in which a family group are all gathered together in this way, soon assumes inestimable value.

Cavalry, and Companies 11, and 1, or the 6th New York Cavalry, and soveral companies of infantry. They were taken from Yorktown on the Thomas A. Morgan, and landed at West Point. various styles which can be found at Louisi's Book. Stone (Thermone) where they marched to the back; as they did not arrive until the bewis' Book Store. They are unsurposed for durability and elegance of quantity of contraining and also a large place had been evacuated. All the passed for durability and elegance of quantity of contraining and also a large fleet is on the way to New Orleans. a rebel named Jim Brown, of Baltimore, who is now a prisoner on board

> ken. Brown stated that he had taken these goods from Baltimore through Wilmington and Scaford, Delaware ginia, where they were shipped across the bay and up the Rappahannock

river. Thos. Fitchett, light-house keeper ty, that he has opened a Store one at Smith's Island, was arrested yesdoor west of Dr. Dorsey's, with a large terday, having been detected in charand variety stock of Sneetacles, com- tering a vessel as alleged for the purpose of running the blockade.

ARMY OF THE TENNESSEE.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 9.—The town of Murfreesboro' is entirely deserted. Our army has advanced ten miles beyond where Gen. Rosegrans has his

headquarters. The gunboat W. II. Slidell, F. W. ination of the eyes, those glasses which correspond with the defect of near, far from Clarksville, with 164 passengers. or weak sight. Glasses can be fitted She brings from Clarksville 3,000 bbls. of flour, 10,000 barrels of bacon, 900 sacks of oats, and 2,000 bushels shelled corn. Among her passengers are two rebel captains captured there with of wounded not being known. We The river has fallen and there is on-

ly 31 feet of water on the shoals.

FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Information from the army of the Potomac shows that our pickets extend from Falmouth to King George's Court House, about 22 miles distant from the former point. The contrabands agree in stating that rebel incursions are nightly made below the Court House for a long distance and the negroes carried away and sent South. The greater portion of the slaves, however, on the long neck of land between the Rappahan nock and the Potomac, have already made their escape to our lines, bringng with them their masters' teams and other property. They avail them-selves of the night for their exodus.

THE SIEGE OF VICKSBURG.

Repulse of the Federal Troops.—Gunlouts Cover our Re-embarkment .-Losses Estimated 3,000.

Cairo, Jan. 11.—An arrival to-night from the mouth of the Yazoo brings authentic accounts from Vicksburg. Gen. Sherman's repulse was comcoffin contained arms, which were ta- ked on Saturday on board the transken from it and buried in a vault, in ports, pursued by the rebel advance, which, coming in range of the gun

of transports, with the troops, had arrived at Island No. 82, on the way to

There is nothing definite from Gen. Banks or Commodore Farragut, tho' rumors of their advance are in circula-

The engagement was less general than heretofore reported. The principal fighting was done by the centre. under Gens. Smith and Blair, The conduct of the latter is highly spoken of. Our loss, as near as can be ascertained, was 600 killed, 1,500 wounded, and 1,000 missing.

Bad News from Texas.

Rebel Rams Attack and Destroy the Federal Fleet .- The "Harriet Lane" Boarded .- She is Taken into Galveston a Prize.—Com. Renshaw Blown up in his Flag-ship.

New York, Jan. 11.—Advices have cer received here that Galveston was attacked by the rebels on the morning of Jan. 1st, both by land and water.
Col. Burrell and his troops on shore vere all killed or taken prisoners.

Four rebel rams made an attack on the steamer Harriet Lane, and carried her by boarding.
Captain Wilson, of the Owasco, was

killed. Commodore Renshaw blew up the flag-ship Westfield, to prevent her from fulling into the hands of the rebels. He and his Lieutenant, Zimmerman, were killed. Two barks, loaded

with coal, were captured by the rebels.
Particulars of the Disaster.
New York, Jan. 11.—The steamer Creole arrived to-night from New Orleans, with dates to the 3d inst. She was detained by General Banks to bring dispatches to General Halleck. She passed several gunboats bound

up the river and the transport Merris nae, with troops, at the Southwest Pass. Also, the gunboat Kensington. Malcolm G. Kinsman, a private of the 2d Vermont Battery, died on board the Creole on the passage home.

Purser Cook, of the Creole, reports; By the arrival of the gunboat Clifton at Southwest Pass, on the evening of the 3d inst., I learn that, early on the morning of the 1st, the robels made an attack, by land and water, on the Federal forces at Galveston. Our gunboats were attacked by five rebel steamers protected by double rows of bales of cotton and loaded with troops

armed with rifles, muskets, &c. The Harriet Lane was captured by boarding, after about all her officers and men, including Capt. Wainwright and Lient. Lee, and the crew, 130 all told, had been killed by musketry from the rebel steamers. My informant states that but one or two of the officers, and twelve or fifteen of the crew,

escaned death. The gunboats. Clifton and Owasco were engaged and escaped, the former losing no men, and but one wounded. The Owasco lost one killed and thirteen wounded,

The flag-ship Westfield being ashore in another channel, her crew were transferred to the transports, and Commodore Renshaw, fearing that she would fall into the hands of the rebels, blew her up. By some mismanagement or accident, the explosion occurred-before the boat containing Com-modore Reushaw, Lieutenant Zimmerand they consequently were blown up

with the ship,
The crew of the Westfield arrived at New Orleans in transports, and the remaining troops are on their way

The rebel force is estimated at five thousand, under General Magruder .-Our land force, under the command of Col. Burrell, of Massachusetts, probably did not exceed three hundred, the residue not having disembarked at the

time of the fight. Our loss is estimated at one hundred and fifty to one hundred and sixty killed, and two hundred taken prisoners, the navy suffering the most. It is thought the rebel loss is much

nore than our own, as our guns were firing grape and canister continually in their midst. The rebels had several batteries

.The Federal troops were on the long wharves of Galveston, and it is said repulsed two charges of the rebels before they surrendered.

The Rebels Repulsed at Springfield, Missouri.

Sr. Louis, Jan. 12.-Late last night Gen. Curtis received despatches from Col. Crabb, commanding at Springfield, stating that the rebels were repulsed at every advance upon that place, and that his troops still held the town. Our loss was 17 killed, the number

buried 35 rebels and many more were taken off the field. They left a large number of wounded in our hands. But little of the town was destroyed, and that was by our own troops.

The telegraph is almost wholly destroyed between Springfield and Sand Gen. Curtis has three columns of troops in pursuit of the enemy,

ESTATE.

1 will expose to public sale at the Count House in the boungh of Huntington,
On Wednesday, the 14th January, 1863, On Wednesday, the 14th January, 1863, at 11 webset. A M, the following real estate, viz.

All the right, tatle, and interest which John P. Anderson, deceased, at the time of his death, held in and to a tract of land state upon Murray's run, in Oneita township, Humagistan only, adjoining and of Jajap Connuclaum, Nathales C becker, John Hall and Josiah Connuclaum, contanting 252 actes and 45 percless and allowance for mone or less. There are about 40 arcsets of it recured the balant is well timbered, principally with white pure; it is situated about seven unless from Huntingdon a good public tood passing through it, and there is a seasonall pan one of the adjoining tracts. This sale affects the destrible opportunity to persons wishing good finited in one of the adjoining tracts.

is a sat-mill pion one of the adjoining tracts. This sale affords a desirable opportunity to persons wishing good timber land.

ALSU—At same time and place,
At ract of land in B tree township. Huntingdon county, hounded by lands of William Chownover. Jay 31, Crownover. John L. Walter, John C Crownover, Jahn Silkniter, and lasted Smiley's helis containing about 100 acres, about 40 of which are chappel and in cultry time; having the con a two story log house, a double log barn, and an orchard of good grafted fruit. the same farm on which John L Hoft in wal live.

THRUS made known on day of sale, and they will be made in easy paym arts if desired by purchasers.

Executor of the Will of J. P. Anderson, dee'd., Dec. 31 1862.

Dec. 31 1862.

I OWARD ASSOCIATION,

I It involent Institution established by special Eudowment, for the lister of the 20th and Distressed, afflicted with Tradiant and I pathente Discases, and expressly for the Grow of Discases of the Sexual Organs.

Medical Advice given gratts, by the Acting Surgeon. Valuable Reputs on Spermator thea, and other Discases of the Sexual Organs, and on the new Remedies employed in the Dispensivy, sent to the afflicted in scaled letter envelopes, thee of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acfing Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Dispersive.

EMA D. HALTWELL, President.

GEO. EMIGHIAD, Ecceptary.

Ber 31, 1862-19.