

# WAR NEWS.

## RETREAT OF THE REBELS UNDER JACKSON.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 9.—Reliable reports from Hancock last night, state that the rebel force under Jackson, had been driven by the Union army, under Gen. Reynolds, from that vicinity to Bath, Morgan county, where they attempted to make a stand but were finally repulsed and are now in full retreat on the road to Winchester.

### LATER.

FREDERICK, Jan. 9.—There is no new movement here or up the river, it is believed that Jackson has been joined by Generals Anderson and Loring's brigades and gone to attack Gen. Kelley. All eyes are now turned toward Romney. Jackson's rebel force probably exceeds 10,000 men.

## GOOD NEWS FROM EASTERN KENTUCKY.

Humphrey Marshall's Army Dispersed.

THEIR CAMP AND OTHER PROPERTY BURNED.

A Bloodless Victory in Eastern Kentucky.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 11.—The Gazette says:

From the late editor of the Sandy Valley Advocate, now one of the proprietors of the Louisville Democrat, who arrived here from Sandy Valley, yesterday, we learn that the second rebel invasion of Eastern Kentucky, has ended in a disgraceful rout.

On Monday last Col. Garfield's forces, including the Fort-second Ohio, Tenth Kentucky, and 1,800 cavalry, had proceeded up the Big Sandy to Painville, within seven miles of the rebel encampment, when they were met by a flag of truce bearing a message from Humphrey Marshall, asking if matters could not be arranged without a fight. Col. Garfield immediately replied that he could offer no arrangements except either to fight or to surrender unconditionally.

Marshall then addressed his men, informing them that they had no alternative except to surrender or disband, and giving them their choice. They immediately collected and set fire to all their wagons, tents, camp equipage, supplies, etc., and then each man was permitted to take care of himself, the whole force scattering in confusion. No attempt was made to save anything except their cannon, which was hauled off.

Col. Garfield despatched his cavalry in pursuit to capture the rebel camp and perhaps pick up many of the flying rebels.

"The rebels in Northeastern Kentucky, from the high estimate in which Humphrey Marshall's military abilities were held, had strong hopes of success under his leadership. A sufficient Federal force will be left in that region to prevent any further advance."

### IMPORTANT FROM CAIRO.

ONWARD Movement of Gen. Grant.

NASHVILLE THE DESTINATION.

St. Louis, Jan. 8.—A special despatch, from Cairo, to the Democrat, says that 25,000 troops are on their way from different points, and as soon as they arrive a column, from 60,000 to 75,000 strong will march from there to Paducah, under Gen. Grant. The destination of this force is understood to be Nashville, where, if junction can be made with Gen. Buell's command, the entire army will proceed to New Orleans.

A movement and undoubtedly be made within the next six days.

### THE EXPEDITION DOWN THE MISSISSIPPI—ITS DEPARTURE.

Cairo, Jan. 10.—[Special to the Evening Journal.]—The expedition has commenced. A large portion of the force has already gone down the river. It is under convoy of the gunboats Essex and Lexington.

The Expedition will probably land at Jefferson, 5 miles below Bird's Point. The remainder of the Expedition is being rapidly embarked, and will start tomorrow.

Special to the Chicago Tribune.

The forces from St. Louis, which have been detained in the river in consequence of a steamer blocking up the channel, will arrive tomorrow morning.

Cairo, Jan. 10.—[Special to the Chicago Times.]—The advance of the expedition, composed of McClelland's Brigade, landed eight miles from the Mississippi, at the mouth of Mayfield Creek, on the Kentucky side, where they pitched their tents for the night. Gen. Grant and staff went down during the afternoon and returned in the evening. The remainder of the force will move in the morning.

### GEN. BURNSIDE'S EXPEDITION.

FORTRESS MONROE, Jan. 12, via Baltimore.—The enormous fleet of vessels composing the expedition of General Burnside has been rapidly concentrating here since Friday last.

### IMPORTANT NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

RESIGNATION OF SECRETARY CAMERON.

EDWIN M. STANTON APPOINTED SECRETARY OF WAR.

GEN. CAMERON TO BE MINISTER TO RUSSIA.

[Special Despatch to the Bulletin.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12, 2 P. M.—The President has just received communication to the Senate, announcing that Hon. Simon Cameron, Secretary of War, has resigned his situation.

Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, of Pennsylvania, who was Attorney General during the latter part of Mr. Buchanan's Administration, is appointed Secretary of War.

General Cameron has been appointed Minister to Russia, in place of Cassius M. Clay, who is coming home.

## The Rebels Prompting the Federal Government.

[From the Richmond Dispatch, January 2.]

The developments of the last few weeks of the war have been the most remarkable that have occurred during its entire progress. The beginning of December saw the Yankees in full force, apparently ready for decisive battle at all the important points of the frontier. On the Potomac they had the best appointed army on the continent, stated by their own authorities to be two hundred thousand strong. In Kentucky they had massed together two immense forces of thirty to fifty thousand each, which menaced Columbus and Bowling Green, and all indications pointed with certainty to an immediate advance upon our lines, at a time when we were weak and were poorly able to withstand assault from heavy columns. Zollicoffer was prostrated before Cumberland Gap by a force more than double his own; Pound Gap was at the mercy of Nelson, having only a thousand men to oppose against ten thousand; Rosecrans was on the flank with an army which no confederate has been fifteen thousand strong, against Floyd, having only twenty-three hundred; Reynolds was on Cheat Mountain with five thousand, opposed by Johnson with only twelve or fourteen hundred; and Sherman had succeeded in landing fifteen or twenty thousand men at Beaufort, while we had in that region at the time but a few thousand men, and were unable to furnish them with arms and ammunition.

And, to crown all the splendid wealth or invited them to the charge.

Then was presented the golden opportunity to strike at every one of these points. Bold, effective measures, taken simultaneously by all their armies, could not have failed to crush our strength in several quarters, and put a gloomy face upon our affairs. Success at Columbus and Bowling Green would have been almost annihilating to our fortunes in the West. Success at Cumberland and Pound Gaps would have cut our connections with Tennessee and Kentucky irrevocably. Success in capturing our army in the Kanawha would have laid open all middle Western Virginia next spring to the easy invasion of the enemy. A vigorous push from Beaufort upon the Charleston and Savannah Railroad would have opened the seaboard in two.

But the enemy have let the golden opportunity slip through their fingers. They have allowed us time to make good our defenses in every threatened quarter. The energy of the Southern people has been aroused by the imminent danger, and we are now safe in every point where before we were so vulnerable. Our danger is passed, and we are now at liberty to speculate upon the blindness of imbecility which prevented the enemy from seeing an opportunity which will never return to him.

To what cause is the enemy's failure everywhere to advance attributable? It clearly was not due to the estimation in which Humphrey Marshall's military abilities were held, had strong hopes of success under his leadership. A sufficient Federal force will be left in that region to prevent any further advance."

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## The Virginians were cowardly and cruel beyond all forbearance; but the Alabama, who followed them, was not to be Borland, behaved more chivalrously.

He rebuked the rife-men, and finally succeeded in having both Jameson and Wells unbound, when they were most dead for water, he gave them to drink from his canteen, and his example at length induced clemency in the breast of the others. They were marched about four miles, holding on the way hundreds of dead and wounded rebels that were being carted towards Brantsville in common ox-carts drawn by negroes.

The groans and screams of the sufferers, whose wounds bled afresh at every jostle of the carts, were fearful to hear. Once on the way a rebel drew a pistol upon Wells, but the Alabama struck him over the face with the flat of his sword, when he forbore. The town of Brantsville was filled with wounded and dying soldiers; all the houses were made hospitals, and the citizens were turned away from their homes.

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## WANTED, Recruits for Regiments Already in the Field—No Uncertainty—No Delay.

The undersigned, in accordance with General Order No. 105, Headquarters of the Army, and under the authority of the Adjutant-General, Department of War, Recruiting Service, desires any gentleman, who is a native-born citizen of the United States, and who is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, to join the ranks of the United States Army, and to be attached to the regiments already in the field.

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## 1861. CLOTHING. 1861.

H. ROMAN. NEW CLOTHING FOR FALL AND WINTER. JUST RECEIVED AT H. ROMAN'S CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

Remember Ellsworth! FISHER & SON. JUST OPENED A SPLENDID STOCK OF NEW GOODS.

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## THE WAR GOES ON!

D. P. GWIN. HAS JUST OPENED A SPLENDID STOCK OF NEW GOODS FOR FALL AND WINTER. CALL AND EXAMINE THEM.

Clothe yourselves! HIGH PRICES DEFEATED! Now is the Time to buy Cheap Clothing! MANUAL GUTMAN.

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## NEW AIR-LINE ROUTE TO NEW YORK.

SHORTEST IN DISTANCE AND QUICKEST IN TIME. BETWEEN THE TWO CITIES OF NEW YORK AND HARRISBURG VIA READING, ALLENTOWN AND EASTON.

MORNING EXPRESS, What leaves New York at 6 A. M. arriving at Harrisburg at 12:30 noon, only 6 1/2 hours between the two cities.

Man. Exp. leaves New York at 12:00 noon, and arrives at Harrisburg at 6:00 P. M.