THE HUNTINGDON GLOBE, A DEMOCRATIC FAMILY JOURNAL, DEVOTED TO LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS, &C.

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THE GLOBE.

BUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday, October 17, 1860:

DLANKS! BLANKS! BLANKS! CONSTABLE'S SALES, ATTACHMENTS, SUMMONS, ATTACH'T EXECUTIONS. EXECUTIONS, DEEDS,

SUMMONS, SUBPENAS, SCHOOL ORDERS, LEASES FOR HOUSES, COMMON BONDS, MORTGAGES.
JUDGMENT NOTES.
NATURALIZATION B'KS,
JUDGMENT BONDS,

COMMON BONDS,
WARRANTS,
WARRANTS,
NOTES, with a waiver of the \$300 Law.
JUDGMENT NOTES, with a waiver of the \$300 Law.
JUDGMENT NOTES, with a waiver of the \$300 Law.
ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, with Teachers.
MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, for Justices of the Peace and Ministers of the Gospel.
COMPLAINT, WARRANT, and COMMITMENT, in case 1Assault and Battery, and Affray.
SCIERE FACIAS, to recover amount of Judgment.
COLLECTORS' RECEIPTS, for State, County, School, orough and Township Taxes.
Printed on superior paper, and for sale at the Office of the HUNTINGDON GLOBE.
BLANKS, of every description, printed to order, neatly, at short notice, and on good Paper.

REGULARLY NOMINATED DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

OF ILLINOIS. FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

OF GEORGIA.

READ THE NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. TO Proclamations, by Sheriff Watson. Register's Notice, by Henry Glazier.

Let the People Know!!

That there remained in the National Convention at Baltimore, after every disorganizing Rebel had seceded, 436 regularly appointed delegates, entitled, under the rule, to cast 218 votes-16 MORE than TWO THIRDS of a Full Convention. Let them know that, on the second ballot, Stephen A. Douglas, received 1813 votes of the 218, over FORTY more than TWO-THIRDS of the whole vote present. And then, to clinch all, let them know, that the resolution declaring STEPHEN A. Douglas to be the unanimous choice of the Convention, passed without a single dissenting voice; so that Stephen A. Douglas actually received 218 votes-SIX-TEEN votes more than two-thirds of a full

Let the People know, too, that the Seceders, Convention which nominated Breckinridge and Lane had no authority from any constituency to sit at Baltimore outside of the regular Convention—that it did not contain more than eighty or ninety delegates who had even a shadow of authority from the people to act -that it east in all but 105 votes-not one of them properly authorized, or binding on any body-let them know this, and let them decide which was the Regular and which was the Disorganizers' Convention, and which of the nominees, Douglas or Breckinridge, is entitled to the undivided support of the National Democracy.

Politics.—The Douglas State Executive Committee met at Harrisburg on Thursday night last, and resolved to recommend to all Douglas Democrats throughout the State, to vote in November, the straight Douglas Electoral ticket, as formed at Harrisburg.

The Bell-Everett State Committee also met at Harrisburg on Thursday night, and resolved to recommend a straight vote on their

The Welsh State Executive Committee, met at the City Democratic Club Room, in Reading on Friday last, and rescinded almost unanimously their resolutions made in July at Philadelphia, as also their August Cresson resolutions, and recommending that all Democrats vote the Electoral Ticket made by the Reading Convention.

A resolution offered in the latter Committee by Isaac Leech, of Philadelphia, to bring about a fusion of all the parties opposed to the election of Lincoln, was voted down-as was also a resolution offered by Mr. Carrigan, of Philadelphia, for a fusion with the Bell-Everett party. Had the action of the Welsh Committee at Philadelphia in July, and at Cresson in August, been rescinded previous to the late election, we have no doubt the result in the State would have been different from what it is. The action of the Welsh Committee refusing to recognize Douglas as the regular Democratic nominee is now wiped out, leaving the Reading Electoral Ticket pledged (by the action of the Convention that made it) to the support of Stephen A. Douglas and Herschel V. Johnson, as the regular nominees of the National Democratic Convention. As a friend and supporter of Stephen A. Douglas, we now claim the Reading Electoral Ticket, as standing pledged in all honor, if elected, to east its solid vote for Douglas and Johnson,and claiming it so pledged, we shall give it our support,

The Douglas Executive Committee will meet again in Philadelphia on Thursday next, when we suppose the straight Douglas Electoral Ticket will be withdrawn.

We have been absent for several days and returned too late to offer any remarks this week upon the result in our local politics. We shall have something to say upon the subject hereafter. As we do not intend to go up Salt River, we want our friends to furnish us with the needful, our own, to keep

We will give the official vote of the State in our next issue.

COUNTING THEIR CHICKENS BEFORE THEY ARE HATCHED. -There are already ten candidates named in this place for the Post Office. Slightly previous. Wait a little while good friends, Old Abe has a few million rails to split before he can attend to such trifling affairs. He doubtless will give you all an office, but then you shouldn't hurry the old | Brady, chap so much.

GREAT CROP OF APPLES .- The apple crop is so abundant that the Eastern growers are at a loss to know what to do with their fruit. The Boston Courier, speaking of the immense

yield, says;
The land is full of apples. Every orchard has produced an abundance. It has been a Morris, year of great plenty, and if apples would on- Oneida, ly keep as grain keeps, we should have enough of this year's product to supply us through seven years of apple famine. But through seven years of apple tamine. But unfortunately they perish with the year in which they were grown, and the question is an important one with farmers, what shall we do with the apples? They can't be marketed, a fourth of them. The markets are glutted, a fourth of them. ted. Many farmers are glad to take a dollar a barrel for picked truit. Thousands of barrels can be bought at that rate in the immediate vicinity of Boston. Fifty cents a bushel, at retail, would secure sales of more than four times the average annual sales of the last ten years, and doubtless the price Warriors will come down to that.

[OFFICIAL.]						
ELECTION RETURNS OF HUNTING- DON COUNTY FOR 1860.						
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Governor.	Congress.					

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	A. G. Curtin	II. D. Foster,	Š	×
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	ur.	SS SS	Blair	11.
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Brady,	94	69	90	73
Cass,	114	39	114	39
Barree.	90	162	80	168
Clay,	115	70	114	69
Cromwell,	143	98	142	99
Dublin,	101	74	102	75
Franklin,	198	110	198	109
Juniata,	36	34	37	29
Jackson,	173	98	173	99
Morris,	97	65	96	66
Oneida,	63	18	61	20
Penn,	$\begin{array}{c} 137 \\ 221 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 55 \\ 94 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 136 \\ 216 \end{array}$	55 99
Porter,	87	84 84	210 86	85
Petersburg,	26	15	26	12
Birmingham, Shirley,	154	123	$1\overline{58}$	120
Surrey,	103.	26	103	26
Springfield, Tell,	61	117	62	115
Tod,	96	47	$9\overline{5}$	48
Hopewell,	126	33	125	36
Henderson,	46	45	44	48
Huntingdon,	203	185	194	185
Carbon,	87	132	87	131
Walker,	48	83	51	77
West,	78	70	76	72
Warriorsmark,	179	76	180	77
Mount Union,	73	45	74	44
Union,	121	47	122	45
	3070	2114	${3042}$	2121
Majorities—Cu		Bla	ir, 821.	

	Senate.		Assembly.	
	Samuel S. Wharton, &	JOHN SCOTT,	Brice X. Blair,	J. Simpson Africa, E
Brady,		73	86	77
Cass,	109	43	106	46
Barree,	58	183	69	177
Clay,	104	81	104	80
Cromwell.	107	131	134	105
Dublin,	96	80	108	68
Franklin,	157	140	169	136
Juniata,	39	31	15	52
Jackson,	161	110	169	103
Morris,	78	73	94 37	67 43
Oneida,	58 135	$\begin{array}{c} 23 \\ 54 \end{array}$	129	61
Penn,	181	130	206	107
Porter,	91	78	85	84
Petersburg,	11	30	25	14
Birmingham,	138	136	136	142
Shirley,	98	29	104	26
Springfield, Tell,	57	$1\overline{21}$	78	99
Tod,	96	47	95	47
Hopewell,	133	15	117	$\overline{39}$
Henderson,	41	49	37	54
Huntingdon,	$17\tilde{0}$	$2\overline{14}$	$1\overline{26}$	255
Carbon,	84	135	81	137
Walker,	39	83	30	99
West,	79	70	77	71
Warriorsmark, .	179	72	175	80
Mount Union,	71	47	64	49
Union,	126	41	111	58
	2781	2322	$\overline{2767}$	2376

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Majorities-Wharton,	459.	Blair.	391.
2781	2322	2767	2376
			

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	As. J	udge.	Prothonotary.		
	Wm. B. Leas	Jonn Long,	₹	D. Caldwell,	
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Brady,	90	72	Wm. C. Wagoner,%11	73	
Cass,	108	$4\overline{4}$	111	40	
Barree	77	171	65	184	
Clay,	120	62	103	79	
Cromwell,	133	102	124	117	
Dublin,	80	94	99	86	
Franklin,	194	110	177	131	
Juniata,	28	36	27	42	
Jackson,	168	101	155	117	
Morris,	95	66	8 1	75	
Oneida,	60	20	30	51	
Penn,	138 206	$\begin{array}{c} 53 \\ 104 \end{array}$	123	65	
Porter,	81	88	177 80	133 89	
Petersburg,	24	14	20	19	
Birmingham, Shirley,	161	112	128	145	
Springfield,	75	$\frac{112}{32}$	99	30	
Tell,	55	121	49	126	
Tod,	96	46	96	47	
Hopewell,	119	37	121	37	
Henderson,	46	45	38	51	
Huntingdon,	168	206	140	238	
Carbon,	83	133	86	134	
Walker,	36	88	26	100	
West,	67	81	76	71	
Warriorsmark,	176	78	175	77	
Mount Union,	72	44	. 68	48	
Union,	-116	49	100	67	
	0050	0400	OCEE	0.170	

Majorities-Leas, 564. Wagoner, 193.

89 17 124 27 115 87 22 Petersburg, Birmingham, 152 102 153 Shirley, Springfield, 101 58 96 120 122 Hopewell, $\begin{array}{c} 45 \\ 161 \end{array}$ Henderson, 210 Huntingdon, 86 44 75 174 70 84 74 172 71 Warriorsmark, Mount Union, 48 121 Union. 2800 2301 2970 2138 Majorities-Womelsdorf, 599. Cummins. D. of Poor. Aud'r. Cor'r.

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Womelsdorf, 91

112

 $\begin{array}{c} 108 \\ 142 \end{array}$

99

198 35 171

84 20 136

146

178

78

107

31

100

168

Cass,

Clay,

Barree,

Dublin,

Franklin.

Juniata,

Jackson,

Cromwell.

	Samuel Peightal,	John Eby,	H. G.	CHARLES C.	Benj. K. Neff,	H. I
	uel		97	RLI	-	
	ы	E S	Fisher,	66	.~	Harpey
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	Ę			Asн,	•	***
Brady,	77	86	94		95	66
Cass,	114	39	115		115	38
Barree,	74	171	50	198	70	171
Clay,	110	75	112	71	111	71
Cromwell,	134	104	_144		142	97
Dublin,	91	83	100	76	101	75
Franklin,	193	112	195	111	186	
Juniata,	13	47	59	7	30	36
Jackson,	172	99	171		134	
Morris,	94	68	97	64	92	
Oneida,	65	16	28		64	17
Penn,	136	51	168		131	56
Porter,	201	101	214		208	
Petersburg,	85	85	83	85	98	73
Birmingham,	25	14	25	13	22	.14
Shirley,	126	150	151	123	153	122
Springfield,	100	30	103	25	103	26
Tell,	51	123	61	114	61	114
Tod,	96	46	100	41	96	46
Hopewell,	121	35	126	31	118	35
Henderson,	47	45	61	29	46	44
Huntingdon,	198	173	276	100	188	167
Carbon,	87	133	90	130	85	128
Walker,	73	58	76	52	43	81
West,	74	73	75	71	78	69.
Warriorsmark,	176	79	174		177	75
Mount Union,	56	63	72	49	72	46
Union,	117	49	128	37	120	45
	2915	2208	3148	1959	2940	2103

Majorities—Peightal, 707. Fisher, 1189. Neff, 837.

Democrate in SWALL CARS Connection in

The States of Indiana and Ohio have gone Republican by large majorities. Curtin's majority in this State, will be over 32,-000. This is a lesson to those Democrats who refused to support their own ticket.

Deserved Compliment.

The Pittsburg Dispatch, a liberal Republican paper, speaks of Governor Packer as fol-

"Governor Packer has been frequently and most unjustly assailed for an abuse of the pardoning power, and we believe similar charges have been brought against nearly every Governor of our State. Few, who have not witnessed such effort, can have any idea of the pertinacious manner in which a Governor is appealed to, or the variety of frivolous grounds upon which the mass of such applications are based—and such is the peculiarity of almost every case, that it seems an impossibility for the executive officer of a State to frame general rules of action on the sub-ject to which a majority of pardons granted would not be found exceptions in practice.-The Legislature cannot in any way restrict or regulate the pardoning power, the exercise of which is confined solely to the Governor; they cannot even require that applications shall be first published in the proper county, notice be given to the prosecutor and district attorney, and that the Governor shall act solely on depositions taken on due notice-all which are required in New York-but they may and should require that the State Department should once a month publish, at Harrisburg and in the proper county, all pardons granted, and the reasons assigned by the Governor therefor.

"As to Governor Packer, we know that he has been careful in the exercise of the power alluded to—as much so, at least, as any of his predecessors-except, perhaps, Governor Pollock. True, he has been imposed upon, as others have been, by letters from 'distinguished politicians,' and good, easy men, who can-not say 'no' to the requests of friends of prisoners-and who have not the firmness or honpardons on their own application. Scarce letters, few of the writers of which would other dead-letters. swear to what (upon the representations of others) they recklessly write."

Letter from Hon. John J. Crittenden on the Coming Elections.

DOUGLAS HIS SECOND CHOICE. Louisville, Oct. 4.—The Bulletin of this evening publishes a letter from Hon. John J. make a speech defining their duty as Indianians in the present crisis.

Mr. Crittenden declines speaking, but

writes as follows: "If I were a voter in the State of Indiana, Mr. Bell could carry the State by its popular vote, then I would unhesitatingly give my vote to Mr. Douglas; and I should do so,

ONE OF NAPOLEON'S OLD SOLDIERS MUR-DERED FOR HIS MONEY.—The bodies of an old man named George Hauk and his wife, residing near Marin, Ind., were, a few mornings ago, found amid the ruins of their dwelling, which had been consumed during the night. The Shelbyville Banner says:

An inquest over the remains of the bodies revealed the horrible fact that the old people were the victims of a most diabolical and cold-blooded murder. The old man was totally consumed, but the upper part of the body of his wife was covered under a large quantity of brick from the chimney, which protected that portion of her body from the fire. Her throat was found to be cut, her cheef elever over the chart elever over the colored with a cheef with a cheef. chest cloven open in two places with a sharp instrument, and her skull broken in. An axe and hatchet, with the handles burned off, were found near the bodies, and there were evidences of a severe struggle. They were that it is supposed the railro all winter bringing it east. sum of money, all of which the assassins secured, except about \$355 which was concealed among the wheat on the loft, in a tin coffee and the wheat on the loft, in a tin coffee and the between that place and the fee-pot, and which remained covered up and was preserved. The perpetrators were doubtless aware that these people had money, and after securing it set the house on fire to de-stroy the evidences of the foul and atrocious deed. Mr. Hauk was a German by birth, served seven years in Bonaparte's army, was in Spain under Marshal Ney, fought battles in Italy, and traversed the whole continent of Europe, to Moscow as an infantry soldier .--He was about 79 years of age, and his wife but a few years younger.

ATTEMPEED RIOT AT CARLISLE.—The Volunteer says that on Saturday evening last, about 6½ o'clock, a party of forty U. S. soldiers from the Carlisle Garrison, paraded in town in a body, each man having a club or a stone in his hand. They halted in front of the jail, and demanded the presence of the "officer in charge of the building." Sheriff McCartney appeared before them, informed them who he was, and asked them what they wanted. They made no direct reply but several of them commenced to abuse the Sheriff, and threatened to storm the prison. By this time a number of citizens had collected, and the Sheriff summoned them to assist him in dispersing the mob. No sooner said than done. The citizens rushed upon the soldiers done. The citizens rushed upon the soldiers and for a time brick-bats and stones could be City and Newark. seen flying in all directions. The soldiers took to their heels, but several were dropped during their flight. The citizens follow them to the Garrison lane, and in a short time the

soldiers were safe in the Garrison.

It appears the soldiers were under the impression that one of their comrades had been arrested and confined in prison, and they had determined to release him. It was a mistake—no soldier was in prison at that time. Should any of their number ever commit a breach of the peace, however, and be sent to prison, all the soldiers at the Garrison will not be able to take him out, and we advise them not to make the attempt. We have no unkind feeling for the soldiers, but we tell them. in all kindness, that when they visit town, they must behave themselves. "A word to the wise," &c.

THE NEW FALL BONNETS. —The New York Commercial Advertiser thus describes some of the 'coming bonnets:'

by fruit of gold and black color, with rich are composed of moss roses and blonde, with on guard when Burgoyne surrendered. strings of white and gold. Another style is composed of purple uncut velvet, ornamented with point lace, purple velvet grapes with gold stem, stars with connecting chains of gold, &c. Another is an evening bonnet of maribout plumes fastened with gold pins, the front trimmings are composed of maribout plumes and blonde. Still another is a chapeau de visite, and is made of purple and black velvet, with curling ostrich plumes, the front trimming composed of velvet flowers and blonde lace. Another is a very rich article, and is formed of pink uncut velvet and ostrich feathers, the latter looking as if they were carelessly thrown upon the bonnet, and there rested. This style has ornaments.— The front trimmings are moss roses and blonde.

PROCLAMATION FROM THE POSTAL DEPART-MENT.—We publish the following important as well as postmasters. It interests every citizen in the United States:

Post Office Department, } October 8, 1860.

Whereas by an act of 3d March, 1855, the postage upon all letters, except such as are entitled to pass free, between places in the United States, is required to be prepaid; and whereas the Department, through courtesy, has hitherto, at considerable labor and expense, notified the parties addressed, in all instances in which the writers failed to prepay, that their letters would be forwarded on receiving the postage due thereon; and whereas, instead of diminishing, the number of such lellers continues to increase, thus showing that the omission to prepay is inten-tional; it is, therefore, ordered that from and esty to defend the Governor when he grants after the first day of November, 1860, all such unpaid letters be sent to the Dead-letter any application is made, but is based upon Office, to be disposed of in like manner as J. Holt, Postmaster General.

LATE STORM AT NEW ORLEANS .-- The New Orleans papers of the 6th bring additional particulars of the damage and loss of life from the late tornado and flood. At Grand Terre, the inhabitants were compelled to abandon their dwellings and seek refuge in Crittenden to his friends in New Albany, Indiana, in reply to their request of him to ing the fort were demolished. At Baton have been seen for many years; some of these ing the fort were demolished. At Baton have been seen for many years; some of these Rouge eighteen coal boats, belonging to the are visible through a smoked glass to the naand believed there was no probability that to nearly 150,000 barrels coal. Several and the question has been raised among as-

Clippings from Our Exchanges.

Nearly sixty locomotives are on order t the works of a single firm in Philadelphia.

J. Edgar Thompson has resigned the Presidency of the Southern Pacific R. R. Co. A movement has been made to build line of telegraph from Alexandria to Warrenton, Va.

Con Saturday last the remains of Mr. Ingram, one of the Lady Elgin victims, were shipped from Quebec to England.

The Belvidere Hotel, a place of popular resort, near Pittsburg, Pa., was destroy-

Elder Kimball, one of the leading Mormon saints, recently had born to him in one night, no less than fourteen children. The western grain crop is so large, that it is supposed the railroads will be busy

A steam wagon has been constructed at St. Paul, Minnesota, to run in the trade

between that place and the Indian agencies. It is stated that more than 700,000 volumes of Washington Irving's works have been sold within the past eleven years.

died in Philadelphia, on the 4th inst., at the

age of 82 years. Louis Napoleon's agent was at the Springfield (Mass.) horse show, and bought n horse for his imperial employer. The price paid was \$1,200.

It is said that a fine lady in N. York has ordered a dress, to be worn at the Renfrew ball, which will cost three thousand

It is said that there is such a tremen dous crop of oats in Cumberland county, Ill.,

that they are selling them for ten cents a REDUCTION OF THE STATE DEBT .- Gov. Packer has issued his proclamation, announcing

the payment of \$602,264,36 of the public debt of the Commonwealth. Judge Jessup, of Pennsylvania, had his pocket picked of two thousand dollars, on

Dr. William Feasal, formerly a practising physician of Hannibal, Mo., was bitten by a spider on the end of his great toe, on the 14th of September, from the effects of

which he died on the 20th.

The first cargo of new Malaga fruit has just arrived at Boston. It consisted of 9,000 boxes, 1610 half boxes, 600 quarter boxes rasins, besides a quantity of figs, lem-

In Ohio, last year, 42,000 sheep, val-ed at \$77,170 were killed by dogs. Adding to this loss the injuries upon animals that did not die, the damage is reckoned at

The Cheraw (S. C.) Gazette gives currency to a painful rumor to the effect that a wedding party of forty-eight persons were poisoned near Cokesbury, in that State, a few days since, of whom forty are dead.

At the recent State election in Maine, Among the bonnets are to be some of the Mr. Ralph Farnham, now the sole survivor finest description of velvet that can be made. of the battle of Bunker Hill, walked six The ground work of one that we have seen is miles to cast his vote. He has voted at every Presidential election since the adoption of the Constitution. He was 18 years old when he when his old General was whipping the Britpurple velvet leaves. The front trimmings enlisted, and is now 104 years old. He was ish.

FRENCH ECCENTRICITY.—An instance of extraordinary eccentricity was afforded recently at Lecure, near Havre. A cap was seen in the water, with a string of corks around it, and a label, upon which was written, "Pull cherry-colored velvet and point lace, with the string; I am at the end of it." The string was pulled, and sure enough, there was the late writer of the label, with a paper, detailng the cause of his having made away with himself, carefully corked up in a bottle in his pocket, with his name and address, Franccii Foliot, of Vandrimare.

By a careful examination of the geography of the world, it has been ascertained that the great artesian bore at Columbus, Ohio, will on passing through to the opposite side of the globe come out exactly fifteen miles We need scarcely tell our lady readers that from the great China wall on the China side, the 'scoop' or 'coal scuttle' hat has entirely and about 250 miles from Pekin. This is a vanished, and the style of the new fashions | discovery of importance, and must vastly enis a neat, small bonnet, suitable to almost courage the citizens of Columbus. If they do

SMASHING OF A LINCOLN POLE—RATHER OM-MENT.—We publish the following important regulation for the information of the public the other day, the Republicans had erected a long pole near the depot that they intended should confront Douglas the moment he landed, and they thought it would be a big thing on him. But when the shrill whistle of the locomotive drawing the Little Giant's train broke upon the ears of the Republicans, their pole began to stagger like a drunken man, and when the train hove fairly in sight, it broke in two places, falling with a crash to the ground. This is strictly true.—Buffalo Republic.

> RAILROAD WAR IN THE WEST .- The competition between the several railroad and steamboat lines, says the Chicago Democrat, connecting this city with St. Paul, Minnesota, has again culminated in an open war .--Rates of fare were yesterday put down to the absurd figure of five dollars and a half for first class passage from Chicago to St. Paul, which is less than a cent a mile, while from St. Paul to Chicago the passenger can make his own terms, being taken for three dollars, or for nothing, as he chooses. The stamers charge nothing from St. Paul to Dunleith, or to the other railroad termini on the river. In such a fight as this the longest purse generally wins; but the victory, when gained, generally costs more than it comes to.

Is the Sun Growing Dark and Cold?company that owned the yard opposite Baton | ked eye. Several stars—some of them of morning. At Toledo he learned that he had Rouge, were sunk, and the Mason Mining great brilliancy, which from their ascertain-Company lost three of their boats in the same ed distance, must have been as large as our manner. The loss of both companies amounts sun—have totally disappeared from the sky; steamboats were sunk, and a number of sugar tronomers, whether the light and heat of the houses along the coast destroyed. The back sun are gradually fading away. As this section of New Orleans continued flooded on would be accompanied by the destruction of vote to Mr. Douglas; and I should do so, 48 | 48 | 100 | 67 | 2472 | 2655 | 2472 | 2472 | 2675 | 2972 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 would be accompanied by the destruction of

How Walker was Shor .- An Havana. correspondent of the Herald writes:-Walker, it appears, was not permitted to have any communication with his followers previous to his execution. He marched from his cellto the place of execution with a steady step. and unshaken mein. A chair had been placed for him with his back toward the Castle. Having taken his seat, he was blindfolded .-Three soldiers stepped forward to within twenty feet of him, and discharged their muskets. The balls entered his body, and he leaned a little forward; but it being observed that he was not dead, a fourth soldier mercifully advanced so close to the suffering man that the muzzle of the musket almost touched his forehead, and being there discharged, scattered his brains and skull to the

Over-Worked Women. - An over-worked woman is always a sad sight-sadder a great deal than an overworked man, because she isso much more fertile in capacities of suffering than a man. She has so many varieties of headache-sometimes as if Jael were driving. the nail that killed Sisera into her templessometimes letting her work with half her brain, while the other half throbs as if it would go to pieces—sometimes tightening round the brows as if her cap-band were Luke's iron crown—and then her neuralgias, and her back-aches, and her fits of depression, in which she thinks she is nothing, and less than nothing, and these paroxysms which men speak slightingly of as hysterical—convul-sions, that is all, only not commonly fatal ones-so many trials which belong to her fine and mobile structure, that she is always. entitled to pity, when she is placed in conditions which develop her nervous tendencies.

Dr. O. W. Holmes. A Perilous Ride. - The New York Tribune

of a late date says :-

"On Thursday night, shortly after 10-clock as the Philadelphia train arrived at the Jersey City depot, it was discovered that two little boys had secured a free ride from Newark by stowing themselves away on the cross-pieces of the brakes, under the body of a car, to which they must necessarily have clung with considerable tenacity to maintain. their position. One of the little fellows narrowly escaped being killed by running out from under the car while they were entering the depot. The other boy being larger, was found snugly wedged between the cross-piece of the brakes and the bottom of the car, from which he was extricated without having sustained any injury further than an uncomfortable squeezing. The youths, aged respectively 9 and 10 years, are residents of Newark, and come up to pay a short visit to New York, for what purpose they were not inclin-

DEATH OF A TENNESSEE HERMIT.-The Mc-Minnville (Tenn.) New Era announces the death on the 23d ult. of Daniel West, the well known hermit of the mountains, at the age of seventy-eight. He had lived for a number of years in the hollow of a large American poplar tree, in the opening of which he had fit-ted a rude door. In the centre of this hol-low he would build his fire in winter and for cooking his plain meals. This hollow also served as his sleeping apartment, and it is said he slept in a sitting posture, reclining against the wall of his house. Adjoining or near to this tree he had a rude shed which he used as a workshop, where he manufactured chairs, boxes, cider mills &c. He was a North Carolinian by birth, and was a soldier in the war of 1812. He was at the Mobile station when the battle of New Orleans was.

FREAKS OF A MANIAC-He Escapes from

a Lunatic Asylum, Marries a Rich Widow, and Buys a Block of Buildings.—About a year since a gentleman in the interior of Wisconsin became insane and was sent to the Lunatic Asylum at Madison in that State. He was a physician by profession, and was a gentleman of superior cultivation and of remarkably prepossessing appearance. He was about 30 years old. Some six weeks ago he escaped from the Asylum and went to Chicago. There he encountered an old friend, who loaned him quite a sum of money, having no suspicion of his insanity. With this money he supplied himself with new and elegant clothing, and started for Laporte, Indiana, a thrifty village on the line of the Michigan Southern Railroad. He remained there long enough to win the affections of a young and wealthy widow, and was married to her. During the brief courtship he exhibited no indications of lunacy, but shortly afterany feathers adding beauty to the beautiful, dignity to the queenlike, and improving the appearance of all.

They do not succeed in obtaining water, they intend, we are told, to pass a telegraph wire through, so as to bring Columbus in direct communications of lunacy, but shortly after his marriage he commenced conducting himself in a manner which startled his wife and her friends. Among the many fancies he believed he was a sheep, and insisted upon believed he was a sheep, and insisted upon erawling around on his hands and feet, bleating in the most absurd manner. He would then fancy himself a rattlesnake, and make frantic attempts to bite the members of his household. The unhappy lady, at length worn out with watching him and endeavoring to restore his reason, made preparations. to send him to the Asylum at Indianapolis. But, as is frequently the case, insanity sharpened his wits, and he adroitly escaped. We next hear of him in Syracuse, N. Y., where he actually purchased a block of buildings. The necessary papers were made out, and he was. to call next day with the money. He was to pay an outrageous sum for the property, and it is said the parties with whom he made the bargain chuckled vastly over the propitious winds that had blown them so profitable and fresh a subject. But they saw no more of him. The lunatic started westward. At Buffalo he bargained for an immense amount of corn, to be delivered in New York city, and then proceeded to Cleveland. He arrived here last week, and endeavored to negotiate for some real estate on Kinsman street, but he talked so absurdly that the parties with whom he had interviews refused to treat with

Meanwhile his friends, and particularly his wife in Wisconsin (for he has a wife and two children in that State,) were making every effort to ascertain his whereabouts. They traced him to Syracuse, and from there to this city. His brother arrived here on Saturday morning last, but found that the lunatic had left on the previous evening's train for the West. He followed on Saturday and he perseveringly continued the chase.—
At Adrian he found and captured him, and

took him home. When not in his rabid fits few would discover the unfortunate man's true condition. He would make very absurd propositions and