

THE GLOBE.

Huntingdon, Wednesday, July 11, 1860.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

THE EXCURSION TO BROAD TOP CITY ON THE FOURTH.—On the morning of the Fourth, in company with three or four hundred ladies and gentlemen, we visited Broad Top City. The train was in charge of Mr. Morrison, the gentlemanly conductor; but we must confess that we always feel more comfortable, more secure from accidents, which are very few and far between on this road, when Mr. Lawrence, the Superintendent has an eye over the party, as he had on this occasion.—We arrived at the City Hotel at a good dinner hour, and found that Mr. Morrison, the land-lord had a full supply of the best of the Philadelphia and home markets would afford. If anybody came away hungry it was not the accommodating land-lord's fault. After dinner we visited a celebration at Barnetstown, some three miles this side of the city. Gen. Wilson was delivering an oration when we arrived—after which the Declaration of Independence was read, when the party adjourned to a platform, where four violins kept the young folks in motion until late in the evening. We never saw better order at a celebration. The excursion party returned home at 10 o'clock P. M., well pleased with the day's performance. Our thanks to the engineer for picking up a stray passenger.

THE FOURTH.—There was very little stir in Huntingdon on the glorious Fourth.—About the only demonstration we heard of, was a Celebration at the Cottage, by the M. E. Sabbath School. Mr. P. M. Lytle and Mr. J. Bailey, delivered orations before the School, and acquitted themselves nobly.—Their speeches are highly spoken of by those who were present. The citizens in general, behaved themselves as becomes a Christian-like people.

A large picnic came off at or near Alexandria, and was largely attended, there being about one hundred and fifty persons present. The Methodist Episcopal Sunday School, of Cassville, celebrated the Fourth in a becoming manner. The Declaration of Independence was read by Prof. Jas. W. Hughes. R. Milton Spear, Esq., delivered an oration. Rev. Coleman, pastor of the Church, also made an eloquent speech. Several of the Sabbath School scholars delivered appropriate speeches selected for the occasion.

BOTH SIDES OF THE GRAPE QUESTION.—This is the title of the new work announced some time since, and which has just been issued by A. M. Spangler, editor of "The Farmer and Gardener." It is a neat volume, in which the important question whether the present system of cultivation, pruning and general management, is better adapted to promote health, vigor, longevity and productiveness in the grape vine, than a closer approximation to nature's system, is ably discussed. The article on the classification of the species and varieties of the grape vine, is not only new, but of the highest importance.—Every grape grower, if he has but a single vine, should have a copy, particularly as it can be had for the trifling sum of 35 cts. in cloth, or 25 cts. in paper binding. Address, A. M. SPANGLER, Philadelphia. For sale at Lewis' Book Store.

Sheriff Watson received notice on Friday last, from Powelton, that a band of desperadoes had congregated in the woods adjoining that place, and were furnished liquor through the day by their friends, and at night entered the town and committed all sorts of depredations, causing great consternation amongst the good people, and making it necessary to keep a watch all night with firearms. We have not yet learned the action of the Sheriff.

IN TOWN.—Mr. Ptaszyk, the celebrated Piano tuner, is now in town, and will remain for eight or ten days. Orders can be left at Lewis' Book Store or with Prof. Coyle. All work done by Mr. P. is warranted.

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.

The Methodist Sunday School Celebration.

MR. ERROR.—On the morning of the Fourth, to the stirring music of the drum and fife, the Methodist Episcopal Sunday School, of this borough, marshaled by its Superintendent, proceeded to the Cypress Cottage for the purpose of celebrating the anniversary of the Nation's birth-day. On arriving at the grounds—a place hallowed by patriotic convocations for more than half a century—the assemblage was called to order. Addresses were delivered by J. M. Bailey, P. M. Lytle, and Rev. Conser, Minister in charge. The addresses of Messrs. Bailey and Lytle, evidently prepared for the occasion, were eloquent and patriotic, and have added to the already growing reputation of the orators. Mr. Conser's remarks, though not wanting in patriotism, were intended to show the utter folly of erecting a fabric of government unless its corner stone is religion, and the utter weakness of any governmental structure without Divine support. After the conclusion of the orations, the baskets of good things were brought forward and relieved of their delicious contents. A generous invitation was given to all present to freely partake, and all within reach sat down to as fine a collation as was ever spread upon the Cypress lawn. A general romp succeeded the repast, in which old and young, grave and giddy, participated, until the approach of evening seemed to indicate that the time for separa-

tion had arrived. The company returned homeward, and parted gratified at the exercises of the day.

Whilst I have my pen in hand, I cannot close without noticing the fact that the Sunday School connected with this Church, has faithfully observed and properly celebrated the anniversary of the Declaration of Independence at its annual recurrence for the last twenty-five years, and longer, for aught your writer knows. Although other organizations may grow weary in paying annual tribute to the memory of those who ventured their "lives, fortunes and sacred honors" in the perilous contest for the freedom we now enjoy, this School appears to be fully up to its measure of duty. Beside the inculcation of wholesome religious precepts, may it continue in its patriotic course—now honored by long observance—and may others emulate its example. ARGUS.

Birmingham "Mountain Female Seminary" Examination.

MR. Wm. LEWIS.—We had the pleasure of being present at the 4th semi-annual examination of the pupils of the "Mountain Female Seminary," on Friday and Saturday, June 29th and 30th, and Monday, July 2nd. The first day's exercises consisted of recitations in Mental and Written Arithmetic, Geography Analysis, Geography of the Heavens, and History. The second in Grammar, Physiology, Natural Theology, English Literature, and the Bible. The third in Familiar Science, Geometry, Evidences of Christianity, Botany, Trigonometry, Milton, and Algebra. An able semi-annual address was delivered by Rev. D. D. Clarke, of McVeytown, and a vocal and instrumental concert in the evening. During these few day's exercises, we were greatly pleased to witness the readiness and accuracy with which the young ladies recited.

Several eminent Lawyers, Teachers, Ministers and Doctors, who were present as visitors, were requested to propose problems and questions, in the different branches, at every stage of the proceedings; the invitation was accepted quite freely, and the young ladies passed through the trying ordeal most creditably, and these gentlemen have expressed the unanimous opinion that they never were present at an Examination where such a large number of young ladies answered questions, promiscuously thrown out, with such promptness and expressive brevity; indeed it was a rare intellectual treat.

During the first and second day's proceedings, there were not many visitors present, but on the third the number was very great—almost every occupation and profession was represented in the assemblage. Parents, who had the advantage of an education, would exhibit countenances radiant with intelligent joy as their "dear daughter" would solve a difficult problem in Algebra or Geometry, or explain the botanical names or construction of the different parts of a flower or plant.—Fathers and mothers who had been deprived of the advantage of an education themselves, could scarcely restrain their happy emotions as the low murmur of whispered applause would pass from ear to ear when their "loved one" had answered satisfactorily a question thrown out by "a distinguished gentleman," or quoted and explained a whole page from Milton. In truth, no one but the veriest old bachelor could have listened to those exercises without being delighted.

To see those young ladies, from twelve to twenty years of age, step out before that audience, the very pictures of innocence, but without mock-modesty, no show of boldness, but sufficient confidence, smiling countenances, but no uncultivated giggling—all showed by their deportment that they have teachers. Ah! and teachers they have.—Prof. L. G. Grier is one of the most accomplished gentlemen, a thorough scholar, and more than that, a Christian. His pupils esteem him very highly, and love to obey him. He is prompt and decisive, generous and kind. Mrs. Grier is a most excellent lady, and delights to contribute to the comfort of the pupils. Miss Davis, the principal female teacher, is a graduate of Mt. Holyoke, Massachusetts. Prof. Grier is unusually fortunate in having so excellent a lady as Miss Davis in the Institution; she is thoroughly versed in all the branches taught in any Seminary; to be what she is, has been the study of her life, she has an excellent mind, and great knowledge, and knows how to impart that knowledge to her pupils, and enable them to apply their education in the practical affairs of life, here and hereafter, which is, or should be, the great aim of education.

Miss Rathbun, the music teacher in this Institution, is an excellent performer of vocal and instrumental music. At the concert, given at the Seminary on Monday evening, her pupils performed many pieces upon the piano, which elicited great applause from the audience. The vocal music was excellent; little girls, scarcely old enough to give words their proper accent, sung with such accuracy that we almost trembled for the laurels of the "Continental," and the young ladies, who were more advanced in years, showed very great proficiency.

There were thirty-eight boarders at the Seminary last session and a number of day scholars. Some of the pupils are from Chester, Lewisburg, Pittsburgh, Hollidaysburg, Doylestown, Huntingdon, etc., etc. Prof. Grier expects to have a much larger school next session. This Seminary is very favorably located in the town of Birmingham, in a moral community, free from the bustle and

allurements of the world, on the bank of the "Blue Juniata" and a few rods from the Pennsylvania Railroad, surrounded by the most picturesque and romantic mountain scenery; an abundant supply of running water and spacious grounds. The building is four stories high, about seventy feet in length, and proportionate depth. In short, it has every requisite for a first-class Seminary. O.

Murder and Suicide of Mrs. and Mr. Madden.

SCOTTSVILLE, July 7, 1860. MR. LEWIS:—Our peaceful community was thrown into the utmost excitement last evening by a most horrible affair, which was enacted by Richard Madden, who resided some three miles south of this village. The particulars are as follows, so far as I have learned:

Mr. Madden's family, all, excepting himself, wife, and two children, (the eldest of whom, was not over ten years of age,) were cutting grain a short distance from the house. Mrs. Madden was busy washing dishes in the house, when Mr. Madden came forward with a piece of board about 22 inches long, 7 inches broad, and 1 1/2 inches thick, and gave her four or five blows, one on the forehead, cutting a gash about three inches long, one on the back of the neck and several on the body. The boy present, ran to the grainfield for his brother, who, on his arrival, found his mother under the porch steps. A Mr. Brown and several others soon arrived, and carried her into the house. Mr. Brown asked her if she knew him. She said "Yes," which was the only word she spoke, and expired in a few minutes.

W. L. Cunningham, Esq., summoned a jury which gave a verdict, "Came to her death by several successive blows upon her head and body."

While the boy was away after his brother, Mr. Madden made his escape from the house. This morning, about sunrise, a party who were in search of him, found him near a quarter of a mile from the house, at the edge of a field, hanging to the limb of a tree. He had taken a riding bridle from off the porch, with which he committed this horrible deed.

Esquire Cunningham called another jury which stated that they believed insanity to be the cause of the rash act. Dr. B. D. F. Baird, on examination, pronounced his neck dislocated.

Mr. Madden was a good husband and a kind father. Also a hard working farmer until within the last 2 years, when he quit working entirely, and at times appeared wretched in his mind.

Mr. and Mrs. Madden leave a large family of children, and also a large circle of friends to mourn their sudden departure. P. H. B.

Another Grand Rally!

The Douglas men of Philadelphia held a second grand mass meeting in Independence Square on the 4th. A number of able speeches were made. We give an extract from that of Daniel Dougherty, Esq., that the Democracy of Huntingdon county may know with what spirit the infamous proposition of compromise is received in Philadelphia:

"Certain delegates, the pliant tools of conspirators in the National Senate, left the Convention because a vast majority would not yield to their demands, and calling together the mob they marshalled, styled it a Convention! No delegate from Pennsylvania formally withdrew from the regular Convention, and but three or four insignificant individuals utterly unknown to the masses entered where the Seceders were gathered.—[That's so, and applause] I, for one rejoice that we are rid of renegades from our party, and all who sympathize with Secessionists. [Cheers.] And yet we are asked to compromise with these men!—to arrange the machinery and vote for the same electoral ticket! [Cries of "no, never."] No! They have deceived us already in their treachery to the National nominees, and never can be trusted more. [Hear! hear!]"

What! compromise with a faction, whose head and heart is the man who, in the very Convention which nominated Breckinridge, declared that, ten years ago, he was a Disunionist, and who uttered there, amid approving shouts, the atrocious sentiment, that he was not for his country or against his country? Compromise with these men? You might as well have asked a soldier fighting by the side of Washington to embrace the foe who aimed a weapon at the hero's heart! [Tremendous cheering.]

Down with Disunionists and Secessionists! I respect the opinion of those who honestly differed; but I glory in saying that I was an anti-Leocompton Democrat. [Applause.] I could be nothing else. In the campaign of 1856 I left my business and home, and for three months traversed the hills and valleys of my native State in advocacy of the very principles we are now battling for. I promised the people that our then national nominees would be true to the platform. When the administration proved, as I conceive, recreant to solemn pledges made to the people, I openly denounced the treachery. For this, I and others I see about me were called disorganizers. We were traduced and vilified, though we stood by the organization, and voted for the regular nominees; and now, after having for nearly three years borne the taunts of the parasites of power, the National Convention, the only authorized body, decides that we were faithful, we are asked to compromise with the very men who were treacherous to principle then, and now are in open war against the National Convocation. [Great applause.]

Such a compromise may suit politicians, whose patriotism mounts no higher than their pockets; it is in keeping with office seekers, and office holders, but duty to our country, to truth and honor, to gallant Douglas, [cheers] to our brothers of the South, who are fighting our battles there, demand that we should, as we do, reject and repudiate with scorn, with loathing, and contempt, all terms offered, save those of unconditional submission to the principles of the Charleston Convention, and unhesitating and unqualified support of the only national nominees, Douglas and Johnston. [Wild enthusiasm.]

A majority of the State Central Committee, composed of men who were never named, and are unfit for such a crisis; and the hirings of an infamous and corrupt Administration on the Executive Committee, may recommend a compromise, but every true Democrat will treat their insidious offer with unutterable disdain. [Applause.] Interrogate every mem-

ber of our electoral college, whether he will vote, unconditionally for Douglas and Johnson. If he hesitates, even for an instant, strike him from the list. [Cheers.] Let a State Convention be called by the members of the National Committee for Pennsylvania, and every vacancy be filled with a name fit for this revolutionary struggle.

Others may make terms, but, if I stand solitary and alone, so help me God,—with reverence I vow it—never will I compromise with those whose principles I oppose, and whose aim is the destruction of the Democracy, and the downfall of the Republic! [Three cheers for Dougherty.]

An Emphatic Rebuke.

The following letter from the Democratic National Committee, of which Hon. Miles Taylor, (Representative in Congress from New Orleans,) is Chairman, is to the point:

"NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE ROOMS, WASHINGTON, June 30, '60. 'Sir: Reports have been busily disseminated, in the shape of telegraphic despatches, from Washington, appearing simultaneously in newspapers published in different parts of the Union, to the effect that the friends of Stephen A. Douglas and Herschel V. Johnson, Democratic candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency, presented for the suffrages of the people by the National Convention recently assembled in Baltimore, were engaged, in several of the States, with the friends of John C. Breckinridge and Joseph Lane, candidates designated for the same offices by the seceders from the National Convention, in making arrangements for the running of electoral tickets in different States, to be supported by them jointly in the approaching Presidential election, with the understanding that the vote of the electors, elected by such combination, shall be given for Douglas and Johnson, or for Breckinridge and Lane, as subsequent events might require. What gave rise to these reports, and to what agency their circulation is to be attributed, we have no means of determining. The fact of their prevalence, however, is so notorious that, when it is taken in connection with the fact that it is stated in some quarters that movements looking towards such a result are about to be inaugurated in Missouri and New Jersey, the subject becomes one of sufficient importance, in the opinion of the committee, to be made the subject of a special communication to the known friends of the Democratic party; and, accordingly, in obedience to the wishes of the committee, I now address you this circular.

"So far as it is known to the members of the resident Executive Committee, no person who supports the action of the National Democratic Convention at Baltimore—no person who desires the election of Stephen A. Douglas to the Presidency, and of Herschel V. Johnson to the Vice Presidency, has ever expressed a wish for any such arrangement, or entertained, or even countenanced, for a single moment, any suggestion or proposition tending towards it. Nor does the committee believe that any such arrangement can with propriety be made at any time, in any place, or under any circumstances, with those who have placed Breckinridge and Lane in nomination, and are now their avowed supporters in opposition to the regular nominees of the Democratic party.

"The Democratic party, as a national party, stands now where it has stood for years, upon the ground of non-intervention by Congress with the subject of slavery in the States or Territories. Those who seceded from the Baltimore Convention did so because they were unwilling to stand on that ground.—They have again and again repudiated that principle, and both at Charleston and Baltimore declared that they would sever their connection with the majority of the delegates assembled in Convention in accordance with Democratic usage, unless they, too, would solemnly repudiate it in obedience to their demand. When the majority of the Convention refused to yield to their dictation, and make their actions conform to the will of the minority, these gentlemen seceded, formed themselves into a minority Convention, and nominated candidates who are the open and pledged enemies of the principle of 'non-intervention' by Congress, as recognized by the majority Convention, and as advocated by their candidates. Under those circumstances it is clear to the committee that if the antagonism between the Seceders and the majority of the Democratic Convention was such that the Seceders could no longer take part in their deliberations, and were constrained to set up candidates in opposition to those selected by the majority, that antagonism still continues, and is such as must preclude the possibility of any union between them in the support of a common electoral ticket in any State, no matter what may be the probable result of the election in it without such a union.

"The Democratic party, which is now united in the support of Douglas and Johnson, stands upon the only principle which is capable, if maintained in its integrity, of preserving and perpetuating the Union of the States. The Seceders, and their candidates, are opposed to this principle. Their course, if sustained in the South, necessarily tends, though it may not be so designed, to the breaking up of the National Government.—In the view of the committee, there is no room for doubt, in the mind of any National Democrat, as to the path of duty in the present crisis. The 'Seceders,' by withdrawing from the National Convention and setting up their candidates, have arrayed themselves in opposition to the principle of Congressional non-intervention. National Democrats should everywhere meet the issue now tendered them, by nominating and supporting electoral tickets in their respective States, pledged, if elected, to vote for Stephen A. Douglas for President, and Herschel V. Johnson for Vice President of the United States. If the Seceders and their friends choose to separate permanently from the Democratic party, and run a ticket in opposition to the regular nominees, let them do so.—Upon them be the responsibility of the result.

MILES TAYLOR, Chairman."

Ladies' fine pointed steel pens, a very superior article just received and for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

Anniversary & Sunday School Music Books, 3 cents each, for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

A BOOK FOR FRUIT GROWERS.—"Downing's Fruits and Fruit Trees of America,"—revised edition, 1860—for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

Rules for Sunday Schools, on large Cards, for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

DIED.

At the residence of her son, in Jackson township, on the 1st day of July, inst., Mrs. ELIZABETH DURR, at the advanced age of 77 years.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

MONDAY, July 9.—Breadstuffs Market, dull. Mixed and good brands of superfine, offered at \$5.37 1/2 per bushel, without notice to any extent. 500 bushels of extra, fresh from the mill, at \$5, and to the trade at \$5.27 1/2 for extra family, and \$5.20 for 2 1/2 for fancy lots.

REGISTER AND RECORDER.

Water Street, July 6, 1860. B. F. BROWN.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

STORE ROOM AND DWELLING HOUSE, AT PUBLIC SALE.

COME TO THE NEW STORE FOR CHEAP BARGAINS.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

NEW GOODS!! NEW GOODS!!

D. P. GWIN'S STORE.

Also, a large assortment of Ladies' Collars, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Gloves, Mitts, Gauntlets, Hosiery, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Victoria Lawn, Mull Muslins, Swiss and Cambric Edgings, Dimity Bands, Velvet Ribbons, and a great variety of other articles.

Also, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Shaker Bonnets, Hardware, Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Groceries, Salt and Fish.

Also, the largest and best assortment of Carpets and Oil Cloths in town, which will be sold cheap.

Also, a large assortment of Spring Shawls.

Also, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Shaker Bonnets, Hardware, Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Groceries, Salt and Fish.

1860. SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

FISHER & SON are now opening the largest and best selected Stock of Goods ever offered in this country.

It comprises a full line of Fashionable Dress Goods, suitable for SPRING & SUMMER, such as Black and Fancy Silks, French Foulards, (Chintz Figures,) Fancy Organdies, Duane's, Challie's Lawns, English Chintz, Ginghams, and many other articles.

A large and beautiful assortment of Spring Shawls.

A fine stock of richly worked Black Silk Lace Mantles. A full assortment of Ladies' Fine Collars, Gentlemen's Hosiery Goods, such as Collars, Cravats, Ties, Stocks, Hosiery, Shirts, and Silk Undershirts, Drawers, &c.

We have a fine selection of Mantillas, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Mitts, Gloves, Gaiters, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Buttons, Floss, Sewing Silk, Extension Skirts, Hoops of all kinds, &c.

Also—Tickings, Osanburg, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, all prices; Colored and White Cambrics, and Swiss Muslins, Victoria Lawns, Swiss Soles, Tulle, and many other articles which comprise the line of WHITE and DOMESTIC GOODS.

Also, a large assortment of Ladies' Fine Collars, Gentlemen's Hosiery Goods, such as Collars, Cravats, Ties, Stocks, Hosiery, Shirts, and Silk Undershirts, Drawers, &c.

HATS AND CAPS, of every variety and style. A good stock of Ladies' HATS, and all kinds of HATS, and Caps, in the latest styles, and of every quality, which will be sold cheap.

THE best Tobacco in town, at D. P. GWIN'S.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Table with columns for WESTWARD, STATIONS, EASTWARD, and MAIL. Lists train schedules and arrival/departure times for various stations.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD—CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

UP TRAINS. Leave Huntingdon at 9.00 A. M. & 5.30 P. M. Arrive at Hopewell at 10.40 A. M. & 7.16 P. M.

DOWN TRAINS. Leave Hopewell at 12.50 P. M. & 8.01 P. M. Arrive at Huntingdon at 2.08 P. M. & 9.22 P. M.

ON STEEPER REX BRANCH, a passenger car will connect with both trains from Huntingdon for Guilford, Crawford, Barnet and Blair's Station, connecting at the latter place with Hack to Broad Top City, where first-class hotel accommodations will be found. Visitors from Huntingdon can go direct through to Broad Top City, in time for dinner, spend the day on the mountain, and after tea return to Huntingdon same evening. Excursion tickets for round trip to Guilford, Crawford and Blair's Station, \$1.25. Residents along the line of road desiring to spend the whole day in town can do so by taking the accommodation train down in the morning.

NEW GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY.

C. LONG. Informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity, that he has opened a new Grocery and Confectionery Store in the basement, under Gutman & Co.'s Clothing Store, in the Diamond, and would most respectfully request a share of public patronage.

H. ROMAN. NEW CLOTHING FOR SPRING AND SUMMER. JUST RECEIVED AT H. ROMAN'S CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at H. ROMAN'S, opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon. [April 4, 1860.]

FRANKLIN HOUSE, IN THE DIAMOND, HUNTINGDON, PA. VALENTINE CROUSE, Proprietor.

THE PLACE TO CALL IS AT G. A. MILLER'S STORE: GROCERIES, DRY-GOODS, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, FRESH CONFECTIONARIES, &c., &c. AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST! AND AS GOOD AS THE BEST!

G. A. Miller has now on hand a well selected stock of fresh Groceries, Dry Goods, Confectionaries, Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, Notions, &c., all of which he is ready to dispose of at reasonable prices.

1,000 CUSTOMERS WANTED! NEW GOODS FOR SPRING & SUMMER.

BENJ. JACOBS. Has received a fine assortment of DRY GOODS for the Spring and Summer season, comprising a very extensive assortment of LADIES DRESS GOODS, DRY GOODS in general, READY-MADE CLOTHING, GROCERIES, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, &c., &c.

THE public generally are requested to call and examine my goods—and my prices. As I am determined to sell my Goods, all who call may expect bargains. Country Produce taken in Exchange for Goods.

THIS WAY! NEW GOODS! LEVI WESTBROOK. Has just opened the best assortment of Goods in his line, ever brought to Huntingdon. His stock of BOOTS and SHOES, for Men, Misses, Boys and Children, comprises all the latest fashions, and manufactured of the best materials.

Also, a fine assortment of HATS for men, Boys and Children. ALSO IN GREAT VARIETY, GENTLEMEN'S, LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S, CALFET BAGS, SUSPENDED BAGS, GAITERS, FANS, &c., &c.

SOLE LEATHER, CALF SKINS, MOROCCO, LASTS, and SHOE-FINDINGS generally. Thankful for past favors, a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited.

DR. EISENWEIN'S TAR AND WOOD SAPPHI PECTORAL. Is the best Remedy for the cure of Coughs and Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma, &c.

A very valuable remedy for Diarrhea, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, and all bowel affections. Try it. Price 25 cents per bottle.

THE above Medicines are prepared only by DR. A. EISENWEIN & CO., Chemists and Druggists, N. W. Corner Ninth & Poplar Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

IF you want handsome Goods, good Goods, cheap Goods, and all kinds of Goods, go to D. P. GWIN'S.