THE GLOBE

Huntingdon, Wednesday, May 23, 1860. LOCAL & PERSONAL.

HAIL STORM.—On Monday night this place was visited with a severe storm, attended by hail. In the evening the vivid flashes of lightning, accompanied with the low, rumbling noise of the distant thunder, might have been heard in the western horizon, coming closer and closer, until it was fairly upon us at 9 o'clock, when it not only rained, and hailed and blowed, but it poured down. Hail stones fell in our yard as large as hickory nuts. We fear the hail has done great damage to the grain. We go to press too early to have any news from the country; but we hope for the best.

RAILROAD EMPLOYEES AND POLITICS.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, held re- I made as good a school teacher as I could, cently, the following preamble and resolution

WHEREAS, It is proper to let it be fully and clearly-understood that it is the settled policy of this company to keep aloof from all politi-

therein; therefore,
Resolved, That whilst we disclaim any intention to interfere with the individual rights of our officers or Employees, we will regard any attempt to control the votes of those in the service of this company, or in any way pervert its influence to the support of any political party, as sufficient ground for summary dismissal."

Two MEN KILLED .- Shepherd Crownover and George Hampson were killed near Mill Creek by the fast passenger train going east, at 10 o'clock on Monday night last. They had been in this place during the day, and left for their homes in the evening, both intoxicated. Crownover was badly mangled. and instantly killed. Hampson lived two or three hours after he had been struck by the locomotive. They both lived in the neighborhood of Mill Creek. Crownover leaves a family.

THE WEATHER .- Sunday was one of those beautiful days poets sing of. Clear, calm, and salubrious. But to-day (Monday,) the lightning flashes, thunder bellows long, loud and angry, and the rain falls in torrents .-We are almost inclined to the opinion that the clerk of the weather is "wrong shipped," for we have had almost constant rain for two weeks. The air is raw and cold for May, but vegetation comes on finely.

We took a drive into the country, on Thursday last, and were surprised at the flattering aspect the wheat crop presents. The farmers we talked to, are in high spirits, and say they have not seen a more flattering prospect for five years. Most of them have their corn in, and a considerable quantity of it up, which also bids fair to yield an abundant crop.

THE RAILROAD.—On Friday a week, a train of three passenger cars were thrown into the Juniata river below Perrysville, by a land-slide from the ridge. Fortunately the passengers had all left the cars a few minutes before for the purpose of walking around a slide which had previously occurred. Two of the cars immediately sank—the third floated down the river.

THE CANAL.—The late high water in the Juniata river done considerable damage to the Canal at several points between Lewistown and Harrisburg. Boats will not be able to run through before the first of June. A brake occurred in the towing path at this place, on Wednesday morning last, but was repaired by Saturday sufficiently to admit of extinction, or its advocates will push it forboats passing.

ACCIDENT.-Fletcher McCahan, a young man employed on the passenger train of the Broad Top Road, met with an accident on Monday of last week. He was coupling some freight cars, and was caught between them, crushing him in a serious manner. He is recovering slowly.

Boquets.-Miss Jennie White has our thanks for a beautiful boquet of wild and tame flowers. We also received one of choice garden flowers from Mr. H. W. Miller, but not half as large as the one we shall expect from the same garden in a few weeks.

DEPUTY MARSHALS .- George Jackson, and E. L. Everheart, of this place, and George W. Speer, of Mt. Union, have been appointed | Mr. Douglas was successful, but with the aid to take the census of this county.

New Schedules have gone into effect on the Pennsylvania and Huntingdon and Broad Top roads. See time tables.

THE SOUTHERN DISUNIONISTS.—The Southern members of Congress have issued an address to the Seceders from Charleston to attend the Baltimore Convention, and advises them to secede a second time if their demands should not be acceded to. We have no fears that the Seceders will give the Baltimore Convention the least trouble-they left the Convention-are outside of the organization, and can only get back by re-election and submitting to the will of the majority.

LET THE PEOPLE BE HEARD .- It is proposed to adopt a resolution at the next National Democratic Convention that no one holding office under the General Government should be allowed a seat in any Democratic Convention. This should be done by all means. -The man who, in the Baltimore Convention, will make such a proposition, will immortalize himself. Let it be done by all means.

The Phila. Ledger, an independent, neutral paper, amuses its readers with an extract from one of the speeches of Mr. Douglas in the contest for the Senatorship with Mr. Lincoln. We publish it as we find it in the columns of that paper:

Mr. Douglas said:

"In the remarks which I have made upon this platform, and the position of Mr. Lin-coln upon it, I mean nothing personal, disrespectful or unkind to that gentleman. I have known him for nearly twenty-five years.— We had many points of sympathy when I first got acquainted with him. We were both comparatively boys; both struggling with poverty in a strange town for our supportan humble school teacher in a town of Winhence became more fortunate in this world's goods. Mr. Lincoln is one of those peculiar in every occupation that he ever attempted. and when a cabinet maker I made the best bedsteads and tables, but my old boss said I succeeded better in bureaus and secretaries than in anything else. [Laughter.]
But I believe that Mr. Lincoln was more

successful in his business than I, for his busical contests, and to disapprove of any of its officers or employees taking any active part islature. There I met him in a little time, and I had a sympathy with him because of the up-hill struggle in life. [Cheers and laughter.] He was then as good at telling an anecdote as now. He could beat any of Seceders and Disunionists who retired from the could be the result may be time will determine. The Seceders and Disunionists who retired from the could be the result may be time will determine. the boys at wrestling, could outrun them at a foot race, beat them at pitching quoits and tossing a copper, and could win more liquor than all the boys put together, [laughter and cheers;] and the dignity and impar-tiality with which he presided at a horse-race or a fight were the praise of everybody that was present and participated. [Renewed] laughter.] Hence, I had a sympathy for him, because he was struggling with misfortune and so was I. Mr. Lincoln served with me, or I with him, in the Legislature of 1836, when we parted. He subsided or submerged for some years, and I lost sight of him .-In 1846, when Wilmot raised the Wilmot proviso tornado, Mr. Lincoln again turned as a member of Congress from Sangamon District. I, being in the Senate of the United States, was called to welcome him, then without friend and companion. He then distinguished himself by his opposition to the Mexican war, taking the side of the common enemy, in time of war, against his own country. [Cheers and groans.] When he returned home from that Congress, he found that the indignation of the people followed him everywhere, until he again retired to private life, and was submerged until he was forgotten again by his friends. He came up again in 1854, in time to make the Abolition Black Republican platform, in company with Lovejoy, Giddings, Chase and Fred Douglas, for the Republican. party to stand upon. Trumbull, too, was one of our own contemporaries."

Mr. Lincoln appears to be very popular in the Northwest, and doubtless he owes his nomination over Mr. Seward to the desire to secure the Northwestern States for the Republican party. His views in regard to slavery are quite as decided as those of Mr. Seward, and on the occasion of his nomination as a candidate for the United States Senate, he jority represented nearly two-thirds of the made a speech, in which he distinctly an- Throwing aside entirely the great merits of nounces the "irrepressible conflict," as the the man, the question arises, ought a majority submit to the will of a minority? and following extract will show:

"We are now far into the fifth year since the policy was initiated with the avowed object and confident promise of putting an end to slavery agitation. Under the operation of that policy, that agitation has not only not ceased, but has constantly augmented. In my opinion, it will not cease until a crisis shall have been reached and passed. A house divided against itself cannot stand. I believe this government cannot endure permanently half slave and half free. I do not expect the Union to be dissolved—I do not expect the house to fall-but I do expect it will cease to be divided. It will all become one thing or all the other. Either the opponents of slavery will arrest the farther spread of it, and place it where the public mind shall rest in the belief that it is in the course of ultimate ward till it shall become alike in all the States, old as well as new-North as well as

# Douglas.

The Republican party, in convention at Chicago, nominated Abram Lincoln, of Illi- ern State; that he is the only Democrat who nois, as their candidate for President of the | can be elected President; that his withdraw-United States. There must have been strong | al would be that death-knell of the Democratic reasons which could have induced, now, for the second time, the rejection of Mr. Seward, and the nomination of Mr. Lincolnin his place. These reasons are obvious. The Charleston ever willing he may be to sacrifice his per-Convention adopted the two-thirds rule—not sonal aspirations, the time for such a sacritwo-thirds of the vote as originally intended. fice has gone by. His withdrawal now would two-thirds of the vote as originally intended, but two-thirds of the whole Convention, from which fifty delegates had already retired, and it was therefore believed at Chicago that the nomination of Mr. Douglas at Baltimore was impossible. Mr. Lincoln was the opponent of Mr. Douglas in the late contest in the State of Illinois for Senator of the United States .of the Federal office-holders, who recently presented their discarded delegates at Charles-

doubtful. From the facts above stated, it was believed by the Republicans that Mr. Douglas could not be nominated at Baltimore, and, therefore, that Lincoln would certainly receive the eleven electoral votes of Illinois in November next. Not only was this calculation made of dollars. The mills are not running at preswest. Lincoln was nominated on the assumption that Douglas could not be nominated by the Democratic Convention at Baltimore, and that if Douglas were discarded, The loss will be felt more or less by the the whole sixty-six votes of that region would

certainly be given to Mr. Lincoln. It will be recollected that in 1856 Illinois nee-thus securing his election by the peowe have alluded, and, by rejecting the nomivention, Mr. Lincoln's election may be regarded as certain. Mr. Lincoln has, perhaps, than usual."

gone farther than the Republican platform of 1856 against the States of the South. The great battle between Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Douglas in the late Senatorial contest in Illinois, was on the doctrine that there was, in | with but two dissenting voices: reality, an irrepressible conflict between the slave States of this Union and the free States; that all must ultimately become slave States or free, and that the whole moral and political power of the Government should be used to make them all free States. This Mr. Douglas denied, contending that in the future, as in the past, from soil, climate, productions, and other causes, there might continue to be slave States as well as free States, and that neither the moral nor the political power of the Government should be used to favor the one or the other. His doctrine was non-intervention by Congress, in States or Territories, and that the problem might be left in chester, and he a flourishing grocery keeper in the town of Salem. [Laughter.] He was more successful in his occupation than I, and here. Douglas, believed that a perpetual union between the slave States and the free States was practicable. It was denied by men that has performed with admirable skill Mr. Lincoln, and this was the great contro-in every occupation that he ever attempted. versy between them, in which Mr. Douglas was successful.

But it is now quite certain that if Mr. Douglas be rejected by the Democratic Convention at Baltimore, Mr. Lincoln will sweep Illinois, Indiana, and the whole North-west, and his election by the people, becomes, per-haps, a forgone conclusion. One thing is sure, and must be known to the Baltimore Convention, and that is, that with Douglas the Charleston Convention would, most assuredly, prefer the election of a Republican President rather than the success of Mr. Douglas; but whether this factious, personal opposition can control the masses of the peoble of the Southern States remains to be seen. It is not doubted that a large majority of the delegates from the South refused to secede, and will sustain Mr. Douglas if nominated .-

## Ought Douglas Withdraw?

Is a question which is earnestly propounded by many men, whose only object we know is the good of the Democratic party, and who only seek the perpetuation of its power. Men whose whole lives have been devoted to its success, and who have never permitted either their love for a man, or their antipathy to him to prevent them from doing justice to his merits. When such men in all sincerity, and with an anxiety which shows how deeply they are interested in the answer, ask the question, then we are willing to give the hest solution in our power to the question. It is unnecessary for us to revert to the history of the last three years. It is unnecessary to refer to the glorious battle which Stephen A. Douglas has fought almost single handed for a cardinal principle of Democracy. It is unnecessary for us to give reasons why he has come to be regarded as the embodiment of that principle. Without fortune to attract the selfish; without patronage to reward the place seekers; without nower to attract to him the ambitious, he entered the canvass for Presidential honors, trusting his fate in the hands of the people. His flattering success at Charleston shows that he did not put his trust in his countrymen in vain. A clear majority of the delegates to that Convention, designated him as the choice of their constituents, and that maentire Democratic vote of the United States. this is the only question to be decided. Is it Democratic that an obstinate minority should control a majority? To this question there can be but one answer.

Then comes the spacious argument that to restore harmony to the party, the withdrawal of his name is necessary; to harmonize elements that are not willing to submit to the expressed will of the majority, he must be sacrificed. That the withdrawal of Douglas' name after the facts which have been developed, would have that tendency, no sane man believes. His friends are ardent and self-sacrificing; they are not man worshippers, but regarding him as the embodi-ment of a principle, he is the pole around which their affections centre. Should he be sacrificed contrary to the usages of the party, or should he withdraw, will any one pretend that the strictest party drill could induce the rank and file of the party to vote for his successful competitor? We think not. We believe as firmly as we believe in our existence, Chicago and Baltimore .-- Lincoln and that after the facts which have transpired at Charleston, Douglas is the only living Democrat who can carry a Northern or North-westbe regarded as a pusilanimous act, whilst his desertion by his friends would be a succumbing to the insolent demands of men who have not the welfare of the Democratic party at heart, which must result fatally to its best

interests.—Ebensburg Mountaineer. THE LUMBER BUSINESS AT WILLIAMSPORT. -The Lycoming Gazette, in a lengthy description of the recent flood in the West Banch, ton, the contest was extremely close and and the loss to the lumbermen of that vicinity by the breaking of the boom above Williams.

port, says : "It is estimated that fifty million feet of lumber passed Williamsport—and the best lot of logs ever floated to this celebrated lumber depot-their value being about half a million with regard to Illinois, but also in relation to ent, and will not be in operation until the re-Indiana, Ohio, and indeed the whole North- cent troubles are settled. There yet remains a portion of the logs in the booms, and we learn that the majority of lumbermen will soon go on regularly with their business .whole community. Considering that there is less dry lumber in this market now than there has been at this season for many years, and Indiana voted for the Democratic nomi- it will make the price of lumber advance very much. It is thought that there will be ple—and the intention of the nomination of Mr. Lincoln is to withdraw these States, to- keep the mills running from a third to half of gether with the whole Northwest, from the the manufacturing season. For hundreds of support of the Democratic party in 1860. It | miles down the river many of the logs have remains to be seen whether the Baltimore been picked up. Crews of men have been Convention will profit by the facts to which sent on to take charge of them, and the loss will not be a total one, as the logs will be nation of Mr. Douglas, insure the election of sold and sufficient money recovered, together Mr. Lincoln. It is now quite clear that if with the balance of stock here, to enable our Mr. Douglas, as was believed at Chicago, lumbermen to carry on their business. At should be discarded by the Baltimore Con- the same time the manufacture of lumber

of Clarion county held a meeting on the 8th inst., and passed the following resolutions

Resolved, That we, the Democracy of Clarion county, do cordially endorse and affirm the platform of principles adopted by the Charleston Convention, believing it strictly constitutional in its requirements, and eminently conservative in character. Resolved, That Hon. Stephen A. Douglas, of Illinois, laving received in the Democratic National Convention, a majority of the votes of the whole convention, and more than all other candidates combined, he is justly entitled to, and of right ought to be, the nominee of said convention

Resolved, That we hereby request our Senatorial, and instruct our Representative delegates to cast their votes for Hon. Stephen A. Douglas, at the adjourned convention

Arnold Plumer is representative delegate from this district—will be obey instructions

More than twenty Democratic papers heretofore opposed to Douglas, have, since the adjournment of the Charleston Convention, come out flat-footed for his nomination

Mr. Powell, a soldier in the war of 1812, and an Old Defender, died at York, Pa., on Friday last.

Sunday School and family Libraries, and all other books published by the American Sunday School Union, furnished to order on application at Lewis' Book Store, where dialogues of Books can be seen.

A Book for Fruit Growers .- "Downing's Fruits and Friut Trees of America,"-revised edition, 1860-for sale at Lewis' Book Store. MARRIED,

On the 15th inst., by the Rev. B. L. Agnew, Dr. J. IRVIN STEEL, of Ripley, Ohio, to Miss Mary M. Gwin, of this place.

### DIED.

Of Consumption, in Fannettsburg, Franklin county, Joun Kegerise, in the 59th year of his age. In this place, Sabbath evening, the 20th inst., JANE F., wife of Rev. Geo. W. Zahniser, Pastor of the Huntingdon Presbyterian Church, and daughter of Gen. John Forker, of Mercer, Pa., aged 28 years.

Suddenly seized on last Friday afternoon by disease, congestion of the brain ensued, and for forty-eight hours our whole community, with deep feelings of interest in her behalf, was agitated with alternate fear and hope .-But medical skill, sympathizing friends, and the prayers of a sorrowing church, could not stay the hand of death -the decree had gone forth. Scarcely a year has clapsed since she made her home among us, and in that time, her kind and winning manners and christian deportment, endeared her to all who knew her. A devoted husband and idolized daughter, although separated from relatives, and with "the light of their earthly house gone out," have the heartfelt sympathy of this community, and the light of the Son of righteousness, as well as the hope of a blissful re-union hereafter, to cheer them in their sad bereave-

### PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

Monday, May 21.—The Flour market continues inactive at previous quotations, the sales being only to supply the trade, at from \$5.87½ to \$6 for superfine. \$6,12½,@6,37½ for extra, \$6,50@6,75 for family, and \$7@7,50 \$\beta\$ bbl for famey brands, as in quality. Rye Flour is also very quiet, and selling, as wanted, at \$4,12½,@4,25 \$\beta\$ bbl. Corn Meal remains unchanged, and a further sale of 150 bbls Penna was made at \$3,50 \$\beta\$ bbl.

Wheat—There is not much doing, the receipts being light and holders rather firmer in their views; sales reach about 4,000 bus. Penna at 138@145 for fair to very prime, and 155@160c for white. Rye continues scarce, and a sale of 200 bus. Penna was made at 90c. Corn is without much demand to-day, and some 7,000 bus. found buyers at 73@75c for fair to prime Southern and Penna yellow, including 500 bus handsome white at 78c and 1,200 bushels damaged yellow at 66c mostly afloat. Oats are unchanged damaged yellow at 66c mostly afloat. Oats are unchanged and 1,500 bus Penna sold at 45c in store. A sale of Can-

The Commissioned Company and Brigade Officers of the 14th Division U. P. M., will meet in Convention in Lewistown, on Wednesday, May 30th, 1860, to determine on the time and place of holding a Military Encampment.

J. W. CRAWFORD,

Major Gen. 14th Division U. P. M.

Huntingdon, May 23, 1860-2t.

D'XECUTORS NOTICE. Letters testamentary on the Estate of GEORGE BLACK, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said deceased, will please make immediate payment, and those having claims against his estate, will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

DAVID BLACK,

B. W. BLACK R. W. BLACK.

#### Executors. Huntingdon, May 23, 1860. NEW PUBLICATIONS.

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS .- ORDERS received at LEWIS' Book and Stationery Store, for all new and old Books published in the United States. Books ordered eve-

SAY AND SEAL,

By the author of "Wide, Wide World," and the author of "Dollars and Cents."—2 vols., 12 mo.: publishers price

In evidence of the great popularity of this work, we need only say that 30,000 COPIES of the English edition have already been sold, and, up to the present time, we have been unable to furnish the books as rapidly as or-

dered.

We invite attention to the following notices:

"The authors have turned their intellectual wealth to the best purposes. Such books are better than hundreds of mere controversial sermons."—R. Shelton Mackenzie.

"Say and Seal' is indeed a true, beautiful home book, that will be read with delight and profit by tens of thousands of our people."—Evening Bulletin.

"Decidedly the best book emanating from the authoress of 'Wide, Wide World."—Inquirer.

"A delightful book it is."—The Press.

"It is superior to 'Wide, Wide World."—North American.

THE BIBLICAL REASON WHY,

A handsome book for Biblical Students and Sunday School Teachers, and a Guide to Family Scripture Reading, beautifully illustrated.—Large 12 mo., cloth, gilt side and back. Publishers' price \$1.

This book makes the Bible a pleasant as well as profound subject of study. It leaves no difficult or obscure point unexplained. It renders every passage clear. It is exactly the volume that every family, which reads at all imperatively needs to place beside the Bible, as its best THIS VOLUME ANSWERS 1,493 QUESTIONS IN CLEAR MANNER.

TESTIMONIALS OF THE CLERGY. \* "I have given some attention to the 'Biblical Reason Why,' and feel bound to say that it seems to me to contain a vast amount of information on Biblical subjects, conveyed in a clear manner, illustrated by many valuable cuts, and printed on good paper. It constitutes a valuable addition to the apparatus of the Teacher, Parent, and private Christian."

vato Christian."

Right Rev. ALONZO POTTER, D. D., LL. D.

Bishop of Pennsylvania.

"I have examined the 'Biblical Reason Why,' and find it to be a repartory of facts on Biblical subjects, set forth in a plain and intelligible way. Indeed, I am surprised at the amount of matter that is compressed into this volume. For use in families and schools, I consider it the best book of the kind I have seen."

Rev. JOHN McCLINTOCK. D. D., Lī. D.,

President of the Troy University, and Pastor of St. Paul's Church (Methodist Episcopal,) New York.

"The attention I have given your book satisfies methat it cannot fail to give important aid to all students of the Bible, and especially that large class who have neither time nor means to bestow on larger or more critical works. The plan of your work is excellent, and the matter well chosen. It should have a large circulation. It will certainly be of great use in the study of the Holy Scriptures."

Rev. JOSEPH H. KENNARD,

Pastor of the Eighth street Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE. The House and Lot new occupied by the subscriber, in the Diamond, in the borough of Huntingdon, is offered for sale. The property is well located for business, there being a large store room in the building. Persons wishing to purchase will call soon.

M. STROUS.

Huntingdon, May 9, 1860. beautiful lot of Shaker Bonnets for D. P. GWIN'S.

A VOICE FROM CLARION.—The Democracy OME TO THE NEW STORE FOR

WALLACE & CLEMENT
Respectfully inform the public that they have opened a beautiful assortment of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, &C., in the store room at the south-east corner of the Diamond n the borough of Huntingdon, lately occupied as a Jew-

elry Store.

Their Stock is new and carefully selected, and will be FLOUR, FISH, HAMS, SIDES, SHOULDERS, SALT, LARD, and provisions generally, kept constantly on hand on reasonable terms.

Huntingdon, May 9, 1860.

Letters testamentary on the Will of WILLIAM BROWN, late of Alexandria, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said deceased, will please make immediate payment, and those having claims against his estate, will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

SAM'L ISENBERG. Executor.

Alexandria, May 9, 1860.\* THIS WAY! NEW GOODS!

LEVI WESTBROOK

Has just opened the best assortment of Goods in his line, ever brought to Huntingdon. His stock of BOOTS and SHOES for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys and Children, comprises all the latest fashions, and manufactured of the best materials

latest fushions, and handled terials.
Also, a fine assortment of HATS for men, Boys and Children. HOSE in great variety for Gentlemen, Ladies, Misses and Children. CARPET BAGS, SUSPENDERS, GARTERS, FANS, &c., &c.
ALSO,

SOLE LEATHER, CALF SKINS, MOROCCO, LASTS and SHON-FINDINGS generally.

Thankful for past favors, a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited.

N. B.—Boots and Shoes for Ladies and Gentlemen, repaired and made to order. Huntingdon, May 9, 1860.

A TTENTION! All the Brigade and Staff Officers, and Companies of the 4th Brigade 14th Division P. V., you are hereby ordered to meet in the borough of Huntingdon, fully armed and equipped, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on Friday the 25th of May, 1860, for Inspection and Battallion Drill.

May, 1860, for Inspection and Battallion Drill.

Company A. Scott Artillery.

I. Scott Infantry.

B. Ringold Artillery.

G. Union Guards.

N. Jackson Artillery.

ALSO.

Agreeable to Act of Assembly, passed April 21st, 1858, Section 4—Twelfth—There will be an election held at the Court House, to elect two suitable persons to fill the office of Colonel and Lieutenant Colonel, and to organize and name Regiment, &c. of Colones and Lecture of Name Regiment, &c.

By order of Major R. C. McGill, Brigade Inspector.

J. S. MILLER.

Battallion Major.

BATTALLION MAJOR'S OFFICE, Huntingdon, May 9, 1860.

TEW EATING HOUSE, OPPOSITE THE EXCHANGE HOTEL.

C. SCHNEIDER Is in his new room, opposite the Exchange Hotel, where his friends are requested to call. He will be prepared at all times to feed the hungry and quench the thirst of the thirsty. Huntingdon, May 2, 1860.

TEW GROCERY

CONFECTIONERY.

C. LONG
Informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity, that he has opened a new Grocery and Confectionery Store in the basement, under Gutman & Co.'s Clothing Store, in the Diamond, and would most respectfully request a share of public patronage. His stock consists of all kinds of the

BEST GROCERIES,

CONFECTIONERIES, &c., &c.

Fish can be had at wholesale or retail.

ICE CREAM will be furnished regularly to parties and individuals, at his room.

Huntingdon, April 25, 1860. C. LONG

TRUSTEE'S SALE.— By Virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, the undersigned Trustee, appointed by said Court, will offer at Public Sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, on Friday, the 25th day of May next, at ten o'clock, A. M., all that piece or parcel of ground situate on the north-west corner of Smith and Church streets, in the borough of Huntingdon feature, 200 feet on Church street are averaged in the contraction. tingdon, fronting 200 feet on Church street, and extending in depth 200 feet on Smith street; to be sold as a whole, or in lots to suit purchasers.

TERMS:—One-third of the purchase money on confirmation.

mation of sale; the residue in two equal annual payments with interest from confirmation of sale, to be secured by the bonds and mortgage or judgments of the purchasers. By virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county.

D. CALDWELL, Prothonotary.

Huntingdon, April 25, 1860-4t. ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, the undersigned will offer at public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, on Saturday, the 26th day of May next, at ten o'clock, A. M., the undivided half part of a tract of land in the township of Henderson, Huntingdon county, adjoining lands of Jno. Flenner, James Sloan, John Warefel, and others, centaining 310 acres, moreor less, belonging to the estate of Christopher Dumars, dec'd.

TERMS:—Cash on confirmation of sale.

SAMUEL FETTERMAN.

-Cash on confirmation of sale.

SAMUEL FETTERMAN,
JAMES R. M'CLINTOCK,

Executors of Christopher Dumars, dec'd,
By their Attorneys, Miles & Dorris. By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Hun-ingdon county, II. GLAZIER, Clerk O. C.

WM. H. KING, Auctioneer. Huntingdon, April 25, 1860. FRESH ARRIVAL

NEW GOODS, AT PORTSTOWN.

WHITE & LONG Respectfully informs the public generally, that they have just opened a fine assortment of NEW GOODS at their store-room in Portstown, near the old bridge, where they will be pleased to receive calls. Their stock of Goods consists of every variety of

Their stock of Goods consists of every variety of DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
FISH, SALT, &c., &c., &c.,
all of which they will dispose of at the most reasonable rices.
They desire the public to call and examine their Goods and prices,—and they assure all that it will pay to give them a call.

Portstown, April 25, 1860.-4t

CARD.— DR. D. S. HAYS offers his professional services to the inhabitants of Mooresville and vicinity. Office, at the lower bank or Neff Mills, opposite Mrs. Myton's store.

ISSOLUTION of PARTNERSHIP. The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, was dissolved upon the second day of April, A. D. 1860, by mutual consent.

All debts due to the firm are to be paid to Thomas Fisher, who will also pay all claims against said firm.

THOMAS FISHER, D. McMURTRIE.

The undersigned will still continue the business, trading as the firm of FISHER & SON, at the same stand occupied by the old firm.

Huntingdop, April 18, 1860. DLINDS AND SHADES. B. J. WILLIAMS,

NO. 16 NORTH SIXTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA,

VENITIAN BLINDS WINDOW SHADES. EST-THE LARGEST AND FINEST TO

IS THE MOST EXTENSIVE MANUFACTURER OF

Assortment in the City, at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

STORE SHADES MADE AND LETTERED. April 11, 1860-2m. P. GWIN'S is the place to buy good and cheap Carpets.

F you want handsome Lawns, Delains, and other Dress Goods, go to D. P. GWIN'S,



STATIONS. P. M. | A. M. | Newton Hamilton, | 10 15 | 3 08 | 6 50 | 5 56 | Mt. Union, | 10 09 | 3 02 | 7 03 | 6 09 | Mill Creek, | 9 56 | 2 49 | 9 46 2 39 8 57 9 31 2 26 8 43 9 24 2 19 8 35 9 19 2 13 8 28 9 01 1 56 6 11 1 48 8 03 8 45 1 40 7 53 8 41 1 36 7 53 8 41 1 36 7 44 8 10 1 15 7 15

UNTINGLON & BROAD TOP UNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.—Passenger Trains arrive and depart

MORNING TRAIN For Hopewell & intermediate Stations, leaves at 9:00 A. M. Returning, arrives at Huntingdon at 2:18 P. M. EVENING TRAIN

For Saxton and intermediate Stations, leaves at 4:30 P. M. Returning, arrives at Huntingbon at 8:10 P. M. Returning, arrives at Huntington at JNO. J. LAWRENCE,
Huntingdon, May 14, 1860.

Superintendent.

1860. CPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

FISHER & SON are now opening the It comprises a full line of Fashionable Dress Goods, suitable for SPRING & SUMMER, such as Black and Fancy Silks, French Foulards, (Chintz Figures,) Fancy Organdies, Ducals, Challie's Lawis, English Chintz,

A large and beautiful assortment of Spring A fine stock of richly worked Black Silk

Lace Mantles. A full assortment of Ladics' Fine Collars, Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, such as Collars, Cravats, Ties, Stocks, Hosiery, Shirts, Gauze and Silk Undershirts, We have a fine selection of Mantillas,

We have a fine selection of Manthilas, press Trimmings, Fringes, Ribbons, Mitts, Gloves, Gauntlets, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Buttons, Floss, Sewing Silk, Extension Skirts, Hoops of all kinds, &c.

Also—Tickings, Osnaburg, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, all prices; Colored and White Cambrics, Barred and Swiss Muslins, Victoria Lawns, Nainsooks, Tarleton, and many other articles which comprise the line of WHITE and DOMESTIC GOODS.

French Cloths, Fancy Cassimers, Satinets, Jeans, Tweeds, Denims, Blue Drills, Flannels, Lindseys, Comforts, Blankets, &c.

Hats and Caps, of every variety and style. A Good Stock of GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENS-WARE, ROOTS and SHOES, WOOD and WILLOW-WARE, WARE, ROOTS and SHOES, WOOD and WIRDOW.

which will be sold Cheap.

We also deal in PLASTER, FISH, SALT, and all kinds of GRAINS, and possess facilities in this branch of trade unequalled by any. We deliver all packages or parcels of Merchandise, free of charge, at the Depots of the Broad Top and Pennsylvania Railroads.

COME ONE, COME ALL, and be convinced that the Metropolilan is the place to secure fashionable and desirable goods, disposed of at the lowest rates.

FISHER & SON.

Huntingdon, April 18, 1860. TEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

D. P. GWIN'S STORE.

D. P. GWIN has just received the largest and most fashionable and best selected Stock of Goods in the market, consisting of Cloths, Cassimercs, Plain and Fancy, Satinets, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Beaverteens, Velvet Cords, Cotton Drills, Linen Duck, Blue Drills, and other fashionable Goods for Men and Boys' wear.

The largest and best assument of Lodical

fashionable Goods for Men and Boys' wear.

The largest and best assortment of Ladies'
Dress Goods in town, consisting of Black and Fancy Silks,
All Wool Delains, Challie Delains, Alpacas, Plain and Figured Braize, Lawns, Ginghams, Ducais, Larella Cloth, De
Barge, Traveling Dress Goods, and a beautiful assortment
of Prints, Brilliants, &c.

Also, Tickings, Checks, Muslins, (bleached

and unbleached,) Cotton and Linen Diaper, Crash, Nan-Also, a large assortment of Ladies' Collars.

Also, a large assortment of Lagles' Collars, Dress Trimmings, Ribbonds, Gloves, Mitts, Gauntlets, Hoisery, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Victoria Lawn, Mull Muslins, Swiss and Cambric Edging, Dimity Bands, Velvet Ribbons, and a great variety of Hooped Skirts, &c.

Also, a fine assortment of Spring Shawls. Also, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps,

Shaker Ronnets, Hardware, Queensware, Wood and Wil-low Ware, Groceries, Salt and Fish. Also, the largest and best assortment of Carpets and Oil Cloths in town, which will be sold cheap.
Call and examine my Goods, and you will be convinced that I have the best assertment and cheapest Goods in the

market.

&\$\overline{\pi}\$ Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods, at the Highest Market Prices.

D. P. GWIN.

Huntingdon, April 18, 1860. ON'T FORGET,

THE PLACE TO CALL IS AT G. A. MILLER'S STORE.

GROCERIES,
DRY-GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS.
FRESH CONFECTIONARIES, &C., &C.
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST!
AND AS GOOD AS THE BEST!

G. A. Miller has now on hand a well selected stock of fresh Groceries, Dry Goods, Confectionaries, Hats & Caps, Boots & shoes, Notions, &c., all of which he is ready to dispose of at reasonable prices. The public generally are invited to call and examine Thankful for the patronage he has received, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same.

Store room in the old Temperance Hall, Main street. Huntingdon, April 18, 1860.

1,000 CUSTOMERS WANTED! NEW GOODS FOR SPRING & SUMMER.

BENJ. JACOBS Has received a fine assortment of DRY GOODS for the Spring and Summer very extensive assortment of LADIES DRESS GOODS, DRY GOODS in general,

READY-MADE CLOTHING, For Men and Boys. GROCERIES, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, &c. &c.

The public generally are requested to call and examine As I am determined to sell my Goods, all who call may As I am determined to sell my Goods, all who call ma expect bargains.
Country Produce taken in Exchange for Goods.
BENJ. JACOBS, at the Cheap Corner.
Huutingdon, April 4, 1860.

H. ROMAN.

NEW CLOTHING FOR SPRING AND SUMMER, JUST RECEIVED

H. ROMAN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE. For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made

H. ROMAN'S, opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Hunting-don. [April 4, 1860.] P. GWIN keeps the largest, best assortment and cheapest shoes in town. Call and

MARPET Sacks and Fancy Baskets at

TF you want handsome Goods, good Goods, cheap Goods, and all kinds of Goods, go to p. P. GWIN'S.