# THE HUNTINGDON GLOBE, A DEMOCRATIC FAMILY JOURNAL, DEVOTED TO LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS, &C.

# THE GLOBE. EUNTINGDON, PA. Wednesday, March 28, 1860.

DLANKS! BLANKS! BLANKS! CONSTABLE'S SALES, ATTACH'T EXECUTIONS, EXECUTIONS, DEEDS, MORTGAGES, JUDGMENT NOTES. NATURALIZATION B'KS, JUDGMENT BONDS, FEE BILLS, the \$300 Law. ATTACHMENTS, SUMMONS, SUBPÆNAS, SCHOOL ORDERS. LEASES FOR HOUSES, COMMON BONDS, WARRANTS, WARRANTS, NOTES, with a waiver of the \$300 Law. JUDGMENT NOTES, with a waiver of the \$300 Law. ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, with Teachers. MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, for Justices of the Peace

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, for Justices of the Peace and Ministers of the Gospel. COMPLAINT, WARRANT, and COMMITMENT, in case of Assault and Battery, and Afray. SCIERE FACIAS, to recover amount of Judgment. COLLECTORS' RECEIPTS, for State, County, School, Borough and Township Taxes. Printed on superior paper, and for sale at the Office of the **HUNTINGDON GLOBE**. BLANKS, of every description, printed to order, neatly, at short notice, and on good Paper.

FOR PRESIDENT, STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS [Subject to the decision of the Charleston Convention.] DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATION. FOR GOVERNOR, HENRY D. FOSTER OF WESTMORELAND.

E Subscribers who intend to change their places of residence on the first of April, are requested to give us notice, so that their papers may be properly directed.

All who are indebted to us for subscription, advertising, job work, books, stationery, &c., &c., are earnestly requested to call and pay up. We want money-must have it-and must try to get it.

## The Pennsylvania Legislature.

The bill to annex parts of Dublin and Springfield townships to Fulton county, pasweek by a strict party vote-the Opposition it. Mr. Africa fought the bill manfully, but civil authorities at defiance. the Opposition had determined upon putting the bill through without consulting the wishes of the citizens of our county. Of the fiftynine petitioners to have parts of Dublin and Springfield annexed to Fulton, Mr. Africa offered the evidence to show that eighteen of property holders. He also offered remonfield and adjoining townships. Mr. Africa pretensions. offered several amendments to the bill, all of voted down by a party vote. The last amendment he offered was to insert a new section. to leave the question of annexation to a vote

The Germantown Telegraph returned ur paper of last week, with an article marked, which they wish us to give them credit for. Now Mr. Telegraph we did not conv that our paper of last week, with an article marked which they wish us to give them credit for. Now, Mr. Telegraph, we did not copy that founded, are very serious—but, perhaps, their article from your paper. We took it from importance is exaggerated. The opinion prethe Phila. Daily News. It was published in that paper as a news item without credit .---"The Apple Tree Borer-A Remedy," the article in question, is a very good one, and should be widely circulated. Should any of our cotemporaries copy it, they will please credit it to the above named paper, as they claim it. We make it a strict rule, to always credit such articles when we know their author. We like to "give the devil his dues" all the time.

# The Difficulties in Mexico.

Mexico has been plunged in anarchy almost constantly since her separation from Spain, except when she found temporary repose under the iron rule of a military despotism. While many of her internal struggles appear merely factious and meaningless, ex-cept so far as they advanced one military adventurer to power and doomed another to defeat, the issues involved in the present conflict of authorities are well defined, and the principles at stake will exercise a most im-A car portant influence upon the destiny of the Mexican people. The power of the Church has long been absolute. It was not content with exercising complete authority over the con-in graph: science, but it owned a very large portion of the property of the nation, and controlled in a great measure its whole political action .---While no rival religion has gained a foothold in the darkest hours of its history, when even that Republic, many of its citizens, who are devoutly attached to the Catholic Church, have of the political tempest; because General Jacklong felt that the dominance of priestly influence in all temporal affairs was a serious evil, and that their country could never be restored to prosperity until the power of the priests was very much weakened.

The great feature of the reforms contemplated by the new Mexican Constitution was the destruction of the ecclesiastical courts, so that priests, like all other citizens, might be tried in the ordinary civil tribunals of the nation, instead of possessing exclusive power to regulate the conduct and punish or pardon in favor of Mr. Douglas. The following are the crimes of members of their order; for, the particulars of the incident to which I alsed the House on Tuesday evening of last prior to the establishment of that Constitution, we believe the priests were amenable week by a strict party vote—the Opposition voting for the bill and the Democrats against felt themselves at perfect liberty to set the

Under that Constitution General Alvarez was elected President; but being an uncducated Indian, trained to arms, he declined to assume the unaccustomed cares of - civil office, and the Congress declared Comonfort, ) the city of New Orleans, during the last war who had received the next highest number of votes, to be his successor. Comonfort, in that object was renewed shortly after Judge turn, was expelled from power, and under the number were not citizens of our county, and of the balance only about one-half were be President when the office became vacant, belders He also offered remon-Juarez, who held that post, claims to be the strances against annexation, signed by nearly constitutional ruler of the nation, and our five hundred of the citizens of Dublin, Spring- Government has recognised the validity of his

offered several amendments to the bill, all of which, with one unimportant exception, were form of making priests amenable to the civil law, and to cling, with unyielding tenneity, capital of the country a rival Government, at of mind and charactor, yet no one of the vast to victory or not. But if that flag is stricken audience, which thronged the gallaries during down, I will be stricken down with it. Apof the people of the townships of Dublin and military power, has maintained itself in the that exciting debate, could imagine what re-Springfield. Upon this amendment he made City of Mexico, and exercised control over a mained to be said upon the subject; to them a strong argumentative speech, but the Op-uarez has held uninterrupted possession of however, had made but little progress in his flag to victory. Vera Cruz, of most of the other scaports, and | remarks before all eyes were upon him, and been recognised as President by most of the Mexican States.

vails, in some quarters, that if this treaty is of the Golden Circle, an extensive filibuster many quarters of our country, and the action of the Texans, under the lead of Gen. Sam | individual. Houston, new complications will arise-that Mexico will be invaded by hosts of our volunteers marching over the Rio Grande, and to Francis P. Blair, Esq. Among these paan entirely new phase be given to the whole question. Nations, like individuals, will not forever permit near neighbors to maintain a perpetual condition of anarchy, and by their him, in about the following words: "This lisorders not only to bring ruin upon themselves, but many serious evils upon those as an inheritance for my grand children." compelled by their proximity to associate with GEO. P. BUELL. them in various ways .- The Philadelphia

Press, March 24. Stephen A. Douglas' Interview With

# Gen. Jackson.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.]

To the Editor of the Enquirer :

A card which I published a short time ago in your paper, contains the following para-

"I prefer Mr. Douglas because he is my friend; and I know of no obligation more sacred than that of friendship; I prefer him because he bore the flag of the Democracy in the bravest hearts almost trembled in the face son, in his old age, and in his own house, dethe grave, and seemed to place his mantle upon handkerchiefs, &c. him, as the prophets of Israel, in the olden time annointed the future magistrates of the peo-ple; because he advocated the rights of men in the Territories, as well as in the States, to regulate their domestic policy."

An esteemed friend assured me, after the publication of the card, he was not aware that General Jackson had spoken so strongly luded-premising that Judge Douglas was elected a member of the Twenty-eighth Con-gress, and took his seat on the 1st of December, 1843:

For several sessions of Congress an effort had been made to restore the fine imposed upon General Jackson by Judge Hall, for declaring martial law, and taking such other steps as were necessary, for the defense of with Great Britain. The proposition to effect Douglas took his seat, and many able speeches the subject seemed to have been exhausted by the older politicians, the floor was assigned by the presiding officer of the House | meet so many of my Democratic friends as to a member, small in stature, and a stranger Meanwhile, the Church party determined to the National Councils and to a Washington audience.

The massive forehead and piercing blue eye of him who was about to speak indicated however, had made but little progress in his | flag to victory.

stitution of my country; and I can now go consciousness that I have not broken at any period of my life, the Constitution or laws of my country." Thus spoke the old hero, his countenance

not ratified, and our Government thus made to assume the responsibility of sustaining a ble for us to describe. We turned to look at vigorous policy in regard to Mexico, that through the movements of the order of Knights reply, but convulsively shaking the aged veteran's hand, he rose and left the hall. Cerorganization said to possess adherents in tainly Gen. Jackson had paid him the highest compliment he could have bestowed on any

As is well known, General Jackson, before his death, bequeathed all his valuable papers pers was found the pamphlet copy of the speech of Judge Douglas, with an endorsement in Jackson's hand-writing, signed by speech constitutes my defense; I lay it aside

Cincinnati, O., March 17.

Enthusiastic Reception of Gen. Foster. [From the Phila, Pennsylvanian, March 20.]

Last evening we were an eye witness to one of the largest spontaneous outpourings of the people we ever saw ; the occasion was the arrival in our midst of General Foster, the Democratic Standard Bearer for the Gubernatorial contest.

At an early hour, Fourth street, between

Market and Arch, in front of the Merchants' Hotel, was crowded with several thousands of the conservative Democracy, who, notwith-standing the inclemency of the weather, were on hand to greet him whom "the people de-light to honor." Every available space in and about the hotel was crowded, the windows and balconics being filled with ladies and gentlemen, a number of the former of clared he (Douglas) had smoothed his path to whom manifested their delight by waving The Keystone Club formed in line in front

of the Hotel with transparencies, music, and that cannon which will, no doubt, be again in requisition to announce the triumphant victories of those whose nominations it cheered from its deep toned mouth.

Col. McCandles, the President of the Club, in a few very eloquent and appropriate remarks, introduced the General, whose appearance on the balcony of the hotel was the signal for prolonged and reiterated cheering, during which the band struck up a National air. After silence had been somewhat restured, the Geneal spoke as follows:

FELLOW CITIZENS OF PUILADELPHIA :--- I confess that I feel extremely grateful for the kind reception given to me to-night. I am comparatively a stranger among you, but I have always felt a deep interest in the prosperity of the people of this city, in its manufactures and in its commercial greatness.-Every act of my life, public or private, has alway been in behalf of the interests of the

great metropolis of my native State. [Applause.] This call is unexpected. In coming here, I supposed I should not be seen, and I should retire to rest. I did not certainly expect to are here assembled, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, which will necessarily prevent me from detaining you long. I have received the standard of the Demo-

cratic party to carry through the coming canplause.] It is, I repeat, for you to say what Two Spanis the result shall be. Like soldiers you must on the 15th.

### The War in Mexico. Two Mexican Steamers Captured by the United States Squadron.

NEW ORLEANS, MARCH 20.-The steamer announced below yesterday as having been captured from the forces of Miramon in the Gulf of Mexico by the American squadron, was the steamer Marquez, in charge of Lt. Chapman, of the U. S. sloop-of-war Saratoga. The Saratoga's men also captured the steamer Miramon, which arrived below at noon yesterday. Both vessels were captured off Anton Lizardo on the morning of the 6th inst., after a brief action, with a slight loss of life. The steamer Marquez has a portion of the prisoners, and the U.S. sloop-of-war Preble is to bring the rest.

Alvarado is reported to be in possession of Miramon.

The city of Mexico was surrounded by the Liberals at the latest accounts.

Great excitement exists at Vera Cruz in consequence of the capture of Marin's expedition by the Saratoga. The Liberals hail it as the harbinger of an alliance, and of their ultimate triumph; while the Church-Miramon faction are indignant at what they term a national outbreak on the weaker For Hopewell & intermediate Stations, leaves at 7:40 A. M. Returning, arrives at HUNTINGDON at 12:34 P. M. oower.

The French and Spanish commanders wore highly exasperated at the action of the American squadron.

Official Account of the Capture of the two Mexican Steamers by the United States Naval Forces.

WASHINGTON, March 20.-Commander Minor, of the Gulf naval squadron, telegraphs to the Navy Department, from the Southwest Pass, that Gen. Miramon commenced the siege of Vera Cruz on the 5th, and that on the 6th, Gen. Marin appeared before the city with two steamers, and not showing colors. Commander Turner, in the U.S. sloopof-war Saratoga, with detachments from the Sayannah and Preble, proceeded in the steamers Indianola and Wave, to the anchorage of Gen. Marin's steamer, off Anton Lizardo, to ascertain their character. Upon approaching, one was moving off, and a shot was fired ahead and the Indianola was sent to overhaul her. The hail of the latter was answered by the steamer Gen. Miramon with a fire of guns and a volley of musketry. The Saratoga then fired a broadside, and the action became general. It resulted in the capture of both of Gen. Marin's steamers, with himself and a large number of men. The prizes were ordered to New Orleans. The Preble is soon expected with Marin and the bulk of the prisoners on board. The loss is confined to men, and is slight.

The two steamers captured are said to have been fitted out through the agency of Santa Anna, and sent from Havana.

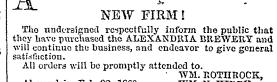
HOSTILITIES RECOMMENCED. NEW ORLEANS, March 24.-The schooner

Virginia Antoinette is below, from Vera Cruz on the evening of the 15th inst. She brings one day's later advices from the seat of war.

The military conference mentioned in the last news, composed of the chiefs of the two armies and representatives of the foreign Governments, failed to agree upon any terms for an armistice, and the bombardment of Vera Cruz was recommenced on the morning of the 15th inst., with redoubled energy; the shot and shell taking effect in the city, killing several persons, and doing much damage to property.

Many of the shot fell among the shipping under the castle, but without doing much damage.

Two Spanish steamers arrived at Vera Cruz



Now and Then. Alexandria Feb. 22 1860. In 1854 the politicians who nominated An-WALUABLE TAVERN PROPER-TY FOR SALE.—The Tavern property situate at the west end of Huntingdon, on lot No. 215 in plan of said town, together with the dwelling house and other build-ing on said lot are for sale. For particulars, &c., inquire of Messrs. Scott & Brown at Hantingdon. dy Cartin for Governor at the Republican Convention at Harrisburg a few weeks since, and who are now urging him upon the voters of the State, were secretly forming Know If not sold at private sale previous to Thursday the Twenty-nint' day of March, it will on that day, be expo-sed to sale by public outery at Huntingdon. THO. M. CONPROPST. Nothing lodges, in which a foreign born citithey will hear me, and if the Opposition are zen was not admitted, but on the contrary the victorious, it will be over our bodies. Ap- natives who were admitted were sworn to Feb. 22, 1860. plause.] I expect to meet you before the proscribe every Irishman, German, English-EROSENE & COAL OIL LAMPS ! IL HEAD QUARTERS and MANUFACTORY, No. 114 South Second street, below Chestnut, and No. 1 man, or Welshman, from all participation in the honors and emoluments of office. These Carter street, PHILADELPHIA.

DENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD. TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS.					
WESTWARD.			EASTWARD.		
MAIL,	THROUGH EXPRESS, FAST LINE,	STATIONS.	THROUGH EXPRESS,	FAST LINE,	MAIL,
5 10 6 5 13 7 5 357 7 5 49 7 6 06 7 6 21 7 6 21 7 6 33 8 6 47 8 6 35 8 7 03 8 7 08 8 7 25 8 <b>P. M. P.</b>	03 6 30 17 6 44 30 6 56 43 7 10 50 7 17 55 7 25 09 7 41 16 7 50 24 8 00 28 8 05 32 8 10 45 8 25 NI. A. M.	Petersburg, Barrce, Spruce Creek, Birmingham, Tyrone, Tyrone, Fostoria, Bell's Mills, Altoona,	12 02 11 52 11 37 11 30 11 25 11 09 11 02 10 54 10 50 10 48 10 35 F. M.	10 04 9 50 9 40 9 25 9 17 9 11 8 55 8 48 8 40 8 36 8 33 8 04 A. M.	1 57 1 50 1 35 1 20 1 2 53 12 45 12 25 12 25 12 25 12 00 11 55 11 20 A. M.
UNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.—Passenger Trains arrive and depart					

MORNING TRAIN

V A LIM

Returning, arrives at HUNTINGDON at EVENING TRAIN

For SAXTON and intermediate Stations, leaves at 3:50 P. M Returning, arrives at HUNTINGDON at 7:35 P. M

Huntingdon, Nov. 16, 1859. Muntingdon, Nov. 16, 1859. Marches, JEWELRY AND SIL-

We would respectfully inform our friends, pa-trons and the public generally, that we have now in Store and offer Wholesale & Retail, at the low-est Cush Prices, a large and very choice stock of Watches, Jewebry, Silver and Plated Ware, of every variety ord style

and style. Every description of Diamond Work and other Jewelry made to order, at short notice. Re All goods warranted

Made to brief, at short horizon 202 She your warranted to be as represented. N. B.—Particular attention given to the *Repairing* of Watches and Jewelry, of every description. STAUFFER & HARLEY, No. 622 MARKET street, South Side, PHILAD'A. Feb. 8, 1860-3m.

**TOHN PTASZYK**,

PIANO FORTE, ORGAN AND MELODEON TUNER, PIANO FORTE, ORGAN AND MELODEON TUNER, Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vi-cinity, and of the county, that he will be in Huntingdon regularly twice a year, in June and December, for the pur-pose of tuning and repairing Piano Fortes, Organs and Melodeons, and musical instruments, of all descriptions. & All orders left at the Book, Stationery and Music Store of Wm. Lewis, will be promptly and faithfully at-tended to. [Dec. 14, 1859-19.]

A BEAUTIFUL HOLIDAY GIFT. H JUST PUBLISHED,

THE ALBUM OF MUSIC FOR 1860, Containing a choice selection of music and fine embellish-

ments. For sale by LEE & WALKER, Publishers, No. 722 Chestnut street, PHILAPELPHIA. PRICE \$3.00, scut by mail, free of postage. Dec. 14, 1859.

Fisher & McMurtrie have just received another large supply of Winter Goods, comprising the newsst and most beautiful styles of DeLaines, Plaids, Merinos, Prints, Ging-hams, &c. We solicit a careful examination of our stock, and feel activities it is the most extremely and attractive in and feel satisfied it is the most extensive and attractive in the county, and will be sold at prices that will induce all to purchase. Give us a call. FISHER & McMURTRIE.

Jan. 4, 1860.

ISSOLUTION of PARTNERSHIP. The Co-Partnership heretofore existing between The Co-Partnership heretofore existing between Isenberg & Connor, is this day dissolved by mutual con-The books and accounts of the firm will remain in the hands of Nicholas Isenburg for collection. NICHOLAS ISENBERG. Alexandria, Feb. 18, 1860. FRANCIS CONNOR.

A LEXANDRIA BREWERY.

position closed their ears and voted it down. We were in the House during the discussion on this bill, and in justice to Mr. Africa, we must say he deserves well of his constituents for the able stand he took in defence of their interests. Higher honors await him. The bill has not yet passed the Senate.

The Appropriation Bill has been before the House for several days; on Friday last while one section was under consideration, Mr. Wilor \$50,000 had been wasted this session by the publication of the Record, and by other printing, which was mere trash. It was perfectly useless to attempt to stop small leaks, when such large ones as these were allowed.

While the section appropriating \$700 to pay to \$500. This was ruled out of order .--The section fixing the salary at \$700, as usual. was agreed to by a vote of 6S ayes to 23 noes.

Several Bank bills will be pressed through both Houses. An act to incorporate the Mifflin County Bank, and an act making the Mt. Joy Savings Institution a bank of issue, both vetoed by Gov. Packer, have passed by a twothird vote.

The following are the yeas and nays in the House on Thursday last, on the final passage of the Free Banking Bill. The names of Democrats are in *italic*. The same bill was Vera Cruz were numerous. As our Governreporter in the Senate on Friday without amendment:

YEAS-Messrs. Abbott, Achenbach, Barlow, Beardslee, Boyer, Bryson, Burley, Butler, Byrne, Cassell, Cellins, Graig, Crane, Davis, Donnelly, Dunlap, Eckman, Ulimaker, Frazier, Goebring, Gordon, Graham, (Butler.) Graham, (Washington,) Green. Gunnison, Hayes, Hofius, Keneagy, Kinney, Lawrence, (Washington.) McDonough, M'Gonigul, Mann, Moore, Pancoast, Pinkerton, Pressley, Preston, Ridgway, Seltzer, Sheppard, Smead, Stone, Strong, Teller, Turner, Wildey, Wiley, Williston and Thompson, Speak-er-51.

er-51. NAXS-Messrs. Acker, Africa, Anstin, Barnsley, Bates, Beisel, Brewster, Brodhead, Caldwell, Chapin, Clark, Cope, Custer, Dismant, Durborrow, Edenberger, Gray, Hill, Jackson. Kistler, Knighd, Long, Maurer, Morrison. Oakes, O'Ncill. Peirce, Proudfoot, Shafer, Smith, Stoneback, Sultz-bach, Wagonseller, Walker, Williams and Wilson-30.

The bill for the relief of the Sunbury and in the House, has many friends besides those The road is not yet finished, and the Company is without means to pay estimates of it a place in our columns, that our readers may have an opportunity to judge of its character. Mr. Africa is opposed to the bill.

very industrious for two or three weeks-they hold three sessions a day, morning, afternoon and night.

منصاب المعاجمة سينعر فتتوج

The contest has been a very bitter one, and many battles have been fought, but the military genius of Miramon has enabled him to achieve many unexpected victories, to win triumphs under circumstances which seemed certain to foreshadow his final overthrow.

A few months ago the Juarez Government. embittered by the protracted controversy, is- session. It is before the world, and the world | the day. sued a decree declaring all the church propliston made the assertion that some \$40,000 erty of the country to be national property. It is worth several hundreds of millions of dollars and since it has been thus confiscated the Church party has stimulated Miramon and his soldiers to such extraordinary efforts that | at the Hermitage. The following is the rethe power of Juarez has been nearly destroy-By the late attack upon Vera Cruz, ed. Miramon and his Spanish sympathizers evi- | thing that relates to Andrew Jackson, the dently supposed they would succeed in break- Hero of New Orleans, and the friend of his | that much depends upon you in the way the | six years brought. Andy Curtin is a candithe members was under consideration, Mr. ing up the Constitutional Government, and country, of his deep interest to the American preliminary battle which is to be fought here Africa offered an amendment reducing the thus completely re-establishing the ascendency of the Church party.

The attack, however, was unsuccessful.-The vessels sent to aid Miramon were captured by the American squadron. And now, in turn, the Constitutional armies are probably gathering around the city of Mexico, and threatening that stronghold of the Church party. If they are successful in that quarter, the star of Juarez will loom up completely in the ascendant. But the truth is, both parties appear to be exhausted, by protracted conflicts, that neither has strength enough to canture the stronghold of the other, and by a

decisive blow of this character end the contest and restore peace to the nation.

The incentives to the action of our navy at ment does not recognize the Miramon Gov-

ernment as a bona fide one, it cannot consider that vessels sailing its flag prove a true nationality, and our officers had a right therefore, to consider such vessels piratical, particularly when the Juarez Government officially proclaimed that such was their character, and when there was some ground for fearing that Miramon would not scruple, in consequence of his hostility to our country, to permit ships sailing under his authority to capture American merchantmen. The reckless course his soldiers had pursued on land in destroying the lives of American citizens and despoiling them of their property, was strong presumptive evidence that he would Erie Railroad Company, now being discussed not be more scrupulous on sea if he was sufficiently powerful to plunder our vessels with to be immediately benefited by its passage. impunity. But while all these considera-The road is not yet finished and the Com mon, by a combined land and naval attack upon Vera Cruz, was successful in obtaining contractors, interest on bonds and other debts. possession of it, the property, and, perhaps, If the bill should become a law, we will give the lives of American's residing there would be destroyed, doubtless influenced the action of the gallant commanders of our national vessels, it is questionable whether they would have captured the Miramon vessels if the The members of both Houses have been latter had not foolishly fired upon our ships,

and thus courted the fate which justly befel them. While these exciting occurrences have been

transpiring at Vera Cruz, the treaty between

A resolution has passed to adjourn on the the Juarez Government and our own is un-3d of April, which will, no doubt, be recon- der discussion in the United States Senate, lieved my mind from the only circumstance 3d of April, which will, no doubt, be recon- der discussion in the Onited States Senate, states

out a new course, and was presenting the competitor was traversing every Ward throughquestion in a new light. He took the high ground that General Jackson stood justified legally and morally in what he had done, and the effect was electric. Judge Douglas " the Little Giant" of Illinois, was the speaker, and his was prenounced the speech of the can judge of its merits.

A few months afterward Judge Douglas, in company with a delegation from Illinois, attended the Nashville Convention; while there they paid their respects to Gen. Jackson port of what occurred, as was published shortly afterward in an Illinois paper: "Every people; and although the incident we are in May, shall be decided. That is to tell about to relate is, in itself, of no great inter- | upon the State and National campaign to folthose connected with it.

At the Nashville Convention, of August held. [A voice-" We'll lick them, sure !"] last, we visited the Hermitage, twelve miles [Cheers.] If you rally to your flag in the distant, in company with Judge Douglas, of Municipal contest and carry that election, last, we visited the Hermitage, twelve miles this State, and some others of our fellow-citizens. The mansion was crowded with people from almost every State, who had been invited thither by the venerable patriot on I feel that there are none here to night but the day succeeding the Convention.

Governor Clay, of Alabama, was near General Jackson, who was sitting on a sofa in the hall, and as each person entered the Govsed along. When Judge Douglas was thus did not expect to be called upon. Let me say introduced, the General raised his eyes and that I will be at the head of the battle, and, gazed for a moment in the countenance of until the time comes, farewell. the Judge, still retaining his hand. "Are you the Mr. Douglas, of Illinois, who delivered a speech, last session, on the subject of | terrupted the Speaker repeatedly and continremitting the fine imposed on me for declaring martial law at New Orleans ?" asked the General.

"I have delivered a speech in the House of Representatives upon that subject," was the dorsing the nominee, and urging unanimity modest reply of Judge Douglas.

"Then stop," said General Jackson ; "sit dard bearer of the great Democratic party in down here beside me. I desire to return you the State of Pennsylvania. my thanks for that speech. You are the first man that has ever relieved my mind on that with violating the Constitution of my coun- their peculiar and popular airs, to the great try, by declaring martial law at New Orleans, | delight of all present, including the "Goverand my friends have always admitted the violation, but have contended that circumstan- of the pleasantest scenes and happiest reces justified me in that violation. I never could understand how it was that the perfor- for many a day. At eleven o'clock General mance of a solemn duty to my country, and one which, if I had neglected it, would have consequence of pressing business engagemade me a traitor in the sight of God and man, could properly be pronounced a violation of the Constitution. I felt convinced in and National contests about coming off; and my own mind that I was not guilty of such a wish God speed to the time-tried and honored henious offense; but I could never make out | cause of Democracy. a legal justification of my course, nor has it

ever been done, sir, until you, on the floor of thank you, sir, for that speech. It has re-

Gentlemen, I must again return my thanks a profound stillness prevailed over hall and for the kind manner with which you have re-galleries. It was seen that he had struck ceived me to-night. We are told that my out the city. I can only say, here I can come. [Cheers.] Wherever the people may meet

> canvass is over to discuss the great issues of Personally, I have the greatest regard for my competitor. He is a gentleman, and with him I have no personal issues. I will make none and I desire that my friends will make tion upon high National and Constitutional [Applause.] Upon these principles we will the Democratic party than any election ever

and thus elevate the standard, to you will be-Fall. I know that you will do it. [Cheers.]

do his duty like a man. I simply come forward to thank you for your flattering reception, and not to discuss

The most enthusiastic cheers, firing of canued to its close.

Robert L. Johnson, Esq., of Cambria, and Hiram Walbridge, of New York, followed in nees? And that's the difference between eloquent and impressive speeches, fully enof feeling, and promising victory to the stan-

After the speeches, the German " Sængerbund," a vocal society, surprised most agree-

nor" himself. Taken altogether, it was one unions of Democratic friends we have seen Foster left the city for his Western home, in ments. We can only predict for our friends a tremendous victory in the Municipal, State

SINGULAR COINCIDENCES .- The birth-day Charleston Convention.

The birth-day of the Hon. Wm. H. Seward

honest politicians were so much afraid of "foreign influence" that they basely deserted, and helped to consign to an ignominious defeat, a candidate for Canal Commissioner none. If you are not able to carry this elec- whom they had previously nominated for the sole and only reason that he first drew breath grounds, I don't want it to be carried at all. and saw light in Ireland. Andy Curtin himself was one of the men who did this! That carry this canvass through. And let me say was six years ago! And what a change has date for Governor, and the votes of the Irish, German, and English born citizens of the State are necessary to his election ! Is he est, it becomes so to us in consequence of low. It will tell more upon the destinies of traversing the State, as in 1854, forming lodges, and contriving ways and means to proscribe his foreign born fellow citizens ?---Not he! That humbug has had its day !-Some other dodge must be tried ! And forthwith his followers bethink them that Curtin long the honor of deciding the contest in the is an Irish name, and that, "in the days we went gypsying," the O'Curtins were a famous family, and that Andy himself is a diwho will turn out when the time comes and rect descendent of a "wonderful poet" of that name in Ireland! Wonderful discovery! "Our Irish fellow citizens," as the Gazette affectionately calls them, will doubtless feel ernor introduced him to the hero and he pas- the issues involved in the canvass, because I themselves highly honored ! Whether they will vote for him under the pressure of this " bit o' blarney," we can't say. But if they do, won't it be absolutely necessary to secure the other "foreign vote," that his biogranon, and thrill strains of martial music, in- phers ascertain to a demonstration, that his | It Tells Fou mother was a German, his aunts French, his uncles Welsh, his cousins a mixture of Hottentot and Chocktaw, with a cross of Chi-

1854 and 1860, in a party without principles. *—Erie Observer.* 

# Horrible Massacre of Indians.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 28.-The Steamer Columbia, arrived from the Southern ports of Oregon to-day, brings news of a horrible massubject which has rested upon it for thirty ably the ladies and gentlemen with which sacre of Indians at several villages around years. My enemics have always charged me the hotel was crowded, by striking up one of Humboldt Bay, by a party of forty white men. At daylight on the 26th of February, at Indian Island, opposite the town of Eureka, more than forty Indians, three-fourths of them being women and children, were killed. On the beach at the south entrance of Humboldt Bay, forty more were massacred, that being every human being with a red skin in that village.

It was reported and believed at Eureka, that a simultaneous attack was made the same morning upon the Indian villages on the Eel River, and two hundred more Indians, men, women and children, were killed.

These deeds were perpetrated by the farme 3 and glaziers of Eol River country, who Congress, at the late session, established it of the Hon. Stephen A. Douglas is the 23d have suffered from Indian depredations dubeyond the possibility of cavil or doubt. I of April, the day of the meeting of the ring the past year. They claim that the peaceful Indians around Humboldt Bay have furnished aid and ammunition to the hostile

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114 South Second & No. 1 Carter street, below Chestnut, Philad'a. [Feb. 22, 1860–3m.]

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