# THE GLOBE.

Circulation—the largest in the county.

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Wednesday, December 21, 1859.

DLANKS! BLANKS! BLANKS! CONSTABLE'S SALES, ATTACHMENTS, ATTACHMENTS,
SUMMONS,
SUBPEENAS,
SCHOOL ORDERS,
LEASES FOR HOUSES,
COMMON BONDS,

ATTACH'T EXECUTIONS, DEEDS,
MORTGAGES,
JUDGMENT NOTES,
NATURALIZATION B'KS,
JUDGMENT BONDS,
FEE BILLS,
the \$300 Law

COMMON BONDS, JUDGMENT BONDS, WARRANTS, FEE BILLS, NOTES, with a waiver of the \$300 Law.
JUDGMENT NOTES, with a waiver of the \$300 Law.
ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, with Teachers.
MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, for Justices of the Peace and Ministers of the Gospel.
COMPLAINT, WARRANT, and COMMITTIENT, in case of Assent and Bettern, and Afran. of Assault and Battery, and Affray.
SCIERE FACIAS, to recover amount of Judgment.
COLLECTORS' RECEIPTS, for State, County, School,

Borough and Township Taxes.

Printed on superior paper, and for sale at the Office of the HUNTINGDON GLOBE.

BLANKS, of every description, printed to order, neatly, at short notice, and on good Paper.

### DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

Resolved, That the election of a State Delegate and Conferees to select a Senatorial Delegate to the next Democratic State Convention, be postponed until the first week of January Court next, and that this Convention adjourn to meet again at that time, and that the Chairman issue a

call for the same at the proper time.

In accordance with the foregoing Resolution, passed by the Democratic County Convention in August last, the Delegates composing said Convention, are requested to reassemble at the Court House, in Huntingdon, on the evening of the second Wednesday of January next, for the purpose of transacting the business therein set forth, and any other business that may be deemed necessary.

D. HOUTZ, Chairman.

## New Advertisements.

Notice, by D. Caldwell. Notice, by J. P. Aertsen.

Attention, by F. H. Lane.

Assignees Notice, by D. Caldwell.

Call at Lewis' Book Store for Holiday presents. Huntingdon Gas Company, by J. Simpson Africa. Moses Strous has just received another invoice onew goods.

Proclamations and Sheriff's Sales, by John C. Watson, Sheriff.

Congress.-Up to yesterday, no organization of the House had taken place. For Speaker, Sherman, Republican, has continued to lead, but lacks four votes to elect .--Bocock, Administration Democrat, has received 84 votes-leaving 34 Democrats and Americans voting scattering.

The miscreants who do up the editorials for Colon's organ, are boiling over with rage, simply because they have failed to persuade us into the belief that they are honest Democrats. In their last issue they give their readers a column of facts and falsehoods, to prove that we have not been true to Democratic principles. They say we did not give our support to the State nominees in '58 and 259! Very true. And the money offered us by Colon could not buy us to advocate the election of a man we could not think worthy the support of Democrats. In '58, Porter and Frost were pledged to sustain the National Administration in all its corruptions and proscriptions. In '59, the State ticket was placed upon the same platform. We could not give either our support, and did not, as our readers well know. We deceived no man in either campaign-and shall not deceive any man in the one fast approaching. One thing we can promise now-we shall never support a James Buchanan a second time.

The Union's assertion that we are for Cameron for the Presidency, is in character with most it says. Cameron is a politician, and is about as honest in politics as James Buchanan and most other leading politicians. He might be our choice rather than see an Abolitionist or a Southern Disunionist likely to fill the Presidential chair. But we feel very confident that the Charleston Convention will give us a true Democrat, one we can support and one the United Democracy will elect. without the aid of the Black Republican editors of the Union.

## Chips.

The P. O. Organ says we called on Simon Cameron when he stopped at this place in '58. A slight mistake. We have not spoken to Cameron for twelve years—and know less of his political character than we do of any connected with the Union. Simon could buy all its editors for a very small sum, but he is sharp enough to avoid a purchase of "dead stock."

A. Porter,] on the State ticket spent several days in town; but no mention of his visit ever appeared in the Globe. And last fall the candidate [R. L. Wright,] for Auditor General was in town twice, but the Globe never knew it."—The Union alias P. O. Organ

Thank you, for giving us a call, to explain! When Judge Porter was in town, he called to see us, and requested us not to take any notice of his visit, as some people might think he was on an electioneering visit. Of course we complied with the Judge's request, and never mentioned that he visited our town.

Mr. R. L. Wright, visited our town on the  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ day of the meeting of our County Convention. He did not call on us-not owing him anything we did not call on him. He took a side-seat in the Convention to see how things would move off, but had scarcely got seated when his particular friend from Jackson township made a motion for the purpose of ascertaining whether the Globe was recognized as an organ of the party. Mr. Wright inquired who the gentleman was, and when informed that the delegate was one of his simon-pure friends, he replied that he desired to have but a very few such friends, and left the room, and the town in the first passing train.

Colon about .- The Union is now engaged in publishing a number of FACTS IF TRUE. which will not astonish the nation in the least | scriptions have already been made. Many aperture was not more than five feet above if they should not be true.

Our friend Colon will soon discover that his little lap dog "Brucey," may not be able to bark loud enough to prevent his removal. The Huntingdon Office is the only which could not have been foreseen.

'fat" Post Office in the county, and it is right that the Democratic party of the county should be consulted as to the proper person to fill it and receive the profits. Some months ago a gentleman of town and a man of family, spoke of making application to the Department for the office, but no sooner did Colon hear of the movement, than he called upon the gentleman and informed him that he could not be removed,-that him and Bruce had more influence at Washington than all other Democrats in the county-and that no one but a personal friend of his could get the office after he was done with it. Quite a bold assertion for such a man, yet he may have spoken the truth, for smaller men in the Democratic party, and even Opposition men, have had influence with the present powers-thatbe, while those who fought hardest in the great battle of '56 for the success of Democratic principles have been treated with less respect than the vilest Black Abolitionist.

tions numerously signed and by some of the most prominent Democrats in the county, some of whom are P. M's., asking for the removal of Colon, for very good reasons. Our friend Colon must get on the track of these petitions, or the Department will open his eyes some morning before he gets out of bed. witnesses were rather harsh in their testi-

Little "Brucey," the "little member," has been greatly agitated since the public have found out that he tried to pass himself off for a gentleman up North, with borrowed passes. He feels that he is about a feet smaller than he used to be when in company where he was not known. He has promised. with the assistance of that other lawyer (?) to write down all our friends. Wonder where he has buried his dead.

The Legislature of Kentucky, on Monday last, elected Hon. John C. Breckinridge United States Senator. His majority was twenty-nine. We rejoice to record the fact.

#### State Finances.

We are indebted to Hon. Jacob Fry, Auditor General of the State, for an advance copy of the statement of the finances of the Commonwealth for the last fiscal year, as follows :--

#### REVENUE OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYL-VANIA.

Summary of the Receipts at the State Treasury, from the first day of December, 1858,

to the 30th day of November, 13	859, <i>bo</i>	th
· days inclusive.	, -	
	470 550	00
1. Lands	\$13,559	
3. Auction Duties	18,075	
4. Tax on Bank Dividends	41,981 202,017	$\frac{28}{34}$
5. Tax on Corporation Stocks		
	464,784 1,388,502	18
7. Tavern Licenses	185,304	
S. Retailers Licenses	213,187	
9. Sample Licenses	285	00
10. Pedlers Licenses	1,815	
11. Brokers Licenses	7,648	
12. Theatre, Circus and Menagarie Licenses	5,362	50
13. Distillery and Brewery Licenses	7.587	อ้อ
14. Billiard Room, Bowling Saloon, and Ten	1,001	00
Pin Alley Licenses	1,526	63
Pin Alley Licenses	~,040	•••
rant Licenses	13,750	13
16. Patent Medicine Licenses	1,412	
17. Pamphlet Laws	377	
18. Militia Tax	9.593	31
19. Millers Tax	4,689	02
20. Foreign Insurance Agencies	<b>1</b> 5,136	
21. Tax on Writs, Wills, &c	63,514	
22. Tax on certain offices	14.036	
23. Collateral Inheritance Tax	124,946	
24. Canal Tolls	4.411	
25. Sales of Turnpike Stock	2,286	
26. Tax on Enrolment of Laws	7,090	
27. Premium on Charters	42,647	
28. Tax on Loans	175.784	
29. Interest on Loans	567,793	
30. Premiums on Loans	41,573	
31. Tax on Tonnage	47,582	
32. Escheats	3,375	
21 Ponne Reilmand Co Band No. 2 Po	80	00
34. Penna. Railroad Co., Bond No. 2, Re-	100,000	óο
deemed	100,000	00
of Canals	250	۸۸
36. Accrued Interest	1.870	
37. Refunded Cash	4,208	
38. Annuity for Right of Way	20,000	
39. Fines and Forfeitures	4.027	
40. Fees of the Public Offices	3,938	
41. Miscellaneous	329	

Balance in the Treasury, Nov. 30th 

\$3,826,350 14 ... 41,032 00

933,059 76 \$4,759,400 00

EXPENDITURES OF THE COMMONWEATH OF PENN

SYLVANIA. Summary of the Payments at the State Treasury from the 1st of December 1858, to the

30th day of November 1859, both	i days i	n-
clusive.	•	. 1
1. Expenses of Government	\$108.007	40
2 Militia Evnanena	3,000	
2. Militia Expenses	19	
4. Pennsylvania Volunteers in late War	13	ا ۳
with Mexico	72	00
5. Pensions and Gratuities	7,755	
6. Charitable Institutions.	126,201	02
7. Penna. Colonization Society	1,075	
8. Penna. State Agricultural Society	2,000	
9. Farmer's High School of Pennsylvania	9,300	
10. Common Schools	287,790	
11. Commissioners of the Sinking Fund	853,654	
19 Interest on Young	1,986,147	
12. Interest on Loans		
14. Late Board of Canal Commissioners and	18,517	90
Secretary Commissioners and	0.050	
Secretary 15. Damages on Public Works and Old Claims	2,659	
16. Special Commissioners	10,649	
16. Special Commissioners	119	
17. Revenue " of 1857	120	
10. Dublic United and Consults	4,511	
19. Public Buildings and Grounds	7,734	
20. Houses of Refuge	38.500	
21. Pentientiaries	38,194	
22. Escheats	723	
23. Amendments to the Constitution	212	
24. Geological Survey	5,880	
25. Abatement of State Tax	52,006	55
26. Mercantile Appraisers	699	
27. Counsel Fees and Commissions	4,988	
28. Nicholson Lands	120	
29. Williamsport & Elmira R. R. Company.	622	
30. Miscellaneous	7,679	88
	3,879,054	93
Balance in the State Treasury,	0,010,001	01
Nov. 30, 1859, available 839,323 09		1
Depreciated Funds in the Treasu-		
Depreciated Funds in the freasu-		ı

41,932 00 880,355 09

\$4,759,409 90 The Boston Journal announces the organization of another expedition for the purpose of pursuing the explorations of Dr. Kane, which will probably start in the spring, and be under the command of Dr. Hayes, the surgeon of the Kane expedition. The amount required is about \$30,000, and liberal subof the scientific societies are actively enlisted | the pavement of the yard, and when freed of in the enterprise, and have appointed com-Our friend Colon will soon discover mittees to promote it. Dr. Hayes is led to quite easy. Here, however, was a smooth that he is not the Post Master General—and undertake the command by his confidence in brick wall, about fifteen feet high, to scale. the correctness of the views entertained by This difficulty was, however, soon overcome Dr. Kane, whose verification was only pre-

ry, unavailable

Execution at Charlestown.

Daring Attempt of Cook and Coppie to escape—An Exciting Time—The Town again at Fever-Heat—The Penalty at Last Paid — Copeland and Green Hung in the Morning, and Cook and Coppie in the Afternoon
—Firmness of the Condemned on the Scaf-

CHARLESTOWN, Dec. 16.—We have had an exciting time during the past twenty-four hours, which has just closed with the execution of the four prisoners.

The prisoners were visited yesterday afternoon by the Rev. Messrs. Watson, Dutton, and North, of the Presbyterian Church, and Rev. Beverly Waugh, of the Methodist Epis-

copal Church. The services in the cells were of an interesting and solemn character, and were participated in by all the condemned; though it is now evident, from subsequent events, that Cook and Coppie, at least were "playing possum," as their minds must have been fixed on the hopes of life and liberty, rather than death and eternity, at the time they were making outward protestations of resignation. They all gave an unqualified assent to the A few days ago we saw three or four peti- conviction of religious truth, and each expressed a hope of salvation in the world to come. Cook and Coppie were the loudest in their professions of a change of heart, and in the hope of Divine forgiveness. They freely admitted their guilt, and acknowledged their doom a just one, and that in the main, they have been treated with the utmost kindness by all, though they thought that some of the

> The ministers imagined that they had discovered a decidedly favorable change in the condition of Cook's mind since his interview with his sisters. Up to that time his calmness and bravery were regarded as proceeding from a lack of feeling; but on leaving him yesterday afternoon they reported that he had been led to seek forgiveness in his protestations of religious convictions and hopes of forgiveness-all of which was undoubtedly intended to boodwink their project of escape.

> Cook has been visited throughout his imprisonment by the Rev. N. Green North, at the request of the prisoner, as also of Governors Wise and Willard.

Rev. Mr. North was present at an interview between Coppie and Mr. Butler, a Quaker gentleman from Ohio who raised the prisoner. He describes the interview as an affecting one, and speaks highly of Mr. Butler's Christian deportment and advice to the prisoner. Mr. Butler says that Coppie was a trusty but very willful boy An uncle of Coppie of the same name, from Ohio-his father's brother—also visited him yesterday, the interview lasting over an hour. He seemed in much distress at the sad fate that awaits his relative.

This was the condition of the town, the risoners and the military, up to seven o'clock last evening. All apprehensions of an intended rescue had long since been banished, and nothing was thought of but the approaching execution, whilst the overflowing throng of strangers were hunting quarters for the

The bar-rooms were all crowded with pegple discussing the resignation of the prisoners to their fate; and so firmly had this conviction settled in the public mind, that military duty was voted a bore, and the finale of the tragedy was regarded as at last ap-

The supper table at the Carter House was crowded for the fifth or sixth time, and all was moving on calmly and quietly up to 8 placed in poplar coffins, and carried back to clock when an alarm was given and the o'clock, when an alarm was given, and the whole town was thrown into commotion.

THE ATTEMPTED ESCAPE. At quarter past eight o'clock last evening the whole town was thrown into commotion by the report of a rifle, under the jail walls. followed by several other shots from the vicinity of the guard-house, in close proximity

The military was called to arms, and the that has yet occurred during our ever memorable era of military occupation.

In a few minutes the streets and avenues of the town were in possession of armed men, and it was with some difficulty that the cause of all this turmoil could be ascertained.

Rumors of every description were afloat, and it was at one time thought that the prisoners had over powered their guards and made their escape, and then that an attack had been made on the jail by parties attempting to rescue the prisoners.

It was dangerous for a citizen to go out to ascertain the true cause of the excitement. and rumors of the most extensive character floated in to be contradicted the next moment by citizens who had been driven in from the

The sentinel stationed near the jail, reported that at a quarter past eight o'clock, he observed a man on the jail wall whom he challenged and receiving no answer, fired at him. The head of another man was also seen above the wall, but he retreated as soon as the first one had been fired at. The man on the top of the wall seemed at first determined to persist, and was about making an attempt to jump down when the sentinel declared his intention of impaling him on his bayonet. He then retreated into the jail yard with Coppie, and both gave themselves up without further resistance. Cook afterwards remarked, that if he could have got over and throttled the guard, he would have made his escape. They had succeeded, after two weeks' labor, whenever alone, and at night, when their bed clothing muffled the sounds of a saw, which they had made out of an old Barlow knife, in cutting through their iron shackles, so that they could pry them off at any moment they should have their other work completed. They had also made a sort of chisel out of an old bed screw, with which they succeeded, as opportunity would offer, in removing the plaster from the wall, and then brick after brick, until a space sufficient for them to pass through was opened, all except the removal of the outer brick.

The part of the wall on which they operated, was in the rear of the beds on which they slept, and the beds being pushed against the wall completely hid their work from view.— The bricks they took out were concealed in the drum of a stove, and the dirt and plaster removed in the course of their work, was placed between the bed clothes. They acknowledged that they had been at work a whole week in making the aperture in the wall. Their cell being on the first floor, the their shackles, their access to the yard was with the aid of the timbers of the scaffold on

ceeding day. They placed these against the wall, and soon succeeded in reaching the top, from which they could have easily dropped to the other side, had not the vigilance of the sentinel on duty so quickly checked their movements.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE EXECUTION.

At day break this morning the reveille was sounded from the various barracks, announcing the dawn of the day of execution, and soon the whole community was astir.

At 9 o'clock the entire military force in attendance was formed on Main street, and the officers reported themselves at headquarters for duty. The companies detailed for field duty around the gallows, immediately took up the line of March, and at half past 9 o'clock, were in the positions assigned them on the field. The companies detailed for escort duty, took up their positions in front of the jail, awaiting orders.

EXECUTION OF COPELAND AND GREEN. At half past 10 o'clock, Gen. Taliaferro, with his staff, numbering twenty-five officers, having given orders to prepare the two negro prisoners, Shields Green and John Copeland, for execution, took their departure to join the main body of troops on the field.-The military then formed a hollow square around the jail, and an open wagen, containing the coffins of the prisoners drew up in front, with a carriage to convey Sheriff Campbell and his deputies. The crowd of citizens and strangers was very great-at least five times as numerous as on the occasion of Brown's execution-most of whom were already on the field, whilst others waited to see the prisoners brought out.

The religious ceremonies in the cell were very impressive. At a quarter before 11 o'clock, the prisoners, accompanied by Sheriff Campbell and the Rev. Mr. North appeared at the jail door, and with their arms pinioned moved slowly toward the vehicle in waiting for them. They seemed downcast, and wore some of that calm, tearless spirit evinced by Brown under similar circumstances. They were helped into the wagon, and took seats on the coffins without scarcely looking to the right or left. The escort now commenced to move, the wagon being closely flanked on either side by a company of riflemen, marching in double file and lock step.

At seven minutes before 11 o'clock, the

procession entered the field occupied by the military, and the prisoners cast a shuddering glance towards the gallows erected on the rising ground in its centre. In two minutes more the wagon stopped at the foot of the gallows, and whilst the prisoners were alighting, the companies, forming the escort, moved off to the position assigned them on the field.

The prisoners mounted the scaffold with a firm step, and were immediately joined by Sheriff Campbell. After a brief prayer by one of the clergymen, the caps were drawn over their heads, and the ropes adjusted around their necks. During the few mo-ments they thus stood, Copeland remained quiet, but Green was engaged in earnest prayer up to the moment the trap was drawn, and they were launched into eternity. Green died very easy, his neck being broken by the fall, and the motion of his body was very slight. Copeland seemed to suffer very much, and his body writhed in violent contortions, for several minutes. They were accompanied on the gallows by the Rev. Messrs. Waugh, North and Lehr, to whom they bid an affectionate farewell, and expressed the hope of meeting them in Heaven.

The bodies after being cut down were on the spot where the gallows stands, though there is a party of medical students here from Winchester who will, doubtless, not allow them to remain there long.

## EXECUTION OF COOK AND COPPIE.

The bodies of the two negro prisoners having been brought back to the jail at about a quarter to 12 o'clock, notice was given to Cook and Coppie that there time was apexcitement was intense-beyond anything proaching, only one hour more being allowed them. The military movements similar to those at the first execution were repeated, and a wagon with two more coffins was standing at the door of the jail at half past 12 o'clock. The same military escort was in readiness. Meanwhile the closing religious ceremonies were progressing in the cell.—Since the failure of the attempt of Cook and Coppie to escape last night, their assumed composure and apparent resignation had given way, and they now looked at the reality of their fate with the full conviction of its awful certainty. They were reserved and rather quiet, but joined with fervor in the religious ceremonies conducted by the Rev. Messrs. North, Lehr and Waugh. When called upon by the Sheriff, they stood calm and quietly whilst their arms were being and quietly whilst their arms were being pinioned, and after bidding farewell to the guards of the jail, were helped into the wagon, and took seats on their coffins. Their appearance was rather that of hopeless despair than of resignation, and they seemed to take but little notice of anything as the procession

slowly moved on to the field of death. The wagon reached the scaffold at thirteen minutes before one o'clock, and the prisoners ascended with a determined firmness scarcely surpassed by that of Capt. Brown. A brief prayer was offered up by one of the clergymen, the ropes were adjusted, the caps drawn over their heads, and both were launched into eternity in seven minutes after they ascended the gallows. They both exhibited the most unflinching firmness, saying nothing with the exception of bidding farewell to the ministers and sheriff.

After the rope was adjusted about Cook's neck, he exclaimed, "Be quick—as quick as possible," which was also repeated by Coppie. After hanging about thirty minutes both bodies were taken down and placed in black walnut coffins prepared for them.-That of Cook was then placed in a poplar box, labelled, and directed as follows:
"Ashbell P. Willard and Robert Crowley, 104 William street, New York, care of Ad-

ams' Express. The coffin of Coppie was placed in a similar box, to be forwarded to his mother in

A New Half Dollar.-A new half dollar has been got up at the United States Mint in Philadelphia, to be submitted to the government for its approval. The new coin, although of the same diameter as that now in circulation, is much thicker at the rim in consequence of the deeper sinking of the die, and hence much more endurable. On the one side is the medium portrait of Washington, with the head wreathed in laurel; the word Liberty upon a scroll over the bust; at the bottom the date 1859, and around the whole United States of America, in plain well adapted raised letters. On the reverse side, a vented by a series of extraordinary accidents which Captain Brown was hung, and which wreath of grain, envelopes the words Half were intended for their execution on the suc- Dollar, in the same letters.

VANS & WAT-SON'S SALAMANDER SAFES, 304 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

ANOTHER TRIUMPH!

Philadelphia, Sept. 29, 1859. TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE PENNSYLVANIA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY:—The subscribers, your committee to examine the ontents of a Salamander Safe, of Evans & Watson, after

contents of a Salamander Safe, of Evans & Watson, after being exposed to a strong fire on the Fair Grounds for eight hours, respectfully represent—

That after seven cords of oak wood and three of pine had been consumed around the Safe, it was opened in the presence of the committee, and the contents taken out, a little warmed, but not even scorched.

Several Silver Medals heretofore received by the manufacturers, and a large quantity of documents were in the Safe, and came out entirely uninjured.

The experiment satisfied us of the capacity of Safes of this kind to protect contents from any fire to which they may be exposed.

may be exposed.

The Committee awarded a Diploma and Silver Medal. Geo. W. Woodward, John W. Geary, J. P. Rutherford, Alfred S. Gillett.

STILL ANOTHER.

STILL ANOTHER.

WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 17, 1859.—Messis. Evans & Watson, Philadelphia.

Gentlemen:—The Salamander Fire-Proof Safe of your manufacture, purchased by us from your Agent, Ferris & Garrett, of our city, some nine months ago, was severely tried by burglars last Saturday night, and although they had a siedge hammer, cold chisels, drill and gunpowder, they did not succeed in opening the Safe. The lock being one of "Hall's Patent Powder-proof," they could not get the powder into it, but drilled a hole in the lower panel and forced in a large charge, which was ignited, and although the door, inside and out, showed the explosion not to have been a small one, it was not forced open. We suppose they were the greater part of the night at work on it. We are much gratified at the result of the attempt to enter it, and if the above facts are of any service, you are at liberty to use them.

Yours, truly,

BAYNARD & JONES.

GREAT FIRE!—ANOTHER TRIUMPH!!

GREAT FIRE!—ANOTHER TRIUMPH!!

KNOXVILLE, Tennessee, March 13th, 1859.

Messrs. EVANS & WATSON, Philadelphia:

Gentlemen.—It affords me great pleasure to say to you that the Salamander Safe which I purchased of you in February, 1858, proved to be what you recommended it—a sure protection from fire. My storehouse, together with several others, was burned to the ground in March last.—The Safe fell through into the cellar, and was exposed to intense heat for six or eight hours, and when it was taken from the ruins and opened, all its contents where found to be in a perfect state, the books and the papers not being injured any whatever. I can cheerfully recommend your Safes to the community, believing, as I do, that they are as near fire-proof as it is possible for any Safe to be made.

THOMAS J. POWELL.

A large assortment of the above SAFES always on hand, at 304 Chestnut street, (late 24 South Fourth street,) Philadelphia.

[Nov. 16, 1859.]

6TH ANNUAL ANNOUNCEMENT!

Continued success of the COSMOPOLITAN ART ASSOCIATION. From all sections of the country subscribers to this popular Art institution, (now in its sixth year,) are being received in a ratio unparalleled with that of any previous

Any person can become a member by subscribing \$3, which will entitle him to
1st.—The beautiful Steel Engraving, "Shakspeare and
His Friends." 2d.—A copy of the elegantly Illustrated Art Journal

one year. 3d.—A Free Season Admission to the Galleries, 548 3d.—A Free Season Admission to the Galleries, 548
Broadway, New York.
In addition to which, over four hundred valuable Works
of Art are given to subscribers as Premiums, comprising
choice Paintings, Sculptures, Outlines, &c., by the first
American and Foreign Artists.
The superb Engraving, which every subscriber will receive immediately on receipt of subscription, entitled
"SHAKSPEARE AND HIS FRIENDS,"

is of a character to give unqualified pleasure and satisfac-tion. No work of equal value was ever before placed within reach of the people at such a price. The Engra-ving is of very large size, being printed on heavy plate paper, 30 by 38 inches, making a most superb ornament suitable for the walls of either the library, parlor, or office. It can be sent to any part of the country, by mail, with safety, being packed in a cylinder, postage *pre-paid*. Think of it! Such a work, delivered free of charge, and

the Art Journal, one year, for three dollars!
Subscriptions will be received until the evening of Tuesday the 31st of January, 1860, at which time the books will close and the Premiums be given to subscribers.
No person is restricted to a single subscription. Those remitting \$15 are entitled to six memberships.

Subscriptions from California, the Canadas, and all Foreign Provinces, must be \$3 50 instead of \$3, in order to defray extra postages, &c.

Persons wishing to form clubs will apply for a circular

of terms, &c.

The beautifully Illustrated Art Journal, giving full particulars, will be sent on receipt of 18 cents, in stamps or coin. Address

C. L. DERBY, Actuary C. A. A., 546 and 548 Broadway, New York. Subscriptions also received by J. J. LAWRENCE, Honorary Secretary for Huntingdon and vicinity.
Nov. 16, 1859.

SONGS AND BALLADS, &C.,

FOR EVERYBODY

The Gentle Annie Melodist,

The Dime Melodist.

The Dime Song Book, No. 1,

The Dimc Song Book, No. 2,

The Dime Dialogues,

The Dime Speaker,

The Dime Cook Book,

The Dime Recipe Book.

For sale at Lewis' Book, Stationery and Music Store. FURS!!

FOR 1859-60. FARRIRA & THOMSON, 818 Market street, above cighth, south side, Philadel PHIA, have just opened their

and style of and style of

LADIES AND CHILDRENS WEAR.

Those purchasing early will have the benefit of a larger selection. Besides the above goods, we have a fine assortment of BUFFALO ROBES, GENTLEMENS' FURGLOVES

& COLLARS.

The prices for all these goods are at a lower figure than they can be bought any where in the city.

FAREIRA & THOMSON,

818 Market street, Philad'a.

N. B.—Furs altered and repaired and Fur Trimmings made to order.

[Nov. 9, '59-5½m.] & COLLARS.

ON'T FORGET.

THE PLACE TO CALL IS AT G. A. MILLER'S STORE.

GROCERIES,
DRY-GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS.
FRESH CONFECTIONARIES, &C., &C.
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST!
AND AS GOOD AS THE BEST!

G. A. Miller has now on hand a well selected stock of fresh Groceries, Dry Goods, Confectionaries, Hats & Caps, Boots & shoes, Notions, &c., all of which he is ready to dispose of at reasonable prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine his goods his goods.

Thankful for the patronage he has received, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same.

Store room in the old Temperance Hall, Main street.
Don't miss the place.

Huntingdon, Nov. 2, 1859.

P. GWIN has just received a new P. GW1N nas Just 16001. . . Call lot of Delains, Shawls and Wool Hoods, &c. Call

UN BARRELS AND LOCKS.—A large assortment at BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

T is a fact that Fisher & McMurtrie are selling the genuine Hanover Buckskin Gloves, which cannot be found at any other store in Huntingdon. TT is a fact that Fisher & McMurtrie are selling Rag Carpet at only 25cts. per yard, and all Wool Carpet at 75cts. per yard. ON'T FAIL to see "SIXTH ANNUAL ANNOUNCEMENT," and brilliant offers, in

OOTS & SHOES, Hats & Caps, the largest assortment and cheapest to be found at D. P. GWIN'S.

CLOAKING Cloths, Tassals, Cords and Binding, cheap at D. P. GWIN'S. ALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want

DURE WINES AND LIQUORS.—

JOS. MIDDLETON & CO.

Nos. 156 and 158 North Fourth Street, (above Arch street,)
PHILADELPHIA.

\*\*\*D\*\* Brandles, Wines and Gins imported direct and warrange gure, and sold to Druggists and Hotel Keepers at
lowest wholesale prices.

\*\*\*D\*\* The assortment consists of Otard, Pinet and
Champagne Wines; also, a large stock of Monongahela
Whiskey, Holland Gin, Irish and Scotch Whiskey.
October 19, 1859-3m.

TRUSSES! BRACES!! SUPPOR-

TERS!!! C. H. NEEDLES,
S. W. Corner Twelfth and Race streets, Philadelphia.
Practical Adjuster of Rupture Trusses and Mechanical
Remedies. Has constantly on hand a large stock of Genuine French Trusses; also, a complete assortment of the
best American, including the celebrated Whites Patent
Lever Truss, believed by the best authorities to be superior
to any yet invented. English and American Supporters
and Belts, Shoulder Braces, Suspensory Bandages, Self-Injecting Syringes, adapted to both sexes, in neat portable
cases, French Pessaries, Urinal Bags, &c.
Orders and letters of enquiry, will meet prompt attention.
October 19, 1859-1y.

October 19, 1859-1y.

SENWEIN'S TAR AND WOOD

NAPTHA PECTORAL, IS THE BEST MEDICINE IN THE
WORLD, for the Cure of Coughs and Colds, Croup Bronchitis, Asthma, Difficulty in Breathing, Palpitation of the
Heart, and for the relief of patients in the advanced stages
of Consumption, together with all Diseases of the Throat
and Chest, and which predisposed to Consumption. It
attacks the root of disease, and makes the fell destroyer
succumb to its influence. It also produces free expectoration, and induces healthy action in the diseased Mucous
Membranes and Tissues. It is peculiarly adapted to the
radical cure of Asthma. One dose of this invaluable Syrup
often gives ease, and consequently sleep, which the peenradical cure of Assima. One dose of this invaluable Syrup often gives ease, and consequently sleep, which the peculiar nature of this disease denies him. It is very pleasant to the taste, and prompt in its effects. Try it, and be convinced, that it is invaluable in the cure of Bronchial affections.

tions.

Price 50 cts. per Bottle.

Prepared only by

A. ESENWEIN, Druggist

N. W. Cor. NINTH & POPLAR Sts., Philadelphila.

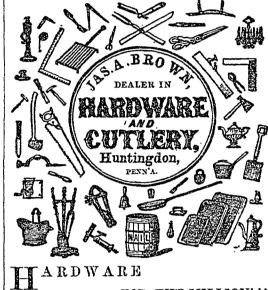
N. B.—For sale by J. Read and S. S. Smith, Huntingdon,

R. McBurney & Elias Musser, McAlevy's Fort, John D.

Rothrick, Marklesburg, and Geo. K. Smith & Co., Phila.,

and Storekeepers and Druggists generally.

October 19, 1859-6m.



FOR THE MILLION!!!

A LARGER STOCK THAN EVER BEFORE, AT CITY PRICES, BY

JAMES A. BROWN.

This arrival of Goods exceeds all others in importance, 1st. Because it supplies "The People" with indispensable articles, and many useful inventions which can be found ONLY in a HARDWARE STORE.
2nd. The Subscriber, purchasing in large quantities from manufacturers, is enabled to Sell these Goods from

20 TO 100 PER CENT. CHEAPER Than they are usually sold by other merchants. His stock BUILDING-HARDWARE, MECHANICS' TOOLS,

CUTLERY,
OILS, PAINTS,
OILS, PAINTS,
OILS, PAINTS,
OARRIAGE TUMMINGS,
STEEL, IRON,
MOROCCO and LINING SKINS, &c.,
Together with a full assortment of everything pertaining to big line of business.

to his line of business.

© All orders receive prompt attention. © JAS. A. BROWN.

Huntingdon, Oct. 4, 1859. NTEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

AT D. P. GWIN'S STORE.

D. P. GWIN has just received the largest and most fashionable and best selected Stock of Goods in the market, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Plain and Fancy, Satinets, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Beaverteens, Volvet Cords, &c.

The best assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods in town, consisting of Black and Faucy Silks, Plain and Figured French Merinos, English Merinos, Fancy and Plain, All Wool De Lains, Plaids, Mousline De Lains, Alpacas, Lavella Cloths, De Barge, Coburgs, Ginghams, Paints

Prints, &c.
Also, Tickings, Checks, Muslins, Cotton and All Wool Flannels, Sack Flannels, Cloaking Cloths, Linseys, Brown and Blue Drills, Blankets, &c. Also, a large assortment of Ladies' Collars.

Dress Trimmings, Ribbonds, Gloves, Gauntlets, Cotton and Wool Hoisery, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Veils, Burred and Plain Jaconet and Swiss Muslins, Ladies' Vests, &c. Also, Woolen Shawls, Waterloo and Bay State. Single and Double Brocha.

Also, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hardware, Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Groceries, Salt, &c.
Also, a large lot of Carpets and Oil Cloths, which will be sold cheap.
Call and examine my Goods, and you will be convinced that I have the best assortment and cheapest Goods in the market.

market.

Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods, at the Highest Market Prices.

D. P. GWIN.

Huntingdon, Oct. 12, 1859.

PREES!! TREES!!!— The Subscriber having more trees than he wishes to act out, will dispose of two or three hundred of the following

DWARF PEARS. Lawrence, Bartlet, Moore's Pound, Beurre Diel, Van Mons,

Van Mons,
Angora,
Chaptal,
Lwans Orange,
Vicar of Winkfield,
Cattilac,
Verte Longue and others.
CHERRIES—BOTH, STANDARD AND DWARF.

Kirtland's varieties, such as Kirtland's Mary, Kirtland's Mammoth, Black Hawk, Osceola, Powhatten, Governor Wood, Cleveland Bigarren and oth-

Pontiac, Red Jacket, Joc-o-sot, These trees are of large growth, wath Anna oped, will bear first year.

Prices of Pear and Cherry, 50 to 75 cents, according to size and appearance. Nearly all budded from own bearing trees, and may be depended on as true to name.

The fall of the year is the best time for planting, if done carefully—time, from the 15th of October to the 15th of November, or later if soft weather.

Orders leftat Read's Drug Store will be attended to.

GEO. A. STEEL. These trees are of large growth, with fruit buds devel-

Huntingdon, October 12, 1859.

YOU will find the Largest and Best assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods at D. P. GWIN'S.

GOOD GOODS. P. GWIN'S if you want ON'T FAIL to see "SIXTH AN-NUAL ANNOUNCEMENT," and brilliant offers, in

T is a fact that Fisher & McMurtrie will give a pledge to the public, that if they call on them for good bargains and cheap goods, they will not be disappointed.

T is a fact that Fisher & McMurtrie's stock of Dress Goods embraces the choicest styles, and greatest variety to be found in market. MEAT CUTTERS and STUFFERS.

The best in the country, and cheaper than ever,
BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

F you want Carpets and Oil Cloths, call at D. P. GWIN'S, where you will find the largest assortment in town.

THEET ZINC AND OIL CLOTH, for putting under stoves, &c., for sale by