THE GLOBE.

Circulation—the largest in the county.

BUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday, January 5, 1859.

DLANKS! BLANKS! BLANKS! ATTACH'T EXECUTIONS, EXECUTIONS, CONSTABLE'S SALES, CONSTABLE'S SALES, ATTACHT EXECUTIONS, ATTACHMENTS, EXECUTIONS, EXECUTIONS, EXECUTIONS, DEEDS, UNDERS, UNDERS, UNDERS, UNDERS, WATURALIZATION B'KS, UNDES, WITH A WAIVER OF the \$300 Law. ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, with Teachers. MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, for Justices of the Peace and Ministers of the Gospel.

and Ministers of the Gospel.

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AND READ THE NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. TO

THE PENNSTLVANIA LEGISLATURE.—This body assembled at Harrisburg, yesterday.-We shall endeavor to keep our readers booked published in our next.

SENATOR DOUGLAS IN PHILADELPHIA.—The City Councils of Philadelphia unanimously offered Senator Douglas the use of Independence Hall, for the purpose of receiving the escorted him from New York, and altogether, his reception in the city of Brotherly Love, was a grand affair. The people will not allow a bold Statesman to be "crushed out."

From Harrisburg.

January 3, 1859. WM. LEWIS-Dear Sir: The Republicans of the House have nominated W. C. A. Lawrence for Speaker. The third ballot stood: Lawrence, - - -

McClure, - - - - - Scattering, - - - -JUNIATA. Truly yours,

Senator Douglas in New York.

The New York Evening Post, of Wednesday evening last, has the following in relation to the arrival of Senator Douglas in that

"Senator Douglas and lady arrived from Havana by steamer last night. He was waited upon at the wharf, by Alderman Bradley and Councilman Baker, of the committee appointed to receive him, and escorted to his rooms at the Everett House. This morning he was visited by Speaker Orr, Reverdy Johnson, George N. Sanders, John B. Haskins, M. C., and others. Shortly after 1 o'clock this afternoon, Aldermen Clancy, Bradley, and McSpedon called at his rooms. Mr. Bradley, after congratulating the Senator on his arrival, presented the resolutions of the Common Council, remarking that they not only tendered the freedom and hospitalities of the city, but also endorsed his political course. Mr. Douglas, in response, said this was a complete surprise to him, as until last night he had no intimation that any such honor was intended. He had not imagined that his course had attracted the attention of the authorities of this great city, or impressed them so favorably as to lead to this mark of approval.

"To receive this compliment from the city of New York, was indeed no small honoran honor conferred by the great metropolis of the American continent, which was fast taking position as the controlling city of the world, as it was already the great commercial, social, and monetary heart of this nation, the proudest, as it is, and as it is to be under the Constitution of the United States, on the face of the earth.

'This city was the representative of all the States and all the Territories of the Union, wherever the American flag waves upon the sea or upon the land. Sectional controversies might disturb other portions of the country, but New York had not listened and would not listen to those appeals which would array the North against the South, the South against the North, or any one section against another. The heart of New York pulsated throughout the Union, and for the Union. New York was for promoting peace, fraternity, and good feeling among all the people of this country.

"To receive, then, this compliment, under these circumstances, was one of the proudest events of his life. He gratefully accepted the proffered honor, and would preserve this paper to be transmitted to his posterity.

'Mr. Bradley further stated that they desired Mr. Douglas to appoint a day to receive his friends at the City Hall. Mr. Douglas suggested to-morrow, but Mr. Clancy thought. Speaker Orr would want to receive on that day, and it was finally arranged that Mr. Douglas should see his friends at the Governor's rooms, between one and two o'clock on Friday."

The New York Express, of Friday after-

noon, says: "Mr. Douglas remained at his rooms during the whole of Thursday, and was called on by several distinguished individuals, during the day. As early as ten o'clock, his friends commenced to arrive, and from that hour until five o'clock, P. M., there was no

end of carriages and other vehicles conveying visitors to Mr. Douglas, while his lady was equally busy in her drawing-room, receiving distinguished visitors of her own sex. It was calculated that over three thousand persons called on the distinguished Senator and his lady during the day. Among the notables were William B. Astor, Surrogate West, ex-Mayor Wood, Governor (almshouse) Townsend, General Herran, Hon. Augustus Schell, Hon. Richard Schell, and several others .-Mr. Douglas and lady dined in their private room at six o'clock, with several ladies and gentlemen of the city. Mr. William B. Astor has invited Mr. Douglas to dine with him on New Year's day. The flags were displayed all the morning upon the City Hall, Illinois. The day was, however, very inauspicious for receptions, it having rained aland afternoon. Notwithstanding the storm. however, quite a concourse of people assem-

reception was to take place.

A few minutes after one o'clock, Mr. Douglas arrived, accompanied by the Joint Committee of the Common Council, appointed to receive him, when the large crowd was admitted to the Chamber, and ranged around the Aldermanic desks, in the lobby and outside the door. The pushing and crushing of parties endeavoring to get in, was tremendous. When comparative order was restored, las, briefly tendering him a cordial welcome to the city of New York.

To this address, Judge Douglas replied in a brief and appropriate speech, expressive of his thanks for his cordial reception, in which no reference was made to political topics .-It was expected that he would be serenaded last night at the Everett House.

The Last Drive at Douglas.

[From the Cleveland Plain Dealer.]

The United States Senate is just now making a very silly exhibition of itself before the world. A gentleman who has served twelve years in that body, with great credit to himself and high honor to the whole country, is sought to be degraded, through the machinery of the caucus action of that body, for differing in opinion on a single subject, and that subject one on which he and his constituents almost unanimously agree. If Mr. Douglas was wrong upon that subject, it would up in all the important proceedings of both | not be right to thus proscribe him for an er-Houses. The Governor's message will be | ror of opinion. The day is past in this country when persecution is to be the remedy for imagined heresy, either in politics or religion. But who says Mr. Douglas is wrong in his popular sovereignty principle as applied to U. S. Territories? The very men who time and again have acknowledged that he was right. Every vote given or speech made by the South in favor of the Kansaspeople on Monday evening. A committee Nebraska bill was a solemn and unmistakable acknowledgement of the justness and soundness of his position. That "the people of the Territories as well as the States should be left perfectly free to regulate their domestic institutions in their own way, subject only to the Constitution," was the doctrine enunciated in that great measure, and has in good faith in every instance been adhered to by its distinguished author. It was the intention of the Kansas-Nebraska bill to inaugurate a new policy in regard to the government of the Territories—that instead of Congress legislating for a distant Territory, the people should be allowed to legislate for themselves. This policy was acquiesced in, and the views of the Senator from Illinois fully endorsed, not only by the Democratic majority in both branches of Congress, but by every Democratic delegate from every Congressional district in the United States to the last National Convention. It is upon this platform the Senator from Illinois now stands, and it is by the popular sovereignty principle of that policy he is to fall, if fall he must. If Presidential conspiracies and Senatorial caucuses have power to put him down, he will go down with his flag flying. But the people of this country have yet some liberality left, and the press of the country is still a power among

Arrival from Fort Bridger---Suffering on the Plains.

From the Nebraska News, December 15. On Thursday morning a company of seventeen men, in the employ of Messrs. Russell, Majors & Waddell, arrived in this city, direct from Fort Bridger. They left Bridger on the 1st of November, and have met with great suffering on the Plains. Two of the men were nearly frozen, their feet black as charcoal, and, on the whole, most pitiful and sorrowful-looking objects to look upon. The company were more or less frozen. The snow about one hundred miles out is very deep, and badly drifted.

The company were obliged to leave their wagons at Salt Creek, about fifty miles west of this place, where their mules gave outswamped in the snow.

They bring no special news, further than bad roads, high prices of provisions, and a general confirmation of the gold discoveries on the Platte. Flour is selling along the road, at nearly every station, at from \$25 to \$30 per sack of 100 pounds; coffee from 50 to 75 cents per pound, and all other provisions at proportionate rates, and very scarce at these

figures. [From the Leavenworth (Kansas) Herald, 18.]

By late arrivals at Council Bluffs, the news is brought that gold is found everywhere, on the Platte and Cherry Creek, &c. It is estimated that five hundred settlers are in the mines. Towns are springing up as by mag-ic; and everything brisk. County officers and counted it among his treasures in heaven have been sent by the Governor, and the people are proceeding to organize a county, and petition Congress for a Territorial Government.

An election was held on the 6th November for a delegate to Congress, and a member of it. the Kansas Legislature. The election resulted in the choice of H. J. Graham as Delegate to Congress, and A. J. Smith as a member of the Legislature. Four hundred and ninety-five votes were cast.

A correspondence of the Council Bluffs

Bugle, writing from the mines, says :-"Mr. Graham will leave immediately for Washington, and we hope he will succeed in getting a new Territory organized. We have no doubt but one hundred thousand people will be settled in the new Territory before

year from this date." INDEPENDENCE. Dec. 24.—A gentleman in whom we have implicit reliance, Mr. Wm. Smith, accompanied by eight men, has just arrived from Pike's Peak, as express. They left the mines on the 20th of November, and report the existence of gold in quantities sufficient to pay laboring men. They can make from five to eight dollars per day. Mr. Smith will return by the 15th January, and expects to take with him a company for the gold

HORRIBLE MURDER.—A WOMAN CHOPS OFF HER HUSBAND'S HEAD WITH AN AXE. - A tragical affair occurred in Weldon, N. C., on Christmas night. It seemed there lived, about eight miles from Halifax, a family of free negroes, consisting of a man named Jack Mills, his wife, and one son. The man and wife were habitual drunkards, and on the night of Christmas, had indulged very freely. The boy went to sleep, leaving them quarreling as usual, but was aroused in the night by a noise, and upon starting up, saw his mother strike his father two heavy blows in honor of the distinguished Senator from with an axe; whereupon he fled and alarmed the neighbors, who, upon going to the house, found the man quite dead and horribly manmost incessantly during the whole morning | gled, the head being nearly severed from the body, and several ghastly wounds inflicted upon it, presenting a spectacle most revolting. ber of the Board of Aldermen, in which the at Halifax.

Distressing Case of Self-Destruction.

About six o'clock evening before last, Mr. James Galbreath, a well known and highly respected citizen, an edge-tool maker, formerly of the firm of Williams & Co., met with a distressing and fatal accident at his residence, No. 26 West Seventh street. Mr. tucky:— G., who retired from business some time since, has recently been much alarmed lest he would suffer from poverty and come to actual want. his Honor, the Mayor, addressed Mr. Doug- | This idea preyed upon his mind more and more, until it became a kind of perpetual cloud that shut out every ray of hope, and plunged him into the night of despair. He was restless, feverish, maddened by the constant thought-the uplifted shadow upon his soul. He evinced at last unmistakable signs of derangement, and his attendant physician advised the family to watch him closely lest he should make some attempt upon his life. They did so, never permitting him to go out of their sight, but day before yesterday he seemed more calm than he had for several weeks, and his friends believed he was fully

recovering his reason. At the hour we have mentioned, he rose from a room in which he was sitting, and stepped. as was supposed, into the next apartment. His wife heard of his absence and immediately followed him up stairs; but he hurried on, and entered the room under the roof and turned the key to prevent her ingress. He then threw off his coat, and the street below, a distance of thirty feet, breaking both legs by his fall, and otherwise severely injuring himself. He was picked up insensible and taken into the house, here, after suffering greatly, he expired about one o'clock yesterday morning.

Mr. Galbreath leaves an interesting family and many friends to lament his melancholy and unexpected fate. - Cincinnati Enquirer,

Confessions of a Table Mover.

For a long time, Mr. George P. Paine, of Worcester, Mass., has been known as a powerful "physical medium," and his achievements in the line of table moving have converted hundreds of people to spiritualism, believers. His demonstrations were not in the dark. like those of the Davenport boys, but under a full blaze of gas, or in broad daylight. He has made tables move apparently without human contact, to the comfort of believers and the confounding of skeptics.

The Worcester Spy, of the 20th of October, contained an account of one of his exhibitions, in which the table was so moved, and Yankee Doodle" rapped on it in good style, in time with the whistling of a gentleman

From time to time "reliable mediums" saw spirits hovering around Mr. Paine, and he was in a fair way of becoming a lion among the Spiritualists.

Recently Mr. Paine came to this city, mainly for the purpose of convincing Mr. Coles, a former medium, who has recently concluded that physical manifestations are a humbug. For this purpose, a circle was held in Mr. Paine's rooms, and Coles, with several others, attended, and were unable to detect any deception. At a second interview, how-ever, he, with Mr. Henry Smith, the "Razor Strop Man," and Mr. Waters, of Worcester, determined to sift the matter to the bottom. Mr. Paine, on being requested to change thy position of the table, refused, alleging that it would destroy the "conditions."

At last a small hole in the floor, and a rent in the carpet, were discovered in close proximity with the table legs. The three gentle-men named proposed to take up the carpet, much as Wm. P. Moore, of Monticollo, is debut Mr. Paine demurred, and requested them to call next day. Mr. Coles and associates, however, determined not to yield the point, and gave Mr. Paine clearly to understand that they would not leave the room until they had taken up the carpet.

Mr, Paine, finding that he could not stave off an examination, finally acknowledged that the whole thing was a fraud; that he had cheated, not only on this occasion, but from the beginning; his wife and his most intimate friends, as well as his numerous converts, having been the dupes of his premeditated deception.

Mr. Coles stated these facts in the Spiritual Conference on Wednesday evening, in the presence of Mr. Paine; and after he had concluded, the bogus medium got up, publicly acknowledged the fraud, and defended it on the ground that the end justifies the means. He believed that the great share of the renuted spiritual phenomena is sham, although he was of opinion that some of them are real. that he had charged nothing, although small presents had from time to time flowed into his earthly coffers; his labors had been one of love. He had resorted to deception in order to meet deception, and ultimately expose

Having defended his course, Mr. Paine exhibited a piece of No. 2 wire, as the veritable apparatus by which he had moved tables, and converted hundreds to Spiritualism.

LET US LAUGH-A Little Wholesome Truth and Common Sense.-Rev. Dr. Bellows, of New York, recently delivered a lecture on " Mirth," and among other good things, gave utterance to the following:

"For my part, I say it in all solemnity. I have become sincerely suspicious of the piety of those who do not love pleasures in any form. I cannot trust the man who never laughs, who is always sedate, who has no apparent outlets for natural springs of sportiveness and gaiety that are perennial to the human soul. I know that nature takes revenge on such violence. I expect to find secret vices, malignant sins, or horrid crimes springing up in this hot-bed of confined air and imprisoned space; and therefore it gives a sincere moral gratification, anywhere and in any community, to see innocent pleasures and popular amusements resisting the religious bigotry that frowns so unwisely upon them. Anything is better than that dark, dead, unhappy social life, a prey to ennui and morbid excitement, which result from unmitigated asceticism, whose second crop is unusually unbridled license or infamous fol-

Douglas in Tennessee .- The Memphis Appeal publishes a speech of Judge Douglas, and thus comments thereon :--

"If such doctrines as these be treason, and their advocate a 'traitor,' and if the Southern people are ready and disposed to ostracise and cut loose from every Northern man who upholds them, then indeed has the time for secession and dissolution come. But we have doctrines are regarded by them as traitorous." Florence and its surroundings.

A Remarkable Case.

A correspondent of the Louisville Courier, describes a remarkably complicated case of identity, which was, at the time of writing, on trial in the Adair Circuit Court, of Ken-

In 1835 William Perry Moore, of Monticelo, Ky., a lad of seventeen years of age, left his mother's house in the night, declaring his intention of never returning while his mother lived. He was entitled to an estate of some fifteen or twenty thousand dollars .-His mother, who had intermarried with a Mr. Shepherd, was his guardian, and the administrator of her deceased husband's estate, John S. Moore, and not having heard anything of her son, Wm. P. Moore, and supposing him to be dead, she, in 1845 or 1846, distributed among her children and herself that portion of the estate to which the said Wm. P. Moore would have been entitled.

In 1854 Mrs. Margaretta Moore appeared in Monticello, Ky., with her three daughters, the eldest about sixteen years of age, claiming to be the widow and the children of Wm. P. Moore, deceased, whom she married at Columbus, Ga., in 1842, where they lived until 1845, when they removed to Baltimore Md., where they continued to reside until 1853, when the said Wm. P. Moore died. roof and turned the key to prevent her ingress. He then threw off his coat, and jumping upon the roof, leaped therefrom to heirs at law of Wm. P. Moore, of Monticello, or not. The depositions and other papers filed in the cause would well nigh fill a half bushel measure, all of which are to be read, independent of a large amount of oral testimony to be delivered. The defendants prove, by way of identification, that Wm. P. Moore, of Monticello, was 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, fair skin, large full eyes, broad shoulders, a little stooped, thin breasted, large hands and big feet, careless gait and independent walk, swings one arm more than the other in walking, a dimple in one cheek, and a drawing up of one corner of the mouth when he smiled, light brown hair, and bluish grey eyes, a scar across the eye, extending towards the temple, a scar on the jaw, good teeth, but the corner of one of the front teeth a and been an argument in the mouth of its little broken, fond of gambling, quick to resent an insult, of an unforgiving disposition.

&c.
The plaintiffs prove that Margaretta Moore was married in Columbus, Ga., in 1842, to one Wm. Perry Moore, who claimed to have persons living there and in Baltimore (where he died of consumption in 1853,) he is described in every particular precisely as Wm. P. Moore, of Monticello, is described—height, size, form, eyes, nose, mouth, hair, teeth, scars, dimple, walk, swing, hands, feet, temper, disposition, occupation, (which was that of a gambler,) &c., all correspond exactly.-In addition to which two daguerrectype like-nesses of her husband are produced, which by various witnesses, are proven to be good likenesses of Wm. P. Moore, of Monticello, and by various witnesses the great resemblance of the eldest girl, especially, to Wm. P. Moore, of Monticello, and to his sisters, Mrs. Pierce and Mrs. Green, and his nieces, the Misses Pierce, &c., and to his nephews, cousins, &c.; and then, again, defendants prove that the daguerreotypes are not the good likenesses of Wm. P. Moore, of Monticello, and they prove further that a lad by the name of Wm. P. Moore lived in Wheeling, Va., that he left that place about 1837, on a steamboat called Osceola, and said he was going to Columbus, Ga., and they prove further, that one Wm. P. Moore was killed in scribed. It would take a volume to describe the incidents, coincidences and contrariety of statements made by the numerous witnesses in the case.

The Coos (N. II.) Republican gives an account of a most perilous ascent of Mt. Washington, on the 7th of December last, for | taloons patched, with one hundred pounds of the purpose of levying an execution at the Tip Top and Summit Houses.

"For the first mile, the snow was about | ply at Hostetter's. one foot in depth, increasing to .two-and-a half and three feet, as they approached the Ledge. Unable to obtain ingress at the toward them. When first seen, it was small cloud, and to be caught in its folds would

base of the ledge, when it came upon them. 24th was Rev. Mr. Boyle's day. So icy and penetrating was its breath, that to have encountered its blinding, freezing tending this never-before accomplished feat, awaited them with much anxiety.'

CURIOUS FACTS ABOUT THE SEXES .- It is a singular fact, says a writer in one of our exchanges, that even after death, nature redrowned man upon his back. The noblest the year. part of a human being is the head; but the man's head is liable to baldness; woman is never bald. The man's face is often made repulsive on account of a harsh growing beard; and so covered with sordid hairs, as sometimes scarcely to be distinguished from the face of a brute beast; in woman, on the gracefully, but one of his democratic friends other hand, the face always remains pure and decent. For this reason women were, by the laws of the twelve tables, forbidden to rub their cheeks, lest hair should grow and obscure their blushing modesty. But the most evident proof of the innate purity of the female sex, is, that a woman having once washed, is clean, and if she wash in second water, will not soil it; but that a man is never clean-though he should wash in ten successive waters, he will cloud and infect them all.

The latest intelligence from Ex-President Pierce, says the Boston Post, is dated Naples, Dec. 2d, where he remained a week, but was then making preparation, in obedience to medical advice, to go to the Island of Capri, for the benefit of Mrs. Pierce, the state of whose health, her friends will be however, quite a concourse of people assem- upon it, presenting a spectacle most revolting. too much confidence in the loyalty and pabled along the passage leading to the Chambar was arrested and is now in jail triotism of the South to believe that such has suffered much from the damp, cold air of

A Great Jail Delivery---Two Murderers at Large---Ten Prisoners Gone.

On Sunday afternoon, about 4 o'clock, one of the officers of the County Prison went into the jail for some purpose, and was struck with the remarkable fact, that with the exception of one or two colored men, imprisoned for trifling offences, none of the prisoners could be seen. It was not long before Mr. Lowe discovered what had become of them. A good-sized opening through the three foot wall in the rear or west end of the prison told the story. Ten of them had dug through the wall and escaped. This wall is built in the darkest part of the prison, and the aperture opens into a small room directly beneath the arena of the entrance to the Court room. After once getting into the vacant room below the entrance, it was an easy matter to ascend the dark flight of steps, break open the ordinary door, and be at liberty. The following are the names of the escaped prison-

ers, and their crimes :-Conrad Scibold, indicted for the murder of Herry Korrell on the 27th of June last .-John Fronenberg, also indicted for the murder of Korrell. These two are the most important cases. Scibold and Fronenberg are both desperate and dangerous men, and will not be retaken without a mortal struggle.these same men made an attempt to break jail by sawing away an iron grating, two or three months ago, but were fortunately discovered on the eve of the execution of their plan. The other prisoners escaping are Milton Dudley, horse stealing; George Miller, burglary; Thomas Smith, sent to jail to await trial at Common Pleas Court for shooting Philip Barnell with intent to kill; Thomas Watson, sent to jail upon the same charge; William Williams, petit larceny; John Kelly, petit larceny; Robert Armstrong, petit larceny; James Brown, petit larceny.— Ohio Statesman, Dec. 28.

CUBA-CONFIRMATORY ADVICES OF AN IN-TENDED REVOLUTION, WITH THE AID OF AMER-ICANS.-New ORLEANS, Dec. 31.-Private advices have been received, which confirm, positively, the report that a squad of Americans are in Cuba, ready to aid the revolutionists. It is further stated that all have gone with

regular passports.
Washington, Dec. 3d.—Late and direct intelligence from Havana, reiterates that much excitement prevails there concerning the President's message, but affords no basis been born in Kentucky, and by numerous for the belief that a revolutionary movement is contemplated. The general tone of the advices is such as to warrant the assertion that the intervention of the French Government has not been requested for any pur-

While it is repeated that the authorities at Tampico have, through the efforts of the Captain General of Cuba, satisfied the claims of certain Spanish subjects, (this being the isolated case,) the additional statement is made that the difficulties between the Government of Spain and that of Mexico, are in a fair way of an early adjustment.

From another source of information in this city, there are, doubtless, good grounds for the recent telegraphic statements from New Orleans, concerning filibuster movements

WESTERN LIFE .- We clip the following adertisement from a recent number of the St. Joseph's (Mo.) Daily Gazette:

SPECIAL NOTICE .- Bartholomew McGinnis offers his services to the citizens of this city as a wig maker, music master, and dealer in dry fruits. He has come here and gives neople information, that he intends to open in Middleton's alley, No. 12, where he proposes to make ladies' caps, re-pack pork, set hen's eggs under wild ducks, horse-jockeys and faro dealers can be supplied with old saddles. smelling bottles, and all the vegetables of this year's growth. Also, quail traps repaired, renovated and fabricated. All kinds of needle-work can be done with accuracy, pannew lard and forty pounds of hemp-tow cloth, goose grease and gridirons to be bar-tered off for soft soap. For references, ap-

Several of our cotemporaries have noted the fact that a Roman Catholic Priest doors, they forced their way in through the officiated at the opening of Congress, on the windows, on which the frost had formed, a 21st inst., as though it was very remarkable. foot and one-half in thickness! The walls By some it is noted as a marked recognition and all the furniture were draped with some of the fact that our Government makes no four inches of frest, and the air was biting discrimination between religious creeds .in the extreme. Upon emerging from the This would seem to indicate that an act of houses, they beheld to the south-west, a cloud | Catholic emancipation had just been passed, rapidly increasing in volume, and rolling on or the Constitution had recently been interpreted to make no discrimination between rein magnitude, but it increased in size, with ligious creeds. The facts of the case are, alarming velocity, soon spreading over the that no compensation is now allowed to Conentire south. They knew it was a frost gressional chaplains, and the clergy of Washington officiate voluntarily. A list of the probably be fatal, and they hastened to avoid reverened gentlemen having been made out, it. They had just entered the woods at the each is notified as his turn comes, and the

Monster Printing Office.—The Paris power on the unprotected height, would have | Imperial printing establishment possesses the been to have perished with it as a pall to type of fifty-six castern languages, being all cover them. The party reached the Glen in that are known of the characters of Asia, safety, and were heartily welcomed by their ancient or modern. Also, the type of sixfriends, who, well knowing the danger at- teen European tongues which do not use the ordinary Latin characters. As to the latter, the establishment has the type of forty-six different forms and sizes. The number of presses on the premises is such that 556 reams of paper, equivalent to 9,266 octavo volumes of thirty sheets, could be struck off spects the inherent modesty of women, for in a single day. About 500 workmen are when drowned, she floats on her face, and a employed by the establishment throughout

Ex-President Pierce was recently driven out of his hotel in Florence because the ex-King of Prussia, wanted the accommodations for himself and suits, filling twenty carriages. The ex-President, it is said, yielded sent the poor old King, and innocent landlord together to a very bad place, in free republican style, and ordered his carriage and bill on the instant, shaking the dust off his feet as he left the unworthy hotel.

CHARMS.--An enterprising jeweler in Washington has found and cut up that brick which Montgomery, of Pennsylvania, shied at the leg of English, of Indiana, into the most delightful "charms," to adorn the watch-chains of the sporting fraternity. Another, not to be outdone in metropolitan taste and skill, has had English's silvered cane picked up, brought in and carved into beautiful rings, for holiday presents.

Not BAD.—The new planet lately discovered at the Dudley Observatory, has aptly been called by Mrs. Dudley, whom the discoverer gave the honor of naming it, Pandora.

See advertisement of Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative in another column.

ROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, by
a precept to me directed, dated at Huntingdon, the
20th day of November A. D. 1858, ander the hands and soals
of the Hon. George Taylor. President of the Court of
Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer, and general jail delivery of the 24th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of Huntingdon, Blair and Cambria counties; and the
Hons. Benjamin F. Patton and John Brewster, his associates, Judges of the county of Huntingdon, justices assigned, appointed to hear, try and determine all and every
indictments made or taken for of concerning all crimes,
which by the laws of the State are made capital, or felonies of death, and other offences, crimes and misdemeanors,
which have been or shall hereafter be committed or perpetrated, for crimes aforesaid—I am commanded to make
public proclamation throughout my whole balliwick, that
a Court of Oyer and Terminer, of Common Pleas and
Quarter Sessions, will be held at the Court House in the
borough of Huntingdon, on the second Monday (and 10th
day) of January next, and those who will prosecute the
said prisoners, be then and there to prosecute them as it.
shall be just, and that all Justices of the Peace. Coroner
and Constables within said county, be then and there in
their proper persons, at 10 o'clock, a. m. of said day, with
their records, inquisitions, examinations and remembrances, to do those things which to their offices respectively
appertain.
Dated at Huntingdon, the 18th of December, in the year of DROCLAMATION .- WHEREAS, by

Dated at Huntingdon, the 18th of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and the \$2d year of American Independence.

GRAFFUS MILLER, Sheriff.

PROCLAMATION .-- WHEREAS, by a precept to me directed by the Judges of the Common Pleas of the county of Huntingdon, bearing test the 20th day of November, 1858, I am commanded to make Public Proclamation throughout my whole bulliwick, that a Court of Common Pleas will be held at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on the 3rd Monday (and 21st day) of January, A. D., 1850, for the trial of all issues in said Court which remain undetermined before the said Judges, when and where all jurors, wienesses, and sultors, in the trials of all issues are required.

Dated at Huntingdon the 18th December, in the year of our Lord 1858, and the 82d year of American Independence. GRAFFUS MILLER, Sheriff.

Sueriff's Office, Huntingdon. Dec. 18, 1858.

HERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of Vend. Ex. and Fi. Fa., to me directed, I will expose to pullic sale or outery at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon. on MONDAY. THE 10TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1859, at 70 o'clock A. M., the following described Real Estate, to wit:

All the defendant's right, title and interest All the defendant's right, title and interest in and to a lot of ground in Smithfield, Walker township, fronting on Turnpike road leading to Alexandria, being fifty feet in front and one hundred feet back, more or less, adjoining Abraham Port on the west, Jacob Shoms on the cast, and Alexander Port on the south, &c Seized and taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of George Decker, with notice to James Bricker, terre tenant.

Also-All the defendant's right, title and ALSO—All the defendant's right, the and interest, in and to about one hundred acres of land, more or less, situate in Dublin township, Huntingdon county, about fifty-five acres cleared, and adjoins Bowman's heirs on the south, Jamison Kelly on the west, and C. Mathias on the north, and others, and has thereon erected a two story log house and kitchen attached, a cabin barn, a Potter's shop, and other out buildings. Scized and taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Hugh Gallaher.

Also, All the defendant's night title and Also-All the defendant's right, title and

ALSO—All the defendants right, the find interest, in and to one hundred and two acres of ground, more or less, in Warriorsmark township, Huntingdon co., and about seventy acres cleared, and has thereon a double log house weather-boarded, and a large bank barn, and other out-buildings, and adjoins lands of Vincent Stephens on the cast, Jacob Stover on the south and west side. Sheenberger & Coplin on the north, Wm. Lyons & Co. on the south, and in a high state of cultivation. Seized and them is recently and to be sold as the recently for the second. ken in execution, and to be sold as the property of James

ALSO-All the defendants right, title and interest, in and to a tract of land situate in Porter township, containing seventy-nine acres, more or less, bounded by lands formerly owned by John Huyett and others, having thereon erected two log houses, and about two acres cleared, and a house unfinished. Seized and taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Augustino Miller and Christian Miller.

Also-About 100 acres of land, more or less, situate in Hopewell township, Huntingdon county, about 75 acres cleared, having thereon erected a double log house and barn, adjoining land of John B. Weaver on the East, James Entriken on the South and North, and on the West by Peter Frees, and others. Seized and taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of John A. Weaver.

Also-All the defendant's right, title and interest in and to about twenty acres of land, more or less, in Tod township. Hantingdon county, and has thereon a house and barn and other out-buildings, and adjoins lands of Thomas Anderson, Elias Plummer, Benjamin F. Baker, and others.

of Thomas Anderson, Lines Thomas Also—A lot of ground in the town of Newlang, Tod township, having thereon a two-story log dwelling house, fronting on main read leading from Coffee Run to Eagle Chairman Chairman and to be sold Foundry. Seized and taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Amos Clark.

Also—All the defendant's right, title and

interest in and to the following property, to wit: A tract of land containing one hundred acres, more or less, adjoining lands of R. Bruce Petrikin on the south, and John McClain on the east, being part of a larger tract of land warranted in the name of John McClain, situate on the cast, the of land Market and the land Tay, Tayl semantic Taylor, and the same of the cast is the of land Market and the cast is the of land Market and the cast is the of land Market and land the la ranted in the name of John McClain, situate on the cast side of Broad Top, Tod township. The one undivided third of a tract of land containing four hundred and thirty-nine acres, more or less, adjoining the Houck Coal Bank tract, John McClain, Michael J. Martin, and others. Also—A tract of land warranted in the name of Speer & Also—A tract of land warranted in the name of Speer & Martin, containing ninety-six acres, more or less, and all adjoins lands of Martin's heirs, and others.

Also—A tract of land adjoining the above, warranted in the name of Eliel Smith, containing one hundred and fifty-two acres more or less.

the name of Eliel Smith, containing one hundred and fitty-two acres, more or less.

Also—A tract of land adjoining the above on the south, warranted in the name of Samuel Cornelius, containing three hundred and ninety-five acres, more or less. Seized and taken in exceution, and to be sold as the property of George W. Speer and James Mellduff, administrators of Robert Speer, deceased.

Also—A lot of ground in Coalmont, Ted

township, fifty feet in front, extending back one hundred and fifty feet, adjoins lots of front, fronts the main road leading from Coalmont to Broad Top City, having thereon erected a two story frame tavern house and stable, and No. — in said town. Seized and taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Ezeklel White.

ALSO—A tract of land containing one hundred acres, more or less, adjoining lands now owned by R. Bruce Petrikin on the south, and John McClain on the cast, being part of a larger tract of land warranted in the name of John McClain, situate on the east side of Broad Top, Tod township. The one undivided third of a tract of land containing 439 acres and 51 perches and allowance, adjoining the Houck Cral Bank tract, John McClain, Michael J. Martin, and others.

Also—A tract of land warranted in the name of Speer & Martin, containing 96 acres and 153 perches and allowance, adjoining lands of Martin's heirs on the south and west, and others.

Also—A tract of land adjoining the above, warranted in the name of Eliel Smith, containing one hundred and fifty-two acres and interveight perches and allowance.

Also—A tract adjoining the above on the south, warranted in the name of Samuel Cornelius, containing 395 acres and \$ perches and allowance.

Also—A tract adjoining the above on the south, warranted in the name of Samuel Cornelius, containing 395 acres and \$ perches and allowance.

Also—A tract adjoining the Taylor Coal Bank tract, and land of Mordecai Chilcote's heirs on Reckey Ridge, containing 16 acres, more or less.

Also—All the interest of defendant, in lands of Michael & James Martin, which he holds under certain articles of agreement of Record in Huntingdon. Seized and taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of George W. Speer, indorsee of Wm. H. Irwin.

**Experimental Consensation of CRAFFUS MILLER, Sheriff. ALSO -- A tract of land containing one hun-

of the first week of Court, and Wednesday of the second week.

GRAFFUS MILLER, Sheriff. SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Huntingdon, Dec. 22, 1858.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOF MOUNTAIN }
RAILROAD AND COAL COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Railroad and Coal Company, will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 309, Walnut street. Philadelphia, on Tuesday, January 11, 1859, at 11 o'clock A. M., when an election will be held for a President and Twelve Directors, to serve for the ensuing year.

J. P. AERTSEN. year. J. P. AERTSEN, Philadelphia, December 22, 1858. Secretary

OTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have filed their petitions with the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions, praying the said Court to grant them licenses to keep Inns or Taverns, and that said petitions will be presented to said Court, on the second Monday (and 10th day) of January part for their consideration to with

ary next, for their consideration, to wit:

Adam Zeigler, Marklesburg, Penn twp.
David Megahan, McConnellstown, Walker twp.
James Hall, McConnellstown, Walker twp.
December 22, 1858.

D. CALDWELL, Clerk.

NVELOPES-By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE. DUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE!

pes, call at LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE. IARIES FOR 1859, For sale at LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

BLANK BOOKS,

of various sizes, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

LMANACS FOR 1859, For sale at LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

CCHOOL BOOKS, Generally in use in the Schools of the County, not on hand, will be furnished to order, on application at LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.