THE HUNTINGDON GLOBE, A DEMOCRATIC FAMILY JOURNAL, DEVOTED TO LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS, &C.

THE GLOBE.

Circulation—the largest in the county.

EUNTINGDON, PA. Wednesday, March 3, 1858.

OUR PLATFORM.

[From the Kansas Nebraska Bill.] [From the Kansas Nebraska Bill.] "IT BEING THE INTENT AND MEANING OF THIS BILL NOT TO 'LEGISLATE SLAVERY INTO ANY TER-BITORY 'OR STATE, NOR EXCLUDE IT THEREFROM; BUT TO LEAVE THE PEOPLE THEREOF PERFECTLY FREE TO FORM AND REGULATE THEIR DOMESTIC INSTITUTIONS IN THEIR OWN WAY, SUBJECT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES." [Resolution of the Cincinnati Democratic Convention.]

"Resolved, That we recognize the RIGHT OF THE PEO-PLE of all the Territories, including Kansas and Nebraska, ACTING THROUGH THE LEGALLY AND FAIRLY EXPRESSED WILL OF AMAJORITY OF ACTUAL RESIDENTS, and whenever the number of their inhabitants justifies it, TO FORM A CONSTITU-TION, with or without domestic slavery, and be admitted into to the Union upon terms of perfect equality with the ether States? other States."

other States." [From President Buchanan's Inaugural.] "What a conception, then, was it for Congress to apply this simple rule—that the will of the majority shall govern —to the settlement of the question of domestic slavery in the Territories! "But be this as it may, it is the iniperative and indispen-sable duty of the Government of the United States to secure to every resident inhabitant the free and independent expres-sion of his opinion by his vote. THIS SACRED RIGHT OF EACH INDVIDUAL MUST BE PRESERVED!"

 INDIVIDUAL MUST BE PRESERVED!"
[From Gov. Walker's Letter to the President, accepting his Appointment.]
"I understand that you and your Cabinet cordially concur in the opinion expressed by me, that the actual bona fide residents of the Territory of Kansas, by a fair and regular vote, unaffected by fraud or violence, must be permitted, in adopting their State Constitution, to decide for themselves what shall be their social institutions. This is the great fundamental principle of the act of Congress organizing that Territory, affirmed by the Supreme Court of the United States, and is in accordance with the views uniformly expressed by mo throughout my public career. I contemplate a peaceful solution of this question by an appeal to the intelligence and participate freely and fully in this decision, and by a majority of whose votes the decision must be made, as the only and endeavor to adjust these difficulties, in the Constitution are detawared by a majority for whose works of the decision must be made, as the only and constitutional mode of adjustment. "I will go and endeavor to adjust these difficulties, in the full confidence, as strongly expressed by you, that I will be sustained by all your own high authority with the cordial co-operation of all your Cabinet."

sustained by all your own high authority with the cordial cooperation of all your Cabinet." [Instructions to Governor Walker. "There are two great objects connected with the present excitement, growing out of the affairs of Kansas, and the attainment of which will bring it to a speedy termination. These were clearly and succinctly stated in the President's recent Inaugural Address, and I embody the paragraphs in the communication, asking your special attention to them. It is declared in that instrument to be the imperative and indispensable duly of the Government of the United States to secure to every resident inhabitant the free and indepen-dent expression of his opinion by his vote. This sacred right of a Cach individual must be preserved; and that being ac-complished, nothing can be fairer than to leave the people of a Territory, free from all foreign interference, to decide their own dostiny for themselves, subject only to the Con-stitution of the United States. "Upon these GREAT RIGHTS OF INDIVIDUAL AC-TION AND OF PUBLIC DECISION rests the foundation of American institutions; and if they are faithfully secured to the people of Kansas, the political condition of the contry will soon become quiet and satisfactory. THE IN-STITUTIONS OF RANSAS SHOULD BE FSTABLISHED BY THE VOTES OF THE PEOPLE OF KANSAS, unawed and uninterrupted by force or fraud. And foreign voters must be excluded, come whence they may, and every at-tempt to overawe or interrupt the free exercise of the right of voting must be promptly repelled and punished. Free-dom and safety for the legal voter, and exclusion and pun-shment for the illegal one--these should be the great prin-ciples of your administration." [From Walker's Inaugural Address, approved by the whole

[From Walker's Inaugural Address, approved by the whole

(Front Watter's Induptard Autorss, approved by the tensic Cabinet.) "Unless the Convention submit THE CONSTITUTION to a vote of all the actual resident settlers of Kansus, and the election be fairly and justly conducted, the Constitution will be, AND OUGHT TO BE, REJECTED BY CONGRESS."

WILL BE, AND OUGHT TO BE, REJECTED BY CONGRESS." [From Governor Walker's Tope'ra Speech.] "I will say then to you, gentleman, that if they do not appoint a fair and impartial mode by which the mapority of the actual bona fide resident settlers of Kansas shall vote, through the instrumentality of impartial judges, I will jain you in all lawfild opposition to their doings, cond the Presi-dent and Congress will reject the Constitution. "I say to you, that unless a full and fair opportunity is given to the people of Kansas to decide for themselves rolat skall be their form of Government, including the sectional question which has so long divided you—unless, I repeat, they grant you such an oppartunity. I have one power of which no man or set of men can deprive me, and to which I shall unhesitatingly resort, and that is to join you in law-ful opposition to their acts."

New Advertisements.

introduced into the Legislature in a few days, of the Burgesses and members of the Town Council three years, instead of one, as it is number elective annually. The advantage expected to be gained by the proposed change is the retention in office, of members who have be come acquainted with the previous year's business, and thereby avoid the inconvenience occasioned by the election of an entire board of new officers, as frequently occurs under the present system. If the bill is passed, the next election, on the first Monday of April, will be governed by its provisions.

The friends of the measure think there can not be any objection to its adoption, but being desirous that the public may be apprized of the features of the bill, requests us to make this statment, so that those opposed may have an opportunity in season, of expressing their objections to the same.

A Fact for Mr. Buckalew.

It has already been shown (says the Press) that it will be imposible to amend the Lccompton Constitution until 1864, without a resort to revolution. Judge Douglas, in his report, is irresistible on this point. Even if Calhoun gives the Legislature to the free-State men, they will not have the requisite two-thirds. The power of keeping Kansas a slave State mill be with the pro-slavery minority, be cause they will have the machinery of the State Government. Mr. Buckalew, of our State Senate, has made a long report in sas, (which report, had it been printed prior to the late Gubernatorial election, when Mr. Buckalew was chairman of the State Central Committee, would have defeated Gen. Packer about 50,000 votes,) and especially in support of the idea alluded to in the beginning of this article. In order to show how this business of altering the Constitution, outside of its own forms, is regarded in the South, we give the following curious but conclusive extract from a speech made by Mr. Carr, the pro-slavery member of Congress [not elected, but put in by Calhoun] who will take his scat as from Kansas, if Lecompton shall succeed. We copy from the proceedings of a public entertainment given at Charleston, S. C., (of which place Mr. Carr is a native,) on the 18th of February. He said:

"At last the President, in his late message, does something like justice to the Southern, pro-slavery, law and order, Democratic party of Kansas. Once admitted there is hope of peace and quict—the issue will be local, and the people of the Territory will take care of their own affairs. The sectional policy of the Black Republicans has, in spite of their efforts, given the victory to the South. The South must and can keep Kansas a slave State. The soil is rich, the climate fine. Let Southern men come in and take possession. In two years the next election will take place. Nor-thern men are coming in. Will Southern men do likewise? It is for them to decide the ultmate fate of Kansas." "IN TWO YEARS!" How would Mr. Buckalew's present proposal serve to keep the glorious Democratic district he represents from falling into the hands of the "Black Republicans," if, at the end of two years, viz.: 1860, Kansas should still be a slave State; thus fulfilling the prophecies of our opponents in 1855. Mr. Carr, who is to represent Kansas in Congress under the Lecompton decree, plainly tells us that "the South must and can keep Kansas a slave State !" How? Not, certainly, by Mr. Buckalew's plan of allowing the people to change the Constitution ouside of its own provisions.

OUR BOROUGH CHARTER.—A bill will be inclused into the Lexislature in a few days tion. In our county, in which there was over the effect of which will be if passed, to so amend the charter of incorporation of the borough of Huntingdon, as to make the term of the Burgesses and members of the Town the Democracy of this section are a unit on that point. We battled for the right of the at present, and to make one-third of the people of every State and every Territory to regulate their own domestic concerns in their own way, subject only to the Constitution of the United States; and we replied to the taunts of the opposition that we were proslavery, that with slavery we had nothing to do, that if the people of Kansas wanted slav-ery they might have it, if they did not want it, no earthly power had a right to force it on them; and we still stand firm, trusting that better counsels will yet prevail, and that Congress will yet ignore Lecompton and give the people a fair chance to form, as well as afterwards regulate their own domestic institutions in their own way.

This is a good time here for killing off rabbits, which, by the way, are a nuisance, as they peel the young apple trees in the winter. This afternoon, myself and a neigh-bor spent an hour or so, with a couple of dogs, in a hazel rough near his buildings; we killed a baker's dozen of the "varmints," and laid them up for the crows to pick.

The cold snap in November killed nearly all the corn that was out at the time, so that there is enough of old corn in the country for seed. But I must close. P. J.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

MONDAY, Feb. 22.—According to previous arrangement, the Senate, at 3½ o'clock, re-paired to the Hall of the House of Representatives, where, in the presence of the Senators, Representatives, the Governor and Heads of Department, the farewell address of George Washington was read. After the reading was concluded, the Senate returned to its chamber, and in conformity with the support of the Administration policy in Kan- time-honored custom, in commemoration of the birth-day of the Father of our country, both Houses adjourned.

TUESDAY. Senate.-A great number of petitions were presented asking the repeal of four persons who were implicated, directly the tonnage tax. Mr. Brewer presented a or indirectly, in the enormous frauds of the petition from citizens of Huntingdon county | fourth of January election. desiring a change in the license law; he read in place, a bill fixing the Supreme Court permanently at Harrisburg. *House*. —The bill authorizing the School Directors of Walker township, Huntingdon county, to select sites for school-houses, passed first and second readings. The bill extending the charter of the Perry county Mutual Insu-polls closed at nine o'clock P. M. Early the rance Company, also passed second reading. A message from the Governor was received, announcing that he had signed a number of Col. Boone's store, added several hundred bills, among which was the one incorporating the Huntingdon Water Company. This will give the rich and liberally disposed citizens your borough an opportunity to invest their money in a good and much needed improvement. Certainly, there is no want of capital in Huntingdon to carry out the design of the friends of this measure.

WEDNESDAY. Senate .- Mr. Buckalew, chairman of the select committee on Kansas affairs, made a lengthy report, which has been published in most of the newspapers. The report was signed by the Democratic members of the committee and dissented from by the opposition members. It takes strong administration grounds, and finds advocates and dissenters among the Democrats. Leave was given to the minority to make a report.

The bill graduating lands upon which pur-

Kansas Intelligence.

The Kansas Herald of the 13th ult, the only paper published at Leavenworth (if not in the Territory) which advocates the acceptance of the Lecompton Constitution, has the following article in reference to the election returns from the Delaware Crossing precinct:

"Recent developments concerning these returns show there is something rotten in Denmark. We go for our party and its success, but we will not advocate or sanction a frand for that purpose. Whatever of fraud has been committed in the elections, must be charged to those committing it. We learn that the judges at Delaware Crossing have made affidavit that the returns found burried in a box are fraudulent; that their certificate has been cut off from the original list of names, and appended to a false list of three hundred and seventy-nine names.

'Who committed this act? is the question. There is no evidence that these returns have ever been taken into the count by General Calhoun; and hence he nor the party can be made accountable for them. It is too bungling a fraud; it is too palpable to be used by any party. We do not believe they have been used in the counting or footing up of the election returns. There is no Democrat willing to accept an office made clearly to de-pend upon such returns."

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, Feb. 15.

The Investigating Commission for the Investigation of the election frauds sat through the whole of Saturday night. Dr. Sabin, of Brownsville, Kansas, a reliable gentleman, was one of the witnesses examined. He testified that about two weeks before the 4th of January he was in the Virginia Hotel, Jef-ferson city, Missouri, and there overheard a conversation hetween Governor Stewart of Missouri and Frank Marshall, of Kansas.-Stewart assured Marshall that arrangements had been perfected by which several hundred voters were to be sent over into the border precincts to participate in the election. He gave him the full details of the localities and numbers.

The sergeant-at-arms of the commission had just returned from Johnson county with

Shawnee precinct, as you will remember, returned over nine hundred votes. C.C. Gogfray, one of the clerks of election there, was examined under oath. After some hesita-tion, finaly gave a full history of the affair. He swore there were but about one hundred next morning he and the other clerk went names to those of the bona fide voters. The names were read to them from some list by a son of Rev. "Tom Johnson," and other pro-slavery men. The judges' certificates (which had been made out on separate sheets of paper) were pasted at the foot of these bogus returns, and they were then sent to Mr. Calhoun. The judges corroborated this testimony fully, and swore that several hundred names had been added to the returns after the polls were closed and they had made out their cetificates.

The Spring Hill returns showed & free-State majority. The pro-slavery messenger by whom they were sent in never delivered them, and now swears that he lost them on the way.

THE PACIFIC HOTEL DISASTER .- From the

PREMIUMS AWARDED THE GLOBE JOB OFFICE AT THE LATE FAIR FOR THE BEST CARD, BLANK & HANDBILL PRINTING.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS. SATURDAT, Feb. 27, 1858.—FLOUR.—The Flour market is extremely quiet, but the receipts are small, and holders firm in their demands. There is little or no inquiry for shipments, and the sales are confined to the wants of the home trade, at \$4.50@\$5 per bbl. for common and extra brands, and \$5.25@\$6 for extra family and fancy lots.— Nothing in Rye Flour or Corn Meal. We quote the former at \$3.12½@\$3.25, and the latter at \$2.87 ½ 39 bbl. GRAIN—There is not much offering, and but little de-mand for it. Small sales of fair and prime Pennsylvania Red at \$1.26@1.32. 500 bushels Rye brought 70 cents. Corn is scarce, but the demand for it has fallen off. 2000 bushels Yellow in store sold at 60c. Oats are steady, and further sales of Penna. have been made at 34 cents per bu. 450 bushels New York Barley sold at 76 cents. SEEDS—There is good demand for Cloverseed, and fur-ther sales of 600 bushels fair and prime qualities were made at \$4.76@\$5 \$9 64 bs., including one lot of choice above the latter quotation, and some from second hands at \$5.25@5.-37½.

ENRY W. OVERMAN, No. 14 (Old No. 6) South THURD C. (Old No. 6) South THIRD Street, below Market, elphia, LEATHER DEALER. Calf Skins, Moroccos, Linings, Bindiugs, RED AND OAK SOLE LEATHER, &c. N. B.—Rough Leather, bought or taken in exchange. March 3, 1858—1y.

XECUTORS' NOTICE.-Estate of

ALECTICIANS INCLICE.—Estate of La JAMES JONES, dec'd.—All persons interested are hereby notified that Letters Testamentary have been grant-ed to the undersigned Executors' of the last will and testa-ment of JAMES JONES, late of Tell township, Huntingdon county, dec'd., and all persons having claims or demands against said estate will present them without dolay, and those indebted to said estate will make immediate payment. JOHN JONES, March 3, 1858.* JACOB G. JONEL, } Executors.

ANTED.—A good Journeyman Mil-ler, to work in the Huntingdon Furnace Mill-to commence on the First of April. None but a good work-man need apply. Apply immediately, to A. J. McCOY, March 3, 1858—4t. Colerain Forges, Hunt'dn. co.

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!!-

ATTENTION ! ATTENTION ! !---The undersigned having rented the Store Room and Large Ware-House formerly occupied by Wm. Geisinger, near the old Toll Bridge, and feeling very thankful to the citizens of Huntingdon, and to his customers in the coun-try, and the public generally, for past favors, he wishes to make known to them that he will keep constantly on hand, all kinds of Goods that are generally kept in Stores elsewhere; consisting of Groceries, Dry Goods, Qucens-ware, Hardware, Tinware, Crocks, &c. Also, Boots and Shoes, and every variety of Goods to accommodate all per-sons who may favor him with their patronage. And he is determined to sell at the very lowest *Gust* prices, as he will not allow himself to be undersold by any other Store in town.

will not allow himself to be undersond by any once in town. His Ware-House is large and good. He will accommo-date all persons by Storing, Shipping, or buying their Grain, of all kinds. He will take in exchange, all kinds of Country Produce. Friends, please give me a call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere. R_{D} -He will also continue the Grocery business at his old stand, on Hill Street, Huntingdon. The public gene-rally are requested to give him a call. He is determined to sell Cheap for Cash or Country Produce. March 3, 1858—1m. DAVID GROVE.

FARM Containing 170 Acres, FAKM Containing 1.0 Lett, with good Log House and Stable, about one half cleared and under cultivation; 1 mile FOR SALE, From Cassville, Huntingdon county. A Farm Containing 200 Acres,

FOR SALE, More or less, adjoining the above, with a Saw Mill, large Stone House, and other improvements. One half of this tract is cleared, and the bal-ance heavily timbered, affording an excellent opportunity for lumbering.

A Cottage House with all neces-FOR sary outbuildings, &c., situate in Cassville,---This property is beautifully located and is the most desirable residence in the village.

An Out Lot Containing 9 Acres, FOR SALE will be sold along with the above-partly set with choice fruit trees in bearing condition.

One Half Interest in an unfinshed House, situate on Seminary street, in Cass

Four Lots of ground variously cated in Cassville.

All of the above property is of-

DERSONAL PROPERTY at Public SALE.—The undersigned will sell at Public Sale, at their Farm, opposite the Boro' of Huntingdon, on MONBAY, the 15th day of MARCH, commencing at 10 o'clock, in the morning, all the PERSONAL PROPERTY connected with their farm; Consisting of 15 head of Horses and Colts; and 1 mule colt, 21 head of Cows and young cattle, 20 or moré Hogs, three of which are fine breeding Sows; wagons, plows, harrows, cultivators, &c.; a large assortment of harness or horse gears, double-trees, singlé-trees, chains, &c. Also a variety of the small tools and articles kept upon a well-stocked farm, and a quantity of hay by the ton. TERMS—Eight months credit on all sums above Ten Dol-lars, by giving notes with approved security. FISHER & MCMURTRIE: Huntingdon, Feb. 17, 1853.

Thurtingdon, Feb. 17, 1868. **DUBLIC SALE of Personal Property.** The subscriber will offer at Public Sate at his resi-dence, in Brady township, 2 miles west of Allenville, on WEDNESDAY, 10th of MARCH, 1859, the following property, to wit:--3 work horses, 1 two year old colt, 4 mileh covs, T head young cattle, 17 head of shoep, 15 shoats, 1 breeding sow, plows, harrows, cultivator, 1 two-horse carriage, harness and horse gears, 1 two or three horse wagon, 1 sled, winnowing mill, &c. Also, HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE,--1 cook stove, 1 ten-plate stove, carpetting, and a number of

TOTICE, to the Creditors of the Hun-That the Court of Huntingdon county at its January Term IS58, directed to be paid to Creditors one and half per cent on the amount of their claims on which former dividends have been declared, which I will pay on the presentation of their certificates of deposit by themselves or their arcmis. agents.

OTICE is hereby given to all persons When it may concern, that the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, have appointed the 12th day of April, next, for hearing the application of Samuel Couts, of Henderson township, who has applied for the benefit of an Actof Assembly, entitled "AN Act RELATING TO INSOLVENT DEBTORS," approved on the 16th day of June, 1836. D. CALDWELL, Prot'y.

PROTHONOTARY'S OFFICE, Huntingdon, Feb. 17, 1858.* }

O IN VALIDS.—Dr. Hardman, Analytical Physician.—Physician for Diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Heart—Formerly Physician to the CINCINNATI MARINE HOSPITAL,

Also to Invalids Retrat, Author of "Letters to Invalids IS COMING! See following Card.

MARCH APPOINTMENTS

D.R. HARDMAN, Physician for the disease of the Lungs, (formerly Physician to Cincin-nati Marine Hospital.) will be in attendance at his rooms as follows: Huntingdon, Jackson's Hotel, Tuesday, March 16.

as follows: Huntingdon, Jackson's Hotel, Tuesday, March 16. Hollidaysburg, Exchange Hotel, "15. Lewistown, National Hotel, "15. Lewistown, National Hotel, "17. Dr. Hardman treats Consumption, Bronchits, Asthmā, Larryngittis and all diseases of the throat and lungs, by Medical Inhalation, lately used in the Bromton Hospital, London. The great point in the treatment of all human maladies, is to get at the disease in the direct manner.— All medicines are estimated by their action upon the organ requiring relief. This is the important fact upon which Inhalation is based. If the stomach. If the lungs are dis-cased, breathe or inhale medicated vapors directly into the lungs. Medicines are antidotes to disease and should be applied to the very seat of disease. Inhalation is the application of this principle to the treatment of the lungs, for it gives us direct access to those intricate air cells, and tubes which lie out of reach of every other means of ad-ministering medicines. The renson that Consumption, and other diseases of the lungs, have heretofore resisted. all treatment-has been because they have never beer ap-proached in a direct manner by medicine. They were in-tended to act upon the lungs, and yet were applied to the stomach. Their action was intended to be local, and yet, they were so administered that they should only act-con-stitutionally, expending their, immediate and principal ac-tion upon the unoficuding stomach, whilst the foul lideers they were so administered that they should only act son-stitutionally, expending their, immediate and principal ac-tion upon the unoffending stomach, whilst the foul ulcers within the hungs were unmolested. Inhalation brings the medicine in direct contact with the disease, without the disadvantage of any violent action. Its application is so simple, that it can be employed by the youngest infant or feeblest invalid. It does not derange the stomach, or in-terfere in the least degree with the strength, comfort, or business of the patient. *Other Diseases Treated*.—In relation to the following dis-cases, either when complicated with lung affections or ex-isting alone, I also invite consultation, I usually find them *promptly curable*. Trolapsus and all other forms of Female Complaints, Ir-regularities and Weakness.

regularities and Weakness. Palpitation and all other forms of Heart Disease, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, and all other diseases of stomach and bowels, &c.

All diseases of the eye and ear. Neuralgia, Epilepsy and all forms of nervous disease.

Also, HOUSHOLD AND KITCHEN FORMUTORE, — fook stove, I ten-plate slove, carpeting, and a number of other articles too tedious to mention: Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, when terms will be made known. Feb. 17, 1858. JOHN RUPERT.

JOHN S. ISETT, Sequestrator, Spruce Creek, Feb. 3, 1858.

ie, by G. Der Card, by H. W. Overman of Philadelphia. AP Executors' Notice, by J. Jones and Jacob G. Jones. Ag- New Store, by D. Grove,

AF Wanted-a good Journeyman Miller, by A. J. Mc Coy of Colerain Forges.

We invite a careful perusal of the able address of GEORGE BANCROFT. He was Secretary of the Navy under President Polk, and Minister to England under the Administration of the same Executive.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION .--- On to-morrow the Democratic Delegates from the counties of the State will assemble at Harrisburg for the purpose of nomniating candidates for Supreme Judge and Canal Commissioner, to be supported by the party at the next General Election. The Pennsulvanian and few other papers are urging the passage by the Convention, of resolutions strongly endorsing the action and policy of the Administration of President Buchannan, including the admission of Kansas as a State under the Lecompton Constitution. No Demcerat will object to an endorsement of Mr. Buchanan's views on all questions save that of the Lecompton outrage. If a majority of the Delegates will force through the Convention an endorsement of the Calhoun swindle, the responsibility of hazarding the success of their nominees must and will rest with them. A large majority of our party, the honest masses, honestly differ with the President on the Kansas question,-they are men-freemen-and will not be forced to endorse a wrong, an outrage upon their fellow citizens in Kansas. We can be sucessful upon no other platform than that upon which President Buchanan and Governor Packer were elected.

THE HUNTINGDON WATER COMPANY .--- An Act incorporating the Huntingdon Water Company, has passed both branches of the Legislature and been signed by the Governor. The commissioners named in the Act, are: Hon. James Gwin, John Scott, Esq., J. Simpson Africa, Dr. B. E. M' Murtrie, William P. Orbison and William Dorris, Jr., Esqs. The capital stock is fixed at twelve thousand dollars, to be divided into shares of twenty-five dollars each.

It is to be hoped that the pride of the "ancient borough," may be raised, and this much needed improvement completed. Capital is not wanting here; the people have it, and should each one subscribe what he is well able to spare, the amount required could soon be obtained and the work commenced. Citizens, shall we have water?

George M. Dallas will come home .---He stands with Douglas against the Lecompton fraud.

No wonder, after this speech of Mr. Carr, that Colonel Rhett, the great diunion leader, should have made a speech, and wound it up with the following sentiment:

"THE HEROES OF THE KANSAS CONSTITU-FIONAL CONVENTION: A body of men never surpassed in the nerve and ability displayed in defence of the Southern cause. The people of the South praise the men, and back their measure and action."

LETTER FROM THE WEST.

WARREN Co., ILLINOIS, February 16, 1858. FRIEND LEWIS: I have concluded to write you a short epistle to let you know how matters are progressing in this land of Prairies. First, the health of the country is very good. I know of no sickness whatever, among the neighbors at this time. The weather is very fine, with a snow of a foot or more on the ground; it is just cold enough to make good sleighing. 'Times are no worse than when I last wrote to you. The farmers, thanks to the hogs, have been able to raise money to pay their taxes, and some of their most urgent debts. They are still holding on to their Wheat, with a hope of better prices in the Spring; but the panic has made them a little more cautious in regard to making debts than heretofore. A good many who, a year ago, were "pitching in" to get fencing ready for the spring crop, are holding back to see whether it will pay, and a good deal of last year's *breaking* will lie out if the tight times continue. But it is having a good ef-fect on many persons; as Greely says, "we are mending our old clothes instead of buying new ones." Retrenchment seems to be the order of the day, and with the reduction in the price of groceries-sugar and molas-ses particularly, both of which are used extensively out here, and with a corresponding reduction in the price of labor, which is expected, the farmers here may be able another year, if we practice the lessons of economy we are learning, to make both ends meet again, even with low prices for our produce. But a good many who went in debt a year or two ago, expecting to make the money to get out again, from the last season's crop, will come out the wrong side, I fear. Already, notices of constable sales are getting was passed. The bill relative to the School more common than formerly, although not Directors of Walker township, was passed.

near so common as many expected a few The House was not in Session. months ago. There have been no failures

chase money is due the Commonwealth, passed finally. This act substitutes instead of the appraizing provisions of the act of 1835, which has expired by limitation, a mode of charging interest regulated by the price per acre at which lands were sold at the time improvement was made, or warrant granted. It goes into effect immediately after it becomes a law.

THURSDAY. Senate.-The bill to remove disability of witnesses on account of religious belief was taken up, very freely discussed, and negatived by a vote of 15 to 13. The bill relating to the resumption of specie payments by the banks was taken up; Messrs. Bell, Southers, and Marselis, discussed its merits, when it was postponed.

House.-Petitions were presented favoring the repeal of the tonnage-tax; for a new county out of parts of Crawford and Warren; for and against the formation of a new county, to be called Pine, out of parts of Cambria, Indiana and Clearfield; for and against the license law; for and against the County Superintendency; six praying that the County Superintendency may be abolished in Union county; five for a revision of the present license law, and three remonstrances against the annexation of any part of Huntingdon county to Fulton, were presented by Mr. Houtz. The Committee of Ways and Means reported a bill for the sale of the State Canals to the Sunbury and Erie Railroad Company. A bill was reported chartering the Fulton county Insurance Company. Is there not enterprise in Huntingdon county sufficient to get up a company of this kind? Annually your citizens are called upon to pay assessments to reimburse losses sustained by people of other portions of the Commonwealth. Alaw chartering a company to make insurances in Huntingdon county only-and prohibiting other companies from interfering there, would be of great advantage to the property-holders, and should meet with their favor.

FRIDAY. Senate.—Petitions were numerously presented praying the passage of a law requiring coal dealers in Philadelphia, to weigh coal at the consumer's doors. A remonstrance from Huntingdon county against the repeal of the Buckalew liquor law was presented by Mr. Schell. Mr. Creswell read bill providing for the running of the boundary line between the county of Blair and the counties of Huntingdon, Bedford and Clearfield.

House.-By resolution, the House agreed to adjourn on next Thursday at 10¹/₂ o'clock, untill the next Monday at 5 o'clock, P.M.-This is done in order to give the use of the Hall to the Democratic State Convention.---The committee on Banks, reported with a negative recommendation, the bill chartering the Mifflin county bank. Mr. Houtz, read in place a bill relative to hawkers and peddlers in the county of Huntingdon. Mr. Spyker of Jefferson, read a bill to be called the last will and testament of Pennsylvaia. It is a funny production and gave occasion for considerable merriment.

SATURDAY. Senate .- The bill entitled. "An Act to authorize the Governor to appoint appraisers to assess and report the damages sustained by trans-porters and others, by reason of the sale of the Main Line of the Pennsylvania Canal,"

MONDAY, March 1st. JUNIATA.

St. Louis papers we learn that a man named Taylor alias Sanders has been arrested on charge of murdering a Mr. Doane in his bed, for the purpose of getting possession of \$4,000, and afterwards firing the hotel to hide the murder.

New Church Dedication.

The New Church Edifice of the German Reformed Congregation of this place, will be dedicated, Providence permitting, to the service of the Triune God, on the FIRST SABBATH IN MARCH. The Rev. Dr. Schaff, of the Theological Seminary at Mercersburg, will assist the Pastor on the ccasion. The public are cordially invited to attend. COMMITTEE. By order of the HUNTINGDON, Feb. 17, 1858.

•[COMMUNICATED.]

tear. Though, to speak of the virtues of the dead, cannot call them from their present abode, yet there is consola tion in the knowledge of their light having shone, that others seeing, might emulate their character. We doubt and a heart enriched by Religion's holy coronet. She was a friend to be prized, a sister to be loved, a daughter to be highly esteemed. Her's was a spirit too pure for earth; like a fair and blooming flower too tender for the changing scenes of life she has been transplanted-we trust-to blos-

the living, but more especialy when the young and lovely are cut down in their sphere of usefulness; and yet 'tis sweet to see the fading flower; 'tis sweet to see a spirit wing its flight upward before it has learned the evils of earth; and sweet is the assurance that though the form has faded-though it rests in the lone grave, yet the never dying soul still lives, and lives in a fairer, purer Home;and yet far sweeter than all is the hope of a re-union of

That her passport to the eternal world was a happy one, we have every assurance, and the following beautiful thoughts expressed by her in a recent letter to the writer of this article, will be no less consoling to her bereaved parents and friends, than they were in a similar hour of affliction to him.

fliction to him. "Do not murmur—He doeth all things well—and who would call adeparted loved one back again from that bright home in Heaven, to mingle with the toils and pains of this our sinful world? The holiest and purest, most delicate and refined of our affections linger round the grave of some departed one; and there is something in the memory of those who have passed away like a fairy dream, and sleeps beneath the 'sod of the valley,' which inspires our hearts with a thoughtful spirit of devotion, and bears our thoughts far above the perishable pleasures of this cold unfeeling world, and our whole nature seems to center in the desire to join them in their happy home. Oh! what a mockery the pleasures of this life seem when compared with hap-miness such as they enjoy? and though we sport along in the bright'sunshine of our existence, forgettul of the past, often reckless of the future, our carthly happiness is but dross when compared with the celestial blies of that bright world where holy spirits ever bask in the light of one eter-nal day." A FRIEND. A FRIEND. nal day."

MARRIED.

On the 23d ult., by Bev. J. A. Melick, Mr. SAMULL NEFF, to Miss Lizzie Cunninghan, all of Huntingdon co., Pa. On the 26th ult., by the same, Mr. JOSHUA ISENBERG, to Miss Maria J. MEALEY, all of Huntingdon co., Pa.

Miss MARA J. MELLEY, all of Huntingdon co., ra. On the 16th ult., at the residence of the brides father, by Rev. R. E. Wilson, CURTIS HILE. of Mifflin county, to Miss MARY LECCH, of McAlavey's Fort, Huntingdon co., Pa. On the 2d inst., at the Franklin House, by Rev. R. Flotch-er, Mr. SAMUEL JOHNSON, to Miss MARY BIGELOW, both of Jackson tp., Huntingdon co.

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	DIED.
	In Tell township, on the 17th ult., JAMES JONES, aged 73 years.

LOOK H E R E, bearing interest; and if not disposed of sooner, will be sold at Public Outery, in Cassville, on TUESDAY, the 16th day of MARCH, 1858. Address, GEO. W. SPEER, March 3, 1858. Mount Union. F. RAMEY, Sealer of Weights and

e Measures for this county, gives notice that he will visit over the co. nty in a few weeks. Feb. 24, 1858—4t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentory having been granted to the under-signed by the Register of Huntingdon county, on the last will and testament of Frederick List, late of the Borough and county of Huntingdon, deceased. All persons having claims and demands against the said estate are requested to make known the same without delay, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment. ADAM ODENWAELDER, Executor. Altoona, Blair co., Pa., Feb. 24, 1858.

TO MERCHANTS AND FARMERS. GROUND PLASTER can be had at the Huntingdon Flour and Plaster Mills, in any desirable quantities, on and after the 1st day of March, 1858. We deliver it free of charge on the cars at the depots of the Pennsylvania and Broad Top Railroads. FISHER & MCMURTRIE. Feb. 24, 1858.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE of REAL ESTATE. (ESTATE OF GEO. BUCHANAN, dec'd.) By virtue of an Order of the transmission of the transmission don county, I will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 16th day of MARCH, 1858, a Tract of un-seated Land, in Tod township, Huntingdon county, in the name of David Lapsley, containing 353 ACRES, more or less, lying on the Little Valley, partly on the dividing Ridge, about 2 miles from Shonps' Mill, and 1 mile from Jacob Thompsons' at the foot of Bread Top and the River Mountains, near land claimed by Samuel Wallace, being the same which was conveyed by John Miller, Esq., Treas-urer of Huntingdon county, to the said George Buchanan, by Treasurers Deed, dated 13th April, 1825. TERMS of SALE.—One half of the purchase money to be

TERMS oF SALE-One half of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the Sale, and the residue in 1 year thereafter, with interest, to be secured by the judgment bond and mortgage of the purchaser. Feb. 3, 1858. SAMUEL T. BROWN, Trustee.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT

AllOADDID ICENTIFIC TOTALL INSTALLS AL PUBLIC SALE.—The undersigned will offer at Pub-lic Sale, on FRIDAY, the 5th day of MARCH, 1858. A VAL-UABLE FARM, situate in Warriorsmark township, Hun-tingdon county, Pa., Estate of John Henderson, dec d, containing about 342 acres—200 acres clear-dec d, containing about 342 acres—200 acres clear-ments are a two-story stone DWELLING HOUSE, with kitchen in basement, a bank barn, a nover-failing runne of livestone water convenient to the bouse an are spring of limestone water convenient to the house, an ap

spring of limestone water convenient to the house, an apple orchard, and other improvements. The farm is in a good state of repair and cultivation, and is about one mile from the Pennsylvania Rail Road. Persons wishing further information, or, to examine the property, can call on or address the undersigned, at Birmingham, near the property. The property will be divided, if desired, to suit purchasers. JOHN OWENS, ROBERT HENDERSON, Executors of Will of John Honderson, decid

KOBERT HENDERSON, Executors of Will of John Henderson, dec'd. January 20, 1858. AD-Standard, Hollidaysburg; Intelligencer, Lancaster; Patriot & Union, Harrisburg, publish to amount of \$2 50 each, and charge Huntingdon Globe.

UDITOR'S NOTICE.—John Huy-ett's Distribution.—The undersigned Auditor, ap-pointed to distribute the money in the hands of Graffius Miller, Esq., Shheriff, arising from the Sale of the Real Es-tate of John Huyett, will attend at his office, in the Bo-rough of Huntingdon, on THURSDAY, the 11th of March, 1858, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to perform the duties of his ap-pointment. All persons interested will take notice, that they are required to make their claims before such Audi-tor, or bedelarred from coming in upon said fund. Feb. 10. 1858—4t. A. W. BENEDICT, Auditor. UDITOR'S NOTICE .--- John Huy-

Feb. 10. 1858-4t. A. W. BENEDICT, Auditor. UDITOR'S NOTICE.—JAMES & WILLIAM SAXTON'S Distribution. The under-signed Auditor, appointed to distribute the money in the hands of Graffus Miller, Esq., Sheriff, arising from the sale of the Real Estate of James Saxton & William Saxton, and J. & W. A. Saxton, will attend at his office, in the Borugh of Huntingdon, on FRIDAY, the 12th of March, 1858, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to perform the duties of his appointment.— All persons interested will take notice that they are re-quired to make their claims before such Auditor, or be de-barred from coming in upon said fund. barred from coming in upon said fund. Feb. 10, 1858—4t. A. W. BENFDICT, Auditor.

ANTED—A Journeyman Black-smith, to carry on a shop in the town of Mount Union, Huutingdon county. None but men of experience need apply. A. LEWIS, Mt. Union. need apply. January 27, 1858.

S. D. HARDMAN, M. D. S. D. HARDMAN, M. D. BD_No charge for consultation. [Sept. 9, 1857. DRITISH REVIEWS, and BLACK-WOOD'S MAGAZINE. GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO SUBCRIBE! PREMIUMS AND REDUCTIONS. L. SCOTT & CO., NEW YORK, continue to publish the following leading British Periodicals, viz: THE LONDON QUARTERLY (Conservative). THE EDINBURG REVIEW (Whig). THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW (Free Church). THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Liberal).

BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURG MAGAZINE (Tory).

.	For any one of the four Reviews	\$3.00
,	For any two of the four Reviews	5 00
	For any three of the four Reviews	7 00
	For all four of the Reviews	
1	For Blackwood's Magazine	3 00
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wood," and but Fourteen Cents a year for "Black-wood," and but Fourteen Cents a year for each of the Ro-views. At the above prices the Periodicals will be furnished for

At the above prices the Periodicals will be furnished for 1858, and as a PREMIUM TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS, the Nos. of the same Periodicals for 1856, will be furnished complete, without additional charge. Unlike the more ephemeral Magazines of the day, these Periodicals lose little by age. Hence, a full year of the Nos. (with no omissions) for 1856, may be regarded nearly as valuable as for 1858.

Subscribers wishing also the Nos. for 1857, will be sup-lied at the following EXTENSION NOW NAMES

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monts as those here presented, NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE! 19 Romittances must, in all cases, be made direct to the Publishers, for at these prices no commission can be allowed to agents. Address

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., No. 54 Gold street, New York December 30, 1857.

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HANGE OF TIME.-On and after THIAROFIS OF THIM. ON and after THURSDAY, 10th inst., the Passenger Train on the Huntingdon and Broad Top Road will leave Huntingdon at 8.00 A. M. and 4.00 P. M., and arrive 1.10 P. M. and 7.38 P. M. J. LAWRENCE, Acting Superintendent.

Huntingdon, December 9, 1857.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted on Buoks (or otherwise) of H. C. Walker, will take no-tice, that said accounts are left in the hands of George B. Young, Esq., Alexandria, who is anthorized to receive and receipt for all monies paid during my absence. D. HOUTZ. Jan. 6, 1858. Assignce for Creditors of H. C. Walker.

MASH FOR MARKETING .-- All per-Sons having marketing of the various kinds to sell, can obtain the cash therefor, by calling on E. McCOLLUM, Mrs. Snyder's house, Rail Road street, Huntingdon. January 6, 1858-19.

Death under all circumstances is fraught with sorrow to

not it may be thus with her whose decease we noticed in this morning's "Globc," who, not long ago was in your midst, but is now released from Earth's sin, toil and pain. Lovely and gentle, kind and affectionate, with a mind well cultivated, yet ever anxious to add to its store new truths;

som forever in the Paradise of God.

soul with soul in eternity.

LOCK HAVEN, Pa., Feb. 19, 1858. MR. EDITOR :- The offerings of sympathy, though they annot restore to the bereft the lovely departed, yet may soothe the sorrowing breast and wipe away the mourner's