The Position of Pennsylvania.

"To the people of Pennsylvania the admission of a new State into the Union—into that Confederacy of which she is a member—must be at all times a subject of high interest. And I believe I express their sentiments, as well as my own, in declaring that all the qualified electors of a Territory should have a fair opportunity to participate in selecting delegates to form, a Constitution pregaritory to addmission as a State, and if desired by them, they should also be allowed an unqualified right to vote upon such Constitution after it is framed." stitution after it is framed."

This extract from the "inaugural address" of Governor Packer, delivered at Harrisburg on the 19th of last month, in the presence of thousands of Democrats from all parts of the State, and responded to by them with tumultuous applause, has since been published all over the United States as the true position occupied by the Democracy of Pennsylvania on the great question of Kansas and the Lecompton Constitution. They are memorable words. The time, and the occasion of their utterance, were alike fitting for this expression of the sentiments of the people of Pennsylvania. Called by their suffrages to fill the Execative chair, Governor Packer was authorized to speak to the country in their name; and for them, as well as himself. he Territory should have a fair opportunity to participate in selecting delegates to form a very broad difference in their sentiments and Constitution preparatory to admission as a actions. State, and, if desired by them, they should also be allowed an unqualified right to vote upon such Constitution after it is framed."

Here is a succinct, and at the same time a powerful, summary of the merits of the whole Administration intend to stand. Such a declaration was not made unadvisedly, or on imperfect information. As a candidate for the office of Governor, General Packer had travelled over the State, and had the best opportunity to ascertain the views, and consult the wishes, of the people. Since his election he has been in correspondence and intercourse with the prominent men of the Democratic party in the different counties of the State. and has mingled freely among the masses, and ascertained their opinions and convictions. From all these sources of information Governor Packer has ascertained that the Democracy of Pennsylvania are united in their abhorrence of the fraud and violence forcing the Lecompton Constitution through Congress by Democratic votes!

When Gov. Packer says that "the qualiof Pennsylvania, their condemnation of the illegal and anti-Democratic scheme, successfully practiced in Kansas, whereby nineteen ly elected on the fourth day of January. counties were deprived of the opportunity of voting for delegates to the Constitutional Convention.

The qualifications of the people of these nineteen counties, as voters, have never been denied, nor has it ever been asserted that they had expressed, in any way, their unwillingness to participate in such an election.—On the contrary, it is an indisputable fact that they were prevented from voting, partly through the defect of the law of the Territory, but mainly by the exertions and artifices of those lawless men who have conspired against the rights of the people of that Territory. No consults had been taken in the The qualifications of the people of these ritory. No census had been taken in the of the opportunity of "selecting delegates to form a Constitution preparatory to admission as a State." Every disinterested man, every true Democrat, and every true Pennsylvanian, will give his most earnest support to Govpeople, against an iniquity thus practiced,

and now sought to be upheld. When Governor Packer goes a step further. and proclaims his adherence to the principle that the people have "an unqualified right to vote upon such Constitution after it is framed," he takes his place alongside of Senator Douglas, Governor Walker, Governor Wise, and other leading men, who resist the encroachment now attempted to be made on this great principle of self-government—the against the mere sham of voting on a Constitution, presented in the ex parte manner in which the Lecompton Constitution was submitted to the people of Kansas. And here, too, Governor Packer brings to our recollection, by the use of such language, the fact that ten thousand majority has been cast in Kansas against that infamous cheat. The Democratic party (and when we say "the party," we mean the masses of Democratic voters who, more truly than the self- the President's own language. appointed leaders, uphold the cardinal doctrines of our party creed, and not the men who bow down in servile submission at the footstool of power) will rally round these able | they will certainly not hesitate when, with | I will not attempt to give a detail of the and eloquent men in their fearless resistance

of wrong and injustice. The question of the admission of Kansas, under the Lecompton Constitution, will arise in Congress in a few days, and Democratic members will be called upon to vote when the ayes and nays are called. For these who represent Pennsylvania we have a word of caution and advice. Let them read Governor Packer's inaugural address if they desire to know the sentiments of the Democratic party in Pennsylvania. Let them be well assured that Governor Packer not only speaks in the name of the people, but he expresses their sentiments; and if our representatives doubt it, let them return to their tain by personal observation and inquiries, Let them cali county meetings, if they please, and ask for instructions. But, above all, let

and civil liberty.

With such leaders as Senator Douglas, Robert J. Walker, Governor Wise, and Gov- comes a State under the Lecompton Consti- Bonds, and all blanks used by Justices of the Peace.

ty in Pennsylvania, we have no fear of the issue. And we have simply to say, in concluthat the representative in Congress from Pennsylvania, who votes for the Lecompton Constitution, will seal his doom forever This is no mere conjecture of ours; it is the determined will of the people.—Press.

Special Message of the President. The message of the President of the United States, presenting and commending the Lecompton Constitution as the only fair way of composing the difficulties which now disturb Kansas and the country, contains two or three leading passages upon which we desire to comment, and from which we entirely dis-

The first is, that the whole of the people of Kansas, who protest against the Lecompton Constitution, are held responsible for the turbulence created by the so-called General "JIM LANE," and also for that ridiculous farce, the Topeka Government. There is no tude, down to the very last living moment, has said that "ALL the qualified electors of a line of discrimination drawn between these that, inasmuch as the Executive has spoken two classes in the message; and there is a

The fact is, it was because the moderate and law-loving portion of the people of the Teritory refused to follow Lane on the one hand, or Calhoun on the other, that Governor WALKER was enabled to tranquillize the question, and a clear enunciation of the majority by assuring them that they should ground on which Governor Packer and his vote upon their own Constitution after it was framed. LANE himself, violent and dangerous a demagogue as he is, was compelled to this one great issue, respectfully but firmly. yield before the conservative sentiment so We are glad that he has made no party test successfully invoked and cultivated by Governor Waker. But for the efforts and when messages are apt to be political appeals pledges of the latter, made upon the author- as well as State papers, this omission is ity of the ample and equivocal instructions marked. A very wide toleration on this of the Administration, Lane would have question of Kansas is the best for all parties. swept the whole Teritory with his followers. Democrats, who have grown gray and old in Governor Walker gathered all the men to the service-men now in Congress who have his standard who desired to have the question led the triumphant legions of our party, and terminated; and if the Constitution had been have given heart and soul to many a forlorn submitted to the people, Lane would have remained as powerless as he was when the peo- ents of these men, at their farms and workple accepted the solemn pledge of Governor WALKER. It is, as we conceive, a hard practised in Kansas, and now sought to be measure of justice, therefore, to include the inflicted on the people of the United States, by great body of the Democratic and free-State measure of justice, therefore, to include the parites of Kansas in the same category with the Topeka disorganizers and the brigades of LANE. And we deplore the effect of this fied electors of a territory should have a full indiscriminate condemnaton of the majority opportunity to vote for delegates to a Conven-tion to form a Constitution," he undoubtedly very moment called to contemplate a new means to express for himself, and the people outrage upon their rights, in the rejection of enough of their own votes to defeat the very State ticket and Legislature which they fair

The suggestion contained in the following extract from the message is the key that opens the door to a multitude of dangerous doubts:

nineteen counties thus disfranchised. No The people of Kansas, ever since it has been running away; 2d. Those who are running registry of votes or poll-books were prepared, determined to make this Lecompton fraud a after them. and no polls were opened. On the day of the test, have been assured that all the power of elections, all these were the glaring acts of altering or amending their Constitution is in fraud that deprived the qualified electors of their own hands, and that immediately after

Seruce Creek Formand 5 1859 so great a portion of the Territory of Kansas | the admission of Kansas under the Lecompton contrivance, they could proceed to erect their own Government instead. It was this nothing transpired since my last worthy of assurance, authoritatively thrown out from note, except an Educational Mass Meeting, Washington, and doubtless pertinaciously in- which was held at this place, commencing sisted upon by Gov. Denver, which induced on the evening of the 29th ult., and continuernor Packer in speaking, in the name of the | many excellent citizens to vote for State offi- | ing over Saturday. The meeting was well cers and Legislature on the 4th day of Janu- attended, and particularly by the friends of ary last-though, happily, at the same mo- Education. Addresses were delivered on the ment of time, they took the precautionary occasion, by A. W. Benedict, Esq., Prof. step of recording their judgment against this | Walsh, Dr. Thompson, Jas. Gardner, Esq., abominable Lecompton contrivance. At this | and others. The addresses were all instrucelection they threw a majority for their own tive as well as commendable. Both time and candidates; but this majority has since been space forbid me giving the particulars of counted out by Caluory, who, under the Lecompton Constitution, will hold Kansas for a new era in the Educational history of this long period of years in utter defiance of the majority, sustained by the troops of the Genderen and the determination to labor more assiduously in very life and genius of republican institu- eral Government. The whole State machin- the proper instructing of youth, and to for tions. Here we see Pennsylvania, through ery is already in his hands. The Legislature ward on our glorious Common School Sysher Executive, fairly entering her protest he has manufactured into a pro-slavery Le- tem. gislature; the framing of the laws will be accomplished under this influence; the Gov- Miller delivered quite a spirited declamation ernor and all the heads of the new State or- from Dr. Dick. ganization will be his creatures. Under these auspices he can provide such precautions against the exercise of the will of the majori- a few weeks past, have been so arduous that ty in Kansas as will keep Kansas in the I could find no time to pen anything for your hands of the pro-slavery party, until, in deed columns. But since I had the pleasure of and in fact, it becomes "as much of a slave attending on Friday the 29th ult., an exami-

have done worse in the Territory; and

of resistance, as so many rebels to the law. other full of startling confirmation. The study. Also a number of boys and girls Southern States now feel that in forcing slav- chanting Geography on Outline Maps which ery into Kansas, they may rescue Missouri had been drawn by the teacher of the school, from emancipation, and so maintain their amused us exceedingly. And as I designed power, by aid of Northern Senators, in the to be brief, suffice it to say that the entire

This is no longer an inference.

The President does not tell his countrymen that the proposed new State organiza- themselves, but also upon their devoted constituents for a brief interval and ascer- tion, after a fair vote against the pro-slavery teacher. minority, (which minority polled about 6,000) whether what we here assert is true or not. votes, nearly 4,000 of which were fraudulent ber of citizens and directors being present, signed by the Speakers of the two Houses of adopted:

> aware that the whole of the machinery of Agreements, Leases, Judgment and Promissory Notes, the Government of Kansas, when she be- Notes relinquishing all benefits of exemption laws, Liconse

> ernor Packer, backed as they are by the well- | tution, will be in the hands of those whose ascertained sentiments of the Democratic par- interests and whose expressed determination is, to continue to maintain Kansas "as much of a slave State as Georgia and South Caro-

> > How supremely absurd, in view of these extraordinary facts, is the pretext of the friends of the Lecompton fraud, in our midst, that the Legislature of Kansas has abolished slavery! (which is true,) and, therefore, that the will of the majority against slavery has already prevailed. Mr. Buchanan, though not stating the action of Calhoun as to the election of State officers, &c., sufficiently shows how difficult it will be to attain this

We are not disposed to comment at length on the absence of condemnation in the message, of the gross frauds perpetrated by the minority in Kansas, headed by Calhoun, upon the rights of the majority. We should have been gratified to see these frauds exposed and repudiated by the President of the United States. In our opinion, they were so manifold, and of such controlling magniof other unofficial facts, (as, for instance, the action of the Topeka disorganization,) he might well have condemned these glaring outrages upon the will of the majority. Congress, however, will be compelled to give the full facts of the case a searching analysis and an elaborate publication; and upon this investigation we now depend for the protection of the rights of the people in Kansas. We shall have more to say on this prolific subject. We differ from the President on hope-hundreds of thousands of the constitushops—are, at this moment, sternly resolved against the course of the pro-slavery minority in Kansas. They laugh at the efforts of puny politicians to frighten them from their position by the cry of party, or the parrotcall of going over to the Republicans. The veterans who fought at Bunker Hill and Lexington, and Saratoga and Monmouth, might as well have been rated for want of patriotism by the raw recruits who grew pale at the thunder of a distant cannonade. Mr. Buchanan sets an example to these tyros.— They may consult their interests by following it or not. We are equally indifferent to their stabs and their smiles.

GREELEY ON THE WEST .- Horace Greeley is spending the winter, mostly, lecturing in the N. W. States. He says there is more wheat and corn there, now, than ever before, and that Hay is everywhere abundant, and very low in price, as are also all the Grains, Corn being often sold at 18 cts., wheat at 40 cts., and hay as low as \$21 and \$3.—The Spring demand for Store Goods will be onefourth less than last year; the people are patching up their old clothes, instead of buying new .- The travelers on railways are We come to the practical question at once. mostly of two classes: 1st. Those who are

Mr. Editor:-Allow me once more to pen a few lines from this end. There has

At the close of this association Master

DEAR GLOBE :- My school-room duties for State as Georgia or South Carolina," to use nation of the school under the care of G. P. Eldredge, Esq., in Morris township, I now That Calhoun and his partisans are capal regard it, truly, as a mental feast, that I can ble of this, no fair man will contest. They report to the friends of Education the result

of so successful an examination. two pro-slavery Senators in Congress, and various recitations of the school, for neither with the Legislature and the whole new time nor space would permit. I will, how-State Government in their power, they may ever, say that while witnessing the exercise go on, and fetter the hands of the people, and of several boys in Book-Keeping, we were call in the troops to shoot them down in case highly delighted with the proficiency they had made, as we learned from the teacher Apart from this view of the case, is an- that they had not been long engaged in this highest legislative branch of the Government. exercises of the day were very entertaining. The scholars acquitted themselves admirably -thus reflecting great credit not only upon

Before the close of the examination, a num--see certificate in the Press of yesterday, the following resolutions were offered and

TECEIPTS & EXPENDITURES OF
THE COUNTY OF HUNTINGDON, from the 11th
day of January 1857, to the 3d day of April 1857, including
both days.—Account of A. B. Crewet, esq., dec'd.
RECEIPTS:
1851 Jesoph Douglass Wolker. \$80.00 RECEIPTS
1854. Joseph Douglass, Walker,
1855. Alexander Ewing, Franklin,
"Thomas Osborn, Jackson,
"Benjamin Baker, Tod,
1856. Joseph Forrest, Barree, 49 75 174 26 70 13 George Rupert, Brady, Samuel Pheasant, Cass, 87 91 327 00 153 00 Frederick Harman, Cromwell, Jacob S. Hunt, Dublin, Samuel Wigton, Franklin, William Rothrock, Huntingdo 427 00 529 40 84 91 "William Rothrock, Huntingdon
Jacob Summers, Hopewell,
Solomon Hamer, Jackson,
Benjamin Wallace, Morris,
George Garner, Penn,
John N. Swoope, Porter,
Joseph Miller, Shirley,
Benjamin Long, Shirleysburg,
Jacob Booher, Springfield,
Samuel Hackedorn, Tell,
Andrew J. Dunlan, Tod. 105 00 285 00 600 00 123 69 100 00 250 00 340 00 112 00 Mander Hackedorf, Tell,
Andrew J. Dunlap, Tod,
David Pheasant, Union,
Joseph Isenberg, Walker,
Henry Grazier, Warriorsmar
William Moore, West,
Nicholas Corbin, Cassville, 28 5,890 91 Amount of County Tax on Unseated Lands,
"School ""
"Road ""
" Balance due County Treasurer, \$8,759 53 Balance due A. B. Crewet, esq., County Treasurer, at last settlement. \$1274.58 settlement,
Attorney General, Prothonotary, Sheriff, and witness fees on criminal prosecutions,
Constables for making returns, &c.,
Grand and Traverse Jurors, Court Criers, &c., Judges, Inspectors and Clerks of Elections, Assessors' Orders, Inquisitions on dead bodies, Road and Bridge view. Road damages, John Fry. "Abraham Shenefelt, 275 00 150 00 563 00 Brings Orders:
hn Gaghagan for repairing bridge below Alexandria, David Blair for bridge at Blair's Mill in David Blair for bridge at Blair's Mill in Tell township,
Andrew Wise & Co., for extra work done to bridge at Huntingdon,
County Auditors,
Benjamin K. Neff,
Jacob Baker,
H. L. M'Carthy,
Clerk to Commissioners in full for 1856. 360 00 225 00 1,045 00 34 00 40 00 Jacob Baker, 37 00
H. L. M'Carthy, 45 00 I
Clerk to Commissioners in full for 1856, 75 00
" on account for 1857, 45 00
Attorney to Commissioners, J. Beed, esq., 20 90 I
County Bonds paid as follows:
William B. Leas, 517 50
Interest on County Bonds, Wm. B. Leas, 60 00
Repairs, Furniture and Merchandise for
the Court House and Jail, 1
Huntingdon County Agricultural Society, 1
Premium on Wild Cat and Fox Scalps, 1
State Lunatic Asylum for D. Brotherline,
For county Printing, J. A. Nash and B. F. Miller,
Blank Books and Dockets for public offices,
Boarding Jurors in case of Com'th. vs Pat. Smith,
A. Wise & Co. on account for Stable at Jail,
J. F. Ramey on account for running and making
county line between Huntingdon and Mifflin,
Sheriff Miller on account for boarding prisoners &c.
Refunding Order to Charles Mickley, 14 04
Road tax on unseated lands paid out, 4 50
School "15 57
Washing for prisoners in jail in full for '50, 10 00 School 15 57
Washing for prisoners in jail in full for '56, 10 00
Scrubbing Court House and privy &c. 625
Directors of the poor in full for 1856, 1,880 95
" part 1857, 268 10
Amount of Lancaster Bank notes received from
Collectors and deposited in Bank by direction of Commissioners tion of Commissioners. Treasurer's commission on \$12,937 72. Receipts and Expenditurs of Huntingdon county from the 4th day of April 1857, to the 4th day of January 1858, including both days. 1854. Joseph Douglas, Walker, 1855. John Smith, Barree, "David Etnier, Cromwell, \$ 21 94 100 00 138 99 Thomas Osborn, Jackson,

"Abraham Isenberg, Morris,
" John Thompson, Walker,
1856. Joseph Forrest, Barree, "George Rupert, Brady,
David Heck, Clay,
Frederick Harman, Cromwe
Jacob S. Hunt, Dublin, Samuel Wigton, Franklin, William Rothrock, Huntingdon, 656 SS Solomon Hamer, Jackson 349 03 B. F. Wallace, Morris,
George Garner, Penn,
John N. Swoope, Porter,
Joseph Miller, Shirley,
Benjamin Long, Shirleysburg,
Jacob Booher, Springfield,
Samuel Hackedorn, Tell,
A. J. Dunlap, Tod,
David Phose at Union 1,125 90 458 81 32 42 80 96 36 27 269 29 David Pheasant, Union "Joseph Isenberg, Walker,
"Henry Grazier, Warriorsmark,
"William Moore, West,
1857. Alexander Stitt, Alexandria, 100 00 305 00 John R. M'Carthy, Brady, Peter Livingston, Barree, George M. Green, Cass, Joseph Park, Clay, ; William Johns, Cromwell, 82 40 125 22 William Bico, Franklin, George Numer, Henderson, Samuel S. Smith, Huntingdon George B. Weaver, Hopowell, 513 09 177 00 917 37 200 00 227 60 John Jackson, Jackson, Henry Mark, Juniata, Samuel Harnish, Morris, George Miller, Oneida, Andrew G. Neff, Penn, David P. Henderson, Porter, 62 00 95 00 67 83 553 00 172 00 James G. Doyle, Shirley, Charles Bowersox, Shirleysburg, Joshua Johns, Springfield, Thomas Cisney, Tell,
Abraham Elias, Tod,
M. F. Campbell, Union,
Martin Flenner, Walker,
Samuel Lehman, Warriorsmark, " John Thompson, West, County Tax on Unseated Lands, 361 65 14462 3-5 63 For rent for Court House, For sale of Stray Steer, For Fines collected by Justice Backous \$16,058 61 EXPENDITURES: Attorney General, Prothonotary, Sheriff, and witness fee on criminal prosecutions, Constables for making returns, advertising

Spring Elections, &c.
Grand and Traverse Jurors, Court Crier, &c.
Judges, Inspectors and Clerks of Elections,
Assessors' Orders,
Inquisitions on dead bodies, Road and Bridge views,
Road damages, Rudy's estate,
BRIDGE ORDERS:

A. Wise & Co. for building Bridge at Huntingdon,
A. Wise & Co. for repairing Bridge above Huntingdon,
E. E. & A. Ramsey, for repa'g Bridge
across Black Log Creek.
Building Privy at Jail,
Stable "Stable " 2855 83 229 63 Commissioners-Benjamin K. Neff, Jacob Baker, H. L. M'Carthy, G. W. Mattern, Clerk to Commissioners, Auditors for 1856, 71 50 Attorney for Commissioners, on account, 20 00 Interest on County Bonds— J. R. Gosnell, 41 43 S. Wigton, W. Orbison, W. Orbison, 135 00
Thos. Fisher, 114 00
Ex'rs. of C. Bucher's est. 60 00
For Coal, Wood, Light, &c. for Court
House and Jail.
Merchandise &c. for "225 00
77 92 ask for instructions.

I ask for instructions induces the majority.

I ask for instructions on the seductive and damperous influences hich surround them in Washington, and hink of their responsibilities at home.

Our people love and admire the great principles found him in the cent of the damission of Kansas under the Lecton proportion of the admission of Kansas under the Lecton hink of the interests of our children.

Rawsoked, That we regard Mr. Eldredge in interests of our children.

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Rawsoked, That we regard Mr. Eldredge in interests of our children.

Rawsoked, That we regard Mr. Eldredge in interests of our children.

Rawsoked, That dedicine and attendance to prisoners \$16,058 61

to subscribe our names and affix the seal of said county, this 4th day of January, 1858.

JACOB BAKER,
H. L. MICARTHY,
G. W. MATTERN,

G. W. MATTERN,

Dr. J. W. C. James
Dr. J. W. Harvey,
Dr. J. B. Luden,
Dr. J. H. Dorsey,
Dr. J. K. Neff, this 4th day of January, 1838.

JACOB BAKER,
II. L. M'CARTHY,
Commissioners.
G. W. MATTERN,
We, the undersigned Auditors, of Huntingdon county,
Pa., elected and sworn accorning to law, report that we
met, did audit, settle, and adjust according to law, the accounts of A. B. Crowet, dec'd., and F. H. Lane, Treasurers
of the county, and the orders of the Commissioners, and
the receipts for the same, for, and during the past year,
and find balance due A. B. Crewit, of two thousands eight
hundred and sixty-five dollars and seventy cents, and F.
H. Lane of one thousand five hundred and six-seven dollars.
Given under our hands, at the Commissioners Office, in
the borough of Huntingdon, the 4th day of January 1858.

WILLIAM MOORE,
JAMES CREE,
P. D. STEVENS,
Auditors. Feb. 3, 1858.—it CTEWARD'S STATEMENT. WIL-LIAM GLASGOW, Steward, in account with Hun-tingdon County Poor House. To Balance at last settlement, To Treasury for orders drawn at sundry times, To sundry persons, hogs sold to them, To 19 yards carpeting bought in Philadelphia, To sundry persons for produce off farm and pauper To cash received for one cow and calf. To Samuel Backus, esq., for fines on his docket, To James M'Elwee for his note, (2) To John Jacobs " " To Jos. Cornelius, " " To County Docket for costs received in case J. Hicks, 12 39 CR. By sundry expenditures for use of House Epirm. Doyle for cash paid him for coffins, Sundry persons for female labor, Cash paid for freight on sundry goods, Travelling expenses on business for House,
Har. Burns for digging vault,
J. J. Wallace for stores for use of House,
J. Nash for publishing Annual Report,
Lutz & Flautt for corpenter work,
Sundry persons for use of House, miscellaneous,
Abrm. Carothers for road taxes,

Abrm. Carothers for road taxes,

Sundry persons for fencing, ditching, harvesting, &c. 66 80
George Leas for one bee hive,
Sundry person for miscellaneous items,
32 76
Br. Robt. Baird for med. and atten. pr Thos. Ruler,
Sundry cases for out door pauper rollef afforded,
Removing 2 paupers from Lewistown,
Removing 3 M'Gec to House,
Removing J. M'Gec to House,
Cash paid for delivering 7 paupers,

"" 1 pauper,
"" 5 22
"" 5 25
State Lunatic Hospital for keeping Jacob Wiser,
Brooker & Marsh for merchandise,
Jungerick & Smith
"" 56 53 Jungerick & Smith "Sundry persons for miscellaneous articles, Sundry persons for apple butter, " extra allowance on pork, J, V. West for 1 barrel fish. Catharine Rickets for bacon, Sundry persons for miscellaneous items, John Jacobs for his note paid, 400 00 224 67 Compensation as Steward, Balanco at settlement \$1,858 06 Jan. 6, 1858, To balance at settlement as per Con. \$224 67

PROCEEDS OF FARM.

343 bushels wheat, 46 bushels rye, 1100 bushels corn in ear, 144 bushels cats, 250 bushels potatoes, 5 bushels clever seed, 1½ bushels timothy seed, 15 bushels onions, 2 bushels soup beaus, 7 bushels turnips, 15 bushels beets, 20 bushels tomatoes, 60 bushels green apples, 22 tons hay, 14 loads corn fodder, 600 heads cabbage, and 3066 pounds pork.

ARTICLES MANUFACTURED BY THE INMATES. 12 doz. bread baskets, 1 doz. coal baskets, ½ doz. hand baskets, 3 doz. corn brooms, 30 womens' dresses, 36 children's do., 38 shirts, 30 smocks, 14 caps, 12 sacks, 37 aprons, 60 pairs stockings and socks, 22 skirts, 9 summer bonnets, 10 prs. mittens, 12 prs. pantaloons, 5 roundabouts, 5 vests, 2 capes, 3 night-gowns, 12 night-slips, 1 doz. towels, 9 comforts, 19 shrouds, 18 bed-spreads, 10 sheets, 3 prs. men's drawers, 450 lbs. candles, 400 lbs. butter, 300 gals. soft soap, lbs. hard do.

STOCK ON HAND.

STOCK ON HAND.

3 horses, 6 milch cows, 9 head stock cattle, 27 hogs, 10 sheep, 137 bus. wheat, 15 bus. rye, 500 bus. corn (in ear.) 5 bus. cloverseed, 1½ bus. timothy do., 4 bus. soup beans, 12 bus. onions, 5 bus. turnips, 5 bus. beets, 15 bus. apples, 125 bus. potatoes, 16 tons hay, 10 loads corn fodder, 1 bbl

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	Adm	Disch	Birth	Elope	Deatl	Chil'	F 5	Remaining	mont	m-i	Nativ ity.	4 4
1857.	issions,	arged,	18,	enients,	ıs,	n Bound	Men,	Wom.	Chil'n	Total,	Amer.	For'u.
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Jan. 6, 758.	9	ÇŞ	:	:	-	:	캻	ಭ	15	7.1	53	18

During the year, relief was afforded to about 94 cases of During the year, relief was afterded to about 94 cases of out-door pauperism. These cases included all varieties of individuals and families; and all periods of time, from a few days assistance to support during the entire year, making an average allowance to each individual of \$12 12; which includes also medical assistance. Admitted during In testimony of the correctness of the above statement and exhibition, we have hereunto set our hands this 6th day of January, A. D. 1858.

K. L. GREEVE Attest: Henry Brewster, Clerk. Feb. 3, 1858.—4t

DECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE HUNTINGDON COUNTY POOR HOUSE. January 7th 1857, until January 6th, 1858, inclusive. RECEIPTS. To County Treasury for amount drawn to December 1st, To County Treasury for amount drawn to Decem
1857, inclusive,
To County Treasury for amount drawn to January 5th and 6th 1858,
To William Glasgow, Steward, for sundry items
exhibited in his account, 1161 06 EXPENDITURES. By sundry exponses on the Farm and for farming, viz:
William Piper for wages at sundry times, 228 76
Wm. I. Steel, for saddlery 20 00
Jacob Lutz for corn for horse feed, 15 371/2

A. M'Clure for 2 tons hay,
A. L. Funk for 6 bushel barley, seed, John Lutz for corn,
D. M'Garvey for 20 bush. seed wheat,
Peter Burket for threshing grain,
Sundry persons for smithing, &c.
"miscellaneous items,
K. L. Greene for cloverseed, " sheep,
William Glasgow, Steward, sundry items exhibited in his account,
EXPENDED FOR PROVISIONS.
Adam Heiffner for 150 bushels wheat,
Fisher & M'Murtrie for flour &c. John Jacobs for butchers meat, K. L. Green for wheat bought of him, Honry Browster " " Sundry persons for \$541 lbs. beef, Sundry persons, miscellraeous items,
SUNDRY PERSONS FOR MERCHANDISE.
Wm. B. Leas for merchandise at sundry times,
Bare & M'Laughlin, " " 360 93
Bare & M'Laughlin, " " 99 20
Booler & Rickets, per Bei. 67 77
W. A. Fraker, " 57 30
Jungerick & Smith, Phila. " 39 96
Long & Decker, " 21 37
Junes G. Lightner, " 20 73
Samuel Mattern, " " 13 39
Wm. Glasgow, Stew'd, for sundry items in his ac't. 407 52
EXPENSES FOR OUT-DOOR PAUPERS.
D. Snare, esq., for furnishing for out-door relief, 26 25
Amos Smith for keeping Bumbgardner, 36 00
Perry Moore for furnishing C. Upsinger 1 yr. 25 00
Richard Ashman for furnishing C. Banks &c. 84 04
J. Creswell, esq., for " F. Dougherty O. D. P. 24 95
J. L. Hoffer " Jos. Goodman, 51 31
Benj. Keyler for Keeping!Hetty Chilcoat, 91 00 J. L. Hoffer "Jos. Goodman, 51 31
Benj. Keyler for keeping? Hetty Chilcoat, 91 00
T. T. Cromwell for furnishing for sundry O. D. pau. 44 89
Mary Walls for keeping Margaret M Laughlin, 67 66
Deliah Houck for keeping Eliz. Pieght, 52 00
Dan'l. Megahan for keeping Rebecca Chaney, 81 14
T. E. Orbison for furnishing O. D. pauper, bal. 21 50
J. W. Mattern, esq., furnishing Mrs. Wharton, &c. 57 15
Jane Woods for keeping foundling 1 yr. 20 00
Sundry persons for out-door relief, 237 941/2
Dr. G. W. C. James for med. and atten. D. Hockenberry, 17 00 20 00 237 941/2 Dr. J. F. Wilson " out-door pau.
Dr. C. F. Sellers for professional services,
Dr. H. L. Brown for surgical and other services L. Bumbgardner,
Dr. Robt. Baird for med. and atten. 2 cases, In testimony of the correctness of the above, we hereun. Dr. R. D. F. Baird "

Dr. J. H. Dorsey,

Dr. J. K. Neff,

" " Masterton, 14 00

Wm. Glasgow, Stow'd, sund's, exhibited in his ac't. 45 70

REMOVALS AND DELIVERY. A. J. Dunlap for deliveri S. G. Thompson, " William Blee, " James Hamilton, D. Watson, C. Fouck. Jacob Porter, E. Kneely, Wm. Bice, Harrington, D. Sharrer, Sundry persons for removals and delivering, Wm. Glasgow, Stew'd, for sundry items set forth in his account,
INCIDENTAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.
State Lunatic Asylum for keeping J. Welser as
per Steward's account,
J. J. Wallace for stoves, 55 32 J. S. Walnuck for Stoves,
I. Senberg & Piper for one mare bought of them,
132 53
A. B. Crewit, for commission on amount drawn,
499 30
W. I. Steel for saddlery, buggy harness, &c.,
Wm. Brewster for printing annual report,
8 78
W. P. Orbison for Harris, Hale & Co., 1 set Sur-74 74 W. P. Orbison for Harris, Hale & Co., 1 set Surgical Instruments,

So 37

Owen Boat for one buggy,

M. S. Harrison, for tin ware and repairing,

So 54

John A. Nash for printing annual report, on act.

So 50

Wim. Lewis

"" "Hes and reg. for House, 8 00

A. L. Rickets for boards, lumber, &c.

J. S. Morris for building oven,

Ephm. Doyle for coffins in part,

Sundry persons for items too small to enumerate, 201 98

Wim. Glasgow, Stew'd, sundries detailed in his ac't. 347

SALARIES.

Wim. Glasgow for salary as Steward,

400 00 Wm. Glasgow for salary as Steward,
Dr. Robt. Baird for attending Physician,
Joseph Gibbony for services as Director 1 year,
K. L. Green, " " " 1"
J. A. Shade, " " " balance,
James Murphy " " " to Jan. 6,
Henry Brewster" " " Clerk 1 yr.
D. Blair, esq., " " Counsel, 1 yr. 151 72 57 15 , 34 00 Henry Brewster "Clerk 1 yr.

D. Blair, esq., ""Counsel, 1 yr.

John Jacobs for his note paid per Steward,

Wm. Glasgow Stew'd. for balance on account, 50 00 20 00 92 00 224 67 \$7329 98 We, the undersigned auditors of the County of Hunting-13 50 don, do hereby certify that we have examined the orders, 14 20 kc., of the Directors of the Poor of said county, and find the same, together with the vouchers, to be correct as 20 dove stated. Witness our hands this 14th day of January 4.25 A. D. 1858. WILLIAM MOORE,

> PREMIUMS AWARDED THE GLOBE JOB OFFICE AT THE LATE FAIR FOR THE BEST CARD, BLANK & HANDBILL PRINTING.

JAMES CREE, PHILIP D. STEVENS,

-Auditors

Plain and Fancy Printing. Job work of all kinds-such as Handbills, Circulars Business, Visiting, and Show Cards, Tickets, Bill Heads, Deeds, Mortgages, and all kinds of blanks, &c., &c., &c. neatly printed at the "GLODE" Job Office, Huntingdon. Pa.

TO JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.-Blank Fox Scalp Orders, Marriage Certificates, and all kinds of Justice's and other Blanks neatly printed and for sale at the GLOES

STATE of ISRAEL CRYDER, dec'd.
AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor,
appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county,
to distribute the balance in the hands of James B. Caroth ers. Administrator of the Estate of Israel Cryder, late of ers, Administrator of the Estate of Israel Cryder, late of Porter township, deceased, among those legally entitled thereto, hereby gives notice to all persons interested, that he will attend for the purpose of making said distribution, on Fridax, the 5th day of March, next, at 3 o'clock, P. M., at his Office, in the Borough of Huntingdon; when and where, all persons interested are required to present their claims to the undersigned Auditor, or be debarred from coming in upon said fund.

Feb. 3, 1858—it, THEO. H. CREMER, Auditor.

ANTED-A Journeyman Blacksmith, to carry on a shop in the town of Mount Union, Huntingdon county. None but men of experience need apply.

A. LEWIS, Mt. Union. need apply. January 27, 1858.

IN THE COURT of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county of August term, 1857, No. 66.— Libel for Divorce, Martha Bennett vs. Harvey Bennett.— Libel for Divorce, Martha Bennett vs. Harvey Bennett.—
A subpena to August Term, and an alias subpena to November Term, 1857, having both been returned that respondent could not be found in said county, and proof thereof having been made according to the Act of Assembly, in such case made and provided, you, the said Harvey Bennett, are hereby notified and required to be and appear before the said court, on the second Monday of April, A. D., 1858, to answer the complaint of the said Martha Bennet. GRAFFUS MILLER, Sheriff. January 27, 1857.

DMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—
Letters of Administration, with the will annexed, on
the estate of HENRY WARFEL, late of West township,
deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased, will
warent them for cartlement each of the cartlement of present them for settlement, and those indebted are requested to make payment without delay.

GILBERT HORNING. CHRISTIAN PEIGHTAL

Administrators with Will annexed. West twp., Jan. 13, 1858. THE CASSVILLE SEMINARY. M. McN. WALSH, Principal.

This school for young Ladies and Gentlemen is probably the cheapest one of the kind in the country. The expenses per year for board, room rent, furniture, fuel and tuition in common English are only \$88.

Piano Music is only \$5 per quarter. All the Languages and the Ornamentals are proportionally cheap. For other information, address

Cassville, Huntingdon county, Pa January 13, 1857.

GENTS, ATTENTION! Do you wish to find good employment, and make money with little or no investment, and without interfering with your regular business? If you do, read this advertise

C. E. Todd & Co., of 392 Broome Street, New York, are manufacturing and selling massive gold Pencils for \$5 each, (which are cheap at that price,) and they throw in a gift or prize with each Pencil, worth from \$2 up to \$5, \$10, \$15, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$50, \$75, \$100, \$200, and \$500. Don't cry out, "Humbug! Lottery!" It's no such thing. The Pencils are sold at their cash value, and all the profits over the first cost are thrown into the gifts, which actually cost the purchaser nothing. The prizes are distributed on a simple plan of drawing, which would take too much room to explain, but which has never failed to give complete satisfaction. We have drawn and sent to purchasers 183 gold watches of various prices, 74 purses of gold dollars, 238 gold lockets, 850 gold chains, and a corresponding number of other prizes, within two months.

THERE ARE NO BLANKS, but every purchaser draws a prize worth \$2 certain, and it C. E. Todd & Co., of 392 Broome Street, New York, are

THERE ARE NO BLANKS, but every purchaser draws a prize worth \$2 certain, and it stands thousands of chances to be a higher figure.

We want a good agent in every neighborhood throughout the country, to solicit purchasers, and any agent, to be successful, must have a Pencil and prize to exhibit.—
We pay agents \$1 cash for each purchaser he obtains, and the first person in any neighborhood who applies for a Pencil and gift, will receive the agency for that locality.—Should an agent obtain a valuable prize to exhibit with his Pencil, he would have little difficulty in obtaining scores of purchasers, and making it a paying business. his Pencil, he would have little difficulty in obtaining scores of purchasers, and making it a paying business.

A NEW IDEA! READ!! READ!!!

We ask nobody to send their money till they know what prize they draw. Any person wishing to try their luck, can first send us their name and address, and we will make their heaving and inform them her return pail what return.

their drawing and inform them by return mail what prize they drew, when they can send on and take the Pencil and prize, or not, whichever they choose. We give this privilege only once to a purchaser. After the first drawing, over y purchaser will be required to send in advance, through the authorized agent. We will send with each drawing the number taken out, with full description of the plan of drawing. Address

C. E. TODD & CO.

392 Recome Street New York 392 Broome Street, New York. January 13, 1857.

HANGE OF TIME.—On and after THURSDAY, 10th inst., the Passenger Train on the Huntingdon and Broad Top Road will leave Huntingdon at 8.00 A. M. and 4.00 P. M., and arrive 1.10 P. M. and 7.36 P. M.

J. J. LAWRENCE,

Acting Superintendent. Huntingdon, December 9, 1857. OURNING COLLARS—handsome styles, just received by FISHER & McMURTRIE.

POOTS, SHOES, HATS and CAPS, the largest stock ever brought to town, are selling FISHER & MCMURTRIE'S. CLOTHING! -A large stock on hand, at the cheap store of BENJ. JACOBS. Call and examine goods and prices. (oct28. RY GOODS!—A fine assortment on hand for the accommodation of customers, at BENJ.
JACOBS. "Cheap Corner," Market Square. (00428.)