management, business and work of a farm, will be the subject of instruction, the natural sciences, in their relation and application to practical agriculture, will also be taught.— The student of the institution will be enabled to test, in his daily occupation, the truth and value of the knowledge communicated.

Much of the land connected with the school has been successfully cultivated during the past year. Orchards of every variety of fruit and hedges have been planted, and many valuable improvements made. A double storied barn, large and convenient, as also the farmer's house and part of the outbuildings have been erected and occupied.

From the report of the trustees we learn that "a contract has been made for the creetion of an edifice calculated for the residence of Professors, Lecture Halls and Dormitories for students, to be built of stone, four stories high, two hundred and thirty-three feet in front, with wings, and to cost fifty-five thousand dollars. This building is already in progress, and it is hoped that a part of it may be put under roof and be so far completed as to enable the Board to make arrangements to receive a few students before the close of the current year." The Legislature, at their last session, appropriated fifty thousand dollars to this institution, one-half of which has been paid; the remaining twenty-five thousand dollars to be paid on condition that an equal sum be realized from other sources, within three years from the passage of the

act making the appropriation. The objects and character of this institution-its relation to agricultural knowledge, and as the pioneer in the great work of agricultural education, commend it to the generous patronage of the Legislature, and to the confidence and liberality of the people of the Commonwealth.

. The report to be submitted by the Superintendent of Common Schools will present a of the Commonwealth should be liberally beeral operation of the system during the past

The separation of the school from the State Department, by the act of the last session, was a just tribute to the importance and value treasure of the Commonwealth, the developement of her material wealth, and the advancement of her politico-economical interests, have received from the Government the marked and distinctive recognition of their importance: how much more should the mind nia Hospital for the Insane, at Pittsburg, of her youth-with its wondrous activities- | will be laid before you, and will exhibit in its constantly unfolding energies, and its infinite superiority to the material and physical, claim a still higher consideration, and receive from the Representatives of the people, a more honored recognition.

As an independent Department, greater efficiency will be given to the system—a more direct and immediate supervision will be seeured—the details of its operation more care- gloom of mental darkness, and shut out from fully observed—its deficiencies discovered— the social joys of home and friends, the aid its errors corrected—the accomplishment of of the benevolent and the benefactions of the its noble purposes and objects rendered more certain, and the system itself saved from the dangerous and debasing influence of political excitement, and partizan prejudice.

The County Superintendency, tested by experience, has realized the just expectations of the friends of the measure, and may now be regarded as a permanent and indispensable part of the system. When committed to and leve subdues the vicious and incorrigicompetent men, it has accomplished a noble work in promoting the success and usefulness of our Common Schools; and wherever the duties of the office have been faithfully performed, the character of the schools has been elevated, their number and the number of for your sympathy and aid. The darkened | comfort, or the exhibition of the amenities scholars increased, and the confidence and cyc, the silent tongue, and the weakened in- and courtesies of social life. It should be encouragement of the public secured. In tellect, in sorrow and sadness, appeal to the the hands of incompetent men, these results | representatives of the people fer this boon. have not been obtained; but on the contrary, It cannot be refused. opposition has been provoked, and the cause of Common School education retarded. This and "omnibus legislation," have been so freoffice should not be committed to any but | quently expressed, in communications to the men thoroughly qualified by education and experience for the performance of its arduous nessessary. Such logislation, often so suband responsible duties; and if the School versive of private rights—so detrimental to Directors of any county, in disregard of their the public interest, and generally so mischicobligations, from opposition either to the sys- vous in its consequences-should not be entem or the office, select an incompetent person | couraged or permitted. for the place, the odium of the act, and of failure to secure the benefits resulting from a proper and intelligent administration of tant suggestions I invite your careful considthe office, should rest upon them, and not eration. upon the law authorizing the appointment.— The defects of the system when clearly established should be promptly corrected; but change is not always reform; and innovation, induced by selfishness or prejudice, may enciency.

the Common Schools of the State, by encour- monwealth, should be more clearly defined. aging the establishment of Normal Schools Greater encouragement should be given to has received the cordial approbation of all entire system should be remodeled, and placinterested in the success of our Common ed in a position to become alike honorable Schools. The passage of that act inaugura- and useful to the State. ted a new era in the history of Common School education in Pennsylvania. It is a City of Philadelphia, by an ordinance pass-movement in the right direction; full of en- ed the 7th day of April, 1856, and officially tion and usefulness of the system. Large and enthusiastic meetings of the friends of Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a lot of education have been held, in many of the ground, in that city, for the purpose of erectdistricts, to promote the establishment of Normal Schools, as contemplated by the act; and liberal sums of money have been sub- ized to accept from the Mayor of Philadelscribed to secure this desirable object. A no- phia, under the scal of the Corporation, the ed by individual enterprise and liberalityencouraged by the State, and vindicated by for the purpose indicated. The conveyance its own intrinsic merit, it must go on until State Normal Schools, in number and effi- day of June, 1857, and delivered and accep-

boast of Pennsylvania. perfect, perhaps, as human legislation can Philadelphia (\$30,000) to the erection of an make it; but it needs the competent and Arsenal on the lot of ground thus granted to thoroughly trained teacher to give it greater the Commonwealth. In pursuance of the vitality and efficiency, and secure the full ac- authority conferred, a contract was made with complishment of the purposes of its creation. a skillful and experienced Architect, for the The teacher, the properly educated, the well erection and completion of the proposed Artrained, the scientific teacher, is the great senal; to be large and commodious, and adapwant of the system. We need the TEACH- ted to the purposes intended. The building ing mind, not the automaton movements of was immediately commenced under the dimere physical organization or antiqueted rect supervision of the Adjutant General, and ored to the extent of my ability, to promote

done to provide for their establishment and after the close of the late war with Mexico, full consciousness of its right, the award of

ledge, founded upon the pure principles of eternal truth, is the crowning glory of the citizen—the safeguard and defence of the State. Education, full and free to all, is the addition to geographical, as well as geologically the vicinity of the company the volumes, will be a ranked to before the close of the year. Great care has been taken to make it perfect in all its details. The whole work will be a valuable addition to geographical, as well as geologically the vicinity of the close of the year. ers, the State owes to her citizens. The aid | ble to its author. patronage of the Legislature.

the development of the material wealth of the State, should recognize the still higher obliof our Common School system. The great gation to improve the social, intellectual and educational interests of the State, the care moral condition of the people. The amelioand guardianship of the intellectual, social ration of human suffering, the reformation of and moral improvement of the youth of the the erring, and the correction of youthful vi-Commonwealth, should occupy a prominent ciousness, are objects that deserve the attenand independent position among the Departments of the Government. If the care of the ble and reformatory institutions of the Com-monwealth should be fostered and encouraged by liberal legislation.

The reports of the State Lunatic Hospital, at Harrisburg, and the Western Pennsylvadetail their operations for the past year.

These institutions, in their objects and results, merit and should receive our warmest approbation. The condition of no class of ness, I cannot forbear presenting for your ling power to our sympathies, than that of your earliest attention. I refer to the erecthe insane. Ignornt of the frightful malady | tion of a house at the seat of Government, that oppresses them, shrouded in the fearful Common wealth should had to the fully given to them.

the Western House of Refuge near Pittsburg, again ask to share the bounty of the Commonwealth. These schools for the erring, neglected and outcast children and youth of | ure to provide, in this manner, for his accomthe State—these homes where kindness rules | modation, subjects the Governor to much inble, should not be denied their request.

The "Blind" and the "Deaf and Dumb" vania Training School for idiotic and feeble crowded with his family into some small and On Wednesday Evening of the minded children, present their annual claim

Legislature that their repetition now is un-

The report of the Adjutant General will be laid before you. To its valuable and impor-

I must again call the attention of the Legislature to the subject of revising the militia laws of the State. They are so crude and imperfect, in many of their provisions and obscure in some of their enactments, that it danger its permanency and destroy its effi- is difficult to discover the object intended, or comprehend the duty enjoined. The powers The act of the 20th day of May, 1857, pro-viding for the due training of teachers for with the military organization of the Comwithin the Districts designated in the law, the formation of volunteer companies; the

The Select and Common Councils of the couragement and hope for the greater perfec- communicated to the Legislature at their last general session, proposed to convey to the ing an Arsenal thereon. By the act of the 6th of May, 1857, the Governor was authorble work has been commenced; and sustain- conveyance in fee simple of the lot of ground proposed to be donated to the Commonwealth, was duly executed by the Mayor on the 26th ciency, equal to the supply of well trained teachers, shall become the just pride and rected by the act. The fourth section of the same act authorized the Governor to apply The organic structure of our system is as the proceeds of the sale of the Arsenal in routine, to direct and control the intellectual | is now completed and ready for the reception energies of the youth of the Commonwealth. of the Arms, Military stores and equipments We require mind, educated mind, in our of the Commonwealth. It is of brick, three schools, that knowledge may be communical stories high, one hundred and eighty-two feet ted, and only effectively and practically, but front on Filbert street, and fifty feet in depth. and in surrendering the trust committed to

ture is full of hope. Much has already been munication to the Legislature, immediately

boon we ask for the children of the Common- cal science, and will be alike useful to the wealth—it is the duty, paramount to all oth- citizens of the Commonwealth, and honora-The resolutions proposing amendments to clear and satisfactory statement of the gen- stowed. The subject in all its relations, is the Constitution of the Commonwealth, were warmly commended to the generous care and published as directed by that instrument.—

Legislation, whilst properly encouraging of 12th of May, 1857, the proposed amend-patriotism ceases to be a virtue and liberty ments were submitted to the people for their ratification or rejection, on the second Tuesday of October last. The returns of said election have been received, and will be delivered to the Speaker of the Senate, as directed by law, when the fact of their adoption by a large majority, will be officially ascertained

due regard to the interest and rights of the people of that city.

Relieved from the imputation of selfish-

suffering humanity appeals with more thril- | consideration, a subject that should claim for the use of the Governor of the Comm wealth. The want of a public mansion, has been seriously felt by all who have been called to occupy that official station. Whilst residences for the accommodation of their The House of Refuge in Philadelphia, and | Chief Magistrates, Pennsylvania for reasons not creditable to her as the 'Keystone State,' has refused to incur the expense necessary for the erection of such a building. The failconvenience, oftentimes vexatious and annoying. A suitable house cannot always be obtained here, and in that event he is compell-Asylums at Philadelphia, and the Pennsyleed to be shut up in the rooms of a hotel, or obscure dwelling, alike unfitted for domestic remembered that the Governor of the Commonwealth is regarded as the representative of the people, socially, as well as politically, and therefore he should be enabled, by every proper appliance, to represent truly their social virtues and character: This he cannot do, to the extent desired, on the very meagre salary he receives; and I do not hesitate to affirm that no one occupying this office can, without drawing largely on his private in-come, exercise the hospitalities or maintain the dignity properly associated with the posi-tion. I have avoided all useless expenditures, and yet the salary received, has been wholly insufficient to defray the expenses necessarily incurred. This should not be permitted .-Every consideration of public policy, every honorable impulse of proper State pride, require that the Chief Executive Officer of the Commonwealth should be provided with a suitable residence, at the seat of Government, and with a salary adequate to the expenditure incident to his high official posi-

In my last annual communication to the General Assembly, my sentiments were fully expressed in reference to reform in the naturalization laws, and the admission of applicants to the right of citizenship—to the preservation of the purity of elections, by the prevention and punishment of fraudulent and illegal voting; and the enactment of a judicious registry law-to freedom as the great centre truth of American republicanism—the great law of American nationality —to the rights of the States, as Independent Sovereignties, and the power and duty of the General Government to prevent the extension of the institution of slavery to the free territories of the Union-to the wrongs of Kansas, as exhibited in the violation of the doctrine of popular sovereignty, by the General Government, in its attempts, by the military nower of the country and otherwise, to defeat the will of the majority in that territory; wrongs still existing and aggravated by recent outrages on the rights and privileges of that people, and approved by high National Executive authority. To the views then presented, you are respectfully referred.

By the expiration of the Constitutional term, my official connection with the Government of the Commonwealth will soon cease. The powers, under the Constitution, vested in me by the people, will be transferred to another of their own selection; and with my warmest wishes for his success, I will, relieved from the cares and anxieties of official place, retire to private life. In discharge of the duties devolved upon me. I have endeavthe interests and honor of the Commonwealth, and the virtue, the happiness and prosperity of her citizens. If not successful, I have at least labored to deserve success; that in training the young, they may be think—and how to think—to in- masive. The cost of construction did not ex-

islature in 1855, is entitled to the especial attention of the friends of Agriculture. In the teachings of this institution, the scientific and the practical are united; and whilst the art of farming and all that pertains to the management, business and work of a farm, In the sture is ture is ture to thope. Altch has attendy been of done to provide for their establishment and of the contract of the late war with Mexico dividual effort, more legislative encourage the memory of those citizen soldiers, from the entirest can claim your attention; no en cappeals with more reason and truth, to the contract of the state of the late of the late of the state of the late of least claim from my fellowcitizens, with a

republic, "the free heart's hope and home," the Constitution and the Union of the States -the civil and religious privileges of the people—the right of conscience and freedom of worship—the great and essential principles of liberty and free government, here enoyed; and our American Nationality, founded in a true and single devotion to home and country, are objects that fill with patriotic emotion, the heart of every American citizen.

and announced.

The fourth section of the first article of the amended Constitution, requires the Legislature at their first session, after the adoption of this amendment, to divide the City of Philadelphia into Senatorial and Representative Districts, in the manner provided in that section. This duty devolves upon you, and should be performed with fidelity and and should be performed with fidelity and and should be performed with fidelity and announced.

The fourth section of the first article of Cur fathers trusted in Him, and were not disappointed. Recognizing Him as the Sov-given Him as the Sov-given with section of the sum of \$3 you will receive this splendid monthly, more richly worth that sum than any other magazine, and the superb engraving of "The Last Supple," worth \$5.

5th. Because you will be very likely to draw one of the three thousand prizes to be distributed on the 25th day of December, 1858—perhaps one that is worth \$1.000.

Notwithstanding that these extraordinary inducements and should be performed with fidelity and some and should be performed with fidelity and should be performed with first people whose God is the Lord.—

I hundred original pictorial illustrations from designs by the first American artists:

4th. Because original pictorial illustrations from designs by the first American artists:

4th. Because you will be very likely to draw one of the three thousand prizes to be distributed on the 25th day of the continuance of the continuance of the superbounces.

Notwithstanding pictorial illustrations from designs proved this first American artists:

4th. Because you will be in their character and results, be such as patriotism demands, and honor, truth and conscience can sanction and approve.

JAMES POLLOCK. EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, Harrisburg, January 6, 1858.

## GAS SUPPER THIS EVENING.

THE LADIES ST. JOHN'S PROT. EPIS. CHURCH,

**WILL GIVE A SUPPER** IN THE TOWN HALL,

first week of January Court, FOR THE PURPOSE OF **和MITA**图

## THE GAS INTO SAID CHURCH.

Tickets for Supper 50 cts. Ice Cream, Oysters, and other Refreshments extra.

Admission Free. 20

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Highly Important! CHARLES HARKNESS & SON, Wholesale Clothiers, 338 Mar-Det Street, (South-east Corner of Fourth Street,) PHILA-DELPHIA.

Have determined to close our their ELEGANT STOCK of new Style Fall and Winter Clothing, at an IMMENSE REDUCTION on the regular prices.

Wholesale Buyers will do well to availthemselves of the present opportunity.

N. B.—Notes of all SOLVENT BANKS taken at PAR. October 28, 1857-3m.

Marriage Certificates: Clergymen and Justices of the Peace, can now be supplied with Certificates. They are neatly printed, and for

sale at the "GLOBE" Job Office. To School Directors. Blank agreements with Teachers, and Orders on District School Treasurers, neatly printed, and for sale at the

"GLOBE" Job Office. For Ready-Made Clothing, Wholesale or retail, call at H. Roman's Clothing Store, opposite Miller's Hotel, Huntingdon, Pa., where the very

best assortment of goods for men and boys' wear may be found at low prices. Card, Blank, and Handbill Printing. [From the Report of the Committee on Printing made at the

third Annual Exhibition of the Huntingdon county Agricultural Society.] "Wm. Lewis, for the "Globe" office, exhibited a large varicty of mercantile and legal blanks, business cards, and handbills, which came more immediately within the divis ions to which premiums were allotted. They were evidently copies of the custom work done at his office, all tastefully got up, and admirably executed, reflecting great credit on the office, and would compare favorably with the work of any office in our large cities.

Wm. Lewis, for the largest variety and best specimens of Business Cards and Blanks. For the largest variety and best specimens of Hand-\$1 00." A. W. BENEDICT, THEO. H. CREMER, J. K. MCCAHAN,

The Public

Generally are invited to call at the New Drug Store of HENRY McManight. Every article usually to be found in the best establishments of the kind, can be had, fresh and pure, at their Store, in Market Square, Huntingdon. Sec advertisement in another column

Blanks of all kinds, Neatly printed and for sale at the "Globe," Office—such as Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Judgment and Common Bonds, Agreements, Leases, Judgment and Promissory Notes.

FIVE DOLLAR ENGRAVING TO EVERY
SUBSCRIBER.
THE GREAT LIBRARY OFFER—AGENTS GETTING

TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS IN WORKS OF ART.

In addition to the superb engraving of "The Last Supper," which will be presented to every three-dollar subscriber for 1858, the publishers have completed arrangements for the distribution, on the 25th of December, 1858, of a series of splendid works of art, consisting of one hundred rich and rare oil Paintings, valued at from \$100 to \$1,000 each. Also 2,000 magnificent Steel-Plute Engravings, worth from three to five dollars each, and 1,000 choice Holiday Books, worth from one to five dollars each, making, in all, over three thousand gifts, worth twenty thousand dollars.

Inclose \$3 to the publishers and you will commence receiving the Magazine by return mail. You will also receiving the Magazine by return mail. You will also receive with the first copy a numbered subscript ion receipt entitling you to the engraving of "THE LAST SUPPER,"

May they be cherished and defended, until patriotism ceases to be a virtue and liberty be known only as a name.

The true glory and greatness of a nation consist, not alone in the number, privileges or intellectual superiority of her people, her material wealth or physical strength, her political position or form of government.—

'Righteousness exalteth a nation,' and 'happy is that people whose God is the Lord.'—
Our fathers trusted in Him, and were not intellectual interest of the condition o

tinue through the year,
THE GREAT LIBRARY OFFER.

THE GREAT LIBRARY OFFER.

To any person who will get up a club of twenty-four subscribers, either at one or more post offices, we will present a splendid Library, consisting of over Forty Large Bound Volumes, embracing the most popular works in the market. The club may be formed at the club price, \$2 a year, without the engraving, or at the full price, \$3, with the Last Supper to each subscriber. List and description of the Magazine will be the Library, and specimen copy of the Magazine, will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents. Over 200 Libraries, o norwarded on receipt of 25 cents. Over 200 labraries, or 8,000 volumes, have already been distributed in accordance with this offer, and we should be glad of an opportunity to furnish a Library to every school teacher, or to some one of every post office in the country.

AGENTS GETTING RICH.

Intries a Labray to other seasons.

AGENTS GETTING RICH.

The success which our agents are meeting with is almost astonishing. Among the many evidences of this fact, we are permitted to publish the following is GEXTLEMEN: The following facts in relation to what your Agents are doing in this section, may be of use to some enterprising young man in want of employment.—

The Rev. John E. Jardon, of this place, has made, since last Christmas, over \$4,000 in his agency. Mr. David M. Heath, of Ridgly, Mo., your general agent for Platt county, is making \$9 per day on each sub-agent employed by him, and Messrs. Weimer & Evans, of Oregon, Mo., your ngents for Holt county, are making from \$8 to 25 per day, and your humble-servant has made, since the 7th day of last January, over \$1,700, besides paying for 300 acres of land out of the business worth over \$1,000. You are at liberty to publish this statement, if you like, and to refer to any of the parties named. Dantel Grego, Carrolton, Mo. With such inducements as we offer, anybody can obtain subscribers. We invite every gentleman out of employment, and every lady who desires a pleasant money-making occupation to apply at once for an agency. Application by return mail.

SPECIMEN ENGRAVING.

As we desire to place in the hands of every person who proposes to get up a club, and also of every agent, a copy

SPECIMEN ENGRAVING.

As we desire to place in the hands of every person who proposes to get up a clib, and also of every agent, a copy of the engraving of "The Last Supper," as a specimen, each applicant inclosing us \$3, will receive the engraving, post-paid, by return mail, also specimens of our publication and one of the numbered subscription receipts, entitling the holder to the Magazine one year and to a chance in the distribution. This offer is made only to those who desire to act as agents or to form clubs. Address

OAKSMITH & CO.,

Jan. 13, 1858.

No. 371 Broadway, New York.

THE NEW YORK STEAM SAW. MILL AND MACHINE COMPANY.
CAPITAL, TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND

CAPITAL, TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

This company has been organized with the above capital for the purpose of supplying the demand for the COMBINATION PORTABLE STEAM SAW-MILL, and other improved machinery.

They have purchased the entire machinery business here tofore carried on by J. M. Emerson & Co., also the Montigomery Works at Yonkers, on the Hudson, near this city, and with the experience and facilities combined in its organization are prepared to furnish machinery of all kinds can be also as a supplementation of the superience and facilities combined in its organization are prepared to furnish machinery of all kinds ganization are prepared to furnish machinery of all kinds at more liberal rates, than has ever been offered at any ganization are prepared to furnish machinery of all kinds at more liberal rates, than has ever been offered at any other establishment.

The Combination Saw-Mill was patented October, 1856, and is now generally acknowledged to be the cheapest, and most practical, and efficient lumber manufacturing machine in the world. A number of them are in successful operation in different sections of the country, Canada, Cuba, and South America, and wherever their merits have been tested they are being adopted by lumber manufacturers in preference to all other mills.

The following letter expresses the general opinion of those who are using the Combination Mill:

MESSE. EMERSON & Co.—Gentlemen: I have tried the saw-mill purchased of you, and will say that it performs well, and more than meets my expectations. I am well pleased with its performance. I set it up on a small stream that afforded constant water about as thick as my little finger, which was much more than sufficient to supply the boiler. We are able to cut 3,000 feet of beautiful lumber in 12 hours, with something less than one cord of wood.—It is the very thing we have so much needed in our county for a long time. With a little trouble and expense, we are able to one with a little trouble and expense we are able to move it from five to ten miles per day, and set it up in the heart of the timber, which saves the great burden of hauling the logs a long distance to the mill.

Yours respectfully,

Jesse Kerri, Jr.,

Louisville, Tennessee.

of hauling the logs a long distance to the mill.
Yours respectfully,
JESSE KERK, Jr.,
Louisville, Tennessee.
The company has purchased Lund's Patent Feed Arrangement, which is illustrated and described in the Scientific American for October 24. This adds greatly to the efficiency of the mill.

THE COMBINATION MILL,
with all the recent improvements, and steam power of 15 horses, is capable of sawing from 3,000 to 4,000 feet in 12 hours, and is sold for \$1,050.

THE NEW YORK CIRCULAR SAW-MILL
Is manufactured only by this company. It is of superior contruction, and sold for 25 per cent. less than other mills of no greater capacity. A mill with 36 to 54-inch saw can be sold for \$450 to \$500, and with a 20-horse engine and boiler is sold for \$2,200.

Steam Engines and Boilers; Engines of from 1 to 100 horse power; Locomotive, Tabular, Flue and Cylinder Boilers furnished at greatly reduced prices from former quotations. Boilers furnished at greatly reduced prices from former quotations.

Drawings, with plans and specifications for buildings and machinery, furnished gratis to our customers.

Competent mechanics are sent out to put up and set in operation our machinery, when required.

We also manufacture Shingle Machines, Planing Machines, Sugar-Mills, and Machinery in general.

Special attention paid to getting up Shafting and Pullies for manufactories, and all kinds of mill-wright work.

This company are selling in great numbers a Patent Conical Burn-Stone Mill, for flour, corn meal, and all kinds of feed, which is pronounced by experienced millers, both in this country and Europe, the best mill ever constructed. It will grind more grain in the same time, and with half the power, of any mill of the same price in the market.

We also furnish other styles of Grist-Mills, when required.

J. M. EMERSON & CO., Agents,
Jan. 13, 1858.

No. 371 Broadway, New York.

DERSONS knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned are respectfully requested to call and settle their accounts.

Huntingdon, Dec. 16, 1857.

PRITISH REVIEWS, and BLACK-WOOD'S MAGAZINE. GREAT INDUCEMENTS USUBSCRIBE! PREMIUMS AND REDUCTIONS.

L. SCOTT & CO., NEW YORK, continue to publish the following leading British Periodicals, viz :

THE LONDON QUARTERLY (Conservative). THE EDINBURG REVIEW (Whig).

THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW (Free Church). THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Liberal).

BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURG MAGAZINE (Tory). 

For any three of the four Reviews..... For all four of the Reviews..... For Blackwood's Magazine.... For Blackwood and three Reviews..... 

For any two Reviews......For Blackwood and one Review..... 

For the four Reviews...... For Blackwood and the four Reviews... N.B.—The price in Great Britain of the five Periodicals above named is \$31 per annum.

As we shall never again be likely to offer such inducenonts as those here presented, NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE! non-Remittances must, in all cases, be made direct to the Publishers, for at these prices no commission can be alwed to agents. Address,

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., No. 54 Gold street, New York. TO INVALIDS.—Dr. Hardman, Analytical Physician.—Physician for Diseases of the aungs, Throat and Heart—Formerly Physician to the

CINCINNATI MARINE HOSPITAL, Also to Invalids Retreat, Anthor of "Letters to Invalids, IS COMING! See following Card. JANUARY APPOINTMENTS.

R. HARDMAN, Physician for the disease of the Lungs, (formerly Physician to Cincinnut Marine Hospital,) will be in attendance at his rooms are followed. nut Marine Hospital,) will be in attendance at his rooms as follows:

Huntingdon, Jackson's Hotel, Saturday, January 16.

Lewistown, National Hotel, "18.

Hollidaysburg, Exchange Hotel, "15.

Dr. Hardman treats Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Larryngittis and all diseases of the throaf and lungs, by Medical Inhalation, lately used in the Bromton Hospital, London. The great point in the treatment of all human maladies, is to get at the disease in the direct manner.—All medicines are estimated by their action upon the organ requiring relief. This is the important fact upon which linhalation is based. If the stomach is diseased we take medicine directly into the stomach. If the lungs are diseased, breathe or inhale medicated vapors directly into

Inhalation is pased. If the stomach is diseased we take medicine directly into the stomach. If the lungs are diseased, breathe or inhale medicated vapors directly into the lungs. Medicines are antidotes to disease and should be applied to the very seat of disease. Inhalation is the application of this principle to the treatment of the lungs, for it gives as direct access to those intricate air cells, and tubes which lie out of reach of every other means of administering medicines. The reason that Consumption, and other diseases of the lungs, have hereforce resisted all treatment has been because they have never been approached in a direct manner by medicine. They were fine tended to act upon the lungs, and yet were applied to the stomach. Their action was intended to be local, and yet, they were so administered that they should only act constitutionally, expending their immediate and principal action upon the unoffending stomach, whilst the foul ulcers within the lungs were unmolested. Inhalation brings the medicine in direct contact with the disease, without the disadvantage of any violent action. Its application is the disadvantage of any violent action. Its application is so simple, that it can be employed by the youngest infant or feeblest invalid. It does not derange the stomach, or interfere in the least degree with the strength, comfort, or business of the patient.

business of the patient.

Other Diseases Treated.—In relation to the following diseases, either when complicated with lung affections or existing alone, I also invite consultation, I usually find them promptly curable.

Prolapsus and all other forms of Female Complaints, Irregularities and Weakness.

Palpitation and all other forms of Heart Disease, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, and all other diseases of stomach and bowels, &c.

and bowels, &c.

All diseases of the eye and car. Neuralgia, Epilepsy, and all forms of nervous disease.

S. D. HARDMAN, M. D.

Sent. 9, 1857. No charge for consultation. Sept. 9, 1857. CASSVILLE SEMINARY.
ONLY \$19 50 PER OF

ONLY \$19 50 PER QUARTER. THE NEW FACULTY. M. McN. WALSH, Principal,
Prof. of Languages and Philosophy:
Herr KARL BOCKENHEIM,

Prof. of German Language and Literature.

M EUGENE CHIVANT,
Prof. of French and Piano Music.

JAMES W. HUGHES,
Prof. of Mathematics, etc.

Mrs. M. McN. WALSH, Preceptress, Grecian Painting, Botany, History, etc. Miss E. FAULKNER, i, matics, Painting, Drawing, etc. Miss E. FAULKNEH,

Monocromatics, Painting, Drawing, etc.

Miss ANNIE M. GAY,

Piano Music and French.

Miss JENNIE M. WALSH,

Primary English.

Primary English.

This Institution has lately fallen into new hands, and the present owners are determined to make it a first class school. The majority of the new faculty are already on hand, and students will be received as soon as they wish.

Young ladies and gentlemen intending to go to school will do well to write to us before concluding to go elsewhere. There is no cheaper, and we believe there will be no

better school now than ours.

Both sexes are received, all branches are taught, and students can enter at any time. For other information address John D. Walsh, Cassville, Huntingdon county, Pa. December 9, 1857. TAXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of

AECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of are hereby notified that Letters Testamentary have been granted to the undersigned Executor of the last will and testament of MARY GILLILAND, late of Tell township. Huntingdon county, dec'd., and all persons having claims or demands against said estate will present them without delay, and those indebted to said estate will make immediate payment.

JAMES GIFFORD, Executor.

December 9, 1857.\*

OTICE.—All persons having claims against DAVID H. CAMPBELL, of Marklesburg, are requested to present them properly authenticated, and those indebted will make payment to the subscriber, to whom said Campbell has executed a deed of Assignment for the benefit of creditors.

JOHN H. WINTRODE, Marklesburg, Nov. 20, 1857.

Assignee.

S. LIGGETT & CO., FLOUR DEALERS, and Commission Merchants for the sale of Grain, Seeds, and Produce generally, keep constantly on hand the best qualities of Southern Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana and St. Louis brands Flour. Orders faithfully filled at the market prices of the day. Nos. 69 and 70, Water street, Pittsburg, Pa. December 2, 1857-3m.

THE GREATEST VARIETY of the

richest styles of Dress Goods and Trimmings, can always be found at the fashionable store of FISHER & McMURTRIE.

WHALEBONE, Reed & Brass Hoops, and Reed Skirts, for sale at the Cheap Store of D. P. GWIN. THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST Stock of Fancy Silks, and Colored Straw Bonnots in town, are at FISHER & McMURTRIE'S. POOTS, SHOES, HATS and CAPS. the largest stock ever brought to town, are selling very cheap at FISHER & McMURTRIE'S. RY GOODS!—A fine assortment on hand for the accommodation of customers, at BENJ.

JACOBS' "Cheap Corner," Market Square. (oct28.)