THE HUNTINGDON GLOBE, A DEMOCRATIC FAMILY JOURNAL, DEVOTED TO LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS, &C.

THE GLOBE.

Circulation-the largest in the county. HUNTINGDON: PA.

Wednesday, December 16, 1857.

New Advertisements.

Re-Court Proclamations and Sheriff's Sales, by Graff iller. App-Register's Notice, by Henry Glazier. App-Register's Notice, by Leve & McDivitt. App-Stray Cow, by Andrew McCollough: MD_Stray Heifer, by John J. Decker. App-Real Estate sales on 2d and 3d pages:

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE .- We give the President's Message entire to day; and we ask for it a careful perusal. It is an able paper, and with the exception of the Kansas question, it is highly satisfactory to men of all parties.

The Position of Walker and Douglas.

We have no hesitation in declaring that we believe the stand taken by these distinguished statesmen upon the Kansas question, meets the views of ninety-nine out of every hundred Democrats in this county. The right of the people to ratify by their votes their organic law, will be maintained by the yeoto the end has been fraudulent. The men that framed it never represented the popular sentiment of Kansas. In addition to the overwhelming evidence that has marked this conspiracy from the commencement, the very against any attempt upon the part of the mass of the people from nullifying its obnoxwrong that have been made against these conspirators.

We are for a free vote upon a free Constitution. We are against this force work of a band of political desperadoes in a matter involving the vital interests of a community .--We are for popular sovereignty-really, not nominally. In short, although we say it with regret, we are upon this question against the administration and with Walker, Douglas, Forney, and other leading Democrats. If the Democracy of the North wish to sink into utter insignificance-if they wish to be routed and overthrown in every State north of Mason and Dixon's line, they have only to and brothers that have peopled Kansas shall of April. be shackled as common bondmen. The Nor-

The News. The latest estimated cost of the work on the Capitol extension at Washington, is \$5,-510,153, leaving to be appropriated the sum of \$1,185,153. A million will be required of that Territory into the Union as a State, for the next fiscal year. On the first ultimo, under a Constitution which had not received there was a balance on hand, of former appropriations, of \$594,225.

The construction of the General Post Ofice was originally estimated to cost \$650,000. cratic party have been violated. The right It is now said that it will cost \$700,000, of of the people to pass judgment upon their own fundamental law has been denied them, which \$600,000 have already been appropria-ted. own fundamentation and the pledges of the delegates who framed it. A Convention, elected by

of \$945.000.

From the annual report of the commissioner of Pensions, it appears that the Pension Office has added to the roll of pensioners during the year, under all the various acts. 52 revolutionary soldiers. 338 widows of soldiers, 265 half-pay widows and orphans, 291 invalid-total, 946. The arrears due on the same at the date of issuing the pension certificates amounted to \$241,049. The amount paid during the year by pension agents is: to revolutionary soldiers, \$103,891 manry of Pennsylvania at all hazards. The 29; to widows of soilders, \$483,320 42; to Lecompton Constitution from the beginning half-pay widows and orphans, \$304,352 26; to invalids, \$469,347,92; to privateers, \$1,547-total \$1,362,548 89.

One hundred and seventy-four revolutionary soldiers, and 738 widows of revolutionary soldiers, have died during the year. Total fact that they guard in the instrument itself number of deaths of all classes of pensioners, 1,451. The whole number of pensioners on the rolls June 30, 1857, is as follows; 346 ious provisions, confirms all the charges of revolutionary soldiers, yearly amount, \$20,-541 \$5; 4,702 widows of do., \$385,582 63; 2,854 half-pay widows and orphans, \$270,992 45; 5,266 invalids, \$468,017 57; 18 priva-

teers, \$1,252-total, \$1,136,386 50.

It appears from an official report that, during the present year, the receipts of the State treasury of Pennsylvania, including a previous balance, amounted to \$5,976,415 26, and the expenditures to \$5,407,276 79-leaving on hand \$569,138 47, of which \$41,032 is in depreciated funds.

The New York Banks resumed specie payments on Saturday. The country Banks of New York are following the example. The Boston Banks resumed on Monday-and the sustain the Lecompton iniquity. Our word New England Banks will follow. The Philfor it, the pure love of freedom-the sturdy adelphia and Baltimore Banks are not yet in independence and proud Democracy of the a condition to resume, but it is confidently free States will never consent that their sons | expected that they will resume before the first |

Gen. Walker, it is said has made a sucthern blood in Kansas shall have its rights | cessful landing at Punta Arenas, and will | tution which makes in advance an apportion--we ask for nothing more and assuredly will | from that point renew the strife for the con-

Kansas Slavery Question.

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If it were true that the slavery question was fairly submitted to the people of Kansas by the schedule of the Kansas Convention, the sanction of her citizens. The issue involved rises above any mere sectional ques-A further appropriation of \$245,000 will complete the dome of the Capitol, the cost of which of right belongs to the people only a meagre minority of the people, has arrowhich of right belongs to the people only .--which will not exceed the original estimate We obey but the irresistable promptings of We obey but the irresistable promptings of genuine Democratic impulses in protesting against this usurpation, for it is nothing less. The doctrine that the slavery question alone should be submitted to the people is an untenable one. The same reasons which rendered it desirable or proper to submit that ques-tion, operate equally strong in favor of a submission of the whole Constitution.

The Democrats of the Northern States have been fighting for the Kansas-Nebraska bill for three years, on the ground that the right of self-government by the people of the Territories was a sacred one, not only in one but in all respects. They have insisted upon their right to decide the slavery question for themselves, because of the universal concession that they were authorized to decide all other questions. The final settlement of the question, by leaving them "perfectly free" to settle the slavery question, and depriving them of the right of popular decission upon all other questions, would be an unmitigated outrage, and, beyond all doubt, a clear violation of all hitherto acknowledged National Democratic theories on this subject.

But even the slavery question is not fairly submitted, as all who have paid the slightest attention to this subject must be fully aware. The liberty of voting for or against slavery can only be obtained by compliance with cer-tain unjust and humiliating conditions.— These are as follows:

First. Every voter who is challenged must swear to support the Constitution, if adopted, under peril of a trial for perjury under the territorial laws.

The design of this clause seems to provide a convenient method for inflicting criminal punishment for a mere political offence, in case any obnoxious voter, after having taken this oath, should not be as zealous in his devotion to the Calhoun Constitution as its authors require. At all events, it is an unheardof requirement in a republican country, and one which was no doubt specially designed to drive high-minded citizens from the polls. Second. Before any man can vote against slavery, he must vote for the Calhoun Constitution.

He may feel that the very act of fastening hat Constitution upon him as the fundamental law under which he must live, without submitting it to a vote of the people, is an infamous wrong. He may believe that Con-stitution to be a bad one—a Know-Nothing

Through the suicidal policy of the Free State men last spring, in refusing to take part in the election for delegates to the Constitutional Convention, the pro-slavery men obtained complete control of that body, and we now see the fruits of that policy in an attempt to force the people into the approval of a Constitution whether it is acceptable to them or not. The friends of a fundamental tion. The whole doctrine of self-government | principle embodied in the Kansas-Nebraska is at stake. The principles of the Demo- Act, will not see it violated with impunity. The people of Kansas must be permitted to frame their own domestic institutions in their own way, and no minority should ever be allowed to force upon them laws against their will We desire to see fair play all round, and whatever may be the result on the slavery clause on the 21st instant, when a vote is to be taken, we have confidence in Con-

Important from Kansas.

Sr. Louis, December 14.-The Special Session of the Kansas Legislature was organized on the 8th instant by the election of C. W. Babcock President of the Council and G. W. Deitzler as Speaker of the House. Acting Governor Stanton, in his message, states that in consequence of recent events having produced profound agitation in the public mind and that a sense of wrongs and injustice, whether well or ill founded, and an apprehension of greater evils to arise, have aroused the people of the Territory to a condition of great excitement. I find myself compelled by a sense of duty to call you together, that you may adopt prompt Legislation, in a measure to avert the calamities which threaten the public peace. After reviewing the formation and action of the Constitutional Convention, Governor Stanton recommends-the passage of an act directing the election to be held under different officers on the same day and at the same places provided by the Proclamation of the President of the Convention authorizing the people to vote fer the Constitution, in either of the forms pre-

sented by the Convention, and also against the Pa. Constitution in both forms. The Governor also recommends the passage of a law making fraudulent returns f votes a felony, with suitable punish-

ment. ST. LOUIS, Dec. 14.—The Kansas letters to the Republican state that an intense excitement prevails among all classes of people in the Territory. The probabilities are that the party opposed to the Lecompon Convention vill not permit the election of the 21st inst., to be held. Gen. Lane, with three or four hundred men, is encamped near Lecompton. Threats have been made to drive General Calhoun and the other members of the Lecompton Convention from the Territory, but no outbreak has yet been attempted.

From the Mormon Expedition.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati Inquirer sends some recent intelligence from the military expedition to Utah to bring the 'Saints' to their senses. The letter is dated Fort Reany; November 11. He says:

Line upon Line-Here and There a Little	
Few—our items.	AWARDED THE GLOBE JOB OFFICE
Many—our wants.	AT THE LATE FAIR FOR
Coming-Christmas.	THE BEST
Gone-another few with a few of our dol-	CARD, BLANK & HANDBILL
ars.	PRINTING.

Good—our crout. Bad-a few of our subscribers. Couldn't be better-a large number of our patrons.

To "LEROY".-That communication mislaid.

Proceedings of F. T. Institute crowded out this week for want of room.

FOR SALE CHEAP-a Parlor Coal Stove. Inquire of P. F. Kessler, Huntingdon, Pa. *

well filled with interesting matter. A new volume commences with the January number. Subscribe in time.

To FARMERS .- Students will be taken at the Cassville Seminary and payments can be made in Meat, Apples, Potatoes, Butter, Eggs, Flour, Buckwheat, &c. Address Jonn D. WALSH, Cassville, Huntingdon county,

Market Square was crowded yesterday with wagons loaded with beef, pork, turkeys, chickens, dc., &., No starving here as long as our citizens have money to buy. Beef $4\frac{1}{2}$ to $5\frac{1}{2}$ c.; Pork $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5c.; Turkeys 50 to $62\frac{1}{2}$ c.; Chickens 10 to 15c.; Apples 50 to \$1.; Potatoes 50.

DEF We have noticed, since our last issue, that several of our young bachelors are looking quite sharp, in anticipation of receiving ing quite sharp, in anticipation of receiving a bid. They all claim to be in the 'prime of life,' and with the assistance of hair dye, may fool some of our young ladies. We promise not to deceive if the selection is left with us.

with us. *I'he Mormon Cupital.*—Great Salt Lake City is laid out on a magnificent scale. It is four miles in length, by three in breadth; the *I'le Solution* and streets running at right angles, and 132 feet Dec. 2, 1857.

wide, with side-walks 20 feet in width. Each

building lot contains an acre and a quarter

of land; and a stream of pure water running

CARD, BLANK & HANDBILL PRINTING. TO INVALIDS .- Dr. Hardman, Analytical Physician.—Physician for Diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Heart—Formerly Physician to the CINCINNATI MARINE HOSPITAL, Also to Invalids Retreat, Author of "Letters to Invalids, IS COMING! See following Card.

JANUARY APPOINTMENTS.

DR. HARDMAN, Physician for the disease of the Lungs, (formerly Physician to Cincin-nati Marine Hospital,) will be in attendance at his rooms

As follows: Huntingdon, Jackson's Hotel, Saturday, January 16. Lewistown, National Hotel, "18. Multicashung Fradmare Hotel. "15. Inquire of P. F. Kessler, Huntingdon, Pa. * LUMBER.—Students will be taken at the Cassville Seminary and payments can be made in lumber. Address JOHN D. WALSH, Cassville, Huntingdon county, Pa. * ESFThere has been a very decided fall in real estate in New York. As an instance of this fact the Independent states that a piece of property, bought a short time since for \$200,000, was lately sold for \$146,000. To GROCERS.—Students will be taken at the Cassville Seminary and payments can be made in all kinds of Groceries. Address JOHN D. WALSH, Cassville, Huntingdon, coun-ty, Pa. The Pennsylvania School Journal.—The December number has been received. It is well filled with interesting matter. A new the medicine in direct contact with the disease, without the disadvantage of any violent action. Its application is so simple, that it can be employed by the youngest infant or feeblest invalid. It does not derange the stomach, or in-terfere in the least degree with the strength, comfort, or business of the patient. Other Diseases Treated.—In relation to the following dis-cases, either when complicated with lung affections or ex-isting alone, I also invite consultation, I usually find them everywide curvable.

promptly curable. Prolapsus and all other forms of Feniale Complaints, Ir-regularities and Weakness. Palpitation and all other forms of Heart Disease, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, and all other diseases of stomach and howels, &c.

and bowels, &c. All discases of the eye and car. Neuralgia, Epilepsy, and all forms of nervous disease. S. D. HARDMAN, M. D. S. D. HARDMAN, M. D. S. S. J. HARDMAN, M. D. S. S. J. HARDMAN, M. D.

CHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION. D-By virtue of sundry orders issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, to me directed, I will expose to Public Sale, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, 30TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1857, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, the following Real Estate, to with

to wit: A Tract of Land in Clay township in said county, bounded by lands of John Rohrer. Charles Rine-hart and others, containing 101 acres and 130 perches, more or less, now occupied by Jacob States, having there-on erceted a log house and barn, and other improvements. Also, another Tract of Land adjoining the perchese description for the Brown and

accept of nothing less. We claim but an | quest of Nicaragua. equality with our Southern brethren-we given the new State to the North, and no 000. bluster or fraud will change its destiny.

"Resolved, That we recognize the right of the people of all the Territories, including Kansas and Nebraska acting through the PAIRLY expressed will of the majority of actual residents; and whenever the number of their inhabitants justifies it, to form a constitution with or without domestic slavery, and be admitted into the Union upon terms of perfect equality with the other states."—Danocratic Na-tional Convention, Cincinnati, 1856. "We claimed that the Democracy were more the friends of "free Kanaas," because they wished to have her people perfectly free to select ALL their domestic institutions."— William Bigler, in his speech delivered last summer in an-swer to a speech of David Wilmot.

It is to be regretted that there are a few of the leading Democrats in Congress, and a portion of the press of this and other States, favoring a virtual abrogation of the "plank" in the Democratic platform of '56, upon which our great victory was gained, by urging the admission of Kansas into the Union as a State with a Constitution objectionasettlers, and which the traiter Calhoun with tution to the people. But Mr. Douglas will the assistance of men of like political char- add that provision to the project. institutions.

this State as being earnestly the friends of during the week. "free Kansas," should so soon assume the leadership of the enemies of "free Kansas." His position, and past influence, may lead astray a few who do not think for themselves, and others who are "spoils" Democrats only, but the masses, the honest men of our party in the State, will remain firm, and demand free to select ALL their domestic institutions .-The Democratic party will neither be lead or diminishing. driven into the support of minority rule in Kanses.

DOUGLAS' SPEECH .- After the reading of the President's Message in the Senate, Mr. Douglas rose, and said that he cordially concurred in much the greater part of it, and in most of the views expressed; but in regard to one topic-that of Kansas-he totally dissented from all that portion of the message which might fairly be construed as approving of the proceedings of the Lecompton Convention-and at an early period he would avail himself of an opportunity to state his reasons for dissenting, and also to vindicate the right of the people of the Territory of regulate their domestic institutions in their own way according to the organic law.

Mr. Bigler also rose, and stated that he make the best reply he could in defence of | and it was so submitted and approved. the position the President had taken.

On Wednesday, Mr. Douglas gave his reato give Mr. Douglas' speech in our next.

yield that to them. The fortune of war has | at New York from California with \$2,250,- | he can vote against slavery.

Gov. Walker is in Washington, and it is said he will return to Kansas, though not in an official capacity. Another rumor is that he is about to issue an address to the people of the United States, in vindication of his course as Governor of Kansas, and of his of it is lodged in CALHOUN, president of that snow. You need not be surprised if we lose hostile attitude to the action of the Lecompton Convention. It is also said that Judge Douglas will introduce in the Senate a bill to authorize the people of Kansas to form a the fact that, after pledging himself fully waters of Green River, in Utah, and there Constitution and State government. He will and unreservedly to submit the whole Con- establish and fortify a depot for supplies, take the act which was framed by Mr. Toombs of Ga., and which was passed by the Senate, during the last Congress, before the eve of the people. He has been charged by nearly reach of our guns. the Presidential election, and with the vote the whole press of Kansas with complicity of every Senator who had sustained the Kansas- Nebraska act. The bill as it passed, did ble to a very large majority of her actual not provide for the submission of the Consti-settlers and which the traiter Calhoun with tution to the people. But Mr. Douglas will cused of fraud, has absolute and dictatorial if there was no war declared against us, he

crowded with it, and the prospects of manu-

Colonel W. A. Richardson, the new Governor of Nebraska, appointed by the President last week, stands side by side with Judge Douglas in his opposition to the Lecompton | is *fairly* submitted by the Kansas schedule? Constitution.

The steamer Europa arrived at New York on Monday with Liverpool dates to the 28th swindle-which, did it not excite our indigthat the people of Kansas be left perfectly ult. Additional failures have been announ- nation by the wrong it seeks to shield and ced in London, and the demand for money is perpetuate, we should deem ridiculous and

> Col. F. M. Wynkoop, late U. S. Marshall for the Eastern District of Pennsylvauia was accidentally killed while gunning near Tam- by either party in the Territory of Kansas, aqua, Schuylkill county, on Monday. He was hunting pheasants in company with his hired man, when the gun in the hands of the just rights. Both parties in that Territory latter was accidentally discharged. The load | have more than once attempted to do so, and took effect in Col. W.'s leg, and he died in half an hour from the effects of the wound.

In 1847, Wisconsin, in a Convention regularly authorized by Congress, and legally shall be adopted whether it speaks the will elected by the whole people of the Territory voting and acquiescing in the election, made a State Constitution and sent it to Congress, as to make it a matter of doubt whether any demanding admission as a State under it .--Kansas to be left perfectly free to form and The Convention had omitted to submit their Constitution to a vote of the people ; and Con-Constitution to a vote of the people; and con-gress, therefore, sent it back to the people of Wisconsin, and required it to be so submitted when application is made for admission into the Union, for in no event can the people concurred in the President's views, and would | before she could be admitted into the Union,-

Gov. Pollock, has appointed the Hon. sons for dissenting, in a speech of considera- David Wilmot, of Bradford county, to be ble length, and we are sorry to say that Mr. | president judge of the 13th judicial district, Bigler did attempt a reply. We shall try which office he held previous to the State election.

Constitution, a Bank Constitution, a Consti-

ment upon a fraudulent election return, and The steamer Star of the West is expected endorse all this without a murmer, before

What a mockery it is to say, that when these humiliating conditions are affixed to the right of suffrage, the question of slavery or no slavery is fairly submitted!

But independent of all this, the slavery question is not fairly submitted, because there is no guarantee whatever that the election will be fairly conducted. The whole regulation the grass, and it is already covered with Convention-a man denounced throughout | nearly all our animals. It will require us the whole Territory as one of the most un- about five days more to collect all our trains scrupulous men it contains. He has fur- | and muster Col. McGraw and his men into nished convincing proof of his perfidy by service, when we will go forward on to the stitution to the people of Kansas, he violated | where we will look out the Mormons. In the that pledge, and was a leading spirit in pre- meantime they will continue to annoy us, venting a submission of the Constitution to | taking care, as I believe, to keep out of the the devil. They have a mule train of ammuwith the infamous Oxford fraud, and we believe has never denied his connection with nition a few days behind, and its conductor that disgraceful transaction. Yet this man, applied to Col. Johnston for passports to go power given him to regulate the election or- needed no such thing, and, if war existed, dered by the Constitutional Convention. He The New York Post says:-"The gold is is to appoint three men in each county, who Unless they find some by-way through the on the 21st inst., denying them the right to continuing to flow from the West in liberal are to appoint three in each district to hold mountain, this train will be seized in the be perfectly free to select ALL their domestic amounts, until our bank coffers are literally the election, and when the returns are all transmitted, he is to decide upon the legality of the votes cast, &c. The ordinary and ex-We regret that Hon. Wm. Bigler, who not facturers are becoming brighter day by day, isting election laws of the Territory are all set four months ago, pledged the Democracy of a large number having resumed operations aside to give full play to CALHOUN'S genius in this constitutional election, and we do not in league with the Mormons. He and his doubt that he will be fully equal to the expectations which his supporters formed of him. Who, with these facts before him, can preend for a moment that the slavery question Who does not feel that any election ordered under such provisions and such auspices can be nothing more than a mere disreputable

absurd?-Forney's Press.

From the Somerset Democrat. We have condemned from the first, and shall continue to condemn, all attempts, made to nullify the great principle of popular sovereignty enunciated in the Kansas-Nebraska Act, or to swindle the majority out of their its recent Constitutional Convention has again essayed to do the same thing with a high hand. They have, in direct violation of that principle, refused to submit the Constitution to a vote of the people, and require that it of the majority or not-only permitting an expression of opinion for and against Slavery, and that in such an objectionable form thing like a full expression of the popular sentiment could be had on that question .-This is not the spirit and intent of their organic act, and should not, and we firmly vote down that Constitution, however obnoxious it may be. They are thus forced to fifteen miles by thirty, on the Loup Fork, ious it may be. They are thus forced to swallow it, save the slavery exception, whe-ther they approve it not; and instead of be-ing clothed, as designed by their organic act, with supreme sovereignty, they are to be mere puppets in the hands of a body of men who received their authority from them, and who now claim to be a higher authority.

"Armed parties hover around the camp of Col. Alexander, on Green River, and I am thus seeks to give a preponderance of political | informed he has two Mormon prisoners, who power forever to a minority—yet, he must were taken in his camp. The grass near us endorse all this without a murmer. before has been fired, and consumed forty or fifty through the city, is made, by an ingenious acres of it. It was yet smoking when we eame up last night.

plan, to flow on each side of every street, and to irrigate every lot. "We are now encamped in the South Pass PHILADELPHIA MARKETS. of the mountain, awaiting the arrival of our provision trains. Three of twenty-six wagons

MONDAT, P. M. DEC. 14.—FLOUR—The demand is inac-tive. For home trade, \$5@5 12½, for common and good brands, \$5 25@\$5 50 for extra family and fancy lots. Ship-ping brands are held at lowest figures. GRAIN—The receipts of Wheat are light. Pennsylvania red brought \$1 14@1 15. Choice Kentucky white brought \$1 35. Rye 78c. Corn 52@54c. Cats 35c. each are here, and four more will be up in a day or two. We are in want of forage very much. Our animals have had to subsist on

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Marriage Certificates. 3 Clergymen and Justices of the Peace, can now be sup-

plied with Certificates. They are neatly printed, and for sale at the "GLODE" Job Office

To School Directors.

Blank agreements with Teachers, and Orders on District School Treasurers, neatly printed, and for sale at the "GLODE" Job Office. "These Mormons have the impudence of

Highly Important !

CHARLES HARKNESS & SON, Wholesale Clothiers, 328 Market Street, (South-cast Corner of Fourth Street,) PHILA-DELPHIA. Have determined to CLOSE OUT their ELEGANT STOCK of

new Style Fall and Winter Clothing, at an IMMENSE RE-DUCTION on the regular prices. Wholesale Buyers will do well to avai Ithemselves of the he should permit no one to enter the valley.

present opportunity. N. B.-Notes of all SOLVENT BANKS taken at PAR. October 28, 1857-3m.

MARRIED.

In this borough, on the 6th inst., by Rev. D. Shoaff, Mr. WILLIAM WILLIAMS and Miss Lov. RAHM, both of Huntingdon.

[After we had gone to press, last week, with the above announcement, we received from the happy couple an extraordinary large CAKE. We had no doubt of their good to engage him, but he replied that, 'When intentions from the moment they were spliced, but the excitement for a few days was so great that it was impossible for them to remember everybody in good time. We came in, however, in time to be well satisfied, and hope the Col. and lady will accept our thanks,-and have a happy and prosperous time of it through a long life.]

be paid at the confirmation of the sale, and the other half in one year thereafter, with interest, to be secured by the bonds and mortgage of the purchaser. For further particulars inquire of the undersigned, per-

sonally, or by letter through the Huntingdon post office DAVID RUPERT.

A TRACT OF LAND AT PUBLIC SALE.-ORPHANS' COURT SALE.-In pursuance of an alias order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, the undersigned Trustee, appointed by the Or-phans' Court of said county to make sale of the Real Es-tute of Peter Decker, late of West (now Oneida) township, decid, will.

Oncida township, adjoining lands of James Gwin, George Miller, Samuel Hetrick and Nicholas C. Decker, containing



THURSDAY. 10th inst., the Passenger Train on the Huntingdon and Broad Top Road will leave Huntingdon at 8.00 A. M. and 4.00 P. M., and arrive 1.10 P. M. and 7.35 P. M. J. J. LAWRENCE, Acting Superintendent.

Huntingdon, December 9, 1857.

J. S. LIGGETT & CO., FLOUR DEALERS. and Commission Merchants for the definition of the series of Grain, Seeds, and Produced Series of Grain, Seeds, and Produced Series of Southern Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana and St. Louis brands Flour. Orders faithfully filled at the market prices of the day. Nos. 60 and 70, Water street, Pittsburg, Pa. December 2, 1857-3m.

JOTICE .- All persons having claims A against DAVID H. CAMPDELL, of Marklesburg, are requested to present them properly authenticated, and those indebted will make payment to the subscriber, to whom said Campbell has executed a deed of Assignment for the benefit of creditors, JOHN H. WINTRODE, for the benefit of creditors. Marklesburg, Nov. 20, 1857.

TAX COLLECTORS-TAKE NO-TICE.—The Collectors of County and State taxes for the year 1856 and all previous years, are required to make immediate payment of the balances due on their duplicates,

The collectors of 1857 are earnestly requested to collect and pay over to the Treasurer the amount of their dupli-cates as soon as possible. Money is much needed at the present time and must be had. JACOB BAKER.

H. L. MCCARTILY, G. W. MATTERN, Commissioners

November, 25, 1857. **TRAY HORSES.**—Came to the prem-

Dises of the subscriber at Water street. in Morris town-ship, on the 16th of November inst., three horses, two support to bar of black—all work horses. The two bays are supposed to be from 9 to 12 years old—the black may be older. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, otherwise they will be disposed of according to law.

P. MCATEER. Nov. 20, 1857.*

DOOTS & SHOES. A new stock re-D ceived ! LEVI WESTBROOK, has just open-ed another new stock of BOOTS & SHOES, of the best and most fashionable kind to be had in the

Ladies and Gentlemen, Misses and Boys can be suited by

Ladies and Gentlemen, misses_____ calling at my store. Thankful for past favors, I ask a continuance of the same, knowing that customers will be pleased with my prote & Shoes and my prices. L. WESTBROOK. Huntingdon, October 7, 1857.

TOTICE—Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that J. & W. Saxton, of tho borough of Huntingdon, did, on the 9th day of July last, make and execute to the subscriber of said Borough, a deed of voluntary assignment, for the benefit of creditors.— Therefore, all persons holding chains against the said J. & W. Saxton, or either of them, will present them prop-crly authenticated for settlement, and all indebted to said time, or either of them, in any way, will make immediate rm, or either of them, in any way, will make immedia ayment to W. B. ZEIGLER. payment to Huntingdon, August 19, 1857-tf.

DROOKER & MARSH, AUCTION-DEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, NO. 261 North 3d Street, one door below Vine. Philadelphia. Sales of BOOTS and SHOES, DRY GOODS, GUNS, HARDWARE, WATCHES, FANCY GOODS, &c. EVERY EVENING. AD-Country Storekeepers and others will always find at our evening Sales a large and desirable assortment of the above goods, to be sold in lots to suit buyers. **Goods packed on the premises for Country Trade. Sept. 30, 1857-3m.

DUBLIC NOTICE .- The subscriber having no permanent residence at present, wishes to inform all persons who gave their notes for property purchased at his sale, that they can save cost by calling on D. P. Gwin of Huntingdon, who is authorized to re-ceive the amount of said notes, which will be due on the 17th of December next. JAMES PORTER. 17th of December next. Nov. 18, 1857.

Nov. 18, 1837. TRAY HEIFER.—Came to the resi-dence of the subscriber, in Henderson township, some-time about the 1st of April last, a black heifer, supposed to be a year old, with some white spots, the right car cropt off, and a slit in it. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take it away otherwise, it will be sold according to law. Nov. 18, 1857.* JACOB HESS, Henderson township.

DOOTS and SHOES, the largest and D cheapest assortment in town, at D. P. GWIN'S.

DR. T. A. LYON, Dentist, SHAPE GAP. Huntinge

SHADE GAP. Huntingdon county, Fa.

in custody for trial. "A chief of the Snake Indians was in our camp two days since. From him we learn that all the other Indians in this region are band prefer neutrality. Brigham Young tried redskin fight redskin, bluecoat stand upon

the hill and look on; when blueccoat fight bluecoat, redskin stand upon the hill and look on; when bluecoat fight redskin, redskin turn his back-bluecoat is very great.' Yet I think this little band will give us valua-ble assistance before long. I expect that Col. Johnson will, as he reaches the Territory of Utah, declare martial law, and subject all of-

fenders to a trial by court martial. If this is done, Judge Eckels and his associates will have but little to do for a while." THINGS IN NEBRASKA.—A correspondent of the St. Louis Republican writes: The Territory at present is minus a head. Gov. Izard having resigned his post, left some two weeks since. We learn that no Govern-or is to be appointed until the opening of Congress. The crops the past scason have been exceedingly good. Emigration this fall having been small, there will be no want this winter, either for man or beast. Corn is fenders to a trial by court martial. If this

this winter, either for man or beast. Corn is of good fruit. TERMS OF SALE.-One half of the purchase money to selling at fifty cents a bushel, and potatoes at thirty, and plenty at that. Although the weather has already set in rather cold, yet there is every indication that this winter will not be as severe as the last. If such an event should occur, the inhabitants are generally better prepared for it than they were last winter. They have more fodder and

better buildings, last winter having taught them a lesson of experience that they will

to ratify said treaty. Their tract of land,

Dec. 16, 1857.