# THE HUNTINGDON GLOBE, A DEMOCRATIC FAMILY JOURNAL, DEVOTED TO LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS, &C.

## THE GLOBE.

Circulation—the largest in the county. HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday, August 19, 1857.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS. FOR GOVERNOR, Hon. WM. F. PACKER, of Lycoming.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER, NIMROD STRICKLAND, of Chester. FOR SUPREME JUDGES,

### Hon. WILLIAM STRONG, of Berks. Hon. JAMES THOMPSON, of Eric. DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR ASSEMBLY, DAVID HOUTZ, of Alexandria. FOR REGISTER & RECORDER, JAMES B. CAROTHERS, of Morris. FOR PROTHONOTARY, DAVID CALDWELL, of Cromwell. FOR TREASURER,

JOHN H. LIGHTNER, of Shirleysburg. FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER, THOMAS OZBORN, of Jackson. FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR, JAMES MURPHY, of Petersburg.

FOR AUDITOR, JOHN M. STONEROAD, of Birmingham.

#### Our Ticket.

The Ticket put in nomination by the Democracy of Huntingdon county, will be found at our mast-head to-day. It is an excellent ticket—all good men and true, and well distributed through the county. Other gentlemen equally worthy, were named for nomination, but all could not be successful .-Having regard for the just claims of the several districts, the selection made, every one will agree, is as good and as acceptable as any other that could have been made-and we rejoice to know that the party throughout the county are determined to give it a warm support. We shall endeavor to do our part towards the success of the whole ticket, and we hope every true friend of the party and its principles will do the same. At another time we shall speak more at length of the ticket.

#### The Opposition Meeting.

A meeting of the friends of Hazlehurst and Wilmot, was held in the Court House, on Tuesday evening of last week. It took hard work to induce a sufficient number of the faithful to take hold and give the concern a start. A Mr. Kuntz, of Somerset, an applicant for the Senatorial nomination in the opposition ranks, was the principal speaker -and long before he got through, he convinced his hearers that he was'nt the strongest man in the district. All the Democrats ask, is, that he may be put in nomination by the opposition, and with little Bill Schell, or any other good Democrat, we'll throw him so high that before he comes down he will have forgotten who struck him.

## Shipments of Coal.

The Shipments of Coal over the Huntingdon & Broad Top Rail Road, for the week ending Thursday, August 13th, amounted to 2,686 tons; for the season, 51,433.

Good Beer .- Our friend, George Overfelt, continues to supply our citizens with the best beef the country will aford. We had a fine steak at his expense last week.

DISTRIBUTION OF REAL ESTATE, WATCHES, JEWELRY, FURNITURE, &c., &c.—We invite attention to Dr. Isaac Clugston's Distribution in advertising column. It is the only chance for an easy speculation in this county.

DEMOCRATIC OATS.—We have received from our friend, C. A. Cresswell, of Barree township, a head of oats measuring fifteen inches and containing 181 grains-near the Democratic majority in that township at the next

The Pennsylvania Farm Journal, for Wm. Livingston. want of sufficient support, has been discontinued. Subscribers to the Journal will receive the American Agriculturist for the time they have subscribed to the Journal. The Agriculturist, like the Farm Journal, is an excellent publication, and should be liberally supported.

HAVE YOU BEEN THERE ?-If you desire to have a correct likeness of yourself, your family or friends you should not fail to call on Mr. PRETTYMAN, at the Railroad Station. Don't delay-delays are dangerous-at least, by delaying, you may be deprived of the pleasure of having a likeness taken, which might be highly prized by some one near and dear to you.

NEAT-The gas fixtures in the Presbyterian Church. They were furnished and put up by Mr. Geo. Stewart, of Lewistown. Mr. S. has been in town for some weeks, engaged in putting up fixtures for many of our citizens, and we are pleased to learn that his neat and substantial workmanship gives general satisfaction. Mr. S.'s shop is in Market Square, one door east of Strous' Store.

DEATH OF SECRETARY DOBBIN .- Hon. James C. Dobbin, ex-Secretary of the Navy, died on Tuesday, the 4th inst., at Fayetteville, North Carolina. Mr. Dobbin died of pulmonary consumption. He was secretary of the Navy under the administration of Gen. Pierce. He was an able and popular man, Mr. Dobbin.

Democratic County Convention.

The Democratic Delegates from the several election districts of the County met in County Convention, at the Court House, on Wednesday evening, August 12th, and organized by calling Gen. R. C. McGILL to the Chair, and appointing WM. RILEY and JOHN ASHMAN, Esqs., Vice Presidents, and Geo. M. Cresswell and Geo. W. Owens, Sec-

The following named gentlemen then took their scats as Delegates:—

Barree-C. A. Cresswell, John C. Couch. Brady-Miller Wallace, John A. Camp-

Cass—Caleb Greenland, Moses Greenland. Clay—John Ashman, John Rupert. Cromwell—David Caldwell, David Irwin. Dublin-John Jamison, John Cyle. Franklin-Wm. Riley, Hugh Seeds. Henderson—J. J. Fee, John Porter. Hopewell-John B. Weaver, George Rus-

Jackson-Samuel McCord, John B. Oz-

Juniata—H. S. Isenberg, Wm. Speck, Morris—Lewis S. Bush, P. McAteer. Penn-L. Hoover, Wm. Dean. Porter-Peter Stryker, Robert Cunning-

Oncida-Andrew Walker, Wm. Living-

Shirley—F. Harmony, Wm. Alexander. Springfield—John Brown, N. K. Covert. Tell—Joshua Price, S. B. Goshorn. Tod—John Hamilton, David Berkstresser. Union-Jacob H. Miller, Levi Wright. Walker—Abraham Grubb, Jos. Isenberg. Warriorsmark—Wm. Wray, 'Thos. Wil-

West-Henry Davis, James Clayton. Shaver's Creek Dis .- Henry Holtzapple, J. Longnecker. Alexandria-R. C. McGill, Samuel Isen-

berg.
Birmingham—J. M. Stoneroad, G. W. Owens. Cassville-Jas. Henderson, A. C. Green-

Huntingdon-T. P. Campbell, J. P. An-Mt. Union-Geo. McGlaughlin, John Eby. Orbisonia-Jas. S. Burkett, John P. Dunn.

Petersburg—H. Orlady, Geo. M. Cresswell. Shirleysburg—T. S. McNite, J. H. Light-On motion, the Convention proceeded to

nominate and ballot for candidates for the several offices, with the following results:-

ASSEMBLY.	
David Houtz	votes
James. B. Carothers	votes.
John H. Lightner	votes.
David Caldwell	votes.
Thomas Ozborn	
James Murphy	votes.

John M. Stoneroad ... Dr. H. Orlady, was chosen Representative Delegate, and Gen. R. C. McGill, J. S. Af-RICA and A. L. GRIM, Senatorial Conferees.

On motion, the Chair was requested to apceedings to be published-when the Convention adjourned.

The Chair appointed the following named gentlemen the Standing Committee for the ensuing year:

John M. Cunningham, Chairman. Burkett, Samuel Bolinger, Michael Stair, John Jones, N. K. Covert, Wm. Dunn, J. S. Dr. Gilchrist was in bed, disguised as a wo-Hugh, Solomon Lynn, Jacob Grove, John Vandevander, Stewart Corbett, John Gemmill, Nicholas Isenberg, Daniel Isenberg, Alex. Stewart, Geo. W. Owens, George Dare, S. D. Myton, Samuel Porter, James Bell, Daniel Massey, John Love, Robert Stewart, West Livinger, John Love, Robert Stewart, Grove of Mrs. Conditions of the newly confined widow. Mrs. Cunning-ham, when at home, went to bed with the child, and then dispatched a person for Dr. Uhl and a nurse. All things seemed to progress years smoothly in force of Mrs. Conditions.

R. C. McGILL, Pres't. John Ashman, Vice Presidents.

Geo. W. Owens, Geo. M. Cresswell. Secretaries.

State Agricultural Society will hold its Seventh Annual Fair in Philadelphia, on the last two days of September and the first two days of October. The annual address will be delivered by Gen. Edwin C. Wilson, of Venan- | years. go county. A. Boyd Hamilton, Esq., of Harrisburg, is the Corresponding Secretary, and Robert C Walker, of Elizabeth, Alleghany county, is the Recording Secretary, Letters on business connected with the Society, may to get hold of public funds claiming for be addressed to either of the Secretaries.

NEWSPAPER CHANGE.—The Johnstown Democrat German printing establishment has been purchased by Gen. Richard White, by whom the paper will be edited. The Democrat will | 000 or \$800,000. be an ably conducted journal, and a valuable auxiliary in the Democratic ranks. No paper will be issued this week. The day of publication will be changed from Friday to Tuesday. This change is necessary to insure its circulation in every portion of the county on the week of publication.

Money Hoarded .- According to the treasury estimate, there are in this country about \$250,000,000 in gold, of which little more than a fifth is in the banks-leaving little short of 200,000,000 to be found elsewhere. The treasury hoards very commonly from twenty and made a vigorous and useful officer.—
This is the second member of Mr. Pierce's Cabinet who has died since the close of his administration. First Mr. Marcy, and now treasury noards very commonly from twenty to twenty-five millions, leaving probably Avignon was one called "the maiden"—a fair figure, into whose arms unhappy prisoners being pushed, found themselves clasped by to be in actual use, there remains \$125,000, and to be so quested to death!

Eventures of the inquisition of Avignon was one called "the maiden"—a fair figure, into whose arms unhappy prisoners being pushed, found themselves clasped by strong steel springs and so squeezed to death! an extent six times exceeding the treasury. | present regime of steel jupes a ressorts.

The Fusion County Ticket.

The Republicans and Americans made their nominations on Tuesday of last week. They are as follows:

Assembly-Col. S. S. Wharton, of Hun-Prothonotary—Jas. E. Glasgow, of Clay. Register, &c.—Henry Glazier, of Hunting-

Treasurer—F. H. Lane, of Huntingdon. Commissioner—Geo. W. Mattern, of Frank-

Director of the Poor-Perry Moore, of Auditor-P. D. Stevens, of Cass.

The Senatorial Delegates were instructed

for J. Sewell Stewart. With the above ticket, many of the opposition appear to be much displeased, and a few declare they would not support it, but we suppose the whole dose will be swallowed

#### then not dare to make a crooked mouth. Blair County Fusion Ticket.

by the leaders, the balance of the party will

The Republicans and Americans of Blair county, made their county nominations last week. The following is the ticket nomina-

Assembly—Geo. W. Patton, of Altoona. District Attorney—B. L. Hewit, of Holli-

daysburg.
Commissioner-J. R. M'Farlane, of Holli-Director of the Poor-Geo. Weaver, of Ju-

Auditor-A. C. M'Carthy, of Antis. Patton, McFarlane and McCarthy, are

straight-out Americans, and opposed to the election of Wilmot. The Blair County Whig refuses to support them.

DAN RICE HAS A FIGHT .- During the visit of Dan Rice's Circus to Upper Canada an English bully allowed that he could lick "any two Yankees that ever was born." Dan doubted this, and informed the Englishman that in the absence of a "pair of Yankees," he might try his hand on him. The Englishman off with his coat and pitched in. Dan countered and hit the Englishman under his left ear. The Englishman went up about five feet, leaving his boots behind. Englishman came down again and fell like a log.

Dan got a physician, bled the Englishman, and brought him to. Having done this, he sent him home on a shutter. The affair occurred about 20 miles from Niagra. The licking was so well deserved and so handsomely finished off, that it added to Dan's popularity. The day after this he performed to \$1200; the day afterwards to \$1720.

#### Mrs. Cunningham Again.

This lady, extremely anxious to secure to herself the rich estate of the late Dr. Burdell, murdered so foully at No. 31 Bond st., New York, has been arrested while attempting to play an almost unprecedented game. She gave out some months ago that she would, at the proper time, give birth to a legal heir of the murdered Doctor. Subsequently she offered Dr. Uhl, her physician, \$1,000 if he would assist her in her plots, which bribe the Dr. apparently accepted, but hastened to the District Attorney and informed him of the whole transaction. Plots were then entered point a County Standing Committee, the of- into to entrap Mrs. Cunningham; and for this ficers to sign the proceedings, and the pro- purpose it was so arranged that on the night of the 3d a new born infant from the Almshouse was carried to a certain place-Mrs. Cunningham was then informed that the child was in readiness, and that it belonged to a lady whose husband was in California, and it was necessary to have some person to adopt Graffus Miller, John O. Murray, Henry Lower, Thos. Adams, John Rhodes, Miller, Wallace, Jacob H. Miller, Sam'l. Miller, Geo. McGlaughlin, J. W. Galbrath, Jas. S. the home at 31 Bond street. At Gehrett, Louis Stever, J. S. Reed, Edw. Mc- man in a night cap and gown, and personated gress very smoothly in favor of Mrs. C. and her heir, but just when the plot was ripe, the District Attorney, and others, burst into the room, and arrested Mrs. Cunningham, her sister, and the nurse, after which the child was sent to its right mother, at the THE STATE FAIR.—The Pennsylvania Alms-House. Dr. Catlin, who also assisted in bringing forth the fictitious heir, was previously arrested. By the Revised Statutes of New York, this offence is punishable in the State Prison for a term not exceeding ten

## Black Republican Honesty.

It is a favorable mode of electioneering by the opposition to charge Democrats with dishonesty when an opportunity is afforded them themselves all the honesty. Below we give

a few cases of Black Republican honesty: According to the Detroit Free Press the late State treasurer of Ohio—a black republican—is a defaulter to the amount of \$700. The treasurer of Sandusky, Ohio—a black

republican—is a defaulter to the amount of The treasurer of Van Wert county, Ohio—a black republican—is a defaulter to the amount of \$1,215.

The treasurer of Delaware county, Ohioa black republican—is a defaulter to the amount of \$10,000.

BODY-ARMOR FORTHE LADIES. -Forty thousand tons of Swedish iron have been imported for the manufacture of crinolines! The metal which used to be converted into mail-coats, is now appropriated to female petti-coats,-Among the tortures of the Inquisition of The Funeral of a French Poet.

The funeral of Beranger, the national poet of France, was attended by some two hundred thousand persons, who gathered on the Boulevards, in the vicinity of his house, but were not allowed to -join the procession. Indeed it was apprehended by the Government, that the occasion might be seized upon for a popular outbreak. Thus, only officials, and persons who had received cards of invitation, were present at the religious ceremonies, which took place in the church of St. Paris gives the following account of the military preparations of the funeral:-

"About fifteen thousand soldiers were called out on Friday morning, armed with ball cartridge, and distributed over the route, or near it, over which the procession would have to pass; two thousand were on the Boulevard in the neighborhood of the Chatcu d'Eau-four thousand at the cemetery of Pere la Chaise, eight thousand at the place de la Bastille, and the rest conducting the funeral cortege, holding the cordons around the neigh-borhood of the rue Vendome, or distributed along the streets conducting to the cemetery. There were generals on duty. Two thousand policemen were detailed to preserve order in the crowd. Besides these, all the soldiers, remaining in the barracks at Paris, and all those in the neighborhood of Paris, as far off as Fontainbleau, a distance of forty miles, were ready with arms in hand, to march at a moment's warning. A Minister said he had no fear of serious trouble, for they could bring in one hour's time, fifty thousand soldiers. The Cabinet was on permanence the whole day at the Count Walewski's. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs was chosen for the place of meeting in preference to the Ministry of War, because of the concentration of electric wires at the former. The principal Foreign Ambassadors sent dispatches at regular intervals during the whole day to their respective Governments."

The foregoing indicates the precarious condition of France. The Government is compelled to be in a constant state of watchfulness. Indeed, there are many indications of an approaching outbreak. Louis Napoleon himself has evidently become alarmed; hence, instead of appearing in public as formerly, and without attendants, he naturally enough adopts every possible precaution against assassination. Powerful and despotic as he is, his position is one of imminent peril, and it is, therefore, by no means enviable.

#### The Opposition Ranks Breaking.

The "American" portion of the opposition is daily withdrawing from the black banner of Wilmot. We have the Farmer's Journal, a spirited paper, published at Milton, Pa., before us, from which we take an article by the editor, after his return from a massmeeting, held in Harrisburg. It will give our readers an idea of the movements of the straight-out Americans-they will never support Wilmot for Governor-Hazlehurst will receive their vote in every county in the State.

The editor says:-"Mr. HAZLEHURST and Mr. SWOOPE have opened the campaign in good earnest. The meeting in Harrisburg on the 10th inst., which we attended was very large. The right spirit was manifested, and, foreshadows a glorious prospect for the triumph of American principles, at the coming election. Indeed we never witnessed so much enthusiasm, so much good feeling, so much determination, to brave the storm of opposition, as was exhibited on that joyous occasion. It reminded us of the good old-fashioned times, when the old Whig Party was in its palmiest days-alive, strong and animated with the prospect of victory. The time when Gen. Taylor "was all the go," the time of "Tippecanoe and Tyler too!"

On our return home, we felt greatly encouraged to do battle for our cause and our candidate: previously, felt somewhat "under the weather," but now, after seeing such a vast multitude of good men and true, working zealously under our banner, we resolved to be more diligent in furthering American principles. We felt and still feel some hopes that our Ticket will be elected, from the fact, that Wilmot's chances are daily declining, and the truth is taking fast hold on those who

wandered in forbidden paths. Americans, be not dismayed-"there's a good time a coming!" All is not yet lost that was in danger. No! we are fast recovering our ground; and doubtless, by the time Mr. HAZLEHURST and others, have stumped the State, our party will be all alive to the work, the wayward encouraged, the traitor won back to his first love, and the votes counted, may yet announce a brilliant victory!-"Live or die, sink or swim, survive or perish," we shall do our duty, now and ever, and our humble influence shall be cast wholly on the side of National Americanism.-Take courage, Americans! Take courage, stick to the ticket, the whole ticket, and nothing but the ticket!"

The Montour American, the Republican paper of Montour county surrenders the political battle in the following language:

"From present indications, there is no tion; and in our present divided state we feel assured that we have the numerical strength to succeed, if united on a single ticket. We are defeated and rendered powcrless by the impudent zeal of ultra Republicans and intense Americans. The settled conviction of our mind has ever been that 'united we stand, divided we fall."

THE READING ADLER.—This sterling Democratic organ of Berks county, which, under the editorial charge of the late Hon. John Ritter, used to be called "The Bible," has passed into the hands of Charles Kessler, Esq., by purchase. He has been connected with the Adler for many years as an associate editor, and is well able to maintain the responsibilities of his new position.

Poisoned Hay.—A farmer in Ashtabula, Ohio, complains that he has lately lost seven head of cattle by their cating poisoned hay. It appears that the poison is in form of ergot, a smutty excrescence which grows on of dark color, varying from the size of a cred by one of the murdorers, who again osity in the United States, and yet is comwheat grain to three-fourths of an inch long. stabbed him and threw him into the stream.

Best Cure for Intoxicating Habits.

The question has often been asked, in a simply medical point of view, how the habit intoxication is best averted or cured. It is well known to all physicians that some persons are constitutionally more disposed to it than others; some hereditarily and some from the effects of indulgences long since abandoned so far as in their power, yet so inclined to it that their self-control, their sanity, and strongest powers of will, though they may be perfect at all other points, are completely frustrated here. It may be said, indeed, that this, being the result of former indulgences, is their own fault; but this even does not Elizabeth du Temple, and formed part of the cortege to Pere la Chaise. A letter from are sincere in their efforts to abandon it, so much the more are they deserving of all the assistance that can be rendered to them.

It belongs to all wrong doing thus to generate a tendency to reproduction. If the man who has thus injured himself is to be esteemed ever so guilty, the question might yet remain in morals precisely whether the guilt lay chiefly in the present, as in the past acts of his life, whether he is not now to be regarded and treated rather as morally insane on this topic, than immediately and simply reprehensible. Almost all men have their weak spots, and few can boast of a perfectly sound physical, mental and moral constitution. The physician can sometimes cure these cases best, because it is not his duty to consider where the fault lies, but only how it is to be remedied.

It is well known that Coleridge had become so infatuated by, and addicted to the use of opium, that his friends had all given him up for lost. One of his warmest admirers hired a man to watch him night and day, and prevent his getting access to the pernicious drug. But he baffled his guard, again and again. At last, after suffering agonies of remorse, such as even his own graphic pen confesses itself unable to describe, in the depths of humility and contrition, he sought out a judicious physician, to his control and care, and lived, and finally ing on the fatal tree. died, in that man's house, after a successful The confession of Knightson implicates reformation of five and twenty years. The confession of his weakness, and the realization that however guilty in its causes, it was now a case of moral insanity, we suppose was what saved him to be cured by medical

There are many men who, from various causes of early habits, seem periodically to require some great excitement, either physical, mental, or moral. Hence the uncontrollable spells of drinking into which some men will fall occasionally, in the absence of mental stimulants, bitterly as they regret it, and mourn over it at other times, resolve against it, or vow against it. The butler of the celebrated William Pitt used to relate that his master would first of all give him strict or-ders before dinner not to bring up more than so much wine, and afterwards, when it was gone, he would call for more, order, threaten, rave, and once dragged the butler down stairs to the cellar, by main force, to get more wine.

Very frequently it is found that great mental excitement and exertions may be substituted for these physical paroxysms. Thus it was remarked of the late Senator Rusk, that. although in early life much addicted to occasional revels of this kind, yet that, as he warmed into political life, these periods became more and more rare and that in proportion to the excitement of any occasion, he would rise to it, calm and clear. Strong mental or moral excitement, then, seems to form one of the very best counter-irritants periodical cravings for excitement, will, however, become less and less frequent, and also subside in violence.

The strength of this craving, however, when once aroused, is so vehement, that we can only conjecture that without some mode of satisfying it, it would perhaps prove fatal. Indeed, the sudden and total cessation of the use of stimulants is one of the most frequent causes of mania-a-potu. But the substitution of one form of excitement for another, gradually tapering off the whole into a healthful regular activity of the whole man, is what is to be aimed at in all such cases, while care must be taken to allow full scope for this excitability of temperament in some other way than by drink, until it subsides of itself.

A mere physician of the body would utterly fail in such a work as this. The whole man, physical, mental and moral, must be considered, studied, watched, excited or calmed to just the proper degree, as the only means of restoring to his right mind and true nature, one who has wandered from the paths of reason.

Could a private hospital be formed, under the charge of some physician of ability, to reach the whole complexities of these cases, study their history and desire, there are hundreds, perhaps thousands of families of large fortune, who would willingly pay any fair amount and who would rejoice to place their friends, and some to enter of themselves, under the care of so valuable a friend as such a physician would prove.—Phila. Ledger.

From the Elwood (K. T.) Advertiser. Great Excitement at Leavenworth---Murder and Robbery---Two Men Hung by the Mob.

We learn from one of our citizens, who was at Leavenworth during the late exciteprospect of defeating Packer. A triangular ment, the following particulars of the most fight must result in the defeat of the opposi-

> It appears that a Mr. Stephens, from Mississippi with another gentleman, both recently arrived in the Territory, were passing through Leavenworth on Friday last, intending to start the following morning on a tour through the country, in search of a location. Visiting a grog shop, they became intoxicated: showed some money, and boasted of having a larger sum in their possession.— Some of their newly-made drinking friends proposed showing them the city, and about dusk, persuaded them to visit a spring at the

upper part of the town. While drinking at the spring, Mr. STE-PHENS and his friend were struck blows on the back of the head which felled them to the earth, and before they could regain their feet, their friends were upon them with their much larger and more rapid stream than knives. They inflicted several wounds upon Cedar Creek. The arch of the Scott Bridge their bodies and threw them into the river, supposing them dead. Mr. Stephens, upon being thrown into the water, revived, and floating around to the shore in an eddy of the June grass. It grows as it does on rye, the stream, crawled out on a raft, and from in the shape of a diseased and enlarged seed thence to the wharf, where he was discovthe stream, crawled out on a raft, and from

Again he floated to the shore, where his moaning attracted the attention of some passers-by, but he was unable to speak, and, in a few moments, expired.

Suspicion fell on the guilty parties, and on

Saturday morning, three persons, Baize, Squarles and Knightson, were arrested. When arrested, Baize's arms were covered with blood. Early in the day, Knightson was examined before the authorities at the Leavenworth Hotel. Influenced by threats. and promises of protection from the infuriated crowd which was fast gathering around the place of trial, he confessed the deed, and told where the money was concealed, which they had taken from their victims. Search was instituted, and the money found at the spot designated. By this time, the mob had increased to about two thousand persons, demanding the prisoners from the authorities, and insisting upon taking the law in their own hands. Judge LeCompte made a speech, exhorting them to quiet, and assuring them that justice should be meted out to the culprits. The crowd hissed him down, crying out that they had never yet received justice at his hands, and moved off to the jail where Baize and Squarles were confined. Knightson, meanwhile, had been run off to the Fort, where he is now in custody. The mob, arriving at the jail, took out the prisoners, and dragged them to a large elm tree, at the mouth of Three Mile Creek, about 4 mile below the city. The noose was placed round their necks, the rope pased over a limb of the tree and the crowd pulling at the other

Squarles was first strung up. Not expiring so readily as the mob could wish, several took hold of his legs, pulling him down in such manner as to break his neck.

Meanwhile, Baize stood in the crowd talking with an officer from the Fort, who, unperceived, slipped the noose from his neck. whereupon Baize ran for the jail. He was placed in jail, and the authorities, and some few citizens, again, without success, endeavwhom he revealed his whole case, his strug-gles and his desires, placed himself under the jail, took him out and he was soon hang-

> a gang of murderers, numbering nine, who have been associated together in Leavenworth, and have murdered several persons, during the last six months. Stephens, we understand had upon his person only about one hundred and twenty-five dollars.

> Though summary justice was meted out to the wretches, yet public opinion sanctions it as a necessity, and will effectually strike terror into the hearts of the many similar gangs who infest that city.

#### State's Rights.

DAVID WILMOT, in his letter to the "American" Committee, thinks that "we should not weaken our State sovereignty by looking to the General Government as the great source of reform in this matter;" the matter referred to, being a modification of the naturalization laws. In another part of the same letter he says that "it belongs exclusively to the States to regulate this whole question of

It is a somewhat novel idea to look to the State for action in reference to the naturalization laws, yet the idea has a meaning beyond the question it immediately refers to.— Mr. WILNOT and those who think with him, have of late become most extravagantly enamored with State sovereignty, even to the extent of pushing the doctrine beyond all constitutional bounds to the conclusion arrived at by Mr. Calhoun, when he contended or remedies against this craving thirst for that a sovereign State had the right to nullify physical stimulants. The only danger is, an act of Congress. It is to this doctrine of that in any moment of reactionary depres- nullification that the Republican leaders are sion, always liable to recur after great excite- | conducting their party in the Northern States; ment, the danger of falling into the use of stimulants is proportionably great. With proper medical care and watchfulness, these the question of slavery in one of its many aspects—that Mr. WILMOT is nursing and inculcating this doctrine of State's rights.

Having failed to gain possession of the National Government, the Republican leaders seek to limit, hedge in, and prescribe by the narrowest bounds its actual power, when in any way affecting the question of slavery. Witness the laws passed by Massachusetts and other Republican States under the name of "personal liberty bills" to obstruct and nullify the operations of the fugitive slave law. Although in manifest violation of the act of Congress, they find an apology and defence in the sheltering doctrine of State's

If we are at liberty to judge Mr. WILMOT from his antecedents, we are warranted in saying that his object is to inculcate the notion that the State is supreme in all things, so that in case of his election, and the election of a compliant Republican Legislature, Pennsylvania may be made to follow the example of Massachusetts in the passage of a 'personal liberty" act, nullifying the act of Congress. Are the people prepared to regard this as one of the results of Wilmor's election? It has been one of the fruits of Republican sway in other States, and why not

It cannot have failed to attract the attention of thinking men, that while this doctrine of State nullification, borrowed from the Calhoun school of politics, has been pursued and contended for by States, of the Massachusetts way of thinking, the most absolute and unlimited power has been claimed for the General Government to prohibit and forever exclude slavery from the territories; or that, in other words, where the constitution confers express power, as in the case of reclaiming fugitive slaves, State sovereignty may nullify acts passed in pursuance of that constitutional provision, but where no express power can be found in the constitution to exclude slavery from the territories, it is the duty of Congress to assume and exercise such power. Such is the anomalous position of sham Republicanism; with one dogma, derived from the nullifiers, and another from the strong centralizing principles of ancient Federal ism .- Patriot & Union.

ANOTHER NATURAL BRIDGE.-The Abington Virginian says there is a natural bridge within 62 miles of that place, in Scott County, compared with which the bridge over Cedar Creek is a mere circumstance. The Scott Bridge extends across the chasm more than twice eighty feet in width, and is 420 feet deep, at the bottom of which flows a is not so perfectly formed as that of Cedar Creek, but it is not less a bridge, with a broad wagon road located upon it. The survey for the Cumberland Gap Railroad passed through the arch of this bridge. It is, perhaps, the wildest and most stupendous curi-