Line upon Line-Hero and There a Little. REMOVED—Our humble self, from the post office at this place. Cause-We refused to submit to the dictation of Brawley, Porter, the Canal Board, and other corrupt scamps, and their tools.

APPOINTED-Wm. Colon, Post Master at this place. A DISGRACE TO THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—The men who are attempting to rule and ruin the honest tax-payers of the

For If the Canals "have not for many years yielded revenue sufficient to pay the cost of keeping them in navigable order," from what source must the \$5,000,000, the estimated cost of putting them in good navigable order, be obtained, if they are to be continued in possession of the

Sure of an unhappy life and an ignominious death-A perjurer. To Punish a Blackguard-Treat with silent contempt

his insane ravings. QQ Oil and water won't mix, neither will the cloak of

religion hide the deformity of a hypocrite. In Paraguay nearly every woman chews tobacco. The man whose feelings were "worked up," has

ordered a fresh supply. 1957-Some of the Texas papers are agitating the question of partitioning off the State, and making four or five of it.

On Monday evening we paid a visit to the Warm Springs, and found that the buildings and other improvements are being energetically carried on, and will be completed and ready for the reception of visitors in three or four weeks. This place is bound to attract attention .-We shall hereafter speak of it at length.

Matrimonial fruit basket" is now the polite name for cradles.

No man living should say an ill word against the

Farmers, Mechanics and Housekeepers, should call at the Hardware Store of Messrs. JAS. A. BROWN & Co., and inspect the numerous new and useful inventions now in store by the hundred. The improvements in many articles are decidedly good-and worthy of recommendation, inasmuch as they are time and labor-saving, and in every way superior to the old inventions.

To Correspondence intended for publication in the Globe, must be received at this office by Monday evening or Tuesday morning of each week to insure its publication-otherwise it will be laid over, and if "stale and unprofitable," withheld. Bear this in mind. A chap, being asked what he took for a bad cold

replied, "Four pocket handkerchiefs a day." Lord Brougham, speaking of Washington, said, "He was the greatest man that ever lived in this world, uninspired by Divino wisdom, and unsustained by Supernatural virtue." Brougham posessed great powers of discrimination, and could easily distinguish true greatness from the counterfeit presentation. Men endowed with a like degree of perspicuity in our day, (for a similar reason) require little argument to convince them that the largest and most extensive stock of dry goods in this town can be found at J. & W. Saxton's Metropolitan Store.

Good .-- If you wish to cure a scolding wife, never fail to laugh at her with all your might until she ceases, then kiss her. Sure cure.

It is suggested that the long skirted ladies who sweep the streets with their trains, be called "brooms." It is said that bleeding a partially blind horse at the nose, will restore him to sight; so much for the horse. To open a man's eyes, you must bleed him at the pocket. On the 20th of April, a Mexican woman at the capital, was delivered of seven male children at one birth.

Brooklyn, N. Y. They are of the common musical and sanguinary breed. WANTED-A piece of rope with which the last piece of music was executed.

Mosquitoes have already made their appearance in

## Dissolving the Union.

An ominous muttering is borne on the breeze from Ohio. The New York Tribune, of Monday, in great glee, says:

"We give this morning full particulars of the conflict between the Marshals of the United States and the State officers of Ohio, in the matter of the fugitive slave. Eight of the individuals who were arrested on Wednesday for assisting the U. States Deputy Marshal were committed to prison on Saturday at Springfield."

"This is discolving the Union." Fight in

But, when those who have patronized the power, that at length, it may stab the princi-Tribune, and followed its lead, and given it ples of Americanism in the high places of power, shall fall by the sword they have the country. That it has already done, and any be deemed expedient. And it is further one pity them. Let them serve as a warn- the schemes and designs of a party, possesing beacon for the benefit of future generations. Others, however, will deserve the sym-

The 2d section, 4th article of the Constitu-

tion, says: "No person held to service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such claim of the party to whom such service or la-bor may be due." The slave, in this instance, escaped from Kentucky, but was rescued by the deluded followers of the Tribune, and is ted States are in jail. People of the North! dom. This may be regarded as bad proph-If you love the Union, and would cherish and ecy, but wait and see.' preserve it, rally on the side of the Constitution, and rebuke the traitors! Do not delay. Consider whether you would yourselves submit to such outrages if you were in the condition of your Southern brethern.-Monitor.

AN EXTRAORDINARY HYPOCRITE.-Jackford Times says:

together with considerable sums of money .stole the trimmings for his pulpit, and velfor a sample for one for himself, and also stole at Mr. Dean's one afternoon to have "a little season of prayer," remained till evening, bade seducer, whose perfidy begot the crime.the family good by, but instead of going out of the door, he stole up stairs, and secreted himself under the bed occupied by Mr. Dean's son-remained there till past midnight, when he crept out and robbed young Dean's pockets of \$100, (which he had ascertained the day previous that he had just procured from the bank,) then went up to St John's Hotel, called for lodgings, got up be-fore daylight, stole a suit of clothes from a But this is not half his villanies. He was constantly stealing, praying and exhorting, till brought up by a four years' term in pris-

Sam" Giving "Sambo" Particular Jessie.

The Juniata Sentinel, published in Mifflintown, lately contained the farewell speech and confession of its retiring editor, A. J. GREER, who, after being trepanned into the support of Fremont last fall, has no idea that by it he "bound himself to the ultra car of Black Republicanism for all coming time." If a living picture, a tableux vivant or a grand family groupe, worthy of the Keller troupe can be enjoyed by our readers, they will take special pleasure in the striking pen and ink sketch of Republican principles which Mr. GREER gives in his valedictory .-

We give a portion of it for their amusement. "Tired of begging a living, and with a supreme contempt for ultra Black Republicanism and Black Republican devils, with this number we close our connection with this paper. Hating tyranny over the mind of man in every form, and longing to become a free man, with a free conscience and a free pen, we surrender the editorial chair of the Juniata Sentinel into other hands, whose organic music we trust shall be more acceptable to the party and persons before stated.— We have taken this step after mature deliberation—not that we are afraid to avow and maintain true American doctrines in the face of ultra Black Republicans, hermaphrodite Americans and political Summersaulters generally, but that we may avoid an unpleasant, undesirable and bitter conflict in the present canvass. Our chief object in exposing the hollowness of Republicanism in profession, and its antagonism to American principles was for the good of party, and we tell those who took such great offence at us for so do-ing that they will find that they are not yet quite the whole people, for there are others who have opinions as well as themselves, and before this campaign is over they will find 'Jordan is a hard road to travel." We tell thom, too, that there are from two to three hundred votes in this county, that they can-not influence by the means they have employ-

This is the only time, in our editorial career, in which we have taken leave of a people under a political difficulty, but we are happy to know that that difficulty is confined to a few political bleeding Kansas blood-suckers. They weep, they groan over the wrongs heaped upon the unfortunate people of that territory, in the loss of free suffrage, free thought and a free press, through the instru-mentality of Border Ruffianism, and yet when the truth of their own iniquities is brought home to their door, they become as ruffianly and oppressive as their prototypes from the border counties of Missouri. We need not go to Kansas for ruffianism, but we can find it even in little Juniata. It would be well for gentlemen to preserve a little consistency. We hold the liberty of speech and the free-dom of the press sacred, and he who would take away these things strikes at the very foundation of our Republican Institutions he carries with him a heart as treacherous and a hand as villainous as him who received the thirty pieces of silver. Those to whom we apply these remarks can understand them.

The Republican party, under its present constituted leaders, is the meanest party with which we have ever had anything to do.—Without prudence or discretion, it rushes madly into extremes, and renders itself so obnoxious to all liberal minded people, that a union of the opposition elements becomes This is dissolving the Union. "Eight in- an utter impossibility. It will not waive a dividuals" seized by the State authorities, single point of its radicalism for the sake of and "committed to prison," for obeying the | union with men who are as hostile to the exlaws of the United States. Such is Ohio nul- tension of slavery as there is any necessity lification, and a preliminary step towards for. Its whole history proves this, and it Disunion! Such is the result of the teach- only uses the American party as a tool to enings of the Tribune and the political parsons. able ultra Republicanism to gain place and drawn against the existence of others, and be | we have no guarantee that any better fate consumed by the fire they have ignited for the | can be expected from it in the future. Then destruction of the Federal Government, let no | why should Americans lend themselves to sed of so much bitterness, antagonism and mock sincerity? Others may do as they pathy of mankind. We allude to the inno- | please, but we cannot remain silent and percent victims who must be involved with the | mit ourselves to be transferred, by mere platforms and ipse dixits, to enemies without a voice in the matter. There never can be but two great and successful parties in this country, one of which must of necessity, be the Democratic party, on account of its radical tendencies. The other must be composed of the conservative elements outside of that service or labor, but shall be delivered up on party. The old Whig party was the best check that Demecracy has ever had, or ever will have for some time to come, as in the present condition of things we look for succession of Democratic victories in Pennsylnow in Canada. And the officers of the Uni- vania, until contending factions learn wis-

INFANTICIDE.—On Saturday morning last, a woman went to the river brink near the Viaduct between this place and Gaysport, to get a pail of water, and in the act of dipping it up observed in the stream a small bundle. which excited her curiosity, and which upon son, who was murdered in Russell, Mass., by examination she found to be the remains of Charles Jones, was taken to Hartford, Conn., an infant wrapped in a muslin cloth, with a for burial in the Hebrew fashion. The Hart- | cord tied about it, to the end of which there was attached a brick. Notice was sent to "Jones, the murderer, was a Millerite, and Coroner Funk, who was promptly on the the same fellow who has just served out a ground, and proceeded to hold an inquest.term of four years in the Connecticut State Dr. Hays was called and made a post morprison for robbing John Dean's store. He tem examination, which satisfied him that was the coolest scoundrel that ever invested | the child had lived after its birth; and the this city. He professed great concern for the jury accordingly found that it had come to its souls of sinners, and was constantly reading death at the hands of some person to them the Bible and exhorting at evening meetings. unknown. When taken up the umbilical Whilst in the confidence of Mr. Dean, he stole | cord was wound tightly around its throat, as about \$2,000 worth of goods from his store, if therewith to strangle it. It was a fully matured male child, and appeared to have He stole the silk to make him a surplice to been in the water some time: for the strings preach in-started a church at Glastenbury and cords with which it was wrapped were quite rotten. We have not heard that suspivet for his chair, and also stole goods to pay cion rests on any particular person, but the the cabinet maker for the chair; broke into saying that "murder will out" is so much of the Catholic Church and stole the priest's robe a truism that the guilty one will hardly escape detection. At all events the eye of the silver, chalice &c., from the altar-called | the Omniscient has seen, and eternity will re- | the said Company should be permitted to veal the guilty mother, as well as the base

BE CAREFUL OF THE NEW CENTS .- A medical friend informs the New York Tribune that he has been consulted in several cases where the new cent has been swallowed by children, one of whom is only two years old. and in which great irritation of the stomach boarder, and cleared for a neighboring town. and bowels has followed, because of the corrosive nature of the metals composing it, as well as of its mechanical action upon the del- | \$750, in Chicago, for kissing a Mrs. Brooks icate mucous surface.

Hollidaysburg Register.

Supreme Court.

Injunction.—An application for an injunction has been made to the Supreme Court at Harrisburg to restrain the sale of the State Canal and Railroad improvements, known as the Main Line, which sale has been provided for by a recent act of the Legislature. The suit is brought by Henry S. Mott, a stockholder in the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, against the President, Directors, and other officers of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Mr. Mott, the plaintiff, being also one of the Canal Commissioners.

The bill filed, after reciting the Act of Assembly incorporating the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and the several duties and objects of said incorporation as affecting the Stockholders privileges, management, &c., states that the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is the owner of certain canals, railroads, and other property connected therewith, consisting of the Philadelphia and Columbia Railroad, both termini of which Road Do you not know that Rome flourished as are remote from the Road of the said Pennsylvania Railroad Company; also the Allegheny Portage Railroad, including a certain other railroad to avoid the Planes on said Portage; also the Eastern Division of the Pennsylvania Canal, from Columbia to the junction of the Juniata and Susquehanna rivers; also the Juniata Division of the Pennsylvania Canal, from the said junction to the eastern terminus of the said Allegheny Portage Railroad; and also, the Western Division of the said Pennsylvania Canal from the western terminus of the said Allegheny Portage Railroad to Pittsburg aforesaid, together with the canal bridge over the Susquehanna river, at Duncan's Island, and the right to the traffic?

Law did not take effect before the year 1808?

Do you not know that New England at that time had sixty-six vessels engaged in the traffic? the surplus water power of said canals, together with certain real and personal property used for the purposes of the said canals and railroads, such as reservoirs, machinery, locomotives, cars, trucks, stationery, engines, work-shops, tools, water stations, toll-houses, offices, stock and materials, &c., &c.

That the canals aforesaid are two hundred land?

and eighty three miles in length, requiring heavy expenditures for repairs and expenses, and have not for many years yielded income sufficient to pay the cost of keeping them in navigable order.

The act of 16th May, 1857, providing for the sale of the Main Line, is then recited. which provides, that it shall be the duty of the Governor, within ten days after the passage of the said act, to cause to be advertised for sale, by public vendue, in one lump, the said canals, railroads, and other real and personal property aforesaid, being the whole Main Line of the said Public Works; and it is therein further provided, that if the Pennsylvania Railroad Company shall become the purchasers of said Main Line, at said public sale, or by assignment, they shall pay, in addition to the minimum price of seven millions five hundred thousand dollars fixed by death who murders a slave? the same act, the added sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars, the whole of negroes at the South, that virtue is not amount of said nine millions of dollars to be despised among them? paid in the bonds of the said Company, and which bonds bearing an interest of five per cent, per annum, and payable at the time specified in the said act, shall, without further record, remain a lien on the said Main Line; and it is further therein provided that, upon the execution and delivery of the said bonds, the said Company, and the Harrisburg, Portsmouth, Mount Joy and Lancaster Railroad Company, shall, in consideration thereof, be discharged by the Commonwealth forever, from the payment of taxes upon tonnage or freight carried over said railroads, and that the said Pennsylvania Railroad taxes, and that the purchasers of said Main | thing that makes us feared and respected? Harrisburgh, Portsmouth, Mount Joy and Lancaster Railroad Company, and to alter, enlarge and deepen the canals aforesaid, and to make such locks or dams, and to make in whole or in part a slackwater navigation, as provided in the said act, in the third section thereof, that if any stockholder of the said Pennsylvania Railroad Company should exercise his right to refuse to comply with the said act after a majority of the stockholders shall have accepted the act, his stock may be appropriated by the said Company, without his consent, on paying to the stockholder so refusing the full market value of his stock

ration. That all of said property known as the Main Line, has been advertised by the Governor for sale at the Philadelphia Exchange. on the 25th day of June, 1857, at public auction. It then stated that the President and Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company threaten and intend to bid for and purchase, or to cause to be bidden for and purchased, for their use, the said canals and railroads and other property, known as the said Main Line of the Public Works of the State, at the said public sale or vendue thereof, or whenever the same may be sold, at any adjourned public sale or vendue thereof, and that they threaten and intend to execute and deliver to the State the bonds of the said Company, to the amount of nine millions of dollars in liquidation of the purchase money thereof, and to take possession of and maintain, the said canals and railroads, and encounter and assume all the debts, expenses and obligations incident to the purchase, maintenance and repairs thereof, to the manifest injury and detriment of your orator and such other stockholders and corporators of the said Company as refuse to assent to the adventure and speculation intended to be embarked in by the President and Directors.

at the time of his expulsion from the corpo-

And further it is alleged that such purchase and maintenance by said Company would be a departure from and a violation of the charter of said Company, and also a violation of the Tenth section of the constitution imparing the obligations of contracts.

And further, that the said Pennsylvania Railroad Company is now doing a safe and profitable business, and that, if restricted to the limits of its charter, the interests of a stockholder will be secure, and the value of his stock will annually increase, but that if embark in the speculation offered to them by the said act, the debt and responsibilities of the Company, already very large, will be increased to a vast amount, the business and agents of the Company will be greatly scattered and extended, and spread over distant and unprofitable directions, to the manifest peril of the interests of your orator and the

stockholders thereof. The answer of the defendants will be filed, and an argument before the Court will be heard probably in a short time.

A man named Holsey has been fined against her will. Dear sport, Holsey.

From the New York Day Book. South Carolina to Garrison, Beecher &

Do you believe that the great God and Father of us all is wiser to-day than He was six thousand years ago?

Do you believe that God did not pronounce the great judgment upon Ham and his descendants, that a servant of servants shall thy seed be forever on earth? Do you not believe that God recognized

and established among His chosen people the institution of slavery, and nowhere, from Genesis to Revelations, condemns it as sin-

Do you not believe that there have been slaves and slaveholders in all ages of the

Do you not believe that since God's curse upon negroes, that they have ever been a low, dirty, savage, brutish set of mortals, Do you not know that Rome flourished as

great nation only so long as slavery existed in the empire? Do you not know that the first slaves

rought to this country from Africa were kidnapped and sold by the English? Do you not know that New England had

large share in its traffic and its profits? Do you not know that our Congress, about the year 1800, desired its suppression, but was opposed by the northern vote because of the vast interest she had in the matter, and in consequence and to favor that interest the

Do you not know that the oldest inhabitants in South Carolina never saw a man whose father or grandfather was engaged either directly or indirectly in the capture of African slaves?

Do you not know that such descendants are to be found in every town in New Eng-

Do you not know that slavery is one of the established institutions of the country? Do you not know that in violation of good faith and the laws of the government, the sons of those identical kidnappers are again engaged in stealing the property sold us by their fathers?

Do you not know that when liberated they are ten-fold more miserable than when in bondage?

Do you not know and feel that you care no more for them, but like beasts you let them live and like beasts they die?

Do you not know that the 30,000 now trying to have an existence in Canada are the most miserable and degraded beings on this Do you not know that the law in every

southern State punishes any white man with Do you not believe from the rapid increase

Do you not know that there are at this time 30,000 white prostitutes in the city of

New York? Do you not believe there is sufficient work for philanthropy among the outcasts of New York city and those niggers of Canada, without going mad about "colored persons" so far from home?

Do you not believe the world could better spare any other set of people and territory of land in the wide, wide world than the slaves and territory of the South?

Do you not believe that slavery and cotton and their concomitants, are the main-springs Company shall be released from certain other | to commerce, navigation, the arts, and every-

> earth? Do you not believe that there are more

professing christianity among those 4,000,-000 than the whole united race in Africa combined? Do you not know that slavery has been abolished in the British and French West

Indies, and that the races so liberated are now, with all the blessings of liberty, tenfold worse off than when in servitude? Do you not believe that the too indulgent parent is responsible, in a great degree, for

the degraded conduct of the son? Do you not believe that France and Great Britain have long since discovered their mistake, and would be glad to see us likewise

play the fool? Do you not believe and know that you are so ridiculously simple as to desire the same

thing? Do you not know that you are, in consequence, fast degenerating into fanaticism and

In conclusion, you don't dare to deny a single individual one of the foregoing propositions, and as you cannot, you are obliged, like myself, to conclude that abolitionists are the most contemptible set of knaves and fools claiming citizenship anywhere in genteel society. I am, &c., &c. \*\*

Hallenbeck, the Seducer of Miss Sted-

We have already mentioned the elopement of a Miss Stedman, from a female academy at Auburn, N. Y., with a married man named Hallenbeck. We find in the Auburn American the following account of an interview between the villian and his deserted wife:

We learn from a gentleman belonging to the Northern Hotel in this city that Hallen-beck—the seducer of Miss Stedman—was there on Monday, the 25th inst., and that an interview took place between him and his deserted wife. She is described as a beautiful and interesting woman, of unimpeachable character. Hearing that her husband was there, she came with her little child in her arms to persuade her wandering husband to return to his wife and family. The scene is represented as one calculated to draw tears from one with a heart of marble, as the heartless seducer was called to confront his virtu-

ous and injured wife and forsaken child. "The step-mother of the seduced girl had likewise heard that the destroyer of her honor and peace was there, and she also appeared to him to upbraid him, but toward all ho manifested a brutal insensibility, while the bytanders were affected to tears. It was a scene to melt the hardest heart, as the mother stood with her child in her arms and offered up a prayer to God to turn the heart of her unfaithful husband and the unnatural father of her children again to the family which he had so cruelly deserted. He maintained a stolid indifference—treating her supplications with contempt, and even spurning her from him with violence only to be found in a savage. At first he told her she could not stay under the same roof with him, but at length consented that she might remain for the

"When he was shown to her room; she fose up almost insane with agony and her eyes streaming with tears, and extended her arms to meet him, when he turned upon her with a sour look, and bade her, in a surly tone, "Sit down! sit down!" The wretched wife, bursting into a fit of uncontrollable grief, inquired, "What have I ever done that you should treat me and my dear little childyou should treat me and my dear little child-ron in this manner?" His only reply was, "I don't love you, and can't be happy with you; you must forget me, and you can find some one else to love you." This brutish proposition threw her into a fit of wild and almost maniacal agony. He refused to receive her and treat her as a wife, but throw himself, with his clothes on, across the foot of the bed, and in the midst of her groans, cries and tears, fell asleep and slept soundly till morning, when he took the cars and left her at the hotel. The landlord kindly conveyed her and her child to Port Byron to

"Is there no law to reach such a heart-less scoundrel as this Hallenbeck? If there is, let it be enforced. Let the press, at least, publish this practical freelover, and hold him up to the scorn of every honorable man."

Perfect Likenesses.

Call on PRETTYMAN, at the Central Railroad Station House, and get a Daguerreotype, Amerotype or Photo-GRAPH likeness of yourself. His pictures can't be bentcall and examine specimens.

Plain and Fancy Printing.

Job work of all kinds-such as Handbills, Circulars Business, Visiting, and Show Cards, Tickets, Bill Heads, Deeds, Mortgages, and all kinds of blanks, &c., &c., &c. neatly printed at the "GLOBE" Job Office, Huntingdon. Pa.

DACON & DRIED BEEF- a large

TSN'T IT SO ?—|Use ARTHUR'S cel-FRESH FRUIT

BETTER

Descriptive circulars sent on application. & Orders from the trade solicited.

Be sure to ask for 'Arthur's.' It has stood the test of two seasons, having been used by hundreds of families, hotel and boarding house keepers.

We are now making them for the million.

SWEETMEATS. ROY, Manufacturers under the Patent, Nos. 117 & 119 South Tenth Sircet, (corner George) PHILADELPHIA. SWEETMEATS.

TATANTED IMMEDIATELY.-A Line, or their assigns, shall have the power to purchase or lease the railroad of the said slaves at the South are more happy, better to purchase or lease the railroad of the said slaves at the South are more happy, better that the 4,000,000 of the said slaves at the South are more happy, better that the 4,000,000 of the said slaves at the South are more happy, better that the 4,000,000 of the said slaves at the South are more happy, better that the 4,000,000 of the said slaves at the South are more happy, better that the 4,000,000 of the said slaves at the South are more happy, better that the 4,000,000 of the said slaves at the South are more happy, better that the 4,000,000 of the said slaves at the South are more happy, better that the 4,000,000 of the said slaves at the South are more happy, better that the 4,000,000 of the said slaves at the South are more happy, better that the 4,000,000 of the said slaves at the South are more happy, better that the 4,000,000 of the said slaves at the South are more happy, better that the 4,000,000 of the said slaves at the South are more happy, better that the 4,000,000 of the said slaves at the South are more happy, better that the 4,000,000 of the said slaves at the South are more happy. slaves at the South are more nappy, peties will slaves at the South are more nappy, peties will slaves at the South are more nappy, peties will slave a suit a suit a suit will see a suit wil

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that an application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county by the members of the Presbyterian Congregation of Cottage Church and vicinity, resbyterian Congregation of Cottage Chiffer and vicinity, to graint a charter of Incorporation, and to constitute them and their successors a body politic and corporate in law, by the corporate name of the "Cottage Presbyterian Congregation," and if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, the said Court will at its next session (Angust,) decree and declare them a corporation or body politic, according to the articles and conditions in their potition set forth and contained.

M. F. CAMPBELL,

A Certain Parcel and Tract of Land, situate in Jackson township, in said county, bounded by lands of Benjamin Carver, lands of Joseph Sassaman, survey in the name of George Stever, Neft's heirs and others, con-taining ONE HUNDRED ACRES or thereabouts, more or

assaman and others, containing FIFTY-SIX ACRES

seph Sassaman and others, consumers and allowance, &c.

TERMS—One third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments thereafter with interest from the confirmation, to be secured by the bonds and mortgage of the purchaser or purchasers.

MICHAEL FLESHER,

JOSEPH SASSAMAN, Executors of Peter Sassaman, dec'd.

CHERIFF'S SALE .- By virtue of a Fi. Fa., to me directed, I will expose to Public Sule, on Friday, the 26th of June, 1857, at one o'clock, P. M.. precisely, on the premises, in Cassville, the following described property, to wit:

All those two certain adjoining lots of All those two certain adjoining lots of ground situate in the borough of Cassville, in the county of Huntingdon, bounded on the south by land of Geo. W. Speer, on the north by Dr. H. L. Brown, and on the west by the public Street, containing about three fourths of an acre, more or less, on which is erected a large brick and plastered dwelling house, stable, and other out buildings, known and formerly occupied as a Mansion House, &c., by Robert Speer, dee'd.; and by Indenture, dated 24th August, 1854. sold and conveyed by George W. Speer, and James McIlduff, to Cassville Seminary, the said defendant. Seized and taken in excention and to be sold as the property of Cassville Seminary.

Huntingdon, June 3, 1857.

Huntingdon, June 3, 1857. THE MAIN LINE SOLD.-GEIS-

May 20, 1857. MARRIAGE FOR SALE .- A good

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

## BUSINESS NOTICES.

AD Specimens of "GLOBE" printing can be seen at the office-which will satisfy everybody that it is no longer necessary to go to Philadelphia for neat work. Call and

For Ready-Made Clothing, Wholesale or retail, call at H. Roman's Clothing Store, opposite Couts' Hotel, Huntingdon, Pa., where the very best assortment of goods for men and boys' wear may be found at low prices.

MARRIED. In the borough of Huntingdon, on Tuesday 16th inst., by David Snare, Esq., Mr. Levi Secrist and Miss Marr Jane Smith, both of Blair county.

and excellent lot. just received and for sale by Huntingdon, June 17, 1857. LOVE & McDIVITT.

obrated Self-Scaling Cans and Jars, and you will have fresh fruit all the year at Summer

prices.
Full directions for putting up all kinds of Fruit and Tomatoes, accumpany these cans and jars.
They are made of Tin, Glass, Queensware, and Fire & Acid proof Stone Ware. The sizes are from pints to gallons.—These cans and jars are catirely open at the tops, and Nest, to secure economy in transportation.

For sale by STOREKTEPERS throughout the United States. Descriptive circulars sent on

for the million. ARTHUR, BURNHAM & CIL-

AVE YOUR MONEY by purchasing
Purc Linseed Oil (10 gal. and above) \$1.18 per gal.
Purc Linseed Oil (1 to 10 gallons) \$1.25 " "

Boiled Linseed Oil, always on hand at the Hardware Store of [junc10] JAS. A. BROWN & CO.

RPHANS' COURT SALE OF VAL-UABLE REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, there will be exposed to Public Sale, on the premises, ON TUESDAY, 30TH DAY OF JUNE, NEXT, at 10 o'clock in the forencon,

ALSO-All that Certain Piece, Parcel and

ALSO—All that Certain Fiece, larger and of Widow Sassaman, land claimed by John Rudy, lands of Monroe Furnace and others, containing ONE HUNDRED AND ONE ACKES, more or loss.

ALSO—All the Right, Title and Interest which Peter Sassaman, dec'd., in his lifetime, had and held in and to a certain Parcel and Tract of Land in the tenure of William Sassaman, situate in Jackson township, adjoining the above, lands of Benjamin Carver, lands of Joseph Sassaman and others, containing FIFT-SIX ACRES

SINGER'S Store the head of Navigation, and his assortment now complete.

If you want the worth of your money, go to Geissinger's Cheap Store, West Huntingdon, Pa.

W. J. GEISSINGER.

Of the Huntingdon, May 20, 1857.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of WIL-LIAM MEALY, late of Porter township, Huntingdon coun-ty, dee'd, having been granted to the undersigned, he here-by notifies all persons indebted to said Estate to make im-mediate payment, and those laving claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. WM. D. SIAW, May 20, 1857.\*

Administrator. May 20, 1957.\*

UNTINGDON & BROAD TOP

RAIL ROAD. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT!
On and after Monday, June 1st, 1857, Two Passenger Trains a day, each way—Sundays excepted—will run as follows:

MORNING TRAIN. Marklesburg..... Cove...... Fishers' Summit...

Pleasant Grove. "5.20 Marklesburg: "5.32 Coffee Run. "5.20

day.

Fifty pounds baggage allowed each Passenger. For further information inquire at the office of the Company at Huntingdon.

THOMAS T. WIERMAN, Supt.

Huntingdon, June 1, 1857.

Analytical Physician.—Physician for Diseases of the Langs, Throat and Heart—Formerly Physician to the CINCINNATI MARINE HOSPITAL, Also to Invalids Retreat, Author of "Letters to Invalids," IS COMING! See following Card.

JUNE AND JULY APPOINTMENTS. R. HARDMAN, Physician for the disease of the Lungs, (formerly Physician to Cincinnati Marine Hospital.) will be in attendance at his rooms

4 27. 4 26. 4 25. June 19 & 24.

Indiana, "26.
Greensburg, "25.
Pittsburg, "30.

Pittsburg, "30.

Dr. Hardman treats Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Larryngittis and all diseases of the throat and lungs, by Medical Inhalation, lately used in the Bromton Hospital, London. The great point in the treatment of all human maladies, is to get at the disease in the direct manner.—All medicines are estimated by their action upon the organ requiring relief. This is the important fact upon which Inhalation is based. If the stomach is diseased we take medicine directly into the stomach. If the lungs are diseased, breathe or inhale medicated vapors directly into the lungs. Medicines are antidotes to disease and should be applied to the very seat of disease. Inhalation is the application of this principle to the treatment of the lungs, for it gives us direct access to those intricate air cells, and tubes which lie out of reach of every other means of administering medicines. The reason that Consumption, and other diseases of the lungs, have heretofore resisted all treatment has been because they have never been approached in a direct manner by medicine. They were intended to act upon the lungs, and yet were applied to the stomach. Their action was intended to be local, and yet, they were so administered that they should only act constitutionally, expending their immediate and principal action upon the unoffending stomach, whilst the foul ulcers within the lungs were unmolested. Inhalation brings the medicine in direct contact with the disease, without the disadvantage of any violent action. Its application is so simple, that it can be employed by the youngest infant or feeblest invalid. It does not derange the stomach, or interfore in the least degree with the strength, comfort, or business of the patient.

Other Diseases Treated.—In relation to the following diseases, either when complicated with lung affections or ex-

Other Diseases Treated.—In relation to the following diseases, either when complicated with lung affections or existing alone, I also invite consultation, I usually find them-

promptly curable.
Prolapsus and all other forms of Female Complaints, Irregularities and Weakness.
Palpitation and all other forms of Heart Disease, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, and all other diseases of stomach and bowels, &c All diseases of the eye and all forms of nervous disease.

S. D. HARDMAN, M. D.

Tuno 3. 1857.

No charge for consultation. ISSOLUTION.—The co-partnership heretofore existing between Matilda Shok and Bridger Wallace in the Millinery business, having been mutually dissolved, the undersigned very respectfully informs the Ladies of Huntingdon, and vicinity, that she will continue the business at the same place, and be at all times prepared to furnish her friends with the latest and most fashionable styles of BONNETS, trimmed in the neatest and most "tastey" manner. From her experience in the business, and her success in giving perfect satisfaction here tofore, she flatters herself able to please the most fastidious, and will be thankful for their generous patronage.

The latest styles of Dress Patterns constantly received and for sale—also Bonnet Trimmings, &c., &c., as cheap as

and for sale—also Bonuct Trimmings, &c., &c., as cheap as can be purchased anywhere else. Huntingdon, June 3, 1857. MATILDA SLICK.

MPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.— MPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.—

The "May Flower" arrived in port last week, laving on board, a new and splendid assortment of Groceries, Confectionaries, Provisions, &c., &c., all of which are offered for sale at the Cheap Store of LOVE & McDIVITT, consisting of Hams, Shoulders, Salt and Fish, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, molasses, Cheese, Crackers, Nats, Raisins, Figs, Tamarind, Rice, Sago, Tapioca, Orange Syrup, Pickles. Oranges, Lemons, Oils, Candles, Tobacco, Segars. Fruits and Confectionaries of all kinds, all of which will be disposed of at the lowest figure, for eash or country produce. Purchasers are invited to call and see and examine for themselves.

LOVE & McDIVITT. LOVE & McDIVITT.

Huntingdon, May 20, 1857. NE OF THE TRICKS OF THE TRADE is to get good customers by offering Chcop, and at the same time, GOOD CLOTHING. Whatever others may say of their neighbors leaving town, they will not say that my CLOTHING fails to please the crowds that daily fit themselves at my establishment. The truth is "Old Mose" won't be beat in selling cheap and good Clothing! Those who have doubts upon the subject should calf and see for themselves.

MOSES STROUS.

Huntingdon, May 27, 1857. TSTATE of SAMUEL CALDWELL, dec'd.—ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the Estate of Samuel Caldwell, late of Cromwell township, Huntingdon county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, he hereby notifies all persons indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present persons indepted to said estate, to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

D. CALDWELL, Adm'r.

Shade Gap, May 27, 1857-6t.

OR RENT!—The Slaughter House, situate between the canal and river, and near the new county bridge, in this borough, is offered for sale or rent. This slaughter house, for convenience and location, is the best in town, notise, for contenients and content is the test towns, and offers a good chance to persons who may wish to engage in the business.

The subscriber also offers for sale a good one-horse WAGON, with spring-seat, and HARNESS—suitable for a butcher or for other purposes. Apply to CHRIST. SCHNEIDER.

Hantingdon, May 27, 1857. TXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the Estate of Hacket Harper, Esq-dec'd, late of Dublin township, Huntingdon county, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

W. G. HARPER, WILLIAM HARPER, Shade Gap. May 27, 1857.

Executors.

Shade Gap, May 27, 1957. VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.—The undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of July, 1857, a VALUABLE FARM, situate in Warriorsmark township, Hantingdon county, Pa., estate of John Henderson, dec'd, containing about 342 acres—200 acres cleared. 13 of which are in meadow. The improvements are a two-story stone DWELLING.

HOUSE, with kitchen in basement, a bank barn, a nevertailing spring of limestone water convenient to the house, an apple orchard, and other improvements.

The farm is in a good state of repair and caltivation, and is about one mile from the Pennsylvania Rail Road.

Persons wishing further information, or, to examine the property, can call on or address the andersigned, at Birmingham, near the property.

mingham, near the property.

May 21, 1857.

Executors of Will of John Henderson, decid.

AB-Standard, Hollidaysburg; Intelligencer, Lancaster; Patriot & Union, Harrisburg, publish to amount of \$2 50, and charge Huntingdon Globe.