# THE HUNTINGDON GLOBE, A DEMOCRATIC FAMILY JOURNAL, DEVOTED TO LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS, &C.

### THE GLOBE.

#### Huntingdon, Wednesday, Jan. 21, 1857.

Line upon Line--Here and There a Little.

PAYING UF-Some of our delinquent subscribers .--There are a "few more of the same sort" we should be glad to see or hear from. Come along, gentlemen.

INCREASING-Our circulation. "The price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance," but the price of "THE GLOBE" is only \$1 50 per annum, in advance. Amazingly cheap! Subscribe for it. 13 Gen. Cameron's election was announced in the Uni-

ted States Senate on Thursday. AST-The New York "Herald" and "Mirror" names John

W. Forney for Post Master General. A meeting of his friends in Philadelphia names him for Collector of the

1. Glancy Jones, of Berks, has also been named for a Cabinet office-and David R. Porter for Collector of the Port at Philadelphia.

ST-The Democrats of Pottsville held an indignation meeting, and handled their representatives, Wagonseller and Lebo, pretty roughly. Ditto the Democracy of York their representative S. Menear.

Cameron arrived in Washington on Thursday. Snare's Prize Concert comes off on Friday evening next. A few tickets still on hand. We expect to see a crowded house.

29-Drs. Miller & Frazer, Dentists, may now be found at their rooms near the Presbyterian Church. Call on them if you want to feel comfortable and look ten or twenty years younger than you really are.

100 The new bridge at Huntingdon, now almost completed, will be one of the best jobs on the Juniata; indeed we doubt whether there can be a better bridge erected by any other builders in the State. Messrs. Wise & Eby may feel proud of their work.

Ap-The "Franklin House," now occupied by C. Couts was sold at auction on Saturday, for \$3,660. We have not learned who was the purchaser.

RE-Friend Horton, of Hopewell, who was sometime since badly beaten by a number of Irishmen, is rapidly recovering. He was not beaten because he was a Know Nothing, as the "American" would have it. Horton is a democrat-and would rather take another chance with the rascals than be anything else-that's so, ain't it, Squire. Bro\_Moses Kearton, of Mill Creek, informs his "friends

and acquaintances in Huntingdon county," through the columns of the Shirleysburg Herald, that he "will drink no more intoxicating drinks, unless for medical purposes," and deems the use of whiskey as "injurious to his purse, character and health." Moses has come to a very sensible conclusion I

REFURNED .-- Our neighbor over the way, has returned from his journey to Washington City, whither we supposed he had gone to-be voted for. He looks well.

WHY IS IT ?- Our government lands cost one dollar an acre on an average, and champagne two dollars a bottle .---How many a man dies landless, who, during his life, has swallowed a township, trees and all."

Ar-The man who thought he could learn to make boots by swallowing sherry cobblers, has just got out a work in which he attempts to prove that by eating hops you will acquire a knowledge of waltzing.

Dur old and estcemed friend, JACOB MILLER, Esq., has opened a Scrivener's Office, and will attend to drawing Wills, Deeds, Mortgages, Articles of Agreement, &c., &c .---Mr. Miller is highly competent, and we recommend him to the favorable consideration of our friends. See his card in another column.

A BLASPHEMOUS WRETCH.-At a Black Republican meet ing held at South Dover, Duchess county, N.Y., a few days before the election, the Reverend B. H. Davis, a professional minister of the Gospel, in the course of his "bleeding Kansas" Speech, said: " Every vote cast for James Buchanan and against J. C. Fremont, is a vote to inflict a stripe upon the Back of Jesus Christ." What sort of roligion do they have in Duchess county, where this lunatic holds forth?

Ap-The Huntingdon county Agricultural Society held a meeting on Tuesday evening of last week. We have not been furnished with the proceedings. We would suggest the election of two or three additional Secretaries for the purpose of writing off an extra copy of the minutes within six days from the day of each meeting, to be published in "all the papers of the county!"

THE GREATEST TREAT OF THE SEASON.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE GLOBE. GENERAL EPISTLE. TYRONE CITY, January 17th, 1857.

I have had a Summer in Pennsylvania gain, after a labyrinth of nine years' wanderings between the Allegany and Pacific, Lake Superior and the tropics, interspersed

with metropolitan experiences in Atlantic citics and episodes among the mountains of New England. When I came to Chester | fully increased, and, by adding largely to the in the fence-corners: and from the field of Germantown to the tomb of St. Clair, I have Germantown to the tomb of St. Clair, I have any preceding year. This growth of pros-loitered by the Schuylkill and Brandywine, perity is but partially shown by the publishthe Honeybrook, Susquehanna, Cadorus, Juniata, Aughwick, Mushannon, Kiskiminetas, Black-Lick, Allegany, Monongahela, and fragrant meadows of Loyalhanna, until the Sum-

mer is ended, gray Autumn gathered to a sepulchre of ice, and winds of January are whistling through leafless boughs.

In that time, I have lain in wait for deer among the tall hemlocks and devouring gnats of Clearfield, and prospected for lead ore in nooks by river-side, romantic views from the crests of mountains, and pleasant words freshspoken by friends of long-ago. There has also been a filling-in of editorial recreations, in which dog-chubs and suckers, literary vegetables, rats and other quadrupeds have agglomerated and fizzled through, as grotesquely as blue monkeys waltzing to sheet-iron thun-

der in the mimic scenes of a Bowery melodrama. And now

"The melancholy days have come, The suddest of the year ;"

and as the variety-seeker turns his face eastward, there is a cheerful glow once more about the picture of city life, with its comquick clash of mental steel in which the metal of men's souls melt.

I have lately been to take another look at Canoe Valley-the old valley where the sun has risen more fresh and splendid than it ever shall upon any other valley of earth.-That was in the summer mornings of infancy, when with tottering steps I chased butterflies and hunted the cowslip along the margin of the meadow. Then each afternoon was long as a golden month; there was more of power and liquid sweetness in the warbling of the thrush than in all the grand orchestral melodies of Bethooven; and the green trees reach-

ed up to the thick blue sky whose near roof shut off from view the dazzling angels. But the glory has departed

"From the idols of my childhood, From the valley and the wildwood; From the brook across the meadow, From the orchard's cooling shadow.'

And now the quick-shifting scenery of this ife-drama, for more than a month past. has changed from the cheerful activities of outdoor life to the chamber of the invalid.---Three weeks among the mountains, in windy pronchitis, with its msdnight hours of feverish inquictude. And so a reluctant farewell, lecture-halls, beaming with good-natured faces and eyes to look with kindness into winged hours, or at listless intervals, I watch the snow-flakes drifting bright and free .---Aroused from uncasy slumber at dead of night, by reverberations of the steam-whistle out upon Orion who, in stately march through the southcastern sky, with mailed hand, beckons on the starry host. The Hyades, with its strange-colored Aldebaran; the Seven Stars-that sparkling breast-pin on the darkblue vest of Night; the glittering coronal of Berenice; the Northern Hunter in his circumpolar chase; "Arcturas and his sons," and all the dear stars are there which I have loved from boyhood-the old cternal stars which shone upon Phœnicia and Babylon, the glories of Sesostris, and majestic Homer as he sang of Troy, upon Isaac as he slept in the open field, and upon Bethlehem when Christ was born-shone as they are shining now in the cold calm splendor of everlasting Among the stars,

#### Growth of the United States.

During the past year, says the Washington Globe, the prosperity of the United States has received an unexampled development. The various sources of true national wealth, the cultivation of new lands, the increase of the crops, the extension of manufactures, the working of mines, the import and export trade, foreign and home commerce, the construction and working of railroads, the growth and embellishment of cities, have all wondercounty, last Spring, there were snow-wreaths capital of the conntry, have given such impulse and activity to business of all kinds, that it has far surpassed the best results of ed statements of the Secretary of the Treasury, inasmuch as the fiscal year of the Government closes with the 30th of June, and, while the results of those statements embrace and are largely affected by the business of the latter half of 1855, they do not include that of the latter half of 1856. An approx-imate idea of the business of the year can be formed by examining tables of the com-merce and finances of New York in 1856.---The transactions of the New York clearing house for 1856, show an increase of \$1,700,-000,000, or thirty per cent on those of 1855, Ground Hog Valley situate in the fabulous region beyond Broad Top. I have filled an album of memory with quiet scenes of shady amounted to \$4,772,000,000. They amount now, probably, to triple that sum. If so, the business of New York is equal to half that of London. In the imports and exports of New York, there has been an increase of thirty-three per cent. on those of 1855. The increase in railroad traffic has been from

twenty to thirty per cent. The increase in the cultivation of new lands, one of the chief elements of our prosperity, is shown by the large sales of those lands, and by the grants of the public domain, amounting to seventcen million six hundred thousand acres, nearly four times the extent of Massachusetts, or more than Belgium and Holland united. Besides these large appropriations, Congress has granted during the year to railroads, or to States that will sooner or later partially make a similar disposifortable libraries and lecture rooms, and tion of them, about twenty-one million seven hundred thousand acres; making a total of sales and grants in a single year of thirtynine million three hundred thousand acres. equal in extent to Virginia, or to almost a third of France. Notwithstanding the great decrease for so many years in the Federal domain, the public lands yet remaining unsold in the Territories are equal in extent to the present thirty-one States, or more than all Europe, except Russia. Farming and industrial production has kept pace with other departments. Its approximate value, as estimated by the Secretary of the Treasury from the returns of the census of 1840 and that of 1850, was, during the year 1856 about \$2, 600,000,000, or triple that of 1830.

The Secretary estimates the value of the entire property of the United States, taxed and not taxed, at \$11,317,000,000, exclusive of the public domain. He estimates the population at 26,964,312.

At the close of 1855, there were 21,069 miles of railroad. There are now more than 24,000 miles. The telegraph, which does so much to diminish the loss of interest on capital, and to quicken business by annihilating, as it were, the "magnificent distances" of our territory, now extends in almost every direction throughout the States. It is estimated that the aggregate length of our electric telegraph is from forty to fifty thousand miles. Our merchant marine has made great proweather, has brought back my old enemy, the gress during the year. There have been constructed two hundred and twenty-one steamers, and seventeen hundred and three sail vessels, with an aggregate tonnage of 469,for the season, to steaming it on railroad from 394 tons. Notwithstanding this large addivillage to city, with evenings of illuminated | tion, the official lists show a decrease in the tonnage of the merchant marine on that of 1855, caused by a more careful examination of the old lists, the effect of which has been distinguished and learned Presbyterian clergyman of the mine. "Old books to read" console the slow- to drop from the account a large number of vessels sold abroad, lost, or long since condemned. During the year, the Federal Government has reduced its debt twenty-five per cent .--It now amounts to \$30,000,000, with a resiamong the cliffs of Bald Eagle Gorge, I look | due in the Treasury of \$22,000,000, after the payment of all domands. The President states that this debt can be entirely extinguished for the second time, (it having been entirely liquidated in 1835-36,) by the beginning of 1858, and he recommends that Congress take measures to prevent the injurious effects that would necessarily be produced by too great an accumulation of specie in the Treasury. The statements of the fi-nancial affairs of the various States show everywhere a high degree of prosperity. The different cities, counties and railroads throughout the Union, are in a like flourishing condition. The banks, except a few in the Eastern States, are also generally prosperous, in consequence of the prudent restrictions put upon their transactions by several Legislatures, and by their own private directors.— The clearing houses of New York and Boston, the former established in 1853, the latter in 1855, have a wide influence. They may be considered as the indispensable complement of the free banking system. To the salutary influence exercised by these institutions, may be added that of the guarantee, first demanded of the banks by a law of the New York Legislature, and since exacted by the Legislatures of other States, of a deposit with the State to secure the redemption of bank notes. This latter regulation must prevent the risks of paper money, and the possibility of such excessive issues as preceded the crisis of 1837. The increasing proportion of gold as a circulating medium since the acquisition of California, the system of specie payments adopted by the Government since 1840, and the safe rule for some time pursued by it of making no loans whatever for any purpose, to associations, cities, counties, or states, are additional securities for the permanence of our monied and commercial prosperity. It is thought by many that the development of the resources of the United States depends chiefly on foreign capital. The fallacy of this idea is shown by our progress since the investment of foreign capital among us was checked, three years ago, by the prospect and subsequent actual existence of the Eastern war. In that time our foreign commerce has grown from \$499,000,000 to 3642,000,000, an increase of thirty per cent; there has been a reduction in the national debt of \$41,000,000, or \$10,000,000 more than the present debt; from \$10,000,000, to \$15,000,000, at premiums of ten and fifteen per cent, have been paid on European claims, and \$10,000,000 for the purchase of the Mesilla valley, which equals in extent the kingdom of Belgium; our trade with Canada, under the new treaty, has increased from \$20,000,000 in 1853, to \$50,000,000 in 1856; our railroads, which in 1853 were hardly

16,000 miles long, are now, as already stated, over 24,000 in length; and the mines of California, have supplied us with about \$170,-000,000 in gold, which has paid for our foreign imports, and furnished a residue sufficient for our domestic wants. This residue is obtained by deducting from \$170,000.000, the amount of gold received, \$129,000,000, the amount of specie exported, giving in three years an addition of \$41,000,000 to the circulating medium of the country.

Meanwhile, our tonnage has increased 1,-200,000 tons, or twenty-five per cent; the cultivation of new lands, judging by the sales of public lands, covers an extent of 27,000,000 acres, equal to the State of Ohio, or the kingdom of the Two Sicilies, while the total amount of land sold and granted for various objects has amounted to \$1,800,000 acres, almost equal to New York, Pennsylvania, and Ohio, or to the British Islands and Belgium. While the country has thus improv-ed, villages have been transformed into cities, and cities have grown by the construction of buildings unequalled by any built in former years. In four years the number of post offices has increased twenty-five per cent, or from 20,901 in 1852, to 25,565 in 1856, showing the creation of 4,664 new centers of population in that short period.

Thus, year by year, are the United States advancing in material prosperity, and, as a natural result of the development of their boundless resources, becoming, in a measure, independent of the aid of foreign capital, to which nothing but the desire to develope with still more startling rapidity their great natural advantages need now induce them to resort. A vast, bewildering estate of national wealth and glory is before them, which the great future offers to their eager hands. May they not madly forfeit the noble prize due to national virtue! Disunion and anarchy would snatch it from them; the preservation of peace, union, and republican liberty would insure to them its possession to eternity.

What will Happen in 1857.

A Happy New Year to all our readers "and the rest of mankind !" The old year has gone, the new one has come, and why should ve not wish each other happy. Eighteen hundred and fifty-seven. This date looks a little odd, but we shall soon get

used to it, and date our letters with a 7 instead of a 6. In entering upon a new year, it is an excellent opportunity to form good resolutions, to leave off bad habits, to forsake unprofitable associations, and strike out upon new paths of social and moral improvement. How many of our readers will do it?

In many respects the present year will be a remarkable one. It will contain 365 days, and when it is not cloudy the sun will rise as usual in the east. There will be several collipses of the sun

and moon during the year, all of which may be seen when they are visible. There will be several tremendous thunder

storms, during warm weather, and somebody will get struck with lightning. There will also be high winds, when there s a gale, and, if there should be no rain in July and August, there will be a dry time. The election of a new Governor will occur in our State this year, and somebody will be alected:

Politicians will wax warm, especially in log days, but those who suffer defeat, will be likely to feel disappointed.

There will be wars and rumors of wars. this year, and those who fight in battle will

be apt to smell gunpowder. There will be fluctuations in the money and provision markets. Those badly in debt will realize the value of bank bills, more than

"SUPPOSED MURDER"—In our telegraphic column, this morning, will be found a dis-patch from Altoona, stating that "the body of a well dressed man was found about two miles from that place, with his throat cut," &c., and that a letter was found in his pock-et addressed to Samuel L. Norcross, Dun-leith, Illinois." We learn from Mr. Samuel McMasters, that a man bearing the same name, S. L. Norcross, stopped at the Eagle Hotel, in this city, on the night of the 14th inst, and remained there until the evening of the 15th, when he left on the 9.30 train on the Pennsylvania Railroad. He was a young man, in delicate health, and subject to fits of

man, in delicate health, and subject to fits of insanity. He was accompanied by a man named David McKinney, of Philadelphia, who had him in charge. They hailed from Illinois, and were bound for East Lexington, Mass. It is therefore not unlikely that Norcross may have left the train at Altoona, and being deranged, may have committed suicide. The facts will probably soon be developed. -Pittsburgh Union.

Dec. 1st, four little boys broke through the

ice on the lake near their school house, in

Waterville, Wis. The villagers hastened to

the spot, but the ice was so thin that none

dared venture to their aid. At this moment,

just as the boys were sinking, a young man, eighteen years of age, named John Adams,

sprang forward, seized a fishing spear, and

leaving most of his clothes on the bank

olunged into the lake and saved two of the

boys. He then made another dash, and

saved the third. Adams was now almost ex-

told those on shore to pull him in if he sank,

and cried out, "Stand by the rope, I am going to him." He then plunged in, swam

out some ten rods, breaking the ice with his

hands, seized the boy, who was sinking for

the third time, carried him ashore, and re-stored him to his mother's arms.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

THE DAY IS FIXED!

EDM. SNARE'S

PRIZE CONCERT

Will Positively take place, without fail,

I wo shares valued at \$25 coch, consisting Ist, of 1 Silver Patent Lever, \$25; 1 Sile Case, 10; 1 Pearl Inlaid Iron Clock, \$10; and 1 Ladies Breast Pin, \$5. 2d, consisting of 1 twenty-two keyed Accorderst, \$10; 1 Eight-day Clock, \$7; 1 solid Gold Scarf Pin, \$12; 1 Iein-glass Fan, \$5; 1 Gold Pen, \$3; and an assorted lot of Jew-elry and Fancy Goods, \$13. Four charges yn luad at \$25 coch, consisting

Four shares valued at \$25 each, consisting, 1st, of 1 Silver Watch, \$12; 1 Show Case, \$10; and 1 Gold

Fen, S5. 2d, 1 Large Watch, \$12; 1 Gold Locket, \$8; and 1 Gold Pencil. \$5. 3d, 1 Chrystal Scal, \$13; 1 Gold Pen, \$3; 1 pair Ear Rings, \$6; and 1 fine Finger Ring, \$3. 4th, 1 Colts Revolver, \$20; and 1 box Mathematical In-struments \$5.

A NOBLE FELLOW .- On the morning of Eight shares valued at \$12,50 each, consis-

Eight shares valued at \$12,50 each, consis-ting, lst, of 1 Mantel Clock, Glass Cover, \$7;1 Accordeon, \$3; and 1 Breast Pin, \$250. 2d, consisting of 1 pair Ivory Mounted Pistols, \$10; and 1 Ladies' Pencil, \$250. 3d, consisting of 1 Hořizontal Clock, (glass cover.) \$7;1 Ladies' Pearl Card Case, \$4; and 1 Finger Ring, \$150. 4th, consisting of 1 set of Mathematical Instruments \$5; 1 set Silver P. Forks, \$4; 2 Finger Rings, \$350. 16 shares valued at \$6 25 each, consisting of a lot of Lewelry, Fancy Goods, \$c.

of a lot of Jewelry, Fancy Goods, &c. 32 shares valued at \$3,12 each, consisting of Jewelry, &c.

- 04	••	••	1,50	••	•••	••	
123	"	"	78	<b>66</b>	46	**	46
	<del>64</del>	\$4	39	44	46	"	66
489	"	"	10	"	**	et ,	66
Ĩ'n	addition	to the	articles	affead	y enu	merated there	will

hausted, but the mother of the fourth boy was standing near, in horrible agony, and Adams said to her, "I will save your boy or die." Tying a rope around his waist, he

In addition to the articles already counserated there will be distributed Brushes, Perfumery, Violin Bows, Fine Rö-zors, Shaving Cases, Spectacles, and a variety of articles usually found in a store of this kind. The Concert will take place on Friday, 23d day of Janu-ary, inst. The music will be discoursed by the unrivaled Excelsior Brass Band, the pleasure of hearing which is es-timated at one dollar, and is so conceded by all good judges. Send your orders early and they will be promptly and honestly attended to EDM. SNARE, Untingdon Pa

SCOTT & CO'S REPRINT of THE BRITISH PERIODICALS AND THE FARMER'S GUIDE. A great reduction in the price of the latter pub

lication. L. SCOTT & CO., NEW YOKK, continue to publish the fol-lowing leading British Periodicals, viz :

1. THE LONDON QUARTERLY (Conservative).

THE EDINBURG REVIEW (Whig)."

THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW (Free Church).

THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Liberal).

BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURG MAGAZINE (Tory).

N. B. The price in Great Britain of the five Periodicals above named is about \$31 per annum. THE FARMER'S GUIDE THE FARMER'S GUIDE TO SCIENTIFIC AND PRACTICAL AGRICULTURE. By HENRY STEPHENS, F. R. S., of Edinburg, and the late J. P. NORTON, Professor of Scientific Agriculture in Yale College, New Haven. 2 vols. Royal Octavo. 1600 pages, and numerous Wood and Steel Engravings. This is, confessedly, the most complete work on Agricul-ture ever published, and in order to give it a wider circu-lation the publishers have resolved to reduce the price to FIVE DOLLARS FOR THE TWO VOLUMES! When sent by mail (nost paid) to California and Oregon FIVE DOLLARS FOR THE TWO VOLUMES! When sent by mail (post paid) to California and Oregory the price will be \$7. To every other part of the Union and to Canada (post paid), \$6. \$57 This work is not the old "Book of the Farm." Remittances for any of the above publications should al-ways be addressed, post-paid, to the Publishers, LEONARD SCOTT & CO., jan7 No. 54 Gold Street, New York.

ON FRIDAY, JANUARY 23, 1857. BELSECURE TICKETS SOON : COME ALONG! nor The people attending Court will certainly call at

Prettyman's Daguerreotype Gallery, and get a beautiful

Picture of Themselves.

Plain and Fancy Printing. Job work of all kinds-such as Handbills, Circulars Business, Visiting, and Show Cards, Tickets, Bill Heads, Deeds, Mortgages, and all kinds of blanks, &c., &c., &c. neatly printed at the "GLOBE" Job Office, Huntingdon. Pa. AD-Specimens of "GLOBE" printing can be seen at the ffice-which will satisfy everybody that it is no longer necessary to go to Philadelphia for neat work. Call and see for yourselves.

#### Ambrotypes and Daguerreotypes.

E. P. PRETTYMAN respectfuly informs the public that he s now perpared to take Dauguerroetypes and Ambrotypes

Wholesale or retail, call at H. ROMAN'S Clothing Store,

opposite Couts' Hotel, Huntingdon, Pa., where the very

on glass, put up with double or single glass. Rooms at the Station House, Huntingdon Pa.

For Ready-Made Clothing,

has our thanks for two messes of krout. Our barrel went to staves for the want of something to put in it.

23\_Patrick Smith, tried last week for the murder of his child, was found guilty in the second degree. Not yet sentenced. We defer the publication of the Commonwealth cases until next week.

THE BIBLE AND SLAVERY .--- The Rev. Albert Barnes, the New School, has lately written a pamphlet attempting to prove that the Bible gives no sanction to slavery. The Rev: F: A. Ross, a brother clergyman of the same branch of the Church, is replying in the Christian Observer, a Presbyterian paper, and his argument is that the Bible does sanction slavery, and that it is in condemnation of every principle of the abolitionists.

How TO SWEETEN SOLITUDE .--- Shut a boy down in a cellar. and give him free access to the molasses barrel.

The Dake of St. Thora was in Petersburg, Va., last week, on his way to New York. He is a splendid nigger, with lots of baggage-is a high noble of Hayti, a particular friend of Faustin, and visits the United States with a view to matrimony! "What do you think of that girls?" Ap-The New Marriage Law, which has just been passed in Austria, recognizes the marriage of a boy of 14 with a girl of 12 as valid, "but the parties are to be separated until they are of age."

For Talk about "mysterious knockings,"-what is more mysterious than the knockings of two human hearts, set in operation by the magnetism of youthful love? The pews in Henry Ward Beecher's Church, Brook-

lyn, have been rented at \$13,000, for the next year. GONE.-Of the 26 members of the famous Hartford Con-

vention, every one has passed to his grave. MATRIMONY MADE EASY .--- A bill has been introduced into the North Carolina legislature, entitled "An act to encourage and promote matrimony." This bill authorizes the silence. judges of the supreme and superior courts, and all licensed practising attorneys-at-law, to solemnize the rites of mat. rimony, under the same rules as justices of the peace and ministers of the Gospel.

It is a singular fact, that when the Indian swears he swears in English. There are no oaths in the Indian and deserves a wide circulation : vernacular.

minated by disease and famine.

appointment of the County Superintendent, will deliver a Lecture on the subject of Education in the Court House on Saturday evening next. The public are earnestly requested to attend. All those interested in the great subject of education should not fail to be He seriously interferes with the course of present.

MORE TERRITORIES-NEW STATES, &c .--Judge DougLAS, of the Committee on Territories in the Senate, has in charge the matter involved in the bill of Mr. RICE, of Minnesota. to authorize that Territory to form a constitution and State government, preparatory to her admission into the Union. It is understood that Judge DougLas will soon report a bill for this purpose, and also to form a new Territory out of the Territory of Min-nesota, to be called the Territory of Dacotah. Judg? DOUGLAS' bill will propose the division of Minnesota, by a north and south line, into nearly equal parts, the eastern half to form the new State of Minnesota, and the western half the Territory of Dacotah.

A bill authorizing the people of Oregon to in committee of the whole in the House, and five years." it is probable that this will be taken up and passed through at the same time with the sons know what was said of each other, there would not bills above alluded to.

MAX. GREENE.

PRINTING OFFICE LOAFERS.—The following, from an Eastern paper, is sensible to the last,

"A printing-office is like a school-it can have no interlopers, hangers-on, or twaddlers, withcut a serious inconvenience, to say noth-EDUCATIONAL.-Prof. J. F. STODDARD, by ing of lost time, which is just as much gold to the printer, as if metallically glittering in his hand. What would be thought of a man who would enter a school, and twaddle first with the teacher, and then with the scholars; interrupting the studies of one, and breaking the discipline of the other? And yet, this is the effect of the loafer in the printing-office. business, distracts the fixed attention which is necessary to the good printer, and the in-

terest of every establishment. No real man ever sacrifices the interest, or interferes with the duties of others. The loafer does both. Let him think, if thought he ever has, that the last place he should ever insinuate his worthless and unwelcome presence into, is the printing-office.

AD The omnibus drivers of Covington, Ky., it is said, charge double for ladies wearing hoops.

AT The President elect has just been chosen an hono able member of the Long Island Bible Society. A Bible was rafiled off at a coffee house in Louis-

ville a few days ago. It was put up at \$100, and won by a Southern Kentuckian, who threw 44.

10 An Illinois editor, speaking of a rogue who lives in his vicinity, says: "The rascal has broken every bank, and form a constitution and State government, is jail, and Sabbath we have had in this county for the last

199 I hold it to be a fact, says Pascall, that if all per. be four friends in the world.

creditor's bills, while those who have neither money or credit will feel pretty well downin the mouth. Flour will rise and fall ; so will the mercury in the thermometer. Butter and lard will have a downward tendency, especially in hot weather; so will oysters and other vegetables, and eatables, when cooked and ready for the palate.

Ministers will preach some of their hearers to sleep, as usual, and hypocrites will wear long faces on Sundays, but unless two Sabbaths should come in one week, there will be twenty-six working days in a month, the same as last year.

Lawyers will be in clover this year, if they should find clients who have plenty of money, but Justice will not deal mercifully with such as have empty pockets. Doctors will keep on hand a large stock of pills, calomel, and advice, and if these succeed in killing their patients, the cause of their deaths will be attributed to a "mysterious Providence," but bills for attendance will not diminish in consequence, nor dyspeptic people leave off taking patent quack nostrums.

Old maids will not grow any older this year, widowers and widows will wear crape. and sigh heavily at each other's presence. but old bachelors will remain as crusty as ever. Silly young ladies and gentlemen will read novels and talk about matrimonial bliss, but young men and women will dispense with such nonsense and go and get married. At all events a great many persons will commit suicide or matrimony this year, notwithstanding which, moonshiny evenings will be just as lovely as ever.

There will be an unusual number of signs and wonders during the present year. Young persons will dream singular dreams, and superstitious people will hear strange sounds. Stars will be seen to fall from heaven, and snow will come down in small flakes, yet there will be green grass in the spring, and turkeys for next thanksgiving.

A remarkable phenomenon will happen on the 20th of March and on the 20th of September. The days and nights will then be just of a length, and the earth will turn completely over without hurting any one. But houses will get on fire about this time, unless people are careful of their matches.

Slanderers and backbiters will not get weary this year. There will be plenty of material for scandal, and if tea parties and sewing circles are rightly managed there will be gossipping among neighbors for the next twelve months. Yet there will be mosquitoes in July and apples in September.

A thousand other remarkable things will happen during the year 1857. There will be births and deaths, murders and riots, steamboat explosions and railroad accidents, but editors will continue to furnish their own brains to feed the mental appetites of other people, and go hungry themselves, while Old Nick will continue to collect the names of those who cheat the printer, in order to give them "fits" heroafter.

## MARRIED. At the M. E. Parsonage, on the 15th inst-, by the Rov. D. Sheaff, Mr. WILLIAM MILLER of West township, and Miss MARY COLESTOCK of Huntingdon, Pa.

DIED, At his residence in Juniata township, on Tuesday morning the 20th instant, Mr. JOHN YOCUM, aged 62 years, 11 months and three weeks.

.. . .

est assortment of goods for men and boys' wear may be found at low prices.

Express Notice. The Office of THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY, has been removed to the H. & B. T. R. R. Office.

Huntingdon, Jan. 7, 1857.

CRIVENER'S OFFICE.-The un-D dersigned will attend to drawing Wills, Deeds, Mort-gages, Articles of Agreement, Leases, Letters of Attorney, Bonds, &c. He will also arrange and state Administrators Accounts and attend to the passing of them before the Reg ister. All will be done in logal form, in good style, and at moderate charges. JACOB MILLER. Huntingdon, January 21, 1857.

MERRY SLEIGH RIDE will be enjoyed by those who supply themselves with BELLS from the large assortment found at the Hardware Store of January 21, 1856. JAS. A. BROWN & CO. January 21, 1856. JAS. A. BROWN & CO. 50 TONS BROAD TOP COAL just Funtingdon, Jan. 21, 1857. CUNNINGHAM & DUNN.

DRS. MILLER & FRAZER, DENTISTS, Huntingdon, Pa. Office of R. A. Miller, near the Presbyterian Church. January 14, 1857.

EDICATION .- The M. E. Church

DEDIUATION.—The M. E. Church in Huntingdon will be dedicated to the service of Almighty God, on Sunday, February 1st, at 11 o'clock A. M. Services will be conducted by Revs. Bishop Waugh, J. A. Collins, Dr. T. Bowman, J. Poisal and others. A cor-dial invitation is extended to Preachers and people of con-tiguous charges. D. SHOAFF, Pastor. Huntingdon, January 14, 1857.

DUCATIONAL.-The undersigned, guished Scholar and Friend of Popular Education," will be pleased to meet the teachers, directors, and citizens in their At Shirleysburg, on Wednesday evening, the 14th inst. At Scottsville, on Thursday and Friday, the 15th and 16th

inst. At the Court-house in Huntingdon, on Saturday evening, the 17th inst. At Alexandria, on Monday evening, the 19th inst. At Shavers Creek Bridge, on Tuesday evening, the 20th

inst. At Manor Hill, on Wednesday evening, the 21st inst. At Ennisville, on Thursday evening, the 22d inst. Lectures will be delivered at each of these places by Prof. Stoddard on educational subjects of the highest importance to the community. Mr. Stoddard has probably had more experience in Normal Schools and Normal instruction, than env may in our State.

Experience in Normal Schools and any man in our State. Our friends will favor us by procuring suitable places for ALBERT OWEN. ur meetings. Huntingdon, Jan. 12, 1857.

OTICE .- All persons indebted to WILLIGHT, January 14, 1857.

TEW SADDLE AND HARNESS

TEW SADDLE AND HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT.—The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon, and surrounding country, that he has opened a new Saddle and Harness es-tablishment on IIII Street, in the borough of Huntingdon, two doors east of J. & W. Saxton's store, where he is prepared to furnish Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Blankets, Bu ffalo Robes, Sleigh Bells, Whips, Girtha, and every article belonging to his line of business, at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms. for cash or country produce. No credit will be given—his terms will be cash or country produce for all articles'sold. His articles will be made of good material and in the best style. He invites customers to give him a call, and he will try to please them. JOHN G. GILBERT.

Huntingdon, January 14, 1857.

Infiniting tool, January 14, 1857. OW'S THIS !-J. & W. Saxton arc now receiving their Second Fall and Winter Stock of NEW and FASHIONABLE DRY GOODS! Enumeration is unnecessary, but what every body says, must be true, and every body says the place to find the BEST ASSORTMENT of DRY GOODS in these parts, is at J. & W. SAXTON'S. [Dec. 10, '56.] A Splendid lot of Fancy and Striped Sills Energh Woring Cashmere, Lyons Cloth. Robes,

Splendid lot of Fancy and Striped Silks, French Morino, Cashmere, Lyons Cloth, Robes, Fancy and Striped Delaines, Porsian Twills. Also a handsome assortiment of Collars, Undersleeves and Mitts, just received and for sale cheap by dec17 J. & W. SAXTON

. .......

IST OF LETTERS remaining in the A Post Office at Huntingdon, Pa., January 1, 1857, which if not lifted on or before the 1st day of April next will be sent to the General Post office as dead letters. will be

will be sent to the General	Post office as dead letters.
Α	Mr. Lasber
David O Anman	Harriet A L Lewis
В	Samuel Linn
Jacob Barrick	John Larky
John Baker	Wm C Leidy
John Brickit	M
C	Wm Moore
Samuel Crawford	J W Moore
Joseph S Camp	Henry Miller
Wm L Cunningham	Joseph McCoy
James M Clark 2	James Mooro
John Countryman	James McCully
Ferdinando Camilli	N N
Frank Campbell	John Newkirk
E Cooper	Alex. Newell
Patrick Coil	P 1 P
Mary Crigh	J Porland Esq
D	R
M Douty, Esq Daniel J Dill 2	Mrs Jane Reed
Daniel J Dill 2	Miss Julia Ross 2
Mrs Matilda Dodson	Philip Ritter
E	Jane E Ramsey
Jackson Emerick	S
Miss Chloe Eddy	Howard Smith
Martha Eager.	Wm R. Smith 3 <sup>e</sup>
F	Wm H H Snyder
George Fetter	Mrs M A Stewart
G	Mrs Sarah Smith
Mary Gilbrith	Mary Sullivan
David T Green	Dr J H Stewart
Hannah Graham	John Swan or J Morrow
J W Grizzard 3	George Smith
M Good	Mary Shoenfelt
H	T
Sarah A Hall	John Trunter 2
J B Holmes	Alex Troutman
Josiah Hall	Nelson Timpkins
A C Howard	W
A G Henry B F Houk	James Wilson
Matilda Hicks	Samuel Wright John A Witmer
Christian Herro	
1&J	Abram Welle
Geo. Irvin	Isaac Wolverton
A Ingraham	Wm II Wharton
ĸ	Mary Walls 2
W C Kocher	Barbara Wilcox
L	Carolino G, Watson
John Logan	
Persons inquiring for	· letters on this list will plea

\$3\_P 13 Porsons inquiring for letters on this list will please by they are advortised. WM. LEWIS, P. M. Huntingdon, January 2, 1857.

NEW BOOK FOR AGENTS .----A NEW BOOK FOR A G E N TS. — THE LIFE and TIMES of ALEXANDER HAMIL-TON; by Samuel M. Smucker, A. M., author of the Life and Reign of Nicholas I, of Russia, &c., &c. This is the only complete and reliable blography of this GREAT MAN. He was the infinate personal FAILEND OF WASH: INGRON, and by many considered his equal. This work includes a history of the times and fine' of the Revolution, and many incidents not heretofore given if M history. It has all the charms of romance, although pre-great and good men of our Revolution. A sketch of BURN is also given, and an account of his miserable end. Agents wanted in every part of the United States, for this and other valuable works, to whom the largest com-missions will be paid. Copies sent by mail, on receipt of the price, SL. J. W. BRADLEY, Publisher, No. 48 North Fourth Street, January 7, ISW-IM.

January 7, 1857-1m. No. 48 North Fourth Street, January 7, 1857-1m. Philadelphis

SEGARS, SEGARS.—A large lot of SEGARS, SEGARS.—A large lot of the best Segara—consisting of Fire Fly, Opera, La Dukipena, La Suiza, El Neptuno, and lo,000 other brands, —all the best that could be procured in the city, just re-ceived and for sale by LOVE & MCDIVIT. FRESH MACKEREL & HERRING, just received and for sale by LOVE & MCDIVIT.

a construction of the second second