THE HUNTINGDON GLOBE, A DEMOCRATIC FAMILY JOURNAL, DEVOTED TO LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS, &C.

THE GLOBE. Circulation-the largest in the county. RUNTINGDON, PA. Wednesday, December 10, 1856.

The second s Our New Mill.

We say our new mill, because if there is any one thing in which every citizen has a special interest, it is the mill-therefore, we say our new mill. It is now in running order at last. We were through it on Monday last from the roof to the water wheels, and to our notion a better mill, or as good, will be hard to find.

Messrs. Fisher & McMurtrie, six months ago, pulled down that old rat hole, the town mill, and now in its place stands an entire new structure, with a beautiful exterior, and with all the improvements of the age in its internal machinery and economy. They have not of the Jouval Water Wheels—four to drive five run of stones, and one to drive the machinery and smutter. Grain can now be ground at sight. Farmers can come in with a load of grain and can take the flour home the same trip. The chopping stones will chop twenty bushels to the hour. No high water will stop the wheels in use, and neither dry nor cold weather will stop. the mount is a neither flour the moon when her value growth and the carbon when her whole disk or a considerable part of it which is turned towards the earth is enlightened by the sun, has the effect of accelerating vegetable growth and the ripening of crops, are well attested by experience and in perfect accordance with natural philosophy. But this bas nothing to do with the signs. The moon being nearer to the earth than any other ce-testial body, and surpassed in splendor only by the great orb of day, she has excited the attention of astronomers in all ages. While her magnitude, motions and distance from the earth have been nicely calculated and made known to us by astronomers and mathematicians, they have told have five of the Jouval Water Wheels-four dry nor cold weather will stop the mill. It is just the thing—farmers bring in your grain and try our new mill.

for Life is a romance which most young ladies would like to begin, by reading the chird volume first, as it is the one which generally contains the marriages. They, the ladies, should have their pictures taken at E. P. PRETTYMAN's Daguerreotype Gallery, by all means, that's so. Rooms at the Station House, up stairs.

FSF Read the President's Message. ASTOUNDING DEVELOPMENT.-Journal.

Yes, who'd have believed it. On Wednesday last Constable Long waited upon Dr. Brewster, and summoned him to appear before Esq. Snare to answer to a charge against him for defrauding the United States. The old sinner confessed his guilt-paid a fine of five dollars and costs-and departed, uttering prayers for our future welfare-over the left.

DULL SALE-Penny stamps-since Doctor Brewster's rate of Letter postage has been abelished.

FAT TIMES-In every direction. Hope some of our friends may become disgusted with the quantity of sausage they may have on hand. We have nothing to batcher but a few corn crib Shanghais.

INFORMATION WANTED-Of a certain S. T. Fulton, book agent and dealer in gift enterprises.

BROAD TOP COAL-Large quantities are daily passing over the Penna. Road, for eastern consumers.

As we expected-The Journal liars say that Mr. Gillam, acting postmaster at Coffee Run, informed them that he gave up all prin-of the moon and the consequent changes of the weather. But this is a slight digression. ted mail matter in the office, and that all, (with the exception of a single package,) was taken." Now, Mr. Gillam informs us that the Journal men lie-that he gave them no such information. Will they publish a statement of Mr. Gillam, over his name, as he is of their party; he certainly cannot object to making a public statement.

REPORT ON LUNAR INFLUENCE UPON AGRICULTURE.

[Published by a resolution adopted at the last meeting of the Huntingdon county Agricultural Society.] To the President and Members of the Agricultural Society

of Huntingdon County: The undersigned Committee, to whom was referred the subject of Lunar Influences on Agriculture, Respectfully Report, That, deeming the subject one of great importance to the farming community, your committee have endear-ored to give it that degree of attention which its import-

When it is remembered that at least two thirds of all when the remainder the second the reason two finds of all the persons engaged in Agriculture and Horticulture, as well as many of those who pursue mechanical avocations, regulate all their operations by the "signs" or position of the moon in the zodiucal constellations, or its place in re-

regulate all their operations by the "signs" or position of the moon in the zodiacal constellations, or its place in re-gard to its own and the earth's orbit, it will at once be ap-parent that it is a matter of great importance whether there is any philosophy or science in this system of Moon-ology or whether it is but superstition and folly. When you ask the believers in lunar influences upon vegetation, in the sense above indicated, for the reason for the faith that is in them, they refer you to the almanae, and there you may contemplate the figure of a man with outstretched limbs, surrounded by the ram, the bull, the twins, the crab and other animals of various degrees of ferecity, but the rationale they cannot give, for the alma-nae gives it not; but-their ancestors from time immemo-rial looked to the "signs" and regulated their operations by them, and therefore, they, their sons and daughters go on in the same beaten track, in "blissful ignorance" whither it leads or why they go therein. Your Committee beheve that aside from the effects pro-duced by the solar light which is reflected upon the earth by the moon she has no influence whatever upon vegeta-tion. That light, as well as heat and moisture are indis-pensable to beautiful vegetable growth, is a fact too plain to be denied or successfully controverted. And that the increased (and perlaps the quality of) light reflected from the mon when her who we approximate to fit

to us nothing concerning her influence upon vegetation; and this simply, because they, in all their close observations and nice calculations, have never discovered any such influence. The moon, like other satellites and the planets, is an opaque

The moon, like other satellites and the planets, is an opaque body, and shines entirely by the light received from the sun. She revolves round her axis from the sun to the sun again in 29 days, 12 hours, 44 minutes and 3 seconds, and she takes exactly the same time to go around her orbit from new moon to new moon, and therefore constantly has the same side turned towards the earth, with a small variation called the libration of the moon. *The moon's phases.* The sun illuminates one half of the moon a all times; and the automnt of light which is re-

moon at all times; and the amount of light which is re-flected depends upon the relative position of the observer and the enlightened part of the moon. Thus, at the time of conjunction or new moon, the moon is between the carth and the sun, and that part of her face which is never seen from the curth is fully enlightened by the sun, and that part which is turned towards the earth is in darkness. Now, as the motion of the moon in her orbit 'exceeds the apparent motion of the sun by a little over twelve degrees in twenty-four hours, it follows that about four days after the new moon she will be seen a little east of the sun after he has sink below the horizon. The convex part of the moon will be towards the place of the sun, and the horns towards the left hand. As she continues her course easttowards the left hand. As she continues her course east-ward a greater portion of her face towards the earth will become enlightened; and when she has removed ninety degrees eastward of the sun she will present the appear-ance of a semi-circle or half moon. And passing still to-wards the east, at the end of 1434 days, she will be diamet-rically opposite to the sun and will rise above the eastern horizon as the sun sinks behind the western, a complete circle or *fall moon*. The earth is now between the sun and the moon, and that half of her surface which is constantly turned towards the earth is wholly enlightened by the di-rect rays of the sun, and that half which is never seen from the earth is in dakness. Then, progressing still to from the earth is in darkness. Then, progressing still to the eastward, the moon becomes deficient on her western edge, and when again ninety degrees from the sun she ap-pears a semicircle with the convex side turned towards the sun: still continuing her course eastward, the deficiency on her western edge becomes greater, and she appears a crescent with the convex side towards the east; and in about 14 ± 2 days more she has made a complete lunation and again overtaken the sun. This shows all the phases of the moon, and the manner in which they are produced; and to our minds it is very apparent that these changes or appearances which are constantly and gradually taking place, can have no other effects than those produced by in-

place, can have no other effects than those produced by in-creased or diminished light. Nodes of the more, or the "up" and the "down" signs.— The nodes are the two opposite points where the orbit of the moon seems to intersect the ecliptic or the apparent path of the curth. But this intersection is merely imagi-nary, the earth moving around the sun at a distance of 95,-000.000 of miles, and the moon around the earth at a dis-tance of 240,000 miles, or less than a quarter of a million of miles. The orbit of the moon is inclined to that of the earth at a variable angle, the medium of which is 50 9).— The nodes make a complete retrograde rovolution from earth at a variable angle, the medium of which is 5° 9.— The nodes make a complete retrograde royolution from any point of the ecliptic to the same again in 19 years.— This is called the cycle of the moon, after which the new and the full moons &c. fall upon the same days of the month that they did at the beginning of the period. If the weather depended upon the changes of the moon, every nineteenth year would have the same sort of weather at all corresponding seasons. An almanac nineteen years of the moon and the consequent changes of the weather.

The signs are the invention of the ancients, and like that system of fables styled mythology, they had their origin in superstitious and idelatrous notions. The Chal-deans probably, are entitled to the credit, such as it is, of imagining that certain groups of stars resembled certain animals, such as the bear, the dog, the scrpent, &c., and the Egyptians worshipped the host of heaven under the most of these imaginary figures, particularly the signs of the zooline. They also worshipped the sun under the mame of Oxiv, imagining it a proper representative of the Deiof Osics, imagining it a proper representative of the Dei-ty, shedding light and heat over the universe. And as the ty, shedding light and heat over the universe. And as the moon received her light from the sun, she was esteemed a female divinity, and honors were paid her, as such, under the name of *Isis*. The overflowing of the Nile, which oc-curred periodically, was particularly beneficial to the land of Egypt, and as that river always began to swell at the rising of Sirius, the most brilliant of the fixed stars, they had a special vomeration for the dog star, as if its influence had brought about the overflow of the Nile, and the con-secuent fortility of the soil

equent fertility of the soil. The Greeks displaced some of the figures of the Chalde an constellations, and placed in their stead such images as had reference to their own history. The same thing was done by the Romans: and hence, some of the accounts given of the signs of the zodiac and of the constellations.

are contradictory and involved in fable. Such is the history of the signs of the zodiac in a con-densed form. These constellations and signs were clus-ters of stars which marked the position of the sun in the heavens, and were called the "station houses" of the sun...-They are twelve in number. containing each 30 degrees, and the sun was about a month in passing through each of them. When we consider that in the days of their origin, chronometers and almanaes had no existence, and astrono-my was in its infrancy, we cannot but admire the beauty of the system as well as appreciate its utility. It made a magnificent time piece of the star spangled choopy, and the hosts of heaven pointed out the length of days. months and years. What a perversion it is, then, to make these signs or constellations the "station houses" of the moon as she passes around the earth. It converts them into food for superstition and ignorance, and they carry with them ire contradictory and involved in fable. she passes around the earth. It converts them into too for superstition and ignorance, and they carry with them a train of inconveniences. The moon's transit through the signs is rapid, occupying but a little over two days in each, and the almanac makers place her in one sign two days or three days as best suits their convenience, without regard to fractions of days.

For example: the sign is in the Crab for two or three days, according to the almanac, and although the weather may be fine, and the field in excellent order, the farmer may be first, and the held in sover plant in that inau-picious sign. Or the sign is in Virgo, sometimes called the "Poscy Girl," and everything then sown or planted, will expend all its energy in blossoms, on account of that girl's propensity for flowers. And equally good logic is employ-ed in behalf of all the other signs. What folly!

ed in behalf of all the other signs. What folly! The believer in moonology will no doubt be gratified to learn that when the moon's position is between the earth and any of the zodiacal signs, the stars composing that sign are so immensely far from both the earth and the moon, that they cannot possibly have any influence what-ever, upon the earth or any of the operations of the in-habitants of the earth! The fixed stars nearest the earth are at an inconceivable distance. It may be stated to be more than twenty billions of miles; but the common mind can form no adequate conception of such distance. We may acquire some faint idea of the immense distance of the nearest of the fixed stars from the earth, by considering that the sum is 95,000,000 of miles from the earth, and that the nearest of the fixed stars is 212,000 times farther disthat the sun is 95,000,000 of miles from the earth, and that the nearest of the fixed stars is 212,000 times farther dis-tant. A cannon ball flying with a uniform velocity, 500 miles every hour, would require four millions and five hundred and ninety-five thousand years before it could move from one of those stars to the earth; and the differ-ent stars of the same constellations may be at still greater distances from each other. Such immensity of space is bewildering to the ordinary mind; but these considerations show plainly that the moon's position in regard to any of the constellations, can have no influence upon the carth, which is but as an atom in the universe.

In conclusion, your committee would state that the facts embodied in this report, are such as are agreed upon by as-tronomers and mathamaticians—such as are found in the tronomers and mathamaticians—such as are found in the lessons intended for the schools; but your committee do not expect this report to meet with much favor from a large portion of the community. Indeed, truth is never more unpalatable, than when she brushes away from the mind, a long cherished fallacy, and exposes error in all its naked deformity. Many will not believe that they have all their lives been in error. They cannot make up their minds to surrender their whole stock of "*knowledge*?"— They will hold on to their blind faith, and continue to reg-ulate their labors and their lives by the signs. But we trust there are others in whom the presentation of well established truth—matters-of-fact and of calculation and observation, will awaken reflection—that they will see the folly and superstition of the signs, and be ready to follow the teachings of reason. The scriptures speak of husbandtory and superstation of the signs, and be ready to follow the teachings of *reason*. The scriptures speak of husband-ry-of plowing, digging, manuring-of planting and sow-ing-and of the early and the latter rain-but not a word of any signs to regulate the husbandman in any of his la-bors And Solomon, who was esteemed a wise man in his day, was entirely ignorant of the signs which some of our modern Solomons understand so well, for he is profoundly n Solomo s understand so well, for he is profoundly silent on the subject, although he says. "In the morning sow thy seed, and in the evening withhold not thine hand, for thou knowest not which will prosper, either this or that &c." Is it not time that the agriculturist should emerge from the superstition which has so long enveloped him, and follow the advice of Solomon, instead of the de-vices of the Egyptians and Chaldeans?

Facts and arguments might be adduced to show that all the effects attributed to the influence of the moon, could be accounted for, on truly philosophical and scientific prin-ciples, but they would swell this report, which is already sufficiently extended, beyond endurable bounds, and we therefore forbcar.

All which is respectfully submitted. THEO. H. CREMER, THOS. F. STEWART, R. McDIVITT.

Huntingdon, Nov. 13, 1856.

MARRIED.

At the Franklin House, in Huntingdon, on the evening of the 4th inst., by the Rev. R. Fletcher, ME. HENRY G. WISE, and Miss MARY J. HEADINGS, all of Mifflin co. On the morning of the 4th day of December inst., at his office, in the borough of Huntingdon, by David Snare, Esq., MR. JACON S. FINE, to Miss SUSANNAR BELESTRESSER, both of Liberty township. Badford county. Pa of Liberty township, Bedford county, Pa.

A N EXHIBITION will be given by A IN EXAMINET With DC EIVER by on Christmas Eve, 1856. Doors open at 6, Exercises to commence at 6½ o'clock. Admittance 12½ cts. The pro-ceeds of the exhibition to be strictly applied to the enlarg-ing of the Library, belonging to said school. The Hunting-don Band will enliven the exercises. F. H. LANE, Teacher.

Huntingdon, Dec. 10, 1856.

DAM BIGHAM'S ESTATE.—John Scott, the Auditor appointed to distribute the assets in the hands of David Hicks, Administrator of Adam Big-ham, dec'd, to and among those persons entitled to the same, will attend for that purpose at his office in the bor-ough of Huntingdon, on Thursday, January 8, 1857, at one o'clock, P. M., at which time and place all persons interest-ed in said fund are notified to plesent their claims, or be debarred from coming in for a share of such assets or fund. JOHN SCOTT, Auditor.

Huntingdon, Dec. 10, 1856.

TOW'S THIS !-J. & W. Saxton are

now receiving their Second Fall and Winter Stock NEW and FASHIONABLE DRY GOODS!

on NEW and FASHIUNABLE DRY GOODS! Enumeration is unnecessary, but what every body says, must be true, and every body says the place to find the BEST ASSORTMENT of DRY GOODS in these parts, is at J. & W. SAXTON'S. [Dec. 10, '56] Dissolution of Partnership.—The co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of partnership heretofore existing under the firm of asgow & Steel, has by mutual consent been dissolved.— use having unsettled accounts with the firm are requestthose having unsection account. ed to call and settle immediately. WILLIAM GLASGOW,

WM. I. STEEL.

Huntingdon, Dec. 10, 1856. AT The business will be continued by Wm. I. Steel, and liberal patronage from a generous public will be thankfully received.

THE HUNTINGDON MILL.-The undersigned owners of the Huntingdon Mill inform

 Indersigned owners of the Huntingdon Mill inform the farmers and the public generally that they now have their new mill in running order, with all the modern im-provements in the Water Wheels and Machinery. They have put in five of the Improved Jouval Turbino Water Wheels, and can grind in all stages of water, and during the coldest weather any and all kinds of grain. They are prepared to sell, and have on hand for sale at all times at Market rates all kinds of Flour, Feed, and Stuffs: and Farmers can have their own grain grain and stuffs: and Farmers can have their own grain grain and an times at her ket kates an and so win grain ground and take it back in a return load, or they can be furnished in exchange at a moment's notice, an equal quantity of Flour and Bran, or chopped feed. Their smut machine is of improved manufacture, and there is a moment's fully a supervised manufacture.

they will insure a "a full turn out" of superior quality to every bushel of grain left at their mill.

For y bushel of grain left at their mill. FISHER & MCMURTRIE. N. B. Their Buckwheat Stones are not quite ready.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.—I will offer at public sale, on Wed-nesday, December 31st, 1856, at the 'FRANKLIN HOUSE,' in the borough of Huntingdon, at one o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estaté, viz :

Lot No. 71 in said borough, fronting on

Hill street, and extending back to Rail Road street, having a large two-story BRICK TA V-ERN HOUSE, good stabling, and other build-ings thereon, now occupied by Christian Conts. It has been kept for many years as a public house, has an extensive patronage and an excellent loca-tion for that business. tion for that business

Also—Four adjoining lots, fronting each 50 feet on Church street—one of them a corner lot fronting on Franklin street, in said borough.

Also-A contingent reversionary interest to the one undivided third of a Lot in said borough, ad-joining John Westbrook on the west, Presbyterian Parson-age lot on the cast, having a two-story FRAME DWELL-ing thereon, being the interest devised to George Gwin by the last will and testament of Patrick Gwin, dec'd.

Terms will be made easy, and announced on day of sale. JOHN SCOTT Huntingdon, Dec. 10, 1856. Assignce of George Gwin.

EMPLOYMENT FOR THE WIN-TER.—THE BEST BOOK FOR AGENTS.—TO PER-LEA.—INE BEST BOOK FOR AGENTS.—TO PER-Sons our of EMPLOYMENT.—An Elegant Gift for a Father to Present to his Family! AS Send for One Copy, and try it among your Friends! CA WANTED—Agents in every section of the United States and Canada, to circulate SLARS' LARGE TYPE QUARTO BIBLE, For Family Use—Entitled THE PEOPLE'S PICTORIAL DOMESTIC BIBLE with about one they reput Experiment!

For Family Use—Entitled THE PEOPLE'S PICTORIAL DOMESTIC BIBLE, with about one thousand Engravings! I This useful book is destined, if we can form an opinion from the Notices of the Press, to have an unprecedented circulation in every section of our wide-spread continent, and to form a distinct era in the sale of our works. It will, no doubt, in a few years become THE FAMILY BIBLE OF THE

ABERICAN REOPLE. all persons who may be pleased to procure subscribers to the above. From 50 to 100 copies may easily be circulated and sold in each of the principal cities and towns of the Union. It will be sold by SUSSERPTION OXLY.

soon be occupied. AF Persons wishing to act as agents, and do a safe bu-

siness, can send for a specimen copy. Ap On receipt of the established price, Six Dollars, the PICTORIAL FAMILY BI-PLE, with a well bound Subscription Book, will be careful-

A UDITOR'S NOTICE.—The under-signed Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon County to distributo the balance in the hands of Alexander Port, administrator of James McCartney Sankey, deceased, amongst those entitled thereto, hereby gives notice to all persons interested, that he will attend for the purpose of making said distribution on Wednesday.

gives notice to all persons interested, that he will hadring for the purpose of making said distribution on Wednesday, the 31st day of December, A. D. 1856, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at his office in the borough of Iluntingdon, when and where all persons interested may attend and present their claims, &c. JOHN REED, Auditor. HRY'S CHRISTMAS & New Year's

PRESENTS. A very rich assortment of elegant and useful goods of the newest European Productions. 123 ARCH Street, above Philadelphis. TRY'S Writing Desks, Papeteres, Jew-

ell Cases, Work Boxes, &c., warranted manufactured in our own work shop, from materials seasoned to suit the climate. 128 Arch Street, above 6th, Philadelphia. RY'S Dressing Cases of wood or leather, for travelling or home use, are all fitted with articles or real utility and warranted Cutlery, the largest assort-ment in the city to scleet from. 128 Arch Street, above ch. Bistadarbie 6th, Philadelphia.

FRY'S Cabas, Satchells, Portmoniaes, I Travelling Bags, Etonis Cases, Scissors in Cases, Port-olio's, Segar Cases, &c., as low as similar goods can be pur-hased in the United States. 128 Arch Street, above 6th, Dilidebitic chased in the Philadelphia. December 3, 1856. THE ILLUSTRATED ANNUAL REGISTER OF RURAL AFFAIRS. AND CULTIVA-TOR ALMANAC FOR 1857—Embellished with One Hundred and Forty-two Engravings, and containing One Hundred and Forty-foor Large duodecina pages. By JOHN J. THOMAS, Author of the "American Fruit Cultu-rist," "Farm Implements," &c. Albany, N. Y.: Luther Turker& Son. Tucker & Son.

The subjects treated in this volume, besides the usual Astronomical Calculations and Calender pages, calculated for the Meridians of Boston, New-York and Baltimore, as given in previous issues, include, among others, the following:

I. LAYING OUT FARMS .--- (SIX ENGRAVINGS.) 1. General Rules to be Observed. Plan for the Division of a Farm.
D. D. T. More's Farm and Buildings.
Farm Management and Capital. II. FARM HOUSES .- (FOURTEEN ENGRAVINGS.) 1. The Art of Planning them. Las Art of Framming them.
Design for a One-Story Farm House.
Design for a Plain Farm House.
Design for a Square Farm House.
A Bracketted Symmetrical Farm House.
A Village or Suburban House. 111. FARM IMPLEMENTS .-- (FORTY-ONE ENGRAVINGS.) 1. Plows-for Different Soils-Side Hill and Subsoil. 2. Harrows and Cultivities Harrows and Cultivators.
Planters and Sowers for Seeds, Corn, Grain, &c.
Mowing Machines—Wood's and Ketchum's.
Horse Hay and Grain Rakes. Horse Pitch Fork.
Washing Machines.
Feed Mixer. 9. Corn Shellers Dederick's Hay Press.
Wood's Portable Engine. Vose's Ox Yokc.
Cider Mills for Vinegar Factories. IV. FRUIT CULTURE .--- (TWENTY-TWO ENGRAVINGS.) 1. Laying Out and Planting a Fruit Garden. Laying Out Orchards.
Mulching and Deep Planting.
Dwarf Pear Trees.
Notes on Fruit Culture—including Twenty-two short articles, and many invaluable facts and suggestions 6. Culture of the Raspberry. 7. Culture of the Blackberry. V. ORNAMENTAL PLANTING AND PLANTS.

(SIXTEEN ENGRAVINGS.)

1. Half Hardy Trees and Flowering Shrubs. 2. Herbaceous Perennials. 2. Herbaceous Perenni 3. Climbing Annuals.

4. Perennials for Lawns. VI. ROCK WORK AND RUSTIC STRUCTURES. (TWENTY-THREE ENGRAVINGS.)

1. Artificial Rock Work. 2. Rustic Seats and Structures.

VII. WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Measures of Length and Surface.
Tables of Specific Gravities, Weights, &c.
Contents and Size of Cisterns.
Velocity of Wind.

VIII. FARM AND GARDEN ECONOMY. SIXTEEN ENGRAVINGS.)

Preparing Soil for Gardens.
Valuable Miscellaneous Facts.
Packing Trees and Plants.
Propagation by Cuttings.
Batistockery Farming.
To Prevent Wheat from Sprouting.
Mice-Gnawad Trees.

IX. DOMESTIC ANIMALS-(THREE ENGRAVINGS.) 1. Food Consumed by Different Animals.

2 Doctoring Sick Animals, with Rules for Preserving their Health, and Remedies for the more co Diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and Swine. 3. Apparatus for Shearing Sheep.

X. MISCELLANEOUS-(ONE ENGRAVING.)

Presence of Mind.
The Great Tree—Negunia Gigantea.
Supports for Lightning Rods.
Paints and Whitewash for Barns.

A Lot of Ground in the village of Smith-field marked (N) in suid diagram, containing 56 perches and having thereon erected a two story log house A Lot of Ground in the village of Smithfield, and marked (0) in said diagram. containing 38 and nine tenths perches, and having thereon erected a small log stable. The one undivided fourth part of five tracts of land situate in Henderson and Porter townships, con-taining together 700 acres, or thereabouts, be the same niore or less. Upon these tracts or within their bounda-ries, there is a large amount of water power for any kind of works, inexhaustible quarries of limestone and other stone for building. A dwelling house and other buildings have been erected upon one of these tracts. Upon these tracts there is also a large amount of valuable timber. An undivided interest in Milnwood Academy, in Dublin township, the amount of which will be made known on the day of sale. All these lands, excepting the last mentioned, lie near to the borough of Huntingdon The terms of sale will be the one-third part of the pur-chase money to be paid on confirmation of each sale. One-third within one year thereafter, and the remaining third at and immediately after the decease of Mary C. Ker, widow at and interentativy after the decays of Mary C. Ker, whow of said decays the purchaser to pay to the said widow annually and regularly during her lifetime, the legal in-terest of the said one third—to be secured by the bonds and mortgages of the purchasers respectively. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock of said day. IRENEY M. KER, Trustee.

NTEW MILLINERY STORE .--- Miss

YEW MILLIINERY STORE. — Miss SLICK and Miss WALLACE respectfully an-nounce to the Ladies of Huntingdon and surround-ing country, that they have opened a MILLINERY STORE in the east end of the residence of Mrs. Dor-land, immediately opposite the "Globe" printing office, where they will carry it on in all its various branches. They have just received from the city an entire new, beautiful and fashionable assortment of bonnets, silks, satins, flowers, trianmings, and every article belonging to a Millinery Blore, and will be pleased to receive a share of the patronage, and fill the orders of all those who may need anything in their line of business. They flatter them-selves able to please the most fastidious. Huntingdon, Nov. 26, 1856.

VEACHERS' INSTITUTE.-The LAOHENDO INSTITUTION INSTITUTION teachers and friends of education throughout the County are hereby notified that the next annual meeting of the Huntingdon county Teachers' Institute will be held in Huntingdon, on Monday, the 22d of December, 1856, at 10 o'clock a.m.. By order of the Board of Managers. R. McDIVITT, Secretary. Huntingdon, Nov. 24, 1856.

MOMMISSIONERS' SALE .--- The folby the Commissioners of Huntingdon county, on Tuesday the 13th day of January, 1857. according to the several Acts of Assembly, in such case made and provided, viz: Walker township:

. 60 acres

A RRIVAL OF FALL & WINTER GOODS at the BROAD-FOP DEPOT. CUNNING-HAM & DUNN, have just received a well selected stock of Fall and Winter Goods, consisting of all and Winter Goons, com-Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Colour-ware, ston

Hardware, Queensware, Cedarware, Crockery-ware, stone and earthen, Tiu ware, Cane Fishing Rods, Ready-mado Clothing, and in short, everything usually kept in a country stor

Fish, Salt, Bacon and Plaster, kept con-

stantly for sale. Call and examine our goods and judge for yourselves. All kinds of country produce taken at the highest market price in exchange for Goods. The highest market price paid for Grain. Prompt atten-tion paid to storing and forwarding all kinds of Merchau-dize, Produce, &c. CUNNINGHAM & DUNN. Huntingdon, Nov. 26, 1856.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By vir-don county, I will offer at Public Sale on the premises, on SATURDAY the 20th day of DECEMBER, 1856, at 1 & clock p. m., the following leal Estate late of Nathan Scofield, leceased, viz :

One Lot of Ground in the borough of Huntingdon, fronting on Moore street 50 feet, and running back at right angles thereto one hundred and twenty-nine feet, adjoining lot of Robert Lott on the West, and lot of Thomas King on the East, having thereon a two story log

Thomas King on the back, and depling house. Terms—One half the purchase money to be paid upon confirmation of sale, the residue in one year with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage. ROBERT LOTT.

Administrator of N. Scofield.

Nov. 19, 1856. RPHANS' COURT SALE .-- In pur-A HARMS COULT CHAIN.—III put suance of Orders of the Orphans' Court of the county of Huntingdon, the Tracts of land hereinafter described, situate in said county, and near the borough of Hunting-don, will be exposed to public sule on the promises on FRI-DAY the 19th day of December, next, as the property of John Ker, late of said county, dec'd, by his administrator, to wit?

All that Tract marked (Λ) in the diagram annexed to the Return of the Inquest, containing 237 acres and 130 perches; it being the "Mansion Farm" of said deceased. About one half of this tract is clearis meadow. Running water for cattle, and might to the second seco All that Tract marked (C) in said diagram,

containing 237 acres 68 perches, and called the "Moore Farm," somewhat more than the half of this tract is clear-

erected a frame Dwelling House and Bank Barn.

The set of the second of the nearness of these two farms to the borough of Huntingdon, and the large amount of meadow upon each, they would be very suitable for grazing, or stock farms.

grazing, or stock farms. All that Tract marked (D) in said dia-gram. containing 185 acres. 132 perches. About the the one half of this tract is cleared and under cultivation, and has thereon creeted two tenant houses.

All that Tract marked (E) in said diagram, containing 214 acres and 87 perches—about 100 acres of this tract are cleared and under cultivation. No buildings

All that Tract marked (G) in said diagram,

All that Tract marked (K) in said diagram,

All that Tract marked (L) in said diagram,

containing 148 acres and 83 perches—woodland. All that Tract marked (M) in said diagram,

and containing 117 acres and 147 perches, being wholly

-woodland

ntaining 87 acres and 131 perch

HOW TO SAVE A PENNY-Write your letter, enclose it in a newspaper, and pre-pay the paper with a one cent stamp. Instructions can be had from Doctor Brewster, at the rate of a half cent a lesson.

"IS If Doctor Brewster mailed eight letters in one day, enclosed in as many Huntingdon Journals, pre-paying each paper with a one cent stamp, how much did he save ?---If he mailed eight in one day, how many has he mailed since he has been in the printing business-and how much has he saved, provided he is not again waited upon by Constable Long.

SAUSACE .- A first article and a large mess, was presented to us by Mr. Robt. Woods, on Friday last. Bob is some on making sausage -he can't be beat.

Messrs. Saxton, Powell & Co., shipned from their mines during the month of November, three hundred thousand and twenty-four tons of coal. Quite a smart business! HOW TO PREPAY YOUR LETTERS WITH ONE CENT.-For further information call on Doc-

tor Brewster, Editor of the Abolition Journal, Huntingdon, Pa.

Mr. BUCHANAN'S majority in North Carolina, is 10,155.

APPROPRIATE NAME .--- In Saline County, Illinois, at the late election, the vote stood-Buchanan 1004, Fremont 41. That is getting up the Saline stream, and no mistake.

Mr. BUCHANAN polled 3,000 more votes in New Hampshire this year, than General Pierce did in 1852.

HARD TO SWALLOW .- There is an oyster shell, it is said, owned by the University of Leydon, which weighs one hundred and eighty pounds. The oyster was swallowed whole by a Dutch girl.

The Abolitionists, in Bucks county, are circulating remonstrances for signatures against introduction of slavery into Pennsylvania! If things keep on at this rate, the Insane Asylum, at Harrisburg, will have to be greatly enlarged.

A negro, who gave his name as John C. Fremont, was committed to jail, says the C. Fremont, was committed to jail, says the Wheeling *Times*, for disorderly conduct.— This makes the third Fremont.

ing node, and the almanacs make it the "up sign;" and the opposite point where the moon appears to descend from the north to the south is called the descending node —the down sign. In astronomy these nodes are some-times called the north node and the south node, and some-

times the dragon's head and the dragon's tail. If we take two large rings of nearly equal size and place the one within the other so that the one half of the one will be above and the other half below the other ring, at an angle of about five degrees, the one ring will represent the orbit of the earth and the other that of the moon.— The two points of intersection are the nodes. The carth revolves around one of these rings or orbits annually and the moon around the other monthly. When the moon, passing around her orbit, crosses the point of intersection, passing around her orbit, crosses the point of intersection, (or an imagnary line drawn from the one point of inter-section to the other) from the south to the north side of the ecliptic, she is in the ascending node—in the "up sign,"—and when she reaches the opposite point she is in the descending node—the "down sign." The moon is therefore continually alternating from the one node to the other, being about one half the time above and the other half below the orbit of the earth; but in reality all the time millions of miles from the one side or the other of the earth's orbit. earth's orbit.

Now, if any one can suppose that the attraction of the moon can draw up or press down objects upon the earth, such as roots of buildings, fences, flax or manure spread, Ac, that effect nurs be apparent in about two weeks, for that is the length of time that the moon continues in each of these signs. 'After that time, the attraction still exist-ing, there would be an alternate drawing up and pressing down as long as the moon shall wax and wante. The be-lievers in the signs have never yet discovered how soon the effects of the moon upon objects affected become visible; jo but they do not generally look for those effects as soon as the moon has passed from the one sign into the other.

The zodiacal signs. The zodiac is a broad circle in the heavens, extending in breadth from the tropic of capricorn to the tropic of cancer. It is about sixteen degrees in width. The ecliptic is situated in the middle of the zodiac. The zodiac contains the twelve constellations or signs through which the sun passes in his apparent annual course. This circle is supposed to be divided into 300 equal parts, called degrees, and these again into minutes and

The prevalent opinion among learned men is, that the The prevalent opinion among learned men is, that the figures in the signs or constellations of the zodiac, are des-criptive of the seasons of the year, and that they are hiero-gliphics to represent some remarkable event or occur-rence in each month. Thus, no productions being more useful to the Chaldeans, than lambs, calves and kids, and they generally being brought forth in the spring of the year, these distinguished that season. Their flocks were increased, and the ram was considered a fit representation of the month in which this occurred. Their herds were ncreased and the bull became emblematical of this. And the goats being the most prolific, they were represented by the figure of the twins. Thus we have Aries, the ram, Taurus, the bull, and Gemini, the twins, as the represen-tatives of the spring of the year—the figures of the spring signs. When the sun enters the constellation of Caucer, signs. When the sum enters the constellation of Cancer, he discontinues his progress towards the north pole, and begins to move back towards the south pole, and this ret-rograde motion is represented by the crab, which travels backwards. The heat which usually follows in the next month, (Joly,) is represented by the Lion, an animal re-markable for its fierceness, and which, at this senson of the year, was frequently impelled by thirst, to leave the sandy desert, and make its appearance on the banks of the Nile. In the next month, harvest commences in that coun-try, and as damsels are generally set to glean in the fields, like Ruth in the field of Boaz. this senson is represented by a Virgin holding a sheaf of wheat in her hand. Tho sun next enters Libra, at which time the days and nights are equal, and observe an equilibrium, like a Balance. So are equal, and observe an equilibrium, like a Balance. So we have the Lion, the Virgin, and the Balance for the we have the Lion, the Virgin, and the Balance for the summer signs. Automn, in ancient times, produced an abundance of fruit, (perhaps of inferior quality.) and brought with it a variety of diseases. This season is there-fore represented by the Scorpion, which wounds with a sting in his tail as he recedes. The sum enters the next constellation at the fall of the leaf, when the fields are cleared of the crops, and the season for hunting commen-ces. The stars which mark the sun's track in this month, are represented by the hunting on Archer, with his bow ccs. Ane stars which mark the sun's track in this month, are represented by the huntsman or Archer, with his bow and arrows and other weapons of destruction. The sun, passing into the next constellation, reaches the winter sol-stice, and commences ascending towards the north. This season is therefore represented by the wild Goat, which delights in climbing and ascending the mountain in search of his food, which was considered emblematical of the ascent of the sun. The next sign, Aduarius, the water-bear-er, pouring water out of an urn, is emblematical of the wet, dreary, and uncomfortable season of winter. The last of the zodiacal signs is a couple of Fishes, represent-

ing the fishing season. In the time of the oldest astronomers, the equinoctial

BUSINESS NOTICES.

AP Every Reader TOA

Will please notice the advertisement descriptive of MR SEARS' PICTORIAL FAMILY BIBLE, and send for the Printed Catalogue of all our Illustrated Works.

ATT To the uninitiated in the great art of Selling Books, we would say, that we present a scheme for money making, far better than all the gold mines of California and Australia.

Any person wishing to embark in the enterprise, will risk little by sending to the Publisher \$25, for which he will receive sample copies of the various works, (at wholesale prices,) carefully boxed, insured, and directed, affording a very liberal percentage to the agent for his trouble. With these he will soon be able to ascertain the most salcable, and order accordingly. Address, (post-paid,) ROBERT SEARS, Publisher,

181 William Street, New York.

Plain and Fancy Printing.

Job work of all kinds-such as Handbills, Circulars, business, Visiting, and Show Cards, Tickets, Bill Heads, Deeds, Mortgages, and all kinds of blanks, &c., &c., &c. eatly printed at the "GLOBE" Job Office, Huntingdon, Pa. AFF-Specimens of "GLODE" printing can be seen at the flice-which will satisfy everybody that it is no longer necessary to go to Philadelphia for neat work. Call and see for yourselves.

Ambrotypes and Daguerreotypes. E. P. PRETTYMAN respectfuly informs the public that he s now perpared to take Dauguerroetypes and Ambrotypes n glass, put up with double or single glass. Rooms at the Station House, Huntingdon Pa.

Blanks of all kinds,

Neatly printed and for sale at the "Globe," Office-such as Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Judgment and Common Bonds, Agreements, Leases, Judgment and Promissory Notes, Notes relinquishing all benefits of exemption laws, License Bonds, and all blanks used by Justices of the leace.

The Cars for Broad Top and Bedford. The Passenger trains leave the Depot at Huntingdon at 9.30 A. M., and 5.30 P. M.;-returning arrive at Huntingon. 2.01 P. M., and 8.34 A. M. Passengers for Bedford take four horse coaches at Hopewell, on the Hopewell branch.

The Public

Generally are invited to call at the New Drug Store of HENRY MCMANIGILL. Every article usually to be found in the best establishments of the kind, can be had, fresh and pure, at their Store, in Market Stuare, Huntingdon. See advertisement in another column

For Ready-Made Clothing,

Wholesale or retail, call at II. ROMAN'S Clothing Store, opposite Couts' Hotel, Huntingdon, Pa., where the very pest assortment of goods for men and boys' wear may be uonlw fd, atprices.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

MONDAR, Dec. 8 .- Flour market dull, with little or no inquiry, and standard and mixed brands freely offered at 5650%6621% \oplus bbl., without sales. There is a limited demand for the supply of the city retail trade at 56622%. 25 \oplus bbl., as in quality. Rye Flour inactive at 5450 \oplus bbl.

Wheat dull with only a moderate supply. Sales 5,000 bu. good and prime Southern and Penn'a red at 150@152c. Bu. White held at at 160@163c. B bu, without sales. Rye steady at 80c. B bu. Corn in better demand and firmer. Sales 8,000 bu good Southorn yellow at 67c@68c 7 bu afloat, including a lot of new and old mixed at 62@63c, a lot of new yellow at 58c, and 800 bu, old white on private terms. Outs are steady and in moderate request. Sales 5.000 bu, prime Delaware at 44c; 78 bu.

DR. D. R. GOOD, has located at Peters-burg, Huntingdon county, and offers his professional services to the citizens of Petersburg and surrounding country. Office near Neff's Hotel. November 19, 1856-3m.*

by boxed, and forwarded per express, at our risk and ex-pense, to any central town or village in the United States, excepting those of California, Oregon and Texas.

As In addition to the Pictorial Bible, we publish a large number of Illustrated Family Works, very popular, and of such a high moral and unexceptionable character, that while good men may safely engage in their circulation, they will confer a PUBLIC BENEFIT, and receive a FAIR COM-PENSATION for their labor.

PENSATION for their labor. AGP Orders respectfully solicited. For further particu-lars, address the subscriber, (post-paid.) ROBERT SEARS. 181 William Street, New York.

Dec. 10, 1856.

DROKE JAIL-Twenty Dollars Re-WITCH DIALLITH WEILDY DOLLARS LOC ward.—The above reward will be paid for the appre-heusion and delivery to me at Huntingdon. of SAMUEL IRVIN, who broke jail on the evening of the 2d inst.— Said Irvin is about 18 years old, 5 feet 9 inches high, white hair, curly at the ends, stout built—had on a cloth cap half worn, brown frock coat and dark pants. GRAFFUS MILLER. December 2 1856

December 3, 1856. Sheriff.

SAGE ORANGE SEED .- The sub-Nov. 5, 1856. Uscriber has just received a few bushels of fresh Osage Orange Seed direct from Texas, which he will sell at the orange seed arect from fexas, which he will send at the rate of Six Dollars per peck for a peck or more, or one dol-lar per pound. A pound of seed will produce plants enough to set 50 rods of fence. It must be evident to ev-ery farmer how much better he would be off if he had liv-ing fences, which he can have in this way at much less cost than the post and rail. JOIIN S. ISETT. Spruce Creek, December 3, 1856.

widow of said deceased-the purchaser paying to the said widow of shift declased—the phremser justing to the said widow annually and regularly, during her natural life, the legal interest on the said one third part; to be secured by the bonds and mortgages of the purchaser. JAMES GWIN, Guardian of the minor children of Alex. Gwin, dec'd, and

Attorney for Charles A. Gwin. Huntingdon, December 3, 1856. REMENDOUS EXCITEMENT !--

REMENDOUS EXCITEMENT! ANOTHER BANK CLOSLD! The well known establishment of Messrs. LOVE & Mc-DIVITT, on Market street, Huntingdon, was yesterday compelled to close its doors on account of the tromendous rush of customers, occasioned by the arrival in port of the boat "Broad Top" from the East, having on board, the most extensive assortment of fresh Groceries, Confectiona-ries, &c., &c., ever offered for sale in this place. To-day, however, they are happy to be able to announce to their numerous friends and patrons-to the public gener-ally—and "the rest of mankind," that they are again open, and prepared to dispose of their entire stock, on the most reasonable terms, for cash or country produce-con-sisting of the following, viz: Coffee, Sugar, Teas, Molas-ses, Fish, Salt, Cheese, Crackers, Cakes, Fruit, Confection-aries, Hams, Shoulders, &c., Tolacco of the best quality and Segars of every grade. Candles, Oils, Fluids, Cam-phene, &c. Nuts of every description, Figs, Raisins, &c. In short, every thing usually found in an establishment of this kind.

exchange for goods, their stock will be disposed of at the LOWEST FIGURES.

CMITHFIELD GROUND RENTS .-My Book of Ground Rents, and some Promissory Notes, are placed in the hands of Alex. Port, Esq., for col-lection. Those who neglect paying before the 25th Decem-ber inst., will be proceeded against immediately thereafter. MARCARET DAVIS

It will be seen from the foregoing abstract of the con-tents of the REGISTER for 1857, that it embraces as great and valuable a variety as either of its predecessors. Num

bers 1 and 2, for 1855 and 1856, are no less useful now than the day they were issued, and the contents of No. 3 are of equally permanent interest. Price, Twenty-five Cents for single copies—One Dollar

Price, Twenty-live Cents for single copies-One Dollar for Five-Two Dollars per Dozen. Those who order, will express particularly the No. they wish, to prevent mistakes, we will send to each member of a Club of Four, copies of Nos. 1, 2 and 3 of the REGISTER for Two DOLLARS. Large sales of the REGISTER for 1857 can be effected in almost every neighborhood, which we will endeavor to rem-der profitable to any who will engage in it. Address let-ters of inquiry, or orders accompanied by the cash, to LUTHER TUCKER & SON, December 3, 1856. Albany, N. Y.

December 3, 1856. Albany, N. Y.

RECUTORS' NOTICE.—Notice is I hereby given that letters testamentary on the will of JOIN HENDERSON, mie of Warriorsmark township, Huntingdon county, dec'd, have been granted to the un-dersigned. All persons indebted to the estate of said deceased, are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement. JOHN OWENS,

ROBERT HENDERSON, Executors.

THE HUNTINGDON COMMER CIAL SCHOOL, Has been removed to a large and formodious room in the "Town Hall," and is open, day and evening, for the reception of Students. The course of instruction, embracing Single and Double Entry Book-keeping, is accompanied by daily Lectures on Commercial Sciences. A department has also been opened, which is devoted to Penmanship, and is conducted by Prof. MORRISON

of Pittsburg. Lectures on Commercial Law, Ethics and Political Econ-oray are delivered periodically, to the students, by members of the Huntingdon Bar. Other particulars furnished on application, personally, or by letter, to T. H. POLLOCK, Principal. Huntingdon, Nov. 26, 1856.

TEW DRUG STORE.

DR. J. S. GRIFFITH, Superintendent, IIAVING purchased from Wm. Williams & Co., their stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints & Brushes, Oils. Dye Stuffs. Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Fluid, Camphene, Turpentine, Alcohol, and a general assortment of Artists Colors & Brushes, Spices of all kinds, Window Glass of Duttr. Ol kinds of Namich, Junean Court, Nat B

Brushes, Spices of an kinds, Window Grass of all sizes, Putty, all kinds of Varnish, Japan. Copal, Nos. 1 and 2, Coachbody and Black Spirit, Pure Cod Liver Oil, for the cure of Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gout, Lumbego, Tetter, Chronic Erysipelas, Chronic Sore Eyes, White Swelling, Glandnlar Swelling, Pulmonary Consumption, Chronic Bronchitis, Rickets, and all diseases of the skin. by the gallon, quart or smaller quantity, the Balm of a Thousand Flowers, the greatest remedy for Baldness and purifying the Skin of the are. John U Patchorn's cuberctad cure the Skin, of the age. John II. Patethorp's celebrated cure for Fever and Ague. No Curo No Pay. Price S1. Fine folacco and Segars. All the above, with all articles gen-erally kept in a Drug Store, for sale cheap. & Physicians Prescriptions carefully and accurately

compounded. Store, Market Square, opposite Couts' Hotel. Hunting-ion, Pa. HENRY McMANIGILL. November 26, 1856.

EXECUTE OF NANCY NEFF. AU-pointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdou county, to distribute the balance in the hands of Jacob Harncame, Executor of the last will and testament of Nancy Neff, Late of West township, deceased, in discharge of Trust for selling real estate of said deceased, and also to distribute the balance in the hands of said Executor in the adminis-tration of the personal estate of said deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons interested that he will attend to he duties of his appointment at the office of Messrs. Scott the duries of his appointment at the onder of Messrs. Scott & Brown, in the borough of Huntingdon, on Saturday the 27th day of December next, at 3 o'clock, P. M., when and where all persons must present their claims to the under-signed Auditor, or be debarred from coming in upon said fund. THEO. II. CREMER, Auditor. Huntingdon, Nov. 26, 1856.

Huntingdon, Nov. 26, 1856. **EXATE OF JOHN BRADLEY.**— AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphan's Court of Huntingdon county. to distribute the balance in the hands of Jonas J. Reed and Thomas G. Stapleton, administrators of John Bradley, do-ceased, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointent, at the office of Messrs. Scott & Brown, in the borough of Huntingdon, on Saturday the 27th day of December next, at 2 o'clock P. M., when and where all persons interested must present their claims before the un-dersigned Auditor, or be debarred from coning in upon said fund. THEO. H. CREMER, Auditor. Huntengdon, Nov. 26, 1856.

Huntingdon, Nov. 19, 1856-3t.

RPHANS COURT SALE OF VAL-UABLE REAL ESTATE, STEAM TANNERY, COAL AND, FARM, &c.

By virtue of an Order of the Orphans Court of Huntingdon county, the undersigned will expose to Public Sale on the premises, on FRIDAY the 19th day of DECEMBER, next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon—

All the one undivided half part of that parcel and lot of ground situate in Tod township. Hun tington county, containing about 3 acres, having a large Steam Tannery buildings and fixtures thereon erected, including a five horse power Steam Engine, vats with running liquor, roller and fulling stock, &c., with a two-story house, new frame house in progress of construction, a plentiful supply of water, conveyed by pipes, &c., with a leavening business. A plentiful supply of bark can be had in the immediate neighborhood.

Also, the one undivided half of a certain picce of cultivated land adjoining the Tannery lot above de-scribed, containing about 18 acres, having thereon a two-story Dwelling House, Barn, and other improvements.

Also, all that certain parcel and tract of Coal Land, in the Broad Top Coal Region, in Tod township, adjoining land of John McCaules & Co., containing one hundred and four acres, more or less. They will also expose to public sale on the premises, On SATURIJAY the 20th day of December,

half of all that certain Farm and tract of Land situate in Cromwell township, Huntington county, adjoining lands of Geo. Price, Philip Hooper and others, containing ono hundred and twenty-five acres, more or less; about 70 acres of which are cleared, and under cultivation, having thereon a log Dwelling House, log Barn, Orchard, and

other improvements. Terms-One third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sule, and the balance in two equal annual payments with interest from confirmation, to be secured by the bonds and mortgage of purchaser. ASAPH BRICE.

MICHAEL J. MARTIN, MICHAEL J. MARTIN, Administrators of Joseph Martin, dec'd. At the times and places mentioned above, I, being the owner of the other undivided half of the property above mentioned, will expose to sale upon some terms, all my interest in said real estate. MICHAEL J. MARTIN.

Any information will be given by Messre. Wilson & Pet-riken, AttoEneys at Law, Huntingdon, or by Michael J. Martin, Eagle Foundry P. O., Huntingdon county. November 19, 1850-21.

TO COUNTRY DEALERS. AU-GUST BRICKER, BOJT MAKER, No. 94 North arth street, third Boot Store below Race, Philadelphia, Wholesale and Retail dealer, will give full satisfaction to all who may patronise him. Country dealers, and persons wishing a good article, are invited to call. Philadelphia, Nov. 19, 1856-3m.

AUTION.—This is to give public no-Utice that my wife, Mary Rainey, has left my bed and board, without just cause or provocation. All persons are here by cautioned against harboring or trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting. WILLIAM A. RAINEY. Barree township, Nov. 19, 1856.

As the terms will be strictly CASH, or country produce in

Thankful for past favors, they would still solicit a share of public patronage. All are invited to call and examine for themselves, as no pains will be spared in order to ac-commodute. December 3, 1856.

MARGARET DAVIS. December 3, 1856.