THE GLOBE.

Huntingdon, Wednesday, September 3, 1856. Line upon Line--Here and There a Little.

ATTENTION!-The Buchanan Club will meet this evening in the Town Hall. Let all attend. Almost finished—The weigh-lock—the scales are up.

A HANDSOME BUILDING WHEN FINISHED-The new Metho dist Church. The brick work is nearly completed. Going up-The Presbyterian parsonage. Doctor Brews

ter's refusal to assist in time of need, will not stop it. HAD TO SURRENDER-Doctor Brewster, to the Captain of the police at the colored Camp Meeting. Several who disobeyed orders, have been bound over to keep the peace.

A TREMENDOUS GATHERING OF THE DEMOCRACY-At Altoo na, on Thursday night last. Not less than 3000 voters

SELLING OFF AT COST-Edm. Snare. Now's your chance for bargains in Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Fancy Articles,

WON'T BELIEVE A WORD THEY SAY .- Since the refusal of Brewster & Whittaker to accept our propositions, the readers of the Huntingdon Journal, won't believe even the truth, if it appears in the columns of that paper. They are in a bad way-can't be of any service to their party, because their party don't know when to believe them. Poor devils, we don't want to see them 'kilt dead.'

ENCOURAGING-Our advices from the townships of Clay, Union and Cass. Put them down for a largely increased democratic vote.

PRENTICE, of the Louisville Journal, thus spoke of Mr. Breckingidge in 1854:

"The Hon. John C. Breckinridge, in a letter to his constituents, declines a re-election to Congress. He will be much missed in that body.—His great urbanity, his perfect fairness, and his powerful talents, made him one of the foremost of its master spirits. He has a national reputation, and nobly has he won it."

Ars. Dwadle says that one of her boys don't knew nothing, and the other does. The question is, "which is

SALT RIVER .- The rafts on the Rhine are said to be nine hundred feet long and two hundred feet wide. This will bear no comparison to the Fremont raft that will reach the head of Salt River next November, and land its passengers in safety.

ON THE IECREASE-PRODIGIOUSLY-The enthusiasm for Buchanan throughout the country. The skies are bright. WHITE AND BLACK?-Mary, a negro woman, the slave of Dr. J. H. Hundley, of Mooresville, Ala., gave birth, on the 10th inst., to three living infants, two white and one black. This is youched for by the Augusta (Geo.) Sentinel.

PHOTOGRAPH OF THE MOON.-According to a Milan news paper, Rev. Father Secchi, director of the observatory at Rome, has succeeded in taking photographs of the moon, and among them one in which the mouth of a volcano of Copernicus is distinctly represented.

Goop-The half dozen apples presented as last week by our next-door neighbor. That's what we call "doing it up

"Das wird Ihnen sehr gud gefallen."-Tyrone Democrat. Kar-Nein, das ist auch nicht recht, wie Sie aut schreiber Wie gefallt Ihnen das? "Adieu! Leben Sie wohl."

So DID JUDAS .- The notorious Rifleman Beecher ha changed his paper from a religious to a political journal, and says he "counted the cost before he came out for Fremont." So did Judas Iscariot when he betrayed his Master. The Jew "counted" just thirty pieces of silver. How much did Beecher count when he bargained to forsake his holy calling and betray his country?-Cumden Democrat.

Beecher's "holy calling?" This is a slander upon Christianity. Beecher makes no pretension to religion. He is an Infidel, as are nearly all the reputed clergymen who are engaged with him in his crusade against the Umion.

Educational.

From the minutes of the proceedings of a meeting of the Patrons of Mr. Hall's Select School, held in the School room, August 27, 1856, we extract the following Preamble and Resolutions:

lieve that it will be true economy-a saving of time to our children and money to our-selves, to accept his proposition. Therefore,

Resolved, That hereafter, this School shall be limited to forly paying scholars, exclusive of the Teacher's Class, and that the terms of tuition shall be as follows, viz: Orthography and Reading classes, \$12,00 a scholar; Freshman and Sophomore classes, \$15,00 a scholar; and Junior and Senior classes, \$18,00 a scholar, the one-third due at the beginning of each session and payable at the end of it. Terms for the Teacher's Class to remain as heretofore, \$5,00 a month; \$12,00 a session; or \$30,00 a year, payable in advance,

Resolved, That the number of scholars above named, shall be so fixed and determinate that no addition can be made thereto, during the school year, without the unanimous consent of the present subscribers; and that such consent must be presented to the Teacher in writing, before he shall be at liberty to receive any additional patronage.

Resolved. That the Rules and Regulations of this school, as revised and published, August 24, 1854, together with the alterations declared in the foregoing resolutions, are hereby adopted for the government of the school the ensuing year.

Resolved, That we will sustain our Teacher in the administration of these Rules, and in the faithful discharge of his responsible duties; and that we will encourage all his efforts to promote the interests of his pupils, and to secure the co-operation of his patrons. Resolved, That if any subscribers not pres-

ent at this meeting, shall disapprove of these arrangements, their names may be withdrawn from the subscription list, and others substituted, who are willing to avail themselves of

Resolved, That these proceedings be signed by the parties interested, and preserved as part of the records of the school. [Signed Accordingly.] Huntingdon, Aug. 27, 1856.

A Pickpocket Detector has been invented down East. It consists externally of a case, resembling that of a watch in size and shape. It has a fob-chain or string, and is worn in the pocket like a watch. Within the case is a bell and spring-hammer, the latter connected with the fob-chain. The supposition is that the thief will suppose that the watch-chain is attached to a bona fide watch, and will accordingly pull the chain in order to obtain the prize. But instead of getting the watch, the watch gets him. The pull sounds the alarm-bell, the owner of the watch grabs the rogue, and the policeman conducts him

A MERITED SENTENCE.—In the Maine Suconvicted of placing obstructions on a railroad, was sentenced to thirty days solitary I had rather have them further off, if emanconfinement, and twenty years in the State | cipated. will visit with equally severe punishment connexion with negro slavery, may be found every one convicted of cooly sporting with in the strongest and purest expression of emanhuman life by scores, by placing obstructions of the unity receipts of the unity receipt on railroads.

Another Highly Important Letter.

nto whose hands this number of our paper pears to us, unanswerable positions assumed in the communication which we publish below. Will the reader lay aside for one moment his prejudices and prepossessions, and calmly review the array of facts presented? Their correctness will hardly be called in question by any one who is at all familiar

with candor and attention:

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 20th, 1856. To the Editor of the Pennsylvanian: SIR—As regards the second position assumed by us in our conversation, "That every practical act of philanthropy in relation to Negro-Slavery, from and after the adoption of the Constitution, has emanated from and their citizens," you will remember I said the first great practical act on the subject proceeded from Virginia, in the shape of the Orthe General Government the Territory now composing the States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin, with the proviso that Negro-Slavery should be forever excluded from it, although by the Local Law, the whole was Negro-Slave Territory, This. at least, is a full and fair set off to the abolition of Negro-Slavery in the Northern States prior to that time. For Negro-Slavery actually existed in Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, under their Territorial Governments, to a limited extent, and it was only to a limited extent that the same institution existed in the Northern States when they abolished it. In both there were but few Negroes in comparison with the great mass of the population, and the Slave-owners were rather an excepotherwise. In neither had the system become interwoven with the general system of the community, though acknowledged by the Local Law of both. Besides, the Slave-owners found them valueless at home, and sold them off for the most part, before the Acts of Emancipation went into effect. But be this as it may, by this one act of Virginia, a larger realm of Negro-Slave Territory was made non-Slaveholding Territory, than is embraced in the whole of New England, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania combined.— What have the defamers of the South and the Democracy to say to these facts?

The second great practical act of philanthropy on the subject, originating with the by the Federal Congress of the Ordinance of 1787, and is to be found in the clause of the Constitution abolishing the Slave Trade .-During the Session of the Convention to frame the Constitution, the Representatives of the Southern States, with the exception of South Carolina, brought forward a proposition for the immediate suppression of the Slave Trade. This proposition was at once, warmly opposed by the Representatives of most of the Northern States, on the ground that the Northern States were too deeply interested in that trade to consent to its immediate suppression. New England and Old England had not only supplied the whole Continent of America, for a hundred years, with negro slavery, and to such extent, that it is undeniably true, that every negro-slave at this day living in Resolutions:
Whereas, Our Teacher has, during the last
Whereas, Our Teacher has, during the last
Six years, constantly subjected himself to
considerable pecuniary loss, by limiting his
school, for the benefit of our children, to a less

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branch alone of the Methodist Church South,
the Southern States, is held as such under
the Southern States of 6000 but at 1520 but Plant the Southern States of 6000 but at 1520 but Plant the Southern States of 6000 bu number of pupils than he always could have and had millions of dollars invested in it. had; and whereas, he now proposes, for the Neither New Hamshire, nor Massachusetts, verts than the combined American Church same reason, to make additional sacrifices if nor Rhode Island, nor Connecticut then saw can produce. The number of members in properly seconded by us; and whereas, we be- any philanthropy in the proposition of the the whole heathen church of the world, ac-South to abolish this inhuman traffic. They were too deeply concerned in its profits, and had too much capital, and too many ships, and too many citizens involved in it, to surrender it on any principle of National policy, humanity or religion. Their Representatives in the Convention, I will do them the of the Episcopal Church South; nor those of justice to say, ably and zealously represented | the Lutheran Church South, and several oththe interests, feelings and wishes of their er denominations, all of which have many constituents, in opposition to the measure of the Southern Representatives for the immediate suppression of the Slave Trade.

The contest on the subject between the North and the South, became at length so heated, that for fear of breaking up the Convention without the accomplishment of union, the South yielded to a compromise in favor of the North. They agreed that the North might enjoy the profits of the trade for twenty years longer, but then it should cease .-Hence the clause of the Constitution upon which the act of Congress on the subject is framed, reads "1808," instead of 1788, as the South would have had it. What have the Saviour, as his methods of removing the the defamers of the South and of Democracy to say to these facts?

The third great practical act of philanthropy proposed on the subject by the Southern They can only answer through the ravings of States, or their citizens, may be found in the fanaticism! 'Colonization Society" and the purchase of "Liberia," on the coast of Africa, as a home for emancipated negro slaves. The first national president of this Society was Chief the negro slave of the Southean States, since Justice John Marshall, of Virginia, and its his first introduction there by old England second national president was Henry Clay, and New England, but I fear to impose too of Kentucky. The first state president of much upon you. When landed in this counthis Society in Virginia, was ex-President try, the African captive belonged to the most James Madison, and its second state president in Virginia, was ex-President John Ty- the face of the globe. His descendants are ler. Space will not permit me to indulge in | now far removed from the universal debasedetails, but it will be scarcely denied that ment of his progenitors. Changes for the this Association in its primary inception, in its successful beneficence, in its happy providences, and the actual results it has already accomplished in behalf of the negro race, from barbarism to civilization, and from heathboth in America and in Africa, deservedly enism to christianity, but from being in his ranks with all right-thinking and right intentional men, among the noblest institutions ry animal, living by the butcheries he was of humanity of which the age can boast. It eternally committing upon his fellows, he has has already led to the emancipation of thou- been rendered an orderly member of society, sands who would otherwise have been forever slaves, and supplied them with all the ap- the family of man. The laws of the Southpliances and comforts of an independent home ern States in reference to the negro slave, are and free Republican government, in that more benign than any code of laws in referquarter of the world from which they origi- ence to a subject class, ever framed among nally came, and to which God and nature as- men; and the customs of the dominant class signed them-where "none may make them exact from him less labor, and bestow upon afraid," and from whence they may spread him more care than the customs of any domthe arts of peace and civilization among their inant class in Europe exact from and bestow brethren over the continent of Africa. What upon its so-called "free white laborers." Evhave the defamers of the South, and of the Democracy to say to these facts? They abuse the Colonization Society, because they perfer the emancipated negro here to compete with dance, and have also to take care of their preme Court, on 5th inst., Michael Dunrow, white labor in industrial pursuits, and with white electors at our election polls. For one,

prison. This is a just sentence, and it is to be hoped the courts throughout the country manifested by the South and her citizens, in connexion with negro slavery, may be found

We ask the undivided attention of those guage even I shall use. How shall we try the purity and power of a sentiment in the may happen to fall, to the able, and as it ap- human heart? Surely not by words-not by any process of stubborn and imperious agitation—not by any transient aid and comfort furnished to flying slaves. All these, and little. The power of a principle exhibits itself by the labors it can put forth, the oppositions it can resist, the self-denials it can bear, and the sacrifices it can make. Where shall we find the most commanding expreswith the history of our country. All we de- sion of that calm, enlightened, benign, highsire is that the subjoined letter should be read | souled sentiment of emancipation in connecher £20,000,000 for the liberation of the of this act of England. First, this sum was furnished by the richest treasury in the world. Second, only the annual interest of this sum has been paid; the principal never will be been effectuated by the Slaveholding States and until her national debt is paid, which can never be. Third, this sum was paid by her, not to benevolent principle, but to self-interest. She thought that free labor in the West dinance of 1787, when she surrendered to Indies would be far superior to slave labor there, and therefore, by the Act of Emanci-pation, she would get her sugars at a penny a pound less than she was then paying, which would return to her 100,000,000 of pounds in the place of the 20,000,000 pounds thus expended. Again she desired to open up the abolition question, to produce strife and dissension in this Union, that constituted her great rival in commerce and manufactures.--England never yet performed a disinterested national act of philanthropy. But the citizens of the Southern States, since the adoption of the Constitution, have emancipated 250,000 negro slaves. Assuming the average value of these slaves to have been five hundred dollars, which is under rather than over the mark, the citizens of the Southern States tion to the general rule of the society than have contributed \$125,000,000 towards emancipation. And when we consider that in almost every case of individual emancipation at the South, a sum equal to the full value of the slave, has been invariably given to him to enable him to purchase a home for himself, and in addition to this, the immense sums contributed to the Colonization Society by others, we do not exaggerate the sum voluntarily bestowed in this way by the South. when we set it down at \$250,000,000. This immense sum has been actually paid out, not interest only, but principal also;—not by a rich public treasury, but by private families, who lived by the slaves they surrendered;not for the public eye, but in the retirement of private life; -not under circumstances South, arose immediately after the adoption which provided the slightest hope of pecuniary emolument, but from no other possible motive than quiet and conscientious sentiment. What can the defamers of the South and of Democracy say to these facts? The fifth great philanthropic manifestation

made by the Southern States and their citizens in this connection, may be found in the fact, that they have effectuated a larger conversion of the heathen than the whole world beside, through the conversion of their negroes from Barbaric Polytheism to Christianity and God. What is the whole number of Heathens which the American Church presents at this day as converts to Christianity? The American Board of Missions have 26,000: the Baptist, 15,000; the Methodist, 13,000; the Presbyterians, 250; and the Episcopalians only 71-in all 54,321. For this statethan three times the number of heathen conryland, (and they are numerous;) nor of those of the Presbyterian Church South; nor those colored members. There are enrolled upon the lists of two church denominations alone, at the South, negro-members in the Methodist Church 134,000, and in the Baptist Church 130,000, making in these two branches only, 264,000 heathen converts. Thus it appears that the South and her citizens have redeemed scores of thousands more of the family of man from savageism and heathenism than all the churches of the "Free Soil" of the world combined have yet gathered within their fold. It seems indeed, that the Almighty in his curse from Ham and redeeming Africa .-What, I again ask, have the defamers of the South and of Democracy to say to these facts?

I might enlarge upon the great additional philanthropic fact connected with the subject of the vast social and mental improvement of degraded heathen and barbarian tribes upon better have marked the history of negro slavery from its commencement to the present hour. Not only has the slave been redeemed social condition, a blood-thirsty and predatohumane to his fellows, and of vast benefit to erywhere else in the world the laboring classes have to provide themselves with houses, lands, clothing, food, fuel and medical attenaged, infirm and adolescent. If one is too old for work, or too infirm for work, or too young for work in other societies, and has no family or friend who can and will provide for him out of his daily acquired pittance, he necessarily has to appeal to charity and the alms house for the means to sustain life,-The daily receipts of the day laborer, even TERMS.

indebted to the Rev. Dr. Stiles, of the Pres-bytorian Church North, much of whose lan-and medical attendance for himself and family, Sickness or accident often subject him to the mercy of his landlord, and render him destitute of the necessaries of life. In the Southern States the negro slave is always bountifully supplied with all the necessaries of life, never suffers from the want of medimany similar developements, may cost but | cal attendance, has his aged and infirm and adolescent amply provided for, and reared in comfort, cultivates the land whose products return to himself rent free; and never, from the hour of his birth to the day of his death, passes a day without being secure in his tenement and home. Even his family, though liable to be sold, are nevertheless more unition with the negro slave, which is uttered by ted in time and space, than the families of the sacrifice? Will you point to England and | the slaveholders themselves, and incomparably more so than the families of the North blacks in the West Indies? These things that rarely "abide in one story," which fact will work an abatement of our appreciation is too easy of demonstration to admit of ar-

gument. In conclusion, the census of 1850 exhibits the statistics showing less blindness, deafness, lunacy and suffering among the negro slaves of the South than among any other four million of laborers in the universe, with regard to whom statistics have been made; and to this fact our enemies can answer nothing.

The third position I assumed in our Convention I will consider in my next.

Yours, very respectfully, JOHN TYLER.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Plain and Fancy Printing. Job work of all kinds-such as Handbills, Circulars Business, Visiting, and Show Cards, Tickets, Bill Heads, Deeds, Mortgages, and all kinds of blanks, &c., &c., &c. neatly printed at the "GLOBE" Job Office, Huntingdon, Pa. Specimens of "GLOBE" printing can be seen at the office-which will satisfy everybody that it is no longer necessary to go to Philadelphia for neat work. Call and see for yourselves.

Ambrotypes and Daguerreotypes, E. P. PRETTYMAN respectfuly informs the public that he is now perpared to take Dauguerroetypes and Ambrotypes on glass, put up with double or single glass.

Rooms at the Station Horse, Huntingdon Pa. Blanks of all kinds,

Neatly printed and for sale at the "Globe," Office-such as Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Judgment and Common Bonds, Agreements, Leases, Judgment and Promissory Notes, Notes relinquishing all benefits of exemption laws, License Bonds, and all blanks used by Justices of the Peace.

The Cars for Broad Top and Bedford. The Passenger trains leave the Depot at Huntingdon at 9.30 A. M., and 5.30 P. M .: - returning arrive at Huntingdon, 2.1 P. M., and 9.34 A. M. Passengers for Bedford take four horse coaches at Hopewell, on the Hopewell branch.

The Public

Generally are invited to call at the New Drug Store of WM, WILLIAMS, & Co. Every article usually to be found in the best establishments of the kind, can be had, fresh and pure, at their Store, in Market Square, Huntingdon.

For Ready-Made Clothing,

Wholesale or retail, call at H. Roman's Clothing Store, opposite Couts' Hotel, Huntingdon, Pa., where the very best assortment of goods for men and boys' wear may be found, at low prices,

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

export demand, and prices are firm. Sales of 1500 bbls., Wyoning. at \$6.62\(\text{\text{\text{o}}} \) bbl; 500 bbls. superfine, fresh ground, at \$6.50, and bbls "J. C. Kern's" extra family at \$7.25. There is a fair demand for the supply of the site. ground, it \$5.50, that bols \$5.5 Kern's extra lathly at \$7.25. There is a fair demand for the supply of the city retail trade at \$6.50@8.50 \ bbl., as in quality. Rye flour is not inquired for, and held at \$3.50 \ bbl. Corn meal is scarce and steady. Sales of 1500 bbls. Brandywine at \$3.75 \ bbl.

Wheat is in fair demand and firm, the supply being limited. Sales of 6000 by at 1526 \ bbl. for new parts and

cording to the ablest and best authorities, reaches only 200,000 members. Look again at the South. To say nothing whatever of the colored members of the churches in Matter township, on THURSDAY, the 18th day of SEP-TEMBER, inst. John Scott and T. P. Campbell, Esqr's. and others, will address the meeting. Let there be a full turn out of the Democracy and all others seeking correct information, DEMOCRATS, information, September 3, 1856.

CELLING OF F.—The undersigned having determinated to quit business, offers to sell his whole stock of WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY, AT COST! by the single article or the whole together. Call soon and get bargains! Persons having jobs at his store, will please call and get them immediately.

Those knowing themselves indebted to the subscribor, will please call and settle IMMEDIATELY.

Huntingdon, Sept. 3. 1856. EDM. SNARE. Huntingdon, Sept. 3, 1856.

CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE

UNTINGDON & BROAD TOP
RAIL ROAD. CHANGE OF SCHEDULE!
On and after Wednesday, September 3, 1856, Trains will
leave daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:
FIRST TRAIN.

finst inala.							
81	rations.	A,M.	P.M.				
Leave	Huntingdon		rrive,2.01				
64	McConnellstown.	,9.45,L	eave1.46				
66	Pleasant Grove		"1.37				
f f	Marklesburg,		"1.25				
"	Coffee Run	10.20	" .,,,1.04				
46	Rough & Ready	10.30	····12.55				
	Fishers' Summit.	70.50	"12.39				
. "			"12.23				
	Saxton		***************************************				
	Riddelsburg		***************************************				
Arriv	eat Allaquippa		" ,,,,,,,.12,M				
}	SEC	OND TRAIN,	•				
ł		P.M.	A.M.				
Leave	Muntingdon		rrive8.34				
46	M'Connellstown		··8.19				
66	Pleasant Grove		"8.10				
££	Marklesburg		⁶⁴ 7.58				
66	Coffee Run		"7.42				
66	Rough & Ready	6.30	"7.34				
"	Fishers' Summit	6.50	"7.16				
46	Saxton		"				
44	Riddelsburg	7.96	6.37				
	e at Allaquippa						
ATTIV	e at Alladumik		CHAR				

September 3, 1856. DALL CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS. ALL CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS,
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
GEO, BULPIN & CO.. Manufacturers of Cloaks and Mantillas, No. 174 CHESTNUT Street, (a few doors above 7th, south side.) PHILADELPHIA. (in connection with GEO.
BULPIN, 361 Broadway, N. Y. The largest Manufacturer of these goods in the United States.)
Beg to call the attention of Wholesale and Retail buyers to their large and varied stock of Cloaks, Talmas, &c., &c., POR THE FALL TRADE!!

Their collection comprises a complete assortment of all the latest Persian Novelties in Velvet, Moire-Antique, Cloth, Plain Silk, &c., &c.; while the facilities afforded by their connection with the largest Manufacturing House, (of these goods.) in New York, enable them to guarantee better value than is obtainable elsewhere in this market.

etter value than is obtainable elsewhere in this market. GEO. BULPIN & CO 174 Chestnut Street, above 7th.

September 3, 1856-3m. QUN NOTICE .- Andrew Wurfflein,

When the North Crist Andrew Wuffilein, Guns, Riff Ees, PISTOLS, &c..

No. 122 North Second Street, Philadelphia, Where he keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of fine double and single barrel Shot Guns, large duck guns, rifles and pistols, of all kinds. Also, the celebrated cast steel rifles, with increased twists, to shoot the pointed ball of his own make: rifle barrels, shot bags, pouches, &c. He invites persons wishing to purchase goods in his line, to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he is determined to sell on the MOST REASONARLE TERMS.

ety for 1856.

The Premium List, with the Regulations and Programme of the Exhibition, will be furnished on application to Mr. John M'Gowan, Assistant Secretary of the United States Agricultural Society, 160 Chestnut street, (Rooms of the Philadelphia Agricultural Society.) or by addressing the Secretary, at Boston.

MARSHALL P. WILDER, WILLIAM S. KING Secretary. Secretary, at Boston. M WILLIAM S. KING, Secretary, September 3, 1856-3t.

TOVES, STOVES.—Wholesale and RETAIL.—We respectfully call the attention of Country Merchants and those in want of a good article of Cooking, Heating Stoves, to our extensive stock, comprising the following Stoves, to wit:

Globe Cook, Completes, Delaware Cook, Banner, Flat Top, Bay State, Ariel, Buck Cook, &c., &c. Our Heating Stoves consist of Bar rooms, Cannon Stoves, salamanders, &c. Our MACGREGOR Heating Stoves, for Halls, Parlors and Stores, nearranted to give more heat than any other Stove in the market, as numerous references will show, N. B. Also, Agents for Queen's Patent Portable Forges & Macgregors Cauldron Furnaces, for rendering lard, &c.,

&c. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

NEMAN & WARNICK, N. E. Corner Second & Race Sts. LREADY ON HAND WITH FALL
AND WINTER GOODS.—MOSES STRAUS has just received a splendid stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

DRY GOODS OF ALL KINDS, READY MADE CLOTH-

WALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR

SALE.—In pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, there will be exposed to sale, by public outery, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of OCTO-BER, next. on the premises, ALL THAT CERTAIN LOT OR PARCEL OF GROUND, situate on Stone Creek, in Jackson township, in the county of Huntingdon, adjoining lands of Margaret H. Cummins, and John Mellroy, and containing FIVE ACRES and one hundred and forty-six perches, with a GRIST MILL, having three run of stones, a SAW MILL, PLASTER MILL, and DWELLING HOUSE thereon erected. These mills are nearly new, have been constructed in the most substantial and workmanlike manner, are situated in a good wheat growing district, and can do as much and as good work as any other mills in the neighborhood. To any one desiring to purchase mill property this would be a suitable mark. This lot, &c. is to be sold as the property of William Cummins, deceased, by his administrators.

The terms of sale to be one third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments thereafter, with interest, to be secured by the bonds and mortgage of the purchaser. Sale will commence at 12 o'clock of said day, where due attendance will be given by the undersigned.

JOHN CUMMINS,

GEO. JACKSON, Administrators. August 27, 1856. HERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, on THURSDAY, the 25th of SEPTEMBER, 1866. at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, the following described real estate, to wit:

A tract of land situate in Brady township, A tract of land situate in Brady township, huntingdon county, containing about sixty acres, being part of the Sugar Groye Farm, lying on both sides of the Pennsylvania Rail Road, on the west side of Mill Creek, adjoining the Juniata river, lands of Irvin, Greene and others, having thereon erected a large two story frame tavern house, one saw mill, one harn and store house, one warehouse, three dwelling houses, and other buildings and out buildings. Seized and taken in excention and to be sold as the property of Robert Kyle.

Also-All the right, title and interest of Defendant, of, in and to a tract of land lying partly in Brady and partly in Henderson township, adjoining lands of Irvin, Greene and Watson on the east, the Juniata river on the south, lands of John McCahan on the west, and James Simpson on the north, containing about 60 acres, most of which is cleared, with a large tavern more or less, most of which is cleared, with a large tavern house, stable, saw mill, store house, ware house and three dwelling houses. Also, the interest of defendant in a tract of land in Henderson township, adjoining on the north lands of Jane Armitage, on the cast lands of James Simpson, on the south by Alexander Simpson, on the west by Samuel Goodman, containing 114 acres, more or less, about 80 acres cleared, with a house and barn and frame carpenter shop and excellent orchard thereon. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of James J. Goodman. Goodman.

JOSHUA GREENLAND, Sheriff.

JOSHUA GREENLAND, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Huntingdon, August 27, 1856. }

Note.—Plaintiff hereby gives notice, that on the sale of the Mill Creek property, the interest of James J. Goedman, in the premises, will first be offered for sale, subject to a mortgage of \$2206 60, with interest from the 1st day of April, 1855. It will then be sold on the mortgage as the property of Robert Kyle, and the purchaser will take the title of William Buchanan discharged from liens.

The purchaser will be required to pay \$400 when the property is struck down, and the balance of his bid on the acknowledgement of the Sheriff's deed at November Term.

TEMIUM IMPROVED SUPER PHOSPHATE OP LIME. The only Silver Medal yet awarded by Agricultural Societies, was given to THIS SUPERIOR ARTICLE, at the last Pennsylvania State Fair, at Harrisburg, as a FERTILIZER of the BEST QUALITY for WHEAT, CORN, OATS, Grass and Pottores, raising HEAVY CROPS, and greatly IMPROVING the SOIL. The subscriber respectfully informs FARMERS and DEALERS that he is prepared to supply the Fall demand with this superior and well tested article.

***Magents** Wanted.**—A liberal discount allowed. Also, No. 1 Peruvian and Mexican Guano, Pondrette and Land Plaster, Oils, Candles, Soap, &c., of the best quality, at lowest market rates.

9 & 10 South Wharyes, below Market St., Philadelphia, August 20, 1856-3m.

August 20, 1856-3m.

DERUVIAN GUANO. - Experience lus taught the Farmer that the ONLY RELIABLE Fertilizer is the PERUVIAN GOVERNMENT GUANO.— The subscriber. Sole Agent in Philadelphia for the sale of it, has now on hand a large stock of PURE PERUVIAN GUANO,
Which he will sell at the lowest Cash price, in lefs to suit either dealers or farmers.

Sole Agent for Philadelphia.

No. 48 North Wharves, and 97 North Water St.

August 20, 1856-5m.

XAMINATION OF TEACHERS.—

The undersigned will meet the School Directors, and teachers for examinations in their respective districts as indicated in the following table.

Districts,

Time.

Tell,

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Thursday, Sept. 2,

Morris,

Thursday, Sept. 4,

Friday, Sept. 5,

Friday, Sept. 5,

Hook School house.

Newburgh, Spruce Creek, Hook School ho Thursday, Sept. 4, Friday, Sept. 5, Saturday, Sept. 6, Monday, Sept. 8, Tuesday, Sept. 9, Wednesday, Sep. 10, Thursday, Sep. 21, Monday, Sep. 22, Tuesday, Sep. 23, Wednesday, Sep. 24, Friday, Sep. 26, Saturday, Sep. 27, Wednesday, Oct. 1, Thursday, Oct. 2, Friday, Oct. 3, Saturday, Oct. 4, Monday, Oct. 6, Warriorsmark, Alexandria, Warriorsmark, Alexandria, Porter, Walker, McConnellstown. Court house, S. C. Bridge, Manor Hill, McAlevy's Fort, Marklesburg, Jackson, Penn. Mill Creek. Aughwick Mills, Shirleysburg. Shirleysburg, Orbisonia, Shade Gap. Maddensville. Cromwell. Saturday, Oct. 4, Monday, Oct. 6, Tuesday, Oct. 7, Wednesday, Oct. 8, Thursday, Oct. 9, Dublin, Springfield, Cassville. Friday, Oct. 10,

The time of meeting will be, 10 o'clock a, m. at each of these places, and punctuality is very desirable. Teachers must attend a public examination if they desire certificates. ALBERT OWEN Aug. 13, 1856-3m. County Superintendent.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR OB-RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR OBTAINING A HOME IN THE WEST.—The undersigned offers to sell 4000 acres of fine tiliable prairie land in a good healthy locality, within 85 miles of Chicago, on the Chicago, Alton and St. Louis Rail Road, in Livingston country, Illinois. Will sell any number of acres to suit purchasers, and the terms of payment made to suit the circumstances of any persons that have too small a capital to open a farm on their strength. Men of large families can never have the same opportunity for getting a comfortable home. The proprietor of the land having a large farm opened, would give employment at good wages to purchasers that have more help than they need.

Will be found at the Exchange Hotel, until after the 1st September. Persons desiring to move to the West within 18 months, will do well to call.

JONATHAN DUFF, Huntingdon, August 5, 1856.

ل.	TO HOUSE SEE STATE			
el, ii-m m ne ys si-i-d in ts m h, a-h i-of	RAL SOCIETY.—Office, 160 CHESNIT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.—The Fourth Annual Exhibition of the United States Agricultural Society, will be held at Powelton, (Philadeiphia,) on Tuesday, Wednesday. Thursday. Friday, and Saturday, October 7th, 5th, 9th, 10th and 11th. Premiums from \$25 to \$200, amounting in the aggregate to \$14,000, will be offered for the various classes of Domestic Animals, Fruits, American Wines, Vegetables, Grains, and Agricultural Implements and Machinery. A Local Committee at Philadelphia. representing the various branches of Industry, has been appointed to co-operate with the officers of the Society, in perfecting arrangements for the Exhibition. And \$15,000 have been guaranteed to meet expenses. This material aid, coupled with the excellence of the selected location, and the large amount of Premiums offered, induces the expectation that the Exhibition of 1856, will be superior to any of its predecessors. A Grand Agricultural Banquet, in which ladies, as well as gentlemen, will participate, will take place on Friday, October 10th, when distinguished gentlemen will address the assemblage.	Let by the Agriculti at the Fair to be held; at the Fair to be held; 10th of October next, Best Stallion, Second lest do., Best 2 or 2 year old col; "colt under 1 year ol; "brood mure, Second best do., Ludges: A. P. Wilson Spruce Creek; John C. Hamilton, Franklin. Best pair work oxen, Second best do., Third best do., Best hall, Second best do., Best boar, Second lest do.,	HORSES. \$5.00 Best draft horse; \$3.00 Second best do.; 2.00 Rest riding horse, t, 3.00 Second best do., d, 1.00 Best match horses, 3.00 Second best do. 1.50 n, Esq., Huntingdon; R. F. Ha older, Porter; David Rupert, FEAT STOCK. \$4.00 Best cow, 3.00 Second best do., 2.00 Best 3 year old heifer, 8.00 "two year old do., 2.00 Calf, HOGS. 3.00 Best sow, 2.00 Best sow, 2.00 Best sow, 2.00 Second best,	2 00 1 00 2 00 1 00 2 00 1 00 2 00 2 00
h	the transportation of Stock and other articles are in prog- ress, the terms of which will be given on application at	Third best do.,	1 00 Best litter of pigs, SHEEP.	2 00.
et	the office. The List of Entries, the Awards of Premiums, and the	Best fine wooled buck, Second best do.,		2 00 3 00
r-	Proceedings, will be published in the Journal of the Soci-	Best Southdown do., Second best do.,		2 00 3 00
łą	ety for 1856. The Premium List, with the Regulations and Programme	Best long wooled do.,		3 00

recond best do	2 00	pest forig wooten do	., 000
Best long wooled do.,	3 00	Best Southdown do.	3 00
Judges: Samuel H.	Bell, Sh	irley ; Wm. Hileman.	Morris;
Peter Livingston, Ear	ree; Jo	hn Garner, Penn; E	li Wake-
field, Brady.			
,	PLOV	YING.	
Best.	4 00	Third do.	2 00
Best, Second best.	2 00	Fourth do.,	1 00
Judges: Elisha She	oemaker		Shaver,
Shirley; A. B. Sangar	ree, Wal	ker; Wm. Hutchiso	n, War-
riorsmark: Samuel V	Vigton.	Franklin.	•
AGRICUI	TURA	IMPLEMENTS.	
Best plow.	3 00	Best wheat drill,	3 00
" harrow.	2 00	" corn planter,	3 00
" cultivator.	3 00	" horse rake,	2 00
" hill-side plough,	3 00	" reaper,	S 00
" harrow, " cultivator, " hill-side plough, " windmill,	3 00	" mower,	3 00
Judges: John S. 180	ett. Frai	iklin; Perry Moore,	Morris;
George Jackson, Jack	son tp.;	Kinzie L. Green, Cla	y; Isaac
Long, Walker.		-	
	GRA		
Best wheat.	4 00	Best ryo.	2.00

Best foliato cats
Best honey,
Best jelly,
Second best do.,
Best preserves,
Second best do., 1 00 work,
1 00 Second best do.,
50 Best sill embroidery,
50 Best shell work,
1 00 Second best do.,
50 Best shell work, Best pickles, Second best do.,

perconn nest do, 50
Persons whose trade is baking cannot enter this list in competition, as it is intended for the encouragement of housekeepers. But bakers may compete among themselves and obtain like premiums. and obtain like premiums.

Judges; John Scott, Esq., Huptingdon; John Porter,
Esq., Alexandria; Mrs. John Gemmill. Porter; Mrs. A. W.
Benedict and Miss Prudence Jackson, Huntingdon.
MECHANICAL IMPLEMENTS AND MANUFACTURES. set of single harness, 1 00

set of farming do., 1 00

set of farming do., 1 00

bridle and saddle, 1 00

pair of boots, 1 00

do. shoes, 1 00

side of sole leather, 1 00

side larness & upper, 1 00

side larness & upper, 1 00

and greatest variety

Judges: Gen 1 Colve dest two-norsecular to the Lurgyv.

Set of single harness, 1 00

set of farming do., 1 00

bridle and saddle, 1 00

pair of boots, 1 00

and the Lurgyv.

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1 Best two-horse carriage, 200 of tin ware, buggy, 100 "lot of earthen and

" lot of cabinet ware, 100 no.,
" and greatest variety
Judges: Gen. J. C. Watson, Mill Creck; Peter Stryker,
Porter: James Saxton, Huntingdon; Dr. J. A. Shade,
Shade Gap; James Wilson, Henderson,
FRUITS.
Second best do., 100 Best and greatest variety of apples, Second best do., 2 00 Best quinces, Second best do., 2 00 Best and greatest variets dozen Fall apples, 2 00 ety of grapes, Second best do., 2 00 Seat native grapes, 2 00 Seat native gr

Second best do., 1 00 Best native grapes, 2 00
Best doz. winter apples, 2 00 Second best do., 1 00
Second best do., 1 00 Best dozen peaches, 2 00
Best pears, 2 no e planes, 7 no
Judges: R. Bruco Petriken, Esq. Huntingdon; Dr. Wm.
Swoope, Porter; Jacob Cresswell Tod; Thos. T. Cromwell,
Esq., Cromwell; David Hawn, Walker.

VEGETABLES.

Post rotators 2 00 turning 50 2 00 " turnips, 1 00 " onions, 2 00 " celery, 1 00 " cabbage, 50 " squashes, 50 " pumpkins, 50 " water melon Best purple eggs,
--- peppers,

"beets, 50 "musk melons, 50 marships, 50 beans, 50 beans, 50 carrots, 50 peas, Judges: Israel Grafius, Esq., Porter; Alexander Port. Esq., Huntingdon; Gen. John McComb. Jackstown; David Henderson, Franklin; John Genmill, Porter.

PLORAL.

Bust disular of flowers best variety of dahlas. 100 Best display of flowers Best variety of dahlias, 1 00 in bloom, 2 00 Second best do., 50 Second best display of plants, 2 00 Best boquet, 50 Best display of plants, 2 00 Judges: Geo, C. Bucher, Porter: Col. S. S. Wharton, Huntingdon; Mrs. P. C. Swoope, Miss Julia Miles, Huntingdon; Miss Matilda Colder, Porter, POULTERY.

Huntingdon; Miss Matida Colder, Porter:

POULTRY.

Best pair of turkeys,
Second best do.,
S

Will be received by the County Commissioners at their office in Huntingdon, up to 2 o'clock on Friday the 20th day of August, inst., for re-building the bridge across the Juniata at Huntingdon, which was blown down by the storm hast Spring. Persons proposing are requested to examine the abutments and pier and see to what extent they are injured and bid accordingly. Plan and specifications can be seen at the Commissioners' Office. By order of the Commissioners.

August 20, 1856.

Angust 20, 1856,

FARM FOR SALE.—The subscriber will sell a tract of land situate in Henderson township. Huntingdon county, 5½ miles from Huntingden and 2½ from Mill Creek, containing 115 acres—from 10 to 15 acres of which are cleared, the balance well timbered. The improvements are a small log house and log barn, saw mill and school house. The place is well supplied with excellent water. There is also a good peach orchard on the premises. The farm adjoins lands of Hitam Grady, Robert Black, Jos. Dorland, and John Fleuner. For terms and further particulars apply to the subscriber, residing near the premises.

JAMES SIMPSON.

August 20, 1856,* he premises.
August 20, 1856.

TRAY COW.—Came to the residence of the subscriber, in Warriorsmark township, on the 8th day of August, inst., a large hand-some MILCH COW, of a deep red color, with a subscriber white stripe along her helly, and about eight years out. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

Aug. 20, 1856.

JOHN A. HENDERSON.

PARMERS OF THIS NEIGHBOR-TARMERS OF THIS NEIGHBOR-HOOD, Growers of Wheat and Rye, Use LEINAU'S SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME, if you want heavy crops, OF LEINAU'S AMERICAN FERTILIZER. These valuable Mannres have been used for the past six years suggessfully for the Grain and Tobacco Crop in Virginia. Pennsylvania, New Jersey. Delaware, Maryland and the Islands of Bermuda and Barbadoes. A barrel, (250 lbs) is sufficient for an Acre of Land. The above Fertilizers are composed of reliable Chemical Elements, which largely increase the Crop and improve the soil. doubling the value of the kind. Price of the Phosphate of Lime, is \$40.00 p t.on., Nitrogened \$50.00, the American Fertilizer \$25.00 per Ton., or \$3.50 a Barrel, \$1.25 a Keg; also, every variety of GUANO, Pure Land Plaster, Pot Ash, Nitrate of Soda, Bono Dust, Powedered Charcoal, &c., &c. GEO. A. LEINAU, Proprietor, No. 19 South Front Street, Philadelphia. \$72.Goods delivered free of charge.

To Wholesale Dealers, a liberal discount, Pamphlets in the English and German Language gratis, Orders at a distance, Cash accompanying or Draft, promptly attended to by G. A. LEINAU, Proprietor, Philadelphia, Pa. N. B. Diplomas have been awarded from the Pennsylvania Agricultural Society; New York Crystal Palace As, sociation and New Jersey State Agricultural Society. August 20, 1856-3m.

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Letters of administration on the Estate of Thomas McCabe, late of Franklin township, Huntingdon county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned Administra-tor, all persons indebted to said Estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them daly authenticated for settlement to OWEN McCABE. settlement to August 6, 1856.*

EAD PIPE for sale at the Hardware