Farm Garden & Household.

RECIPES.

The following recipes we clip from our leading magazines:

COCOANUT CAKE.—One large cocoanut grated, three cups of sugar, four eggs, one cup of butter, one teaspoonful of soda, two teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar.

CUP PUDDING.—Beat three ounces of butter to a cream, add to it two ounces of pounded sugar, stir in three ounces of flour, and then a pint of milk; put the mixture into buttered cups, and bake it twenty minutes.

COCOANUT BISCUIT.—Scrape off the skin carefully, grate the nut very fine, add half the weight of powdered sugar. Mix well together with white of egg, drop on wafer paper in small rough knobs the size of a walnut, and bake in a slack oven.

COCOANUT JUMBLES.—One pound of sugar, half a pound of butter, four eggs, one pound of flour, half a teaspoonful of soda, the milk of the nut. Just before baking stir in the grated cocoanut. Drop it on tins.

SOMETHING NICE.—Beat three eggs very light, stir them with one pint of milk, slice some bread, dip into the eggs and milk, fry to a nice brown, sprinkle powdered sugar and cinnamon on the top. This is a French treat.

LITTLE WHITE CAKES.—Half a pound of dry sugar, rub into it a very little sugar, one ounce of butter, one egg, and a spoonful of thin cream, a few caraway seed, and as much milk as will make it into a paste. Roll out thin, and bake for fifteen minutes on a tin.

LEMON CAKE.—One pound of flour, six ounces of butter, six ounces of moist sugar three teaspoonfuls of baking powder, three eggs, and the rind of a large lemon, or two small ones, grated fine; a little milk to make it the proper stiffness. Bake for one hour in a quick oven.

PUMPKIN PIES.—Mrs. S. Hannahs, Portage Co., O., "says: Pare the pumpkin, then grate it, and add sugar and ginger to taste, and milk enough to make it of the proper consistency; then line your pie tins with crust, put in your pumpkin, and bake in the ordinary way. After trying this once, no one will, I think, wish to go back to the old way of making pies of stewed pumpkin."

CREAM PUFFS.—One pint of water, one third of a pound of butter, three-quarters of a pound of flour, ten eggs; boil the water and butter together, and stir in the flour while boiling. When cool, add the eggs, well beaten, and a teaspoonful of soda; drop on tin sheets about the size of a dollar, and bake in a moderate oven fifteen minutes.

CREAM FOR THE PUFFS.—One cup of flour, two cups of sugar, four eggs, one quart of milk; beat the flour, sugar and eggs together, then stir with the milk while boiling, till it is of the consistency of thick cream; flavor with vanilla.—Make a small ring in each puff, and put in a spoonful of the cream.

RECIPE FOR A VERY FINE SPONGE CAKE.—The weight of four eggs in sugar, and the weight of two more in flour. Beat the whites of the six eggs to a stiff froth; stir the yolks and sugar to a frothy cream; put together, stir briskly, sift in the flour a little at a time and stir enough to get the flour in and no more. Put in a round cake tin with tube in the centre; bake in a quick oven. It rises very light.

All hygienists should know that sponge cake, to be good, must not be stirred at all after the flour is put in; it makes the cake very tough. No soda, no cream tartar.

IRISH GRIDDLE OR SLIM CAKES.—Rub two ounces and a half of butter into half a pound of flour with a little salt, make it into a stiff paste with a little milk, roll it out half an inch thick, and cut it into squares and rounds, or any shape you like. It will take half an hour to bake; it should be baked on a griddle over a stove, or in the oven with the door open.

FRENCH METHOD OF MAKING CURDS.—The French make their curds simply by allowing the milk to stand for a couple or three days without any preparation whatever. The second day the milk goes sour, the third it becomes curds with a rich cream on the top, and is then ready for eating with sugar. If allowed to stand longer than the time to solidify, the curds would go mouldy.

GINGERBREAD PUDDING.—Take a quarter of a pound of suet, flower, breadcrumbs, and molasses, a tablespoonful of sugar, and a tablespoonful of ginger. Mix, put into a mould, and boil for four hours. Fruit of lemon chips may be added if wished.

TO MAKE OLD KID GLOVES NEW.—Make a thick mucilage by boiling ahandful of flax-seed; add a little dissolved soap; then when the mixture cools, with a piece of white flannel wipe the gloves, previously fitted to the hand; use only enough of the cleaner to take off the dirt, without wetting through the glove.

MOLASSES CANDY.—One teacupful of molasses, half a teacupful of any kind of sugar, a teaspoonful of vinegar, a piece of butter half the size of a nutmeg. Put the whole in a skillet on a hot fire, and boil exactly ten minutes, stirring all the time. Then set off to cool.—Pull it as soon as it is hard enough.

ALMOND CUSTARD.—Blanch and pound four ounces of sweet almonds and a few bitter ones. Boil them five minutes in a quart of milk, sweeten to your taste, and when blood warm stir in the beaten yolks of eight eggs, and the whites of four. Heat it and stir it till it thickens, then pour it into cups. Cut the reserved whites to a stiff broth, and put on the top.

REMOVING CORKS FROM BOTTLES.—Sometimes a cork is pushed down into the bottle or vial which it is desirable to remove. A very effectual way to do is to insert a strong twine in a loop and engage the cork in any direction most convenient. It can then be be withdrawn by a strong pull, the cork generally yielding sufficiently to pass through the neck.

TO CLEANSE PORK BARRELS, ETC.—Chemistry furnishes an agent in the permanganate of potassia, which fully meets this want. A pint of the permanganate of potassia, turned into the most nasty, filthy cider, beer or pork barrel, rinsed about a few times, will entirely decompose all fungoid growths and fermenting matter, and render the cask as sweet as those that are new. The only way to remove immediately the odor of carbolic acid from the hands is to immerse them in the liquid permanganate.

HUNTER'S PUDDING.—Mix together one pound of flour, one pound of finely chopped suet, one pound of currants, one pound of chopped raisins, four ounces of sugar, the outer rind of half a lemon grated, six berries of allspice finely powdered, and a quarter of a teaspoon full of salt; when well mingled, add four well beaten eggs, a glass of brandy, and one or two tablespoonfuls of milk to reduce all to a thick batter; boil in a cloth nine hours, and serve with brandy sauce. This pudding may be kept for six months after boiling, if closely tied up; it will be required to be boiled an hour when it is to be used.

Groceries

WM. J. MARTIN,

Wholesale and Retail dealer in

GROCERIES & LIQUORS.

A large lot of GROCERIES that I am selling Cheap for Cash.

CHOICE LIQUORS,

Old Rye Whiskey eight years old.

Very old French Brandy.

ALL OTHER KINDS OF LIQUORS.

A general assortment of BITTERS, among which are Mishler's Herb Bitters.

PURE LIQUORS for Medical purposes, at WM. J. MARTIN'S.

TABLE CUTLERY, Glass-ware, Queensware, &c., at WM. J. MARTIN'S.

April 30, 1869—tf

NEW GROCERY.

JESSE M. WALTER

HAS opened a new Grocery Store, adjoining his residence on York street, and will always keep on hand

PRIME GROCERIES

of all kinds—Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Syrup, Molasses, Fish, Salt, Pepper, Spices, &c. Also, Confections, Fruits, Nuts, Soaps, and Notions generally. He has now on hand a fine lot of HAMS for family use.

All of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices. Call and examine.

THE HIGHEST PRICE GIVEN FOR

BUTTER & EGGS.

Gettysburg, Sept. 30, 1870.—tf

NEW GROCERY.

HAVING purchased from Mr. AMOS ECKERT his Grocery establishment, on the Northwest corner of Centre Square, GETTYSBURG, PA., and laid in a new stock of Goods, I respectfully invite my Friends and the public to give me a call. In addition to a large and varied stock of prime

Groceries, Notions, &c.,

I will keep constantly on hand the best quality of

Queensware, Fire-Proof and Glassware,

Fruits, Confections, &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest cash rates.

H. H. BEAMER.

June 24, 1870.—tf

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, NOTIONS,

TOBACCOS,

Also Stone, Wooden and Willow-ware.

A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in A FAMILY GROCERY.

Dec. 4, 1867—tf

Coal, Lumber, Time, &c.

COOK AND PARLOR

STOVES,

OF ALL KINDS.

The latest and most approved styles.

TIN, SHEET-IRON AND

HOLLOW WARE,

COAL & LUMBER

OF ALL KINDS.

Forwarding Houses.

LOOK HERE!

THE undersigned has leased the Ware-house at the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, Gettysburg, Pa. and will carry on the

Grain & Produce Business

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES

OF ALL KINDS

constantly for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soap, &c.; also, Coal Oil, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

He is always able to supply a first-rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed. Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

He will also run a

Line of Freight Cars

to No. 165 North Howard street, BALTIMORE, and No. 611 Market street, PHILADELPHIA.—All goods sent to either place will be received and forwarded promptly. All goods should be marked "CRESS' CAR."

April 2, 1868.—tf JOHN CRESS

JOSEPH WIBLE. J. R. WIBLE.

Joseph Wible & Son,

PRODUCE DEALERS,

South-east cor. of Railroad and Washington sts., GETTYSBURG, PA.

HIGHEST cash price paid for all kinds of Grain, Hay, Straw and Country Produce generally. Constantly on hand for sale all kinds of

GROCERIES,

The best brands of FERTILIZERS constantly on hand, or secured at short notice.

April 22, 1870.—tf

ROBERT M'CURDY,

DEALER IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &c.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned is paying at his Warehouse, in Carlisle street adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

Flour, Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Clover and Timothy-Seeds, Potatoes, &c.

and invites producers to give him a call before selling. He has constantly on hand for sale,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES

Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard. Tobaccos, &c. Also, the best brands of FLOUR, with Feed of all kinds. He likewise has

SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,

Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and Mexican Guano.

Whilst he pays the highest market prices for all he buys, he sells at the lowest living profits. He asks a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction to all.

ROBERT MCCURDY.

July 22, 1869.—tf

NEW FIRM.

BIGHAM & BROTHER.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned, having entered into partnership under the firm of BIGHAM & BROTHER, will carry on the Forwarding and Commission business, at the old stand, on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, and devote to it their entire time and attention. The HIGHEST MARKET PRICE will be paid at all times for Grain and Produce.

Regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every *TUESDAY NOON*, for Baltimore and Philadelphia, and accommodation trains will be run on occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from these cities. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 165 North Howard street, Baltimore, and to Burk's Warehouse, 822 Market street, Philadelphia.

We will also keep constantly on hand the best of

Groceries of all kinds,

Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Spices, Fish, Salt, Syrups, Oils, Tobacco, Bacon, Lard, &c., which will be sold at lowest cash rates.

WM. M. BIGHAM,
JAMES BIGHAM.

Aug. 12, 1870.—tf

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

Hardware and Groceries.

The subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of Hardware and Groceries, which they are offering at their old stand on Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

Carpenter's Tools, Blacksmith's Tools, Coach Findings, Shoe Findings, Cabinet-Maker's Tools, Housekeeper's Pictures, All kinds of Iron, &c., &c., &c.

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,

Oils, Paints, &c. There is no article, included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had in this Store. Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any other house out of the City.

DAVID ZIEGLER.
JOEL B. DANNER.

May 29, 1867—tf

NEW STORE!

SWEITZER & BROTHER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Hardware and Groceries,

Carlisle St., near the Railroad, Gettysburg.

HARDWARE—Includes Builders' Hardware generally, Nails, Locks, Glass, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paint Brushes, &c. We call the attention of Blacksmiths to our assortment of Iron, Steel, Horse Shoes and Horse Shoe Nails, &c.

HOUSE KEEPERS are invited to examine our stock of Knives, Forks, Spoons, Buckets, Tubs, &c.

GROCERIES, such as Coffees, Sugars, Teas, Spices, Syrups, Vinegar, Soaps, &c., all of which we will constantly keep on hand. All sold low for cash.

Here is the place to buy cheap. Don't forget to call and examine our stock of goods.

SWEITZER & BRO.

Oct. 7, 1870.—tf

Sewing Machines.

THE ORIGINAL

Howe Sewing Machine

IMPROVED.

Its Simplicity, Durability, Ease of Operation,

Perfection in mechanical construction, lightness and Beauty in Style and finish, and adapted to a large range of work, renders it THE BEST

Sewing Machine in the Market.

An earnest invitation is extended to those about to purchase a Sewing Machine to call and examine this Machine and be convinced of its merits.

All orders promptly attended to. Machines delivered to all parts of the County.

H. H. ROWE, *Agent*,
Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

Nov. 4, 1870.—tf

HOWE MACHINES!

THE LATEST IMPROVED AND GENUINE

ELIAS HOWE, JR.,

SEWING MACHINES.

JACOB F. THOMAS, *Agent*,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,

At his residence on York Street.

ORDERS will be promptly attended to. Machines delivered to all parts of the county and instructions given gratis.

The public are cautioned against parties who use the name of HOWE in connection with their machines on account of the popularity of the Howe Machines. There are none GENUINE except those that have intended in each machine a medallion having the likeness of ELIAS HOWE, Jr. on it, &c.

[Feb. 26, 1870.—tf

Financial!

GETTYSBURG

NATIONAL BANK!

Government Bonds of all kinds,

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

The Highest Premium paid on Gold and Silver.

Coupons Cashed or Collected!

Persons desiring to invest in STOCKS or BONDS of any kind, are invited to call, as we have the facilities of New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore markets. Consequently all orders are promptly executed

Persons possessing COUPON BONDS, and desiring for safety to convert into Registered, are requested to call, as we have the advantage to transfer at a trifling expense.

INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS of all denominations for sale.

INTEREST ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS *advanced*

1 *per cent. viz:*

5 PER CENT. for 1 year,

4 PER CENT. for 6 months,

3 PER CENT. for 6 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds and Stocks of all kinds, are requested to give us a call, and we will cheerfully give any information.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 5, 1869—tf

5-20'S AND 1881'S

BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED ON THE MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

GOLD BOUGHT & SOLD

AT MARKET RATES.

PACIFIC R. R. BONDS

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

STOCKS

Bought and Sold on Commission only.

Accounts received and interest allowed on daily balances subject to check.

DE HAVEN & BRO.,

No. 40 South 3rd Street,

PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

March 24, 1870.—1y

Farming Implements, &c.

DODGE'S PATENT

REAPER AND MOWER

AND SELF RAKER.

HIS machine has met with the most complete success. In every section where it has been introduced, it has taken precedence over those machines which have heretofore ranked as first-class. It is in every respect a Self-Raker and a superior Mower.

A careful examination will convince any one of its superior merits over all others, in simplicity, strength and durability. As a Self-raking Reaper it has no equal *to our knowledge.*

The Dodge rake is attached to no other machine in the United States, except to this machine.—Built by the DODGE & STEVENSON Manufacturing Co., Auburn, New York.

READ THE NOTICE OF THE COMPANY TO OUR AGENTS:

Having been informed that certain manufacturers in Ohio and elsewhere are building Reapers, with DODGE'S SELF-RAKE attached, we ask you to furnish us the names of all persons reaching or purchasing such machines, as we have never licensed any person or persons to manufacture said SELF-RAKE, or any part thereof, and will prosecute to the full extent of the law all persons manufacturing, selling or using said Self-rake stolen from our own patent.

JOHN A. DODGE, President.

We have that confidence in this machine that we are willing to let those wanting a machine test it with any other machine they may wish, and pay freight both ways if it fails to recommend itself.

Farmers wanting Droppers attached can be accommodated.

For the benefit of those wanting machines we should refer them to a few of those to whom we have sold, viz:

Henry Culp	Peter Mackley,
John Lease,	Wm. Burney,
Jesse D. Newman,	Elisha Penrose,
George F. Miller,	John Deardorff,
Abraham Spangler,	Philip Spangler,
David Plank,	Jonathan Wisler,
John Hockersmith,	James Bickley,
Peter Rettoman,	Daniel Settle,
Henry Shriver,	John Bender,
Christian Shriver,	John Ecker,
Ross Hunter,	Henry King,
John Lower,	Andrew Weikert,
John N. Boyer,	J. J. Kerr,
George Phillips.	

On Hand a few Second Hand Reapers.

Also, WRIE-TOOTH HAY RAKES, of different make, amongst which is the Brandt Rake. A few PLOWS of different kinds, Thresher and Separator one of the best and cheapest ever offered in the county. HARRISBURG FANNING MILL and Farm Implements generally.

Persons wishing to examine machines will find them at the warehouse of Young Wirts & Son, Gettysburg, Pa., or at the residence of the subscriber, 3 miles from Gettysburg, on the Harrisburg road.

EXTRAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND in case of breakage of some wanting Circulars will address the subscriber, Gettysburg, Pa.

WM. WIBLE, Agent.

May 27, 1870.—tf

Watches and Jewelry.

WATCHES & JEWELRY.

WM. M. M'CARTNEY wishes to inform his customers and the public generally, that having purchased the interest of his partner, (L. V. B. Soper,) in the Watch and Jewelry Store on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, he will spare no effort to give satisfaction to all.

He has just returned from the city with a splendid assortment of

GOLD AND SILVER AMERICAN AND SWISS WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, FORKS, GOLD, SILVER AND STEEL FRAME SPECTACLES; also, CLOCKS of the best Manufacture, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, VIOLIN & GUITAR STRINGS, SCREWS and BRIDGES.

Watch and Clock work warranted for one year. Jewelry repairing executed in a neat and workmanlike manner. [Sept. 10, 1869—tf

CLOCKS, WATCHES

AND

JEWELRY.

A. R. FEISTEL

Has removed his shop to York street, opposite the Globe Inn, Gettysburg, where he has constantly on hand a fine assortment of

CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SILVER-PLATED WARE,

Old Silver taken in exchange. All kinds of REPAIRING done and warranted, moderate. All work warranted to give satisfaction.

Nov. 26, 1870.—tf

Books, Magazines, &c.

WHAT EVERYBODY WANTS!

Everybody's Lawyer

AND

BOOK OF FORMS.

By FRANK CROSBY, Esq.,

Member of the Philadelphia Bar.

ENLARGED AND THOROUGHLY REVISED.

BY S. J. VANDERSLOOT, Esq.,

Member of the Philadelphia Bar.

608 pp. 12mo. Law Style. $2 00.

THIS UNEQUALLED BOOK concerns the property, business, individual rights, and social privileges of every one, and affords a fund of legal knowledge that to many will make it worth to weight in gold. The simplicity of its instructions, the comprehensiveness of its subject, the accuracy of its details, the facilities afforded in its perfect arrangement, and the conciseness and the attractiveness of its style, as well as its cheapness, make it the most desirable of all legal hand-books. No effort or expense has been spared in adapting it thoroughly to the times, and affording in it the most recent and useful information.

IT CONTAINS THE

Constitution of the United States,
With Amendments;
General Bankrupt Laws,
With Amendments;
Pension Laws,
With Necessary Forms;
Internal Revenue Laws,
With Stamp Duties;
Post-Office Regulations,
With Postage Rates;
Etc., etc.

TOGETHER WITH THE

Laws of all the States

IN REGARD TO

Acknowledgments,	Credits,	Naturalization,
Administrators,	Debts,	Notes,
Affidavits,	Deeds,	Obligations,
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Alimony,	Exchange,	Penalties,
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Apprentices,	Exemption,	Powers,
Arbitrations,	Guardians,	Pre-emptions,
Assignees,	Hotels,	Receipts,
Assignments,	Landlords,	Releases,
Awards,	Libel,	Rights,
Bills,	Liens,	Slander,
Boarding,	Limitations,	Tenants,
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LIBERAL INDUCEMENTS are offered to agents everywhere. This work is the most complete of its kind ever published, and presents excellencies that commend it to all engaged in the affairs of every-day life. Every Farmer, Business Man, Tradesman, Laboring Man, Politician, Property Holder, Bankrupt, Professional Man, and every one having a Family, will find it interesting, instructive, valuable, and full of information.

SEND FOR OUR LARGE AND HANDSOME SIXTY-FOUR PAGE CATALOGUE of nearly One Thousand standard and choice works. Its character throughout is such as to command the confidence of all experienced canvassers, and the approval of the public.

SINGLE COPIES of Everybody's Lawyer sent to any address, postage paid, on receipt of price.

For terms to agents, and other information, address

JOHN E. POTTER & CO.,

PUBLISHERS,

614 AND 617 *SANSOM STREET*,

PHILADELPHIA.

Oct. 28, 1870.—3m

Railroad Time Tables.

Gettysburg Railroad.

TIME TABLE.

TRAINS now run on the Gettysburg Railroad as follows:

FIRST TRAIN leaves Gettysburg at 8.10 A. M., Granite 8.22, Gulden's 8.25, New Oxford 8.38, arrive at Hanover at 9, and leave at 9.10, arrive at Hanover Junction at 10 A. M., arrive at Baltimore at 12.30 P. M., York 11.45 A. M., Harrisburg 1.10 P. M.

SECOND TRAIN leaves Gettysburg at 1 P. M., Granite 1.12, Gulden's 1.15, New Oxford 1.30, Hanover 1.55, arrive at Hanover Junction at 2.40, Baltimore 6.15, York 3.10, Harrisburg 4.25.

FIRST TRAIN leaves Baltimore at 10.40 P. M., Harrisburg 3.35 A. M., York 6.30, Hanover Junction 7.30, Hanover 9, New Oxford 9.40, arrive at Gettysburg at 10.30.

SECOND TRAIN leaves Baltimore at 8.30 A. M., Harrisburg 8 A. M., York 9.30, Hanover Junction 11.15, Hanover 11.55, New Oxford 12.08, Gulden's 12.20, Granite 12.23, arrives at Gettysburg 12.40 P. M.

THIRD TRAIN leaves Baltimore at 12.40 P. M., Harrisburg 1.27 P. M. York 3, Hanover Junction 3.40 Hanover 4.35, New Oxford 4.40, Gulden's 4.53, Granite 4.56, arrives at Gettysburg at 5.10.

R. MCCURDY, Sup't.

Dec. 9, 1870.—tf

READING RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,

MONDAY, NOV. 21st, 1870.

Great trunk line from the North and Northwest for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Shamokin, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3.10, 8.10 10.50 a. m., and 2.50 p. m. connecting with similar Trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, and arriving at New York at 10.10 a. m., 4.50, 5.30 and 10.00 p. m. respectively.—Sleeping Cars accompany the 3.10 and 8. m., Train without changing.

Returning, leave New York at 9.00 a. m., 12.00 noon and 5.00 p. m., Philadelphia at 8.15 a. m. and 3.30 p. m. Sleeping Cars accompany the 5.00 p. m. train from New York without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8.10 a. m., and 2.50 and 4.00 p. m., stopping at Lebanon and principal way Stations; 4.00 p. m. train connecting for Philadelphia, Pottsville and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, the Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road, leave Harrisburg at 3.40 p. m.

East Pennsylvania Railroad trains leave Reading for Allentown, Easton and New York at 5.00 10.30, 12.45 noon and 4.45 p. m. Returning, leave New York at 9.00 a. m., 12.00 noon and 5.00 p. m. and Allentown at 7.00 a. m., 12.20 noon, 3.35, 7.20 and 8.45 p. m.

Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 a. m., connecting with similar train on East Penn's Railroad, returning from Reading at 6.20 p. m., stopping at all stations.

Leave Pottsville at 9.00 a. m., and 3.10 p. m. Hetzeton at 10.15 a. m., Shamokin at 5.40 and 11.20 a. m., Ashland at 7.05 a. m., and 12.50 noon. Mahanoy City at 7.15 a. m. and 1.35 p. m., Tamaqua at 8.35 a. m., and 2.40 p. m., for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

Leave Pottsville, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 8.15 a. m., for Harrisburg, and 12.05 noon, for Pine Grove and Tremont.

Reading Accommodation Train leaves Pottsville at 5.40 a. m., passes Reading at 7.30 a. m., arriving at Philadelphia at 10.30 a. m. Returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4.45 p. m., passes Reading at 7.25 p. m., arriving at Pottsville at 9.10 p. m.

Pottstown Accommodation Train, leaves Pottstown at 7.00 a. m., returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4.00 p. m.

Colebrookdale Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7.20 a. m., and 6.15 p. m. for Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Colebrookdale Railroad Trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 7.45, 9.05 a. m., 3.00 and 5.30 p. m.; returning, leave Schwenksville at 7.00, 8.30 a. m., 12.50 noon and 4.30 p. m. connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Colebrookdale Railroad Trains leave Pottstown at 9.40 a. m., and 6.30 p. m., returning leave Mount Pleasant at 7.00 and 11.25 a. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Chester Valley Railroad Trains leave Bridgeport at 5.30 a. m., 3.25 and 5.02 p. m., returning leave Downington at 6.25 a. m., 12.45 noon and 5.15 p. m. connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

On Sundays: leave New York at 5.00 p. m., Philadelphia at 8.00 a. m. and 3.15 p. m., (the 8.00 a. m. Train running only to Reading,) leave Pottsville at 8.00 a. m., Harrisburg at 3.10 a. m., and 4.40 p. m.; leave Allentown at 5.40 p. m.; leave Reading at 7.15 a. m., and 10.05 p. m., for Harrisburg, at 1.00 a. m. for New York, and at 9.40 a. m. and 4.25 p. m. for Philadelphia.

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G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.

Reading, Pa., Dec. 2, 1870.

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DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

BILIOUS, REMITTENT and INTERMITTENT FEVERS, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great Rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others with their vast tributaries, during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during the seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. These are always more or less obstructions of the liver, a weakness and irritable state of the stomach, and great torpor of the bowels, being clogged up with vitiated accumulations. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S Vinegar Bitters, as they will speedily remove the dark colored viscid matter with which the Bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs. The universal popularity of this valuable remedy in regions subject to miasmatic influences, is sufficient evidence of its power as a remedy in such cases.

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PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French and Spanish.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. MCDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

Dec. 9, 1870.—1yr

DR. SCHENCK

ADVISES CONSUMPTIVES TO GO TO FLORIDA IN WINTER.

Having for the last thirty-five years devoted my whole time and attention to the study of lung diseases and consumption, I feel that I understand fully the course that ought to be pursued to restore a tolerably bad case of diseased lungs to healthy soundness. The first and most important step is for the patient to avoid taking cold, and the best of all places on this continent for this purpose in winter, is Florida, well down in the State, where the temperature is regular, and not subject to such variations as in more Northern latitudes. Palatka is a point I can recommend. A good hotel is kept there by Peterman. Last winter I saw several persons there whose lungs had been badly diseased, but which under the healing influence of the climate and my medicine, were getting well.

One hundred miles further down the river is a point which I would prefer to Palatka, as the temperature is more even and the air dry and bracing. Melonville and Enterprise are located there. I should give a decided preference to Melonville. It is two miles from river or lake, and it seems almost impossible to take cold there.—The tables in Florida might be better, and patients complain at times but that is a good sign, as it indicates a return of appetite, and when this is the case they generally increase in flesh, and the lungs mend.

Jacksonville, Hibernia, Green Cove, and many other places in various parts of Florida, can be safely recommended to consumptives in winter. My reasons for saying so are that patients are less liable to take cold there than here, there is a less even temperature, and it is not necessary to say that where a consumptive person exposes himself to frequent colds he is certain to die shortly. Therefore my advice is, go well down into the State out of the reach of prevailing cold winds and fogs. Jacksonville, or almost any other of the localities I have named, will benefit those who are troubled with a purgid liver, a disordered stomach, deranged bowels, sore throat or cough, but for those whose lungs are diseased a more southern point is earnestly recommended.

For fifteen years prior to 1861, I was professionally in New York, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia every week, where I saw and examined on an average five hundred patients a week. A practice so extensive, embracing every possible phase of lung disease, has enabled me to understand the disease fully, and hence, my caution in regard to taking cold. A person may take vast quantities of "Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills," and yet die if he does not avoid taking cold.

In Florida, nearly every body is using Schenck's Mandrake Pills, for the climate is more likely to produce bilious habits than more northern latitudes. It is a well established fact that natives of Florida rarely die of consumption, especially those of the southern part. On the other hand, in New England, one-third, at least, of the population die of this terrible disease. In the Middle States it does not prevail so largely, still there are many thousands of cases there. What a vast percentage of life would be saved if consumptives were as easily alarmed in regard to taking fresh cold as they are about scarlet fever, small pox, &c. But they are not. They take what they term a little cold, which they are credulous enough to believe will wear off in a few days.—They pay no attention to it, and hence it lays the foundation for another and another still, until the lungs are diseased beyond all hope for cure.

My advice to persons whose lungs are affected even slightly is, to lay a stock of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Schenck's Mandrake Pills and go to Florida. I recommend these particular medicines because I am thoroughly acquainted with their action. I know that where they are used in strict accordance with my directions they will do the work that is required. This accomplished, nature will do the rest. The physician who prescribes for cold, cough or night-sweats, and then advises the patient to walk or ride out every day, will be sure to have a corpse on his hands before long.

My plan is to give my three medicines, in accordance with the printed directions, except in some cases where a freer use of the Mandrake Pills is necessary. My object is to give tone to the stomach—to get up a good appetite. It is always a good sign when a patient begins to grow hungry. I have hopes of such. With a relish for food and the gratification of that relish comes good blood, and with it more flesh, which is close-knit together by a healthy state of the lungs. The tight cough loosens and abates, the creeping chills and clammy night-sweats no longer prostrate and annoy, and the patient gets well, provided he avoids taking cold.

Now let me say to many consumptives who have not the means to go to Florida. The question may be asked, is there no hope for such? Certainly there is. My advice to such is, and ever has been, to stay in a warm room during the winter, and by regulating the amount of exercise, which should be kept regular at that point, by means of a thermometer. Let such a patient take his exercise within the limits of the room by walking up and down as much as his strength will permit, in order to keep up a healthy circulation of the blood. I have cured thousands by this system, and can do so again. Consumption is as easily cured as any other disease if it is taken in time, and the proper kind of treatment is pursued. The best stand-by adopted on record that Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Mandrake Pills, and Seaweed Tonic have cured very many of what seemed to be hopeless cases of consumption. Go where you will, you will be almost certain to find some poor consumptive who has been rescued from the very jaws of death by our use.

So far as the Mandrake Pills are concerned, everybody should keep a supply of them on hand. They act on the liver better than calomel, and leave none of its hurtful effects behind. In fact