HARPER, SUPHERSON & BUEHLER,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.
Baltimore st. between Court-house and Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.
TERMS OF PUBLICATION:
THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Friday morning, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.
ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal reduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year.—Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.
☞The circulation of the STAR AND SENTINEL is one half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.
JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style, will be printed at short notice. TERMS CASH.

The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXX. NO. 9. GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1870. WHOLE NO. 3597.

Professional Cards, &c.

J. M. KRAUTH, Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to.
Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house.
June 18, 1869—tf

D. McCONAUGHY, Attorney at Law, office one door west of SUELER'S Drug store, Chambersburg street.
Special attention given to Suits, Collections and settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims for Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against U. States, attended to promptly and efficiently.
Valuable warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other western States.
June 18, 1869—tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care.
Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa.
May 29, 1867

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.
Office in Court-house building.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the south-east corner of Centre Square.
May 29, 1867.

DR. H. S. HUBER,
S. E. Corner of Chambersburg and Washington street
OPPOSITE COL. TATE'S EAGLE HOTEL.
June 11 1869.—tf

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL
Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the Compiler Office.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

JOHN L. HILL, M. D., DENTIST
Office in Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the Eagle Hotel,
GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.
☞Having been in constant practice over 20 years, patients can be assured of good work. [July 9.—tf

DR. J. E. BERKSTRESSER, Dentist, having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. Office in York street, nearly opposite the Globe Inn, where he will be prepared to attend to any case within the province of the Dentist. Personals want of full or partial sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable.
July 30, 1869.—tf

DR. H. W. LeFEVRE
Littlestown, Adams co., Pa.,
HAVING permanently located in that place, will engage in the general practice of Medicine and Surgery. Office in Lombard street, near Baltimore street. [Aug. 20, 1869.—tf

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON'S LOCK-STITCH Family Sewing Machine.
OVER 400,000 NOW IN USE.
EXAMINE IT BEFORE BUYING ANY OTHER.
SOLD ON LEASE PLAN,
$10 PER MONTH.
PETERSON & CARPENTER, *General Agents.*
GENERAL OFFICE FOR ADAMS COUNTY, JACOB'S BUILDING, CHAMBERSBURG STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Nov. 12, 1869.—6m

HOWE MACHINES!
THE LATEST IMPROVED & GENUINE
ELIAS HOWE, JR.,
SEWING MACHINES.
JACOB F. THOMAS, *Agent,*
GETTYSBURG, PA.
N. E. corner of Centre Square, in the Store room of Samuel Wolf.
ORDERS will be promptly attended to. Machines delivered to all parts of the county and instructions given gratis.
☞The public are cautioned against parties who use the name of HOWE in connection with their machines on account of the popularity of the Howe Machines. There are none GENUINE unless they have imbedded in each machine a medallion having the likeness of ELIAS HOWE, Jr., on it, &c.
Feb. 26—tf

GROVER & BAKER'S
FIRST PREMIUM
ELASTIC STITCH
FAMILY
SEWING MACHINES,
495 *Broadway, New York.*
730 *Chestnut street, Philadelphia.*
POINTS OF EXCELLENCE.
Beauty and Elasticity of Stitch.
Perfection and Simplicity of Machinery.
Using both thread directly from two spools.—No fastening of seams by hand and no waste of thread.
Wide range of application without change of adjustment.
The seam retains its beauty and firmness after washing and ironing.
Besides doing all kinds of work done by other Sewing Machines, these Machines execute the most beautiful and permanent Embroidery and ornamental work.
☞The Highest Premiums at all the fairs and exhibitions of the United States and Europe, have been awarded the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines, and the work done by them, wherever exhibited in competition.
☞The very highest prize, THE CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR, was conferred on the representative of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine, at the Exposition Universelle, Paris, 1867, thus attesting their great superiority over all other Sewing Machines.
☞For sale by D. W. ROBISON, Gettysburg.

NOTICE.
THE undersigned having had 17 years' experience as a practical Operator on Sewing Machines would recommend the Grover & Baker Family Machine as the cheapest and best machine for family use. The simplicity of construction and elasticity of stitch made by these machines are two very important points in their favor. 250,000 of these machines are to-day bearing witness to the truth of our assertions and the demand is steadily increasing.
We have also Shuttle Machines on hand for Tailors and Coach-trimmers use. Call and see us.
D. W. ROBISON, Agent,
Chambersburg st., Gettysburg, Pa.
June 11, 1869.—1f

Fire and Fire Insurance.

ADAMS COUNTY
MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.
OFFICERS.
President—George Swope.
Vice-President—Samuel S. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.
Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, S. S. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Frederick Diehl, Franklin; H. A. Picking, Straban; Abdiel F. Gitt, New Oxford; Wm. Ross White, Liberty; M. C. Peters, Petersburg (Y. S.)
☞This Company (limited in its operations to 1 county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 17 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to over $15,000. Any person desiring an insurance can apply to either of the managers.
☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month.
[June 10, 1869.

THE STAR & SENTINEL has a larger circulation than all the papers in the County combined—hence it is the best advertising medium.

Business Cards.

BLACKSMITHING.
B. G. HOLLEBAUGH
HAS opened a Blacksmith Shop on Washington street, next door to Christman's Carpenter Shop, and is prepared to do all kinds of BLACKSMITHING, at reasonable rates, and invites a share of public patronage.
REPAIRING of all kinds. Give me a call.
April 30, 1869—tf

JEREMIAH CULP
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Undertaker & Paper-Hanger,
is prepared to furnish on short notice and reasonable terms
COFFINS OF ALL STYLES.
He also keeps on hand a large assortment of WALL PAPER, which he sells at lowest cash rates, and if desired will furnish hands to put it on the wall.
PLAIN & FANCY SIGN PAINTING EXECUTED TO ORDER.
☞York street—a few doors east of Lutheran Church
May 27, 1868—tf.

ROBERT D. ARMOR,
GAS FITTER, PLUMBER AND BELL HANGER,
East Middle street, half a square from the Court-house
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
WILL promptly attend to all orders in his line. Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE
furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights &c.; also WATER PIPE, Stops, Top and Waste Spigots, and in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.
Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired. [Dec. 25, 1867.—

A SERVANT FOR ALL.
Both's Improvement for Opening, Closing and Latching Gates,
MAY be attached to any gate and operated from the buggy, team or saddle, by one hand, in any desired direction from the gate—opened and closed from one point, at any distance from the gate. This improvement is simple and cheap, yet perfect and strong; will not be disarranged by the sagging of the gate, nor by the frost raising the posts; may be made at a country blacksmith's and easily attached to a gate. The undersigned, having the Right for Adams county, will sell Township and Farm Rights or this improvement.
Also, GOTH & SHANE'S AMERICAN LEVERGATE—which will be found valuable and convenient to all who have gates to drive through—as they remain by their team, open, close and latch a gate, without the necessity of getting in the wet or mud.
For further information, &c., address
ISRAEL BRICKER,
May 13.—tf Menallen P. O., Adams co., Pa.

NEW BUSINESS.
Upholstering & Trimming.
WILLIAM E. CULP
HAS opened an establishment opposite Weaver's Livery Stables, on Washington street, for
Covering Sofas, Chairs, Mattrasses, and Upholstering in all its branches.
He also continues his old business of Trimming Buggies, Carriages, &c., and solicits from the public their patronage. Shop on Baltimore street.
Gettysburg, Pa., Dec. 11.—tf

COOPERING!
PETER CULP
Has commenced the
COOPERING BUSINESS
in all its branches at his residence on the Mummasburg road, at the end of Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Pa. The public can always have made to order all kinds and styles of
MEAT VESSELS, TUBS,
CROUT STANDS, PICKEL STANDS,
FLOUR BARRELS.
I also manufacture 5 and 10 gal. Kegs, Cider Barrels. And all other kinds of Coopering. Repairing done cheaply and with despatch. Give us a call.
Aug. 13, 1869.—tf

Surveying—Conveyancing.
J. S. WITHEROW,
FAIRFIELD, PA.,
Tenders his services to the public as a
PRACTICAL SURVEYOR,
and is prepared to survey Farms, Lots, &c., on reasonable terms, having taken out a Surveyor's License, he will also attend to preparing
DEEDS, BONDS, BILLS OF SALE, WILLS, LEASES, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING AT SALES, &c.
Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable.—Post Office address, Fairfield, Adams co., Pa.
Jan. 1, 1869.—tf.

FURNITURE.
D. C. SHEAFFER
PETERSBURG, (Y. S.,) PENNA.,
Is prepared to offer to the Public, anything in his line cheap as he has in the county.
☞Purchasers will do well to call and examine my stock before buying elsewhere.
FURNITURE
made to order. Repairing done neat, cheap and with despatch.
Jan 22, 1869.—tf

CABBAGE SEED.
I HAVE grown and will send by mail the Seed of the following varieties of CABBAGE:
"STONE MASON"—a remarkable sweet and tender variety. I have succeeded in raising this variety, to weigh from 18 to 22 pounds. Under favorable circumstances every plant will head.
Mammoth Drumhead
—equally quality with the Stone mason. Under high culture heads attain to the weight of 46 lbs.
The Seed is put up in packages of one cent to any address on the receipt of 50 cts. for one package, or 55 cts. for both varieties.
Directions for successful cultivation accompany each package. Several Specimens of the above varieties were on exhibition at the last agricultural Fair in Gettysburg.
Address SOLOMON WEIDNER,
Bigler, Adams co., Pa.
Oct. 8.—tf

GRANITE-YARD,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
ON RAILROAD, NEAR FREIGHT DEPOT.
PETER BEITLER
Is prepared to furnish GRANITE, for all kinds of BUILDING AND MONUMENTAL PURPOSES, at reasonable rates.
Curbing, Sills, Steps, Ashlers, Posts, Monuments, Cemetery Blocks, &c., &c.,
cut and finished in every style desired, by best workmen.
☞Orders from a distance promptly attended to.
June 3.—tf

BARGAINS IN
NEW FURNITURE.
A NUMBER of sets of COTTAGE FURNITURE have been left by mistake to the Gettysburg Spring Hotel—parties wishing very cheap and good furniture can be accommodated by calling immediately at the Furniture Store of Geo. A. Warner & Co. (In Odd Sentinel Office.)
July 16.—tf PROPRIETORS.

Business Cards.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, opposite the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also an excellent assistant and will insure satisfaction. Give him a call.
May 29, 1867.

GETTYSBURG BAKERY.
THE firm of Newport & Ziegler having been dissolved, the undersigned will continue the Baking business, in all its branches, at the old stand,
Corner of South Washington and West Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa.
All kinds of
CRACKERS, CAKES, BREAD, ROLLS, PRETZELS, &c
constantly baked and always to be had fresh.
With many years experience and every disposition to please, he feels that he can promise satisfaction in all cases. Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. With many thanks for the patronage bestowed on the old firm, its continuance is asked.
SALTZER NEWPORT.
April 9, 1869—tf

STEAM SAW MILL.
THE undersigned has in operation a STEAM SAW MILL, at the South Mountain, near Graeffenburg Springs, and is prepared to saw to order bills of
WHITE OAK, PINE, HEMLOCK,
or any kind of Timber desired, at the shortest notice and at low rates. He also manufactures
SHINGLES, PAILINGS, &c.
LUMBER
delivered at any point at the LOWEST RATES. 8 per cent. will be deducted for the cash payments, or interest will be charged from the time of delivery of Lumber. Thankful for past favors, he would desire a continuance for the future.
All letters should be addressed to him at Graeffenburg P. O., Adams county, Pa.
HENRY MILTENBERGER.
Oct. 29, 1869.—tf

YOUNT'S COMPOUND
FOR THE CURE OF
PUTRID SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA
or any other Inflammatory or inward disease of the Throat if not of rooting standing. Also, SCARLET FEVER. This medicine has been tried in
THOUSANDS OF CASES,
in different parts of the country, and has never been known to fail if taken in time and according to directions. It is warranted to cure. Give it a trial and it will speak for itself. Every household should provide themselves with a box of this medicine and keep it on hands. The cure is that it has effected are truly marvelous.
☞Prepared and sold by ISRAEL YOUNT & Co., Gettysburg, Pa., or by their authorised agents. For sale by all the Storekeepers in Adams county.
May 29, 1867.—tf ISRAEL YOUNT & CO.

Carpenters and Contractors.

Wm. C. Stallsmith & Son,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Carpenters and Contractors.
Doors, Shutters, Blinds, Door and Window Frames, Cornice, Door & Window Brackets, &c.
Constantly on hand and manufactured to order o
BEST MATERIALS,
by experienced workmen, and at
REASONABLE PRICES.
☞Orders promptly attended to.
Jan. 15, 1869.—tf

GEO. C. CASHMAN,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Carpenter and Contractor,
RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has removed to his new Shop on Stratton street between York and Railroad streets and is prepared to take contracts for putting up and repairing Buildings, at as reasonable rate any builder in Gettysburg—all work guaranteed to be a best quality. He hopes by strict attention to business to merit public patronage. Give me a call.
April 9, 1869.—tf

WM. CHRITZMAN,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Carpenter and Contractor,
Having removed to my new Shop
On Washington street, between Middle and Chambersburg streets,
and introduced Steam Power, I am prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best manner, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced Hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and despatch.
☞Orders for all kinds of Brackets, Scrolls, Mouldings, &c., promptly filled and on reasonable terms.
April 10, 1869.—tf

Fertilizers, &c.

FARMERS
TRY THE
Star Bone Phosphate.
TO all agriculturists, therefore, who are in search of an active and permanent manure, and who may have the claims of this article presented to their notice for the first time, the manufacturers would suggest, that the
STAR BONE PHOSPHATE
is worthy of their experimental trial, at least; past experience warranting the fullest confidence, that after a trial they will and their testimony to that of hundreds of farmers who now regard it as the cheapest and best manure in the market.
THE AMMONIA
is supplied abundantly from the organic portion of the bone.
PRICE $35 PER TON IN BAGS.
Farmers wishing a Fine Bone, Oil of Vitriol, can be supplied. Give us a call.
☞A. E. Spangler has our Phosphate for sale.
ESTER SUBLITZ, Manufacturer.
BURKHOLDER & WILSON,
Baster Hay-Press Building,
N. W. corner Washington and Railroad sts.
Gettysburg, Penna.
☞The Phosphate is for sale by
A. SPANGLER, Gettysburg, Pa.
WILLE & SONS, Gettysburg, Pa.
GRATZ & SCHERODE,
Granite Station, Pa.
MELHORN & BENDER,
New Oxford, Pa.
CHARLES KUHN, Hanover, Pa.
March 12.—tf

BOWER'S
COMPLETE MANURE,
MANUFACTURED BY
HENRY BOWER, *Chemist,*
PHILADELPHIA.
Super-Phosphate of Lime, Ammonia and Potash
WAREHOUSE FREE FROM ADULTERATION.
This Manure contains all the elements to produce large crops of all kinds, and is highly recommended by all who have used it, also by distinguished chemists, who have, by analysis, tested its qualities.
Packed in Bags of 200 lbs. each.
DIXON, SHARPLESS & CO.,
Agents,
20 South Water and 19 South Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA.
FOR SALE BY
WILLIAM REYNOLDS,
19 SOUTH STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD.
☞And by dealers generally throughout the country.
For information address Henry Bower, Philadelphia.
[Feb 19.—1y

CARDS, Letter Heads, Bill Heads Circulars, Envelopes, and all kinds of Job Printing done with neatness and cheap at this office.

Books, Drugs, Medicines.

DR. JAMES CRESS
DRUGGIST,
Store in Brant's Building, Balto. st.
LITTLESTOWN.
HAVING opened a new DRUG STORE and fitted it up in the best style, I offer my stock of pure and fresh Drugs to the citizens of Littlestown and vicinity at the lowest market rates, consisting in part of
Drugs and Family Medicines, Pure Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Horse Powders,
Pure Spices, Dyes and Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Toilet Soaps and Fancy articles. A full assortment of Brushes, Stationery of all kinds, Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff.
☞Moore's Electro-Magnetic Soap will wash with hard or soft water, cold or warm. Clothes washed with this Soap are made beautifully white without boiling or blueing. This is the best Soap in use. Try it. It is warranted not to injure the hands or fabric.
Littlestown, May 13.—1y JAMES CRESS.

69. JUNE 69.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Drugs & Family Medicines
PATENT MEDICINES,
LIQUORS AND WINES FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES.
PURE SPICES AND FLAVORING EXTRACTS
DYES AND DYE STUFFS,
SOAPS, PERFUMES AND TOILET GOODS,
INKS, WRITING FLUIDS AND STATIONERY,
PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS AND FAMILY RECIPES ACCURATELY PUT UP.
PHYSICIANS AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS SUPPLIED AT REDUCED RATES.
Forney's Horse Powders
the best and cheapest for Horses, Cattle and Swine.
Other Horse Powders of approved makes.
HUBER'S,
Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Penn'a.
June 11, 1869.—tf

A. D. BUEHLER,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Has just received a large assortment of
BOOKS
FOR THE
HOLIDAYS,
Comprising English and American publications handsomely illustrated, suitable as Holiday Gifts for
OLD AND YOUNG.
Also, a large assortment of Miscellaneous Books by stand and auction, Stationery, Toilet Articles, Pen-knives, Gold Pens and Pencils, &c.
Dec. 5, 1869.—tf

DR. R. HORNER
has resumed the
Practice of Medicine.
Office at his
DRUG STORE,
IN CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG.
Also, Dealer in
PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES, SPICES, BAKING SODA, DYE STUFFS, PATENT MEDICINES.
Jan. 14, 1870.—tf

Livery Stables.

WEAVER & SON.
Livery, Sales & Exchange
STABLES,
Washington st., Gettysburg, Penna.
TAKE pleasure in announcing to the public that they have better accommodations than ever to supply the public with all style and kinds of Conveyances that can be found in a first class livery. Fine Horses, Hacks, and Sleighs cannot be beat by any establishment in the town. In prices they defy competition.
Horses and Mules
bought and sold, on reasonable terms.
GIVE US A CALL.
Take Notice.
THE undersigned is desirous of closing up his old accounts, and would ask all those indebted to call and settle the same. He will be found at the above stables and all persons indebted are earnestly requested to call and square their accounts.
NICHOLAS WEAVER.
Dec. 3, 1869.—tf

EAGLE LIVERY,
Sale & Exchange Stables,
Opposite the Eagle Hotel, Chambersburg street,
GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.
THE undersigned have opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE, in the place and name of the old Eagle Stables, formerly occupied by Wm. Bushman. We have provided ourselves with
Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c.
of the latest styles, and we hope to meet the public demand. Our horses are good, without spot or blemish, and perfect in action—none of your "old cripples," but all at the "5 40" speed.
Driving we think we always to accommodate and our whole equipments furnished.
Hitching Horses free of charge to all who patronize us.
Our terms are the most reasonable, and we hope to merit a share of the public patronage.
☞We further assure the public that no pains will be spared to render their visit to our stables pleasant and profitable.
☞Particular attention paid to furnishing Hearses and Carriages for Funerals.
☞We further assure the public that we will not be outdone by any establishment in the county, in the matter of fair dealing and low charges.
☞We have provided ourselves with a new Hearse, and are prepared to attend Funerals promptly.
PERRY G. TATE,
WILLIAM D. HOLTZWORTH
Dec. 31, 1869.

The Star and Sentinel.

THE DRUNKARD'S DAUGHTER.
BY G. W. BERGAY.
Out on the street with the naked feet,
I saw the drunkard's little daughter;
Her tattered shawl was thin and small;
She little knew, for no one taught her.
Her skin was fair, her auburn hair
Was blown about her pretty forehead;
Her sad, white face wore sorrow's trace,
And want and woe that were not borrowed.
Heart-broken child, she seldom smiled,
Hope promised her no bright to-morrow,
Or, if its light flashed on her night,
Then up came darker clouds of sorrow.
She softly said: "We have no bread,
No wood to keep the fire a burning;
The child was ill, the winds so chill,
Her thin, cold blood to ice was turning.
But men well fed and warmly clad,
And ladies robed in richest fashion,
Passed on the side where no one cried
To them for pity or compassion.
Long fled that night and then the light
Of rosy day in beauty shining.
Set dome and spire and roof on fire,
And shone on one beyond repining.
Asleep—alone—as cold as stone,
Where no dear parent ever sought her,
In winding sheet of snow and sleet,
Was found the drunkard's lifeless daughter.

THE NIGHT BEFORE THE WEDDING.
In the quaint old village of Thyndon, England, dwells its good old rector, a widower with one unmarried daughter. The other lives at Merton's End—as a happy and adored wife. We have something to tell of that fair dame; a deed so courageous that the village has been two or three degrees prouder of itself ever since it happened.
The squire had fallen in love with the fair Adelaide, and the wedding day was to be on the morrow of that on which our adventure happened. Grand preparations were made for the wedding; and the rector's fine old plate, and the costly gifts of the bride, were discussed with pride and pleasure at the Hare and Hounds, in the presence of some strangers who had come down to a prize-fight which had taken place in the neighborhood.
That night, Adelaide, who occupied a separate room from her sister, sat up late, long after all the household had retired to rest.—She had a long interview with her father, and had been reading a chapter to which he had directed her attention, and since, had packed up her jewels, &c. She was consequently still dressed when the church-clock tolled midnight. As it ceased, she fancied she heard a noise like that of a file; she listened, but could distinguish nothing clearly. It might have been made by some of the servants still about, or perhaps it was only the creaking of the old trees. Housebreakers were mere myths in primitive Thyndon, and the bride elect, without a thought of fear, resumed her occupation.—She was gazing on a glittering set of diamonds, destined to be worn at the wedding, when the bed-room door softly opened. She turned, looked up, and beheld a man with a black mask, holding a pistol in his hand, standing before her.
She did not scream, for her first thought was for her father, who slept in the next room, and to whom any sudden alarm might be death, for he was old, feeble and suffering from heart complaint. She confronted the robber boldly, and addressed him in a whisper: "You are come" she said "to rob us. Spare your soul the awful guilt of murder. My father sleeps next to my room—and to be startled from his sleep would kill him. Make no noise I beg of you."
The fellow was astonished and cowed.—"We won't make no noise," he replied sullenly, "if you give us everything quietly."
Adelaide drew back and let him take her jewels—not without a pang, for they were precious love gifts, remarking at the same time that two more masked ruffians stood at the half opened door. As he took the jewel case and watch from the table, and demanded her purse, she asked him if he intended to go into her father's room,—She received a surly affirmative: "He wasn't going to run a risk and leave half the tin behind!" She proposed instantly that she should go herself, saying: "I will bring you whatever you wish, and you may guard me thither, and kill me if I play false to you." The fellow consulted his comrades and after a short parley, they agreed to the proposal; and with a pistol at her head, the dauntless girl crossed the passage, and entered the old rector's room. Very gently she stole across the chamber, and removing his purse, keys, and watch, gave them to the robbers, who stood at the door. The old man slept peacefully and calmly, thus guarded by his child, who softly shut the door, and demanded if the robbers were yet satisfied.
The leader replied, that they should be when they had got the show of plate spread out below, but that they couldn't let her out of sight, and that she must go with them. In compliance with this mandate she followed them down to the dining-room, where a splendid wedding-breakfast had been laid, to save trouble and hurry on the morrow. To her surprise, the fellows—eight in number were assembled—seated themselves, and prepared to make a good meal. They ordered her to get them out wine, and to cut her own wedding cake for them; and then seated at the head of the table, she was compelled to preside at this extraordinary revel.
They ate, drank, laughed and joked; and Adelaide, quick of eye and ear, had time to study, in her quiet way, the figures and voices of the whole set.
When the repast was ended, and the plate transferred to a sack, they prepared to depart, whispering together, and glancing at the young lady. For the first time, Adelaide's courage gave way, and she trembled; but it was not a consultation against her, as it proved. The leader approaching her, told her that they did not wish to harm her—that she was a "jolly enough regular game," and they wouldn't hurt her; but she must swear not to give an alarm till an hour ten the next day, when they should be off in safe. To this she was of course obliged to assent, and they all insisted on shaking hands with her. She noticed during the ceremony, that one of the ruffians had on Lydbury Squire's old last hat.
Returning to the deserted room, Adelaide felt and exhausted, awaited the first gleam of day light; then, as the robbers did not return, she stole up to her room undressed, and relished a disturbed slumber. The consternation of the family the next morning may be imagined; and Adelaide's story was still more astounding than the robbery itself. Police were sent for from London, and they guided by Adelaide's lucid descriptions of her midnight guests, actually succeeded in capturing every one of the gang, whom the young lady had no difficulty in identifying and swearing to—the "three-fingered Jack" being the guiding clue to the discovery. The stolen property was nearly all recovered, and the old rector always declared—and with truth—that he owed his life to the self possession and judgment of his eldest daughter.
The only ill effect of the great trial to her nerves, was a disposition on the part of the young heroine, to listen for mid-night sounds, and start uneasily from troubled dreams; but time and change of residence soon effected its cure.

THE LATE SECRETARY STANTON.
HUMANITY OF THE GREAT WAR MINISTER.
The following communication was published in the Boston *Daily Advertiser:*
On the retirement of Secretary Stanton from the Cabinet he took a trip to the Eastern States, to spend a few weeks with his friends there, for the purpose of recruiting his health. Arriving in New York from Washington, he took passage on one of the Sound steamers for Boston. The circumstances connected with his retirement from office are well known. He looked care-worn and exhausted—nevertheless he appeared social and cheerful, although he remarked that the strain upon his nervous system had been such as nearly to prostrate him, and the reaction produced by a sudden cessation of the responsibilities under which he had been laboring were almost bewildering.
He conversed freely during the evening upon all matters connected with the war—alluding to the trials, reverses, mistakes, losses and defeats which we sustained, and the many dark hours of our history. I remember well this impressive remark which he made:—"*The hand of an overruling Providence was with us through all;* and nowhere was His presence more manifest than in the preservation of the thousands of men who were sent down South by sea." He then spoke of the character of the vessels which were engaged as transports for our soldiers—how ill adapted they were to the service, and how wonderful it was that so few accidents occurred.
"Such was my anxiety," he added, "for those on board, that during those nights when a storm was raging, I found sleep impossible. I have risen from my bed and spent hours with my face against the window, looking out in the darkness, thinking of the soldiers at sea on the coast, and in the morning dreaded to take up the despatches lest I should learn that some unfortunate vessels had gone, with all on board, to the bottom." After sitting in silence for a moment, with his eyes fixed upon the floor, he said in a slow and solemn tone, "*Nothing, sir—nothing but the hand of God saved them.*"
THE SECRETARY IN HIS SICK ROOM.
He sat propped up by pillows in the chamber where he died, his cheeks hollow, his hands attenuated, his eyes lustreless, and there was nothing to indicate the mighty nature of the man but the broad, intellectual sphere which loomed above.
The day was tempestuous and gloomy, and the wind howled violently around the angles of the building. After some conversation we noticed this by saying, that doubtless such dismal noises had the effect of making him feel unusually sad. "Oh, no," he answered, "not at all; on the contrary, I derive a peculiar pleasure *now* in listening to the howling of the winds. There *was* a time when it would make me dreadfully nervous, and keep me awake for hours in the night. Then, there were thousands of our boys afloat on the Atlantic coast; others were on the treacherous bosom of the Gulf; others were exposed upon the surface of the Mississippi, and thousands upon thousands lay drenched in camp, or shivering upon picket duty; but"—and here the speaker's eye exhibited reviving light, and his voice strengthened into joyful volume—"but the boys are all home now; all home now; out of the reach of the storm!" It is impossible to describe the exquisite tenderness with which this was said, or to explain the emotion which we felt when, as he concluded, we saw a tear break from each lid and quietly roll down his cheeks. We had witnessed the same exhibition from Mr. Stanton once before, when he was in full health, at the War Office, and it occurred in the midst of an impassioned description of the barbarities which had been perpetrated by the Confederates upon the Federal soldiers at Andersonville and Libby prisons. This showed the heart and purpose of the man with nobility of proof that no base slanders can affect.
In another interview at his house, Mr. Stanton spoke of the part he had taken in the last Presidential canvass, and expressed regret that his health had broken down before he had time to do justice, through his speeches, to the main influences which had served the country in the hour of peril. Foremost among those influences he placed the loyal press; and it had been his intention, he declared, to specify some of the most promising journalists by name.—*Wilkes' Spirit of the Times.*

MASONIC.—Mr. P. L. Buchanan delivered a lecture, a few days ago, before the New York Caledonian Club, on the "History of Scottish Freemasonry," in which he stated that in 743 the first lodge of Masons was formed in Scotland, at Kilwinny. In the time of James II. Masonry began to assume some of the forms it has to-day. That monarch appointed Wm. St. Clair and his heirs and successors to be the Grand Masters of Scotland, but the institution afterward declined, and at the beginning of the last century it had become almost unknown, there being very few lodges left in Scotland. At that time the old members began to relax their ancient rigor, and initiate persons who were not qualified to be Masons. If they were not qualified they would accept them as such, and thus arose the Free and Accepted Masons. The order has steadily grown since that time, and there are in Scotland over 100,000 Masons, or more than 2½ per cent of the whole population.

THE London papers remark upon the unusually large shipments of breadstuffs from America to England. Four thousand tons of wheat were cleared from San Francisco for England on Tuesday, and ten ships are now loading for the same destination.

WHEN a Suffolk, England, man means to tell his friend that he is making too much fuss about anything, he says quietly, "Newton kept a puppy."

A NEW ENGLAND paper tells a story of a prohibitionist Governor of Massachusetts who once stopped at a "temperance House" and called for "brandy and water."

A NEVADA City merchant advertises—"Out sign of a greenish hue, embellished with Chase's photographs, cheerfully taken in payment for stock."

A BIBLE society has been lately founded in Russia, which has already distributed 50,000 copies of the New Testament in the Russian language.

ADVENTURES OF A FAST YOUNG MAN.

"Thank you, I don't care if I do," said a fast young man, with a large pressed brick in his hat, as he surged up, the other night, to the Indian that stands in front of a tobacco store on River street with a bunch of cast iron cigars in his hand.
"I'll take one; I smoke sometimes;" and he reached out to take the proferred weed, but the Indian would not give it up—he hung on to the cigars like grim death."
"Look here, old copperhead," said the fast young man, "none of that; no tricks upon travelers, or there'll be a muss; you and I'll fall out; somebody 'll get a punch in the head."
The Indian said never a word, but still hung on to the cast iron cigars. He was calm, dignified, unmoved, as an Indian should be, looking his assailant straight in the face, and no muscle moving a single hair.
"Yes, yes. Look at me, old feather-head; I'm one of 'em; I'm around; I'm full weight, potato measure heaped up," and he placed himself in a position, threw back his coat, and squared off for a fight.
All the time the Indian never said a word, and looked, without the least alarm, straight into the face of the fast young man, still holding out a cigar in a mighty friendly sort of way. The young man was plucky and just in a condition to resent any insult, or no insult at all. He was ready to "go in," but the calmness and impertarbability of the Indian rather cowed him, and he was disposed to reason the matter.
"I'll take one," said he, "certainly, I said so before; I freeze to a good cigar; I'm one of the smokers, I am. One of the old sort; and I'm edition number two, revised and corrected, with notes, author's writing on the title page, and copyright secured. Yes I'll take one. All right, old red skin, I'll take one."
But the Indian said not a word, looking all the time straight in the face of the fast young man, and holding on to the cigars.
"Look here, old grinles eye, I'm getting riled, my back's coming up, and you and I will have a turn; smell of that, old copperhead," and he thrust his fist under the nose of the cast iron Indian, who said not a word, moved not a muscle, but kept right on looking straight into the face of the fast young man, as if not caring a fig for his threats or taking in at all the odor of his fist.
"Very well," said the fast young man, "I'm agreeable; I'm around; look out for your ugly mug, old pumpkin head," and he hit a given right-hander square against the nose of the cast iron Indian, who never moved an inch nor stirred a muscle, looking with a calm unchanged dignity, as before, in the face of his enemy.
"Hallo!" cried the fast young man, in utter bewilderment, as he reeled back half way across the sidewalk, with the blood dripping from his skinned knuckles. "Hallo, here's a go, here's an eye-opener, here's a thing to hunt for round the corner. I'm satisfied, old iron-face, I am. Enough said between gentlemen."
Just then he caught sight of the tomahawk, and his hair began to rise. The Indian seemed to be making up his mind to use it.
"Hold on!" cried the fast young man, as he dodged around the awning post. "Hold on! none of that; I'll apologize; I squat; I knock under. Hold on, I say," he continued, as the Indian seemed to scowl with peculiar fierceness. "Hold on! Very well, I am off. I've business down street, people at home waiting for me, can't stay," and he bolted like a quarter horse down the street, and his cry, "Hold on," died away as he vanished beyond the lamp lights.—*Troy Times.*

NOT many weeks ago, a flatboat was floating down the broad bosom of the Father of Waters. It was night, and all on board save the pilot were wrapped in slumber. Silence reigned unbroken for hours. But finally a faint strain of music reached the watchful pilot's ear; it grew louder, and a cabin hove in view, through the open door of which men and women were seen flitting through the mazy dance. The boat glided on, the figures disappeared, and the sounds of music and mirth died out.—Meanwhile the stars climbed higher and higher in the sky, and another festive cabin succeeded, and then another, and so on throughout the livelong night. "Well," exclaimed the pilot, "this is the queerest country I ever did see, where at every house they have a fiddle and a dance!" But when the day dawned, and the pilot was enabled to recognize landmarks, he found that all night his boat had been floating in a great circling eddy, and that he had repeatedly passed the same house where the people were having a "high old time."

LABOR IN THE SOUTH.—The colored people in the South are reported to be settling down to steady labor; not one tenth the number of field hands that were formerly seen upon the streets of the large cities during the Christmas holidays have been observed this year. They have discovered, it is stated, that yearly changes from one plantation to another are injurious to their interests. They are also becoming landholders on a small scale, proprietors of large plantations having in many cases given to each head of a family two or three acres of ground, on which the owners erect houses, build fences, cultivate gardens and raise poultry and hogs. These small proprietors have no disposition to rove from place to place, and the planters are attaching the freedmen to a fixed locality. The wages paid for hands are $150 a year for No. 1 men, $120 for No. 2 men, $90 for No. 3, and in similar proportions for half grown boys. It is asserted that planters who deal justly with their employees have no difficulty in procuring a full supply of hands.

WE have seen in our day perhaps twenty thousand advertisements, be the same more or less, of indignant husbands forbidding tradesmen to give credit to their too expensive wives—an incontinuous restraint upon the precious feminine rapture of shopping! But here is a model husband in Chicago