The Star & Sentinel.

Friday, Aug. 27, 1869.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 11,000 persons.

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR.
GEN. JOHN W. GEARY.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT
HON. HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY TICKET.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
ROBERT G. HARPER, Gettysburg.

ASSEMBLY,
Col. JOHN WOLFORD, York Springs.

SHERIFF,
SAMUEL WOLF, Oxford township.

REGISTER AND RECORDER,
JACOB BUSHEY, Franklin township.

CLERK OF THE COURTS,
EDEN NORRIS, Straban township.

TREASURER,
SAMUEL HERBST, Gettysburg.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
SAMUEL OVERHOLTZER, Reading tp.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
ADAM C. MUSSELMAN, Hamiltonban tp.

AUDITOR,
WILLIAM C. SCOTT, Freedom township.

CORONOR,
Dr. AGIDEOUS NOEL, Mountpleasant tp.

MEETING OF COUNTY COMMITTEE.

The Republican County Committee will meet at the Eagle Hotel, in Gettysburg, *on Saturday, the 4th of September, at 1 o'clock, P. M.* A full attendance is requested.

A. J. COVER, *Chr'n.*

The following persons constitute the Committee, as appointed by the President of the County Convention:

Gettysburg—A. J. Cover, Chairman; David Wills, R. G. Fahnestock, Dr. C. Horner, D. McConaughy, D. A. Buehler, Capt. J. P. McCreary.
Berwick Bor.—Henry Kohler, Dr. Geo. H. Jordy.
Berwick twp.—J. Geo. Wolf, Geo. Baker.
Butler—W. H. Detrich, Israel Shank.
Conewago—Michael Bolly, Jacob Little.
Cumberland—Wm. G. Black, Reid Shriver.
Franklin—Capt. Jas. Mickley, J. A. Robert.
Freedom—Samuel Moritz, John Cunningham.
Germany—Jacob Pitzer.
Hamilton—Edw. Meisenhalder, Jacob Reaser.
Huntington—Jos. Wierman, Abraham Trostle.
Highland—Jos. J. Kerr, Washington Lott.
Hamiltonban—Capt. E. McGillvey, Peter Shively.
Liberty—Wm. C. Seabrooks, Samuel Martin.
Littlestown—Ephraim Myers, Dr. R. S. Sies.
Latimore—Isaac D. Worley, Geo. L. Deardorff.
Menallan—Samuel Menis, John H. Wright.
Mount Joy—Nevjon Horner, J. M. Durborow.
Mountpleasant—Adam Diehl, John Clapsaddle.
Oxford—Alex. S. Himes, James Herah.
Reading—Samuel Albert, Frederick Raber.
Straban—Maj. Robert Bell, John N. Boyer.
Tyrone—Henry Spangler, Charles Teatts.
Union—Jno. H. Felty, Geo. Rasacher.
York Springs—H. C. Peters, Gen. W. W. Stewart.

AN EXCELLENT TICKET.

The Republican County Convention met on Monday last, and have given the people of the County a capital ticket, composed of substantial, well known citizens, every one of whom possesses the requisites of honesty and capacity. The proceedings will be found in our local columns. The deliberations of the Convention were characterized by unusual harmony throughout. The delegates came together with but a single purpose—that of nominating good and true men for the various offices; and as there were no hungry aspirants to press their claims, the delegates had little or no trouble in reaching a satisfactory result. Indeed, the unanimity with which the most of the nominations were made, and the decided vote even on the contested offices, are the highest tributes to the conceded personal worth and eminent fitness of the gentlemen put in nomination. As they are all well-known citizens, we need scarcely make special reference to them.

The Convention honored our senior colleague with the nomination for Associate Judge, the position he now holds by appointment from Gov. Geary. We feel free to say that the Convention could not have bestowed the compliment on any one more richly deserving it. Mr. Harper is thoroughly identified with the county, having conducted the *Adams Sentinel*, as sole editor and proprietor, for a period of 50 years—during all of which time he was thoroughly devoted to principle, firm in the maintenance of what he believed to be the right, yet courteous and dignified in all his bearing.—He deserves and will receive the undivided support of the Republicans of the county.

In Col. John Wolford, the nominee for Assembly, we have a gentleman of enlarged acquaintance with general politics and well-adapted to make a useful legislator. No man dare doubt his honesty of purpose or integrity as a man. Being beyond suspicion himself, the people of the county can feel assured that he will neither betray the trust conferred upon him nor dishonor the position by yielding to the corrupting influences of legislative life. None of the "lobby" will dare to approach Col. Wolford with corrupt appliances.

The Convention did a wise thing in expressing what is the judgment of the Republican party, and many respectable Democrats, that Samuel Wolf should take the field as a candidate for Sheriff. Mr. W. is not an office-seeker, and did not wish the nomination. Although strongly urged by prominent Democrats and Republicans to be a candidate, with characteric modesty he declined. He accepts the nomination now, simply in deference to the expressed will of his fellow-citizens.—Although a Republican in his political affiliations, he is not a party hack, and will carry into the Sheriff's office the same kindly, courteous and honest bearing which characterized him in the Commissioner's office.

Mr. Bushey, the nominee for Register and Recorder, is one of the best citizens of Franklin township, esteemed for his upright character, good business qualifications, and general intelligence.

Mr. Norris, the candidate for Clerk of the Courts, was probably surprised when he heard of his nomination, not having been a candidate. The nomination is a tribute to the marked fidelity with which he discharged the duties of the same office some years ago, as also to his personal worth. Messrs. Bushey and Norris will both make capital officers.

Mr. Herbst had, in compliance with the wishes of citizens of both political parties, announced himself as an independent candidate for Treasurer. The Convention, recognizing his eminent fitness for the position, unanimously endorsed him as a candidate.

For County Comissioner, we have Mr. Overholtzer, a gentleman of high character and fine business qualification, who, if elected, will go into the Commissioner's office untrammelled by pledges, and prepared to administer the duties of that office independently. He will be a *Commissioner*—not a *fac-totum* to register the decrees of an outside ring.

Mr. Musselman, the nominee for Director of the Poor, is a younger man of more than ordinary [illegible] comes from a good stock, and [illegible] a prudent, safe Director, in whom [illegible] people will have every confidence.

Mr. Scott and Dr. Noel, the nominees for Auditor and Coroner, both possess peculiar qualifications for their respective offices, the former being a skilful accountant and the latter a well established Physician.

Such, in belief, is the ticket presented by the County Convention. We think we do not put it too strongly, when we say that no ticket, of equal personal strength or respectability, has ever been put before the people by any Convention. There is not a man on it against whom ought can be said—not one who would not dignify the various offices for which they have been named. Compare it with the ticket presented by the "ring" which controlled the recent Democratic Convention—and then let the independent voters of the county choose between them.

Asa Packer belongs to the class of "bloated bond-holders," about whom we heard so much from Democratic presses and Democratic orators in the last Presidential campaign. Worse than that he belongs, as the Pittsburgh *Commercial* tersely expresses it, to that "precious mean" class, who after getting very rich contrive to shirk out of their taxes. He fled from his home in Mauch Chunk to a second-rate Philadelphia hotel, by which operation he managed to get rid of paying several thousands of dollars in taxes annually. Of course these thousands have to be paid, and it is not too much to say that they are paid by those who are not as able to pay them as Mr. Packer himself. There is something indescribably small and mean in fraud—for we can describe it in no other way—like this. Men who resort to tricks to shirk their taxes, when discovered are universally and justly despised. No one pretends to deny this statement concerning Packer. As a mirror reflecting what kind of a man he is, its accuracy is not questioned. In these days of taxation—the legacy of the treasonable leaders whom Packer followed as far as he could without shouldering arms for the South—this proven meanness, not to say downright dishonesty of Packer, ought to be enough to insure his rejection overwhelmingly by the honest tax-paying masses of Pennsylvania.—A man with twenty million dollars playing carpet-bagger to get rid of paying his taxes equally with his fellow citizens, surely is not worthy of their votes for their highest honor.

The Southern Democracy, having gone through a salutary process of discipline, are disposed to recognize the fact that the party is gone up, unless it abandons the dead issues which have overwhelmed it, and manifests a purpose to accept the situation. They can't exactly understand why their Northern brethren insist doggedly upon being beat year after year, by ignoring the lessons of the hour. The Savannah *News*, of a recent date, pronounces the following eulogium upon its Northern allies, Its principal merit is in its truth:

"It is a rare thing for the Northern Democrats to make a judicious nomination. Indeed, since the South has been left out of their councils, *the party appears to have lost its brains.* There seems to be a fatality that drives them away from every road than can possibly lead to victory. *They appear incapable of learning anything from the past.* It is their blunders alone that have kept alive the radical party, which has long since been condemned by the American people. In the late Presidential campaign, they not only brought out a ticket that was obliged to be beaten, but took special pains to secure its defeat by putting the party on the defensive in a long and silly string of irrelevant resolutions.—In the States they have been guilty of equal folly. With the exception of Hoffman, in New York, and Rosecrans, in Ohio, they have blundered in almost every nomination made since the close of the war. The Pennsylvania nomination, on Tuesday, affords a striking example. They could have had the services of Hancock by anything like a unanimous nomination, and his name would have put a Democratic nomination beyond a peradventure; but no, *they must go off on a wild goose chase after a 'copperhead' nominee*, a well-known partizan who will keep his minority party together and the opposition quite as firmly united."

Among the distinguished visitors, called to Gettysburg this week, was Gov. Geary, who commanded a Division of the 12th Corps on Culp's Hill, and who came to meet Gen. Slocum and other officers of the Corps. He left in a special train on Wednesday evening, to meet an engagement in Danville, on Thursday. Gov. Geary looks well and seems to be very hopeful as to the result in Pennsylvania this fall. He regards the Gubernatorial contest one of great moment, in view of the Repudation developements in Tennessee, Mississippi, Ohio, and other States, and the bold efforts of unreconstructed Rebels to recover political power in the Southern States. The loyal men of Pennsylvania, warned by these demonstrations, are closing up their ranks, and nothing is needed but a full vote to ensure a glorious Republican triumph.

It is estimated that the Republicans will gain some four thousand votes this fall in Philadelphia over last year, when Grant had 26,000 majority in the State. This is rather a gloomy prospect for Packer. The great change is attributed to the disgraceful character of the local nominations and bad condition of the city government under the Democratic rule. Thomas Bingham, Esq., a prominent politician in Pittsburgh, estimates Geary's majority in Allegheny at over 8,000. From the Northern and Northwestern counties, including the Republican strongholds of Erie, Bradford, Tioga, and Crawford, the news is also very cheering.

Sixty times was Major General John W. Geary under fire, and he was never defeated when in command. In one of the fiercest battles of the war his first-born son was shot down near him, but he never faltered. His field service was of the hardest kind from the opening of the war to its close.

Now let us have Asa Packer's record. Where did he expose his precious person—on what field? How much, if any, of his $20,000,000 went to support the Government when imperilled by traitors and rebels?

The Republican State Committee will formally open the Gubernatorial campaign on the 4th instant, at Troy, Bradford county, where Gov. Geary, John Scott, and other prominent speakers, will address a Republican Mass Meeting. On the 6th Gov. Geary speaks at Towanda. Other appointments will follow.

It is estimated that the reduction of Government expenses occasioned by the dismissal of employees from the Treasury Department, exclusive of the Printing Bureau, already reaches $50,000 per month, with assurances of at least half as much in addition in the course of a few months.

A CHANCE FOR ARTISTS.

The *West Chester Republican* says: We are prepared to pay liberal prices for accurate and carefully prepared details of Thaddeus Stevens, Governor Curtin, Judge Kelker, Governor Geary, and other candidates for public favor, to be published under the following circumstances:

Illustration No. 1.—Thaddeus Stevens, the Democratic candidate for Governor, as he appeared previous to being immersed in the Lehigh river, by indignant boatmen, whom he wished to compel to work at starvation prices, that he might accumulate a fortune of $20,000,000! The boatmen should also be faithfully represented, as they appeared upon that memorable occasion!

Illustration No. 2.—Asa Packer, the Democratic candidate for Governor, as he appeared when entering the turbulent waters, together with the positions of the several individuals stand on the bank, witnessing as well as assisting him to perform the fearful feat!

Illustration No. 3.—Asa Packer, the Democratic candidate for Governor, as he arose from beneath the waters, and what he did there!

Illustration No. 4.—Asa Packer, the Democratic candidate for Governor, as he re-appeared on the banks of the stream in the midst of his affectionate admirers!

The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of Pennsylvania have advertised for proposals for the purchase of one million of the State loan not yet matured. This is another evidence of the wisdom and economy of Gov. Geary's administration, under which the State Debt,—a legacy of Democratic rule—has been going down year by year. If the tax-payers of the State want to see this economy continued, let them re-elect Gov. Geary.

It is said the proposition to modify the income tax law is being put into shape by influential Republican members of Congress now in Washington. It is shown that all the necessary expense of the Government, with the exception of interest on the public debt, can be raised by the taxes on whisky, tobacco, licenses and a greatly modified income tax.

The public debt statement for the present month will show little or no change since the July statement. The fifteen million dollars required for pensions, together with the necessary expenditures, will consume about all of the receipts for the month, leaving the debt about the same.

The Boston *Traveller* says that the bankers of Boston highly commend Secretary Boutwell's policy, and expect that if gold and bonds are kept so near par as at present, specie payments will be resumed by July, 1870.

The Republicans of Dauphin county have nominate David Mumma for the State Senate, and Messrs. A. C. Smith and J. E. Parsons for the Assembly. Fourteen hundred majority for that ticket is talked of.

POLITICAL ITEMS.

John Quincy Adams, jr., has been nominated by the Democracy of Massachusetts as their candidate for Governor.

The returns from Tennessee, as far as received, give Senter 65,624 majority. Sixteen counties remain to be heard from.

The fight for United States Senator in Tennessee seems to be between A. Johnson and E. Etheridge.

General Longstreet, the Surveyor of the Port of New Orleans, has appointed several colored men to position in his department.

Two assistant assessors in the Third district of Georgia have recently resigned, under threats of assassination at the hands of the chivalry.

The Democrats of Baltimore county have nominated Nicholas J. Burke for Sheriff: Amos G. Harryman, Francis C. Fossett, Benjamin Gorsuch and Daniel McCauley for County Commissioners.

Democratic magnates evidently do not like to pay taxes. James Buchanan at one time refused to pay his city taxes, assessed on him by Lancaster, where he resided, on the ground that he boarded in Washington. Mr. Asa Packer being assessed in Mauch Chunk, runs off to Philadelphia, registers his name at the Merchants' hotel, and denies that he is a resident of Mauch Chunk, where his family resides, and where he spends the greater part of his time. Any one who would thus try to evade the payment of his share of the taxes is certainly poor material with which to fill a high office.

Gov. Geary has reduced the State debt at the rate of a million dollars a year, since he was Governor, notwithstanding the State tax has been entirely taken off of real estate.

In the five months that Gen. Grant has been President he has reduced the national debt $4,000,000.

Did anybody ever hear of the Copperhead party reducing a State or National debt? We should like to be pointed to the instance. Under Johnson the taxes were heavier than they are under Grant, but Democratic rings and plunderers in general stole the greater part of it in excess of the legitimate expenses of running the government.

The Copperhead papers have been accusing President Grant of favoring his relatives in the distribution of favors. The accusation is groundless. But the same chaps are now howling because the President refuses to give any encouragement to his brother-in-law, Judge Dent, whom the "conservatives," alias Democrats, alias rebels, of Mississippi, desire to run for Governor of that State. Gen. Grant promptly refuses to allow any claim of relationship to lead him away from his duty to the Republican party and to the country, and tells Dent that if he runs he must expect the opposition of the administration. The opposition are very much put out because this nice little scheme of entangling the President through a relative has failed.

Repudation and Democracy.—Pendleton, the prince of repudiators, is nominated for Governor of the Ohio Democracy. Emerson Etheridge has declared in a speech at Milan, Tenn., that those who have obtained the upper hand in Tennessee must repudiate the twenty millions of war debt incurred by Andrew Johnson, Parson Brownlow and others, in keeping the State in the Union. And now we are assured by a Savannah paper that the Georgia Democracy propose to repudiate all the State debts and obligations incurred by Governor Bullock. So it is that the seeds sown in the Tammany Convention last year are springing up all over the country, and Democracy has become a synonym for repudiation.

Secretary Boutwell.—The Philadelphia *Bulletin* goes right to the spot, in its comments on Judge Dent's splenetic letter abusing Secretary Boutwell. It says:

Secretary Boutwell is not only one of the ablest members of President Grant's Cabinet, but he is one of the purest, most high-minded, most sincerly honest, most irreproachable politicians in America. Judge Lewis Dent bites as a file of refined steel when he assails George S. Boutwell, because he knows that he cannot be coaxed into any scheme so transparent as the Rebel plot to seize the reconstructed government of Mississippi. This is the head and front of his offending, and for this Judge Dent puts himself before the country in an attitude which only reflects shame on himself, while it does not touch the fame of Secretary Boutwell's gasconade.

GENERAL NEWS.

The health from cholera in New York continues to improve.

Anna Dickinson is lecturing, with great success, to crowded houses in California.

Smoking and chewing of tobacco by women of New York is not fashionable, we learn from Barnum.

The cranberry lands in Ocean county, New Jersey, alone, are this year valued at $2,500,000. The crop is 90,000 bushels.

Hon. Hannibal Hamlin is a private in a Bangor military company, and is always on hand for parade or other duty.

John Holland, of Bristol, R. I., is 102 years old, and never drank a glass of liquor in his life.

The rice crop of Louisiana is expected to reach 86,000 barrels this year. The harvest begins this month.

Seven fatal cases of sunstroke are reported as occuring in and near Baltimore on Saturday and Sunday.

Reports from Indiana and Ohio are more favorable to the corn crop. Recent rains have proved beneficial. In Georgia there will be a fine crop.

The Pittsburg *Commercial* announces that Justice R. C. Grier, of the United States Supreme Court, will resign early this fall. He is seventy-five years of age, and has become physically enfeebled.

The London press are discussing the acquisition of Cuba by the United States. The *Star* says there is no reason for Great Britain to grudge the possession of Cuba by the United States.

The Directors of the Central Pacific Railroad have information of a conspiracy by disaffected ex-employees to burn the bridges and stock of fuel east of the Sierras, and have taken precautions against it.

The way towns spring up in Iowa is astonishing. Says the Davenport *Gazette*: "Eight months ago Atlantic was not." Now it has forty stores, three large hotels, three lumber yards, a bank, two printing offices, and a daily paper.

Citizens of Frederick, Maryland, have had made from wood taken from Barbara Fritchie's house, which was recently torn down, a solid oak cane, for presentation to John G. Whittier as a memento of the heroine whose valor he has celebrated.

During a storm at Cronstadt on Sunday a monitor (purchased from the United States by Russia) broke from her anchorage and ran into a frigate, sinking the latter vessel almost instantly, and drowning sixteen of her crew.

A minister writes from Saratoga:—"The belle of the season wears a dress valued at the amount of my salary for two years, and a set of diamonds equal in value to the cost of a comfortable mission church, with infant room attached, gas fixtures and cabinet organ included."

General Ames, commanding in Mississippi, has issued an order directing his subordinates not to obey any writ of *habeas corpus* issued by the United States District or Circuit Courts, or any order made by such Courts, for the release of prisoners in their custody.

Thomas H. Evans, an old citizen of Philadelphia, was shot and almost instantly killed at his home on Tuesday, by his son, Marshall H. Evans. The horrible deed was committed while the parties were amongst the family, and it is supposed that the young man was insane.

It appears that Supervisor Conklin has developed immense frauds perpetrated in Ohio on the revenue over a year since. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of extensive whiskey dealers and other persons implicated in that State, some of whom were until recently in the employ of the Government.

The cotton crop of 1869 is so well advanced that we may safely estimate it at three million bales—half a million more than last year. Supposing that it nets the planters 25 cents per pound (greenback,) it will bring them $300,000,000, which is more than they received for the the largest crop ever grown.

Martin Billmyer, who was convicted of illicit distilling at the last term of the United States District Court, at Williamsport, Pennsylvania, and undergoing imprisonment at Williamsport jail, was found dead in the jail yard yesterday having committed suicide by cutting his throat.

A comparative statement of the Internal Revenue collected in the months of April, May, June and July of 1868 and 1869 has been prepared in the Revenue Department, and shows that for these months in 1868 it amounted to $67,053,039,03, while for 1869 it was $76,308,283,54, or an increase of nearly ten millions.

Asa Packer is said to be the "Workingman's candidate." Who chucked him into the Lehigh river? *His own workmen!* What for? Attempting to compel them to work at starvation wages. Will the workingmen be stupid enough to support a man who respects their rights only when he is compelled to do so at the risk of his own life? We think not.

From every point of the country, with the exception of the Northwest, there come the same complaint of the long drought, the extreme heat and the withering and burning up of all vegetation. Of the cereals only corn can now be seriously affected, but there are the most doleful predictions of the blighting of the cotton and tobacco crops.

On Sunday last, a horrible murder occurred at a drinking saloon on the Frederick road near Baltimore. A drunken remark was the origin of the affray, and it ended in a man named Louis Mettee beating out the brains of John Chambers with a stone. Death ensued almost immediately, and the murderer was arrested by the police as he was leaving the scene.

A Miss Hill, niece of General A. P. Hill, of Virginia, was accidently shot and killed by her brother-in-law, Mr. G. W. Skinner, at his residence, in Washington county, Alabama, a few evenings ago. Mr. Skinner was about to leave the house to spend the night with a sick neighbor, and was engaged in recapping his loaded pistol, when one of the barrels exploded, and the ball from it entered the side of the unfortunate lady, killing her instantly.

It would be very well to receive with some allowances the reports which are coming from the South and Southwest of the shortness of the crops, and that they have suffered severely from the effects of the drouth. First impressions are always likely to be exaggerated, and it must also be considered that such statements give the speculators a splendid opportunity for forcing up the price of breadstuffs, and are sometimes fabricated by them.

Foreign.—The Carlists are growing busier if not more plentiful, and reports from Madrid give accounts of meetings between them and the Government troops on the frontier. Fifteen thousand workmen have struck in Barcelona, and there are fears of great trouble with them. It is asserted that the preliminaries of a treaty for the cession of Cuba have been signed.

The Emperor Napoleon has appointed General Le Boeuf Minister of War to succeed the late Marshal Niel. The new Minister is another of the Generals of the Second Empire, and is best known by his services in the Crimean and Italian wars.

The Spanish volunteers in Cuba are reported to be rolling De Rodas as completely as they formerly did Dulce, and their junta are contemplating a seizure of the Government. The Spaniards, in self-defence, formed an organization to combine with the Cubanos Government, but it was defeated by being prematurely exposed by a spy.

NEWS OF THE NEIGHBORING COUNTIES

Carroll.—The public schools of Carroll county will be opened on the 1st of September.—J. M. Zimmerman has been appointed Postmaster at Sykesville, vice James Sykes, [illegible]—A [illegible] daughter of J. Reese [illegible] Frederick, last week fell from her father's wagon and the horse treading in her [illegible] produced a painful fracture of the leg.

Cumberland.—Dr. Schoppe has been sentenced to be hung, the motion for a new trial having been overruled.—Adam Titus has also been sentenced to be hung, for the murder of Henry Stahm. Titus had plead guilty of the killing at a previous term, and the Court took testimony to ascertain the grade of murder, which resulted in satisfying the Judges that it was a case of murder in the first degree.—Last week a young son of Isaac Bear, of Middlesex township, aged four or five years, was playing about the barn where the men were threshing. In attempting to step over the tumbling shaft of the separator, while the machine was in motion, his pantaloons were caught, and he was whirled around with such force—striking his head and body against the ground—that he was killed almost instantly.—Wm. Gauld, the Court cryer in Carlisle, dropped dead in the Court-room last week, as Judge Graham pronounced Dr. Schoppe's death sentence.

Franklin.—John Harmony, charged with the murder of Frank Spital, and whose trial came off last week at Chambersburg, has been found guilty of Murder in the Second Degree.—The wife of Jacob Overcash, on the Warm Spring road, complained at breakfast, on the 21st inst., of a difficulty of breathing, and died in a few minutes, aged 78 years.—A man, named G. A. Carton, was arrested in Chambersburg, last Saturday, charged with stealing a horse from J. R. Hodson, in Winchester, Va.—A son of John Hock, of Mercersburg, aged 10 years, on Monday last, was killed by being thrown from a horse.

York.—The Hanover people are so much pleased with their recent balloon ascension, that they talk of having another.—A new Postoffice has been established at Slate Hill, and J. M. Parker appointed Postmaster.—The construction of the Peachbottom railroad is being again agitated.—It is said valuable slate quaries have been found near Hanover Junction.

[For the Star and Sentinel.
TAVERN LOAFERS.

Messrs. Editors:—I do not desire to be considered as personal at all by this article, but in general to speak of the bad practice of hanging idly about taverns, to the neglect of business, and to the bad example of others. Taverns are created by law for the accommodation of the public and for the "entertainment of strangers and travellers," and not as loafing grounds for the idle, or for tipplers. The consequences of tippling at taverns, the evils it leads to—neglected families, badly brought up children, poverty, imbecility and want—constantly stare us in the face, and no comment or further experiment is necessary to illustrate the effects of it.

Correct and orderly tavern keepers are often annoyed by persons of this description, whom it is not easy, to get rid of, without an open rupture, which is always disagreeable. Too much indulgence allowed to this class, gives to the premises a bad odour far and near, which it is not easy for a new occupant, by time and the best management, to get wholly rid of.

Another class of loafers are those who do not drink, but hang about taverns day after day, and year after year, merely for the sake of idle gossip; taking up the seats of regular and orderly customers brought there by business; scanning their movements and perhaps not allowing them to escape without remark or a sneer. These loafers are less bearable than the others, for they spend nothing for eating or drinking to pay the rent of the ground they occupy, and their selfish and ill manners have a tendency often to drive custom from the house. know one landlord at least, who, some years since, allowed himself to be broken up, by indulging too much of this kind of town loafing custom about his premises.

Messrs. Editors, I have not only seen and been annoyed by such loafers as I have designated, in Gettysburg, but also in New Oxford, Hanover, Littlestown and other places, in my travels. Landlords, for your own comfort and advantage, see to this.

If laws can be enacted that will bring taverns to the true standard and free them from idle tipplers and idle loafers, a great and good point will be gained.

A TRAVELLER.

Suicide of a Husband and Wife.—Louisville, August 23.—A horrible and unaccountable double suicide was enacted yesterday at Jeffersonville, the victims being a newly married couple. George Barnacle, a German, after drinking whisky to excess with his wife, went out and procured a half gallon of Beer, which he brought home. His wife drank some of this beer and in ten minutes was a corpse. Before Barnacle could be prevented he drank a large quantity of the same beer, and died about noon, half an hour after his wife expired. On making an analysis of the beer it was found to contain arsenic and morphine. It is supposed Barnacle put it in the beer, as he and his wife were heard to talk of poisoning each other during their orgies. Barnacle had been in low spirits since his marriage, by reason of a false statement that his wife's former husband was living.

The amount expended on the government buildings in Washington from the time the seat of government was located there to June 30, 1868, for public works of every description, including buildings and works of art, is $87,390,853.08. The grounds owned by the government in the District of Columbia amount to 578 acres. These facts are adduced to show that the removal project experiences no serious obstacle here. Chicago gives notice that she stands ready to issue bonds to the extent of $40,000,000 to construct government buildings there, in case St. Louis hesitates to come to the scratch. Really the thing is becoming interesting; if not serious!

Commissioner Delano has decided that the practice of railroad companies, canal companies, banks, insurance companies, and other corporations which are required by law to withhold and to pay over to the United States a tax of five per cent. on all dividends, interest, coupons representing interest, surplus and contingent fund, &c., of treating said amounts as expense of business, and deducting them in all returns where expenses are deductable, is wrong, and cannot be allowed; that the amounts thus paid are not an expense of business, and no such return should be accepted until the Assessor is convinced no deduction of the kind is made.

The Memphis (Tenn.) *Post* (Republican) says: For United States Senator there will be a multiplicity of candidates. Governor Senter, ex-President Johnson, Emerson Etheridge, Bailie Peyton and ex-Governor Neil S. Brown are already spoken of.—It is probable that Emerson Etheridge will be elected Speaker of the State Senate, and then, by sending Governor Senter as United States Senator to Washington, Etheridge becomes Governor by virtue of his Speakership, and the Executive, as well as the legislative branches of the Government, will be in the hands of the Democracy.

THE IRON CITY COLLEGE affords advantages for acquiring a thorough practical Business Education surpassed nowhere in the United States. Circulars giving full particulars concerning the school can be obtained on addressing the Principals, Smith & Cowley, Pittsburg Pa. 1t

The following Editorial notice appears in "*The Advocate*," which is the organ of the Methodist E. Church in Buffalo:

"Catarrh Remedy.—We think we do the public a favor, by calling the attention of those afflicted with catarrh, to the remedy advertised in our columns, as 'Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.' A son of ours has been seriously afflicted with catarrh for several years, and having tried various remedies without success, we began to fear that in his case there was no cure.—But a months' use of the above medicine has entirely removed all traces of the disease.

"We write the above not for pay, but for the information of those afflicted, and as an act of justice to those by whom we have been benefited."

It is sold by all druggists for fifty cents.

A CONVENIENCE.—We understand that arrangements have been made to establish a Baggage Depot in this place which will be under the charge of responsible parties. Passengers arriving in the trains can leave their checks at the Ticket office, and their baggage will be delivered wherever ordered. Persons intending to leave in the cars can have their baggage called for at their residences and delivered at the depot. tf

GET THE BEST.—Farmers who want a first-class GRAIN DRILL, guaranted to work and prove satisfactory, will find just the article they want by calling at the Shop of Charles J. Sefton, in Fairfield, who has the best machine in market.—Give it a trial. If it don't prove satisfactory, it can be returned, and the money refunded. Aug. 13-3t

PLAIN CLOTHES.—You mustn't imagine that because they make fashionable clothes at Oak Hall and suit the veriest "dandy" with the style and finish of their clothing, they do not have anything plain and genteel for elderly persons and men of plainer taste. The truth is just the reverse. Wanamaker & Brown give special attention to comfort in making up their stock and you can get there a coat with a big collar, or a pair of broad-tail pantaloons or anything else you prefer just as well as the styles and patterns that are more fashionably worn. It

Special Notices.

JUST RECEIVED.

A large lot of the very choicest *Pickery Cheese* offered at quite reduced prices, wholesale and retail.

Also, a large stock of *New Mackerel* at lowest market prices. WM. BLAIR & SON.

P S—*Salt, Coal Oil, &c*, on hand at all times at quite low prices—wholesale and retail. 1

Aug 27.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES AND CATTLE.

TOBIAS' DERBY CONDITION POWDERS ARE warranted superior to any others, or no pay, for the cure of Distemper, Colds, Coughs, Hide-bound, Colds, &c., in horses; and Colds, Coughs, Loss of Milk, Black Tongue, Horn Distemper, &c., in Cattle. They are perfectly safe and innocent; no need of stopping the working of your animals. They increase the appetite, give a fine coat, cleanse the stomach and urinary organs; also increase the milk of cows. Try them, and you will never be without them. The late Hiram Woodruff, celebrated trainer of trotting horses, used them for years. Col. Philo. P. Bush, of the Jerome Race Course, Fordham, N. Y., would not use them until he was told of what they are composed, since which he has never without them. He has over twenty running horses in his charge, and for the last three years has used no other medicine for them: He has kindly permitted me to refer any one to him.—Over 1,000 other references can be seen at the depot.

Sold by Druggists and Saddlers. Price, 25 cents per box. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.

Aug. 6, 1869—1m

PECULIAR ADAPTABILITY.
BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

Their peculiar adaptability to all constitutions as cleansers of the bowels and the blood has established their fame as first merit. They purify the blood, and send even the heart to healthy action when other remedies have been used without producing any benefit. They do not expose those who use them to any danger, being as safe as salutary.

Extract from Letter to Dr. Brandreth, from C. J. Fay, Esq., P. M. Hammonton, N. J.

"In 1868 I was in poor health, and my friends as well as myself supposed that my earthly sojourn would soon terminate. But after taking one box of Brandreth's Pills, I began to feel better. Well, sir, when I had used up twelve boxes I was a well, healthy man—my weight having gone from 131 pounds up to 152 pounds. I then ordered a supply, and whenever that time and the present I have retailed three thousand dollars' worth of these invaluable pills, and am quite sure that I have thereby been instrumental in saving thousands of lives.

"Yours, truly, C. J. FAY, P. M."

Sold by all Druggists. Observe my name in white letters in the government stamp. [Aug. 6, 1869—1m

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 42 Cedar street, New York.

May 14, 1869.—1y

SPECIAL NOTICE.
SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP,

Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint, and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the cough, loosens the stomach, relaxes the liver, and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow fleshy. The Seaweed Tonic ripens the lungs, and the patient coughs up the phlegm or matter in the lungs, when the phlegm or matter is ripe, a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver; removing all obstructions, relaxe the ducts of the gallbladder, and cleanse the system from all impurities; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a mercurial poison which is very dangerous and to be used with great care), that will unlock the gall-bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent forms of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the ferment Syrup, and it will make good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great curative powers of these medicines do not cure consumption, they try to do too much, they try to cicatrize to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop a gift about the house, and they try to destroy the germs that make digestive powers, looking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

The Pulmonic Syrup is a ripener, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills, or fever. Remove the causes, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, mucous, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and last decaying. In such cases the question is, can the lungs be cured? It is not with the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Schenck's three medicines, which will begin a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to eat food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to be healthy the lungs commence to heal, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease, and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was asked what he took to make him so fat. He replied that instead of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparations with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompanying each, make it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck unless the patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed.—He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half-dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK,
15 N. 6th st., Philadel., Pa.

April 23, 1869.—1y

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the simple remedy, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc. The object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings county, New York.

May 14, 1869.—1y

WIRE RAILING, WIRE GUARDS,

For Store Fronts, Asylums, &c.; Iron Bedsteads, Wire Webbing for Sofas and Poultry Yards; Brass and Iron Wire Cloth, Sieves, Venders, Screens for Coal, Oats, Seed, &c.; Gauge Crimped Cloth for Fruit Arr