The Star & Sentinel.

Friday, Feb. 5, 1869.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 12,000 persons.

WE are glad to learn that Gov. GEARY has so far recovered from his recent illness as to be able to resume the duties of his office.

IT seems to be conceded, owing to the great diversity of opinion, that there will be nothing done at this session of Congress on the subject of Finance and the Tariff.

ONE of the very first of General Grant's official acts as President, there is a good reason to believe, will be to order General Sheridan to the command of the Department at New Orleans.

ON Monday last Mr. Robinson, Democrat, of New York, introduced a resolution to increase the President's salary to $100,000 per annum after the 4th of March. It was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

JOHN M. LANGSTON, of Ohio, the distinguished colored lawyer, will be an applicant for the Ministership to Hayti, under Grant, with every prospect of success. This is the same position tendered him by President Johnson, but declined for the reason that he would not dim his political prospects by accepting an office under the present administration.

DELAWARE is the only State in the Union that retains the whipping post as an instrument of torture to punish criminals. The Wilmington *Commercial* rightly denounces it as "brutal, barbarous and degrading," and advocates its immediate abolishment. Delaware clings tenaciously to its three idols—the Nigger, Democracy, and the Whipping Post.

NOW that the U. S. Senate has closed down on Andy Johnson's distribution of official favors, he has turned his attention to the small offices not dependent on Senatorial confirmation.—Among his last acts is the removal of H. C. Roberts, Republican, Route Agent on the N. C. Railway between Baltimore and Harrisburg, and the appointment of Loudon Ewalt, Copperhead. Four weeks more, and the country will be rid of Johnsonism.

THE New York *Tribune* thinks that Coffee-pot Wallace, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, should furnish each of his repeaters in Philadelphia, and elsewhere, with a velocipede in order to pass more expeditiously from poll to poll. It is in evidence that a whole gang of Democrats voted in no less than twenty wards in Philadelphia last October, and were busy on the tramp from the time the polls opened until they closed. If Wallace's crew could vote twenty times a day without help in the way of locomotion, they could do double or treble duty by swinging round the circle with velocipede aid.

"AN INFIDEL SENATOR.—Carl Schurz, the new Radical Senator from Missouri, is an open and outspoken infidel. He declares *God is only an imaginary gentleman who dwells beyond the clouds. The Bible is a book only fit to amuse such children. The Sabbath is a relic of barbarism.* Such is the man whom "the party of great moral ideas" chose to represent it in the United States Senate."

The above is going the rounds of the Copperhead papers. It is an old story, started years ago, and resurrected since Schurz's election to the Senate. The intelligent reader need scarcely be told that there is not a word of truth in it. Carl Schurz is one of the most accomplished orators in the West, a good soldier, and a radical Republican. That is what's the matter.

GEN. GRANT is as reticent as ever to his Cabinet, and the newspaper correspondents have trouble to cipher it out. A Washington despatch says that "there is very good authority for the statement that in a conversation of General GRANT's the other evening, at his residence, he remarked that he had made up his mind upon his Cabinet, but that as yet the parties whom he should invite to accept positions had been given no intimation of his intentions. MRS. GRANT remarked, 'That is more than you ever told me.' He answered, 'Yes, more than I have ever told any one yet.' A number of feelers were then thrown out, but all failed to elicit any more hints or expressions upon that subject."

A BILL has been introduced into the State Senate, by Mr. Stinson of Montgomery county, changing the time for holding the annual township elections in the State to the day of the general election in October. The proposition has met with a favorable response from the Press generally. The proposed change would save the expense of holding spring elections, and at the same time secure a fuller expression of the people in the choice of township officers, the vote at the October elections being larger than in the spring. The plan of holding township and municipal elections separately originated in the idea that the introduction of partizan politics in the selection of these local officers would thereby be avoided. But the fact is that the contests for township and municipal offices are conducted on a political basis, and a change of time to the October election would not change the character of the election, only securing a larger vote and fuller expression of the popular will.

EX-GOVERNOR BOREMAN, Republican, will succeed Mr. VAN WINKLE as U. S. Senator from West Virginia. Van Winkle was one of the seven Republican Senators who voted against the impeachment of Andrew Johnson. Two of them—Henderson and Van Winkle—have already been disposed of, and the other five will share a similar fate when, by expiration of their Senatorial terms, the people get a chance to deal with them. In Maine, Mr. Morrill, although a sound Republican, paid the penalty of personal intimacy with Fessenden, another of the seven, and gives way to Hannibal Hamlin. By-the-way, there is a peculiar significence in Mr. Hamlin's return to the Senate. Four years ago the Republican National Convention set Hamlin aside and substituted Andrew Johnson as the nominee for Vice President. The former went out of office as the latter came in. On the 4th of March next, Hamlin comes into office endorsed as a tried and true statesman, while Johnson goes out, rejected as a faithless, treacherous demagogue.

ASTOUNDING ELECTION FRAUDS!

How Democrats Make Votes!

We have frequently adverted to the daring and infamous frauds perpetrated by the Democracy at the last October and November elections. The investigations now going on before the Congressional Committee charged with an examination of the New York frauds and in the Philadelphia courts, is developing the gigantic character of this conspiracy to control the ballot-box, of which we will hereafter have something to say. We have a few developments in the testimony before the Legislative Committee, in the examination of the Philadelphia contested seats, which give a foretaste of what is to come when the whole conspiracy is unveiled. We give a few choice extracts from this sworn testimony:

Michael Slaven, being sworn, testified as follows:

"I reside in Christian street, between Fifth and Sixth streets, Philadelphia; on the 15th of October I had no particular home; I know of persons voting in the Eleventh Legislative district who were not residents therein; I know of them having voted in the Sixteenth ward; I, Mr. Lamb, Mr. Elliott, Mr. Rowan, Mr. Redding, three New Yorkers, and two Baltimoreans, went that day up there; eight of us started from Third and Christian, and met two others at Third and Queen streets; took the Third street car and went to Poplar; got out and went down Poplar to Front; went to the Bull's Head hotel, Front, above Poplar, and got from a man there a name, residence and occupation, and voted; got the ticket from this man; from there we went to Front and Otter streets; got the name and residence, and voted there; then we went to New Market and Laurel streets; from there to Second and Germantown road; from there to Second and Beaver streets; from there to Fourth and George; from there to Fifth, below George; from thence to Fifth and Poplar; from there to Franklin and Girard avenue; from there to Tenth and Girard avenue; we got a $5 bill there from a man who gave us the tickets, and five of us went down to the Girard avenue market and got our dinners; the other five went down town; the whole ten have voted in the places I have mentioned; the five I was with went to Front above Poplar, and went over the same tract that the ten had gone before; I was sent to Front above Poplar; don't know the name of the man who sent me; I had a mark to know the man from whom I was to get the ticket; he had a piece of stone string tied to his button-hole; each of us received a slip of paper with name, residence and occupation, we did not go in a body from one poll to another; cannot recollect the names we voted in; as soon as we voted we gave the slips of paper to the man who gave them to us; do not know the name of the parties who furnished the tickets; we voted the Democratic ticket; did not examine any of them; the man we took them from had the Democratic badge on."

On cross-examination, this model Democratic citizen testified;

"I was not challenged nor put upon my oath, nor any of the others that I saw; did not see all the votes taken by the *twenty times myself that day*; we started at eight o'clock in the morning, and stopped at half-past five."

Christopher Lamb, another of this patriotic and enthusiastic gang, testified as follows:

"I was one of the party spoken of by Mr. Slaven; Slaven, Elliott, Rowan, and Redding, three New Yorkers, two Baltimoreans and myself composed the party; I then lived in Shippen street, between Second and Third; *I voted twenty times that day, at the same polls that Slaven voted*; I cannot recollect the names I voted in; I voted the Democratic ticket, at least I got it from a man with that badge on; did not examine them; do not remember the names of the New Yorkers or Baltimoreans; have heard their names, but forget now; my vote was not challenged at any of the divisions where we voted."

Still another of the same gang, Henry Elliott by name, made the following confession:

"I heard the testimony of Slaven; was with him on the day of the October election; I then lived at No. 535 Cherry street; *I voted twenty times, the same as Slaven*, and at the same places; voted the Democratic ticket, I judge; did not examine any of them, because I didn't think it requisite."

On cross-examination Elliott said: "We changed hats and coats sometimes, in going from poll to poll; never lived in the Sixteenth ward."

John Rowan, one of the party, who left at Tenth and Girard avenue, corroborated the above witnesses, but claimed the virtue of having voted only ten times.

A pretty good day's work that for *one* gang of "repeaters." Five of them voted twenty times each, and the other five ten times each, in the course of the day—making 150 good Democratic votes cast by 10 men. Recollect, reader, that this is not "Radical" testimony, but the sworn statements of the employees selected and paid by the Democratic managers to carry out their atrocious villainy. Is it any wonder that the Democratic leaders object to a Registry Law, which might have a tendency in future to break up these nice arrangements for securing Democratic majorities?

But the frauds in Philadelphia were comparatively trifling compared to the gigantic Copperhead operations in New York city last November. The developments are truly appalling. According to the New York *Sun*, *thirty thousand fraudulent votes* were cast in that city alone. Several witnesses testified that they had voted as often as *thirty times each!* The manufacturer of the bogus naturalization papers testified *that his press was running for four months previous to the election, and that he had printed over one hundred thousand of them.* The worst feature of the business is, that there is every reason to believe this wholesale rascality was concocted by the prominent party leaders, men of standing and influence in the community.

A CONVENTION of Editors was held in Harrisburg on Tuesday, some 61 papers being represented, the object being to form an association to promote the interests of the craft, elevate the character of the Press, and secure uniformity of action on matters affecting common interests. H. T. DARLINGTON, of the Buck County *Intelligencer*, was chosen President, with the usual officers and an Executive Committee of which GEORGE BERGNER, of the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, is Chairman.—A resolution was adopted, urging the Legislature to so amend the libel laws as to allow the admission of the truth in evidence. A proposition to have the State laws published in all papers elicited a warm debate, and was finally lost by a close vote. The convention adjourned to meet in January, 1870, in Harrisburg.

ON Monday last Mr. ORTH, of Indiana, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, introduced a resolution on the basis of the old Texas resolution, declaring that the United States will be ready to receive San Domingo as a territory whenever her people demand it. Mr. Orth immediately demanded the previous question, but after a sharp struggle the resolution was laid on the table by a vote of 110 yeas to 62 nays.—The resolution substantially involved Gen. Bank's scheme of a Protectorate over Hayti and San Domingo, with ultimate annexation to the United States. The vote on laying the resolution on the table was not a partizan vote. Democrats and Republicans divided.

SENATOR HENDERSON is said to have gone to Cuba on a secret mission for President JOHNSON.

THE NEW CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

The House of Representatives on Saturday, after voting down all the proposed substitutes, passed the new Constitutional Amendment precisely as it was reported from the Reconstruction Committee. It reads:

Be it resolved, &c. (two-thirds of both Houses concurring), that the following article be proposed to the Legislatures of the several States as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States; which, when ratified by three-fourths of said Legislatures, shall be held as part of the said Constitution, namely:

ARTICLE—

Section 1. The right of any citizen of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or any State, by reason of race, color, or previous condition of slavery of any citizen or class of citizens of the United States.

Section 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

The vote on this proposed Amendment, stood—Yeas 150, all Republicans; Nays 42, all Democrats but Messrs. Baker of Ill., Bingham of Ohio, Hawkins of Tenn., and Polsley of West Va.

The proposition now goes to the Senate, where it has already been extensively debated, and where earnest efforts will be made to press it to an early vote, and it will undoubtedly pass by the requisite vote. It will then be submitted to the several States for approval. We have no question that sooner or later it will be adopted by a sufficient number of States to make it a part of the organic law. That end once obtained, the logical results of the Rebellion and the War for its suppression will have been secured, and the Negro question be thus removed from the arena of National politics, where it has been a disturbing element for half a century.

THE UNION PACIFIC—ITS EXTENT AND TRAFFIC.

The Union Pacific Railroad is finished for more than one thousand miles beyond Omaha. The valley of Great Salt Lake has been reached, and but two hundred and fifty miles of the entire line from the Missouri to the Pacific remain unbuilt. In comparison with what has been accomplished, this gap is but a small matter, which the army of skilled laborers employed upon the work will speedily fill up with a continuous track: and with the early days of the coming summer announcements will be made of through trains from New York to San Francisco."

What has been the business success of the road thus built with a rapidity unparalleled, and extending, as this does, through territories unsettled before the pioneership of the locomotive? The official figures tell the story. The earnings for the year 1868, upon an average distance in operation of less than 700 miles, were more than five million dollars, those of the second half of the year exceeding the first six months by $930,672,-81. This remarkable traffic will be best appreciated by those most conversant with railroad progress and profits during the earlier years of their operation.

What amount of future business can be predicted for the Union Pacific? This question cannot be easily answered, simply because the actual traffic will almost inevitably be greater than the most sanguine of its friends dare now assert. Consider the vast, almost illimitable, capacities of the country traversed by the road, for population, manufactures and mercantile business. The line from Omaha to San Francisco is eighteen hundred miles long. Every mile of this distance has resources as yet undeveloped, which will afford room and employment for populous communities. The lands of Nebraska are unsurpassed by any in the country for luxuriant crops; the prairies of the western part of that State, and the plains of Wyoming afford pasturage for countless herds; the Black Hills are rich in coal and iron, which will give employment to many thousands of mechanics; the mining regions of Nevada, Idaho, Montana and Oregon, will find their quickest and most profitable route for transportation over the Union Pacific; and added to all the local travel and freight which will this be assured to this great line, will be the trans-continental traffic to and from the Pacific coast. The international trade of half the world will load the through trains of the Union Pacific.

The amount of passenger business alone will be enormous. It was predicted, in 1867, by one who carefully considered this subject, that fifty thousand persons per annum made the steamship journey to and from California. In 1868 facts more than justified this prediction, for about seventy thousand were carried by the two main lines running from New York. The overland travel (both ways) should bring the total to about one hundred thousand. It is certainly within bounds to assume that with the cheaper and quicker transit afforded by the railroad, the amount of travel will be doubled, and that but a small portion will take any other route than that over the Union Pacific. Two hundred thousand through passengers, at an average cost of $100, would give an income of $20,000,000, of which about three-fifths, or say $12,000,-000, would properly belong to the Union Pacific Company, exclusive of the vast *local* passenger traffic which will at least double every year for a generation to come.

In whatever light we view it, the Union Pacific Railroad cannot fail to be a magnificent success. It is not surprising that the First Mortgage Bonds of this Company are so favorably considered by financiers and business men generally, as possessing very unusual advantages of security and profit. These Bonds are for $1,000 each, paying 6 per cent. gold interest, and principal payable in thirty years in gold. Some interesting facts concerning the road and its bonds may be found in another column.

WHAT IT COSTS TO BE A SHERIFF IN GEORGIA.—On the 17th inst., a desperado from Tennessee, calling himself Stillboy, but whose real name is Joel Ritchie, came to Jasper, Pickens county, pursued by two or three men from Murray county, who represented to the Sheriff of Pickens that Ritchie had stolen some horses in Murray, and was making his escape, and desired the Sheriff of Pickens to aid in the pursuit. He prepared himself, and taking along with him Mr. Warren Brown as a deputy, proceeded in the direction Stillboy, alias Ritchie, had gone, until they had gone about six miles from Jasper. On the road from Jasper to Dawsonville, they came upon him at the house of a Mr. Padget, and rushed in on him and arrested him; but not supposing he had any concealed weapons about his person, did not search him, when, contrary to all expectations, he drew a pistol and deliberately shot the Sheriff through the body and killed him, he only survi ving a few hours. The Deputy Sheriff then attacked Ritchie, and was himself dangerously, if not mortally, wounded in the arm. Ritchie then went out and took the best horse they had, mounted him, and went on in the direction of Elijay, in Gilmer county, making his way, it is supposed, to East Tennessee.—*Atlanta Intelligencer, Jan. 29.*

A YOUNG man at Connersville, in Giles county, Tennessee, on Thursday evening, while standing on the floor in the act of being married, was shot down by the brother of his bride. He fell in the arms of the devoted girl, who, assisted by friends, conveyed him to a bed, when, at her request, the marriage ceremony was finished, she exclaiming that she had rather mourn a dead husband that a dead lover. In a few minutes the newly-made husband expired. The murderer escaped.

JOHN H. SURRATT is now in Brazil.

LEGISLATURES will be in session in twenty-two States.

LANCASTER county raised $600,000 worth of tobacco last year.

VIRGINIA is full of mad dogs. Four years ago it was inhabited by foolish pups.

SAN FRANCISCO had another slight shock of earthquake on Saturday.

IT is said that the *N. Y. Tribune* Association has insured the life of Mr. Greeley for the handsome sum of $100,000.

A SAN FRANCISCO political club is coming all the way from San Francisco to attend General Grant's inauguration.

IN New York, a boarding house displays a note of warning, announcing, "neither pianos nor children admitted."

A MAN in New York tried to hang himself by a handkerchief to a bedpost, because his wife wouldn't mend his stockings.

A MAJORITY of the Greek Cabinet has decided in favor of accepting the terms proposed by the Paris Conference.

THE Opposition in the French Corps Legislatif demand the restoration of diplomatic relations with Mexico.

IT is rumored in Constantinople that the United States has offered to mediate between Greece and the Sublime Porte.

ALL the members of the Provisional Government are now declaring in favor of the Duke of Montpensier as king of Spain.

MR. SEWARD denies that there are any negotiations going on for the purchase of Cuba.

IN Minnesota, they have "torch-light sleigh rides," made brilliant by transparencies and enlivened by music.

THE Mormons don't like missionaries of other sects to come among them. They recently arrested an Episcopal missionary whilst holding a Sunday service.

A MAN near Baltimore set a spring gun to keep thieves from robbing his stable. The first man shot was himself, and he died on Saturday.

QUEEN VICTORIA has sent copies of the magnificent new edition of her book on the late Prince Consort to all the crowned ladies of Europe.

GOV. GEARY, who has been for some time unwell, has so far recovered as to be able to leave his room. He visited his office in the State Department on Thursday.

PORTLAND has a "one dollar store," in which everything is sold for a dollar. A customer recently chose the store, and would only give it up when paid four dollars to leave.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Harrisburg *Patriot* suggests Hon. J. McDowell Sharpe, of Chambersburg, for nomination by the Democratic State Convention for Supreme Judge.

A man was recently hooked by a cow in Indiana, the horn running through the left eye, and the point of it coming out through the top of the head. The man survives.

A man was struck by a locomotive at Knoxville, Tenn, the other day, tossed fifteen feet in the air, and neatly caught on top of the engine, with only a sprain of an ankle.

DANBURY Conn., was suddenly inundated on Sunday evening, by the sweeping away of the dam which supplied the town with water. Twelve or fourteen lives were lost, and a number of buildings destroyed.

In the Court of Oyer and Terminer, of Philadelphia, on Saturday, Geo. S. Twitchell, Jr., was sentenced to execution for the murder of Mrs. Hill, the motion for a new trial having been refused.

NEW YORK had an elopement in high life on Saturday. A wife, only eighteen months married, ran away with a Chicago youth and $30,000 of her husband's funds. They went to Liverpool by steamer.

THE BOARD of Trustees of Washington and Jefferson College have agreed to ask the Legislature to pass an act authorising the close consolidation of the two branches of this institution, either at Washington or Canonsburgh, or some other place to be determined upon.

THERE is a lucky farmer near Dubuque, Iowa. On Monday night of last week two of his sheep became the mothers of seven lambs, one producing three and the other four; one of his cows had a calf; a sow had a litter of seventeen pigs; and his wife presented him with two bouncing boys.

GOVERNOR WISE, in one of his recent long-winded letters on the late rebellion, reconstruction, &c., utters the following, which is not bad, considering its source:

"For myself, I praise God for the war every day, notwithstanding its disaster and deaths, as a special providence, indispensable to free me and my heirs forever from the weakness of African slavery."

THE newspaper correspondents, who long ago discovered every other good quality in General Grant, are now finding out that he is fond of a joke. Here is one of their stories;

"Good evening, General Grant," said a pleasant office-seeker the other night to the President elect. "I have not been to see you, General, since election."

"Plenty have," said Grant; "I've not been lonesome."

THE Pottsville *Miners' Journal* of Saturday says: "In our last we gave the particulars of the unfortunate occurence to Mr. Harrison Trebley—the swallowing of a dental plate in his sleep. He lingered until Sunday morning last, when after profuse hemorrhage he died. On Monday a post mortem examination of the body was made, but the plate was not found. Mr. Trebley was 35 years old at the time of his death, and leaves a wife and one child."

A MAN OF ACRES.—John Herwood is the reputed owner of one-half of Morgan county, Ill., and of sixty thousand acres in Nebraska. His estate is valued at six millions of dollars. He went from Massachusetts to the West in 1835, and by keeping out of "corner lots" in embryo cities during the speculating mania of 1836-7, and confining himself to farming lands purchased at $125 per acre, he has become one of the greatest (if not the greatest) land owners in the United States.

THE year 1869 is destined to be the most important in the annals of American Methodism. During the year the people will be called to decide whether or no they will accept the measures proposed to them by the General Conference for the admission of lay representatives to that assembly and the annual conferences. It is also an important fact, a new constituency has been created by the late General Conference; all members of the Church over twenty-one years of age, whether men or women, will be eligible to vote upon this question.

OUR prominent citizen of Lansing, Iowa was murdered by another on Monday last. The murdered man was named Frederick May, and the murderer Charles May—his cousin. The two had been engaged in a dispute about a load of wheat offered for sale by a farmer. Bitter words and threats passed between them, when Charles May withdrew to a store near by, and, returning with a revolver, shot and instantly killed the other while he was on the wagon examing the wheat. The murderer was immediately arrested and lodged in jail.

THE REBEL GENERAL EARLY.—This gentleman does not accept very cordially the President's act of grace. In a letter to a friend he says, "that he looks upon the Christmas proclamation of President Johnson as a final acknowledgment of the United States Government, in all its departments, of its inability to hold any of us responsible under the Constitution and the laws as they *were* for our resistance to it, usurpations." The General must be on the *rampage*. We would refer his case to General P. H. Sheridan.

Special Notices.

WM. BLAIR & SON, "South End"—Carlisle, Importers of Glassware.

We have been importing Ware regularly during the last three years, and have on hand the largest stock we ever had at any time, having taken two invoices, filling up our varieties for the winter and coming spring season.

We are selling Table-ware, Stone-ware, Cedar-ware, Salt, Fish and Groceries generally WHOLESALE and RETAIL, below any house in the country. Please call.

P. S. 50 barrels Coal Oil, just receiving.

BUCHU.

[From Dispensatory of the United States.]

DIOSMA CRENATA—BUCHU LEAVES.

PROPERTIES.—Their odor is strong, diffusive, and somewhat aromatic, their taste bitterish, and analogous to mint.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES AND USES.—Buchu leaves are gently stimulant, with a peculiar tendency to the Urinary Organs.

Buchu is given in complaints of the Urinary Organs, such as Gravel, Chronic Catarrh of the Bladder, Morbid Irritation of the Bladder and Urethra, Disease of the Prostate Gland, and Retention or Incontinence of Urine, from a loss of tone in the parts concerned in its evacuation. The Leaves are also recommended in Dyspepsia, Chronic Rheumatism, Cutaneous Affections, and Dropsy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is used by persons from the ages of 18 to 25, and from 35 to 55, or in the decline or change of life; after Confinement, or Labor Pains; Bed-Wetting in children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, unlike the Extract Buchu, is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chronic Gravel, Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulceration of the Bladder and Schirrous State of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa, or Whites.

Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.—This medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the Water Organs obtain healthy positions, and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as all Inflammations.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given. Irritation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Bladder, Stone in the Kidneys, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Inflammation of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposit, and Mucus or Milky Discharges, and for enfeebled and delicate constitutions, of either Sex, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Eruptions on the Face, Pallid Countenance, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, &c.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is Diuretic and Blood-Purifying, and cures all Diseases arising from habits of dissipation, excesses or indiscretion in life, impurities of the blood, &c., supplanting Copaiba in all cases for which it is used, with as much promptness. Gleets of long standing, and Syphilitic Affections in these diseases, used in connection with HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.

Sold by all Druggists and dealers everywhere. Beware of counterfeits. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Price—$1.25 per bottle, or six bottles for $6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

Address H. T. HELMBOLD, 594 Broadway, N. Y.

NONE ARE GENUINE UNLESS DONE UP IN steel engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Feb. 5—1m

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,

IT WILL POSITIVELY RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

It keeps the hair from falling out. It is the best dressing in the world, making lifeless, stiff, brashy hair beautiful, soft and glossy.

To prevent baldness and to cure Scurf and Dandruff, it is unrivalled.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

Feb. 5—1m.

WIRE RAILING, WIRE GUARDS.

For Store Fronts, Asylums, &c., from Ballstaedt's Wire Webbing for Sheep and Poultry Yard; Brass and Iron Wire Cloth, Sieves, Fenders, Screens for Coal, Sand, Seeds, &c., Heavy Gringed Cloth for Sand Arresters; Landscape Wires for Window, &c.; Paper-maker's Wire; Ornamental Wire Work, &c. Every information by addressing the manufacturers.

WALKER & SONS, No. 11 North Sixth st., Philadelphia. (Feb. 5, 1869.—1y

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., and Professor of *Diseases of the Eye and Ear; (his specialty) to the College of Physicians of Pennsylvania, 12 years experience*, (formerly of Leyden, Holland.) No. 506 Arch street, Phila. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The Medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination. [Jan. 29.—1y

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

An Eastern medical periodical gives an interesting account of the complete cure of Mrs. Anne Stauffer, of Manor, Lancaster county, Pa., of hereditary Consumption. Her parents and several others and sisters died of this terrible disease. Mrs. Stuffer was herself reduced to a mere skeleton; the pulse at 140; her breathing painfully difficult; expectoration very excessive; diarrhœa worse than chronic, and her condition so hopeless that a consultation of the old and skillful physicians she was pronounced incurable. At this stage of the disease, Dr. S. B. Hartman, of Millersville, Lancaster county, Pa., a physician of fourteen years standing, prescribed MEDICLER'S HERB BITTERS. The patient soon experienced a pleasing invigorating sensation throughout her system, and encouraged by her friends to continue under Dr. Hartman's treatment, she has gradually gotten up, under increased doses according to her strength, until she entirely recovered. Mrs. Stauffer is still living, in the full enjoyment of perfect health. C. B. Herr, Esq., President of the Lancaster County (Pa.,) National Bank, substantiates the particulars of this most wonderful case. [Jan. 15.—3m No 3

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.

Headache—Dyspepsia—Costiveness,

IF you suffer with headache try MARSHALL'S ELIXIR, and be convinced that although other remedies have failed to cure you, this will give you instant and permanent relief.

If by over-excitement and fatigue your nerves have become so weakened that Headache admonishes you something more dangerous may happen, such as

PALSY, DIMNESS OF SIGHT,

and other alarming nervous affections, then Marshall's Elixir, by giving tone and strength to your system, restores you to perfect health.

Whenever food which should be digested remains in the stomach, causing pain and uneasiness for the want of that principle which would render it easy of digestion, then by using Marshall's Elixir you will supply this deficiency and prevent its recurrence, and so be radically cured of Dyspepsia.

The stomach being thus relieved from an unhealthy to a healthy condition, costiveness and the other attendant disorders of the bowels are of necessity prevented.

Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1 00 per bottle.

For sale by all Druggists. Depot, 1301 Market st.

M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors.

Jan. 29.—1y

"TRUE MERIT WILL ALWAYS HAVE ITS REWARD."

It is certain that no truth has ever been more satisfactorily demonstrated in our midst than the above, as may be seen daily in the immense demand for that invaluable and popular tonic and stimulant, SHELLER'S BITTERS. It is the one thing needful for persons whose surroundings are unfavorable to good health, because it is a perfect preventative against all morbid influences producing of disease. The present is the most fitting season for reinforcing the organs of our bodies, and insuring our health during the "spring time." We try all more or less negligent, but there are many who will not, or are slow in believing this tonic, consequently such change in the season catches them unprepared, and before they know it, sad and painful experience teaches them, followed by all its train of ills. Again, most of us are of disposition to put off the evil day of disease by using MEDICLER'S HERB BITTERS every morning, regularly, and all the characteristics of good health will spring up within and continue with you. [Jan. 15.—3m No. 3

A CARD.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a most simple remedy for the Chronic Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of the Urinary and Seminal System, and the whole train of evils consequent thereon. Anxious for relief, any sufferer should find it, I will send the receipt for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, for any one who needs it, free of charge. Address

JOSEPH T. INMAN,

Station D, Bible House, New York City.

Sept. 18—1y

Business Localities.

CUMBERLAND.—Rev. T. C. Pitchard was installed Pastor of the Lutheran church in Mechanicsburg, on Sunday the 23d ult., Rev. Dr. Brown, of Gettysburg conducting the services.—The barn of Mr. Means, a few miles from Shippensburg, was destroyed by fire on Sunday night last together with all the hay, grain, stock and implements in it.—The White Sulphur Springs, 4 miles north east of Carlisle, were destroyed by fire on Tuesday.

CARROLL.—R. T. Shipley, of Westminster, has sold his farm, situated in Freedom District, to James H. Steele of Liberty District, for $10,000.

FRANKLIN.—The Chambersburg Manufactory and Building Association have sold the Foundry and Machine Shop, located on West Market Street, opposite Miller;s Hotel, to John R. Turner, of Carlisle, price $15,000.—Miss Elizabeth J. Clark, of Chambersburg, recently deceased, leaves $500 to the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, and the balance of her estate (worth about $8000) to the Presbyterian Church of Chambersburg.—The Directors of the Poor have appointed Samuel Brandt, Steward; Wm. H. Boyle, Physician; John R. Orr, Attorney and Clerk; and Alexander Martin, Treasurer.—John B. Gough will lecture in Chambersburg on Thursday evening, March 18.

FULTON.—On Saturday evening last the residence of Mr. J. Porter, in McConnellsburg, was entirely consumed. The fire originated from a defective flue. Loss about $3,000. No insurance.

YORK.—Charles Cremer, a well known green grocer in York, died suddenly at Mt. Vernon Hall on Friday night last, of heart disease. He was attending a dance at that place and had just concluded a gallop, when he suddenly fell over, and life was extinct in a short time.—A new county is talked of to be made out of York and Lancaster counties, to include Columbia, Wrightsville, Marietta, Maytown, Bainbridge, Washington, Mountville and other small towns—Columbia to be the county seat.—Alexander Koser has purchased the old German Reformed Parsonage, in Hanover, for the sum of $3,400 cash. The congregation will erect in the Spring a parsonage on Broadway Avenue, immediately adjoining the Church.

THREE men were killed and five severely wounded by an explosion of nitro-glycerine in a quarry at South Petersburg, Rensselaer county, N. Y., on Saturday.

Groceries.

GROCERIES & LUMBER

AT PANTON'S STORE, ON THE HILL, BALTIMORE STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA.

FRESH GROCERIES

every week from the City, Provisions, Dried an Green Fruits of all kinds, always on hand, at lowest rates.

FLOUR, CORN MEAL, CHEESE, PURE CIDER VINEGAR, SOAPS OF ALL KINDS, CANDLES, NOTIONS, CONFECTIONARIES, BROOMS, &c.; also,

LUMBER,

such as Scantling, Posts, Shingles, Plank, &c., continually on hand at lowest living rates. Call and see.

June 24.—tf.

GILLESPIE & CO.

Dealers in Flour, Groceries, Notions, &c.,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

INVITE the attention of the public to their large stock of Goods, at the old stand, on York street, next door to the Globe Inn, consisting of the best of

GROCERIES,

Sugars, Syrups, Molasses, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Salt, &c.; the

BEST BRANDS OF FLOUR

in the market, with Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Fish, Dried Fruits, Confections, &c. Also,

NOTIONS,

in great variety; Cedar and Willow-ware, Stoneware, Crockery-ware, Baskets, Segars, Tobaccos, and a thousand and one other articles.

BUTTER AND EGGS,

nice and fresh, always for sale.

GILLESPIE & Co. will spare no effort to please, and are confident of being able to do so by constantly keeping a full and choice stock, and selling at the very lowest profits. COUNTRY PRODUCE wanted, either for the cash or in exchange for goods, highest market price allowed.

JOSEPH S. GILLESPIE,
DANIEL CASHMAN.

June 17, 1868.—tf

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, NOTIONS, TOBACCOS,

ALSO,

Stone, Wooden and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in a FAMILY GROCERY.

Dec. 4, 1868.—tf

BARGAINS

at the new

GROCERY

IN GETTYSBURG.

JOHN CRESS & SON

HAVING opened a new Grocery, in Gettysburg, on the north-west corner of the Public Square, have just received a splendid assortment of FRESH

GROCERIES,

including Sugars, Coffee, Molasses, Syrup, Teas, Spices, Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c. Also,

QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS,

Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally. We will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED-STUFFS.

Having purchased for CASH, we are prepared to sell very cheap. Give us a call and judge for yourselves.

JOHN CRESS.
Sept. 25, 1867.—tf J. W. CRESS.

Grocery and Flour Store.

REMOVAL.

MEALS & BROTHER

HAVE removed their Store to the Ninestedt property, on Chambersburg street, where they propose to keep constantly on hand

ALL KINDS OF

GROCERIES,

FLOUR, FEED, NOTIONS, &c.

Also, VEGETABLES in season, fresh from the city and country. They are determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest, and as they only ask the lowest living profit, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

MEALS & BRO.

April 8, 1868.—tf.

GRECIAN BEND.

AT WM. J. MARTIN'S

IS the place to get it if you wish, where you can get everything expected to be found in a first class

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS.

The Groceries consist in part of best Syrup, Coffee, Sugars, Teas, Spices, Prime No. Mackerel, &c., &c.

Always on hand a large quantity of

LIQUORS

of all kinds from Champagne to Common Whiskey pure Rye Whiskey, Brandies for medicinal and other purposes, Scotch Whiskey and Jamaica Rum for hot punches. A Beer's pure Grape Wine, Mishler's, Hoofland's Zingar and Gentian Bitters.

HOTEL KEEPERS

will find by giving me a call that they can be supplied with Liquor at all times and by the quart or gallon at reduced rates, and save freight and package.

Thankful for past patronage and soliciting a continuance.

WM. J. MARTIN.
Nov. 20 1868.—1 Baltimore st., Gettysburg.

GO TO WM. J. MARTIN'S,

IF you want all the necessary ingredients for a good Mince Pie. [Nov. 20.—tf

APPLES, Raisins, Citron, Currants, Cranberries and Prunes.

Nov. 20.—tf AT WM. J. MARTIN'S.

Legal Notices.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

The undersigned having been appointed Assignee by Deed of Voluntary Assignment, of JOHN BUMGARDNER, of Mt. Pleasant township, Adams county, and wife Sarah Ann Matilda, of Butler township, notice is hereby given to debtors and creditors to call and settle their accounts with the undersigned, residing in the same township.

JEREMIAH W. DIEHL,
Jan. 22.—6t Assignee.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of PETER CYMPOUT, deceased, late of Franklin township, Adams county, in said township, who died on the 3d day of January, inst., leaving no wife nor children, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

CATHARINE COMPOUT,
ELI STOVER, } Exec'rs.
Jan. 15.—6t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters