The Star & Sentinel.

Friday, Nov. 27, 1868.

Advertisers and Subscribers interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 11,000 persons.

☞ Advertisements, to secure immediate attention must be handed in on or before Thursday morning.

NEW VOLUNE.

With the present number we commence the sixty-ninth volume of our paper, the first No. of the "SENTINEL" having been issued in the year 1800 by the father of the present senior member of the firm. During the many years that have intervened since that date, the newspaper publication business has undergone many changes, and the "*Sentinel*," from a small sheet, 9 by 15 inches, four columns to a page, set in primer type, has grown to its present dimensions—its circulation steadily increasing, and to-day it can boast of a *bona fide* subscription, not only larger than at any previous date, but largely in excess of the circulation ever previously attained by any paper printed in the county, and larger than most of the weeklies in more populous and wealthy counties. For this substantial evidence of prosperity and popular favor, the proprietors feel duly grateful, and can only pledge their best efforts to make the "STAR & SENTINEL" in every respect worthy of the liberal support given to it. We have just gone through an important and protracted campaign during which its columns have been largely devoted to partizan topics. In future, we will have room for more varied and miscellaneous matter, and it will be our aim to get up a paper of sufficient interest to be acceptable to every reader and *sine qua non* in every intelligent family.

Our present subscribers can largely aid in increasing the circulation, with profit to themselves, as we allow a PREMIUM of 50 cents for each new subscriber, the premium to be credited on present subscriptions. In this way any of our present subscribers can pay for his paper one year, by simply getting four new names and forwarding the same, with the amount of subscription ($2 each) in advance.

TERMS—$2.00 Per Annum, in Advance.

☞ Any one of our present subscribers will receive a credit of 50 cents on his account for each new name he may send in with the amount of subscription, ($2 00) in advance—in other words, a PREMIUM of 50 cents for each new subscriber thus sent us.

THE Baltimore *American* is exposing the inequalities wrought by the present Constitution of Maryland, which is based upon the delusions of slavery, and could scarcely be more anti-democratic if it had been dictated by the Czar of Russia. Those who were formerly slaveholders are recognized as a governing class, and each ballot they cast is counted in representation as equal to the votes of five of the citizens of Baltimore or any of the Western counties. Not only is this the case, but it provides for a further increase in the representation of the old slave-holding counties after the next census is taken.

The fourteen counties forming Southern Maryland had at the last census a white population of 130,275, whilst Baltimore and the seven counties forming Northern Maryland had 382,643.—These 130,275 Southern Marylanders, comprising about one-fourth of the white population of the State, have a larger representation in the Legislature than the 382,643 citizens of Northern Maryland.

THE government must not be changed in character till the South fully submits, becomes law-abiding, and is willing to do justice to the black man, and till the national integrity is vindicated in the matter of the public debt. With GRANT's accession to office, prompt measures will doubtless be taken to enforce the law, punish crime, "crush out" assassination, and hang the guilty. This process will necessarily reduce the Copperhead vote in the South, but organized murder of personal or political foes, and denial of the right of free assemblage, and of freedom of speech and action cannot be permitted, *under any circumstances*, no matter who may be hurt.

A CORRESPONDENT writes recently of Gen. GRANT:

I was conversing with him of the expansion of the Western settlements; of the railways to the Pacific; and the grand results in that direction while the impious and rebellious South has pined and suffered.

"I think," said Grant, "that Providence must have had a hand in it, and prevented an earlier reconstruction of the South for two reasons: First, to keep the tide of emigration and enterprise flowing into the vast and productive West, and secondly, to punish the Southern people, through their own agency, for their unceasing errors."

THE Mobile *Tribune* refers thus amiably to the election of GRANT:

May his entire head become a bleeding wart if he fails to grind his heel into the very hearts of the ruffians who have elected him.

It thus censures the Northern Democracy for not organizing and, by military power, compelling the election of SEYMOUR:

Knowing that the contest was one of life and death, the Northern Democracy ought, from the beginning of the campaign, to have acted on the offensive, and when it became apparent that defeat at the ballot-box was certain, *they ought to have pushed the matter beyond the ballot-box*. They ought to have organized in companies, regiments and brigades, and not have permitted the enemy to get off with the prize, in virtue of a decree rendered by such a concern as a prostituted ballot-box.

THE most distinguished of living English philosophers whose political sympathies have brought him into relations with most of the conspicuous Americans who have visited Great Britian of late years, recently remarked to a friend, "all the half educated Americans I meet are Republicans, all the really educated ones are Democrats"—*Democratic paper.*

Evidently, the "Five Points" Democrats, when they visit England, don't call on the English "philosopher."—They should.

LIBERAL ideas are progressing in England, as well as this country. At the late elections the Tories or Conservatives were beaten badly; and the Liberals were triumphant. The "Democratic" Conservatives of our politics occupy the same relation to us that the Tories do to English politics. Both are reactionary and retrogressive. They go down to a common grave, amid the acclaim of the *live* men of the world.

ONE effect of the revolution in Spain, will be the early abolition of Slavery in Cuba. Of course, the Monarchical party oppose it. The same party in this country, did a like thing here a few years ago.

GENERAL SELECT NOTES.

The Chicago *Times* (Cop.) having stated that there were reasons for supposing that Grant would "disappoint the Radicals," and that he was a person of well-known conservative antecedents, the Chicago *Tribune* replies:

General Grant was originally a *Whig*, dyed in the wool. His father was an Ohio Whig, his brothers were Whigs, the whole family were Whigs of the Harrison Corwin school of politics. The General was brought up a "Whig," and he remained a member of that party until it ceased to exist. He did not join the Republican party when it was first organized. He was a "Conservative" of Whig antecedents, from the introduction of the anti-Nebraska bill until the out-break of the rebellion—hoping against hope that the sectional controversies might be compromised, and the unappeasable slaveholders appeased. The General dreaded a civil war, and was willing to do almost anything to prevent it; but when the die was cast, and the Southern Democracy raised its parricidal hand against the Union, he hesitated not a moment as to what was his duty, but at once tendered his services in defence of the Union. From that day forward he has been a consistent Union Republican, and has been as radical as the average of that party. He will "disappoint the Radicals" in the future just as he has done the past—by doing more for the advancement of their great principles of national unity and political equality than they had looked for or expected at his hands. General Grant is in the habit of telling the public what he intends to do by first *doing* it, and then let the people draw their own conclusions.

A correspondent of the N. Y. *Times* recently visited GRANT in Galena. In conversation, GRANT alluded to the terms granted by him to Gen. LEE, and remarked that "Lee thought that the southern people would be perfectly satisfied to give up all their property, and all they expected of the government was to be secured in life and a right to go back unmolested, to try to live industriously and peaceably in this government. *But as for ever having any voice again in the government, or exercising political rights, why they neither thought of nor expected any such thing.*"

THE LATE "ELECTION" IN LOUISIANA.

It is asserted that the State canvassers will throw out many of the election returns from New Orleans and country parishes, upon the ground of fraud, and violence used to intimidate voters. The Republican State Committee have issued an Address, descriptive of the operations of the Ku-Klux-Klan, which numbers 18,000 armed and drilled men in New Orleans alone:

Colored and white Republicans have been almost the only victims; hundreds of them have been killed to one of their political opponents. *Only Republican churches, school-houses, club rooms and residences have been sacked by lawless mobs. Over one-hundred and one-half the area of the State peaceable political meetings of the Republicans have been prevented or dispersed; prominent Republicans killed or driven from their homes, and a terror inaugurated unsurpassed by that of the rebellion.* Armed bands of Democrats, frequently disguised, have patrolled the roads in the country and streets of our cities, committing numberless outrages and killing Republicans with entire impunity. Colored ex-soldiers of the United States have been robbed of the arms which they carried in the field and purchased of the United States Government, and colored Republicans have been very generally "disarmed" in most of the parishes of the State, and in not one instance have lawless whites been deprived of their arms.

Our colored fellow-citizens have been robbed in numberless instances of their hard-earned money, and provisions and clothing, by armed patrols of Democrats claiming to be "conservators of the public peace." In St. Landry, Washington, and many other parishes, armed bands of Democrats have killed many Republican canvassers and driven the others from their parishes. They have also robbed colored men of their Republican tickets, and with violence and threats driven them to the polls, and forced them, in peril of their lives to vote the Democratic ticket.

It is very well known that in many parts of Louisiana the Republicans, white and black, dared not vote, and staid away from the polls, preferring to sacrifice the right of franchise to perils of their lives. A rebel paper of New Orleans publishes the return of twenty-three parishes, which gave an aggregate Democratic majority of 32,432. In eight of these not a solitary Republican vote was cast, and five others gave respectively one, nine, two, one and thirteen Republican votes.

We are authoritatively informed that during the past month about one hundred negroes were murdered in each of the parishes. We presume the election was a *quiet* one.

NATIONAL ENFRANCHISEMENT.

The Chicago *Times* objects to it, on the ground that "impartial suffrage levels downward. It refuses to recognize education and intelligence as more beneficial to the State than ignorance and brutality. It holds out to the latter no inducement to rise to the plane of the former; but compels the former to accept equality on the lower basis."

The *Tribune* responds to this petulant plea as follows:

"Then make it *impartial* suffrage; adopt an intelligence standard, and let all vote who can conform to it. Will the *Times* support that proposition? Is it willing to disfranchise the dense mass of ignorance and brutality in the Democratic party? Is it willing to purge the ballot-box of the dense 'ignorance and brutality' which rules the city of New York, for example? Seymour's 72,000 majority in New York and Brooklyn was composed of an 'ignorance' as dense, and a 'brutality' infinitely worse than that to be found among the enfranchised blacks of the South. On what principles of right or justice shall the vicious, ignorant and besotted rabble of New York cast fifty or sixty thousand votes for the so-called Democratic ticket while the ignorant but law-abiding and morally inclined colored men of Kentucky, Maryland and Delaware are prevented from supporting the Republican ticket in those States?"

IT is stated and can be proven that the Radical manufacturers of Pittsburg at the recent election marked the tickets of their workmen, and then marched them to the polls in gangs, with overseers to watch how they voted.—*Democratic paper.*

We have no means of knowing whether this statement is true; but we have lying before us the proceedings of a recent Republican meeting in Atlanta, Ga., which show how very "human" the Southern Copperheads are. It appears that they *compelled* their laborers to vote the Copperhead ticket, which accounts for Georgia giving SEYMOUR nearly 50,000 majority. One of the resolutions of the Atlanta meeting we commend to every one, as containing just principles applicable to every section and class:

Resolved, That the employment of landed wealth, or other capital, to coerce the laborer into voting against his preference, is a high crime against liberty; and we earnestly remonstrate with our Democratic fellow citizens who have so largely used this agency in the late election against persisting in a course which is condemned by every principle of justice, and will finally array labor and capital in pernicious hostility to each other."

THE "FATHER ABRAHAM," which was commenced as a campaign paper and had remarkable success, will be continued as a weekly, under the same proprietorship and management. It is conducted with spirit, skill, and ability, and will prove of service to the good cause. The publishers are Messrs RAUCH & COCHRAN, Lancaster, Pa., price, $1.50 per annum in advance.

OUR Democratic friends said there was no enthusiasm for GRANT in the country. Suppose there had been, what then would have been his majorities?

THE LA CROSSE "DEMOCRAT" AND THE GRANT ASSASSIN.

The New Orleans correspondent, of the *New York Democrat*—Brick Pomeroy's daily paper—in a recent letter shows how highly Booth is appreciated at the former city:

"Some time ago there was published in the La Crosse *Weekly Democrat* a splendid poetical composition named 'Our Brutus.' The piece excited a great deal of comment at the time, and since, in all quarters of the country.—A short time ago, Mr. A. E. Blackmar, music publisher in this city, published the lyric with a perfect vignette of J. W. Booth on the title page, and a splendid composition of music on the leaves, and naming the *Democrat* as the author. That its appearance caused a flutter, you can well imagine, and that it has an immense sale need not be a matter of surprise to any one who understands the feeling that pervades this country."

The Mobile *Register* advises against GRANT's assassination, and gives a reason for it;

"The greatest misfortune that could happen to this country would be the death of General Grant and the succession to the Presidential chair of Mr. Colfax, for then chaos would have come again. Let us trust that a good Providence will spare us that calamity."

Which is, being interpreted, "Let us not raise up another Booth, for we have not another Andrew Johnson in reserve." So high and noble are the views of Southern Editors as to the sanctity of human life, and the right of a political foe to live! No such barbarians ever lived, in a civilized country.

GENERAL NEWS.

NEWS comes from Calcutta, now, in one day.

FACILITIES for a complete medical education and a university degree are now granted to women in Paris.

THE Central Lunatic Asylum, in Columbus, Ohio, was burned on Wednesday night, and several patients perished.

THE new railroad bridge across the Mississippi at Quincy has been completed, costing nearly a million and a half of dollars.

SOME Democratic politicians propose to divide the State of Pennsylvania into two States, making one Democratic and one Republican. It will hardly succeed.

THE statement comes from Arkansas that Hon. James Hinds who, with a companion, was assassinated Oct. 22, was shot by the chairman of the State Democratic Committee.

The Superintendent of Public Instruction at Mobile says the whites are doing all they can to obstruct the measures for the education of the freedmen and that well-informed people would not be surprised at an outbreak at any time.

THE Chicago *Tribune* says: It is worthy of note, as a matter of fact, and as a matter of justice, that at the election on Tuesday, for the first time, a large body of the Irish-born citizens of Chicago abandoned the Democratic ticket to vote for the Republican candidates.

WHY COAL IS SO HIGH!—A correspondent of the Pittsburg *Commercial* points out the dividends of a coal company which explains the high price of that article at this time. He says the Steubenville Coal and Coke Company is declaring dividends equal to ninety per cent. of the capital stock before it was "wanted."

The Board of Trustees of Antietam Cemetery met in Philadelphia on Wednesday of last week. They suspended the consideration of the whole subject of the burial of Confederate dead until the annual meeting at Washington on the ninth of December, at which time and place the Commissioners of the Gettysburg National Cemetery will also meet.

HON. THOMAS H. BURROWES of Lancaster, has recently been elected President of the Pennsylvania Agricultural College. The committee of trustees in the selection of a farm in the Western portion of the State, to be connected with the operations of the Farm School, reported in favor of the purchase of one hundred and thirty *acres* adjoining the town of Indiana, in Indiana county, and Mr. White was authorized to examine the title to the land and report to the trustees on or before the tenth day of December next.

MRS. MARY E. HILL, a widow lady residing at the northeast corner of Tenth and Pine streets, Philadelphia, was murdered on Sunday evening by her son-in-law, George S. Twitchell, Jr., and thrown from a second-story window into the yard. The alleged murderer was promptly arrested, and his wife was yesterday taken into custody on suspicion of being concerned in the affair. The object of the murderers appears to have been to obtain possession of certain property in which their mother held a life estate, and which she refused to make over to them.

FEEDING AN INFANT WITH PINS.—The West Chester *Republican* of Tuesday says: About the middle of last week the wife of Mr. George Mercer, in this borough, discovered that her infant, aged about five months, was quite ill. She soon after observed that it passed several pins. The circumstance caused considerable alarm, and it was a mystery how so small a child could get possession of them. It was not until it had passed eight pins, three buttons, a printer's type, and found choking from a piece of coal that suspicions were aroused against the nurse, a girl some fifteen years of age. It seems that some days previous to the discovery of the passage of pins from the child, Mrs. Mercer had a difficulty with her nurse about her work. She went away, and was brought back by her mother, who, upon learning the cause of the difficulty, said she would take her daughter home, punish her and send her back. She did take the girl home, and afterwards sent her back to Mrs. Mercer, but whether the promised punishment was inflicted is not known. Some two or three days after her return, the passage of these foreign substances from the child were discovered.—The girl stoutly denies all knowledge or participation in the matter, but circumstances certainly point to her with a great deal of force. The little child is now doing quite well, and will probably suffer no very serious injury from the severe ordeal to which it has been subjected.

CHINESE VS. COLORED SUFFRAGE.—By the treaty just made with Mr. Burlingame, we give to the idol-worshipping Chinese the same rights of naturalization that are accorded to emigrants from England, Ireland and Germany. Hundreds of thousands of Chinese are settling on the Pacific Coast who retain all their heathenish doctrines, many of whom will take part in the next Presidential election. Democrats who oppose negro suffrage, on account of the color of their skin, voted in Congress to ratify this treaty, giving to the Chinese the rights that they deny to the negro, born and reared on American soil. Christian ministers, and strict members of the various churches, deny the right of suffrage to the negro, but welcome the Chinese, who is as abject a slave in his own country as the poor negro was here. The color of his skin is no lighter than that of one-third of the negro race, whose hearts are ten shades lighter. In intellect, civilization and all the capacity and willingness to improve, the negro is the peer of the Chinaman, and even in his present oppressed condition is more advanced in civilization than the latter will ever be. Still no objection is raised to giving the Chinaman, the poorest specimen of mankind that the human race can produce, all the rights and privileges of American citizenship. The limitation of suffrage to the white man is every day becoming a greater absurdity and a more heinous and unchristian wrong.—*Baltimore American.*

POETRY AND SENTIMENT.

FLAX VERSUS RAGS.

As the readers of the *Compiler* have been regaled with a garbled account of the difficulty at the Republican meeting in East Berlin, Nov. 23, it is to be expected that there should be a plain statement of the facts in the case.

To show what superficial grounds are offered as justification of the outrageous conduct on that occasion, we have the statement: "The *facts* in the matter, as I understand, are these: a few days prior to the meeting there was a *report*," etc; etc. Now will the author of this interesting and impartial communication, explain to the community, and especially to the legal part of it, in what relationship *facts* stood to *reports*. To give the *facts*, we hear of a report "Truly the mountain was in travail and brought forth a *mouse*." How far would this correspondent get with such startling disclosures before an intelligent judge or jury?

But perhaps the *facts* will come in a succeeding article, and the "tornado" may yet visit us.

It is asserted that "the committee appointed by the Republican party * * * wrote to several of our neighboring towns, that a disturbance was expected," &c. It is likewise added, *gratis*, that they (the committee) were anxious to have a sufficient number of rowdies collected together to have a general rowdy 'bustification.'"—Now, if the veracious author of this *reported fact* were only able to substantiate the correctness of his assertion he would be one step on his journey; but he forgets

"That pigmies are pigmies still,
Though perched on Alps,
And pyramids are pyramids in vales."

The invitation to delegations from neighboring towns to be present is regarded first grounds for accusation against the committee and they are by implication, charged with being the cause of the disturbance.

Pray, Mr. correspondent, adduce proof for this *reported fact*, for a defiance is hurled into your teeth. Don't be too modest, or forbearing, or even magnanimous, but give us the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. It is stated that there was no *foundation* for expecting a disturbance. It is cruel, and perhaps even ungenerous, to remind this impartial writer of the *chivalrous conduct*, which disgraced a Republican jollification at East Berlin in the fall of '63, shortly after those "unpleasantnesses" in New York city and at Gettysburg. He may also possibly recall a fruitless attempt to create a disturbance at the Republican meeting at East Berlin during the campaign of '66, which was cut short by a few *weighty* and *persuasive* arguments.

If, after the manifestations in '63 and '66 there was "no foundation" for a disturbance, will the worthy gentlemen state what he would consider a "foundation?"

Having thus disposed of the "without foundation" plank of this flimsy platform and proven it a "worse failure" *than the War for the suppression of the Rebellion*, it is proper to pursue the subject a little further and analyze the remainder of the communication. A few words will suffice. It is stated that the meeting proceeded without molestation until an obscure remark was made. Does the gentleman forget the ominous "hums" and grunts which broke the quiet of the meeting prior to the use of said expression, and for the truth of which the gentleman, then on the stand and speaking will vouch?

And what did the separation of the meeting into two portions forebode, but a connected plan for a disturbance? It was but the bursting forth of the same spirit that honored Camilla, Ga., and New Orleans—a development of the spirit of lawlessness, outrage and turbulence, with which the Democratic party has teemed during the last six years. All those things did not brew in a single night, and the misrepresentations of this veracious correspondent are only offered as a plausible excuse for what every one admits to have been a most disgraceful scene. Out of respect for the honorable men of both parties in the village, nothing will be said of the shameful proceedings which followed the close of the meeting. Suffice it to say that the right of free discussion was ignored and that peaceable citizens in the exercise of a legal right were driven from the town.

Nor is it deemed necessary to reply to the scurrilous remarks made in regard to a respected citizen of that village. It is not strange that men who reverence and love the doctrines of Calhoun should jeer at "Jeffersonian Democracy;" especially when it is coupled with a stern devotion to "the dear old Flag," during long years of civil war. If "Jeffersonian Democracy" consists in adhering to the enemies of the Republic; domestic and foreign in levying civil war, in resisting the draft, in visiting the Queen's dominions during times of public necessity, then has he been recreant; but if it consists in a love for the Government and the great truths of the Declaration of Independence written by the immortal Jefferson, in the support of the war policy of the nation and in encouragement by word and deed during the darkest hours of this fearful struggle, then has he been faithful among the faithless found.

The respectable members of the Democratic party are not now, nor have they ever been, held responsible for this disturbance and they were so exonerated. They are above such meanness, as are all honorable men of all parties. Thus we consign to the tender mercies of the reader all that is left of *, hoping that hereafter he will not build his communication upon so baseless a foundation as a *report*.

TRUTH.

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

CUMBERLAND.—Judge William Line of Carlisle, aged 83 years, died last week.—The First National bank has made a dividend of six percent., of which four go to surplus fund and two payable to stockholders.

FRANKLIN.—The First National Bank of Waynesboro' has made a dividend of five per cent.—Rev. I. N. Hays has accepted the pastorate of the Central Presbyterian congregation of Chambersburg, now worshipping in the Court House. He will preach his introductory sermon on the 6th of December, and be installed on Friday evening the 11th.—The Chambersburg Building Association has prospered the last year. Its assets are $19,383.09 over its liabilities. $26 have been paid on each share, and the value of the same is $38.46. The average premium for the year, was 30 per cent.—The name of the Zouave company of Chambersburg has been changed to that of the Housum Zouaves, in honor of Col. P. B. Housum who was killed during the War. A handsome new flag was presented to them on Thanksgiving day, C. M. Duncan, Esq., Senator elect, making the presentation speech, and Capt. George W. Skinner receiving it on the part of company.

FREDERICK.—The Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank have made a dividend of of twelve per cent., twenty-four per cent for the year.

YORK.—The Wrightsville National bank has made a dividend of five per cent.—The Boys in Blue of York had a grand torch-light procession on the night of the 20th, in honor of Grant's election.—On Friday morning last, the body of an infant was discovered in a privy in the rear of Reever's Hotel, in York, by two colored men who were cleaning it; the body was partly eaten by rats, but from appearances the child was perfectly developed, and was no doubt thrown into the privy after birth.

THE Washington *Star* of Monday says that an agreement for the settlement of the Alabama claims has been arrived at which is accepted by the United States Government as entirely satisfactory.

BOOK NOTICES.

We have received the December number of Hall's *Journal of Health*—a journal of high repute, containing much reliable information and many important suggestions respecting the best means of promoting and preserving health. It is published at $1.50 per year. Address W. W. HALL, M. D., Editor, 2 West 43d St., New York.

"YOUNG AMERICA."—This favorite juvenile periodical enters upon its third year greatly enlarged and improved. It is the most varied of all the juveniles, and well repays the investment of the small sum required for its possession. A diagram containing a full-sized pattern for cutting out the body of a Christmas doll is one of the attractions of the present number, which is, otherwise, full of good things. $1.50 per annum, with a premium. Publication Office, 473 Broad way, N. Y.

☞ The "*Phrenological Journal*" for December contains a great variety of interesting matter, illustrated and otherwise, of which the following is a sample:—Henri Rochefort, editor of the Paris *Lanterne*; Dr. Francis Williamson; Frau Marie Simon and her work on the battlefield; Archbishop Manning, the English Roman Primate; Rev. Dr. Stockton; Phrenology in the School-Room; The Body, what is its King? Earning a Wife; Notes on the Inhabitants of Brazil; Retrospection; Do as others do; Fair Haven Harbor; Miraculous Healing; An Ideal Chaldea; Religion and Nature; The Mink; Progress in Co-operation; A Reading solicited. A new Volume, the 49th, commences with next number. Subscribe now. Terms, $3 a year, or 30 cents a number. Address S. R. WELLS, 389 Broadway, New York.

☞ Christmas comes as usual once a year in the "*Riverside Magazine*" for December. The frontispiece is an original design by La Farge on the Wise Men of the East,—a fresh treatment of an old subject. Then a Christmas fancy, "The Vision of John the Watchman," leads off, and there are some verses on "How a Mouse kept Christmas," and so called "Bessie's Walk," with a pretty picture by M. L. Stone. "Two Lives in One," "Hunter and Tom," "A Year among the Indians," are three serials which are brought to an end, so as to leave the coast clear for the novelties promised in the next volume. Hans Anderson is to lead off the new number with a story, "The Court Cards;" and an account of the great story-teller, with personal anecdotes and illustrations, is promised, as well as a good many other things. A programme of the new volume, chock full of delights, is published, and with it a list of premiums and special terms. The Publishers announce that they will send with the magazine a brilliant picture by the famous Stephens, called "The Quack Doctor," to any one who sends them the full subscription price, $2.50. HURD AND HOUGHTON, *Publishers*, New York.

RAILROAD ITEMS.

A meeting was held at McConnellsburg, on the 14th inst., to consider measures for the furtherance of the projected Railroad from the Pennsylvania and Maryland line to Mount Union on the Penn. Central R. R. the same being a link in the Chesapeake and Lake Erie R. R., which is to connect the headwaters of Chesapeake Bay with Lake Erie. Col. Sifford, Noah Bowles, Jacob Rudy, and Peter G. Schlosser, Esqs., of Frederick county, Md., attended, urging the construction of the road as it would open a much shorter thoroughfare from the great Lakes to the Seaboard than any other road in existence, and hoped the citizens of Fulton and Huntingdon counties would cordially go to work and give a helping hand to press forward the work so energetically begun by our neighbors in Maryland.

A committee of five were appointed to solicit subscriptions, and they have issued an Address to the people of Fulton county.

Special Notices.

WOMAN.—FEMALES, OWING TO THE PECULIAR and important relations, which they sustain, their peculiar organization, and the offices they perform, are subject to many sufferings. Freedom from these contributes in no small degree to their happiness and welfare, for none can be happy who are ill. Not only so, but in one of these various female complaints can long be suffered to run on without involving the sufferer's health of the individual, and are long producing permanent sickness and premature decline. Nor is it pleasant to consult a physician for the relief of those various delicate affections, and only upon the most urgent necessity will a true woman do so for the greatest charm as to do this. The sex will then thank us for putting in their hands a remedy specific which will be found efficacious in relieving and curing almost every one of those troublesome complaints peculiar to the sex.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU.—Hundreds suffer on to a premature grave and others apply vainly to druggists and doctors, who either merely tantalize them with the hope of a cure or else apply remedies which make them worse. I would not wish to assert anything that would do injustice to the afflicted, but I am obliged to say that although it may be produced from excessive exhaustion of the powers of life, by laborious employment, unwholesome air and food, profuse menstruation, the use of sea and coffee, and frequent childbirth, it is far oftener caused by direct irritation, or loss of the mucous membrane of the vagina itself.

When reviewing the causes of these distressing complaints, it is most painful to contemplate the attendant evil consequent upon them. It is not simple justice to the subject to enumerate a few of the many additional causes which so largely affect the life, health, and happiness of woman in all classes of society, and which, consequently, affect more or less directly, the welfare of the entire human family. The mania that exists for precocious education and marriage, causes the years that nature designed for corporeal development to be wasted and perverted in the unnaturals of dress, the early confinement of school, and especially in the unhealthy excitement of the ball-room. Thus, with the body half-clothed and the mind unduly excited by pleasure, perverting in midnight revel the hours designed by nature for sleep and rest, the work of destruction is half accomplished.

In consequence of this early strain upon her system, unnecessary effort is required by the delicate votary to retain her situation in school at a later day, thus aggravating the evil. When one excitement is over, another in prospective keeps the mind morbidly sensitive to impression, while the now constant restraint of fashionable dress, absolutely forbidding the exercise indispensable to the attainment and retention of organic health and strength; the exposures to night air; the sudden change of temperature; the complete prostration produced by excessive dancing, must, of necessity, consummate their baleful effect. At last, an early marriage caps the climax of misery, and the unfortunate one, hitherto so utterly regardless of the plain dictates and remonstrances of her delicate nature, becomes an unwilling subject of medical treatment. This is but a truthful picture of the experience of thousands of our young women.

Long before the ability to exercise the functions of the generative organs, they require a medical agent, their peculiar nervous system, composed of what is called the tissue, which is, in common with the female breast and lips, evidently under the control of mental emotions and associations as an early period of life; and, as we shall subsequently see, those emotions, when excessive, lead, long before puberty, to habits which sap the very life of their victims as nature has self-completed their development.

For Female Weakness and Debility, Whites or Leucorrhœa, Too Profuse Menstruation, Exhaustion, Too Long Continued Periods, for Prolapsus and Bearing Down, or Prolapsus Uteri, we offer the most perfect specific known: HELMBOLD'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF BUCHU. Directions for use, diet, and advice accompany.

Females in every period of life, from infancy to extreme old age, will find it a remedy to aid nature in the discharge of its functions. Strength is the glory of manhood and womanhood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is more conducing that any of the preparations of Bark or Iron, infinitely safer, and more pleasant. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, having received the endorsement of the most prominent physicians in the United States, is now offered to afflicted humanity as a certain cure for the following diseases and symptoms, from whatever cause originating: General Debility, Mental and Physical Depression, Imbecility, Deterioration of Blood to the Head—Confused Ideas, Hysteria, General Irritability, Rest lessness and Sleeplessness at Night, Absence of Muscular Efficiency, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, Low Spirits, Disorganization or Paralysis of the Organs of Generation, Palpitation of the Heart, and, in fact all the concomitants of a Nervous and Debilitated state of the system. To insure the genuine, call this out. Ask for HELMBOLD'S. Take no other. Sold by Druggie and Dealers everywhere. $1.25 per bottle, or six bottles for $6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications. Address H. T. HELMBOLD, Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 594 Broadway, N. Y.

NONE ARE GENUINE UNLESS DONE UP IN steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

Oct. 15-2m H. T. HELMBOLD.

HALL'S VEGETABLE

SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER

has proved itself to be the most perfect preparation for the Hair ever offered to the public to

RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR,

and create a new growth where it has fallen off from disease or natural decay.

It will prevent the Hair from falling out.

All who use it are unanimous in awarding it the praise of being the best Hair Dressing extant.

Our Treatise on the Hair sent free by mail.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all Druggists.

Nov. 6.—1m

A CARD.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, free of charge. Address

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House, New York.

Sept. 18.—1y

New Advertisements.

COE'S COUGH BALSAM!

This long tried and popular Remedy is again called to the attention of the public. As often as the year rolls around, the proprietors annually make their bow to the people, and remind them that amongst the many things required for the health, comfort and assistance of the family through the long and tedious months of winter, Coe's Cough Balsam should not be forgotten. For years it has been a household medicine—and as there are anxious for the safety of their children, and all who suffer from any disease of the throat, chest and lungs, cannot afford to be without it. In addition to the ordinary four ounce so long in the market, we now furnish our mammoth family size bottles, which will, in common with the other sizes, be found at all Drug Stores.

FOR CROUP,

The Balsam will be found invaluable, and may always be relied upon in the most extreme cases.

WHOOPING COUGH.

The testimony of all who have used it for this terrible disease during the last ten years, is, that it invariably relieves and cures it.

SORE THROAT.

Keep your throat wet with the Balsam—taking little and often—and you will very soon find relief.

HARD COLDS AND COUGHS

Yield at once to a steady use of this great remedy.—It will succeed in giving relief where all other remedies have failed.

SORENESS OF THE THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS.

Do not delay procuring and immediately taking Coe's Cough Balsam, or the troubled with any of the above named difficulties. They are all premonitory symptoms of Consumption, and if not arrested, will sooner or later sweep you away into the valley of shadows from which none can ever return.

IN CONSUMPTION,

Many a care-worn sufferer has found relief and today rejoices that her life has been made easy and prolonged by the use of Coe's Cough Balsam.

IN SHORT,

The people know the article, and it needs no comment from us. It is for sale by every Druggist and Dealer in Medicines in the United States.

THE C. G. CLARK CO.,
Sole Proprietors, New Haven, Ct.

Read! Read!! Read!!!

THE ATTENTION of the PEOPLE

IS CALLED TO THE

World's Great Remedy,

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure.

This preparation is pronounced by Dyspeptics as the only known remedy that will surely cure that aggravating and fatal malady. For years it swept on its fearful way, carrying before it to an untimely grave, its millions of sufferers.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure has come to the Rescue.

Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Sourness or Acidity of Stomach, Rising of Food, Flatulency, Lassitude, Weariness, finally terminating in Death,

are as surely cured by this potent remedy, as the patient takes it. Although but five years before the people, what is the verdict of the masses? Hear what Lester Sexton, of Milwaukee, says:

[*From LESTER SEXTON, of Milwaukee.*]

MILWAUKEE, WIS., Jan. 24, 1868.

MESSRS. C. G. CLARK & CO., *New Haven, Conn.*

Both myself and wife have used Coe's Dyspepsia Cure, and it has proved PERFECTLY satisfactory as a Remedy. I have NO hesitation in saying that we have received GREAT BENEFIT from its use.

Very Respectfully,
(Signed) LESTER SEXTON.

A GREAT BLESSING.

[*From Rev. L. P. WARD, Avon, Lorain Co., O.*]

Messrs. Strong & Armstrong, Druggists, Cleveland.

Gentlemen:—It gives me great pleasure to state that my wife has derived great benefit from the use of Coe's Dyspepsia Cure. She has been for a number of years greatly troubled with Dyspepsia, accompanied by violent paroxysms of constipation, which so prostrated her that she was all the while, for months, unable to do anything. She took, at your instance, Coe's Dyspepsia Cure, and it has derived GREAT BENEFIT FROM IT, and now is comparatively well. She regards this medicine as a great blessing.

Truly yours,
Jan. 13, 1868. L. P. WARD.

CLERGYMEN.

The Rev. ISAAC AIKEN, of Alleghany, testifies that it has cured him, after all other remedies had failed.

DRUGGISTS.

Any druggist in the country will tell you, if you take the trouble to enquire, that every one that buys a bottle of Coe's Dyspepsia Cure from them, speaks in the most unqualified praise of its great medicinal virtues.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure

Will be found invaluable in all cases of Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Summer Complaints, Griping and in fact every disordered condition of the stomach.

Sold by Druggists in city or country everywhere at $1 per Bottle, or by application to

C. G. CLARK CO.,
Sole Proprietors, New Haven, Ct.

A. D. BUEHLER,
Gettysburg, Pa.,
Agent for Adams county.

Oct. 16. [July 17, 1868.—1year

Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of DANIEL MENGLE, deceased, late of Union township, Adams county, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ESTHER MEGLEY, Executrix.

Nov. 6.—4t

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Daniel Mengle, late of Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in said township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES LINN, Adm'r.

Nov. 13.—6t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of MARGARET DIETRICK, deceased, late of Butler township, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in said township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MICHAEL DIETRICK, Executor.

Nov. 6.—6t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court in and for the county of Adams to make distribution of the balance in the hands of ABEL T. WEIGHT, Administrator of SAMUEL HAMLIN, deceased, to the heirs of SARAH DICKS, deceased, but undistributed, hereby gives notice that he will sit in the discharge of the duties of his said appointment at his office in the Borough of Gettysburg, on *Saturday, the 21st day of November inst.*, at the hour of 1 o'clock, P. M., of said day.

A. J. COYLE, Auditor.

Nov. 6.—3t

NOTICE.—The third account of Samuel Bucher, Committee of the person and estate of John Gunster, a lunatic, of the township of Franklin, Adams county, Pa., has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by said Court, on *the 30th day of November next*, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

J. A. KITZMILLER, Prothy.

Oct. 30.—3t

NOTICE.—The first and final account of Henry F. M. Pitzer, Committee of Margaret