# The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXVIII. NO. 27. GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 1868. WHOLE NO. 3511.

HARPER, McPHERSON & BUEHLER

PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS,

*Baltimore street, between the Court-house and Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.*

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Wednesday afternoon, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞ The circulation of THE STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed, and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms, CASH.


## Professional Cards, &c.

JOS. H. LEFEVER,
*ATTORNEY AT LAW,*
LITTLESTOWN, PA.,
Will promptly attend to Collections, Conveyances, Writing of Deeds, Leases, &c., and all other business entrusted to his care.
☞ Office on Frederick street, at the office formerly occupied by Drs Short, Kiner and Mehring.
May 20, 1868.—1y*

D. M'CONAUGHY, JOHN M. KRAUTH
*Attorneys and Counsellors.*
D. McCONAUGHY has associated JOHN M. KRAUTH, Esq., in the practice of the law, at his old office, one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug store, Chambersburg street.
Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against U. States, at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to.
Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale, in Iowa and other western States. [Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care.
Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. [May 29, 1867.

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square.
Reference.—Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, Lancaster, Pa.
May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.
☞ Office at his residence in the three story building opposite the Court House. [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

CLAIM AGENCY.—The undersigned will attend to the collection of claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, Forage, &c., either in the Court of Claims or before any of the Departments at Washington.
R. G. McCREARY,
May 29, 1867. Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa.

DR. D. M. ECKENRODE, having located at HEIDLERSBURG, offers his services to the public, and hopes by strict attention to his professional duties to merit a reasonable share of public patronage. [April 29.—6m

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

JOHN LAWRENCE HILL, Dentist, Office in Chambersburg street, one door west of the Lutheran Church, nearly opposite Dr. R. Horner's Drug Store, where he may be found ready and willing to attend any case within the province of the Dentist—Persons in want of full sets of teeth are invited to call.
May 29, 1867.

DR. C. W. BENSON HAS RESUMED the Practice of Medicine in LITTLESTOWN, and offers his services to the public. Office at his house, corner of Lombard street and Foundry alley, near the Railroad. Special attention given to Skin Diseases. [Littlestown, Nov. 13, 1867.

DR. WM. STALLSMITH, *Dentist*, having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. He can be found for the present, at the Daguerean rooms of Levi Mumper on Baltimore street, opposite Fahnestock's store, where he will be prepared to attend to any case within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full or partial sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable. [April 8, 1867.—tf

## Business Cards.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-East corner of the Diamond next door to McClellan's Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also an excellent assistant and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call.
May 29, 1867.

SURVEYOR AND LICENSED CONVEYANCER. The undersigned, having taken out a Conveyancer's License, will, in connection with the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR, attend to the WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING OF SALES, &C.
Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable. Post office address Fairfield, Adams Co., Pa. J. S. WITHEROW.
May 29, 1867.—1y

## FLOUR & FEED.

I WILL be in Gettysburg with Flour, &c., every MONDAY and FRIDAY in each week. Persons who may desire me to furnish them with either

FLOUR OR FEED-STUFF,

will leave their orders, either with John L. Tate or Danner & Zeigler, stating the kind and quantity wanted, when the same will be delivered at their dwellings, by
Sept. 25, 1867.—tf GEORGE GINGELL.

## Hotels and Restaurants.

CARLISLE, PA.

VISITORS to Carlisle will find the very best accommodations at the

Pennsylvania Hotel,

*Kept by JOHN REILLY, on the corner of North Hanover and Louther Streets.*

The TABLE is supplied with everything the markets afford; the BAR is stocked with the finest Wines, Liquors &c., and the Yards and

STABLING

connected with the house are in charge of an experienced and faithful hostler.
☞ Give the old PENNSYLVANIA a trial and be convinced. Charges always reasonable.
March 18, 1868.—6m

EAGLE HOTEL.

The largest and most commodious in

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.

CORNER OF CHAMBERSBURG AND WASHINGTON STREETS,

*JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.*

☞ An Omnibus, for Passengers and Baggage, runs to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Rail Road Trains.
Careful servants, and reasonable charges.
May 29, 1867.—tf

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
OPPOSITE THE
N. Y. & NEW HAVEN & WESTERN R. R. DEPOT,
BEACH STREET, BOSTON.
*BY F. M. PRATT,*
FORMERLY OF THE AMERICAN HOUSE.
Oct. 9, 1867.—1y

KEYSTONE HOTEL,
*GETTYSBURG, PA.*
WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.
NOW OPEN.
THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please. This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage. [May 29, 1867.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS, Common, Administrator's & Executor's, Deeds, Mortgages, Judgment Notes, Promissory Notes, with and without waiver of exemption, Summons, Subpoenas and Executions, for sale at the STAR AND SENTINEL office.

## Confections, Toys, Notions &c.

CONFECTIONERY
AND
ICE CREAM SALOON.
JOHN GRUEL,
Chambersburg Str., Gettysburg,
next door to Eagle Hotel,
Having completed his new building, has opened the largest assortment of Confections ever offered in Gettysburg, including
French & Common Candies,
Toys, Nuts, &c., and everything belonging to a first-class Confectionery, with special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen.
ICE CREAM
supplied on shortest notice.
Feb. 12.—tf

E. H. MINNIGH,
CHAMBERSBURG STREET,
next door to the Keystone Hotel,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Confection, Periodical and News Depot.
The Daily Papers of Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, and choice Magazines.
All kinds of Confections, Candies, Oranges, Lemons, Nuts, &c., &c.,
constantly on hand.
ICE CREAM & CAKES
supplied to families and parties at shortest rates.
March 25.—tf

Let all the People Come!
*Fancy Goods and Confectionery Store*
THE undersigned, having bought out J. M. Warner's Fancy Goods and Confectionery Store, on Baltimore street, nearly opposite Fahnestocks' Store, Gettysburg, invites the public's patronage. Large and tasteful as the stock has been, no effort will be spared to render it still more attractive and desirable.—He now offers

| | |
|---|---|
| Writing Desks, | Plain Candy, |
| Work Boxes, | Fancy do., |
| Portfolios, | Pickles, |
| Satchels, | Sardines, |
| Pocket Books, | Lobsters, |
| China Toys, | Chow-chow, |
| Pocket Cutlery, | Fancy Cakes, |
| Jewelry, | Ferena Crackers, |
| Chess, | Wine Biscuits, |
| Brushes, | Mazeroon do., |
| Perfumery, | Fire Works, |
| Soaps, | Pens & Pencils, |
| Combs, | Writing Papers, |
| Fruits, | Envelopes, |
| Nuts, | Tobacco & Segars, |
| Syrups, | &c., &c., &c., |

"TOO NUMEROUS TOO MENTION."
He intends to sell everything at the lowest possible prices, believing that "small profits" bring "quick sales," and are therefore best for buyer and seller. Come one—come all!
April 1, 1868.—tf A. R. FEISTEL.

DIAMOND
SEGAR STORE.
REMOVAL.
The undersigned has removed his Segar Store to the NORTH-EAST CORNER OF THE DIAMOND, GETTYSBURG, where he asks a continuance of the public patronage. His new location is one of the most
CENTRAL AND CONVENIENT,
and his stock of Segars among the most choice and satisfactory.
He will keep on hand the best BRANDS, and *will manufacture for general sale throughout the county.* He will sell at the lowest living prices, and at wholesale and retail.
He is also the agent for the Richmond (Va.) Tobacco Works, and will sell their Chewing Tobacco, at wholesale lower than it can be bought in the city.
Remember the place, in the Diamond, between Brinkerhoff's Store and McClellan's Hotel.
WASHINGTON BIERBOWER.
April 8, 1868.—tf

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
LADIES' COMPANIONS,
TOILET SETS,
*WRITING DESKS,*
PERFUMERY,
FANCY CHINA & BOHEMIAN VASES,
*TOYS, &C., &C., &C.,*
AT A. R. FEISTEL'S,
Opposite Fahnestocks' Store.
Gettysburg, April 1, 1868.—tf

## Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES
THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our store to keep maintain part of

| | |
|---|---|
| Carpenter's Tools | Blacksmith's Tools. |
| Coach Findings, | hoe Findings, |
| Cabinet Maker's Tools. | Housekeeper's Fixtures. |

All kinds of Iron &c
*GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,*
Oils, Paints, &c., &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above, but what can be had at this Store. Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeeper's can find every article in their line. Give us a call we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any other house out of the city
JOEL B. DANNER
May 20 1867 DAVID EBBLER.

## Cabinet Making.

FURNITURE.
SHAEFFER & BECKER,
PETERSBURG, (Y. S.,) PENNA.,
Are prepared to offer to the Public, anything in their line as cheap as can be had in the county.
☞ Purchasers will do well to call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere.
FURNITURE
made to order. Repairing done neat, cheap and with despatch. [Jan. 23, 1868.—tf

## Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

FAHNESTOCK BROS.
SPRING GOODS.
We are constantly receiving new and desirable styles of
SILKS, POPLINS, PERCALES,
PIQUES, SPRING CLOAKINGS, ALPACAS,
DELAINES, CALICOES, LAWNS, &c.
Also large additions to our usual supply of
*GINGHAMS, MUSLINS,*
*CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, JEANS,*
with every variety of Goods for Men's and Boy's wear.—
We have added considerably to our assortment of
CARPETS,
which we are selling at greatly reduced prices.
Our stock of
QUEENS-WARE
is complete. In
HARD-WARE,
and all kinds of
BUILDING MATERIALS,
We feel assured we can make it to the interest of the purchaser to purchase from us.
IRON & NAILS at reduced prices.
OILS & PAINTS at low rates.
GROCERIES, of all kinds.
Give us a call and be convinced.
FAHNESTOCK BROS.,
SIGN OF THE RED FRONT.
Gettysburg, May 6, 1868.—tf

DUPHORN & HOFFMAN,
NORTH-WEST CORNER,
*CENTRE SQUARE,*
GETTYSBURG, PA.
1
ALPACCAS, EMPRESS CLOTHS,
MUSLINS, DELAINES,
CALICOES & GINGHAMS.
8
BALMORAL SKIRT
HOOP SKIRTS
SACKINGS,
SHAWLS
6
COTTONADES,
BLACK CLOTHS,
TRICOT CLOTHS,
FANCY CASSIMERES,
8
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS,
COLLARS,
JEANS.
! ! !
CARPETS,
QUEENSWARE,
KNIVES AND FORK
UMBRELLAS, WINDOW BLINDS.
☞ *DONT FORGET THE PLACE.* ☜
April 22, 1868.—tf

1868. DESIRABLE 1868.
DRY GOODS!
MOST EXCELLENT ASSORTMENTS!
I SELL for very small profits, and aim at doing a very large Business.
FASHIONABLE SHADES OF FINE SILK POPLINS.
FASHIONABLE SHADES OF FRENCH WOOL POPLINS.
FASHIONABLE SHADES OF ALPACCA POPLINS.
FRENCH CHINTZES, PIQUES, PERCALES & LAWNS
BLACK SILKS, PLAIN SILKS, PLAID SILKS.
SWISS MUSLINS, JACONET MUSLINS, CAMBRIC.
BLACK ALPACCA, COLORED ALPACCA, BLACK ALL WOOL DELAIN.
RISTORI SHAWLS, CASHMERE SHAWLS, THIBET SHAWLS.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, CLOAKINGS, LINEN DRILLING, COTTONADE.
TABLE COVERS, TABLE LINEN, NAPKINS, TOWELS
BALMORAL SKIRTS, HOOP SKIRTS.
PLAIN LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS, HEM STITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS.
MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES', & CHILDREN'S GLOVES AND STOCKINGS.
☞ I am constantly receiving the latest styles of Dress and Fancy Goods. My stock comprises everything usually found in a first-class DRY GOODS STORE, to which I invite the attention of the public, feeling assured that I can safely challenge comparison with all other Stores in quality of goods and lowness of price. J. L. SCHICK.
Gettyburg, Pa., April 29, 1868.—tf

NEW GOODS.
Cheaper than Ever!
REBERT & ELLIOTT,
*Baltimore st., opposite the Court House,*
HAVE just opened a new and large assortment of
Spring and Summer Goods.
OF ALL KINDS,
*CLOTHS,*
*CASSIMERES,*
*TWEEDS,*
*SILKS,*
*GINGHAMS,*
*LAWNS,*
*PRINTS,*
*BAREGES,*
*MUSLINS, &c.,*
To which they invite attention—being determined to sell at lowest cash prices. [April 8, 1868.—tf

## Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

HITESHEW'S
NEW GOODS
FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.
HAVING just returned from the City with a large and well selected stock of
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
GROCERIES,
DRUGS,
QUEENSWARE,
HARDWARE
*BOOTS, SHOES, HATS & MILLINERY GOODS,*
I call the attention of my customers and the community to my large stock of goods, I am now offering at lower rates than they have been since the war and at prices which cannot fail to strike the purchaser as cheap. With every facility for purchasing goods at as low figures as any in the trade, I am also prepared to meet competition on low prices from any and all quarters.
Prompt conformity to the lowest market prices is my established rule. E. HITESHEW.
Petersburg, (Y. S.) April 29, 1868.—tf

ROW & WOODS
ARE SELLING AT LOWEST PRICES,

| | |
|---|---|
| CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, JEANS, COTTONADES, &c. | ALPACCAS, DELAINES, LAWNS, POPLINS, BRILLIANTS, PERCALES, &c. |
| GINGHAMS, PRINTS, MUSLINS, FLANNELS, CHECKS, SKIRTINGS, &c. | BAL. SKIRTS, cheap, APRONS, PARASOLS, CORSETS, HOOP SKIRTS, &c. |

April 22.—3m

## Groceries.

WM. BOYER & SON,
DEALERS IN
GROCERIES, NOTIONS,
TOBACCOS,
ALSO,
*Stone, Wooden and Willow Ware,*
☞ A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in a FAMILY GROCERY.
Dec. 4, 1867.—tf

NEW FIRM
GILLESPIE & CO.,
AT the old stand of JOSEPH S. GILLESPIE, next door to the Globe Inn, York street, Gettysburg, offer to the public, a full line of superior
GROCERIES,
Sugars, Syrups, Molasses, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Salt, &c.; the
BEST BRANDS OF FLOUR
in the market, with Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Fish, Dried Fruits, Confections, &c. Also,
*NOTIONS,*
in great variety; Cedar and Willow-ware, Baskets, Segars, Tobaccos, and a thousand and one other articles.
BUTTER AND EGGS,
nice and fresh, always for sale.
GILLESPIE & Co. will spare no effort to please, and are confident of being able to do so by constantly keeping a full and choice stock, and selling at the very lowest profits. COUNTRY PRODUCE wanted, either for the cash or in exchange for goods, highest market price allowed.
JOSEPH S. GILLESPIE,
DANIEL CASHMAN.
May 6, 1868.—tf

NEW GROCERY STORE!
TELL EVERYBODY YOU SEE THAT
GILBERT,
JUST above the Court-House, and opposite the Compiler Office, will sell you everything in the GROCERY AND PROVISION Line cheaper than you can get it elsewhere.
Sugars, Coffees, Molasses,
Candles, Coal Oil, Syrups, Brooms,
Buckets, Tubs, Tobacco, Cigars,
Notions of all kinds, HAM, FISH, OYSTERS, VEGETABLES, always on hand. Give me a call, as I am determined to accommodate. BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of Country Produce taken, for which the highest cash price will be given. Don't forget the place—two doors above the Court-House. Don't pass without calling, as I solicit your patronage.
May 29.—tf

Grocery and Liquor Store!
*A large assortment of fine*
GROCERIES,
Teas, Coffees, White Sugars of all kinds, and Brown Sugars, cheap, prime new crop Orleans Molasses, and all grades of Syrups; MESS MACKEREL, best in market.—All kinds of
LIQUORS,
wholesale and retail, prime Wine, Brandy, Rye Whisky &c., for medicinal and other purposes, in any quantity.
☞ B. Mishler's Herb Bitters, and the "Great Zingari Bitters."
WM. J. MARTIN,
May 29, 1867.—tf Baltimore st., Gettysburg.

BARGAINS
at the new
GROCERY
IN GETTYSBURG.
JOHN CRESS & SON
HAVING opened a new Grocery, in Gettysburg, on the north-west corner of the Public Square, have just received a splendid assortment of FRESH
GROCERIES,
including Sugars, Coffee, Molasses, Syrup, Teas, Spices Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c. Also,
QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS,
Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally. We will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED-STUFFS.
Having purchased for CASH, we are prepared to sell very cheap. Give us a call and judge for yourselves.
JOHN CRESS,
Sept. 25, 1867.—tf J. W. CRESS.

Grocery and Flour Store.
*REMOVAL.*
MEALS & BROTHER
HAVE removed their Store to the Winebrodt property, on Chambersburg street, where they propose to keep constantly on hand
*ALL KINDS OF*
GROCERIES,
FLOUR, FEED, NOTIONS, &c.
Also, VEGETABLES in season, fresh from the city and country. They are determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest. And as they only ask the lowest living profits, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. MEALS & BRO.
April 8, 1868.—tf.

GOOD NEWS!
HENRY OVERDEER,
*Baltimore, street, Gettysburg, Penna.,*
HAS completed his new Store House and just returned from the city with a fresh and well selected stock of Goods, which he respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine.
HE SELLS CHEAP.
His stock consists of
GROCERIES,
*FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS,*
CEDAR, WILLOW AND QUEENS-WARE, FLOUR, CORN MEAL, FEED, &c.
☞ The cash or trade will be given for Flour, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Butter, Eggs, Bacon, Lard, Rags, &c.
April 1, 1868.—tf

## Medical.

Hoofland's German Bitters,
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.
The Great Remedies for all Diseases of the
*LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.*
Hoofland's German Bitters
is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medicinally termed, *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated, and entirely *free from alcoholic admixture of any kind.*
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,
is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, &c., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.
Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.
Those who have no objection to the combination of the Bitters, as stated, will use
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.
They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable.
The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc., is very apt to have its functions deranged. The Liver, sympathizing as closely as it does with the Stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is that the patient suffers from several or more of the following disease:
Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heart-burn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.
The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing only that which he is assured from his investigations and inquiries possesses true merit, is skilfully compounded, is free from injurious ingredients, and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases. In this connection we would submit those well-known remedies—
*HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,*
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.
PREPARED BY *Dr. C. M. JACKSON,*
PHILADELPHIA, PA
Twenty-two years since they were first introduced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefited suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to the public.
These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.
DEBILITY,
Resulting from any Cause whatever;
PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM,
Induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, etc.
There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eye, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.
*PERSONS ADVANCED IN LIFE,*
And feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will instil new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.
NOTICE.
It is a well-established fact that fully one-half of the female portion of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health; or, to use their own expression, "never feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.
To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.
WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN
Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail.
Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.
TESTIMONIALS.
HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD,
*Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Penna., writes:*
*Philadelphia*, March 16, 1867.
"I find 'Hoofland's German Bitters' is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system. Yours, truly,
GEO. W. WOODWARD."
HON. JAMES THOMPSON,
*Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.*
*Philadelphia*, April 28, 1866.
"I consider 'Hoofland's German Bitters' a *valuable medicine* in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, I can certify this from my experience of it.
Yours, with respect,
JAMES THOMPSON."
FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D.,
*Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.*
*Dr. Jackson*—Dear Sir:—I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.
Yours, very respectfully,
J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates st.
FROM REV. H. D. FENDALL,
*Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.*
I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver. Yours, truly,
E. D. FENDALL.
CAUTION.
Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.
Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No. 631 ARCH street, Philadelphia, Pa.
CHARLES M. EVANS, Proprietor,
Formerly C. M. JACKSON & Co.
PRICES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle, | $1 00 |
| " " half dozen, | 5 00 |
| Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles, | $1 00 |

per bottle, or a half dozen for $5 50.
☞ Do not forget to examine well the article you buy in order to get the genuine. [Jan. 15, 1868.—1y
For sale by all Druggists and dealers in medicines.

## Commercial Colleges.

BUSINESS COLLEGE,
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June 19, 1867.—1y

## The Star and Sentinel.

### THE GOLDEN SIDE.

There is many a rest on the road of life,
If we only would stop to take it;
And many a tone from wisdom's voice,
If the querulous heart would make it!
To the sunny soul that is full of hope,
And whose beautiful trust ne'er faileth,
The grass is green, the flowers are bright,
Though the wintry storm prevaileth.

Better to hope, though the clouds hang low,
And to keep the eyes still lifted;
For the sweet blue sky will soon peep thro',
When the ominous clouds are rifted!
There was never a night without a day,
Or an evening without a morning;
And the darkest hour as the proverb goes,
Is the hour before the dawning.

There is many a gem in the path of life,
Which we pass in our idle pleasures,
That is richer far than the jeweled crown,
Or the miser's hoarded treasure;
It may be the love of a little child,
Or a mother's prayers to Heaven,
Or only a beggar's grateful thanks
For a cup of water given.

Better to weave in the web of life
A bright and golden filling,
And to God's will bow with a ready heart
And hands that are swift and willing,
Than to snap the delicate minute threads
Of our curious life asunder,
And then blame Heaven for the tangled ends
And sit, and grieve, and wonder!

### GIVING JOY TO A CHILD.

Blessed be the hand that prepares a pleasure for a child, for there is no saying when and where it may bloom forth. Does not almost everybody remember some kindhearted man who showed him a kindness in the dullest days of his childhood? The writer of this recollects himself at this moment, as a barefooted lad, standing at the wooden fence of a poor little garden in his native village, while with longing eyes he gazed on the flowers which were blooming there quietly in the brightness of a Sunday morning. The possessor came forth from his little cottage; he was a woodcutter by trade, and spent the whole week at work in the woods. He had come into the garden to gather flowers to stick into his coat when he went to church.—He saw the boy, and breaking off the most beautiful of his carnations—it was streaked with red and white—he gave it to him.

Neither the giver nor the receiver spoke a word, and with bounding steps the boy ran home. And now here, at a vast distance from that home, after so many events of so many years, the feeling of gratitude which agitated the breast of that boy expresses itself on paper. The carnation has long since withered, but now it blooms again.—*Douglas Jerrold.*

We find the following in a London paper. It is only an exaggerated statement of what occurred with Dr. Bethune:

What the reporter said of the lecturer: "The lecture last evening was a brilliant affair. The hall ought to have been filled.—We are sorry to say only forty persons were present. The speaker commenced by saying that he was by birth an ecclesiastical deduction; gave a learned description of the devil and his skill in sawing trees. Among other things, he stated that the Patriarch Abraham taught Cecrops arithmetic. We trust the eloquent divine may be induced to repeat the lecture at some future day."

What the lecturer said of the reporter: "Dear sir,—In a report of my lecture in your beautiful city, you have made some mistakes which I wish to correct. You make me speak of myself as by birth an 'ecclesiastical deduction.' What I said was, that I was not, by birth, only ecclesiastically, a Dutchman.—Instead of speaking of the devil as sawing trees, I spoke of him as sowing tares. I said nothing of Abraham, but spoke of the Arabians as nomads of patriarchal simplicity. I said that Cecrops was the founder of Athens, and instructed the people in agriculture."

A VALUABLE OYSTER.—A few days since a prominent gentleman went on board an oyster boat lying at one of the landings on York river, Va., and bought a few of the "bivalves" in the shell, which he proceeded to open for himself. Attached to and imbedded in the shell of one of them he encountered a metallic substance. This oyster he carried home, and there proceeded to break it to pieces with a hammer. Picture his astonishment when he found that it contained a French gold coin, known as a *Louis d'or*, of the value of about fourteen dollars, bearing date 1773. It is probable that it was lost overboard from the French fleet during the siege of Yorktown.—*Richmond Enquirer.*

TRYING TO DECIDE.—A traveller stopped at a public house in Maine for the purpose of getting dinner, knocked, but received no answer. Going in, he found a little white-headed man in the embrace of his wife, who had his head under her arm, while with the other she was giving her little lord a pounding.—Wishing to put an end to the fight, our traveller knocked on the table, and cried out in a loud voice, "Halloa, here! who keeps this house?" The husband, though much out of breath, answered: "Stranger, that's what we are trying to decide."

BRIDGET'S LEMONADE.—"Bridget! Bridget! why don't you bring up the lemonade?" said Mrs. S., on the Fourth of July, from the top of the kitchen stairs. "Why, marm," said Bridget wiping the sweat from her red face with her checked apron, as she put her head round the staircase partition, "why, marm, you see the ice I put in the lemonade is so hard that it hasn't melted yet, though it's stirring it over the fire I've been for the last fifteen minutes or more."

THACKERAY used to tell of an Irishwoman begging alms from him, who, when she saw him put his hand in his pocket, cried out, "May the blessing of God follow you all your life!" but when he only pulled out his snuff box, immediately added: "and never overtake ye."

A LITTLE boy at one of our Sunday School concerts, recently, after much drilling at home, recited his verse as follows: "Children obey your parents, and you'll come out all right!" The little fellow got the sentiment, if not the language.—*Northampton Gazette.*

IT is said that the number of women above the age of twenty, who must remain single in consequence of the disproportion of the sexes in England and Wales, is between 300,000 and 400,000.

A WIDOW said to her daughter one day; "When you are of my age you will be dreaming of a husband."

"Yes, mamma," replied the young lady, "for the second time."

"MA, why is a postage stamp like a bad scholar?" "Because it gets licked and put in a corner."

"WHO was David's grandmother?" asked a clergyman of a Sunday school scholar. "A woman, sir," replied the boy.

### POOR COMPANY BETTER THAN NONE.

More than fifteen years ago the Supreme Court of Massachusetts commenced its sessions early in autumn, in Lenox, Berkshire county; thence, the arrangements were to hold sessions in all the counties eastward, terminating at Nantucket and Dukes county, embracing all of Massachusetts proper. This was called the Fall Circuit. In the succeeding spring, the circuit of the district of Maine was held, thus completing the circuit of the year. At this early period the late Judge P——, one of the court, invariably travelled on horseback. On one occasion, preparatory to the meeting of the court at Lenox, Judge P——, jogging along, not knowing exactly the localities of Berkshire county, fell in with a buxom New England girl on horseback, and inquired of her if she knew where he should turn off the main road to get to Lenox. "Certainly," said she, "I know every inch of the way, and can guide you.'—"Well," said Judge P——, who was not a little eccentric, and somewhat renowned for his gruffness and coarse manners, "if you are going that way, I will c'en jog on with you, for poor company is better than none."

They did jog on, entered into conversation, and had a pleasant time of it, which had the effect to destroy the consciousness of distance. At length the judge felt that it was time to have arrived at the point where she said he must turn off, which, at the time of his inquiry, she had stated to be about two miles.

"Madam," said he, "have we got near the place I am to turn off?"

"La yes," she said, "we passed it about a mile and a half back."

"You huzzy," said the judge, "why didn't you tell me?"

"La, sir, the reason I didn't was that I thought with you, that poor company was better than none."

THE LAUGH OF WOMEN.—A woman has no natural gift more bewitching than a sweet laugh. It is like the sound of flutes on the water. It leaps from her in a clear, sparkling rill; and the heart that hears it feels as if bathed in the cool, exhilarating spring. Have you ever pursued an unseen fugitive through the trees, led on by a fairy laugh, now here, now there, now lost, now found? We have; and we are pursuing that wandering voice to this day. Sometimes it comes to us in the midst of care, or sorrow, or irksome business, and then we turn away and listen, and hear it ringing in the room like a silver bell, with power to scare away the evil spirits of mind. How much we owe to that sweet laugh! It turns prose to poetry; it flings flowers to sunshine over the darkness of the wood in which we are traveling; it touches with light even our sleep, which is no more than the image of death, but is consumed with dreams that are shadows of immortality.

INCARNATE LAZINESS.—We have a sloth on board, the most fascinating of all our pets to me—not certainly for his charms, but for his oddities. I am never tired of watching him, he looks so deliciously lazy. His head sunk in his arms, his whole attitude lax and indifferent, he seems to ask only for rest. If you push him, or if, as often happens, a passerby gives him a smart tap to arouse him, he lifts his head and drops his arms so slowly, so deliberately, that they hardly seem to move, raises his heavy eye-lids, and lets his large eyes rest upon your face for a moment with appealing, hopeless indolence; then the lids fall softly, the head droops, the arms fold heavy about it, and he collapses again into absolute repose. This mute remonstrance is the nearest approach to activity I have seen in him.—*Agassiz's Brazil.*

THE young married women in Hungary, the land of pretty women, have recently been highly excited about the important question which of them is to be the wet nurse of the expected baby of the Queen of Hungary, as the Empress of Austria is called in the land of the Magyars. It had been given out that the handsomest and strongest young married women was to suckle the royal and imperial baby, and over one hundred photographs were sent to the doctor who was to choose the nurse. This modern Paris decided in favor of a beautiful young woman of Seraszgus, who has already arrived at Pesth, where she is the observed of all observers. She is to receive five thousand florins for her trouble, and a liberal pension for her whole life.

A SHERIFF officer was lately sent to execute a writ against a Quaker. On arriving at the house he saw the Quaker's wife, who, in reply to the inquiry whether her husband was at home, answered in the affirmative, at the same time requested him to be seated, and her husband would speedily see him. The officer waited patiently some time; but the fair Quakeress coming into the room, he reminded her of her promise that he should see her husband. "Nay, friend," said she, "I promised that he should see thee; and he has seen thee. He did not like thy looks; therefore he avoided thee, and has left the house by another path."

"JOHN," said a gentleman to his servant, "I am going to church, and if it should rain, I wish you would come with the umbrella for me; however, you need not come unless it should rain downright." The gentleman went. It did rain; but John had gone to the other end of the town to see Mary. His master came