The Star & Sentinel.

Wednesday, September 4, 1867.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Judge of the Supreme Court,
HON. HENRY W. WILLIAMS,
OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

ASSEMBLY,
Dr. GEO. H. JORDY, Berwick Borough.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
PETER SHIVELY, Hamiltonban township.

JURY COMMISSIONER,
CORNELIUS LOTT, Straban township.

COUNTY TREASURER,
DAVID M. SHEADS, Gettysburg borough.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
SAMUEL SHELLY, Huntington township.

COUNTY AUDITOR,
ALBERT M. HUNTER, Gettysburg bor.

PICKING SELLS ACCORDEONS CHE

PICKING SELLS VERY CHEAP.

CALL AND SEE HIM.

July 24, 1867.

NEW BOOT & SHOE STORE.

NEW AND GOOD GOODS AT LOW PRICE

THE undersigned has opened a new Boot and Shoe Store, on BALTIMORE STREET, one door south of the Presbyterian Church and nearly opposite McCreary's Shoe Shop, where he offers an attractive assortment of goods in his line, all new and selected with the great care. He has

LADIES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
LADIES' COMMON GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL BOOTS,
IN LARGE VARIETY.

GENTLEMEN'S CALF BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S KIP BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S CONGRESS GAITERS,
GENTLEMEN'S SLIPPERS, ALL STYLES,
GENTLEMEN'S BALMORALS,
GENTLEMEN'S BROGANS, &c.

MISSES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
MISSES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
MISSES' MOROCCO BALMORALS,
&c., &c., &c.

BOYS' CONGRESS GAITERS,
BOYS' CALF BALMORALS,
BOYS' BROGANS, &c., &c.

All will be sold at the lowest living profits. Buyers from town and country, are invited to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. I am determined to sell cheap.—A little cheaper than any other house in the county. My strict attention to business, and dealing fairly and squarely with everybody, I hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

The MANUFACTURING of Boots and Shoes will be carried on, in all its branches. Boots, Shoes and Gaiters made to order. Also, Boots and Shoes of his own manufacture constantly on hand. Repairing done on short notice—and no effort spared to give satisfaction. None but first class workmen employed. Having a life-time experience in the business, I feel confident that I can please all who may call. D. R. KLINGEL

Gettysburg, July 31, 1867.—4t

NEW AND CHEAP CLOTHING

WE are rather gratified that our cotemporaries find so much of our editorial useful to them; and it would not offend us if some of them would conform to the custom of occasionally giving credit for what may be appropriated by them.

THE Adams County Democrats are against the Congressional plan of reconstruction, because it is unconstitutional. They were in favor of ANDREW JOHNSON'S plan, because it was Constitutional, although he had no more right to enact a law, or create a plan than the humblest citizen; and all his proceedings were, by general confession, without *any* warrant in the Constitution. Their justification rested solely upon the *War power*. Since that, the *only* law-making power which exists, has regularly enacted a law prescribing the terms and mode of reconstruction, and Democrats can't support it because of its *unconstitutionality!*

Could folly further go?

HENRY A. WISE says they are anxious to get into the South whites from New England and the Middle States, and Europe. If he means to encourage immigration to the South, he should first settle the problem of Reconstruction in them, restore them to the Union, and secure civil administration. Next, when they get a civil administration, they should discourage the tarring and feathering, shooting, burning, and other popular modes largely in use all over the South for getting rid of obnoxious inhabitants.

IT must not be supposed that Judge SHARSWOOD did an un-Democratic thing when he pronounced "greenbacks" to be an unconstitutional currency. This was the ground taken by all the Democrats in Congress, when the bill passed; and they voted against it, to a man. SHARSWOOD merely carried out the feelings and views of the Calhoun party when he wrote those famous Opinions which are so greatly troubling the leaders, and so justly alarming the people.

ALL the "peace-meaks" of the War, are whining over our military government of the rebel States. These contemptible people would consent neither to our putting down the rebellion, nor to our guarding against the recurrence of another. They would have been delighted if the Rebellion had succeeded, and the Nation cut in twain. All else is galling to their tender sensibilities.

THE Democrats affect to be very much against Negro Suffrage. They never hesitated years ago to vote as many negroes as they could get; and they will vote all they can get, if they have another opportunity. In their view, *all* voting that is Democratic, is right, "without regard to race or color."

THE Pittsburg *Republic* calls SHARSWOOD'S speech in 1834 in defence of the right of Nullification, a "youthful indiscretion." We suppose it considers his Opinion of 1864 denying the power of the Government to issue paper money, or make it a legal tender, a "mature indiscretion."

THE Adams County Democrats have resolved that "this is a White man's government." But they were so much in favor of having colored men help save it, that in the summer of 1864 they sent at least one Democratic agent to the Southern States to recruit negroes and have them credited to the County!

WE are glad to find the Adams County Democrats are opposed to "overthrowing the Constitution." Pity they hadn't been so, when the rebels were fighting for that object. Their conversion is a little too late, to be either useful or important.

WE understand that Ex-Gov. CURTIN has declined the invitation to deliver the Oration at the dedication of Antietam Cemetery on the 17th inst., and that Ex-Gov. BRADFORD of Maryland has been chosen.

DEMOCRACY AND FREE SCHOOLS.

In Maryland the new "Democratic" Constitution is to wipe out their Free School system. In the Southern States generally, there has never been a system of education provided by the State, because it has been deemed unfavorable to the health of the Democratic party to have the people trained to think for themselves, and enabled to investigate for themselves. All know the struggle we had in Pennsylvania to overcome this prejudice, and from the same class, and for the same reasons. The feeling still exists, and recently manifested itself in Indiana, where MILLIGAN, the Sons of Liberty martyr, and Hon. JOHN B. COFFROTH, Democratic candidate for Attorney General last year, made speeches recently, in which they violently assailed the Free School system as pernicious.—The report states:

"Milligan said that some years ago he was the only man in Huntington Township who cast a vote against the free school system, and he was proud of that vote. The books in vogue in the common schools are averse to Democracy, and are filled with infidelity, and no parent who is a Democrat could trust his children in a free school. They would, from the very nature of the lessons therein taught, become infused with the dogmas of puritanism, and doctrines of religion inconsistent with the belief and teachings of their natural protectors. Mr. Coffroth announced himself as one of the pillars of the Old School Presbyterian Church, but he opposed free schools, and said he would shrink from them as he would from a viper's den."

The meeting was not sectarian, but was Democratic. Every parent who wishes to give his son the blessings of an education, should "make a note" of these facts. They indicate the existence of an unfriendly feeling which may, some day, take shape and seek the destruction of our entire Educational system.

THE atrocious attacks made by the Democratic press upon Generals SHERIDAN and SICKLES, reveal clearly the vindictive spirit of their authors. SHERIDAN was among the most brilliant and successful Generals of the War, and was the only one who cleared, and kept clear, the Shenandoah Valley, and made us of the Border secure against Rebel raids, invasions, and plunderings. SICKLES came to Gettysburg with his Corps, fought like a true man, and left a leg on the field of battle. To throw out of the account the respect always due to a man who has suffered for his country, gratitude for services rendered, should seal the lips of these shameless clamorers.

From the spirit in which the same papers refer to Lee, Beauregard, and Semmes, we cannot doubt that, if opportunity offered, they would gladly excuse all their errors, cover all their faults, and even utter words of sycophantic adulation. The circumstance will not be lost, if it be accepted as an illustration of the base and malignant hostility which rankles in the hearts of the Democratic leaders, towards those who crushed their Rebel friends and brought them under the rightful domination of a preserved Nation.

IF the Republicans of Philadelphia appreciated properly the exacting, arbitrary and merciless policy of the Democratic party where it is a confirmed majority—as in York, or Montgomery, or Berks—they would hesitate long before they would agree to re-elect a pronounced Democrat to their Bench. They suppose he will sink his partisan character because of a re-election without regard to party, they must be wonderfully ignorant of the spirit of the organization to which he belongs, or the City wing must differ essentially from that of the Country.

With positions reversed, the Democracy would seize all the places available; and it is our judgment that these are not the times for fighting fire with flax. Besides it is well to remember, as Col. JORDAN has strikingly said, the Courts are the "last ditch" of the Rebellion.

DEMOCRATIC papers insist that Judge WILLIAMS ought not to be elected to the Supreme Bench, because he was born in Connecticut.

We never understood until the other day why so absurd a reason was so passionately urged. But it is all plain now. The Democracy have taken this means to deal a side blow at Judge STRONG of the Supreme Bench, also a native of Connecticut, for having dared to pursue an independent and patriotic course during the War. His casting vote affirmed the Constitutionality of the Conscription act, and the "Legal Tender" act. Of course, after that, the contempt and hatred of the Democracy knew no bounds. They are now hitting at him wildly, over the shoulders of Judge WILLIAMS. All this will tend to draw to both these gentlemen, the sympathy and respect of the people.

Ex-Gov. WISE of Virginia has discovered that we all owe a "natural allegiance to our country." As he once renounced his allegiance, and went into rebellion, he must be an unnatural son. He has also discovered that "any oath to support the Constitution," or any "oath of registration was a violation of the Constitution." Probably the reason why he has prejudices against the former oath is because he took it several times and then broke it; and against the latter, because he cannot take it. He is certainly in a bad way; but he is a full-grown man, and he put himself where he is by his own act. He will *know* better, and we hope *do* better, when next invited to lift his arm against the flag of the Union.

CHARLES MASON, Democratic candidate for Governor in Iowa, was for withdrawing our armies in 1861, and acknowledging Southern Independence. He denounces equally the Presidential and the Congressional plans of reconstruction, pronounces our success in the field as murder, and avows himself in favor of repudiating the War Debt of the Nation. He is a bold, consistent, and despicable partisan, a shade ahead of the Ohio Democrats, and two shades ahead of the Pennsylvania Democracy. But both are marching in his direction. The Pennsylvania Democrats are for "wiping out" the greenbacks this year. Next year they will be ready for the bonds.

THE Pittsburg *Republic*, a SHARSWOOD paper, in a recent article incidentally alludes to Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS, as "ripe in learning and judicial ability."—Allegheny county will show her appreciation of him in October by giving him a magnificent majority.

THE *National Intelligencer*, Democratic, says the "army" hated STANTON. Which army?

THE plea that "this is a white man's government," is intended to cover a demand for the *en*franchisement of the Rebels of the South, and the *dis*franchisement of the loyal negroes of the South.

As for the *en*franchisement of the guilty leaders of the rebellion, the time may come when they may be safely trusted with the elective franchise; but that will be *after* the restoration of those States to the places from which they were thrown by rebellion. The time is not yet.

As for the *dis*franchisement of loyal colored citizens who stood by the Union, who served it, who were in its armies, and who deserve well of the country, we hope the cruel purpose of the Democracy may never be accomplished. These men are citizens of the United States, and of their States. They are part of the productive force of the country. They are an important and valuable class. They are taxed for the support of the government of the States and Nation. And if it be true, as Democrats are so fond of asserting, that "taxation and representation go hand in hand," upon what principle of justice can this class be excluded from the right to have a voice in the selection of rulers?

Once, this right was undisputed. Slavery required that it be abandoned; and it was, in large part. The destruction of slavery has made all these persons citizens, and their exclusion from the polls would be dangerous, unjust, and in violation of the fundamental maxims on which free, republican government rests.

IT was very natural that the Democratic Convention should claim for Mr. HELTZELL great credit for the passage of the Bounty bill through the House, and should thank him for his "indefatigable efforts" in connection with it. It all sounds very well, but the fact is, Mr. HELTZELL had very little to do with getting the bill through. The bill was introduced by a Republican, was got out of a Republican Committee by a Republican, was engineered through the House by a Republican, and would have been passed by a Republican Senate but for an unfortunate delay of a few days at the close of the session in the House. Mr. HELTZELL undoubtedly supported the bill, and assisted in its passage. But if, as the representative from this County, he had been one of the *majority* of the House, he would have been more influential than he was as one of the *minority*.

We would not detract from Mr. HELTZELL'S merits in this matter; but he knows as well as we, that it is altogether a mistake to attribute the passage of the bill through the House to his influence and exertions. A Republican Assemblyman, co-operating with the Republican majority, ought to be elected this fall, to make sure the re-passage of the bill, at the approaching session, as we can hardly hope to have, again, some outside aid which was thrown for the bill at the last session.

THE Rebel Democracy of Tennessee made a concerted and vigorous effort to control the vote of the freedmen at the recent election. They resorted to every form of intimidation, threatened to throw them out of employment, turn them out of their homes, to force the payment of debts, &c., but all failed. Upon some, they tried blandishments—appealed to them by the old ties between them, offered bribes, &c. These were equally unavailing. And after finding themselves thwarted and beaten at all points, the Democracy of Tennessee suddenly got disgusted with Universal Suffrage. Had it worked otherwise, they would have thought it very fine. Whatever may be said of its effect on parties, the *principle* of Universal Suffrage is as old as this government, and would have always existed under it, but for the baleful influence exerted by slavery, which was, always, the enemy of all truly Democratic ideas.

THE Democracy of Adams, in the crisis of the war, gave a cowardly cry for peace, which, if obeyed, would have resulted in the recognition of the Southern Confederacy, and the destruction of our Union. Now, in the crisis of Reconstruction, when the Rebel States are on the highway to restoration to their proper places in the Union, the same Democracy utter a feeble protest against the congressional policy, it being the only plan which can restore civil government in the South, and bring to the country the blessings of a permanent peace.—In war, these men wanted peace. In peace, they want quasi war. In both, they are short-sighted, and unpatriotic.

THE Democratic newspapers complain of the extravagance of the last legislature, in raising so many committees of investigation. They forget to tell how many of those Committees were Democratic inventions, got up by hungry and corrupt members of their party, to squeeze money out of large and rich corporations, and "smell around" generally for purposes of black-mail. The names of Democratic members of some of those committees, are very suggestive of this ready resort of ravenous "roosters."

THE richest joke of the season is the appeal by Democratic politicians to elect a Democratic legislature in order to get an honest one. Who ever heard of a Democratic legislature which was not bought and sold, at will? Unfortunately, there is too much corruption in legislatures, without regard to party. But to turn out the Republicans and put in Democrats to secure an *honest* legislature, is like jumping into the fire in order to get out of the frying-pan.

BUT for the obstructions put in the way of the restoration of the Rebel States, they would all be back in their old places before the first of next April, in time to take part in the next Presidential election. The aim of President JOHNSON and the party who support him, is manifestly to prevent the carrying out of the law of the land, in the hope that "something may turn up" to help their sinking fortunes.

THERE are over 25,000,000 whites in this country, and not 5,000,000 blacks.—Yet the Adams County Democrats quake at the prospect of what they call "Negro Supremacy"! We think that if they had much opinion of themselves, they would consider it safe to start with an advantage in numbers of five to one, to say nothing of their superior intelligence, habit of governing, and skill in getting office.—But there's no accounting for tastes.

THE Democracy are the only party in the country, now opposing the prompt and immediate restoration of the rebel States. Let them be held to this responsibility before the people.

THE New York Constitutional State Convention has adopted a provision declaring that no corporation, except for municipal purposes, should be created in that State, otherwise than under general laws enacted for the purpose, and that no special charter should hereafter be altered or amended. If this provision could be inserted into every State Constitution, a long stride would be taken in the direction of honest legislation. Large corporations, of gigantic capital and resources, are the sources of most of the corruption which pollutes legislative bodies. When they ask favors, they expect to pay for them and are "bled" freely. When they don't ask favors, they are often set upon, and "investigated" by hungry legislators and lobbyists. To protect themselves, they generally employ legislative agents, who handle the money of their employers, and distribute it to purchased lawmakers, and are themselves at once a temptation and a scourge. In this view we consider the enactment of a free Railroad law a great moral benefit, as well as a great political blessing. We trust that the next Republican Legislature will pay proper and emphatic heed to the demand of the party and country in favor of this measure.

THAT our friends may be at no loss to understand the purposes of the Southern Democracy, we quote the following from a recent number of the Louisville *Journal*, which has grown to be a violent Democratic paper:

"Kentucky wears in her diadem no brighter living jewel than Gen. William Preston, and she knows it. *She deems him her pride and a goodly portion of her glory.* General Preston fought on the side of the Confederacy in the war, and no crusader that won renown in Palestine ever fought more bravely, or deported himself with a nobler courtesy. We wish that he were in a position where Kentucky in all her exigencies might have the benefit of his great services. *She will not willingly permit him to remain in a private position.*"

Whenever the people of this country desire to fall under the administration of the officers and men of the Rebel army, there is a quick way to reach it. Put the Democratic party in power. Their Kentucky organ gives fair notice of their purpose in that State.

THE Montgomery (Ala.) *Mail* is dickering for the colored vote of that locality, and to prove worthy of it, asserts that Slavery was not in the War, and that the "attempt of the Radical party to stamp the Confederate war for Independence as the 'Slaveholders' Rebellion' is the most colossal lie of the century."—We refer the *Mail* to Vice President STEPHENS' speech in which he declared Slavery to be the corner-stone of the Southern Confederacy! The *Mail may* deserve to get for its candidates some of the colored voters of Alabama; but we venture to assert that the most ignorant among them understands the object of the Rebellion better than he appears to, and to predict that they cannot be misled by any such flaunting falsehood. Fighting the facts of history is always a hard undertaking, and generally unfortunate for politicians.

THE Republicans of Adams county are in favor of legislative reforms, and opposed to extravagance and corruption.—And they have nominated as their Candidate for Assembly, Dr. GEORGE H. JORDY, a man who, if chosen, will throw all his influence and his votes for the protection of the people, and for honest legislation. Morever, he will give his votes for a genuine Free Railroad law, which is a necessity for the proper development of the resources of our great Commonwealth.

A CORRESPONDENT of the New York *Tribune*, from Winchester, Va., says that the former home of JAS. M. MASON, one of the Secession Conspirators, is a total ruin, and that his estate has passed into the hands of others. He is at present, in Canada, ready to return to the United States, whenever the people grow insane enough to restore his friends to power in the Government. He and Jeff. Davis are companions in exile, and expectations.

The Philadelphia *Age* of 23d February, 1864, publishing the Opinion in BORIE *vs.* TROTT, highly eulogizes the Judge, saying:

Will not the holders of greenbacks and Government bonds consider the Judge as quite too elevated and ethereal for such earthly honors as a seat on the Supreme Bench?

In Judge SHARSWOOD'S dissenting Opinion in the case of MARVINE *vs.* SAILOR (published in the *Legal Intelligencer* of May 6, 1864), he went further, and denied the right of Congress *to issue* Treasury Notes, much less make them a "legal tender" in the payment of debts.—His language is:

IT is pretty well determined that President Johnson recently offered General Howard's position at the head of the Freedmen's Bureau to Mr. Langston, a colored lawyer in Washington. The appointment was declined; but the President, it is announced, in determined on General Howard's removal.

WHERE is Mr. HELTZELL on the Free Railroad Question? The County Convention was as silent as the Democratic State Convention, on this great question. Is Mr. HELTZELL for, or against, a Free Railroad Law? Who can tell?

THE Adams county Democrats think it unconstitutional to govern the South by military power. This is consistent.—They thought it unconstitutional to whip them, and put them where they could be ruled by Union armies.

THE resolutions of the Democratic County Convention endorse SHARSWOOD; and thereby ratify his Nullification and Secession record, and his decision against the legality of "greenbacks."

IT is very nauseating to the Democratic stomach to have the Rebel States governed as territories. How will it be when these States, regularly reconstructed and restored, throw up the Democratic party?

THE rate of postage between the United States and England, which has heretofore been twenty-four cents for a half ounce letter, has been reduced to twelve cents. The new arrangement went into effect on the first of September. This reduction was very desirable, as the former rate of postage between the two countries was unreasonably high.

LECTURE.—See notice of Prof. Williams, who purposes to deliver a series of Lectures in the Fair buildings next week.

Local Items.

SALES.—See advertising columns for Sales of valuable Real and Personal Estate.

OMITTED.—Additional Court proceedings, and other articles, crowded out, which will appear next week.

POTATOE ROT.—The late protracted rains have had the effect to start the rot in the earlier varieties of potatoes.

☞ Rev. Thos. Atkinson, General Agent for the Orphans' Homestead, is making a tour in prosecution of his work. He was at Altoona last week.

APPOINTED.—WM. FRANCIS ECKENRODE has been appointed Postmaster at Harney, Carrol county, Md., *vice* David Bollinger, resigned.

PIC NICS.—A Social Pic Nic will be held on Saturday, Sept. 14, at McDIVITT'S Grove, on the road from Emmittsburg to Fairfield. There will also be a Pic Nic on the same day, on Marsh Creek, near the bridge, on the Chambersburg road.

WHITE CRANES.—Recently four large White Cranes made their appearance in the meadow of James A. Marshall, in Hamiltonban township. Henry Hull pursued them with a gun, and succeeded in shooting one. It measured four feet six inches from tip to tip of the wings, and three feet in length.

☞ We observe that our friend WM. KING, Esq., formerly of Gettysburg, was a candidate before the Republican Convention of Forrest county, for Assembly, receiving the next highest vote. Mr. KING is a tried and true Republican, and will be found fighting Copperheadism and disloyalty to the bitter end.

THE REYNOLDS MONUMENT.—A meeting of the Committee of the First Corps, Army of the Potomac, having charge of the Reynolds monument, was held at Philadelphia, August 13, 1867. All the members were present. The Treasurer reported $6,910.57 on hand, nearly all of which bears interest. The committee decided to erect a semi-colossal bronze statue of the General, in military uniform, on a site already selected in the Soldiers' National Cemetery at Gettysburg. An additional sum of $2,500 is needed to insure the early completion of the monument.

MILITARY COMPANY.—A military company has been formed in Butler and Franklin townships. With eighty-six members already, an organization will soon be had. It will be composed of excellent material, and prove a credit to those townships.

On Saturday last, the above company organized at Mummasburg, by unanimously electing the following persons as officers:—Captain, Samuel H. Eicholtz; 1st Lieut. Thomas Bushman; 2nd Lieut. Clarence M. Camp. The election of non-commissioned officers was postponed until Saturday next. The name of the company is the "Franklin Zouaves."

EAGLE SHOT.—On Monday last, Mr. JACOB FORNEY, of Mountjoy twp., while riding through the woods on the farm of his father, noticed a very large bird, perched on a tree, about 50 yards distant. Having a gun, he fired without dismounting, bringing the bird to the ground. It proved to be an Eagle, and being only wounded in the wing, made battle. Being rather an ugly customer to capture alive, it was necessary to kill it. It measured 7 feet from wing to wing, weighing 8½ lbs. Mr. F. presented it to the senior editor of this paper, who handed it over to the College authorities, to be stuffed and put in the Linnaean Hall.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.—We are glad to notice that our friend Hon. W. W. PAXTON has been nominated by the Republicans of Franklin county, by a very decided vote, for re-election as Associate Judge. Mr. PAXTON resided in Gettysburg for many years prior to his removal to Chambersburg, and has many warm personal friends in this county, who will be gratified with this tribute to his personal worth and official fidelity. Clever, courteous, and accommodating, Judge PAXTON should, as we have no doubt he will, be elected by a handsome majority.

ELECTION.—The following gentlemen were, on Monday last, elected Managers of the "Adams County Mutual Fire Insurance Company," for the ensuing year, viz:

George Swope,	John Picking,
S. R. Russell,	Wm. D. Himes,
D. A. Buehler,	A. F. Gitt,
Dr. E. G. Fahnestock,	Jas. H. Marshall,
Robert McCurdy,	Wm. R. White,
Jacob King,	A. D. Buehler,
John Wolford,	R. G. McCreary,
H. A. Picking,	John Horner,
A. T. Wright,	John Cunningham.
Wm. B. Wilson,	Fred. Diehl,
M. Eichelberger.	

The Board will meet on Monday next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. to organize.

ACQUITTED.—The last Legislature passed an act removing to Dauphin County the prosecutions instituted by Ambrose Hair, of Berwick Borough, against Henry Stevens, Judge, and Jacob Harmon, Inspector of election, charged with rejecting, under the law, the vote of the former on the ground of being a deserter from the army. The cases came up last week in Dauphin, when the prosecutor failed to appear, the defendants were acquitted, and the prosecutor, Ambrose Hair, was ordered to pay the costs. This is a most righteous ending to a prosecution of election officers who merely obeyed the law of the land. D. McConaughy, Esq., appeared for the Defendant.

SHREWSBURY CAMP.—Last week we paid a flying visit to the Camp Meeting, held near Shrewsbury, by the Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. Mr. CREAVER, Presiding Elder of this district, being in charge. The grounds on which the Camp was held this year are admirably located on the line of the N. Central Railroad, easy of access and attracting an unusually large number of visitors. The excellent sanitary arrangements, perfect order, and general aim of comfort about the camp, we found the theme of general remark. A number of distinguished Ministers of the Methodist Church from the Philadelphia and Baltimore Conferences were present, assisting in the religious exercises, which were of an impressive character, resulting in the conversion, as reported, of over 150 persons. The Camp broke up on Friday morning. We are indebted to the Rev. L. M. GARDNER, of Baltimore, and others, for various courtesies extended us while on the grounds.

ZOUAVES.—The Zouaves have rented Mr. HARPER'S office, (late the "*Sentinel*" office,) in the public square, as an armory and place for business meetings. The Zouaves have received their new accoutrements from Harrisburg, and will appear on Saturday afternoon in full uniform for drill and parade.

By-the-way, we learned on Saturday of a rather singular coincidence in the distribution of the arms, &c. just received from Harrisburg. One of the members of the Zouaves had a gun assigned him, which, upon examination, was found to be the same he had carried as a private of Co. G, 90th Reg. Pa. Volunteers in the late war for the Union. Upon the discharge of the Regiment, at the close of the war, he left his gun at Petersburg, Va. It now comes back to him refitted and renewed, but with the initials of his name cut on the stock, and retaining the same marks on the lock, which he had put on it while in camp, to identify it there. It has evidently, in the meantime, been at Springfield, or some other armory, to be refitted.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.—The Republican County Convention met pursuant to a call of the County Committee, in the Court House, on Monday last, and was called to order by P. D. W. HANKEY, Esq. Col JOHN WOLFORD, was appointed Chairman, HENRY COBLER and JOSEPH WALKER Vice Presidents; and A. C. MUSSELMAN and Capt. C. G. MILLER Secretaries. The following delegates presented credentials and took seats in the Convention, viz:

Gettysburg—Capt. A. M. Hunter, Capt. John F. McCreary.
Cumberland—Joseph Walker, P. D. W. Hankey.
Mountjoy—Newton Horner, Wm. Young.
Littlestown—Joseph Barker, Isaac Snyder.
Mount Pleasant—C. G. Miller, Newton Tawney.
Oxford—Alex. S. Himes, James Horsh.
Berwick bor.—Henry Cobler, Washington Metzgar.
Berwick township—J. G. Wolf, Samuel Kepner.
Hamilton—Dr. Daniel L. Baker, J. Q. Schwartz.
Reading—O. F. Neely, John Brough.
Straban—Hugh McIlhenny, J. W. Cress.
Tyrone—John F. Houck, Henry Spangler.
Huntington—Samuel Shelley, Wm. Moorhead.
Latimore—John Wolford, Moses Vanscoyoc.
Menallen—Abel T. Wright, A. S. Cart.
Butler—George W. Rex, W. H. Deatrich.
Franklin—Peter Brough, A. F. Stockslager.
Hamiltonban—Peter Shively, A. C. Musselman.
Liberty—E. W. Harbaugh, A. R. Hunter.
Highland—David Stewart, G. W. Lott.
Freedom—John Cunningham, James Bigham.

The Convention proceeded to nominate candidates for the various offices, viz:

ASSEMBLY.
Dr. George H. Jordy, Berwick Borough.
Robert G. McCreary, Gettysburg.
Gen. W. W. Stewart, Huntington twp.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
Isaac D. Worley, Latimore township.
Capt. James Mickley, Franklin township.
Capt. John Horner, Mountjoy township.

JURY COMMISSIONER.
John Cunningham, Freedom township.
John Brough, Reading township.
J. J. Kerr, Highland township,
Cornelius Lott, Straban township.
Maj. Robert Bell, Straban township.
John M. Wolf, Berwick Borough.
Joseph Barker, Littlestown Borough.

COUNTY TREASURER.
David M. Sheads, Gettysburg.

DIRECTOR OF POOR.
Christian Schriver, Cumberland township.
Samuel Shelley, Huntington township.

AUDITOR.
Capt. A. M. Hunter, Gettysburg.
Capt. J. F. McCreary, P. D. W. Hankey and Capt. C. G. Miller, were appointed a Committe to draft resolutions, to report at the afternoon session.

Adjourned to meet at 1 o'clock, P. M.

One o'clock, P. M.

Convention re-assembled. The names of R. G. McCreary, Esq., and Gen. W. W. Stewart were withdrawn from the list of nominees for Assembly; Isaac D. Worley and Capt. John Horner, from the list of nominees for County Commissioner; Maj. Robert Bell and John M. Wolf from the list of nominees for Jury Commissioner—at the request of these gentlemen.

Capt. C. G. Miller, of Mountpleasant, was added to the nominations for Assembly; Peter Shively, of Hamiltonban, for County Commissioner; Alexander Spangler, of Gettysburg, for County Treasurer; and George B. Stover, of Cumberland, for Jury Commissioner.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot for candidates for the several offices, with the following result, viz:

ASSEMBLY.

Dr. George H. Jordy,	27
Capt. C. G. Miller,	13

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

Peter Shively,	36
Capt. James Mickley,	5

JURY COMMISSIONER.

	1st	2d	3d
Cornelius Lott,	13	18	28
John Brough,	11	13	13
John Cunningham,	8	10	
George B. Stover,	5		
Joseph Barker,	3		
J. J. Kerr,	1		

The names of Messrs. Stover, Barker and Kerr, were withdrawn after the first ballot, and that of Mr. Cunningham after the second.

COUNTY TREASURER.

David M. Sheads,	35
Alexander Spangler,	5

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.

Samuel Shelly,	28
Christian Schriver,	11

COUNTY AUDITOR.
Capt. A. M. Hunter, unanimous.

Messrs. Jordy, Shively, Lott, Sheads, Shelly and Hunter, having each received a majority of votes, were unanimously declared the nominees of the Convention for the several offices balloted for.

The Committee on Resolutions reported the following, viz:—

Resolved, That this Convention, representing the Republican voters of Adams county, ratify and endorse the reconstruction measures of Congress as just, moderate and wise, and as calculated to produce an early, loyal and permanent restoration of the Union, and to mark Treason as a crime to be stigmatized and punished.

Resolved, That Andrew Johnson, in betraying the cause of the Unionists who elected him, has exposed himself to the contempt of the American people. The Republican party has survived his treachery, and will live to thwart his schemes and undo his wrongs.

Resolved, That Gov. Geary's administration has been honest and able, and we commend him as a faithful and vigilant public servant.

Resolved, That a Free Railroad Law is a necessity—that we affirm the resolution of the Republican State Convention demanding it, and that we instruct our candidate for Assembly, if elected, to vote for such a bill as will give the people the advantage of this great measure.

Resolved, That in Hon. Henry W. Williams, the Republican nominee for the Supreme Court, we recognize an able lawyer, an upright judge, and a true patriot.

Resolved, That Judge Sharswood's decision against the constitutionality of the "Green-back" circulation and of the "Legal-tender" clause of the act authorizing it, following as it does his early adoption of the theories of Calhoun, prove him to be a dangerous and unfit man to place in high judicial position.

Resolved, That we renew our demand for the payment of Border damages and losses; and we appeal to the Legislature to do this act of justice. We ask this in the conviction that a great Commonwealth cannot consent that any portion of its citizens shall endure, uncompensated, injuries which were inflicted upon them because occupying the outposts of the state.

Resolved, That we present to the people a good Ticket whose election would result in a reduction of County expenses, and in a reform in the general mismanagement of County affairs.

Resolved, That D. A. Buehler, Esq., be the Representative Delegate, to represent Adams co. in the next Republican State Convention, with power to appoint a substitute in case he should not be able to attend personally.

Resolved, That the chairman of this Convention be authorised to appoint the usual County Committee.

The Resolutions were unanimously adopted, when the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

NEVER CONTRADICTED.—That "Barrett's Hair Restorative" is the best, safest, and most effectual now in use.—Sept 4, 1t

PARASOL FOUND.—A Parasol was found in the Cars several weeks ago. The owner can have it by calling upon Mr. ROBERT D. SCOTT, Ticket Agent, at the Railroad Office. 1t

FAIR GROUNDS.—The work on the Fair Grounds at this place is being pushed forward with energy and spirit, and everything will be complete by the time the Fair comes off. Besides the strong Spring in the rear of the grounds, a Well has been sunk and first-rate water secured. A lake has already been filled from the Spring, and another will be completed, so that there will be ample provision for watering stock, &c. The track will be a first-class half mile course, and will be put in thorough order. The main building will be under roof this week. The Managers seem determined to spare neither effort or expense to provide full and satisfactory accommodations, and make the Fair a success. Mr. SAM'L HERBST, the energetic President of the Society, gives the preparation of the grounds his undivided attention, and, with the members of the Board, deserves much credit for the energy with which the work is being pressed.

The following regulations have been adopted by the Board of Managers, and published with the premium list, viz:—

All awarded premiums uncalled for, for thirty days after the close of the Fair, shall be deemed donated to the Society.

Premiums shall not be awarded when the animal or article is deemed unworthy.

All articles must be marked with cards, which will be furnished by the Secretary, designating class and number; and these cards must not be removed until after the Awarding Committee have finished their examinations.

The Executive Committee will take every possible precaution for the safe keeping of all articles on exhibition, after their arrival and arrangement, but the Society will not be responsible for any loss or damage that may occur. They desire exhibitors to give personal attention to their animals or articles, and at the close of the Fair attend to their removal.

No animal or article shall be taken out of the Fair Grounds without the leave of the President.

Exhibitors are expected to obey the Marshals, promptly in producing their stock when instructed to do so; and any person proving refractory will be ruled out from competing.

No animal or article will be assigned a place on the grounds until the entries are made, as the regulations of the Society require.

Persons renting refreshment booths will not be permitted to sell intoxicating drinks.

Any person found intoxicated upon the Fair Grounds, or acting in a disorderly manner, shall be immediately ejected from the grounds.

A prompt and severe example will be made of any fraudulent use of Admission Tickets.

Any person attempting to interfere with the judges, in their adjudications, will be promptly excluded from competition.

Should any doubt arise as to the regularity of the entry or any other important matter which the committee feel incompetent to decine, they may at once report the same to the President.

The prices of admission to the Fair will be the same as they were at Bendersville, viz:

Family Tickets, admitting man, wife, unmarried daughters and minor sons, or one gentleman and lady, during the Fair	$1 00
Footmen, single admission,	25
Children under ten years of age,	Free
One man and horse, single admission,	50
One-horse buggy or pleasure vehicle, gentleman and lady, single admission,	75
Each additional person in them,	25
Pleasure tickets, admitting man and horse during the Fair, in addition to family tickets,	50
Pleasure tickets, admitting one-horse buggy or pleasure vehicle, gentleman and lady during the Fair, in addition to family ticket,	50
Pleasure tickets, admitting two-horse buggy or pleasure vehicle, gentleman and lady during the Fair, in addition to family ticket,	75

Applicants for pleasure tickets required to give evidence that they have obtained family tickets.

Pleasure admission tickets required to be tied to right hand side of the horse's head, to avoid detention at the gate.

Pleasure vehicles strictly required to keep upon the grounds assigned them by the Board of Managers, and enter the Ring only at times designated by the Marshal.

Mercutio said of his wound,
"It was not as deep as a well, or as wide
As a gate, but it would do."
PLANTATION BITTERS will not raise the [dead,
But they cure the sick, exalt the depress'd,
And render life a thing to be enjoyed.

We believe there are millions of living witnesses to this fact. Dyspepsia is a horrid disease, but Plantation Bitters will cure it. It is a most invigorating tonic, for weakness and mental despondency. Those who are "out of sorts" should try Plantation Bitters.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price.—Sept 4, 2t

☞ The plan adopted by the Washington Library Company for the raising of funds for the Riverside Institute—an asylum for the gratuitous education of Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans—is meeting with great approval. Subscriptions to the stock are coming in rapidly. The handsome steel-plate engravings given to those who purchase stock are acknowledged by competent judges to be first-class productions. Besides receiving a handsome engraving of this character, worth more at retail than the price of the stock, every purchaser will in addition receive a present of some kind. Full guarantee is given that every share of stock must be accompanied by a present besides the engraving. See Advertisement.—Sept. 4, 1t

IMPORTED.—By the ship "R. H. Tucker" just arrived from Liverpool, we have received our second importation of Queensware? A large invoice of "*Plain Ironstone Ware*" of latest pattern and finest quality, which we offer at *very low prices*. Please call and examine.

We offer to the *trade; all* our *White Wares* at Philadelphia prices—*no charge for freight* on *packages*.

Glassware at a