The Star & Sentinel.

Wednesday, August 21, 1867.

For Judge of the Supreme Court,
HON. HENRY W. WILLIAMS,
OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

THE Republicans of Adams county, and all who have been acting with them in their efforts to put down the Rebellion, and who in weal and woe have rallied around the flag—all who desire to unite with them in sustaining Congress in its patriotic efforts to reconstruct the Union on a sound basis, and in opposing the dangerous policy of a treacherous Executive—are requested to assemble at their usual places of holding Delegate Elections, on SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1867, to select TWO Delegates from each District to represent them in County Convention, to be held in the Court-house, in Gettysburg, on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1867, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to nominate a County Ticket to be supported at the October Election, and to transact such other business as may come before the Convention.

☞ The time for holding the Delegate Elections in all the Districts will be between the hours of 4 and 7 o'clock, P. M., except in the Boroughs of Gettysburg, Littlestown and Berwick, and Huntington township, where they will be held between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock, P. M.

By order of the County Committee,
EDWARD McPHERSON, *Ch'n.*
CHARLES HORNER, *Sec'y.*

IN OUR NEW OFFICE.

We have the satisfaction of announcing to our readers that we have at length got comfortably fixed in our new office, specially built at a heavy expense for our accommodation. We now claim to have a Printing office unsurpassed by any in the State, in systematic arrangement, and capacity for general work. With a large Campbell Power Press, two first-rate Hand Presses, and a full and complete assortment of Job Type of all kinds, we are prepared to execute Job Work of all descriptions, from large Posters to the smallest Cards, including Addresses, Pamphlets, &c., as neatly and cheaply as the same class of work can be done in any office in the State. Our friends, as they come to town are invited to give us a call.

Our heavily increased circulation—being largely in excess of that ever reached by any newspaper in the county, and exceeded by few papers in the State—makes our advertising colums a desirable and almost indispensable medium for Business men, Executors, Administrators, and others who desire to reach the public in connection with sales of Real Estate and business generally. The STAR AND SENTINEL is read weekly by not less than ten thousand persons in Adams and adjoining counties. As advertising pays the advertiser just in proportion to the number of persons reached, business men will at once see the importance of availing themselves of our advertising columns.

The Improvements and increased facilities thus introduced in our office have necessarily devolved on us a heavy outlay of money. We have cheerfully incurred this large expenditure in our desire to furnish a first-class family journal, and meet the wants of this community. Nor shall we spare additional expense in the future fully to meet every reasonable demand upon the office. We acknowledge our indebtedness to those friends who have manifested their appreciation of our efforts by prompt pre-payment of their subscriptions, and shall be glad to receive a similar recognition from our subscribers generally.

Quite a number of new names have been added to our list during the last two months. A little effort on the part of each subscriber would largely increase our subscription list, enable us to improve the paper, and promote the circulation of sound Republican principles. An important campaign is pending, and the most effective mode of impressing the public mind, is the extensive circulation of home papers. Go to work, friends.—In another column will be found a liberal offer of Premiums to all who desire to engage in the good work.

THE *National Intelligencer*—which under its new ownership is the leading Democratic paper in Washington City—in its arraignment of Congress on the 2d inst., bitterly denounces that body for its passage of the "Soldiers' Bounty bill," which it characterizes as a "profligate operation," and as having been passed under "profligate influences," &c.

The Administration have always been secretly hostile to the bill, and have enforced it so feebly that, at its late session, Congress raised a Committee to look into it.

The Soldiers of the Union would have a sorry time of it, if the control of Congress was in the hands of the men whose hearts were with the enemy throughout the War.

APPEARANCES indicate that Western Democrats are in favor of the nomination of HON. GEORGE H. PENDLETON of Ohio, for the Presidency. He has recently been to Minnesota, and made an elaborate political speech.

THE Tennessee election has inflamed ANDREW JOHNSON, as a red cloth does a bull. It is said he now intends to remodel his Cabinet, in the interest of the Democratic Party, to which he belongs, and with which he is in full sympathy.

THE Democratic State Committee think Judge SHARSWOOD ought to be elected because he is a Pennsylvanian by birth. We think he ought to be beaten, because he is a South Carolinian in his opinions.

THE rebellious press of Richmond are rejoicing over Mr. STANTON's suspension. They would have removed him *during the war*, if they could; for they hated, because they feared him.

SHARSWOOD vs. JACKSON.

The opinions of Judge SHARSWOOD as to the nature of our Government, the rights of the States, and the powers of the Union, stamp him as a disciple of JOHN C. CALHOUN. This is proved as well by his speech in April, 1834, on Nullification, as by his Notes on Blackstone's Commentaries, all of which are pervaded by the same dangerous theories.

In one sentence, his judgment, as deliberately expressed by himself, is:

"EACH STATE HAS THE RIGHT TO JUDGE FOR ITSELF OF THE INFRACTIONS OF THE COMPACT, AND TO CHOOSE FOR ITSELF THE MOST PROPER AND EFFICIENT REMEDIES."

Every man who may vote for him, will sanction this utterance. If Judge SHARSWOOD should be elected, he could fairly hold that this Opinion had been endorsed by the people. And if he should make his judicial judgments conform thereto, he could fairly shield himself behind the approving vote of the people.

We will not argue this point. We never believed in the right of a State to nullify a law of Congress, or to secede from the Union. We do not now. But Judge SHARSWOOD is on *record, in his own words, in favor of both those propositions!* No man can deny that.

On the other hand, read what ANDREW JACKSON said on this point. We quote from his Proclamation of December 10, 1832:

"I consider, then, the power to annul a law of the United States, assumed by one State, INCOMPATIBLE WITH THE EXISTENCE OF THE UNION, CONTRADICTED EXPRESSLY BY THE LETTER OF THE CONSTITUTION, UNAUTHORIZED BY ITS SPIRIT, INCONSISTENT WITH EVERY PRINCIPLE IN WHICH IT WAS FOUNDED, AND DESTRUCTIVE OF THE GREAT OBJECT FOR WHICH IT WAS FORMED."

SHARSWOOD'S sentiment is the essence of Disunion, and Anarchy; JACKSON'S, of Union, and Order. Let the people judge.

BENJAMIN G. HARRIS, an avowed sympathizer with the Rebellion, who represented the Fifth District of Maryland in the Thirty-Eighth and Thirty-Ninth Congresses, has recently written a letter on general politics, which contains some statements of value.

He was elected a Democrat in the fall of 1863, and was one of seventy Democratic members of the House. He thus comments on the action and views of his Democratic colleagues:

"While in their hearts they did not wish the success of the North in their *nefarious* and *unjustifiable* war upon the South, they yet discovered wonderful policy in *pretending* to wish it. They shrieked for the Union—made the strongest war speeches, while they whispered to the knowing ones of their party that deception was the surest means of getting power, and when power was obtained, then—they would do the expedient."

We put this statement on record, as boldly made by a living man, a member of the last Democratic National Convention, and a conspicuous member of the Democracy of Maryland, who is among those named for the next nomination for Governor.

He convicts of the grossest hypocrisy and dishonesty, his Democratic colleagues in Congress; and squarely charges them with not wishing to see the South conquered, with pretending to be for the War and the Union, and yet admitting that they were engaged in a stupendous conspiracy to deceive the people—promising secretly that, *when they got in power*, they would act in harmony with their real feelings.

The People could not be induced to trust the men who had betrayed them but a few years before; and these shameless gamesters never got power. As a result, the South was conquered; Slavery was killed and buried; the dignity and rights of the Union were asserted and vindicated; and HARRIS whines over his calamities, and tells how faithless and truthless were the Democratic Representatives in the Thirty-Eighth Congress.

THE party of re-action in the South are straining every nerve to thwart the Congressional plan, and thus indefinitely postpone Reconstruction. Of this party, BENJAMIN H. HILL, of Georgia, a lately pardoned Rebel Senator, BENJAMIN F. PERRY of South Carolina, and ROBERT TOOMBS of Georgia, are great lights.

That our people may understand the arguments used, we quote the following paragraph from the last letter of Governor Perry:

"Let us remain as we are, under a temporary military government, and wait for a reaction at the North. The Conservative party North are as much opposed to the oppressions and tyranny which have been imposed on the Southern States as we are ourselves. They are daily gaining strength, and will be soon in a majority, and then our deliverance will come."

Whoever therefore votes with the "Conservative," or Democratic Party (for they are the same), will cast a vote against Reconstruction, and will strengthen the hands of the leading Rebels of the South who hear in the adoption of the Congressional plan, their death-knell.

It is complained, that the present military government of the South is expensive. PERRY and his friends wish it indefinitely continued till a "Northern reaction" comes, which cannot possibly be for several years, if at all.

Vote as you feel.

THE great ignorance which is a marked characteristic of the Southern States, is illustrated by the fact that of 631 white voters in the most intelligent county of Arkansas, 174, or more than one-fourth can not write.

The cause of this is, no Slave State has ever had a system of Common Schools. The poor had no opportunities of education. The ruling class were able to educate their children at private schools, or by private teachers, and were unwilling to be taxed for a general system of schools. And all this disregard of duty, and denial of facilities for education to the poor of the State, were done in the name of Democracy!

We are glad to see that, in every Southern State, the Republicans have pledged themselves to a system of Common Schools. An educated youth are the glory and the strength of a State. Let the South make haste to wipe out the stain of shame. And let the North do more to banish ignorance, and extend the blessings of education, and elevate the position and enlarge the privileges of Labor. Let us have, or hear, in South or North, no more of a sham Democracy.

THE PRESIDENT appears to have been satisfied he had no power *to remove*. He accordingly *suspended* Mr. STANTON.—The law on that point, and the consequences involved, we stated last week.

JUDGE SHARSWOOD ON LEGAL TENDERS.

Extract from His Opinions in the Cases of Borie vs. Trott, and Marvine vs. Sailor.

"On the whole, then, I am of opinion that the provision of the act of Congress of February 25th, 1862, declaring the notes issued in pursuance of that act to be lawful money, *and a legal tender*, IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

"This renders it unnecessary that I should consider the other question which has been made, as to the effect of the special agreement to pay in lawful silver money of the United States. I am in favor of entering judgment for the plaintiff, but as a majority of the court are of a different opinion, judgment for the defendant."—*Copied from the Philadelphia Age of 23d of February*, 1864, where the opinion is published in full. It may also be found in the *Legal Intelligencer* of March 18, 1864, page 92.

In Judge SHARSWOOD'S dissenting Opinion in the case of MARVINE *vs.* SAILOR (published in the *Legal Intelligencer* of May 6, 1864), he went further, and denied the right of Congress *to issue* Treasury Notes, much less make them a "legal tender" in the payment of debts.—His language is:

"I am of opinion that Congress had no Constitutional power to invest the Secretary of the Treasury with authority to issue bills of credit intended to circulate as money—much less to make them a lawful tender."

The Philadelphia *Age* of 23d February, 1864, publishing the Opinion in BORIE *vs.* TROTT, highly eulogizes the Judge, saying:

"Judge SHARSWOOD reasons upon and decides the case as if he were some lofty spirit sitting far above and out of the contentions and strifes of the world."

Will not the holders of greenbacks and Government bonds consider the Judge as quite too elevated and ethereal for such earthly honors as a seat on the Supreme Bench?

A QUESTION has been raised as to the power of President JOHNSON to remove Secretary STANTON. This is clearly settled in the following paragraph from the Chicago *Tribune:*

"The law provides:

'That the Secretaries of State, of the Treasury, of War, of the Navy, and of the Interior, the Postmaster General, and the Attorney General, shall hold their offices respectively for and during *the term of the President by whom they may have been appointed*, or for one month thereafter, subject to removal by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.'

"Any opinion Mr. Senator SHERMAN may have expressed during the debate on the bill, has no bearing as against the language of the law itself. Messrs. SEWARD, WELLES and STANTON were appointed by Mr. LINCOLN, whose 'term' commenced March 4, 1865, and will end March 3, 1869. Mr. JOHNSON himself is merely serving out the unexpired portion of the term of Mr. LINCOLN.—The law fixes that term, as the term of the Cabinet officers; and the President, by law, is prohibited from the removal of either one, unless by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. That disposes of the question of the power of removal."

Two years ago, all the Democratic papers were loudly in favor of prompt Reconstruction, in the interest of peace, of industry, and prosperity. Congress is about to restore these States on a loyal basis; and the active efforts of the Democratic politicians, North and South, are now exerted to vote down Conventions in the disloyal States, and thus prevent the taking of the first and indispensable step, viz: making a State Constitution.

The reason is, the Southern States are pretty sure to come back Free, Republican States! This was not in the programme. Hence, the change of policy.

The Republicans have always been in favor of *loyal* and early Reconstruction. They broke down the PRESIDENT'S plan because it restored the rebel leaders to power, and put down the Union men of the South. They have substituted a plan of their own, which reverses this position. They will carry it out, notwithstanding all obstacles; and the country will yet find peace in the complete acceptance of the Congressional plan.

IN Kentucky, it is considered a dishonor to have been in the Union army; while it is such a merit to have been in the Rebel army, that two of its Colonels were considered worthy of election the other day, to important State offices by the Secession Democracy. And it is *such* a victory the Democratic newspapers of the North are now rejoicing over. In confirmation of our statement respecting public sentiment in that State, we ask attention to this paragraph:

The Paris *True Kentuckian* of June 8th, contained a significant card from Dr. W. J. TALBOTT, of Centreville, Ky., who said: "As I am informed through reliable sources that it is reported in this community that I was with the Federal army during the war, I wish to pin the lie to it by making a public denial through your paper; for I was not associated with that army in any capacity during the war, and defy any one to prove the contrary. I am only anxious to deny the reports because I know that they were promulgated by some maliciously disposed person or persons, with a view of prejudicing the public against me."

Evidently, Kentucky needs "reconstructing" very badly. It is very natural that in a community so devoted to the "lost cause," the Republican party should be in a minority.

THE passage of a Reform bill in England, by which every householder, and most of the renters have become voters, deserves to be marked as an event of great significance. It will work a revolution in the politics of that Nation, and ultimately in the Government of it. It is the first great fruit in Europe, of our conquest of the Rebellion. Thus, a saved and regenerated America is to become the power for regenerating Europe and opening an Era which will be conspicuous for its amelioration of the political condition of mankind. Every day, it becomes plainer that the Rebellion was a gigantic crime against human Liberty everywhere; and that its authors and abettors were the enemies of all mankind.

SANFORD CONOVER, *alias* Charles A. Dunham, recently convicted in Washington of perjury before the Military Commission which tried the assassins of President LINCOLN, is applying to President JOHNSON for a pardon; and has prepared a statement trying to implicate Hon. JAS. M. ASHLEY and Gen. BUTLER in an attempt to manufacture testimony looking to the impeachment of the PRESIDENT. Granting all his statements, he makes out no case against either of the gentlemen; but the person who would believe one word that SANFORD CONOVER would utter, write, or swear to, must be very gullible. He is a convicted perjurer, and covered all over with crime.

WHO ARE DESERTERS?

Congress, at the late session, passed this important bill, which has become a law, having been approved on the 19th of July last:

Be it enacted, &c., That no soldier or sailor shall be taken or held to be a deserter from the army or navy who faithfully served according to his enlistment until the 19th day of April, 1865, and who without proper authority or leave first obtained, did quit his command, or refuse to serve after said date; but nothing herein contained shall operate as a remission of any forfeiture incurred by any such soldier or sailor of his pay, bounty or pension, or other allowances, but this act shall be construed solely as a removal of any disability such soldier or sailor may have incurred by the loss of his citizenship in consequence of his desertion.

Where parties marked "deserters," can prove that they left the army under the circumstances described in this act, they will be hereafter entitled to the elective franchise.

HON. JESSE D. BRIGHT, then of Indiana, was expelled from the U. S. Senate in the spring of 1862 for having given "aid and comfort" to the enemy. He has since removed to Kentucky, and, at the late election, was chosen to the State Senate by the Democracy of Carroll and Trimble counties. He made a speech in Carrollton, on the 3d of August, of which a synopsis is as follows:

"He started off by saying he had always been a States Rights Democrat. He denounced Mr. LINCOLN, DOUGLAS and ANDY JOHNSON in the most bitter terms; said that the Democratic Senators from the South did wrong in vacating their seats at the beginning of the war; said Mr. LINCOLN had no power under the Constitution to call out any troops; was opposed to paying the public debt; that Kentucky ought not to pay another dollar until her Representatives were admitted, and that if the South ever regained her rights it would be by the sword; and said if that was treason, the Government might make the most of it; was in favor of returning every slave to his original master; was in favor of a law in Kentucky that every one who lost anything in Kentucky during the war, or by the war, should be paid, and that the General Government should refund it to Kentucky; was in favor of Gen. W. O. BUTLER (who was present) for the next President; said that the national laws were not to conflict with the State laws, but were only auxiliary to them."

The first and the last remarks prove that he and SHARSWOOD are in full political sympathy. The views expressed in the body of the speech, are undoubtedly Kentucky and Maryland Democracy.—Let the people beware lest by nurturing such men they encourage such opinions, and make another war necessary to complete the work of the last.

THE Berks county Republicans have "given no uncertain sound." At their recent county meeting they resolved that "it is absolutely and indispensably necessary for the Republican party to maintain a majority in Congress, and to elect a President and Vice President, *whose past life, whose public record, whose open and public declarations in support of radical Republican principles and measures*, and whose *sobriety, political and moral honesty*, can be trusted in and relied upon as a guaranty against subsequent desertion of friends, apostacy to principle, and treason to country and humanity, to succeed the present accidental incumbent."

The Republican Party owes it to itself and its principles to elect, as the next President, a DISTINCTIVE REPUBLICAN, one who has a RECORD, who has been TRIED and has proved FAITHFUL, and upon whom the voters can RELY as true to their convictions and purposes.

The Party cannot afford to run the risk of another betrayal. And it dare not outrage the confidence of the country as in 1864, when it threw overboard a tried and true man, and nominated ANDREW JOHNSON who never even called himself a Republican! The history of that act of shame need not now be written; but the result of it should remain a monument of folly, and a warning against the recurrence of like injustice and impolicy.

THE Berks county Democrats recently resolved "that this Union is composed of separate, equal, *sovereign* States, and that no right, or shadow of right exists, under the Constitution for Congress to hold *sovereign* States as subjugated provinces under military rule," &c.

This is the *language* of Secession, whatever be the meaning they give to it.

This claim of Sovereignty in the States, if true, justifies Secession, and proves the Rebellion to have been the exercise of a rightful power by dissatisfied States.—We suppose, this is what the Berks county Democrats meant to say. Their hearts and hopes were always with the Rebels, and are now.

Had the Rebel armies whipped the Union armies, the Rebel States would have been an independent power, by virtue of the verdict of force. As the Union armies defeated the Rebel, the Rebel States are not an independent power, but are subject to the will of the conquering power, which is the Congress of the Union—and this, by virtue of the same verdict of force to which both parties appealed for the settlement of the conflicting claims.

Nothing can be plainer than this; but Berks county Democrats are wholly unable to see it. Their love of Slavery, their sympathy with the Rebellion, and their hatred of progress in the direction of Enlightenment and Liberty, blind their eyes, and pervert their judgment.

THE Harrisburg *Telegraph* makes a sharp point on Hon. WILLIAM A. WALLACE, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee. It states that he procured a negro to go into the army as his substitute; and it argues that it is indecent in him to abuse the race, one member of which had the courage to stand between him and the bullets of a common enemy. The *Telegraph* thinks if Mr. WALLACE considered a colored man good enough to be his military substitute in war, he ought to consider him good enough to be his political equal in peace.

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THE State Teachers' Association of Pennsylvania, at its annual session held at Bellefonte, last week, elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

President—Edward Brooks, of Lancaster.

Vice Presidents—Miss Eliza Bishop, of Harrisburg; Miss Boggs, of Allegheny; Prof. Heiges, of York; Prof. Grant, of Westmoreland.

Secretaries—Profs. Harding, of Lancaster, and Eisenhower, of Lehigh.

Treasurer—Amos Rowe, of Lancaster.

Executive Committee—Jones, of Erie; Burtt, of Pittsburg; Jack, of Westmoreland, Ulp, of Clinton, and Parker, of Philadelphia.

Allentown was selected as the place of next meeting.

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

Armstrong.

THE corner-stone of St. John's Ev. Lutheran church, of Kittanning, Rev. J. A. Earnest, pastor, was laid on Thursday, the 8th inst., in presence of a large assemblage of persons. The church is 45 x 70 feet.

A YOUNG man named Stark, son of Rev. John Stark, of Kittanning township, was struck by lightning, on the 7th inst., and instantly killed. He had been cradling oats, and was on his way to the house, with the cradle thrown over his shoulder, when he was prostrated by the electric flash, which had evidently been attracted by the steel blade of the cradle. His clothes were literally rent from his body. When stricken down he was within a short distance of his father's residence.

Blair.

ISAAC STATON recently ran away from Martinsburg, with $17,000 belonging to other parties, was enticed from Toronto, Canada, by a detective, and has been lodged in jail in Buffalo, to await transfer to Pennsylvania, and trial.

Carroll.

WILLIAM RINEHART, now in Rome, and an artist of eminence, is to make a statue of the late Chief Justice Taney. He is a son of Israel Rinehart, Esq., of Union Bridge.

Cumberland.

GAS works are to be erected in Mechanicsburg, a a cost of $22,000.

THE barn of H. S. Rupp, Lower Allen tp., was struck with lightning on the 13th, and burned to the ground. The barn was worth $4,000, and the crops in it $2,000. The insurance was $2,600.

THE Democratic ticket is:—Assembly, Theodore Cornman; Sheriff, Jos. C. Thompson; Treasurer, Christopher Mellinger; Commissioner, Allen Floyd; Jury Commissioner, J. B. Drawbaugh; Director of the Poor, David Wolf; Auditor, E. Mountz.

Dauphin.

ON the 4th, the First Lutheran church, Harrisburg, was re-dedicated; Rev. Dr. HAY, a former Pastor, assisting. $8,000 were of $16,000 remaining indebtedness, raised that day. The cost of the improvements was $29,000.

HENRY RHOADS, a farmer residing near Hummelstown, was drowned on Saturday while crossing a bridge. His horse stepped off the bridge which was overflowed, and both were carried down the stream. He leaves a wife and eight children.

Fayette.

CHARLES H. BERSON, a prominent citizen of Uniontown, who had been wandering about in a semi-oblivious condition from the free indulgence in liquor, got into the Paper Mill of C. P. Markle & Co., at West Newton, Westmoreland county, on the night of the 5th inst., where he found a pitcher containing a quantity of sulphuric acid, which he mistook for water, and drank freely of the contents. He died at ten o'clock the next morning, suffering the most excruciating pain.

Franklin.

THE salary of the County Treasurer is not to exceed $2,000 a year.

THE hog cholera has been prevailing in the neighborhood of Greencastle.

THE Democratic County Convention will meet on the 3d of September.

THERE will be a United Brethren Campmeeting near Funkstown, on the 29th.

CHRISTAN OYSTER of Chambersburg, has obtained a patent for an improvement in securing wheels of vehicles on their axles.

THE editor of the *Repository* was recently shown by Mr. George Minnich, a chicken with three eyes, two beaks and throats, and four legs, and perfectly natural in all other respects. The chicken was not hatched out and was dead when taken from the shell.

Frederick.

THE First National Bank made in July, a six months' dividend of ten per cent.

A METHODIST Protestant Camp Meeting will be held August 23, near Woodsboro'.

THE Methodist Episcopal Camp will be held on 23d, between Urbana and Ijamsville station.

Huntingdon.

THREE Representatives in Congress: Price of Iowa, Williams of Indiana, and Chilcott of Colorado, are natives of Huntingdon county.

Lancaster.

PERTER MARTIN, Associate Judge died on 16th, of brain fever, aged 62. Rev. William Beates, aged 91, died on Sunday last while administering the Lord's Supper to his family.

A GERMAN named John Haeffler, recently buried his thirty-third child, and was the father of thirty-seven children. Haeffler was married three times. His first marriage took place in Germany when he was twenty one years of age. At four successive accouchments, triplets; twice twins, and the last a single birth. Shortly after the latter event the wife died. He was again married, and the issue of the second wife was fifteen children—seven times twins and the eighth a single child. This wife also died shortly after the last birth. His third and present wife has thus far presented him with five children, one at a birth. The sex of the children were nineteen boys and eighteen girls, only four of whom are now living. Haeffler is now fifty-two years of age, of medium size and of hardy, vigorous constitution. In some sections of Germany a premium is awarded married people who produce a certain number of children. Haeffler lived in that section and was the recipient of one hundred guilders previous to leaving. He apparently labors under the impression that a similar reward awaits him in this country.

Lebanon.

THE Lancaster, Lebanon and Pinegrove Railroad is to be let this fall for grading up to the Lebanon county line, on the south.

Northumberland.

AT the Shamokin mines, coal is selling at from $2 to $2 25 per ton.

THE Trinity Evangelical Lutheran Church of Shamokin, was dedicated on the 12th, Rev. Dr. Wedekind preaching the sermon. Rev. C. J. Ehrhart, of this place, one of the former pastors, was present, and officiated on the occasion. About $2,000 were collected to pay the indebtedness yet remaining.

Perry.

REV. W. F. Colliflower, of Jefferson, Md., has accepted the call tendered him by the Bloomfield Charge of the German Reformed Church.

CHARLES GIBSON has been convicted in the Perry county court of murder in the second degreee, (having killed Jacob B. Schaffer), and sentenced to four years' imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary. His brother, Robert C. Gibson, who assisted in the affair, plead guilty of assault and battery, and was fined ten dollars and costs.

Somerset.

DANIEL CARNS' whose distillery was recently seized, and who was prosecuted for violating the Internal Revenue laws, has been acquitted.

Washington.

JAMES WASON, Esq., one of the editors of the Hagerstown *Mail*, died of disease of the heart, on the 14th.

TWELVE shares of the stock of the First National Bank of Hagerstown, were recently sold at $14 10—par $10.

ABOUT 500 hands are at work on the Western Maryland railroad between Hagerstown and the mountain.

DR. Chas. R. Doran of Hagerstown, (formerly of this place,) was thrown from his horse on Monday last, and was considerably injured.

York.

THE sheriff recently sold John Kindig's property in Hanover to Lewis Dellone for $3,225, and Mr. Johns's to Moses Flickinger for $1,100.

REV. A. S. Vaughan, late of Shippensburg, has accepted a call from the Second German Reformed Congregation of York; and Rev. G. P. Weaver, of Philadelphia, to the Lutheran Church at Wrightsville.

THE Democratic County Ticket nominated on the 13th, is as follows:—Assembly, Levi Maish, Stephen G. Boyd, of York; Commissioner, William Wintermoyer, of Conowago; Treasurer, John Glatfelter, of York; Jury Commissioner, T. Platt, of Lower Chanceford; Auditor, John B. Pfaltzgroff, of Manchester township; Director of the Poor, David Small, of York.

ON the 10th, WILLIAM LECKRONE, of Hellam township, aged 30, was killed while gathering oats. On descending a hill, part of the harness of the mule on which he was sitting, broke, when the animal reared and threw Mr. LECKRONE from his seat under his feet, tramping and kicking him dreadfully. The team started off at a rapid rate, throwing the insensible body under the wheels of the wagon, which passed over his neck and head. He was an industrious and worthy man and leaves a wife and three children.

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RECONSTRUCTION ITEMS.

GEN. Howard, it is said, will soon be mustered out of service, by the PRESIDENT'S order.

THE Mayor of Mobile, and Judge H. W. Thomas, of Alexandria, have been held to bail, to answer the charge of violating the Civil Rights bill.

THE two citizens of Columbia, S. C., who recently assaulted two Northern men who were attending the Republican State Convention, were convicted before a Court-martial, and have been sent to Fort Macon for six months' imprisonment.

GENERAL SHERIDAN has removed Judge EDWARD DOUGHERTY, of Texas, for denying the supremacy of the laws of Congress, openly denouncing the Government of the United States, and stating that he would not obey the laws of Congress when they conflicted with the laws of Texas.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON has directed General GRANT to issue an order, putting General THOMAS in SHERIDAN'S place; General HANCOCK in General THOMAS'S, and Gen. SHERIDAN in Gen. HANCOCK'S. Meanwhile Gen. SHERIDAN has issued an order directing the election of members of a State Convention on the 27th and 28th of this month, in Louisiana.

IN Rutland, Georgia, the colored people—men, women, and children—were holding a prayer meeting in a bush arbor on Sunday night of week before last, and the congregation had scarcely risen from their knees when they were fired into by a party of seven—or rather some seven shots were fired—which wounded fourteen or fifteen men and women, some of them severely. This is a type of the character of outrages occurring all over the South.

IN Charleston, Gen. SICKLES has issued an order in relation to certain monies advanced by South Carolina Banks during the war for the purchase of horses for the Confederate service, but which not being expended, had been distributed since the war under a chancery decree, among the banks and other claimants. The order annuls the decree, as a fraud against the United States, and appoints a receiver on the part of the Government, to whom the funds distributed, including costs and fees of counsel, are to be repaid.

THE necessity for the laws protecting the freedmen was never more strongly illustrated than in the case of the brothers WYTHROW, near Lebanon, Ky. A colored girl, aged 16, for a trivial offense, of which she was not guilty, was dragged out into the woods, tied up by the neck to a limb, and whipped unmercifully with green withes. Fortunately, these barbarians have been arrested and bound over in $5000 bail, to answer at the District Court. Had they been brought before Kentucky magistrates, it is probable that very trivial, if any bail would be required. These vindictive assaults are very common in Kentucky—no less than sixteen arrests for the same offense having been made within the last two weeks.

SEVERAL weeks ago, we published an account of the murder of a Mr. STAUFFER, of Natchitoches, Louisiana, by thee brothers named JONES—one a judge, one a physician, and the third a planter. The murder was committed for political purposes. The planter Jones fled to Texas, where he now is, but the other two brothers were, with some difficulty, arrested, and the jail at Natchitoches being insecure, were taken to New Orleans and imprisoned in the military jail. Last week Dr. Jones died in the prison, and on Saturday night Judge Jones, who had been attacked with cholera while in the jail, was removed to the house of a relative, but died before morning. The military authorities in Texas have been directed to keep a bright look-out for the third assassin, and if he is caught the murdered man will be tolerably well avenged.

P. S.—He has since been caught.

GEN. POPE has addressed an important letter to Gen. GRANT, enclosing a speech made by Hon. B. H. Hill, late a Senator in the Confederate Congress, recently pardoned by the PRESIDENT and who represents a large class. Gen. POPE says this speech shows the hopelessness of any satisfactory reconstruction while such men retain influence. Gen. POPE thinks they should be silenced, and says it is better that the battle should be fought now. Congress did well by disfranchising the leaders, but Gen. POPE thinks it would have been better to have banished them, and he is opposed to relieving the disfranchised classes of their disabilities. He says it is his duty to state that, in his judgment, the condition of affairs in the Southern States, even should reconstruction be satisfactorily accomplished, will, of necessity, be a reproduction in a more or less modified degree of what now exists in Tennessee, unless some measures are adopted to free the country of the turbulent and disloyal leaders of the reactionary party. Whilst these persons remain in the country to exercise the baleful influence they undoubtedly possess, there can be no peace.

* * *

THE cholera is spreading in Italy.

THE population of Baltimore is nearly 300,000—of whom 44,000 are colored.

LOPEZ, the Mexican who betrayed Maximilian, was recently assassinated at Puebla.

NICARAGUA is about conferring a gold medal upon Juarez as a testimonial of esteem and gratitude for his services in behalf of republicanism in America.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S annual income is $1,870,000, with a capital of not far from $9,000,000. Prince Albert died worth five millions, all which he gave to the Queen.

A BORDER STATE Convention has been called for September 12th, in Baltimore, in the interest of Universal Suffrage.

THE privilege of converting seven-thirty notes falling due on the 15th inst., into five-twenty bonds bearing date the 1st day of July, 1867, has been extended to the 15th day of September next.

THERE is an Organization in the Southern States, to secure the repeal of the Cotton Tax. The best way to accomplish this purpose, is to complete reconstruction rapidly, and get their representatives into Congress. Sullen or open defiance of the lawful authority of Congress, will hardly help their case.

Local Items.

PERSONAL.—Capt. Henry A. Scheetz, of Gen. McCall's Staff, died recently in Philadelphia.

AUGUST COURT.—But little has been done in Court, up to the hour of going to press, beyond the usual Orphans' Court business. We will give full report next week.

DEGREE CONFERRED.—Wabash College, Indiana, has recently conferred the degree of LL. D., upon Hon. Conrad Baker, Governor of Indiana.

HAILSTORM.—A severe hail storm swept over Bendersville last Saturday afternoon a week, doing great damage to the corn crop, and the fruit.

THE GETTYSBURG ZOUAVES, Capt. Norris, paraded the streets a few evenings since in their new and handsome uniform, and showed great proficiency in military exercises.

☞Gov. Geary paid our town a flying visit last week. He arrived with the battlefield artist, Mr. Rothermel, on Wednesday evening, spent Thursday morning on the field, and left for Harrisburg on the noon train.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—We direct the attention of our readers to the card of the Hanover Collegiate Institute, Rev. H. S. Koons Principal, and Mrs. C. B. Koons Assistant. Mr. K. is a fine scholar, and an experienced and successful teacher.

SALES.—Andrew Lowe, Esq., has sold his property near Fairfield, consisting of 25 Acres, with Improvements, to Wm. Walter, for $2,700 cash.

Daniel King has sold his House and Lot in Fairfield to Jacob Firor, for $800.

PIC NICS.—Last Saturday a week, there were four Pic Nics in the county: in Cunningham's woods, in Geiselman's woods, near Mount Rock, and near East Berlin.—Others are yet to come off. The Cayugas Tribe, I. O. R. M., will have a Pic Nic on the 5th of September, at Spangler's Spring.

CAMP MEETING.—The Shrewsbury Camp will be held at New Freedom, commencing on Thursday, August 22, and continuing until Friday, August 30th. The fare for round trip from Gettysburg, will be $2.20, good during the continuance of the camp.

☞The Republican County Convention will be held on *Monday, September 2d*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and the delegate elections on *Saturday, August 31st*, according to the call published this day. We ask our friends to see that the delegate elections are fully attended.

MAIL CHANGE.—The P. O. Department has ordered a change in the mail-route between Gettysburg and Hagerstown. After Monday next, the mail will leave Gettysburg on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, returning on Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—Chas. Rahter, aged five years, son of Ferdinand Rahter, of Harrisburg, was run over at the depot, on Monday, by a train, and had one arm and both legs cut off, causing death in a short time. He had accompanied his mother to the depot and had left her but a moment when the accident occurred.

A RARE CHANCE.—A rare chance for buying a first-rate Farm, is offered in the advertisement of Capt. E. McGinley, in another column. This property is finely located in "Carroll's Tract," has several Limestone Quarries opened on it, and in every respect is a most desirable property. See advertisement.

CHURCH DEDICATION.—The Centenary M. E. Church of Bendersville, York Springs Circuit. Rev. Messrs. Clark and Feight Pastors, is to be dedicated on Sunday the 8th day of Sept. next. Rev. Dr. Ryan of Baltimore, Rev. Messrs. Creaver, J. A. Ross and others, will officiate during the day.

☞The following officers are to be voted for this fall, in this county:

One Judge of the Supreme Court.
One Jury Commissioner.
One Assemblyman.
One County Treasurer.
One Commissioner.
One Director of the Poor.
One Auditor.

THE LITHIA SPRINGS.—The *Surgical and Medical Reporter* of Philadelphia has recently contained an excellent letter descriptive of the medicinal properties and virtues of the Gettysburg Lithia Springs. The letter is attracting the attention of the profession, and will do much toward securing this remarkable water a fair trial by competent persons, under favorable circumstances for accurate investigation of its effects.

GAME LAWS.—Last week we copied an article which we found in our exchanges, purporting to be the Game Law as passed last winter. We have since examined the Legislative Record of last session, and find that while a new Act regulating the killing of Game passed the Senate, it does not seem to have been reached in the House. The old Game Law is therefore still in force.

☞Jupiter will appear without his Satellites on the 21st of this month, this evening, if astronomical predictions be true. This is a phenomenon very seldom observed, and, reckoning backward, has been recorded in 1843, in 1826, in 1802, and in 1781. The disappearance of these Satellites is caused by their passage across the disc of Jupiter. They will appear during six hours, on the evening of August 21st, beginning when the planet rises at half-past seven, and ending at fifty-four minutes past one.

HEAVY RAINS.—One of the heaviest rain-storms we have had in many years, visited this region on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of last week. The streams were very high, and for several hours many were impassable. The railroad running into Baltimore were much damaged. The damage in in Philadelphia by the flood, is estimated at $100,000. The entire fall of rain by the late storm was nearly six inches, which exceeds the entire amount of any previous August for years.

ADDITIONAL COMMENCEMENT NEWS.—Rev. Dr. Baugher was appointed by the Seminary Board to deliver a memorial discourse on Rev. Dr. Krauth, dec'd.

At the late Commencement, there sat on the stage three fathers—Doctors Brown and Sadtler, and Rev. G. Parson—who belonged to the same class, and graduated twenty-five years ago, each of whom had a promising son in the class which graduated this year.

It is proposed to raise $500,000 for benevolent and Church purposes, at the approaching anniversary of the Reformation.

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 12.—Rev. H. Wendt, of Germantown, who for two years past has been Superintendent of the Orphans' Home, has been arrested here for perpetrating rape on no less than seven little girls who were under his charge. Wendt had been here only a few days. He is a Lutheran clergyman, and highly educated, being proficient in six or seven languages, and always professed much love for little children. On the 13th, he had a hearing in Philadelphia, and was committed to answer at Court, in default of $5,000 bail. He is about 45 years old, and has a wife and six children. Rev. Dr. Krotal, the President of the Ministerium to which he belongs, has publicly announced Wendt's suspension until the meeting of Synod in 1868. He is a [illegible]

CURIOSITIES OF ART.—Send to Prof. D. T. Ames of the National Business College, Syracuse, N. Y., 25 cents for a copy of one, or 50 cents, for both, of the noted pen-and-ink Pictures—embracing State papers and life-like portraits of Washington, with fifteen of the leaders of the Revolution; Lincoln, his Cabinet and Generals; in all 30 portraits for 50 cents.

Says the *New York Independent*, "They seem to palpitate with life." *Albany Evening Journal*, "They are the best things ever executed with the pen." *Peoples' Journal*, "Exquisite in design, and perfect in execution." *The American Wesleyan*, "They are masterly and wonderful, almost beyond credibility." *Hartford Daily Press*, "They are among the curiosities of art." *Utica Evening Telegraph*, "They are astonishing and unequalled." *Hon. Gerrit Smith*, "They speak for art and patriotism." *Gov. Fletcher, Missouri*, "They are enduring contributions to American art." *Gov. Bramlette, of Kentucky*, "They are among the wonders of art." *Gov. Curtin, of Pennsylvania*, "They unite two of the greatest events in the history of our Republic." *Gov. Fenton, of New York*, "They evince great skill and artistic taste." Upwards of one hundred similar expressions have been received from eminent men and the press, sufficient, says the *Rural American*, "to show that Prof. Ames is the greatest pen artist in the country. 1t

☞The Indian Doctor having been called on professional duty to Pittsburg, respectfully announces to his patients and the public that he will be again at the Eagle Hotel in Gettysburg from Saturday, August 24th to Saturday 31st.

FIRES.—On Tuesday evening last, the barn of Adam Shorb, near Mount Rock, was struck with lightning and consumed. It was nearly new. Besides hay and grain contained in it, there was a variety of household furniture, which had been moved from his dwelling on which repairs were being made.—The loss is estimated at between $2,000 and $3,000, on which there was a partial insurance, as is reported.

The steam saw mill of Mr. Miltenberger, in Buchanan Valley was burned last Saturday night two weeks—supposed to have been set on fire. A quantity of lumber was burned with it.

PRESENTATON.—On Thursday evening, Aug. 9th, Prof. Muhlenberg was presented with a very fine copy of Longellow's Translation of Dante's *Divina Comedia*, by the Class of '69 of Pennsylvania College, as a parting token of love and respect. The Class went to the Professor's house in procession, and the volumes were presented by Mr. E. S. Horn with a few appropriate remarks.—Prof. Muhlenberg replied, thanking them for their kindness and praying that the spirit of God might be with them, as the highest happiness he could wish them. He then bade them farewell, taking the hand of each one.

☞The Washington Library Company of Philadelphia gains credit and support every day. The sales of stock surpass all expectation, and the prospect is, that the funds for the noble object will be secured even in advance of the time anticipated. The reason is obvious. The design is worthy, and creditable to the patriotic hearts who are laboring to reward a too much neglected class.—The funds go into responsible hands, and the public have no fears that they will be misdirected. The plan adopted satisfies the scruples of the most conscientious, and has the endorsement of eminent legal authority. It is by its distinctive features entirely removed from the taint of catch-penny schemes which have so often been the means of imposing on the public. It gives to purchasers of its stock a full equivalent for the consideration paid. All its transactions are open and above board. It has no concealments, and the reputation of the managers is such that they *cannot afford* to be dishonest in this transaction. Read advertisement. 1t

☞A gentleman of great medical knowledge says that a more genial, wholesome and effectual tonic and appetizer than Drake's Celebrated Plantation Bitters was never discovered. He recommends it for Dyspepsia, for Liver Complaint, for Exhaustion, Weakness, for a want of Appetite, and for Mental Depression. It is an agreeable stimulant, and is equally adapted to young and old.—Persons of sedentary habits, like clergymen, lawyers, merchants, and delicate females are particularly benefited by its use.

Magnolia Water.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price. [Aug. 21.-2t

A POWERFUL RIVAL.—There is a new patent Sewing Machine, (called the Star Shuttle,) manufactured in Cleveland, Ohio, by W. G. Wilson & Co., and sold for Twenty Dollars, that makes the Lock Stitch similar to Wheeler & Wilson, and other first class machines. The manufacturers claim that it is equal in size, finish and workmanship, to any other first class machine, beside being able to do the same range of work. 1t

☞Taking Medicine to cure diseases occasioned by a deficiency of *Iron in the blood*, without restoring it to the system, is like trying to repair a building when the foundation is gone. The Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron) supplies this deficiency and builds up an iron constitution. 1t

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Reform bill has passed both Houses of the British Parliament, and become a law. Under it, the number of voters will be increased from 400,000, as at present, to about 1,200,000.—A bill which it is said will virtually confiscate the property of the church in Italy, has passed the Italian Parliament, with 15 negative votes.—On the night of the 14th, a disastrous fire broke out in the Roman Catholic Cathedral of Frankfort, a structure of great antiquity, dating from the year A. D. 1425, and famous for its architectural beauty and historic associations. All the elaborate decorations of the interior were destroyed, and the walls, roof and tower, were so badly injured that it will probably be necessary to take the whole building down.—The Turkish Government has declined the intervention of other powers in the affairs af the Crete.—The death penalty has been abolished in Portugal.—Mexican advices via Havana, state that Juarez had ordered Santa Anna's trial according to the law of 1862, by which Maximilian was tried, and under which the identification of the prisoner, is sufficient evidence for a conviction. Among the list of condemned officers is Prince Salm Salm, whose wife is still in the country working to save him. Congress is to meet in November, and the Presidential elections occurs in December. Maximilian's body has been turned over to Austrian officials at Vera Cruz.—The Austrian Government has pledged itself to enlarge the civil and religious liberties of the Protestant inhabitants of the Empire.—In recent elections in France, the opposition to the Emperor have made very heavy gains.—In consequence of the rupture of diplomatic relations between Russia and the Papal Government, rules have been promulgated for regulating the relations of the Russian and Polish Catholic clergy and laity to the Holy See. The former relations of the Russian Government with the Pope will now be carried on through a Roman Catholic College in St. Petersburg. In the event of questions arising which cannot be decided by that college, its president will ask the opinion of the Pope, and the reply of his Holiness before being carried into effect will have to be submitted to the Russian Minister of the Interior.

The Grand Master of Maryland has accepted the invitation to lay, with Masonic honors, on the 17th of September, the corner-stone of the monument to be erected on the grounds of the Antietam Cemetery.