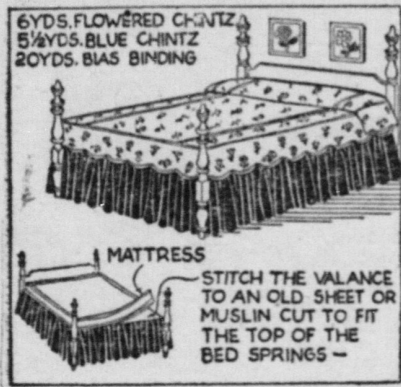


Making a Practical Valance for a Bed

By RUTH WYETH SPEARS

A SMART new house it was, and all the curtains and slip-covers were made by following my sketches in Book 1, SEWING, for the Home Decorator! But when we came to the second floor it was my turn to get a few pointers.

The treatment of each of the two principal bedrooms was quite different. One was very simple with a lovely old quilt used for a bed-spread; the other was in flowery



glazed chintz with strong accents of bright greenish blue. Both beds required a valance that would not be removed with the spread at night.

Here is the flowered bedspread and the small sketch shows you how the valance problem was solved. As my clever young hostess pointed out, this is really a bright idea because the valance and its foundation make a cover for the springs in case they are not the boxed type.

With the help of Book 1, you can make many of the things you have been wanting for the house. Book 2—Embroidery and Gifts, is full of ideas for ways to use your spare time in making things for yourself or to sell. Books are 25 cents each. If you order both books, the quilt leaflet illustrating 36 authentic embroidery stitches will be included FREE. Address, Mrs. R. W. Spears, 210 S. Desplaines St., Chicago, Ill.

HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONS



Caution.—Any spot that is too hot to place your hand is too hot to place a can of kerosene.

To Stiffen Hairbrush Bristles.—Dissolve an ounce of alum in a quart of boiling water, and when cold pour into a pie-dish. Stand only the bristles in the solution for half an hour, then shake well and allow to dry with the bristles downwards.

Substitute for Bread Crumbs.—Good substitutes for bread or cracker crumbs in casserole dishes are potato chips, shredded wheat, flaked dry cereals, and small noodles.

No More Frayed Edges.—Trousers will not fray along the edge of the turn-up if a strip of skirt binding is sewn just inside, where they rub on the wearer's shoes. Replace the binding when worn.

Save the Crockery.—Crockery will not be so easily broken if you wring out a spare dish-cloth and spread it over the draining board before placing the washed china on the board. The dishes will not slip and will need less drying, as the water drains into the cloth.

To Clean a Sponge.—Leave a dirty sponge to soak for a few hours in peroxide and cold water. To a basin of cold water add two tablespoonfuls of peroxide. Rinse the sponge well in several clean waters.

"INSIDE INFORMATION"

For indigestion or CONSTIPATION CLEANSE INTERNALLY the tea-cup way. Garfield Tea acts promptly, pleasantly, MILDLY. Not a cure-all, but certainly effective in relieving constipation. At drug-stores—25c and 10c.



FREE SAMPLE Write to: Garfield Tea Co. Dept. 44 Brooklyn, N. Y.

GARFIELD TEA

WNU-4

19-39

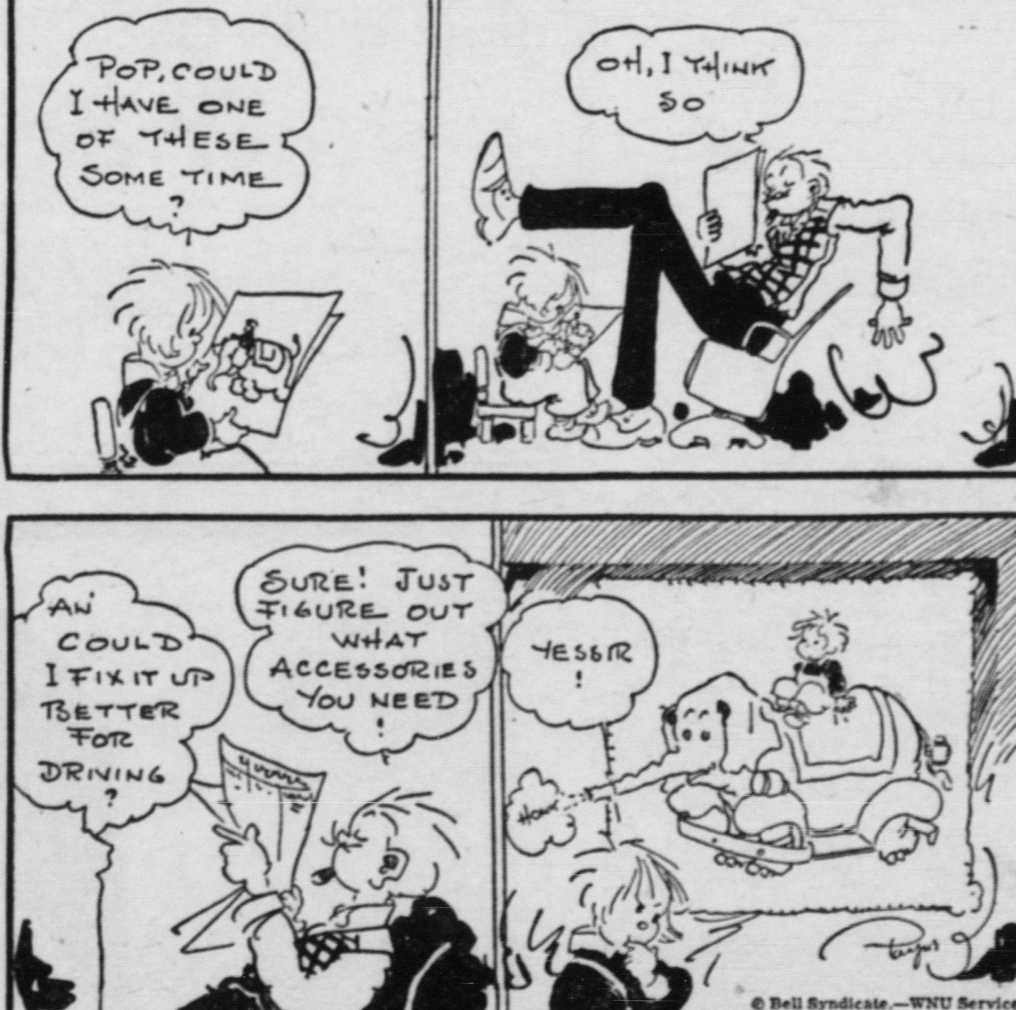
OUR COMIC SECTION

Events in the Lives of Little Men



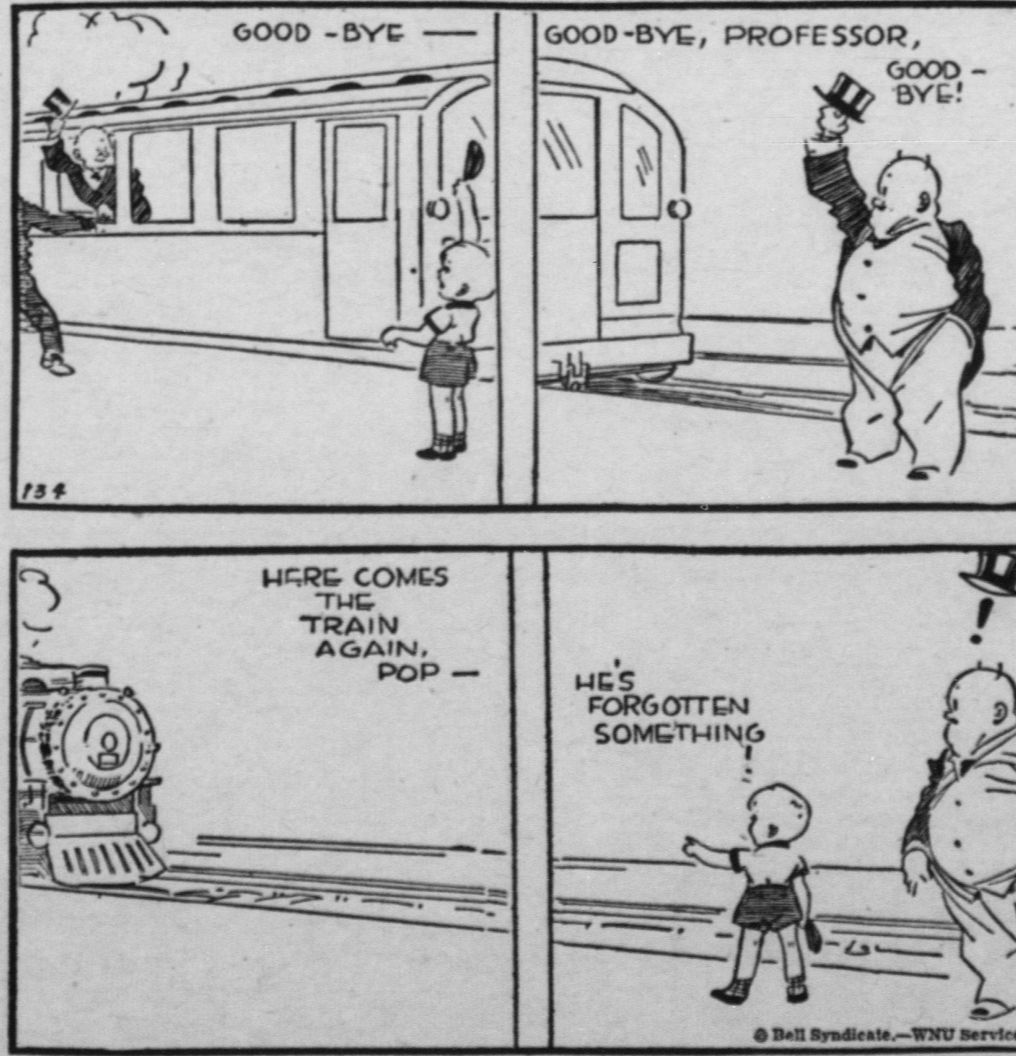
(Copyright, W. N. U.)

S'MATTER POP

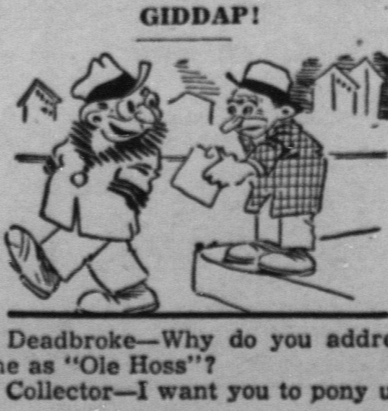
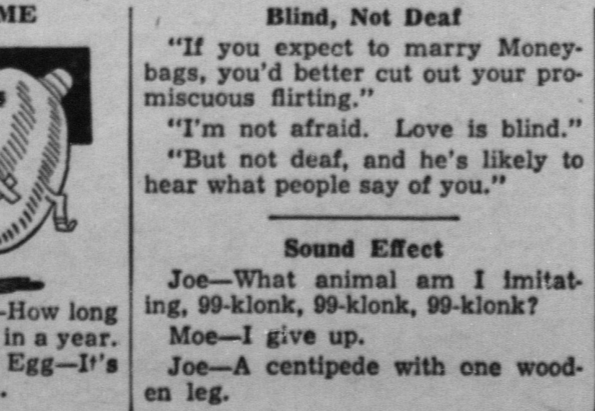


© WNU

POP



© WNU



What to Eat and Why

C. Houston Goudiss Gives Timely Advice on Planning Meals for Languid Appetites

By C. HOUSTON GOUDISS

AS THE weather begins to get warmer, many families develop a finicky attitude toward food. They come to the table with little appetite and claim that nothing tastes good. Before you reproach them, however, give some thought to the type of meals you are serving. Do they contain an abundance of crisp, succulent greens which tempt the eye and the palate and furnish important minerals and vitamins? Do they include juicy fruits with their refreshing flavors and

appetite-stimulating fruit acids? Have you cut down somewhat on carbohydrates and fats? Or are you still offering enough energy foods at each meal to supply the fuel requirements of cold winter days?

A carefully chosen diet is an excellent remedy for the let-down feeling that both children and adults often experience at this season. For science has discovered what food substances are necessary to promote appetite and digestion, to help maintain buoyant health.

Obtaining the Appetite Vitamin

We know for example that when the appetite is poor, there may be a deficiency of that part of the vitamin B-complex which nutritionists call B₁₂. There is both experimental and clinical evidence that this vitamin is essential for the maintenance of a keen appetite. In addition, it is also required for the normal functioning of the digestive tract, so that it must be provided in sufficient amounts if food is to be utilized to best advantage.

Among the foods which supply this vitamin are whole grain cereals, bran, eggs, milk, peas, beans, carrots, spinach and cabbage. It is also found in many fruits, though usually in lesser amounts. In general, a most satisfactory way to insure a liberal intake of the appetite-promoting vitamin is to include in the diet generous amounts of whole grain cereals, milk, vegetables and fruits. As these foods likewise contribute many other necessary substances, they rate a prominent place in the dietary.

Foods That Build Blood

It is also extremely important that menus for finicky eaters should be rich in iron. For this mineral is necessary for the formation of the hemoglobin or red pigment in the blood—and it is the hemoglobin that carries purifying oxygen to every cell in the body. Iron-rich foods include liver, eggs, whole grain cereals, dried fruits, and green, leafy vegetables. I have repeatedly urged the generous consumption of green, leafy vegetables, and I cannot too strongly emphasize their importance as a source of iron, as well as other essential minerals; and vitamins.

Keep the Diet Laxative

Another piece of advice that warrants repetition is my frequent recommendation that you include in the diet adequate amounts of bulky foods. These are necessary to help promote normal elimination. If your menus contain too many highly concentrated foods, irregular health habits may result. And that in itself may be responsible for a feeling of lassitude and a lack of interest in eating. Here again fruits and vegetables are important. Together with whole grain cereals and breads, they constitute our most important source of bulk or cellulose.

Get Plenty of Milk

Milk is another food that should be used generously, because it contains such a wide assortment of protective substances. It is our foremost source of calcium, which is required for the teeth, bones and for sound healthy nerves. And it contains every known vitamin in varying amounts.

If your family does not care for milk as a beverage, make frequent use of cheese which is es-

entially milk in concentrated form. And use milk freely in sauces and for making desserts. It can also be incorporated in nourishing cream soups, to be served for luncheon or supper. Follow the soup with a salad made from crisp greens and including a protein food, such as cheese, nuts, or hard-cooked eggs. And top off with a fruit dessert. This type of meal appeals to the appetite and provides substantial amounts of minerals and vitamins.

Salads Twice a Day

A crisp appetizer salad makes a good beginning for the main meal of the day. A combination of watercress, dandelion greens, lettuce or shredded cabbage, with fruit, or a small amount of a savory fish paste will intrigue the most reluctant appetite. And when the salad is served at the beginning of a meal, you can be sure that it will be eaten before the hunger is satisfied.

Another way to get additional vegetables into a meal is to mold them in gelatin and serve as a dinner salad. Or an assortment of fruits can be treated in the same way and used as a combination salad and dessert. If prepared gelatin desserts are used, a wide variety of color and flavor combinations can be achieved with very little effort; and children will eat them with relish.

You'll be surprised to discover how quickly interest can be stimulated by serving familiar foods in a new way!

Questions Answered

Mrs. G. M. F.—The green outer leaves of lettuce or cabbage are richer in vitamin A than the colorless leaves at the inside of the head. For this reason, it's advisable to shred them and use for a salad or sandwiches.

Mrs. M. P. G.—Types of fats which are generally regarded as relatively easy to digest are the finely emulsified forms found in egg yolk, milk and cream. Also those in bacon, cheese, ice cream, butter and salad oils.

©—WNU—C. Houston Goudiss—1939—62.

Big Bills

The bureau of engraving and printing prints bills of \$500,000 denomination and \$1,000,000 denomination for large government financial transactions and for large private financial transactions. These bills may not be considered as legal currency because they are not printed for that purpose. The largest bill in circulation as legal United States currency is the \$10,000 bill.

A GREAT BARGAIN
VESPER TEA
PURE ORANGE PEKOE
50 Cups for 10 Cents
Ask Your Grocer

A Sure Index of Value

... is knowledge of a manufacturer's name and what it stands for. It is the most certain method, except that of actual use, for judging the value of any manufactured goods. Here is the only guarantee against careless workmanship or use of shoddy materials.

Buy ADVERTISED GOODS

DIZZY DRAMAS

Now Playing—"HIGH-HAT HANK"



By Joe Bowers

WATCH

YOU can depend on the special sales the merchants of our town announce in the columns of this paper. They mean money saving to our readers. It always pays to patronize the merchants who advertise. They are not afraid of their merchandise or their prices.

THE SPECIALS