

# Scraps of Humor

**Needs Feelers**  
"I'm in an awful predicament."  
"What's the trouble?"  
"I've lost my glasses and I can't look for them until I've found them."

**No Kick About That**  
"You claim you're a good salesman, yet you say you don't stand behind your product. Why not?"  
"I sell mules!"

**He Should**  
Freddie—Who did Oliver Twist? Father—Dickens only knows.—Pearson's Weekly.

**Off Key**  
A quartet of longshoremen were singing on the waterfront when the tenor fell off the dock into the bay. The incident passed unnoticed by the leader, but he realized that something was wrong with the harmony.  
"Smatter with you boys?" he complained. "One of you don't sound right."  
"It's Jack," rumbled the basso, solemnly. "He's off quay."

**The Brute**  
Attorney—In that case you may have grounds for a separation. When did your husband desert you?  
Client—Last night, I stopped to look in a milliner's window—and he walked on!

## Here's that Fast "Phillips" Way

To Alkalize Stomach Quickly



On all sides, people are learning that the way to gain almost incredibly quick relief, from stomach condition arising from overacidity, is to alkalize the stomach quickly with Phillips' Milk of Magnesia.

You take either two teaspoons of the liquid Phillips' after meals; or two Phillips' Milk of Magnesia Tablets. Almost instantly "acid indigestion" goes, gas from hyperacidity, "acid" headaches— from over-indulgence in food or smoking—and nausea are relieved.

Try this Phillips' way if you have any acid stomach upsets. You will be surprised at results. Get either the liquid "Phillips" or the remarkable, new Phillips' Milk of Magnesia Tablets. Only 25¢ for a big box of tablets at drug stores.

### ALSO IN TABLET FORM:

Each tiny tablet is the equivalent of a teaspoonful of genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia.



## PHILLIPS' MILK OF MAGNESIA

Little Self-Respect  
Impudence implies a low estimate of your self-respect.

## CHECK THAT COUGH BEFORE IT GETS WORSE

Check it before it gets you down. Check it before it ruins your children, catch it. Check it with FOLEY'S HONEY & TAR. This double-acting compound gives quick relief and speedy recovery. Soothes raw, irritated tissues; quickly allays tickling, hacking, spoonful on retiring makes for a cough-free sleep. No habit-forming, stomach-upsetting drugs. Ideal for children, too. Don't let that cough due to a cold hang on! For quick relief and speedy recovery insist on FOLEY'S HONEY & TAR.

## Sentinels of Health

Don't Neglect Them!

Nature designed the kidneys to do a marvelous job. Their task is to keep the flowing blood stream free of an excess of toxic impurities. The act of living—life itself—is constantly producing waste matter the kidneys must remove from the blood if good health is to endure. When the kidneys fail to function as Nature intended, there is retention of waste that may cause body-wide distress. One may suffer nagging backache, persistent headache, attacks of dizziness, getting up nights, swelling, puffiness under the eyes—feet tired, nervous, all worn out.

Frequent, scanty or burning passages may be further evidence of kidney or bladder disturbance. The recognized and proper treatment is a diuretic medicine to help the kidneys get rid of excess poisonous body waste. Use Doan's Pills. They have had more than forty years of public approval. Are endorsed the country over. Insist on Doan's. Sold at all drug stores.

## DOAN'S PILLS

# News Review of Current Events the World Over

## General Motors Strike Ended, Both Sides Yielding—Opposition to President's Supreme Court Plan Increases—Great Plains Drouth Program.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

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BOTH sides making concessions, the General Motors strike came to an end in what Governor Murphy of Michigan called "an enduring peace." Operations of the great corporation had been paralyzed for 43 days, and the losses to it in business and to workers in wages have been immense. Partly through the skillful efforts of James F. Dewey, veteran federal labor conciliator, John L. Lewis, head of the C. I. O., and other union leaders, and the officials of General Motors were persuaded to modify the defendant stands they had maintained through eight days of negotiations in Detroit, and the governor was enabled to announce the settlement. Under the terms of the agreement:

1.—The corporation recognized the union as the collective bargaining agency for those employees belonging to the union.

2.—The corporation and the union agreed to commence collective bargaining negotiations on February 16.

3.—The union agreed to end the strike and evacuate all plants occupied by strikers.

4.—The corporation promised to resume operations in all strike-bound or idle plants "as rapidly as possible."

5.—All employees are to return to work without discrimination against strikers.

6.—The union agreed that pending negotiations there will be no other strikes or interference with production.

7.—During existence of the collective bargaining agreement contemplated, all opportunities to negotiate shall be exhausted before any other strike or production interference is attempted by the union.

8.—After evacuation of plants the corporation agreed to dismiss the injunction proceedings started by the corporation against the union or any members in Flint, Mich.

Secretary of Labor Perkins, whose own efforts to end the strike were futile, was highly gratified by the settlement. She gave out a statement praising the leaders on both sides for their give and take spirit and complimenting Governor Murphy on his success. Probably considerable credit should be given President Roosevelt, who kept constantly in close touch with the situation and talked with the conferees by telephone from the White House.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S proposals for legislation that would permit him to pack the Supreme court have met with such widespread and determined opposition, even from many members of his own party, that it was suggested to him that he accept certain modifications. These include appointment of Supreme court justices only when those over seventy-five do not retire, and limitation of the number a President could thus appoint during his term to two. His plan as submitted to congress would enable him to name six new members of the court if the present six justices who are over seventy do not retire voluntarily.

Mr. Roosevelt announced to the correspondents that he was quite aware of the controversy he was confronting but would not back down on his demand for the legislation as outlined in his message.

It is probable that the President can get his measure through the house without great trouble, but a hot fight against it is certain in the senate. So far the Republicans in congress haven't had much to say on the matter, for the Democratic opponents of the scheme are vociferous enough to suit the G. O. P. It is said there is a good chance that the senate judiciary committee, headed by Ashurst of Arizona, will report unfavorably on the measure in so far as the proposal for increasing the membership of the Supreme court is concerned. The other parts of the President's plan, designed to expedite the work of federal courts, do not meet with much opposition.

Probably the scheme will be separated into several bills; and indeed that already has been started, for Representative Summers of Texas, chairman of the house judiciary committee, introduced a bill providing for voluntary retirement for Supreme court justices with full pay at the age of seventy. This was passed quickly by a vote of 315 to 75.

CONCLUSIONS of the great plains drouth committee were laid before congress by President Roosevelt, the report being accompanied by a special message in which the President urged the development of a "new economy" in the vast area of the Alleghenies and the Rockies to save the region from the effects of future drouths. The

### Views on President's Plan to Enlarge Supreme Court

Senator Byrnes—I'm for it. Senator Nye—I think the President has hit upon a most ingenious method of speeding up the work of our tribunals.

Senator Vandenberg—I am opposed to tampering with the Supreme court. Senator McAdoo—The President's message receives my unreserved commendation.

Senator Capper—I am certainly opposed to increasing the number of Supreme court judges for the purpose of allowing the executive during any one administration to control the decisions of the Supreme court.

Senator Hale—Should his recommendations be followed, I can see no hope of an independent Supreme court.

Senator Gerry—I'm definitely opposed to the President's proposal in regard to the Supreme court.

Senator Thomas—I think it is a timely and happy solution of a perplexing problem.

Representative Snell—This is pretty near the beginning of the end of everything.

Representative Fish—The message is political hypocrisy.

Speaker Bankhead—The plan for adding additional judges is a sound policy.

Senator King—I am unalterably opposed to it.

whole matter, said Mr. Roosevelt, dovetails into the proposed six year public works program.

The great plains committee suggested for the federal government:

1. A ten year program of additional investigations and surveys.

2. Continued acquisition of land in range areas with rehabilitation as the objective.

3. Measures to increase size of farms too small for efficient operation.

4. Development of water resources.

5. Resettlement within and without the region.

6. Compensation to local governments where federal land acquisition results in shrinkage of the local tax base.

7. Control and eradication of insect pests.

8. Exploration of possibilities for developing other resources, such as vast lignite deposits to provide alternative occupation for some of the people in the area.

Similar action was suggested for states with the addition of suggestions for legislation to permit formation of county soil conservation districts, encouragement of co-operative grazing associations, revision of the taxing system to take account of land income and assistance to farmers in meeting water problems.

For local co-operation the committee suggested crop rotation, curing of feed and seed reserves against dry years, conservation of moisture, supplemental irrigation, fuller utilization of springs and wells, planting of trees and shrubs as windbreaks and flexible cropping plans to permit adaptation of each season's crop to the amount of moisture in the land.

### BARCELONA, capital of the autonomous Spanish state of Catalonia, was bombed by a Fascist warship, and the Catalan council of state immediately decreed a new mobilization to meet the threat of an insurgent attack. It also ordered the strengthening of fortifications and set up a superior defense council.

Following the capture of the important Mediterranean coast city of Malaga by General Franco's Fascist troops, a general clean up of loyalists there was started. Gen. Gonzalo Queipo de Llano, rebel commander in southern Spain, announced over the radio that more than 150 leaders and military officers of the government had been arrested and executed after trial. He said an attack would soon be made on Valencia, the loyalist temporary capital on the east coast.

France was vexed by the reported assistance given the Fascists by Italians in the taking of Malaga, and renewed her threats to intervene in behalf of the government unless Italy and Germany ceased their active support of Franco.

The long drawn out siege of Madrid continued, but there was one important development when the insurgents, attacking with infantry and tanks from the south, threatened to cut the highway to Valencia, the capital's only remaining line of communication with the outside.

### SOLUTION of the farm problem, as devised by agricultural leaders who have been in conference with Secretary Wallace, is based on Mr. Wallace's ever-normal granary plan. It would operate on these four stages:

1. Soil conservation payments would be continued until production balances demand.

2. When a surplus in any commodity is grown, the government would offer farmers loans at market prices for storage of the commodity in bins.

3. If the surplus continued, soil benefit payments for removal of acreage from cultivation would be increased.

4. Should surpluses increase to 10 or 15 per cent above demand the government would impose taxes on excess production to force acreage reduction.

Officials said no definite plan of taxation has been worked out.

### DESCRIBING it as a flood control measure, Senators Albion W. Barkley of Kentucky and R. J. Bulkley of Ohio introduced a bill in the senate designed to create seven federal "authorities" with powers similar to those of the Tennessee Valley authority. Together with the TVA, these would cover the entire United States. The measure is in accordance with the President's suggestions for regional authorities to co-ordinate flood control, power, reclamation and rehabilitation work.

As for the current flood, the people in the stricken regions were turning to the task of rehabilitation. Self supporting residents of Cairo who had been evacuated were permitted to return to the city, and martial law was lifted from the southern counties of Ohio and Indiana. The levees along the lower Mississippi were standing up well under the strain.

Contributions to the American Red Cross flood relief fund were nearly up to \$20,000,000, twice the sum originally asked.

### DOMESTIC manufacturers persistently refuse to offer bids on the steel that the navy needs for its warship building program. President Roosevelt wants to know why this is, and so far he has found out that the Walsh-Healy government contract law is to blame. That act requires that all manufacturers filling government orders in excess of \$10,000 shall comply with minimum wage and maximum hour standards.

Since the act became effective last year, the navy has advertised for bids on 25,000,000 pounds of steel but has been able to place orders for only 7,000,000 pounds.

Spokesmen for the Navy department indicated no further bids would be asked until the industry has recorded its position or unless the Labor department moves to relax the labor standard provisions of the law.

### THE house passed and sent to the senate a resolution extending for three years the President's power to negotiate trade treaties with foreign nations irrespective of congressional approval. Some Democrats voted against the measure and were applauded by the little body of Republicans. The revolvers were led by W. P. Connery of Massachusetts, who hails from a textile city, and J. Mark Wilcox of Florida, whose district is noted for its vegetables. Both said the opposition was based on complaints from their constituents.

OUT of San Francisco bay divers were dragging the bodies of victims of the latest aviation disaster. A transport plane of the United Airlines crashed into the water when only a short distance from the air field, and all its occupants, eight passengers, two pilots and a stewardess, perished.

A German military plane fell in a busy street in Berlin and five persons were killed.

The bureau of air commerce in Washington recommended 11 new safety measures to be taken by air lines in an effort to prevent future air crashes. The recommendations were based on findings made by the recent conference on air safety which was attended by pilots, air line representatives, and members of the bureau.

SEEMINGLY confident that his government is now safely established, President Lázaro Cardenas of Mexico issued a decree granting amnesty to all political offenders, under arrest for or accused of rebellion, sedition or other subversive activities. Under special powers given him by congress he quashed 3,841 court proceedings against more than 10,000 persons accused of antigovernment plots or acts.

Former President Calles, who was exiled nearly a year ago, said in San Diego, Calif., that he did not consider himself included in the amnesty.

ELIHU ROOT, one of America's most eminent lawyers and statesmen, died in New York at the age of ninety-two. Intensively active all his life, he did not cease his activities until he was attacked by pneumonia two weeks before his death.

By intellectual brilliancy Mr. Root became admittedly the leader of the American bar, and he was actively interested in many societies devoted to the arts and sciences, peace and education. During a half century of public service he held many high offices.

## HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONS

Items of Interest to the Housewife

When serving pickled onions use sugar tongs instead of a fork. It is easier to get them out of the jar.

Pour a cup of cold water over cooked cereal before leaving it for the night. This prevents a hard crust forming on cereal. Pour off water in the morning and reheat cereal.

To remove brown stains from light colored ranges, dip a cloth in turpentine and apply to stains. With a little pressure the stains will come off.

When broiling a steak, cut off excess fat around edge to prevent it from catching fire when placed below glowing fire.

Put a small bowl of water in the oven and your cakes will not burn. Light the oven a good ten minutes before putting in your cake. When the cake has risen and begun to set, lower the heat a little and move to a cooler shelf. To test whether your cake is cooked, touch lightly with one finger; if cooked, the surface of the cake will spring back when the finger is removed.

Sliced almonds make a pleasant addition to chicken salad.

A little starch added to the water used in washing windows, mirrors and other glassware will not only help remove dirt but will give a lasting polish.

## 15¢ - Price Now of Famous Cold Remedy



### Genuine Bayer Aspirin the Thing To Take for Fast Relief

Instead of buying costly medicines for a cold, try the way nearly any doctor you ask will approve as the modern way — BAYER ASPIRIN. It is perhaps the most famous and most widely used of all cold remedies today — yet costs only 15¢ for a dozen tablets or two full dozen for a quarter anywhere in the United States. Virtually 1¢ a tablet.

The way you use it is this: Two BAYER tablets when you feel a cold coming on. Take with a full glass of water. Then repeat, if necessary, according to directions in each package.

This will act to fight fever, and pains which usually accompany colds. Relief comes rapidly.

Get the genuine BAYER ASPIRIN by asking for it by its full name: not by the name "aspirin" alone.

15¢ FOR A DOZEN  
2 FULL DOZEN FOR 25¢  
VIRTUALLY 1¢ A TABLET



True Employment  
True enjoyment comes from activity of the mind and exercise of the body; the two are ever united.—Humboldt.

The Past Is Gone  
Grieve not for that which cannot be recalled; fear not for that which can not be avoided.—Elbert Hubbard.

## Calotabs Help Nature To Throw Off a Cold

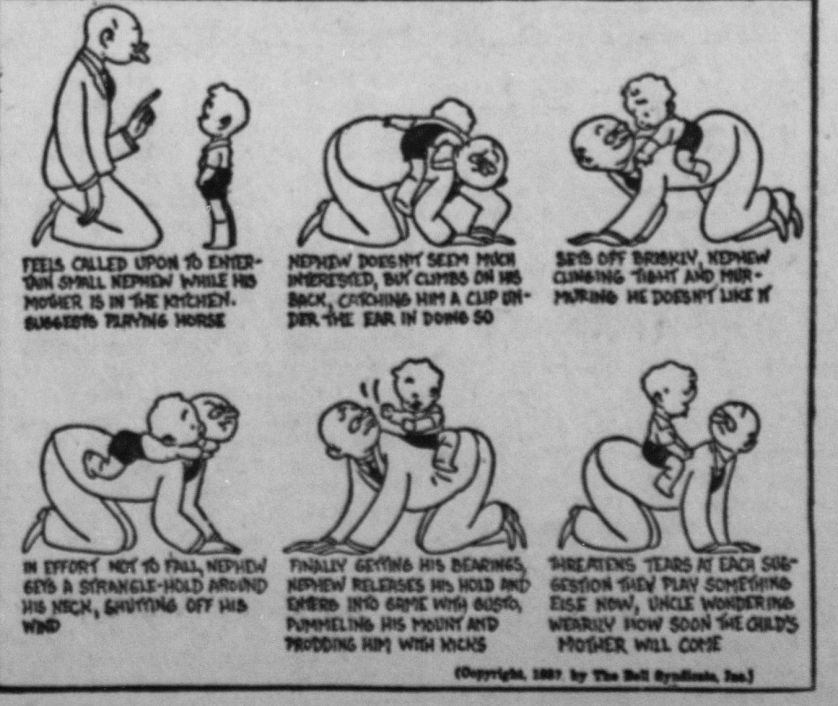
Millions have found in Calotabs a most valuable aid in the treatment of colds. They take one or two tablets the first night and repeat the third or fourth night if needed.

How do Calotabs help Nature throw off a cold? First, Calotabs are one of the most thorough and dependable of all intestinal eliminants, thus cleansing the intestinal tract of the germ-laden mucus and

toxines. Second, Calotabs are diuretic to the kidneys, promoting the elimination of cold poisons from the blood. Thus Calotabs serve the double purpose of a purgative and diuretic, both of which are needed in the treatment of colds.

Calotabs are quite economical; only twenty-five cents for the family package, ten cents for the trial package. (Adv.)

### ENTERTAINING THE NEPHEW



FEELS CALLED UPON TO ENTERTAIN NEPHEW WHO HAS VISITED IN THE KITCHEN. UNWANTINGLY PLAYING HORSE.

NEPHEW DOESN'T SEEM MUCH INTERESTED, BUT GRABS ON HIS BACK, CATCHING HIM A CLIP UNDER THE EAR IN DOING SO.

BOYS OFF BROOKLYN NEPHEW CUMING "BAND" AND HIS MOTHER. HE DOESN'T LIKE IT.

IN EFFORT NOT TO FALL, NEPHEW GETS A STRANGE HOLD AROUND HIS NECK, GRIPPING OFF HIS WRIST.

FINALLY GETTING HIS BEARINGS, NEPHEW RELEASES HIS HOLD AND SPINS HIS UNCLE WHO RIGIDLY PUNNELING HIS MOUNT AND PRODDING HIM WITH KICKS.

THREATENS TEARS AT EACH SUGGESTION THAT PLAY SOMETHING ELSE NOW, UNCLE WONDERING NEARLY HOW SOON THE GRUMPY MOTHER WILL COME.

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