News Review of Current Events the World Over

Landon Is Republican Nominee—Britain May Alter Sanctions Policy-Mussolini Makes Sweeping Changes in Cabinet.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD @ Western Newspaper Union

IN ONE of the greatest demonstrations of popular acclaim in the history of American politics, Gov. Alfred M. Landon was nominated for Presi-

dent of the United States by the Republican national convention meeting in Cleveland.

Nominated on the first ballot, Governor Landon received the unprecented number of 984 but of a possible 1.003 votes. The nomination was made unanimous. Although

his name had not been

placed in nomination, Senator William

E. Borah of Idaho received 19 votes, including 18 from the Wisconsin delegation and one from West Virginia. Col. Frank Knox of Chicago, publisher of the Chicago Daily News, was nominated for Vice President on the

ticket, receiving the unanimous vote of the delegates. Party unity and harmony were the watchwords of the delegates. The action of the three other leading candidates for the Presidential nomination-Col. Frank Knox of Chicago, Senator Arthur Vandenberg of Michigan and Senator Borah-in withdrawing in Landon's favor paved the way for a militant and united front in the coming

campaign by the Republican party. The convention adopted a platform of "Americanism," pledging a broad farm relief program, repeal of reciprocal tariff bargaining, the elimination of monopolies and opposition to American entry into the League of Nations and the World court.

Condemning "waste and extravagance" of the Democratic administration, the platform declares for economy by reduced expenditures and for a balanced budget. Adequate relief for the unemployed and co-operation of the states is provided. The platform demands the repeal of the present social security program for a simplified "payas-you-go" old-age pension plan. Without proposing a constitutional amendment, it pledges support to states' minimum wage and working hour laws, abolition of sweatshops and child labor, improvement of working conditions and the right of labor to bargain. It calls for restoration and mainte nance of the merit system in civil service, regulation of business by a tribunal whose actions would be subject to court review and federal supervision of interstate utilities.

The platform demands adequate national defense, right of free enterprise without competition by government, free speech, pledges care of the veterans and calls for efforts to collect the defaulted war debts.

Governor Landon in a telegram read to the convention by his campaign manager, John Hamilton, placed his own interpretation on certain planks in the platform. Under the title of labor he advocated a Constitutional amendment permitting the states to adopt legislation necessary to protect women and children in the matter of maximum hours, minimum wages and working conditions, provided it is not possible to do so under the Constitution as it

He likewise advocated a currency expressed in terms of gold and convertible into gold, adding: "I recognize, however, that this requisite must not be made until and unless it can be done without penalizing our domestic economy and without injury to our producers of agricultural products and other raw materials."

Concerning the merit system in civil service, he suggested that it should include every position in the administrative service below the rank of assistant secretaries of major departments and should cover the entire Post Office department.

IN A long expected cabinet shake-up in Italy, Premier Mussolini gave out three of his eight portfolios. There are 15 posts in the cabinet. Il Duce appointed his son-in-law,

Count Galeazzo Ciano, as foreign minister. Clano, only thirtythree, is the world's youngest foreign minister. He moved up from the cabinet post of propaganda. Mussolini also gave up the ministries of colonies and corporations, these posts going re-

spectively, to Ferruccia Lantini and Alesandro Lessona. Count Clano's former ministry was taken by Diono Alfieri. Giuseppe Bastianini, ambassador to Poland, was made undersecretary for foreign affairs. He is only thirty-seven.

The action of Il Duce gave rise to talk of his successor. Observers point- Carl W. McNell, in the liquor business ed out that because of the importance in Chicago, could not sell his product of the post of foreign minister, Ciano at less than the wholesale list price. is believed to be in closest succession | Said the opinion:

Elsewhere in the world governments were experiencing changes. In Nica- tection of property interests of the proragua, Dr. Carlos Brenes Jarquin, com- ducer and his distributors in the good pleting the unexpired term of the de- will represented by brands, trade posed President, Dr. Juan B. Sacasa, marks and trade names."

announced his cabinet. The cabinet included Dr. Luis Manuel Debayle, minister of foreign relations; Dr. Geronimo Ramirez Brown, prime minister; Jose Roman Gonzales, minister of public works; Benito Ramiriz, minister of finance; Dr. Lorenzo Guerrero, minister of education; Dr. Roberto Gonzalez, minister of health; Dr. Alejandro Sequeira Rivas, sanitary director.

ARGER loaves of bread at no in-Crease in price to the consumer were being offered by leading baking company chains selling their product in large cities of the United States. One company increased the size of its 10 cent loaf by 25 per cent, and another by 15 per cent. The saving to comsumers was made possible by the invalidation of the AAA processing tax, according to an official of a baking company. The tax was 30 cents a bushel on wheat, he said, and was reflected in an increase of from \$1.28 to \$1.40 a barrel for flour.

At the same time, the threat of a possible potato famine, due to drouth that is seriously curtailing crops in the Southeast, caused uneasiness among housewives. Prices rose precipitately, but eased off, because immediate demand from consumers declined. The seriousness of the situation was reflected in reports from the crop division of the Department of Agriculture that unless rains fell soon an acute shortage will boost the price of potatoes. The carry-over this year was small, it was revealed, and Maine reported only 100 carloads of last year's holdover on hand. While weather conditions up to the middle of July will determine the extent of the shortage, it was believed by farm experts that the later crops will meet the August and September demands.

DEATH came to John Hays Hammond, eighty-one, internationallyfamed mining engineer, economist and writer, at his home at Gloucester,

Mass. He had lived a life high in adventure and rich in experiences. He was a friend and confidant of Theodore Roosevelt, Mark Twain, H. Rider Haggard, Cecil Rhodes and many other figpres celebrated in world history in the past half century.

Mr. Hammond was John Hays born in San Francisco, California, in 1855 where his parents settled after the

Mexican war in which his father served as a major. It was the era of the spectacular California gold rush. He watched miners pan for gold dust as a boy. After graduation from Yale he set himself up as a mining engineer. Soon he visited the west coast of Mexico, believing it could be developed as a mining country.

He became known as an expert judge of mining property and was sent to South Africa by "Barney" Barnato, great speculator of the last century. Hammond experienced some romantic adventures including an acrimonious encounter with Paul Kruger, president of the Transvaal republic who sentenced him to be hanged and relented only on the intervention of the secre-

After developing mining property in many parts of the world, Mr. Hammond was appointed by President Taft in 1911 as special ambassador and personal representative at the coronation of King George V.

A FTER settling a general strike in which 1,000,000 werkers had paralyzed the industrial life of France, the new "popular front" government under Premier Leon Blum was faced with further difficulties in the form of a series of new strikes. Although the government had tolled day and night trying to adjust disputes and though most of the demands of strikers had been satisfied by employers, there was a smaller return to work than had been expected. It was reported that as fast as strikes in some industries were settled, others were affected.

The extent of the permanent ravages which will be left in the wake of this upheaval will only become apparent later on. Some observers predicted into bankruptcy so as to secure operation by the state. But whether Premier Blum and his "popular front" government were prepared for such extreme measures was not at all certain.

THE Supreme Court of Illinois upheld the constitutionality of the state's fair trade act in a decision affirming the opinion of the Cook County Circuit court. The court held that

"The fair trade act has for its major objective the preservation and pro-

I NDICATIVE of the rising tide of business recovery, the Western Electric company, a subsidiary of the American Telephone and Telegraph company, one of the largest employers of labor in the Middle West, resumed its common dividends. The action follower restoration of the company's operations to a profitable basis in 1935, with gains in both sales and employees. Practically the entire payment, amounting to \$3,000,000, goes to American Tele-

Electric's stock. At the company's Hawthorne works, near Chicago, 10,500 employees were on the payroll on June 1, an increase of 1,730 since January 1. This compares with a low of approximately 6,700 during 1933. Employment is now the highest since 1932.

phone and Telegraph, which owns

more than 90 per cent of Western

A VITAL alteration in Great Britain's foreign policy, particularly as it affects Anglo-Italian relations, was indicated by Chancellor of the Exchequer Neville Chamberlain in an address in which he implied broadly that England may soon move to end sanctions against Italy. Regarded by many experts as likely to become Britain's next prime minister, Chamberlain said:

"Collective security based on sanctions has falled."

This was taken to mean that England may reverse the policy which had supported the League of Nation's futile sanctions campaign to halt Mussolini's conquest of Ethiopia.

In authoritative diplomatic circles in London it was reported that Mussolini had definitely served notice on Britain that Italy will leave the league unless the assembly meeting at Geneva on June 30 drops the anti-Italian sanc-

A GRICULTURE was given representation on the federal reserve board through the appointment by President Roosevelt of Chester C. Da-

vis, administrator of the AAA to that body. In discussing his appointment, Mr. Davis said: "The fiscal policy of the federal government has never been tied in closely enough with agricultural problems." Mr. Davis has spent most of his life in agricultural activities. He

Doctor Tolley was born on a farm in lowa, was graduated from Grinnell college and later owned and operated a farm. For some years he was a newspaper publisher and then became editor of the Montana Farmer.

Mr. Davis was succeeded as AAA administrator by Dr. Howard R. Tolley. Nationally known as a soil expert, Doctor Tolley helped Mr. Davis draft ter the United States Supreme court decision invalidated the AAA.

THE New Deal was made the issue of a congressional campaign in Alabama with the result that Luther Patrick, an ardent supporter of the administration, defeated Congressman George Huddleston, an incumbent for 22 years. Patrick, a forty-two-year-old lawyer, won the Ninth district nomination by about 6,000 votes after a spirited campaign in which he charged Huddleston with disloyalty to the New

CALLED back to the British cabinet, which he left some months ago as a political scapegoat, Sir Samuel Hoare was made first lord of the admiralty.

to succeed Viscount Monsell Sir Samuel, who boldly faced a hostile house of commons last December to defend his part in the Anglo-French peace plan which would have given Mussolini only a part of Ethiopia, will face the task of solving problems arising out of British-Italian fleet difficulties in the Mediterranean. The

the seas.



biggest task facing Hoare, however, is restoration of the British navy to an undisputed position of supremacy on

EXAS celebrated the one-hundredth anniversary of its independence by opening a \$25,000,000 centennial exposition in Dallas. Foremost among distinguished visitors attending the world's fair the first week was President Roosevelt. To obtain the centennial exposition Dallas made available more than \$9,000,000 in cash and property. The exposition will be open until November 29. Numerous other celebrations marking the state's 100 years of freedom have been held in various cities and towns of Texas. The exposithat private industry would be forced tion presents educational, historic and recreational features associated with a major world's fair.

> THE senate passed the \$829,000,000 compromise revenue measure by a vote of 38 to 24. The bill then went to conference with the house of representatives which had enacted a revenue measure carrying out tax proposals made by President Roosevelt. The senate measure called for a 151/2 to 18 per cent tax on net corporate incomes as compared with the present 121/2 to 15 per cent levy; a new type of 7 per cent tax on undistributed profits; repeal of the existing exemp-tion of dividends from the 4 per cent normal income tax; an increase of 1 per cent in the individual income sur tax on surtax brackets between \$6,000

Shirred Sleeves, Wide Cuffs Feature This Comfortable Frock

Lovely shirred sleeves finished off with wide contrasting cuffs and a jaunty bow tie neckline are enchant-

No. 1846-B

batiste, or voile, and your friends will compliment your good taste.

Incidentally it's very easily made, with only two pleats and stitchings in the front skirt, and a flattering blouse trimmed with buttons. It's accented at the waist with either a self-fabric or purchased belt.

Barbara Bell Pattern No. 1846-B is designed for sizes 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20. Corresponding bust measurements 30, 32, 34, 36 and 38. Size 14 (32) requires 41/2 yards of 35 inch material plus % yard for contrast. Send fifteen cents for the pattern. Send your order to The Sewing Circle Pattern Dept., 247 W. Forty-

third St., New York, N. Y. @ Bell Syndicate.-WNU Service.

Black-Draught's Reputation The confidence people have in Black-Draught, built up from satisfactory use so many years, is shown in its being handed on from one generation to another. It must be good

eration to another. It must be good to have such a strong following.

"We have used Black-Draught for twenty years." writes Mr. Fred Richardson, of Hartshorne, Okia. "My mother has used it for fifty years. It is the best medicine I know anything about. I take it for sour stomach and constipation, or when I feel sluggish and bad. Black-Draught is splendid to regulate the bowels, cleansing them of waste matter, ridding them of constipation. I expect to use it twenty-five years more if I live and it gives satisfaction as it has always given."

FRUITS-VEGETABLES WANTED!

SCHLEY BROTHERS "The Dependable House"

18 East Camden St. BALTIMORE, MD.

6 Established 50 years and the only Wholesale
Commission Firm now operating a separate
locations and sales forces in Baltimors.

jaunty bow the neckline are enchanting features of this dress. Carry it stringed instruments and supplies from out in a becoming dotted swiss, Louis Music Supply Co., St. Louis, Mo.

DOGS' TEETH AS MONEY

Dogs' teeth are stated to be used as money by the natives of certain districts in New Guinea.

No Need to Suffer "Morning Sickness"

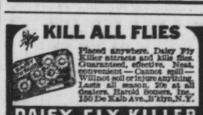
"Morning sickness"—is caused by an acid condition. To avoid it, acid must be offset by alkalis—such as magnesia. Why Physicians Recommend Milnesia Wafers

These mint-flavored, candy-like wafers are pure milk of magnesia in solid form—the most pleasant way to take it. Each wafer is approximately equal to a full adult dose of liquid milk of magnesia. Chewed thoroughly, then swallowed, they correct scidits in the acidity in the mouth and throughout the digestive system and insure quick, com-plete elimination of the waste matters that cause gas, headaches, bloated feelings and a dozen other discomforts.

Milnesia Wafers come in bottles of 20 and 48, at 35c and 60c respectively, and in convenient tins for your handbag containing 12 at 20c. Each wafer is approximately one adult dose of milk of magnesia. All good drug stores sell and recommend them. Start using these delicious, effective anti-acid, gently laxative wafers today

Professional samples sent free to registered physicians or dentists if request is made on professional letterhead. Select Products, Inc., 4402 23rd St., Long Island City, N. Y.





4.50-21 | \$ 8.60

10.85

11.90

13.25

15.90

16.90

18.40

21.30

31.75

4.75-19

5.25-18

5.50-17

6.00-16

6.00-17 H.D..

6.00-19 H.D.

6.50-17 H.D..

7.00-17 H.D.

7.50-17 H.D..

FOR TRUCKS



WIN INDIANAPOLIS 500

On May 30th, Louis Meyer broke the track record, at 109 miles per hour, driving the entire race without tire trouble of any kind. He is the only driver ever to win the race three times, and has always used Firestone Tires. No tires except Firestone Gum-Dipped Tires could have resisted the terrific heat generated at such high sustained

speeds. You can have no greater proof of blowout protection.

Not one of the thirty-three drivers would risk his life on any other tire, for each driver knows that heat is the chief cause of tire failure and blowouts. Firestone cords are soaked in liquid rubber, which saturates and coats every cotton fiber, preventing friction and heat and adding great strength. This is the Firestone patented process of

Gum-Dipping, that gives you greatest blowout protection and safety. Firestone Auto Supply and Service Store or Firestone Dealer, and have your car equipped today with Firestone Gum-Dipped Tires.



Listen to the Voice of Firestone every Monday night over N. B. C. Nationwide Network