

News Review of Current Events the World Over

President Raps Tugwell for Budget Prediction—WPA Job Program Moves Rapidly—Farmers Indorse Corn-Hog Control for 1936.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD
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REXFORD G. TUGWELL, undersecretary of agriculture and once considered head man of the "brain trust," made a speech at Los Angeles the other day that called forth a sharp rebuke from President Roosevelt. Addressing a Democratic gathering, Tugwell asserted that the administration could satisfy every humanitarian demand and still balance the budget in 1938.

Mr. Roosevelt, in a press conference, scolded the newspapers for printing what he called "crazy stories" and went on to declare that Tugwell's assertion was almost as unfounded as the predictions thrown out by many political observers that the budget probably would never be balanced again. Tugwell's statement wasn't quite as "wild" as the newspaper stories, he remarked, because Tugwell knew a little more about the budget than the newspaper men.

The President said he and his advisers were about to make a study of the financial situation, and that until the budget is finally drafted about the first of the year not even he knows what shape it will take. Every effort, he said, would be made to hold the regular government departments down to the figures of this fiscal year, but he would make no predictions as to emergency expenditures.

JOB S. 3,500,000 needy persons by November 15, and an end of the dole by December 1. That was the forecast made by the New Dealers in Washington, and it appeared probable of accomplishment. Officials said states will receive no direct relief allotments from the government for December and that the November grants will be greatly reduced. The employment program is a month behind schedule, but is now being carried forward rapidly. Every state director of the PWA has been given a job goal by Administrator Harry L. Hopkins and was told by that gentleman:

"The responsibility for carrying out these objectives, through providing work on approved projects, rests squarely on you."

As November opened these state administrators had \$1,018,947,649 to spend, and every day Comptroller General McCarl was putting more to their credit in the federal treasury. Of the \$3,330,843,803 tentatively approved in WPA project values by President Roosevelt, McCarl had passed \$2,450,293,894. Of the \$1,000,207,831 definitely allocated for WPA by the president, McCarl had countersigned treasury warrants for all but \$41,200,182.

NEW DEALERS have scored a major victory, and are correspondingly elated. By a majority of something like 10 to 1, the corn-hog producers have voted for a continuance of the crop adjustment through another year. Incomplete returns from the referendum showed that the program was favored by a majority in every one of the 33 states from which votes were received.

"It is only natural that we should be pleased with the apparent approval of adjustment given by corn and hog farmers," said Chester C. Davis, AAA administrator, as he watched the returns come in at Washington. "If the final results bear out present indications another voluntary contract will be offered for both corn and hogs."

In a formal statement Davis emphasized earlier assurances that the AAA would seek a 25 to 30 per cent increase in hog production next year, saying the "need for increasing the present pork supply of the nation... will be kept in mind in plans for the next adjustment contract."

Before the results of the voting were known President Roosevelt announced tentative plans for making the AAA over from an emergency to a permanent agency. Observers in Washington concluded that Mr. Roosevelt intends to make the AAA a major campaign issue next year and to rely for re-election largely on the voters in those western states that have received the largest cash payments in the carrying out of the crop adjustment program—taking it for granted that he will carry the solid South.

CONTINUING the administration's policy of "enabling farmers to market their crop in a more orderly fashion," Secretary of Agriculture Wallace announced a corn loan of 45 cents a bushel on the 1935 crop, available from December 1 until next July 1. The Commodity Credit corporation had already approved this and asked a commitment from the R. F. C. to provide the necessary funds.

Wallace estimated that about \$150,000,000 would be advanced to corn growers under this program. Borrowers must sign the AAA corn-hog con-

tract. The loans will be made on corn which, if shelled, would grade No. 3 or better. The grade requirement last year called for was No. 4. The loan rate then was 55 cents a bushel.

PREMIER MUSSOLINI defies the League of Nations and its sanctions. In a speech at the inauguration of the new university in Rome he said:

"In the face of an economic siege toward which all civilized people of the world should feel supreme shame, in the face of an experiment which they wanted to test, for the first time, against the Italian people, let it be said:

"We will oppose it with our most implacable resistance, with our most firm decision and with our most supreme contempt."

However, it was announced in Geneva that the duce was willing to negotiate for peace with Ethiopia, and there was a possibility the league would delay for 15 days the application of further penalties.

King Victor Emmanuel issued a decree putting the entire Italian merchant marine on a war basis.

Prime Minister Baldwin's reply to Mussolini's defiance was a blunt assertion that Great Britain was prepared to resort to force, if necessary, to carry out the sanctions. Said he: "We mean nothing to the league if we are not prepared in the end, and after grave and careful trial, to take action to enforce its judgments."

The British government made new protests to Italy against Italian press attacks on Britain and anti-British propaganda in Egypt, and three more destroyers were sent from Gibraltar to Malta.

WHILE the League of Nations was going forward with its plans for the imposition of sanctions against Italy, its officials asked the United States government to comment on this policy, for the attitude of this country is considered vital to the success of the program.

Secretary of State Hull replied promptly but with extreme caution, avoiding comment on the action taken by the league powers and inferentially declining to cooperate in the sanctions. The answer, whose tenor was dictated by President Roosevelt, was sent to Minister Hugh Wilson at Bern. It only set forth the moves made by the United States under the neutrality act and restated our government's hope for world peace. In press conferences Mr. Hull stressed the fact that this country will continue to move independently to keep free and untangled as President Roosevelt has promised.

AMERICAN citizens are not respecting the embargo on shipments to Italy and Ethiopia to an extent that satisfies the administration. Therefore the President issued this statement: "In dealing with the conflict between Ethiopia and Italy I have carried into effect the will and intent of the neutrality resolution recently enacted by congress. We have prohibited all shipments of arms, ammunition, and implements of war to the belligerent governments. By my public statement of October 5, which was emphasized by the secretary of state on October 10, we have warned American citizens against transactions of any character with either of the belligerent nations except at their own risk.

"This government is determined not to become involved in the controversy and is anxious for the restoration and maintenance of peace.

"However, in the course of war, tempting trade opportunities may be offered to our people to supply materials which would prolong the war. I do not believe that the American people will wish for abnormally increased profits that temporarily might be secured by greatly extending our trade in such materials; nor would they wish the struggles on the battlefield to be prolonged because of profits accruing to a comparatively small number of American citizens.

"Accordingly, the American government is keeping informed as to all shipments consigned for export to both belligerents."

Secretary of State Hull issued another statement calling upon American citizens to desist from trading with either Italy or Ethiopia. Such trade, he declared, was conducted "at the expense of human lives and human misery."

EARTHQUAKE tremors that were felt in many localities all the way from Spokane and Calgary to New York and Boston were severest in Helena, where at least two persons were killed and many injured. Numerous buildings weakened by the former temblors in the Montana capital were thrown down and the property losses were considerable.

CONSTITUTIONALITY of the Guffey coal act, a highly controversial measure, is to be passed on by the Supreme court. The way was opened when Justice Jesse Adkins of the District of Columbia Supreme court granted to the Carter Coal company a temporary injunction restraining government enforcement of the act.

In allowing the issuance of a temporary injunction, Justice Adkins denied another order which would have restrained the government from collecting the penalty prescribed by the act for non-compliance. He directed that the coal company post a bond of \$1,500 a day for ten days to insure stockholders of the company against a loss through imposition of the penalty should the act be held constitutional.

Regardless of the District Supreme court's decision on the constitutionality of the act, the test case will be carried to the Supreme court for a final decision by the company or the government, attorneys said.

LIBERTY League's committee of 58 more or less eminent lawyers got into trouble by offering free legal services in anti-New Deal litigation. Some-one protested to the American Bar association and that body's grievance committee has been asked for an opinion on the ethics of the offer. It was reported that the members of the league's committee had been cited for unethical practices, but the bar association denied this had yet been done.

THERE is no lack of potential candidates for the Republican Presidential nomination. The latest boom to be informally launched is for Gov. Alf M. Landon of Kansas, often mentioned as a possibility.

The other day there was a gathering in Topeka of party leaders, including members of the state committee, state office holders, congressmen and Senator Arthur Capper, and after some oratory they unanimously and enthusiastically endorsed the governor for the nomination. Landon had not indicated whether he would be a candidate. If he will, the movement will probably be given formal status at the annual Kansas day dinner in Topeka on January 29, the seventy-fifth anniversary of the state's admission to the Union.

TWO tragic airplane accidents marked the week in the United States. The huge Boeing bombing plane built for the army, largest land plane in the country, was being tested near Dayton, Ohio, when it fell and burst into flames. Maj. P. P. Hall, chief testing pilot, was killed and four others were injured. Lieuts. R. K. Giovannoli and L. F. Harman risked their lives to rescue those trapped in the wreck and were themselves painfully burned.

Another Boeing plane, re-built and undergoing tests by the United Air Lines, crashed against a small hill near Cheyenne and the four occupants were hurled to death.

HONDURAS suffered one of the worst floods in its history. Fully 115 deaths resulted, and the property damage is estimated at \$12,000,000, half of it sustained by the United Fruit company. Reports of the disaster reaching Tegucigalpa were meager and vague, and the mortality list may be greatly increased later.

WANG CHING-WEL, premier of China, and two other officials were wounded by an assassin in Nanking. Martial law was declared there immediately. The Rengo (Japanese) News agency, crediting Chinese sources, said the assassin was a member of the central executive committee of the Kuomintang (ruling Chinese party). Chinese sources asserted he was a citizen of a foreign power. The Reuters (British) News agency reported Wang's assailant was a Japanese newspaper man.

POLITICAL gossip in Washington is that Senator Vic Donahey of Ohio may be invited by the administration to be the Democratic candidate for Vice President next year. Mr. Garner, of course, can have a re-nomination if he really wants it, but there is some reason to believe that he would prefer to retire to private life after nearly forty years of public service. Donahey's impressive victory over Simeon Fess in 1932 and his well known vote-getting ability lead some prominent Democrats to think it would be wise to put him on the ticket as Mr. Roosevelt's running mate.

JIMMY WALKER, former mayor of New York, has ended his three years of self-imposed exile and returned to the metropolis. Tammany Hall, which "made" him politically, took no part in the welcome accorded him, but enough others joined in the affair to fill seven or eight boats that met the liner Manhattan at quarantine. These included delegations from the Friars club, the Lambs club and the Grand Street Boys' association of which Jimmy was vice president. At the docks there was a tremendous throng to greet Walker and his wife, the former Betty Compton.

RELATED reports told of the terrific hurricane that swept across the southern peninsula of Haiti and that was followed by devastating floods. There was no way of estimating the number of fatalities, but they were believed to be as many as two thousand. Entire populations of many valley villages were wiped out.

HUNTING WALRUS IN THE ARCTIC A COMMUNAL AFFAIR

The Alaskan method of hunting walrus in the Arctic is extremely communal. Some of the men in kayaks—the skin boats just large enough for one occupant—take after the big beast and hurl their harpoons into it. The harpoon is in reality a spear with a loose point to which is attached a line ending in a bladder, to keep the walrus afloat after it is dead. Also attached to the line is a kind of drift anchor made of hide stretched across a square wooden frame, which prevents the walrus from traveling too far.

After the harpoon point is secured in the animal's skin, the killing must be done with spears which penetrate the lungs and intestines. This takes time, skill and bravery, as the natives cannot hurl the heavy spears from a great distance, and if the spear sticks in the walrus without killing it, the hunter has to row close enough to the prey to get his spear again, which is very dangerous.

It is always great fun to haul a walrus to shore and cut it up. Every man gets his share, and he knows from long precedent exactly what portion is his. The man who thrusts the first harpoon into the animal is the owner and receives the credit. For this he takes the head, the heart, the left flipper and the guts. Number two takes the right foreport; number three the left rear port, and so on. I was lucky the first time and secured a foreport because I had killed the animal after some one else had harpooned it.—Peter Freuchen in Cosmopolitan.

Canaries at School
The finest canaries are now given a university musical training. First-class musicians are engaged to play to cages of promising young pupils, revealing to them the full range of instruments like the violin, harp, water organ, and chimes. Listening intently, the birds learn to recapture the notes with their wonderful voices. According to one professor a trained canary should be master of the glucke, glucke roll, water glucke, deep bubbling water tour, hollow roll, hollow bell, bell roll, bell tour, bell glucke, water roll, schockel, and futes. These singing lessons are conducted in specially built soundproof laboratories. A discordant note, coming from outside, might easily ruin months of patient tuition.—The Elits Magazine.

WITHOUT FAULT?
The greatest of faults, I should say, is to be conscious of none.—Carlyle.

TRUSTS ELSEWHERE
A man's intuition is as shrewd as a woman's, but he disregards it.

How Calotabs Help Nature To Throw Off a Bad Cold

Millions have found in Calotabs a most valuable aid in the treatment of colds. They take one or two tablets the first night and repeat the third or fifth night if needed.

How do Calotabs help Nature throw off a cold? First, Calotabs is one of the most thorough and dependable of all intestinal eliminants; thus cleansing the intestinal tract of the germ-laden mucus and toxins.

Second, Calotabs are diuretic to the kidneys, promoting the elimination of cold poisons from the system. Thus Calotabs serve the double purpose of a purgative and diuretic, both of which are needed in the treatment of colds.

Calotabs are quite economical; only twenty-five cents for the family package, ten cents for the trial package. (Adv.)

Making Up Mind
When a man has so far made up his mind about a thing that he can

no longer argue freely about that thing, he is mad so far as that thing is concerned.

5 p.m. is a test of how you FEEL



'How do I feel... Swell!—why do you ask?'

IT is all so simple, too! That tired, run-down, exhausted feeling quite often is due to lack of a sufficiency of these oxygen-carrying cells. Just build up these oxygen-carrying cells and the whole body takes on new life... food is really turned into energy and strength... you can't help but feel and look better. S.S.S. Tonic restores deficient red-blood-cells... It also improves the appetite and digestion. It has been the nation's standby for over 100 years... and unless your case is exceptional it should help you, too.

SSS TONIC Makes you feel like yourself again

Sweet Flue
Workmen found that the obstruction which clogged the chimney of

St. Peter's Episcopal rectory at Hebron, Conn., was 40 pounds of honey. They removed the hive.

Never Fails On Baking Days

CLABBER GIRL BAKING POWDER

Buy A Can From Your Grocer Today

A FRIEND INDEED!

WE SHOULD ASK FOR MISS STONE'S RESIGNATION! ANYONE AS IRRITABLE AS SHE IS SHOULDN'T BE TEACHING CHILDREN!

HA! YOU CAUGHT THEM! TALKING ABOUT YOU! GIVE THE OLD CATS A PIECE OF YOUR MIND!

-AND THOSE OLD BUSYBODIES WERE SAYING I WAS CROSS AND IRRITABLE!

WHY THE LITTLE TURN-COAT! AND SHE'S SUPPOSED TO BE YOUR BEST FRIEND!

WELL, HELEN—TRUTHFULLY, I... I MUST AGREE WITH THEM!

I KNOW YOU'RE SUFFERING WITH HEADACHES AND INDIGESTION! I USED TO HAVE THEM, TOO... MY DOCTOR CALLED IT COFFEE-NERVES!

THERE'S A FRIEND FOR YOU! ALWAYS SEEING SOMETHING WRONG WITH YOU! PAY NO ATTENTION TO SUCH GUFF!

I GAVE UP COFFEE AND DRANK POSTUM INSTEAD... AND SOON WAS MY OLD SELF AGAIN! WHY DON'T YOU TRY IT?

WELL...MAYBE I SHOULDN'T DRINK COFFEE! I BELIEVE I WILL TRY POSTUM!

CURSES! ANOTHER VICTIM LOST—ALL ON ACCOUNT OF POSTUM!

CONGRATULATIONS, MISS STONE! I UNDERSTAND YOU HAVE BEEN VOTED THE MOST POPULAR TEACHER IN THE SCHOOL!

I'M SO GLAD SHE CHANGED TO POSTUM! SHE'S BEEN A DIFFERENT WOMAN EVER SINCE!

"I ALWAYS knew coffee was harmful to children... but how could it hurt me?"

"Oh...many adults, too, find that the caffeine in coffee upsets their nerves, causes indigestion or prevents sound sleep!"

If you are bothered by headaches, or indigestion, or can't sleep soundly... try Postum for 30 days. It contains no caffeine. It is simply whole wheat and bran, roasted and slightly sweetened. It's easy to make... costs less than half a cent a cup. It's delicious, too... and may prove a real help. A product of General Foods.

FREE! Let us send you your first week's supply of Postum free! Simply mail coupon.

GENERAL FOODS, Battle Creek, Mich.
Please send me, without cost or obligation, a week's supply of Postum.

Name _____
Street _____
City _____ State _____

Fill in completely—print name and address. If you live in Canada address: General Foods, Ltd., Cobourg, Ont.
(This offer expires July 1, 1936)