THE CENTRE REPORTER, CENTRE HALL. PA.

Curious Beliefs Regarding Snakes

In spite of the great decrease in the number of British reptiles, many superstitions and charms regarding snakes still exist.

The most potent charm against snakes is said to be a milpreve. Really, it is a place of coralline limestone about the size of a pigeon's egg. Oldfashioned people believe that on one night in the year all the adders meet together and start hissing. Their breath forms a bubble which solidifies into the milpreve. Whoever finds it to be finished the following summer on is assured of good luck and immunity from snake bite.

Another superstition is that the breath of snake on a hazel wand will produce a hard stone ring which is an infallible remedy for snake bite.

Many country folk believe that an ash tree will keep off snakes. A peasant couple were horrified to find that their baby shared its morning bowl of milk with an adder. They tied an ash twig round the child's neck, and the snake never came near it again. But the child pined away and died, befollowing summer. moaning the loss of its playfellow, of which it had become very fond, says London Tit-Bits.

Sure Method of Keeping Heels Neat

Sure Method of Keeping Heels Neat Women need no longer have the dis-comfort and untidy appearance of ragged or "run over" heels. They now have available a toplift (bottom cap of heel) that is absolutely flat on the bottom, stays firmly in place and wears and wears. Just ask your repairman to put USKIDE Toplifts on your heels. USKIDE is the famous material that has been giving such remarkable serv-ice as a shoe sole for years. Made by the United States Rubber Company. Wears twice as long as best leather. Important—you can put USKIDE Top-lifts on new shoes.—Adv.

South African Whaling

Remarkably big catches have been

made recently by the whaling fleets of

Durban, Union of South Africa. For

one 24-hour period 42 whales were

taken, weighing approximately 1,890

tons. One whaling company alone had

landed 15 whales while two of their

catches of four and five whates each.

DEMAND "BAYER" ASPIRIN

Aspirin Marked With "Bayer Cross"

Has Been Proved Safe by Millions.

Warning! Unless you see the name

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Aspirin proved safe by millions and

prescribed by physicians for 25 years.

Say "Bayer" when you buy Aspirin.

Imitations may prove dangerous.-Adv.

Wants More Rice Eaten

Dr. K. Sugimoto, a rice expert at-

tached to the Tokyo Nutrition labora-

tory, one of the three special scholars

of the Rockefeller foundation, said

be to teach the people of the United

States "how to eat rice." He has been

making a special study of the nutritive

value of rice for the last five years

To Have a Clear, Sweet Skin

Touch pimples, redness, roughness

or itching, if any, with Cuticura Oint-

ment, then bathe with Guticura Soap

Everywhere 25c each .- Advertisement.

Artificial Silk Expansion

and has experimented on 30 persons.

-Commerce Reports.

Boys Study Leather A junior technical day school for training boys for the boot and shoe

WRIGLEYS

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LASTS

package.

AFTER

Probably one

reason for the

popularity of

keen, digestion goo

WRIGLEY'S is that it lasts

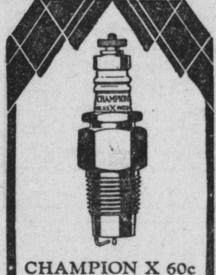
so long and returns such great dividends for so small

an outlay. • It keeps teeth clean, breath sweet, appetite

Fresh and full-flavored

always in its wax-wrapped

trade has been opened in connection with the Cordwainers' Technical college in London, England. The course will be divided between general education and trade subjects.



For more than 13 years standard equipment on Ford Cars, Trucks and Fordson Tractors -ample proof of its

Blue Box for all other cars, 75 cents. The gen-uine have double-ribbed sillimanite cores.

great dependability.

Champion Spark Plug Co.

Cattle Feeders Live Stock Needed Secure Profit

Steers Gaining in Winter Make Best Gains of Year on Summer Grass.

Cattle feeders in the Appalachian mountain region have differed for some time in their opinions regarding the best way to winter steers that are pasture. The general practice in that area has been to winter steers on dry feed, such as hay, corn stover, and wheat straw, and also on corn silage to a less extent, in such a way that they are permitted to lose weight. Some cattlemen hold the idea that it is profitable to permit this loss of weight, which with older steers usually varies from 25 to 100 pounds each. Others believe that cattle wintered on silage, or a ration of which silage is a part, will not do well on grass the

Made Larger Gains.

Some intensive experiments have been in progress since 1914 in cooperation between the United States Department of Agriculture and the West Virginia experiment station, the results of which show that on the whole steers which make larger winter gains also make larger total gains for the year when fattened on grass the following summer.

The results of these tests also showed that the steers which made only slight gains or lost in weight during the winter made greater gains on pasture than steers which made large winter gains. Thus, while the light-winter-fed steers tended to overcome the advantage of the beavierwinter-fed steers they were not able to do so entirely during the grassfattening period. It is important, says the department, that cattle to be mar boats were steaming into Durban with keted early should gain considerably more weight during the winter than if they are marketed late. Whether to feed to make large winter gains or not depends more, perhaps, on the cost of the ration than any other factor.

Cheapest Winter Gains.

however.

tion.

The winter rations which gave the greatest gains and the cheapest gains in these tests were the more succulent ones composed of silage alone, or silage, cottonseed meal, and straw, or silage, legume hay, and straw, as compared to the dry rations of mixed hay and ear corn or mixed hay and wheat straw. The cost of wintering steers is generally two-thirds of the cost of keeping for one year. Therefore the profit depends to a large extent upon the cost of the winter ra-

for Right Farming Soil Fertility Is Not the Only

Big Problem.

Live stock and permanent agriculture have long gone hand in hand. It is a principle as old as agriculture itself that the land needs live stock as truly as live stock needs the land. Neither would one long continue to return a profit without the other. As a rule, the more live stock a farm maintains, the higher the state of fertility.

It is not advisable, however, to overdo the thing. The soil fertility problem is not the only problem the farmer has to face. There is the question of economics always awaiting him. These late years, especially, must he ask himself, "Does it pay?"

It is quite possible to carry the live-stock idea too far, to become overstocked and, because of sanitation, honsing facilities, market conditions, etc., to waste one's profits through over-production. Professor Warren of

Cornell university, who has given a lifelong study to the problems of farm management, says it is safer and usually pays better for the average farmer to keep no more stock than he has feed for, it being advisable in most cases to have a little feed to sell rather than to have to buy it. To be a successful farmer, one must

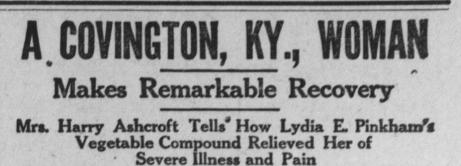
make a comfortable living from the land and leave it more productive than he found it. No method has so far been discovered that can bring about this result so simply and so satisfactorily as a well-balanced system of live stock farming, and the satisfaction and profits derived therefrom will depend in no small degree upon the quality of the live stock.

Animal Diseases Cause

Great Losses to Farmer "Diseases cause the greatest losses in animal husbandry," said Dr. V. A. Moore in a talk at the New York State College of Agriculture at Ithaca. "For that reason their control is of much importance."

Doctor Moore divides the diseases that affect domesticated animals into three groups, epizootic, infectious and "The epizootic diseases, sporadic. such as pleuro-pneumonia and foot-andmouth disease, are better known to the public than are the others at the present time, but the losses from them are smaller than those from other diseases. The epizootic diseases are usually acute, highly infectious, and spread very rapidly.

"The infectious diseases which often take on epizootic form are hog cholera, anthrax. Texas fever. rables, and several poultry diseases. The present



- MRS. HARRY ASHCROFT 632 BEECH AVENUE, COVINGTON, KY.

Covington, Ky.-"I was so weak less for ten years, but the last two and nervous I could hardly do my years was just terrible. I took medihousework as I could not stand be-cause of the bearing-down pains in my back and abdomen. I sat down most of the time and did what I could do in that way as machine dicher did way in the time and did what I could be any change at all. I have taken do in that way—as washing dishes, etc. One day a book describing Lydia E. Pinkham's medicines was put in my mail box. I saw how the Vege-Liver Pills. I can do most of my work table Compound had helped others so now, and I live on a farm and there I gave it a trial. I had to take about a dozen bottles before I gained my strength, but I certainly praise this medicine. Then I took Lydia E. Gilman City, Missouri.

Shuts Off "Snoopers" A device to prevent eavesdropping outside telephone call-boxes is being tried at Fleetwood, England, post office, A "buzzer" has been installed which comes into operation as soon as the caller closes the door. It cannot be heard inside the box, but prevents those outside from overhearing the conversation.

Island in Jeopardy

The picturesque island of Mount Saint (Normandy) appears to be jeopardized as the result of a landslide. Engineers are trying to save the beautiful old abbey which crowns the rock. as it is feared the slide may extend to the foundation.

Anyair of importance is worn by some men and sung by others.



AST

would be so cold I could hardly sit still and in the palms of my hands there would be drops of sweat. I also used the Sanative Wash and I recommend it also. You may pub-lish this letter and I will gladly an-swer letters from women and advise my neighbors about these medicines." Man HARPY ASUCRET 522 Reach -Mrs. HARRY ASHCROFT, 632 Beech Avenue, Covington, Kentucky. Mrs. Boyer Also Found Help Gilman City, Missouri.—"I was in such a condition that I could not eat nor sleep to do me any good and I felt draggy all the time. My head ached, my right side and back would almost kill me at times, and I could be on my feet only a short while at # time. I was irregular and so nervous, irritable and despondent that I thought I could not stand the strain much longer. I had been this way more or

Pinkham's Blood Medicine for poor

blood. I was cold all the time. I would be so cold I could hardly sit

Poverty wants much; avarice every-

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Hot water

thing. Sure Relief



Musically Equipped She-Has your room mate an ear for music? He--Yes! And two hands, one mouth and a saxophone."

their parents.



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COMMERCI	AL CHASSI	15 \$425
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Satisfactory Fattening Ration for Young Geese

A satisfactory ration for fattening young geese would be a mixture of three parts corn meal and one part shorts or low-grade flour with 5 per cent beef scraps added to the mixture. Some feed a little whole corn in addition to the above mixture in order to give variety to the ration. and hot water. Rinse, dry gently and On some of the poultry fattening dust on a little Cuticura Talcum to farms where geese are made a speleave a fascinating fragrance on skin. cialty they scald the corn meal and shorts and then add the meat scraps. Under ordinary circumstances it would hardly pay to go to that much trouble. One plant manufacturing rayon, or It pays the small producer to pen the geese in a quiet place and feed them a mash as outlined above both morning and evening, giving them an amount that the geese would clean up in a reasonable length of time. At noon give some shelled corn for variety. If green feed is available a

small amount of this with the corn

in Protein Supplement

Corn sllage is lacking in one of the

Corn Silage Is Lacking

what lacking in corn silage.

in a few weeks, especially if in rather

thin flesh, should receive some grain.

Grain fed before calving returns an

excellent profit as it enables the cow

to start producing with a good re-

serve of flesh from which to draw.

Equal parts of corn. sorgo, or bar-

ley, and of bran and oats make a

Sowing Rye in Corn

Sowing rye in corn in the fall to be

at calving time.

eonsideration.

would be helpful.

knowledge of the nature of these maladies enables live stock sanitary officials and veterinarians to keep them under control. Infectious abortion in cattle and tuberculosis are very destructive and their prevention would save millions annually. "The sporadic diseases cause the

heaviest losses to live stock owners. They are caused by improper care, improper food, mechanical injuries, poisons, general infections, and parasitisms. Care and prompt attention by competent veterinarians will minimize them. In the prevention of sporadic and infectious diseases the owner has much responsibility.

Oats Fed Advantageously to Breeding Swine Herd

Oats have an important place in the making of hog rations, according to W. E. Carroll, chief of swine husbandry, University of Illinois. When oats are cheap in price compared to corn, they can be fed advantageously to the breeding herd. Oats are too bulky to make a good fattening food. Pigs that are being grown out for the breeding herd as well as mature breeding sows and boars can be fed largely on oats when they are being pastured on good legume pastures.

essential food nutrients, protein, and in order to get the most value from Oats give better results when they the silage ration, protein must be supare ground. This is particularly true plied in the form of a protein concenfor feeding young pigs and for sows trate, such as linseed oll meal or cotjust prior to farrowing time. When a tonseed meal, or in the form of good sow is milking heavy not more than quality legume hay, clover, alfalfa. half the ration should be made of oats. cowpeas or soy-bean hay. For main-Oats can be used for about one-third taining breeding cows or stock cattle. of the ration for fattening hogs when one pound per day of the protein supthey are available. plement, or four or five pounds of the



It's weather-not wear-that de Feed Dry Cows Some Grain stroys machinery. Dry cows that are to freshen with-

> Big yields are evidence that the producer has used thought, skill, and patience. . . . Farm animals must have salt." It

whets the appetite and aids in preventing digestive disturbances,

good feed for the dry cow on pasture. If the pasture fails linseed oil meal Seeding of wheat should be postponed until the safe date in sections may be added. The cow should be where Hessian fly infestation is comin just as good condition as possible mon. . . .

Potatoes, whether for seed or eating purposes, should be stored at temperatures, of not more than 40 degrees plowed under in the spring for corn Fahrenheit.

adds some fresh organic matter which Types of farming vary in profitableacts as a soil stimulant and temporarily increases the crops, but largely ness to about the same extent that at the expense of its future producthey utilize the operator's time the tiveness. Rye aids in getting out some year around. . . .

of the plant food already in the soil a little rapidly. However, it might be Avoid filling the chicken house with wise to use rye for this purpose when chickens beyond its capacity. Each its temporary character is given full bird ought to have at least eight inches of space on the roost.



Why isn't it whipped cream when Don't refer to a woman's age exthe cat gets through licking it? ept by long-distance telephone.



cially prepared for Infants in arms and Children all ages,

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