

POTTERS MILLS.

Mr. and Mrs. Mingle, of Aaronsburg, visited at the McCormick home. Mrs. J. C. McClenahan and son are on the sick list.

Orvis Horner and family spent a short time at the McClenahan home. Frank Palmer and wife, Mrs. Harvey Musser and Mr. Miller attended the funeral of Mr. Mowery at Yeagertown.

Dr. Shad, of York, stopped a short time at the Fred Royer home where he is treating Mrs. Royer for ankle trouble.

SMITH.—Lloyd Jordan Smith was born at Potters Mills on April 25, 1887, died May 3, 1922, making his age 35 years, 8 days. He was ailing over five years, and was very patient with it all. He was converted and joined the Methodist church when twenty years old, under Rev. G. W. McIlvay. In 1912 he went to Johnstown where he united with the Lutheran church and was a faithful member till death. He was also a member of the K. G. E. of Spring Mills, and Woodmen at Johnstown. He leaves a kind and loving wife and six year old daughter; his father and mother, one sister, Mrs. Ruth Thomas, and one brother, J. Roy Smith, of Potters Mills. The writer desires to thank all persons who were so very good and kind during all his illness. "Gone, but not forgotten."

News of the death of David E. Thompson, son of Mrs. Mollie Breon Schmitt, formerly of this place, at his home in Altoona on April 15th, has just been received here. Deceased was a well known resident of Altoona and prominent in fraternal circles in that city. He had attended a banquet in that city the evening before his death, held by a lodge of which he was a popular member, ate heartily and returned home early in the night and on retiring at 10 o'clock seemed in his usual health. Shortly after 4 o'clock Saturday morning, 15th ult., his wife awakened to find him in a serious condition. She quickly summoned a physician but death claimed him before his arrival at the home. Deceased was born in Altoona July 20, 1884, and had resided all his life there. For the past 21 years he was employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad company, being an excellent mechanic. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Jennie Price Thompson, and four children; his step-father and his mother, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Schmitt. He was a member of many fraternal organizations, also St. Luke's Episcopal church. Interment was made at Altoona, the services being in charge of the Knights Templar.

TUSSEYVILLE

Mrs. S. E. Jordan and son Boyd, Mrs. C. P. Ramer and Edgar Miller made a trip to Lewistown on Saturday.

Miss Anna Fortney left Thursday for Boston, Mass., where she will spend several weeks. Her niece, Miss Anna May Dunkle, is attending school there. Miss Martha Yearick, of Georges Valley, spent the week-end with Miss Emily Jordan.

Mr. and Mrs. Blaine Palmer and daughter Gale, of Potters Mills, spent Sunday at the Ramer home.

The members of the W. C. T. U. are preparing for a Mothers Day program for Friday evening of this week, in the Union church.

Presiding Elder T. L. Wentz expects to hold communion service Thursday evening, 25th, in the Evangelical church.

Farm Calendar.

Timely Reminders from The Pennsylvania State College

Farmers' Week.—The annual June Farmers' Week at the Pennsylvania State College is now only a month away, and it is not too early to plan a "between job" outing for a visit to State College. Each year more and more farmers take advantage of this opportunity to see on the grounds just what the college is doing for Pennsylvania agriculture. The dates are June 14, 15 and 16.

Hog Forage.—It is high time for the hog man to be putting in crops for summer forage. Dwarf Essex rape sown now at the rate of eight to ten pounds per acre will make excellent forage for spring pigs by the middle of June.

Caponizing.—If any broilers are to be kept over in the Fall and Winter to be sold as roasters, it is well worth the time and money to caponize them. This is particularly true of the late hatched birds.

Cabbage Maggots.—If the application of tar paper disks to early cabbage plants to prevent injury from maggots has been delayed, the use of corrosive sublimate, one part to a thousand, will still give control if applied within five days after the plants are set.

Peach Orchardists who have not removed the soil banks from around trees that were treated last fall with para-dichloro-benzene to kill borers, should attend to this duty at once so as to avoid any possible injury to the trees.

EMPLOYMENT FOR MILLIONS FROM PULVERIZED MOUNTAINS

Building Stimulates Local Prosperity — Materials Plentiful and Prices Down

(Copyright, 1922, by Real Estate News, Chicago.)

Next to farming, local prosperity depends upon building activity. The reason is plain. Building is the country's second largest industry. It employs millions of workers directly, millions to make the materials for building, and hundreds of thousands in lumbering, quarrying and mining.

Everyone knows that a building shortage exists. One way to restore prosperity then, is by a lively resumption of building. Materials and labor now are plentiful. Costs are lower. Cement will serve as a good example because it goes into nearly all building.

For every ton of cement, 1 1/2 tons of raw materials and coal must be mined, shipped, assembled, dried, ground, weighed, mixed and then fused at about 3,000 degrees to a hard "clinker." This "clinker" must then be ground again, this time to a powder so fine that 78% will pass through a sieve having 40,000 holes per square inch. To make cement, one literally must "tear down a mountain and put it through a sieve." And yet, cement sells at the mill for about \$8.00 per ton! These facts caused the United States Geological Survey a few years ago to say that "one could not scrape the free sand from the gutter for much less cost per barrel."

Cement Competition Keen. That competition has been active is noted in government reports. According to the United States Geological Survey, the production of cement has steadily increased and the price declined. It shows that in 1880, cement sold at \$3.00 a barrel average at the mill; in 1920 at \$2.02; in 1921, at \$1.87. Now it is selling at many large plants as low as \$1.50 a barrel, only half the average price in 1880, and less than the average for the 40-year period covered in the government report.

At one of the country's largest cement plants the price now is 45 1/2% higher than in the pre-war year 1913. The latest report of the United States Department of Labor shows the average price of "all commodities" as 51% higher than 1913. Some of the items whose prices enter into this figure of 51% have undergone radical decreases, while others are very much higher than the average of 51%. Few, if any, items of the former class enter into cement manufacturing costs, but several items of the latter class do affect the cement costs. In fact, the principal elements in these costs are labor, freight rates, coal and limestone.

In February, 1922, the cement plant referred to paid for its coal at mines

203% more than in 1913, for limestone at quarries 60% more and for labor 54% more. Freight rate on coal was 107% greater and on limestone 52% greater. A comparison of these increases with the increase of 48 1/2% in cement price and 51% in the price of "all commodities" is enlightening.

Cement is so widely used that users themselves have standardized it. Today every cement maker, regardless of his brand, meets the specifications set jointly by the United States government and the country's leading engineering societies. All brands of cement, therefore, are alike.

Jevon's Economic Law.

Because of this, the prices of various brands of cement in any given market usually are the same. The reason for this puzzles many. But the answer is simple and well-stated by W. Stanley Jevons, L. L. D., M. A., F. R. S., in his standard work "The Theory of Political Economy," which says:

"If in selling a quantity of perfectly equal and uniform barrels of flour, a merchant arbitrarily fixed different prices on them, a purchaser would, of course, select the cheaper ones. Hence follows what is undoubtedly true—that in the same open market, at any one moment, there cannot be two prices for the same article."

Applying Jevon's economic law, a simple illustration of cement competition may be cited thus: A, B and C are cement makers. Each seeks business at M, a town with a 30-cent freight rate from A, 25 cents from B and 40 cents from C. This gives A a 5-cent advantage over B and 10 cents over C. A figures he can sell at, say, a mill price of \$1.50, so adds the 30 cents freight and quotes \$1.80 at M. Then if B and C want to do business at M they must meet A's price, requiring B to go 5 cents below A in his mill price and C to go 10 cents below A in his mill price. Unless B and C can make the mill price sacrifices required by the market at M as made by A's \$1.80 price, then A will monopolize the market at M.

Similar principles apply to other materials. Prices are not arbitrarily made. They are based upon supply and demand and upon the cost of transportation, raw materials and labor. Supply of labor and materials now is plentiful. We cannot afford longer to delay needed building improvements. This is particularly true because building is so entwined with the nation's prosperity that a full revival of building will hasten a revival of other lines of business.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE First National Bank, at Spring Mills

In the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business on May 5, 1922.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts, including redemptions	\$118,791.19
Overdrafts unsecured	278.19
Deposited to secure circulation (U. S. bonds par value)	25,000.00
All other U. S. Gov't securities	18,639.38
Total U. S. Government securities	43,639.38
Other bonds, stocks, securities, etc.	51,152.00
Furniture and fixtures, \$244,711.71	8,236.49
Legal reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	8,697.13
Cash in vault	13,099.28
Total of Items 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13	13,099.28
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items	45.69
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	1,250.00
Other assets	2,661.98
Total	\$248,426.28
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	25,000.00
Surplus fund	8,000.00
Undivided profits (other than bank deposits), interest, and taxes paid	4,996.98
Circulating notes outstanding	2,946.17-1,150.81
Certified checks outstanding	25,000.00
Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding	5,181.76
Total of Items 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25	5,206.76
Individual deposits subject to check	94,329.45
Dividends unpaid	15.00
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve Items 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31	94,344.45
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)	56,877.77
Other time deposits	8,068.29
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve Items 32, 33 and 34	64,946.06
Bills payable with Federal Reserve Bank	13,400.00
Notes and bills rediscounted	12,059.08
Liabilities other than those above stated	219.17
Total	\$248,426.28

State of Pennsylvania }
County of Centre } ss.

I, S. G. WALKER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

S. G. WALKER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of May, 1922.

C. A. LONG, Notary Public

My commission expires March 6, 1925.

Correct—Attest: W. CAL MEYER, J. H. RISHEL, A. J. SHOOK, Directors.

No. 12192
TREASURY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

Washington, D. C., May 5, 1922.

Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that

"THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CENTRE HALL"

in the Borough of Centre Hall, in the County of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of banking:

Now therefore, I, D. R. Crissinger, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CENTRE HALL," in the Borough of Centre Hall, in the County of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of banking as provided in Section Fifty-one hundred and sixty-nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand [Seal] and seal of office this fifth day of May, 1922.

D. R. CRISSINGER, Comptroller of the Currency.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

Letters of Administration on the estate of JAMES W. SWABB, late of Potter Township, Centre County, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the above estate having been duly granted the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES W. SWABB, Administrator, 603 Linden Hall, Pa.

Automobiles were out in large numbers on Sunday.

Children's MEDICINE

"I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and given it to my children on many occasions and am thoroughly acquainted with its good qualities. Let any one troubled with a cold or cough use it and he will be quickly convinced of its superiority," writes Mrs. C. H. Woods, Decatur, Ill.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is for sale by druggists everywhere, 35 cents per bottle; large size 60 cents.

"Do Rats Talk to Each Other?" Asks Mr. M. Batty, R. I.

"I got five cakes of Rat-Snap and three pieces around feed store. Got about half a dozen dead rats a day for two solid weeks. Suddenly they got fewer. Now we haven't any. Who told them about Rat-Snap. Rats dry up and leave no smell. These sizes: 35c, 65c, \$1.25.

Sold and guaranteed by C. M. Smith, Mable Arney, Centre Hall C. P. Long Co., W. C. Meyer, Spring Mills; Loader's Store Oak Hall.

JAMES W. SWABB

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE LINDEN HALL, CENTRE CO., PA. Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, etc., written and executed with care. All legal business promptly attended to. Special attention given to settling of Estates, Marriage Licenses, Agricultural Licenses, and all other Applications. Blanks kept on hand. Nov. 25, 1922

W. E. BARTGES

...Auctioneer...

Terms Reasonable, Satisfaction Guaranteed. Give me a trial. CENTRE HALL R. D. 1.

FOR SALE—Top buggy, in good condition.—Frank H. Breon, Centre Hall. Bell phone 7482.

Mountain Restaurant

On New State Road Above PLEASANT GAP

OPEN EVERY DAY

QUICK LUNCHEONS, ICE CREAM, SOFT DRINKS, TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES

S. S. HORNER, Proprietor.

COMPLETE LINE OF

CHAMPION FARM MACHINERY and REPAIRS

Be sure you see the Champion Line and get prices before buying any farm implements you may need.

C. E. FLINK - - Centre Hall

Insurance and Real Estate

Want to Buy or Sell?

SEE US FIRST

Chas. D. Bartholomew CENTRE HALL, PA.

IMPORTANT EVENT:

ALTOONA BOOSTER STORES'

DOLLAR DAY

Wednesday, May 31st

Suburban Day

KESSLER'S

IT ISN'T a difficult thing to appreciate fully just why we are all worked up about the New SPRING MERCHANDISE now on view in our store.

There have been few seasons when either the fabrics or models were as attractive as these. In fact we do not see how it would be possible to give more in style or value than we give in this collection. There are novelties, quite natural, and staples for quiet wear.

IN SHOES have every wanted perforation, stitching or finish. Some people want a shoe that is distinctive in looks; some like them severely plain. But all want them to be comfortable always. We can fit you properly, and at a price that you will approve.

Come in and see—no obligation implied—we are glad to see you.

MILLHEIM PENN. KESSLER'S DEPARTMENT STORE

TYPEWRITERS!

All makes and all styles \$15 up. Some that were used and released by the U. S. Gov't. Bargains. State your needs and we will describe and quote. The LINOWRITER, a printing office necessity! Ribbons any color 75¢ delivered. Give name and model. Carbon paper \$2.10 sheets \$1.05 delivery. Empire Type Foundry, Mfg. Wood Type, Metal Type, Printers Supplies, Buffalo, N. Y.

The MAULE SEED BOOK FREE

The wonderful 176-page book gives you the benefit of 40 years of experience as seedsmen, gardeners and farmers. Send a postal for it today. WM. HENRY MAULE, Inc. 2109 Arch St. Phila., Pa.