## THE CENTRE REPORTER. CENTRE HALL, PA.

Aug. 23-Panama agreed to let Costa Rica occupy Coto. Aug. 24 - Japan formally accepted invita-tion to disarmament conference. United States peace treaty with Austria signed in Vienna. Aug. 25-United States signed peace treaty with Germany in Berlin. Aug. 25-United States signed peace treaty with Germany in Berlin. Aug. 27-Turks drove Greeks back across Sakaria river with heavy losses. Aug. 29-Hostilities opened between Hungary and Austria concerning frontier. United States peace treaty with Hum-sary signed in Budapest. Sept. 1-Agreement reached to divide Lithuania into two states, one independ-ent and one controlled by Poland. Sept. 4-Soviet Russia and Afghanistan signed treaty. Sept. 5-League of Nations assembly met in Geneva and elected H. A. Van Karne-bek, Holland, president. Sept. 18-League of Nations assembly elected 11 judges of international court of justice, including John Bassett Moore of the United States. Sept. 24-Allies ordered Hungary to evacuate Burgenland. Sept. 24-Allies ordered Hungary to evacuate Burgenland. Sept. 20-German reichstag ratified peace treaty with United States. Oct. 5-League of Nations assembly ad-journed after re-electing Brazil, China, Beigium and Spain nonpermanent mem-bers of council. Oct. 7-China rejected Japan's proposals for settlement of Sharturns controvers. Aug. 23-Panama agreed to let Costa Rica occupy Coto Chronology of the Year 1921 Compiled by E. W. Pickard



## INTERNATIONAL

Jan. 11-United States withdrew its representatives from council of ambassadors. Jan. 23—President Wilson asked that allies guarantee Russia from outside as-gression preliminary to his undertaking mediation for Armenia. Jan. 25—Supreme council, after reject-ing proposal to turn Austria's financial

ing proposal to turn Austria's financial problem over to the League of Nations, appointed commission to examine eco-nomic status of Europe with reference

to Austria. Jan. 26-Supreme council decided Latvia and Esthonia should be recognized as

and Esthonía should be recognized as sovereign states. Jan. 29-Supreme council fixed German reparations at 225,000,000 gold marks, payable in annual installments, and 12 per cent tax on exports during the period of payment. Feb. 5-France and Poland signed mili-tary agreement for aid against invasion by Germany and Russia. Feb. 19-Azerbaijan declared war on Georgia, and the Reds started attack, taking Tiflis.

taking Tiflis. The United States formally withdrew

The United States formally withdrew from the reparations commission. Feb. 21-Supreme council in London opened Near East conference. Teheran, capital of Persia, taken by rebel Cossacks, and the shah made pris-

oner. Feb. 23-League of Nations council re-ceived protest of United States against in-clusion of island of Yap in territories sub-jected to mandate of Japan, and demand for a voice in disposal of former German

Tor a voice in disposal of former German colonies. Feb. 27-Panamans defeated Costa Ricans in disputed territory of Coto. March 2-League of Nations council re-plied to United States that it was not concerned with the allocation of Yap to Japan, and invited United States to take part in discussions on Turkish and Afri-can mandates. March 3-German counter proposals on reparations rejected by allied supreme council as totally inadequate. Germany given until March 7 to accept terms laid down in Paris. March 8-Occupation of German cities

of the second se

March 16-Trade agreement under which commercial relations will be resumed by Great Britain and Russia signed at Lon-

don. Allies' reparations commission notified German government it must pay \$250,000,-000 before March 23. Russia and Turkey signed treaty; Ar-menia divided among Georgia, Turkey and

Azerbaijan. March 19-Peace signed at Riga by rep-resentatives of Russia, Ukrainia and Po-land.

March I-Plebiscite held in Upper Si-

March 21-Plebiscite held in Upper Si-lesia to determine the future national status of that region. Germany received Si6,000 votes and Poland 383,000. March 23-Germany in her reply to ulti-matum of allied reparations commission refused to pay 1,000,000,000 gold marks due March 23 and disputed commission's fig-ures showing balance of 12,000,000,000 marks due May 1. March 25-Greeks began offensive against Turks in Asia Minor. March 30-Turkey protested to allies against Greek offensive. April 1-Greeks defeated by Turks at Eskishehr.

Jan. 9-British unearthed fish plot to blow up the houses of parliament. Jan. 12-Leygues ministry overthrown by French chamber of deputies. Jan. 12-Briand made premier of France. Jan. 22-Irish leaders opened "major of-Eskishehr. April 2-Washington government in-formed Germany United States would not countenance Germany's escaping full responsibility for the war or getting out of paying its obligations to the limit of her ability. April 5-Secretary of State Hughes sent to allies a note, taking firm stand concern-ing island of Yap, and mandates in gen-

Sept. 29-Lloyd George again invited Sinn Fein to conference in London on Oct. 11. Oct. 2-Spanish troops killed a thousand rebellious Moors in battle. Oct. 10-Central American Union, com-prising Salvador, Honduras and Nica-ragua, established.

Oct. 11-British-Irish conference opened In London.

Oct. 19-Portuguese ministry overthrown by military coup and several cabinet nembers killed. New ministry formed

members killed. New ministry formed by Manuel Coeho. Oct. 21-Premier Lenin of Russia ad-mitted economic defeat of communism. Ex-Emperor Charles and his wife went to Hungary by airpiane and Charles was proclaimed king. Little entente began preparations to attack Oct. 24-Regent Horthy's army defeated the Carlists near Budapest. Charles. Zita, Count Andrassy and other leaders taken prisoner.

Oct. 26-Dr. Wirth formed new minis-

Oct. 25-Dr. Wirth formed new minis-try for Germany. Oct. 29-Council of ambassadors ordered little entente to cease war threats against Hungary, and demanded that Hungary surrender Charles. Oct. 30-President Condra of Paraguay resigned owing to revolutionary move-ment.

ment.

ment. Nov. 1-Former Emperor Charles tak-en to exile at Funchal, Madeira. Petlurist insurgents, invading Ukraine from Rumania, captured Kaminetz-Po-dolsk and all of Podolia. Nov. 3-Premier Hara of Japan assas-ginated

Oct. 7-China rejected Japan's proposals sinated.

Nov. 6-Hungarian national assembly passed law dethroning Charles and oust-ing the Hapsburg dynasty. Alexander sworn in as king of Jugo-6-Hungarian national assembly

lavia. Nov. 12-Viscount Takahashi made pre-

Nov. 12-Viscount Taxanada mier of Japan. Nov. 15-Seven hundred Moplah rebels killed by Gurkha garrison in India. Nov. 17-Serious riots marked arrival of prince of Wales in Bombay. Nov. 22-Engagement of Princess Mary of England and Viscount Lascelles an-

bers of council. Oct. 7--China rejected Japan's proposals for settlement of Shantung controversy. Oct. 10-Division of Silesia decided by League of Nations council. Oct. 13--United States senate ratified treaties of peace with Germany, Austria and Hungary by vote of 66 to 20. Nov. 3--Treaty between France and Turkish Nationalists announced. Nov. 7--Great Britain entered strong protest against Franco-Turkish accord. Nov. 8--Council of ambassadors ap-proved boundaries of Albania. Nov. 9--Allied ambassadors ordered Jugo-Slavs to get out of Albania, but latter continued their invasion. Nov. 12.--Conference on limitation of ar-maments and Far East questions opened in Washington. Secretary of State Hughes announced the American plan-a naval holiday for ten years by Great Britain. Japan and the United States, and the scrapping of all building programs. Nov. 14--President Harding formally proclaimed peace between United States and Germany. of England and Viscount Lascenes an-nounced. Nov. 25—Crown Prince Hirohito made regent of Japan. Nov. 25—Lord Chancellor Birkenhead re-vealed Britain's offer to Ireland of full dominion status with reservations con-cerning tariff and naval facilities. Nov. 25—Uister rejected British plan for Ireland

reland. Dec. 6-British and Sinn Fein signed treaty creating the Irish Free State, withand Germany. Nov. 15-Great Britain, Japan, France

n the empire. Canada Liberals won parliamentary lections, overthrowing Meighen governand Italy accepted American naval limita-tion plan in principle. Nov. 16--China, in the Washington con-

ment. President Herrara of Guatemala ousted

y revolutionists. Dec. 7-King George freed all interned

Nov. 16-China, in the Washington con-ference, asked recognition as an inde-pendent nation, respect for territorial rights, restitution of selzed provinces and regions, abandonment of special foreign privileges, withdrawal of foreign troops, permission to govern her own internal af-fairs, and the open door. League of Nations council met in Paris: Bourgeols of France elected president. Nov. 18-Jugo-Slavia accepted the Al-banian boundaries. Nov. 21-Premier Briand presented to armament conference France's reasons rish prisoners. Dec. 8-De Valera denounced the Irish Dec. 14-Ulster cabinet refused to enter

Irish Free State. Dec. 16-British parliament ratified the Irish treaty.

## DOMESTIC

Nov. 21.-Premier Briand presented to armament conference France's reasons for maintaining large army, setting forth her fears of aggression by Germany, and delegates of other powers pledged France their continued support. Conference committee on Far East adopted "bill of rights" for China. Nov. 25.-Powers in Washington confer-ence agreed in principle to abolition of extraterritorial rights in China. Dec. 10-United States, Great Britain, Japan and France, in Washington con-ference, agreed on treaty to stabilize peace in the Pacific, to last ten years; Anglo-Japanese alliance to be abrogated. Dec. 13.-Four-power Pacific peace treaty signed. Jan. 1-President Wilson sent Gen. Crowder to confer with President of Cuba on conditions in the island. Jan. 2-President Wilson vetoed bill to revive War Finance corporation and sen-ate repassed it. Capitol building of West Virginia de-

stroyed by fire. Jan. 4-House passed bill to revive War Finance corporation, over President's

Jan. 9-President-elect Harding re-

signed as U. S. senator from Ohio. Jan. 17-Congress set limit of regular army at 175,000 men. Jan. 19-House decided its membership should not be increased; 11 states lose

Dec. 13-Four-power Pacific peace treaty signed. Dec. 15-United States, Great Britain and Japan agreed on "5-5-3" naval ratio, with modifications, and on plan to main-tain status quo in Pacific fortifications and naval bases with exceptions. Dec. 14-Germany told allies she could not pay January installments of repara-tions. and eight gain representatives. Jan. 22-Soviet Russian "Ambassador" Martens and his staff deported. Jan. 24-Senate passed the packers' reg-

lation bill. Jan. 31-Supreme court held Judge Land-

is had no lawful right or power to pre side over trial of Victor Berger and oth tions. Dec. 16-France made unexpected de-mands for naval strength.

er Socialists. Feb. 5-President veloed army reduction esolution and house repassed it. Feb. 7-Senate repassed army reduction

Jan. 9-British unearthed Irish plot to

resolution. Feb. 16-Senate passed emergency tar-iff bill. Feb. 19-Harding announced appoint-ment of Charles E. Hughes as secretary of state.

Feb. 21-H. M. Daugherty appointed at-torney general by Harding, and Henry P. Fletcher named under-secretary of senate 7-Tax Revision bill passed by Nov senate. Nov. senate. Nov. 8-John F. Hylan re-elected may-or of New York. E. Lee Trinkle elected governor of Virginia. Democrats won in state. Feb. 22-Harding completed his cabinet by selecting Edwin Denby for secretary of the navy; Herbert Hoover, secretary of commerce, and James J. Davis, secre-iary of labor; Andrew Mellon, secretary of the treasury; John W. Weeks, secre-tary of war; Will Hays, postmaster gen-sral; Henry C. Wallace, secretary of ag-riculture, and Albert B. Fall, secretary of the interfor. Kentucky extended emergency tariff act Nov. 9-America's unknown dead soldier reached Washington and lay in state be-neath the dome of the capitol. J. W. Riddle of Connecticut appointed ambassador to Argentina. Nov. 11-America's Unknown Soldier buried at Arlington on Armistice day. Nov. 18-Senate adopted conference re-port on anti-hore bull the interior. Feb. 25-Senate adopted resolution repealing wartime laws. March 3-President Wilson vetoed emer-gency tariff bill. March 4-Warren G. Harding inaugu-Nov. 13-Benate adopted conference re-port on anti-beer bill. Nov. 19-House passed the maternity bill. Nov. 21-House adopted conference re-port of tax bill. Nov. 22-Porto Rico asked the removal of Governor E. Mont Relly as "incom-March 12-Oklover of the United States. March 11-Ohio National Guardsmen quell race riot at Springfield, O. March 25-Eighteen men indicted in Chi-cago in connection with baseball scan-Nov. 25-Tax and anti-beer bills were enacted into law and special session of congress ended. James C. Davis of Iowa appointed di-March 25-Supreme court held profits from sale of corporate stock and bonds and capital assets are taxable as income. congress ended. Nov. 29-Wood-Forbes commission re-ported against immediate independence for the Philippines and recommended strengthening hand of American govern-ment these and capital assets are taxable as income April 11-Congress met in extra session. Telephone communication between Unit-ed States and Cuba opened by Presidents Harding and Menocal. U. S. Supreme court refused to review convictions of Haywood and 79 other I. W. W.'s. renginening hand ment there. Dec.5-Congress met in regular session. President Harding submitted to con-gress the first national budget, for gov-ernment expenses of 1922, showing reducion of half a bill W. W.'s. April 12-Immediate declaration by con-gress of peace with Germany, complete rejection of the League of Nations cove-nant, and ultimate ratification of such parts of the Versailles treaty as involve American rights and interests proposed by President Harding in his message to tion of half a billion. Dec. 6-President Harding in message suggested labor court to end strikes, de-velopment of co-operative marketing among farmers, decentralization of indus-try, modification of the American valua-tion scheme in tariff bill, and other remedial measures. April 14-George Harvey and Myron D. INDUSTRIAL Herrick nominated ambassadors to Great Britain and France, respectively. April 15-House passed emergency tar-Jan. 3-Supreme Court of United States held that labor unions or their members are accountable to the anti-trust laws where they depart from their "normal and legitimate objects and engage in an Frank White, North Dakota, appointed reasurer of United States. April 2-House passed emergency immiiff bill actual combination or conspiracy in reration bill. April 25-National budget bill passed by Jan. 12-National conference of stat April 28-House passed naval bill carmanufacturers' associations pledged sup-port for open shop movement. Jan. 31-Railway executives asked that April 28-House passed naval bill car-rying \$395,000,00. April 30-Senate adopted Knox resolu-tion declaring war with Germany and Austria at an end. May 2-U. S. Supreme court set aside conviction of Senator Truman S. New-berry of Michigan and 16 others for al-leged violation of federal corrupt prac-tices act, holding the act void. May 3-Senate passed immigration bill. May 5-House passed the budget bill. May 10-House passed the budget bill. May 10-House passed the emergency tariff bill. "national working agreements" be abro-gated, and railroad brotherhoods ap-pealed to President Wilson to prevent wage reductions. Feb. 6-President Wilson declined to in-Feb. 6--President Wilson declined to in-terfere in railway wage controversy. March 5--Wage decreases of 12½ to 15 per cent, affecting over 100,000 employees of packing industry in all parts of the United States, announced. March 22--Representatives of packing in-dustry and its employees reached agree-ment at Washington and prevented threatened strike.

Aug. 19-United States Steel corporation announced further wags reduction for un-skilled labor. Sept. 7-Judge Landis, as arbiter for building trades of Chicago district, re-duced wages 10 to 26 per cent and estab-lished new working rules and conditions. Sept. 15-Big packing companies in-stalled shop representation system. Sept. 20-Open shop for carpenters es-tablished in Chicago. Oct. 15-General rallway strike called. to start October 20. June 22-Charles G. Dawes made direc June 22-Charles G. Dawes made direc-tor of federal budget. June 24-Secretary of the Navy Denby publicly reprimanded Admiral Sims for indiscreet utterances in London speech. C. B. Warren of Detroit appointed am-bassador to Japan and W. M. Collior of Washington ambassador to Chile. June 27-House passed supplementary prohibition law barring medicinal beer and wine

April 6-M. D. Berlitz, founder of ian-guage schools, in New York. April 8-Julie Opp (Mrs. William Faver-aham), actress, in New York. April 9-Archbishop Walsh of Dublin. Sydney Fisher, Canadian statesman. April 10-Federai Judge J. C. Pritchard, formar United States senator, at Asheville, N. C.

April 11-Augusta Victoria, former em-

April 11-Augusta Victoria, former em-press of Germany. April 18-Marshall M. Kirkman, railroad authority and author, in Chicago. April 27-Mrs. Lucy Flower, pioneer edu-cator of Wisconsin and Chicago. April 30-John Robinson, retired circu owner, at Miami, Fia. May 32-Dr. W. R. Brooks, discoverer many comets, at Geneva, N. Y. May 15-Former United Etates Senato T. B. Catron of New Mexico. May 15-W. W. Canada, for 19 years United States consul at Vera Cruz, Mex-ico.

May 18-Franklin K. Lane, former sec-

May 19-Frankin E. At Rochester, Minn. May 19-Edward D. White, chief justice of United States Supreme court, in Wash-

May 21-Mrs. Ella I. Rood, founder of Audubon society, in Chicago. May 25-Emile Combes, French states-

H. B. Ledyard, chairman Michigan Cen-

tral board. May 28-Dr. M. R. Vesnitch, Jugo-Slav

May 28-Dr. M. R. Vesnitch, Jugo-Slav statesman. Very Rev. Dr. Andrew Morrissey, co-adjutor general of the Congregation of the Holy Cross and former president of Notre Dame university. May 29-Brig. Gen. Horace Porter, Civil war veteran and diplomat. in New York. June 5-Rt Hon. William T. Crooks, labor leader of England. June 7-Alvin T. Hert, Republican na-tional committeeman from Kentucky. Brig. Gen. J. W. Ruckman at Brock-line, Mass. June 5-Col. F. W. Galbraith, Jr., na-tional commander of American Legion, killed in automobile accident at Indian-apolis.

June 9-Col. William Hester, president

June 9-Col. William Hester, president Brooklyn Daily Eagle. June 12-Gen. Jose Gomez, former presi-edent of Cuba, in New York. H. C. Ide, former governor general of Philippines. June 15-Judge W. A. Biount of Florida, president American Bar association. June 16-William E. Mason, congress-man-at-large from Illinois. June 22-Dr. Morris Jastrow, Jr., au-thority on Semitic literature. Gen. C. H. Taylor, editor of Boston Globe.

Globe. June 23-Prof. Elias Colbert, veteran journalist and astronomer of Chicago. Charles J. Bonaparte of Baltimore, for-mer cabinet member. June 23-Lady Randolph Churchill, in

June 30-Maj. Gen. Edward Fielding,

vice president Volunteers of America. July 3-John F. Wallace, famous en-gineer, in Washington. July 15-Dr. W. E. Stone, president Pur-due university, killed in mountain climb-

ing accident. July 24-Judge Septimus Hanna, leader

July 24-Judge Septimus Hanna, leader in Christian Science church. July 29-Robert E. Burke, former Demo-cratic leader of Chicago. Charles B. Cory, ornithologist, at Ash-land, Wis. July 21-Edgar Saltus author, in New

July 21-Edgar Saltus, author, in New

July 31-rager Berrie, York city. Aug. 2-Enrico Caruso, operatic tenor, in Naples, Italy. Aug. 6-John G. Jenkins, Wisconsin jur-ist, at Milwaukee. Congressman R. A. James of Virginia. Aug. 8-Thomas S. Howland, vice presi-dent Chicago, Burlington & Quincy rail-

way, in Boston. John D. Spreckles, Jr., in San Fran-

Aug. 11-William C. Hook of Kansas,

Aug. 13-Samuel P. Colt, rubber manu-facturer, at Bristol, R. L. Aug. 17-King Peter of Serbia, at Bei-

Aug. 15-Maj. Gon. Harry A. Greene, U. A., retired, at Oakland, Cal. Demetrios Rhallys, former premier of

Aug. 23-Sir Sam Hughes, Canadian

statesman. Aug. 25-Peter Cooper Hewitt, American

Aug. 20-Freter Cooper Hewitt, American inventor, in Paris. Aug. 21-Field Marshal Count von Bue-ow, in Berlin. Sept. 2-Austin Dobmon, English poet. Sept. 11-Marguns of Milford Haven (Prince Louis of Battenberg), in London.

Prince Louis of Battenberg), in London. Former United States Senator George P. Wetmore of Rhode Island. Sept. 15-Peer O. Stromme, journalist and author, at Madison, Wis. Sept. 15-Rt. Rev. Thomas O'Gorman-Catholic bishop of Sloux Falls, S. D. Sept. 21-Sir Ernest Cassel, British fnancier.

Catholic bishop of Sloux Falls, S. D. Sept. 21-Sir Ernest Cassel, British fnancier. Sept. 28-Engelbert Humperdinck, Ger-

man composer. Oct. 1-Former Federal Judge P. S. Grosscup of Chicago, at sea. Oct. 2-David S. Bispham, American baritone, in New York. Former King William II of Wurtem-

berg. Oct. 12-Philander Case Knox, United States senator from Pennsylvania, Oct. 18-Ludwig III, former king of

Oct. 22-Data wig in, former and of Dataria. Oct. 21-Maj. Gen. W. W. Wotherspoon, U. S. A., retired. Oct. 22-Dr. W. M. King, president emeritus of Cornell college, Iowa. Nov. 3-Dan R. Hanna, capitalist and

ublisher of Cleveland, O. Nov. 5-Rev. Antoinette L. B. Blackwell,

Nov. 5-Rev. Antoinette L. B. Blackwell, first woman ordained as minister in Uni-ted States, at Elizabeth, N. J. Nov. 12-C. H. Prior, ploneer railway builder, in Minneapolis. Mrs. George J. Gould (Edith Kingdon), at Lakewood, N. J. Nov. 20-Lawrence C. Earl, American painter, at Grand Rapids, Mich. Nov. 22-Christine Nilsson, Countess de Casa Miranda, operatic soprano, in Co-

Nov. 22-Christine Nilsson, Countess d Casa Miranda, operatic soprano, in Co

penhagen. Henry M. Hyndman, British Socialist leader. Nov. 24-Ernest Wadsworth Longfellow.

Nov. 24-Ernest Wadsworth Longfellow, artist and last surviving son of the poet Longfellow, in Boston. Nov. 27-Lleut. Col. C. W. Whittlesey, hero of "lost battalion," suicide at sea. Nov. 28-Abdul. Baha Abbas, leader of the Bahaists, at Halfa, Syria. Nov. 29-Ivan Caryil, musical comedy composer, in New York. Lord Mount Stephen, creator of Cana-dian Pacific rallway system. Dec. 10-Sir Arthur Pearson, noted Eng-lish publisher.

Dec. 12-Barlos former sension, noted Eng-ish publisher. Dec. 11-Earl of Halsbury, former Brit-sh lord high chancellor. Dec. 12-H. Clay Evans of Tennessee, former commissioner of pensions. Dec. 15-Congressman J. A. Elston of

California. John W. Duntley, millionaire manufac-turer of pneumatic tools, in Chicago. Dec. 16-Camille Saint-Saens, French

DISASTERS

Jan. 18-Pachuca, Mexico, inundated by reaking of dam; many killed or injured. Jan. 20-British submarine and crew of

6 lost. Jan. 24-Four-million-dollar fire in busi-

Jan. 24-Four-million-dollar fire in busi-ness section of Athens, Ga. Feb. 26-United States destroyer Woolsey sunk in collision off Panama; 16 iost. Feb. 27-Thirty-seven killed and many injured in railway collision at Porter, Ind. March 26-Thousand houses destroyed by fire in Tokyo, Japan. April 1-Fire in Manila rendered 15,000 homeless; damage \$3,000,000. April 14-Four thousand buildings de-stroyed by fre in Hakodate, Japan. April 15-Hundred killed by tornado in southern states.

April 15-Hundred killed by tornad southern states. May 29-United States ambulance p wrecked in storm at Indian Head. Washington: Lleut. Col. Archie M. former Congressman Maurice Connol A. Batchelder and four army o killed.

killed. June 3-Terrible floods in castern rado killed hundreds of persons in Pue and elsewhere and caused vast prope

And elsewhite losses: Aug. 6-Steamer Alaska wrecked near Eureka, Cal.; 45 lives lost. Aug. 24-ZR-2, Elant dirigible built in England for United States, broks in two and exploded over Hull on trial trip; 46 killed, including 16 members of American

Sept. 10-Disastrous flood in San Antonio, Tex., and vicinity; several hundred lives

lost. Sept. 21-About 1,500 killed, thousands in-ured and town of Oppau, Germany, de-stroyed by explosion in nitrate plant,

composer and musician.

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Oct. 22-Nine allied unions refused to support strike by rail brotherhoods. Oct. 25-Raifway labor board announced t would not consider wage cut requests until all working rule questions had been

decided. Oct. 28-Railway strike order cancelled by brotherhood chiefs. Nov. 1-Milk wagon drivers of New York district struck. Nov. 14-Garment workers of New York

Three thousand teamsters of Chicago

struck. Nov. 16—Chicago teamsters' strike ended. Nov. 16—Packing house employees, un-der shop representation plan, voluntarily voted a 10 per cent cut in wages. Dec. 1—Open shop principle for railroad shop crafts recognized in working rules handed down by railway labor board. Dec. 5—Packing industry butchers struck in some cities

a some cities. Supreme Court of United States ruled icketing is illegal, but organizing in non-

nion plants is legal. Dec. 7-Fatal strike riots at Chicago

Dec. 7-Fatal strike riots at Chicago packing plants. Dec. 9-Eastern railroads served notice of reduction of wages for 750,000 employees. Dec. 14-Kansas state troops called out to check riots of striking miners.

SPORTS Jan. 1-California university defeated Jan. 1-California University Gereau Ohio State at football, 28-0. Davis cup won by Tilden and Johnston, American team, in New Zealand.

Davis cup won by Tilden and Johnston, American team, in New Zealand. Jan. 12-Baseball magnates signed agree-ment giving Judge Landis full powers as head of the commission. Jan. 14-Benny Leonard, lightweight champion, defeated Richie Mitchell. Feb. 7-Jack Britton, welterweight cham-pion, defeated Ted Lewis of England. April 12-Baseball season opened. May 30-Tommy Milton in a Frontenac won Indianapolis 600-mile auto race. June 4-University of Illinois won West-ern conference field and track meet. W. T. Tilden of Philadelphia won inter-national tennis championship at Paris. June 5-Suzanne Lenglen beat Molla Malory for woman's tennis championship in Päris.

in Päris. June 6-University of Illinois won West-ern conference baseball championship. June 18-University of Illinois won Na-tional collegiate athletic meet. American team defeated British in first

June 22-American team defeated British in second and final game of polo. June 24-Jock Hutchison, America, and Roger Wethered, England, tied for British

open golf championship. Yale defeated Harvard in annual boat

June 25-Hutchison won play-off for British golf championship. July 2-Jack Dempsey knocked ont Georges Carpentier of France in fourth round of world's championship battle at

Jersey City. July 4-W. T. Hayes of Chicago won clay

court singles tennis championship. July 15-Charles Evans, Jr., of Chicago again won western amateur golf cham-pionship.

pionahip. July 22-James M. Barnes won national open golf championship at Washington. July 22-Yale-Harvard athletes defeated

July 2-jaie-Harvard athetes dereated Cambridge-Oxford team. July 2-Pete Herman won bantamweight title from Joe Lynch. July 2-Bryan Downey knocked out Johnny Wilson in fight for middleweight

championship. Aug. 2-Former members of Chicago White Sox and others acquitted of con-spiracy to "throw" the 1919 world series

ames. Aug. 26-Walter Hagen of New York yon Western Open Golf championship, at

Elveland. Ellis Haak of Canton, O., won Grand

Sept. 24-Jemme Guilford of Boston won ational amateur golf championship. Bept. 25-New York Giants won National

Oct 1-New York Yankees won Ameri-

Oct 1-New John can league pennant. Oct 5-Peter Manning trotted world's record mile in 1:57%. Oct 8-Miss Marion Holling of New York

ron national women's golf championship. Oct. 13-New York Giants won world's

hampionship. Oct. 24-Halifax schooner Bluenose won

Oct. 24-Halitax schooner Bidenose won international fishermen's race. Nov. 19-University of Iowa won West-ern conference football championship. Harvard defeated Yale. Nov. 23-Jake Schaefer won world's balk-line championship. defeating Hoppe. Dec. 17-John Layton won three-cushion championship from Augle Kleckhefer.

AERONAUTICS

Jan. 15-Twelve navy seaplanes com-pleted flight from San Diego, Cal., to the

pleted flight from San Drest Canal zone. April 27-J. T. Christensen, president of Associated Air Mail Pilots, killed in crash

Associated Air Mail Pilots, killed in crash at Cleveland. June 1-Air mail routes, except New York-San Francisco, ordered abandoned. June 5-Laura Bromwell, famous avia-trix, killed by fail of plane. Sept. 20-Swiss balloon won international race cup, traveling from Brussels to Dub-lin.

lin. Sept. 28-Lieut. J. A. MacReady made world's altitude record, 40,800 feet, at Day-

world's altitude record, when rect, at Day-ton, O. Nov. 3-Albert Acosta won Pulitzer trophy at Omaha, flying 150 miles at aver-age speed of 176 miles an hour, world rec-ord for closed course.

NECROLOGY

Jan. 1-John W. Steele, "Coal Oil Johnny," at Fort Crook, Neb. Dr. Theobald von Bethmann-Hollwegg. former imperial German chancellor. Jan. 7-James G. Scripps, newspaper publisher, in California. Jan. 12-Henry Reinhardt, American art collector and dealer. Jan. 21-Congressman Charles Booher of Missouri.

Missouri, Mary W. Whitney, sstronomy professor Mary W. Whithey, Estonomy processor meritus at Vassar. Jan. 29-Frank I. King, grain man and hilanthropist, in Toledo, O. Rear Admiral E. W. Taussig, U. S. N.,

can landscape painter, Jan. 31-Frederick H. Parkhurst, gover-nor of Maine. Feb. 8-Prince Kropotkin, Russian Nihi-

st leader. Feb. 5-Prof. Barrett Wendell of Haf-

Feb. 9-James Gibbons Huneker, author

Feb. 12-Bishop J. P. Farrelly of Roman Catholic diocese of Cleveland, O. Feb. 14-Dr. A. D. Hepburn, former president of Miami university, at Oxford.

Feb. 22-W. F. McCombs, former Demo ratic national chairman, in Greenwich

Conn. Fob. 24-Dr. F. J. V. Skiff, director of Field museum, Chicago. March 1-Nicholas I, king of Monte-

March 2-Representative Champ Clark

Missouri, former speaker. March 8-Thomas H. Paynter, former United States senator from Kentucky, at

March 11-S. W. Burnham, retired pro-fessor of astronomy at University of Chi-cago, at Chicago. March 17-Dr. Frank W. Gunsaulus, edu-

ator, lecturer, minister, at Chicago. March 19-Bert Leston Taylor, journalt, in Chicago. March 24-James Cardinal Gibbons, arch-

olshop of Baltimore and primate of the American Catholic hierarchy, at Balu-nore, Md. March 29-John Burroughs, American

April 2-April - Anter United States sen-ator from Washington. April 2-Annie Louise Cary, once famous prima donna, in Norwalk, Conn.

30-John Francis Murphy, Ameri-

n hour at Detroit. Sept. 19-William Tilden II

games.

decided.

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June 30-William Howard Taft made chief justice of Supreme court of U.S. House adopted modified resolution de-claring war with Germany ended.

1-Senate adopted peace resolution. 2-President Harding signed the July July eace resolution. July 5-Senator J. O. Wolcott of Dela-

ware resigned to become chance

ware resigned to become chancelor of state. July 7-Gen. T. Coleman Du Pont ap-pointed senator from Delaware. July 16-Senate shelved soldler bonus bill indefinitely at President's request. July 20-Senate passed the Sweet bill for soldiers' relief bureau. Gov. Small and Lieut. Gov. Sterling of Illinois indicted on charges of fraud and embezzlement of state funds. July 21-House passed the tariff bill. Aug. 4-Senate passed agricultural cred-its bill.

Aug. S-Senate passed bill prohibiting nedical beer and otherwise amending the

Volstead act. Aug. 9-Sweet soldier relief bill signed by President and Col. C. R. Forbes made director of the veterans' bureau. Bill for federal regulation of boards of trade passed by senate

rade passed by senate. Aug. 20-Tax revision bill passed by

Aug. 22-Senate passed railroad adminis-

Aug. 22-Senate passed railroad administration bill.
Aug. 22-Congress recessed until Sept.
21 after passing \$48,509,000 shipping board deficiency bill and the billion-dollar farm exports credit bill, and extending the dye embargo to Jan. 1. 1922.
Aug. 30-President Harding issued proclamation ordering bands of West Virginia miners to cease insurrectionary movements and disperse.
Bept. 2-Regular army troops sent into the West Virginia mine region.
Gen. Leonard Wood accepted post of governor general of Philippines.
Sept. 3-West Virginia insurgents surrendered to U. 8. troops.
Sept. 3-West Virginia insurgents surrendered to U. 8. troops.
Sept. 9-President Harding appointed Charles E. Hughes, Henry Cabot Lodge, Elihu Root and Oscar W. Underwood to represent U. 8. in conference on limitations.

Sept. 20-Holm O. Bursum elected U. S.

Sept. 20-Monn O. Bursant elected O. S. Sept. 21-Congress reconvened and Pres-ident Harding submitted treatles with Germany, Austria and Hungary. J. C. Grew nominated minister to Switzerland, and Dr. J. D. Prince of New

Switzerland, and Dr. J. D. Prince of New Jersey minister to Denmark. Sept. 25-Conference on unemployment opened in Washington. Sept. 27-Fifty-fifth annual encampment G. A. R. opened in Indianapolis. Bept. 29-Lewis S. Filcher of Brooklyn elected commander-in-chief of G. A. R. Sept. 30-Shipping board and Emergency Fleet corporation separated. Oct 5-John Barton Payne appointed chairman of American Red Cross. William H. Taft sworn in as chief just-ice of Supreme court.

William H. Taft sworn in as chief just-ice of Supreme court. Oct 4-President Harding appointed the following ministers: To Panama, Dr. John Glover South of Kentucky; to Nic-aragua, John E. Ramer of Colorado; to Venezuela, Willis O. Cook of South Da-kota; to Guatemala, Roy Davis of Mis-souri; to Czechoslovakia, Lewis Einstein of New York; to Bulgaria, Charles E. Wilson of Malne; to Finland, Charles L. Kagey of Kansas, and to Siam, Edward E. Brodie of Oregon. Oct 6-Lauritz S. Swenson of Minnesota appointed minister to Sweden. Oct. 10-Senate passed Borah bill ex-empting American coastwise shipping

Oct. 10-Senate passed Boran on ex-empting American coastwise shipping from payment of Panama canal tolls. Oct. 15-Leonard Wood inaugurated gov-ernor general of Philippines. Oct. 25-Governor Frazler and other Nonpartisan league state officials of North

Nonpartnan league state onclais of North Dakota ousted by recall election. Oct. 31-American Legion convention opened in Kansas City. Nov. 1--Cordell Hull of Tennessee elected chairman of Democratic national

March 31-Coal miners of Great Britain went on strike and state of emergency was proclaimed by the king. April 15-Raliway labor board ordered national working agreements terminated

diers of Chicago. May 3-United States Steel corporation announced wage cut of 20 per cent for day labor and reduction of other wages

day labor and reduction of other wages and salaries. May 5-Strike of Chicago stock handlers and job printers ended. May 30-Union bakers of Chicago struck. May 31-Railway labor board announced wage reduction averaging 12 per cent. June 10-Lockout of Chicago building in-dustries ended. Judge Landis chosen ar-biter of wage scale. June 25-Railway shopmen voted to re-tect wage reduction.

June 28-British coal miners' strike set

Railway labor board abolished time-and-a-half pay for overtime work, but extended other national agreements in-

definitely. July 12-Rail labor board ordered wages of railway express employees reduced six cents an hour on August 1.

American Trapshooting handicap. Sept. 5-American tennis team won Davis cup, defeating Japanese. Sept. 6-Miss America II set world's rec-ord for water craft by making \$0.567 miles vommittee. Nov. 2-Lieut. Col. Hanford MacNider of Mason City, Ia., elected national com-mander of American Legion. Nov. 5-Soldier bonus bill defeated in

eral April 3-French government supported United States in Yap controversy. April 20-Japanese cabinet declined to yield on Yap mandate. April 21-Germany asked President Har-ding to act as mediator of reparations dispute, but he refused. April 27-Specific reparations bill of 12,-00,000,000 gold marks presented to Ger-many by allied commission. April 29-Italy indorsed United States position concerning Yap. May 2-United States rejected German reparations proposals as inadequate. France called out troops for occupation of the Ruhr. May 2-Poles invaded Upper Silesia and military law was proclaimed. April 3-French government supported

of the Ruhr. May 3-Poles invaded Upper Silesia and military law was proclaimed. May 4-Poles and plebiscite control forces fought in Upper Silesia. German cabinet resigned as result of reparations dispute. May 5-Supreme council handed Ger-many reparations uitimatum and protocol, granting six days for acceptance; German debt fixed at 135,000,000 gold marks. May 5-President Harding resumed American representation in councils of the allies. May 10-Dr. Wirth formed new ministry for Germany and the reichstag voted, 221 to 175, to accept the allied ultimatum. May 20-France warned Germany the sending of troops or munitions into Upper Silesia would be considered a warlike act. May 22-Organized "volunteer" forces of Germans attacked Poles in Upper Silesia. May 22-Trial of four German solders and officers for war crimes opened in Lepps: May 24-Germany reassured France con-

Leipsig. May 24-Germany reassured France concerning Upper Silesia, and Premier Briand declared he would maintain the entente with Great Britain, Italy and the United

with Great Britain, Italy and the United States. June 4-Lieut. Neumann, who sank Brit-ish hospital ship Dover Castle, acquitted because he obeyed orders. June 7--Great Britain rejected Ger-many's offer of troops for Upper Silesia, and British troops began clearing Poles from disputed territory. June 18--Allies ordered Greeks not to at-tack Turkish Nationalists at present. June 24--Council of League of Nations awarded Aland Islands to Finland. June 25--Greece rejected mediation with Turks, offered by entente, and refused to defer offensive.

defer offensive. Poles agreed to allies' plan for Upper

Silesia June 28-Germany paid 44,000,000 gold

June 30-Greeks opened offensive against Turk Nationalists. July 9-Poles and Russians fighting on

July 9-Poies and Russian's north old German-Russian front. July 10-President Harding informally invited Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan to conference on limitation of ar-maments and on Far Eastern problems, in Washington. China included. July 20-Greeks occupied Eskishehr, Asia Minor

24-Franco - British compromise

July 24-France - British compromise reached on Silesian policy. July 26-Japan accepted invitation to Washington conference, with certain res-

July 27--- United States demanded release

of American prisoners in Russia. July 20-Soviet Russia agreed to release all American prisoners in return for American famine relief. Aug. 10-Supreme council decided on strict neutrality concerning the Greco-Turkish question.

Turkish question. Aug. 11-United States sent formal in-vitations to Washington conference on disarmament and Pacific question, to

vitations to Washington conference on disarmament and Pacific question, to open November II. Aug. 12-Supreme council decided to re-fer the Upper Silesian question to the League of Nations and to send reinforce-ments to Silesia. Aug. 19-Russian soviets and American Relief administration agreed on relief terms. Aug. 21-United States government noti-fied Panama the arbitration award ceding disputed territory to Costa Rica must be accepted, and sent battalion of marines to Panama.

Feb. 4-Greek cabinet headed by Rhalis resigned. is resigned. Feb. 5.—Sultan of Turkey deposed as head of Mohammedan religion by Islam-tic congress at Sivas and Emir Feisal

appointed Feb. 27-Widespread revolt against sovi-

FOREIGN

Feb. Zi-Widespread revoit against sovi-et rule in parts of Russia. March 8-During bombardment of work-ingmen's quarters in Moscow by Bolshev-ist artillery several hundred persons were

cilled or wounded. tilled or wounded. Eduardo Dato, premier and minister of marine, assassinated at Madrid. Spain. March 14-Six Sinn Fein prisoners con-victed of complicity in killing of British woldiers in Ireland hanged in Mount Joy

March 15-Talaat Pasha, former grand

March 15-Talaat Pasha, former grand vizier and Turkish minister of finance, assassinated by Armenian in Berlin. March 24-Fifty communists and police-men killed in Red revolt in industrial re-gions of central Germany. March 27-Former Emperor Charles made attempt to regain throne of Hun-gary, but Regent Horthy refused to yield. March 20-Czechoslovakia, Jugo-Slavia and Rumania mobilized to prevent res-toration of Charles. April 1-Allies' council of ambassadors warned Hungary the restoration of the Hapsburgs would not be tolerated, and Hungarian national assembly condemned attempted coup of Charles. Lord Talbot, leading British Roman Catholic, appointed lord lieutenant of Ireland.

Coal miners of Great Britain struck. April 5-Former Emperor Charles left Hungary for Switzerland. April 7-Dr. Sun Yat Sen elected Presi-dent of Republic of South China. April 9-National Bank of Cuba sus-pended.

April 14-British transport workers and railway men decided not to join in

strike. April 17-U. S. government decided Dr. Alfredo Zayas was elected president of Cuba in November. April 18-Province of Ontario, Canada, voted 'Upped ary '

voted "bone dry." April 29-Alfredo Zayas proclaimed President-elect of Cuba. British coal strike negotiations aban-

May 10-Dr. Wirth became German

doned. May 10-Dr. Wirth became German chancellor. May 22-Serious anti-British outbreak in Alexandria, Egypt. May 25-Dublin custom house burned by Sinn Feiners. Vialivostok seized by anti-Bolshevists. June 7-New parliament of Northern Ireland organized in Belfast. June 22-King George formally opened the Uister parliament. June 25-Lloyd George Invited De Val-era to a conference on Ireland. July 9-De Valera agreed to conference in London and cessation of all hostilities in Ireland was announced. July 21-De Valera received British of-fer for settlement of Irish troubles and took it to Dublin. Aug. 9-Soviet Russian government abandoned state ownership of all but a few of the largest industries. Aug. 11-Baron Byng of Vimy Ridge in-augurated governor general of Canada. Aug. 21-Alexander proclaimed king of the Serbians, Croats and Slovenes. Aug. 22-Emit Feisal became king of the Irak region, the new Arab state of Meso-potamia. Aug. 26-The Irish refused Britain's of-

Aug. 25-The Irish refused Britain's of-fer and Lloyd George warned them against delaying settlement. Mathias Erzberger, German statesman,

Aug. 27.-Malabar district of British In-

Austria terminated. June 17-Senate passed meat packer con-trol bill.

METERS ..... Frantine

May 12-House passed Tincher bill to regulate dealings in grain futures. Gen. Pershing made chief of staff of

May 17-General reduction of all rallway wages decided on by federal rallway la-May in-rages decided on by federal railway la-por board. Richard Washburn Child nominated am-bassador to Italy, and Dr. Jacob Gould Schurman minister to China. May 25-Senate adopted unanimously Borah disarmament amendment to naval

national working agreement of the second sec

bill. Censorship of press by Post Office de-partment abolished. May 31-Great race riots in Tulsa, Okla.; 35 killed, many wounded; negro quarter of city burned. June 1-Senate passed navy appropria-tion bill carrying \$494,000,000. June 2-House passed meat packer con-treat bill.

June 2-House passed meat packer con-trol bill. Senate passed \$50,000,000 farm loan bill. June &-A. D. Lasker of Chicago ap-pointed chairman of U. S. shipping board. John T. Adams of lowa elected chair-man Republican national committee. Senate passed army bill, providing for army of 150,000. June 11-Roy A. Haynes, Ohio, took of-fice as national prohibition commissioner. June 12-House adopted Porter resolu-tion declaring, war with Germany and Austria terminated.