

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine



Beware! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Take Aspirin only as told in the Bayer package for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago, and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve Bayer Tablets of Aspirin cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. —Adv.

Man wants but little here below, but woman wants a lot when she can get it below cost.

A Feeling of Security

You naturally feel secure when you know that the medicine you are about to take is absolutely pure and contains no harmful or habit producing drugs. Such a medicine is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, kidney, liver and bladder remedy. The same standard of purity, strength and excellence is maintained in every bottle of Swamp-Root. It is scientifically compounded from vegetable herbs. It is not a stimulant and is taken in teaspoonful doses. It is not recommended for everything. It is nature's great helper in relieving and overcoming kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

A sworn statement of purity is with every bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. If you need a medicine, you should have the best. On sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large. However, if you wish first to try this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Internationalism is destructive of patriotism. Destroy patriotism and you destroy civilization.

Notoriety pays immediately; fame not always.

SUREST WAY TO HATCH TURKEYS

Hen Is Faithful if She Is Given Proper Management and Kept Free From Vermin.

CLEANLINESS IS ESSENTIAL

Nests Hollowed Out on Ground, Covered With Straw and Carefully Protected Are Ideal—Exercise Is Imperative.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Chicken hens and incubators can be and often are used successfully for hatching turkey eggs, but the surest means, United States Department of Agriculture poultry specialists say, is to use the turkey hen and give her proper management. Turkey hens are close sitters and will cover, so there will be no danger of chilling, from 15 to 18 eggs, depending on the size of the hen.

Nests for setting turkey and chicken hens are best made on the ground by hollowing out a little earth, so that the center is deep enough to keep the eggs from rolling out of the nest. A thin covering of clean straw or hay can then be used to prevent the eggs from being directly on the ground, and a large, roomy coop should be placed over the nest to keep the hen from being disturbed. When a number of hens are to be set, a long row of nests can easily be made on the ground, separating them with board partitions. If this is done care must be taken to see that when the hen comes off the nests each returns to the right one instead of crowding into a nest with another hen and leaving some of the eggs to become chilled. With only a few hens it is better to set them some distance apart, as they will then require less attention.

When a Hen's in Earnest.

When a hen becomes broody and shows that she is earnest by remaining on her nest for two or three nights, she may safely be trusted with the eggs, provided she is allowed to sit in that nest. If she is to be set in another nest, as is usually the case, then she should be removed to the new nest, preferably after dark, given a few nest eggs, and shut in to prevent her from returning to the old one. If she sits quietly on the nest eggs she should be taken off on the evening of the following day, and the eggs to be incubated placed in the nest. On being freed, she probably will return to her old nest; if so, she should be carried back and set quiet



Large Roomy Coop Should Be Used Over Turkey Hen While She Is Sitting.

ly on the eggs. She should be handled in this manner until on being let off she returns to the new nest rather than to the old one. It sometimes takes only two or three days, and seldom more than a week, to break a hen from returning to her old nest. Turkey hens do not ordinarily come off for feed and water more than once every two or three days, but when confined they should have a chance to come off every day. Occasionally a turkey hen does not come off at all, and in such case she should be taken off once a day, as otherwise she will die on the nest.

On coming off her nest the first thing a turkey hen does is to stretch her wings, step gingerly for a few steps, and then she often takes a running start and flies for a short distance. Exercise of this sort helps greatly to keep a sitting hen in good condition, and for this reason it is not well to confine her to a small space. A dust bath is greatly enjoyed by sitting hens, and helps to keep them free from vermin. Whole corn is a good feed, and fresh water and grit should always be accessible.

Lice are a great annoyance to sitting hens, and are one of the worst enemies of young pouls. To prevent their getting a start, the hen should be dusted thoroughly with sodium fluoride or some good lice powder before she is placed on the nest. The nesting material should be kept clean, and if the eggs become dirty they should be washed with a soft cloth dipped in lukewarm water. Just before the pouls are to hatch, the old nesting material should be replaced with clean straw.

Incubation Period.

The incubation period of turkey eggs is 28 days. The first egg is usually piped during the first part of the twenty-seventh day, the first poult hatched by the middle of that day, and the hatch completed at the end of 28 days, although in extreme cases all the pouls are not hatched before the end of 30 days. Turkey eggs are tested for fertility and for dead germs, as a rule, on the tenth and twentieth days.

WART DISEASE HITS ROOTS OF TOMATOES

Injury Probably Does Not Reduce Yield of Fruit.

Affected Plants Serve to Carry Allment Over From Year to Year in Absence of Potatoes—Other Plants Suspected.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Recent investigations made by the United States Department of Agriculture on the control of the potato wart disease, a European trouble found in this country in 1918, disclosed the fact that this disease also attacks tomatoes. Out of 28 varieties of tomatoes planted in wart-infested gardens in eastern Pennsylvania in 1920, 26 were found to be susceptible to the disease.

Wart is a very serious disease of potatoes, causing practically a total loss in badly infested soil. It attacks the tubers, causing warty outgrowths, which may practically cover or consume the potatoes. Its present known occurrence in the United States is con-



There Is Much Satisfaction in Producing Tomatoes of the Finest Quality.

fined to gardens in a few mining villages in Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Maryland, from which its spread is restricted by state quarantine laws. The disease attacks only the stems and roots of the tomato plant, causing small warts; it probably does not reduce the yield of fruit.

The importance of the discovery of the susceptibility of tomatoes to potato wart lies in the fact that affected tomato plants will serve to carry the disease over from year to year in the absence of potatoes, and to introduce it into new localities through the transplanting of tomato seedlings grown in infested soil. It is not yet known definitely whether all varieties of tomatoes are susceptible to the wart disease, but it is feared that such may be the case. Other plants belonging to the potato family are suspected of being susceptible to wart, and some of these have been tested, but with inconclusive results. These tests will be repeated.

GOOD INCUBATION HINTS

Follow the manufacturer's directions in setting up and operating an incubator.

See that the incubator runs steadily at the desired temperature before filling it with eggs. Do not add fresh eggs to a tray containing those which are undergoing incubation.

Turn the eggs twice daily after the second and until the nineteenth day. Turn them before caring for the lamps. Cool them once daily, according to the weather, during this period.

Attend to the machine carefully at regular hours. Keep the lamp and wick clean. Test the eggs on the seventh and fourteenth days.

Do not open the machine after the eighteenth day unless the chickens are hatched.

BEST TIME TO CUT COWPEAS

Most Desirable Quality of Hay Produced if Cut When Pods Are Full-Grown and Matured.

As a rule cowpeas should not be cut for hay before the pods begin to turn yellow. The best quality is produced and the hay cures most readily if the vines are cut when most of the pods are full grown and a considerable number of them are mature. At that stage of growth none of the best hay varieties will have dropped their leaves and the plants will have practically attained their full growth.

IMPORTANCE OF FARM DIARY

Among Other Things It Will Prevent Paying Same Bill Twice if Record Is Made.

A farm diary may save paying the same bill twice, since it may be used as a record of all credit business done by the farm. Specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture suggest that blank pages in the back of the diary be used for such accounts.

PROMINENT NEW YORK MAN PRAISES TANLAC

John F. Hyatt, of Albany, N. Y., Is Relieved of Severe Attack of Rheumatism of Many Years' Standing.



JOHN F. HYATT
227 Pearl St., Albany, N. Y.

"I am now seventy-two years old and am just getting rid of a fifteen-year case of rheumatism that had me so crippled up I could not walk," said John F. Hyatt, 227 Pearl St., Albany, N. Y., in relating his remarkable experience with Tanlac, recently. Mr. Hyatt was chairman of the committee in charge of building the Albany County Courthouse and was four times elected a member of the County Board of Supervisors. At present Mr. Hyatt is Assistant Superintendent of the Albany County Courthouse, with offices in the building.

"I don't believe," he continued, "anybody could have rheumatism any worse than I did, and my case was of such long standing I didn't expect to ever get over it. I was unable to walk except for a short distance, supported with a cane, and even then the pains struck me every time I took a step. My legs, hips and ankles hurt something awful and my joints were stiff and aching. I couldn't cross my leg without having to lift it up with my hands, and to turn over in bed, why, the pains nearly killed me.

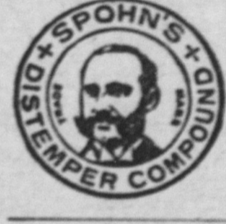
"My appetite was gone and the sight of food nauseated me. My stomach was out of order, and I had a sluggish, heavy feeling all the time. I was weak, off in weight and discouraged so that it looked like I might as well quit trying to ever get well.

"I had no idea Tanlac would relieve my rheumatism when I began taking it last Spring. I took it because I saw where it would give a fellow an

appetite. Well, sir, I was the most surprised I ever was in my life when the rheumatic pains began to ease up. I took seven bottles in all and, it's a fact, I didn't have an ache about me, was eating fine and simply felt like I had been made over again.

"I have been in the best of health ever since, with only a slight twinge of rheumatism at intervals. I do not need my cane now, but as I had been unable to walk without it for several years, I get into the habit of carrying it and so still take it along. I am enjoying life and health once more and can conscientiously recommend Tanlac as the greatest medicine I have ever run across in all my experience."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.—Adv.



Spohn's Distemper Compound

will knock it in very short time. At the first sign of a cough or cold in your horse, give a few doses of "SPOHN'S." It will act on the glands, eliminate the disease germ and prevent further destruction of body by disease. "SPOHN'S" has been the standard remedy for DISTEMPER, INFLUENZA, PINK EYE, CATARRHAL FEVER, COUGHS and COLDS for a quarter of a century. 50 cents and \$1.15 per bottle at all drug stores. SPOHN MEDICAL COMPANY, GOSHEN, IND.

Great Chance. "Come on, wife, we must go to the party."

"I won't start yet. It is fashionable to be late." "And that's why I want to go early. The host is nervous and the hostess isn't watching him. I've had many little nips handed me under those circumstances."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Interesting the Girls. "A few girls are wearing my leather coats."

"Well?" "I'd like to interest more ladies. I guess what I need is a scheme for manufacturing leather ruffles."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Luck is nothing but common sense.

Naturally Indignant. "You told her you couldn't live without her?"

"Of course." "And she was not impressed?" "Not a bit. Would you say a young woman was impressed when she received the most solemn declaration a man could make to her by merely opening her mouth and putting another bon-bon in it?"—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Lived Up to His Motto. "Give and take is my motto," remarked the thug as he bestowed upon the citizen a scientific rap upon the occiput and then abstracted his valuables.

Children speak the truth—until scared out of it.



Are You Pale? Thin? Weak? Enrich Your Blood!

Read this carefully: If your blood were rich and wholesome, you would not be pale; if your blood were rich and nourishing, you would not be thin; if your blood were rich and vigorous, filled with red corpuscles, you would not be weak.

Poor, disordered blood is responsible for a host of ills and weaknesses. If you would attain ruddy health, a robust body, and muscular strength, you must first provide yourself with that which builds all these—a rich, wholesome, nourishing blood supply! Any doctor will tell you that.

Why suffer longer with allow-

ness, thinness or weakness, when thousands have remedied their conditions by taking S.S.S., the famous old blood remedy compounded of fresh herbs just as the Indians made it?

S.S.S., by driving impurities from the blood and helping to put red corpuscles in, lays the foundation for sturdy, vigorous health.

If you want this, don't wait longer, but get a bottle of S.S.S. from your druggist right now while you are thinking of it. Begin taking, and then write in detail about your condition to Chief Medical Advisor, S.S.S. Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Georgia. He will give you individual medical advice free.

S.S.S.
FOR THE BLOOD
Standard for over 50 years

Swift Specific Co., Dept. 867, Atlanta, Ga.
Please send me your free booklet on S.S.S.
Name _____
St. or R. F. D. _____
Town _____ State _____

KNEW FEATHER WAS THERE

Young Lady Altogether Unnecessarily Worried Over the Appearance of Strange Old Gentleman.

One day while in a railroad station in New York, I was sitting, waiting for the time to pass for my train. There came in a well-dressed and rather old man who had a bright burnt-orange feather in the ribbon of his felt hat.

It being my first trip East, and not knowing it was the custom for men to wear a bright-colored feather in their hats, I walked up and said: "Pardon me, sir, but you have a feather in your hat." He was quite deaf, so I found I had to speak in a loud voice in order to make him hear. I repeated the statement three times until I saw everyone near me smiling.

The old man laughingly said, "Oh, that is the style, miss." I was so embarrassed that my train did not come too quick for me.—Chicago Tribune.

Choice of Evils. "Mr. Twobble is a considerate father."

"How is that?" "When he starts to chastise little Thomas Twobble, he says, 'Hair brush or slipper son?'"

He who is wedded to art should have a model wife.

WHEN THE HORSES LAUGHED

Possibly the Animals Had Their Own Opinion About That Little "Swapping" Episode.

"Hello," says he. "Hello," says I. I never seed the man afore. "Swap?" says he. "Dunno," says I. "Mebbe, mebbe, I ain't shore." "The bay," says he. "The gray," says I. "Swap?" says we and both un-

hitched. "Fine boss," says he. "Of course," says I. And in a moment we had switched. "Giddap," says he. "Giddap," says I. And both them horses stood stock still.

"He's balked?" says I. "Gosh, yes," says he. "Mine, too," says I and laughed to kill. "Good day," says he. "Good day," says I. "Best joke, b'gosh, I ever see."—Exchange.

Qualified. "Do you think you could learn to love a mere man?" "Oh, yes; I went to a co-ed school."

Nothing succeeds like the officeholder's successor.

He Turned the Corner—

The man in the fog thought he was lost, but he turned the corner — there was his own home!

To many, troubled with disturbed nerves and digestion due to coffee drinking, help has seemed a long way off, but they found in

POSTUM CEREAL

at the corner grocery

a delicious, satisfying table drink that makes for health and comfort.

"There's a Reason"

Made by Postum Cereal Company, Inc. Battle Creek, Mich.

