

WILSON URGES ALL TO PULL TOGETHER

President's First Speeches Since the Election.

NO PARTISAN FEELING NOW

President Serves As One Of the Godfathers For Mrs. Sayre's Baby and Makes An Address To the Students Of Williams College.

Williamstown, Mass.—"Now that the campaign is over we may all address ourselves to the welfare of the nation without thought of partisan feeling," declared President Wilson in his first public speech since the national election, delivered before a delegation of Williamstown residents and Williams College students.

The President was welcomed by the students and townspeople after the christening of Eleanor Axson Sayre, the second child of his daughter, Mrs. Francis B. Sayre, and for whom he stood as godfather.

Students Cheer Him.

Soon after his arrival at the home of his son-in-law, assistant to the president of Williams College, the delegation, headed by President H. A. Garfield, of the college, marched to the Sayre home. The President spoke from the porch of the house and was cheered enthusiastically by the students.

"I came here to forget the field of politics and for a brief rest. I came simply to visit my daughter and to attend a simple ceremony here today," he said. "Now that the campaign is over we may all address ourselves to the welfare of the nation without thought of partisan feeling."

The President referred to his service as chief executive of Princeton University, saying he knew from experience there was politics even in the running of a college.

Politics As a Means.

"Politics," he continued, "is after all a means of getting something done, of putting forward ideas. It is a fight, but the man who does not love the fight has no red blood in his veins."

Mr. Wilson told a story of a man having a vision in which he was offered a horn and a sword and chose the horn. Immediately the vision vanished and the man was cursed for taking the horn before the sword. He told the story to illustrate the necessity for fighting.

Urges United Service.

A second speech was delivered by the President at night before several thousand persons who came from nearby towns to congratulate him on his re-election. He said:

"I want to say that now the campaign is over we must think of only one thing, and that is not of parties, but of the interest of the great country we all love. Let us forget all our differences and unite for common service. Only in that way can we work for the great nation that has given us liberty and peace."

JAPAN YIELDS TO U. S.

Will Not Try to Hold the Islands in South Sea.

Tokyo.—Japan has agreed not to make a part of her peace conference demands the right to hold permanently the South sea islands which were wrested from Germany at the outbreak of the war. Several of these islands which belong to the Caroline and Marianne groups lie not far from the American island of Guam, the American terminus of the Pacific cable.

It is understood the United States has informally expressed a desire that these islands should not become the permanent property of the Japanese Empire.

Inasmuch as they were captured through the joint operations of the British and Japanese fleets it is understood the United States first took up the question with Great Britain and that a joint suggestion was made by Great Britain and the United States that Japan should not insist upon the permanent maintenance of the islands.

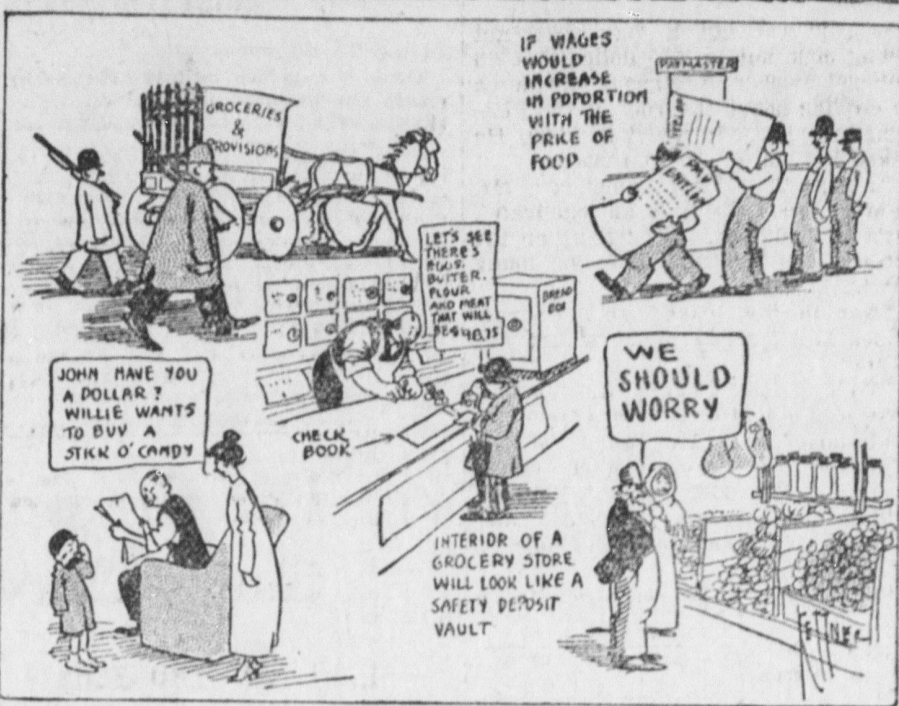
In view of Japan's promise to accede to the joint request it is believed likely that Japan at the peace conference will seek compensation in some other direction, perhaps in the affirmation of her rights in the Chinese peninsula of Shantung, of which Kiau Chau is the great naval base.

"DRYS" HAVE BIG PROGRAM.

Anti-Saloon League Encouraged By Victories In Four States.

Washington.—The legislative committee of the Anti-Saloon League of America issued a statement here commenting on the prohibition victories Tuesday, when Michigan, Nebraska, Montana and South Dakota joined the list of state-wide prohibition States, and declaring that Congress this winter should pass the Federal amendment resolution, make the District of Columbia "dry" and deny the mails to liquor advertising.

IF FOOD PRICES KEEP SOARING



GERMANY WOULD WORK FOR PEACE

Is Ready to Join World League Move After War.

CHANCELLOR MAKES PLEDGE

Germany Will Co-operate in Forming An International League to Procure Lasting Peace—Answers Lord Grey's Charges.

Berlin.—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg announced that after the ending of the war Germany would co-operate in an endeavor to find a practical means for procuring a lasting peace by means of an international league.

In an address, which was a reply to the speech of Earl Grey, the British Foreign Secretary, made in the House of Commons recently, the Chancellor said:

"Germany will honestly co-operate in examination of every endeavor to find a practical solution and will collaborate for its possible realization. This all the more if the war, as we expect and trust, shall create political conditions that do full justice to the free development of all nations, of small as well as great nations. Then the principle of justice and free development, not only on the Continent, but also on the seas, must be made valid. This, to be sure, Lord Grey did not mention."

Says Britain Would Dominate.

The Chancellor pointed out that Lord Grey's ideas in regard to international guarantees of peace seemed to possess a peculiar character in that they took into consideration only British wants. Neutrals, which, during the war, had to accept in silence British domination of the seas were to form a union after the war when, England hopes, she will have conquered Germany, in order to guarantee that the British plans will prevail under the new condition.

The Chancellor said it was known on reliable authority that in 1915 Great Britain and France promised to Russia dictatorial domination of Constantinople, the Bosphorus and the west shore of the Dardanelles, with the hinterland, and that Asia Minor should be divided among the Entente Powers. These plans, he continued, probably were of interest for neutrals, who were expected to guarantee this order of things.

Hits At Aggressive Coalition.

"Such a policy of brute force," the Chancellor added, "cannot be the basis of an efficient international league for peace. These are the plans of our enemies for annexation, to which must be added Alsace and Lorraine; while I have never designated the annexation of Belgium as our intention when I spoke about the aims of the war."

"The first condition for the evolution of international relations by way of arbitration and peaceful compromise of conflicting interests ought to be that no more aggressive coalitions be formed," the Chancellor continued. "Germany is at all times ready to enter a league of peace which will restrain the perturbator of peace."

Contradicts Lord Grey.

"Lord Grey says that Germany, with her first offer of Belgian and French integrity, wanted to purchase from England permission to take of the French colonies whatever she pleased. Even to the most insane person in Germany it never occurred to assault France in order to rob her of her colonies. It was not this which was Europe's doom, but the fact that the British Government favored French and Russian plans of conquest, which could not be obtained without a European war."

HENRY OF BAVARIA KILLED.

Nephew of King Louis and Commanded Battalion.

Berlin.—Prince Henry of Bavaria, nephew of King Louis and commander of a battalion of the King's Own Infantry, has been killed in battle. The Prince's mother has gone to the front to bring back the body of her only child.

UNITED STATES WARNED MEXICO

To Permit No U-Boat Base on the Gulf Coast.

IS RESENTED BY CARRANZA

Answer To Threat Of "Drastic Measures" Apparently Admits Charges and Tells British Government To Act For Itself.

Mexico City.—The Mexican Government has been notified by the British Ambassador at Washington of the presence of German submarines in the Gulf of Mexico, and has been warned that the allies will take "drastic measures" if the undersea craft receive aid from Mexican ports or sources.

This information was made public by Foreign Minister Aguilar, who issued the text of a note received from the British Ambassador through the United States Secretary of State Lansing and Charge d'Affaires Charles B. Parker.

Rebukes Great Britain.

The British note demands a strict censorship of the Mexican wireless, and says that any failure to maintain Mexican neutrality will be attended by disastrous results. In his reply, addressed to Mr. Parker, Senor Aguilar says that it seems strange to the Mexican Government that Great Britain should use the United States State Department as an intermediary on a point concerning Mexico alone, especially when Great Britain has an accredited representative to Mexico.

The reply says that the Mexican Government will, for this time only answer the representations of the British Government through Mr. Parker.

Tells British To Act.

Foreign Minister Aguilar states that the Mexican Government feels it unjust for the allies to hold Mexico responsible for submarine activities in the Gulf when the same submarines arrived in American ports and sank ships in American territorial waters without causing conflicts or difficulties between Germany and the United States. He adds that Mexico desires to retain cordial relations with Great Britain and to this end suggests that the English fleet prevent the German submarines from leaving their base thus obviating to the Mexican Government disagreeable incidents caused by the European conflict.

If such measures by England are not efficacious, the Foreign Minister concludes, the Mexican Government will take such measures as the circumstances direct should German submarines enter Mexican waters.

MANY HAVE SIGHT RESTORED.

Free Clinics in West Virginia Fighting Trachoma.

Williamson, W. Va.—Many persons who have been blind for years have had their sight restored as a result of the free clinic being conducted here through the co-operation of the United States Public Health Service and the State Department of Health. Of the 37 persons examined 25 were found to have trachoma. Dr. H. B. Wood is representing the State Department at the clinic. One woman who had been blind 41 years had her sight restored and one man who was blind three months can now see as the result of an operation.

MRS. ODENHEIMER WINS OUT.

Re-Elected President of Daughters of Confederacy.

Dallas, Texas.—Mrs. Frank G. Odenheimer, of Maryland, was re-elected president of the United Daughters of the Confederacy by a vote of 2,134 to 20. Recommendations included in the report of the executive board exonerating Mrs. Odenheimer of alleged partiality in connection with deciding the Maryland presidency of the organization were adopted by the general convention of the organization in session here.

NO BASIS IN FACT

Roosevelt's Idle Talk Concerning Germany and Venezuela.

Ex-President's Claim That His Action Forced the Kaiser's Government to Submit to Arbitration is Laughable.

"When I was president and Germany wanted to assume control of part of Venezuela temporarily I got Dewey and had every ship in the fleet ready south of Porto Rico. And I got the arbitration I asked for because Germany knew I meant what I said. If it had been otherwise we would have had a German stronghold in Venezuela, and most of the present war would have been fought right at our front door."—Theodore Roosevelt.

Mr. Roosevelt does not explain in detail just how the establishment of a German stronghold in Venezuela would have brought the present war to our front door. The capture of Paris or Petrograd by way of Venezuela would have been a flanking movement of very considerable dimensions. But that is a detail. What it is well to remember concerning Germany and Venezuela is that associated with Germany in the pressure against Venezuela for the payment of her debts were Great Britain and Italy, and that France on her own account had broken relations with the Venezuelan government. We are asked to believe that Great Britain was helping Germany to establish a stronghold in Venezuela, and that only Mr. Roosevelt's drastic action frustrated the nefarious scheme. To compare Venezuela with the European war is to compare a backyard snudge with a conflagration.

What Wilson Should Have Done.

At last the final and authoritative judgment has been pronounced upon President Wilson's successful efforts to prevent a railroad strike. Theodore Roosevelt says:

"My action in the anthracite coal strike is the method, in my opinion, by which such situations should be handled."

What Mr. Roosevelt did in the anthracite coal strike was to do nothing at all until the strike had lasted five months and the public consequently had become intolerant. Then he acted.

By following that policy President Wilson would have allowed the railroads and the brotherhoods to fight it out until January 4, 1917. Then he would have intervened. What would have happened to the country in the meantime heaven only knows, but the president would have had the proud gratification of knowing that he had acted in accordance with "MY action in the anthracite coal strike."

Truth About Underwood Tariff.

One of the most remarkable things about the Underwood tariff is the heavy increase in imports of raw materials under it. This has gone up 150 per cent. Most of this raw material comes in duty free, and it goes to our mills and factories for transformation into the finished product. Here is where the transportation companies get their share of prosperity and where the laboring people get theirs. Protective duties on raw materials have kept them out of this country, lessening the country's prosperity just that much.

With a trade balance in our favor of nearly two billion now and the prospect of its being two and a half billion by the end of the fiscal year, the party of protection has all the logic taken out of its argument in favor of that tariff system.

History-Making Bill.

The revenue bill contains one provision which will make a landmark in American financial legislation—the inheritance tax. This tax, as it stands, is not as heavy as it should be, and its gradations may appear clumsy. But these faults can be corrected later; the big thing is to get any sort of inheritance tax incorporated in our financial policy.

The amendments introduced by the senate to secure better respect for American rights from the belligerent powers, will bear close study. It is important to note that these amendments are permissive, not mandatory; the president is "authorized" to resort to certain reprisals, not "directed" to do so. The senate puts a club into the president's hand, but does not insist on his using it.

Democratic Congress Helps Farmer.

Despite the stress of foreign affairs, threepart international complications, national preparedness measures, and the narrowly averted industrial warfare between railroads and the railroad employees, congress has found time since March 4, 1913, to do more for the American farmer than has been done during the preceding half century.—Terre Haute (Ind.) Tribune.

Democratic Record.

When Mr. Taft went out of office no American national bank could maintain foreign branches. Today the American exporter's best friend in the foreign field is the American branch bank. When the Taft administration ended, our department of commerce senting craft—40 of them—were without wireless installations. Today they have them. Then we had no "commercial attaches" in the foreign field. Today American exporters are reaping a golden harvest from contracts which this service has made possible.

THE MARKETS

NEW YORK—Wheat—No. 1 Durum, exhausted; No. 2 hard, \$1.96 1/4; No. 1 Northern Duluth, new, \$2.02 1/4; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, \$1.97 1/4 f o b New York. Corn—No. 2 yellow, \$1.12 to arrive, c i f New York. Oats—Standard, 58 1/2 @ 59c. Butter—Creamery, higher than extras, 36 3/4 @ 37 1/2 c; creamery extra (92 score), 36 @ 36 1/2 c; frats, 34 1/2 @ 35 1/2 c; seconds, 32 1/2 @ 34 1/2 c. Eggs—Fresh-gathered, extra fine, 41 @ 42c; extra frats, 38 @ 40c; frats, 35 1/2 @ 37c; seconds, 32 @ 35c; nearby henney, whites, fine to fancy, 58 @ 65c; nearby henney, browns, 43 @ 50c. Cheese—State, fresh, specials, 21 1/2 c; do, average fancy, 21 1/4 c. Live Poultry—Chickens, 18 1/2 c; fowls, 18 1/2 c; turkeys, 23c; dressed, farmer; chickens, 19 1/2 @ 20c; fowls, 16 @ 23 1/2 c; turkeys, 20 @ 30c.

PHILADELPHIA—Wheat—No. 2 red, spot, \$1.80 @ 1.84; No. 2 Southern red, \$1.79 @ 1.82; do, steamer, No. 2 red, \$1.77 @ 1.80; do do, No. 3, \$1.77 @ 1.80; rejected A, \$1.73 @ 1.76; rejected B, \$1.69 @ 1.72. Corn—Western, No. 2 yellow, \$1.18 @ 1.19; do, steamer, yellow, \$1.16 @ 1.17; do do, No. 3 yellow, \$1.13 @ 1.14; do do, No. 4 yellow, \$1.10 @ 1.11. Oats—No. 2 white, 60 @ 60 1/2 c; standard white, 59 1/2 @ 60c; No. 4 white, 58 1/2 @ 59c; No. 4 white, 57 @ 58c; sample, 54 @ 55c.

Butter—Western, solid-packed creamery, fancy, specials, 39c; do do, extras, 37 @ 38c; do do, extra frats, 36 @ 36 1/2 c; do do, frats, 35 1/2 c; do do, seconds, 34 1/2 c; nearby prints, fancy, 49c; do do, average extras, 38 @ 39c; do do, frats, 37c; do do, seconds, 35 @ 36c; jobbing sales of fancy prints, 43 @ 46c.

Eggs—Nearby extras, 41c; nearby frats, per standard case, \$11.40; nearby current receipts, \$11.10; Western extras, 41c per dozen; do do, extra frats, \$11.40 per case; do do, frats, \$11.10; refrigerator extras, \$9.75; do do, frats, \$9.30 @ 9.60; do do, seconds, \$8.25 @ 8.55; fancy selected, candled, jobbing at 45 @ 47c.

Cheese—New York, full cream, fancy, 21 1/2 @ 22c; do do, fair to good, 21 @ 21 1/2 c; do do, part skims, 11 @ 19c. Live Poultry—Fowls, 15 @ 17c; roosters, 13 @ 14c; spring chickens, according to quality, 15 @ 17c; white leghorns, according to quality, 14 @ 16c; ducks as to size and quality, 15 @ 18c; turkeys, 22 @ 24c; geese, 15 @ 17c; pigeons, old, per pair, 25 @ 28c; do do, young, per pair, 18 @ 22c; guineas, per pair, old, 60 @ 65c; young, according to size, weighing 1 1/2 pounds apiece and over, \$1.40 @ 1.50.

BALTIMORE—Wheat—No. 2 red spot and November, 187 1/2 c; December 2 red, 188 1/2 c; steamer No. 2 red spot, 170 1/2 c; No. 2 red Western spot and November, 192 1/2 c; December No. 2 red Western, 194 1/2 c; steamer No. 2 red Western, 175 1/2 c.

Corn—Prime sail yellow corn, for domestic delivery, \$1.15 per bushel for car lots on spot. Cob corn, new, is quotable at \$4.05 @ 4.10 per barrel for carloads. Oats—No. 2 white, 59 @ 59 1/2 c; standard white, 58 1/2 @ 59c; No. 3 white, 57 1/2 @ 58c.

Rye—No. 2 rye, Western, \$1.49 @ 1.50; No. 3 do, \$1.45 @ 1.47; No. 4 do, \$1.45 @ 1.46; bag lots, as to quality and condition, \$1.20 @ 1.35.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$16.50 @ 17c; No. 2 do, \$15.50 @ 16c; No. 3 do, \$13 @ 15; light clover mixed, \$15.50; No. 1 clover mixed, \$15; No. 2 do, \$11.50 @ 13.50; No. 1 clover, \$13 @ 13.50; No. 2 do, \$11 @ 12; No. 3 do, \$8 @ 9.

Straw—No. 1 straight rye, \$17 @ 17.50; No. 2 do, \$15.50 @ 16; No. 1 tangled rye, \$12 @ 13; No. 2 do, \$10 @ 11; No. 1 wheat, \$9 @ 9.50; No. 2 do, \$8 @ 8.50; No. 1 oat, \$10 @ 11; No. 2 do, \$9 @ 9.50.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 36 1/2 c; do, choice, 35 1/2 @ 36; do, good, 34 @ 34 1/2 c; do, prints, 37 @ 37 1/2 c; do, blocks, 36 @ 37; Maryland and Pennsylvania rolls, 28; Ohio rolls, 27; West Virginia rolls, 27; storepacked, 27; Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania dairy prints, 27.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby frats, 38 @ 39c; Western frats, 38 @ 39; West Virginia frats, 37 @ 38; Southern frats, 36 @ 37. Choice cold storage eggs are quoted at 32 @ 33c for candled and 31c for uncandled.

Live Poultry—Chickens, old hens, 4 lbs and over, 17 @ 18c; do do, small to medium, 16 @ 17c; do, old roosters, 11; do, springers, smooth, fat, 17 @ 18c; do, rough and poor, 15 1/2 c; do, white Leghorns, 16 @ 16 1/2 c; ducks, young Pekings, 3 1/2 lbs and over, 16; do, do, piddle, do, do, 15 @ 16; do, do, muscovy, do, do, 15 @ 16; do, do, smaller, 14 @ 15; geese, nearby 15 @ 16; turkeys, young, 8 lbs and over, 22 @ 23; do, do, smaller, 20 @ 21; do, old, 22 @ 23; pigeons, young, per pair, 20; do, old, do, 20; guinea fowl, young, 1 1/2 lbs and over, each, 80; do do, smaller, do, 65 @ 70; do do, old, 30.

Live Stock

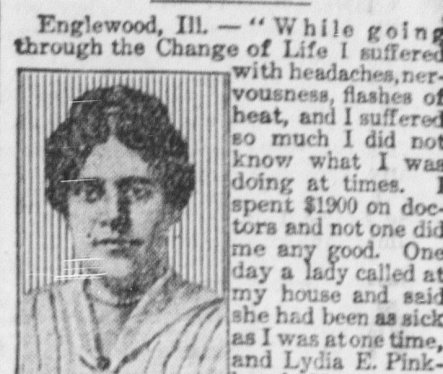
CHICAGO—Hogs—Bulk, \$9.35 @ 9.95; light, \$9 @ 10; mixed, \$9.35 @ 10.20; heavy, \$9.35 @ 10.25; rough, \$9.35 @ 9.55; pigs, \$6.75 @ 8.50.

Cattle—Native beef cattle, \$6.75 @ 11.75; Western steers, \$6.40 @ 9.75; stockers and feeders, \$4.65 @ 7.85; cows and heifers, \$3.50 @ 9.50; calves, \$7.25 @ 11.25.

Sheep—Wethers, \$7.00 @ 8.70; ewes, \$4 @ 7.00; lambs, \$8.40 @ 11.

A REMARKABLE STATEMENT

Mrs. Sheldon Spent \$1900 for Treatment Without Benefit. Finally Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



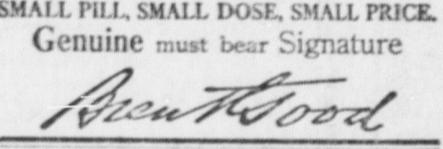
Englewood, Ill.—"While going through the Change of Life I suffered with headaches, nervousness, flashes of heat, and I suffered so much I did not know what I was doing at times. I spent \$1900 on doctors and not one did me any good. One day a lady called at my house and said she had been as sick as I was at one time, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made her well, so I took it and now I am just as well as I ever was. I cannot understand why women don't see how much pain and suffering they would escape by taking your medicine. I cannot praise it enough for it saved my life and kept me from the Insane Hospital."—Mrs. E. SHELDON, 6657 S. Halsted St., Englewood, Ill.

Physicians undoubtedly did their best, battled with this case steadily and could do no more, but often the most scientific treatment is surpassed by the medicinal properties of the good old fashioned roots and herbs contained in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If any complication exists it pays to write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special free advice.

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. They are CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowels. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and indigestion, as millions know. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.



A Hint. He—I love all kinds of birds. She—I don't. I hate a jay.—Baltimore American.

Sore Eyes, Blood-Shot Eyes, Watery Eyes, Itchy Eyes, all healed promptly with night applications of Roman Eye Balsam. Adv.

The Reason. "Figures can't lie." "That must be one of the reasons, then, why they stand."

Dr. Pierre's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills put up 40 years ago. They regulate liver and bowels.—Adv.

You may have noticed that the friends who are willing to lend you money are those who have no money to lend.

Dr. Perry's "Dead Shot" not only expels Worms or Tapeworm but cleans out the mucus in which they breed and tones up the digestion. One dose sufficient. Adv.

No man who is in debt can boast of being independent.

A Jeweler says pearls are like women—they require a lot of attention.

Feel Achy All Over?

To ache all over in damp weather, or after taking a cold, isn't natural, and often indicates kidney weakness. Uric acid causes many queer aches, pains and disorders of the organs. Well kidneys keep uric acid down. Tired, dizzy, nervous people would do well to try Doan's Kidney Pills. They stimulate the kidneys to activity and so help clear the blood of irritating poisons.

A Virginia Case

Mrs. L. C. Nalls, 640 S. Patrick St., Alexandria, Va., says: "My back was so weak and sore I could hardly get around and it was almost impossible for me to straighten after stooping. I couldn't rest well and mornings felt weak and tired. My kidneys were irregular in action and my head ached. Doan's Kidney Pills stopped the backaches and my kidneys haven't troubled me since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

COLD IN HEAD CATARRH INSTANTLY RELIEVED BY THE OLD DR. MARSHALL'S CATARRH SNUFF 25¢

PARKER'S HAIR BALMS A toilet preparation of merit. Restores color and beauty to Grayed Hair. 50c, Sold by all Druggists.

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