

Druggist Knows the Best Kidney Remedy

For more than twenty years I have been successfully selling Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root to my customers who were in need of such a medicine and they all speak in the highest terms of the good results obtained from its use. I know it is a good medicine for kidney, liver and bladder troubles and I never hesitate in recommending it to anyone who is in need of it.

Very truly yours, W. H. MASON, Druggist, Jan. 5th, 1916. Humboldt, Tenn.

Letter to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Sometimes the man who says just what he thinks has an impediment in his thoughts.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets are best for liver, bowels and stomach. One little Pellet for a laxative—three for a cathartic.—Adv.

Good looks may catch a man, but it takes good housekeeping to hold him.

A Neutral.

"Pa, what is a neutral?" "One who has friends in both trenches."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Heard at the Intelligence Office. "Do you know of any cook who will remain in the country?" "Not unless she is buried there."—Judge.

How It Happened.

"I got bungled up dish-uh-way at de white folks' peace meetin' last night, sah."

"Go 'long! White folks wouldn't let a nigger fluctuate 'round deir meetin'." "No, sah. But I was listenin' outside de open window and two gen'lemen dat was tryin' to choke each udder to death done fell out onto me!"—Kansas City Star.

Rabbits Stall Stagecoach.

George Crowell, stage driver on the route from Austin to Potts, is authority for the statement that his team was stalled on the home trip at Hot Springs, east of Spencers, by an army of jack rabbits. He said they resembled a drove of sheep, and leaped into the tall sage when finally scared away. —Austin (Nev.) Dispatch to New York Sun.

The Front Row.

"The British army has raised its age limit to forty-five years," said H. E. Gresham, the British consul at Cleveland. "The age limit originally was thirty-eight."

"The army isn't so exclusive, either, as to age or as to physique as it was at first."

A slacker in Manchester tried to get exempted the other day.

"I've got such poor eyesight," he said. "I can't see any distance at all."

"Oh, that'll be all right," said the surgeon. "You'll have an excellent view. We'll give you a trench in the very front line!"

MEAL-TIME CONSCIENCE.

What Do the Children Drink?

There are times when mother or father feeds the youngsters something that they know children should not have. Perhaps it is some rich dessert but more often it is tea or coffee.

It is better to have some delicious, hot food-drink that you can take yourself and feed to your children, conscious that it will help and strengthen, but never hurt them.

A Yorkstate lady says: "I used coffee many years in spite of the conviction that it injured my nervous system and produced my nervous headaches. While visiting a friend I was served with Postum and I determined to get a package and try it myself. The result was all that could be desired—a delicious, finely flavored, richly colored beverage. Since I quit coffee, Postum has worked wonders for me."

"My husband, who had suffered from kidney trouble when drinking coffee, quit the coffee and took up Postum with me and since drinking Postum he has felt stronger and better, with no indication of kidney trouble."

"You may be sure I find it a great comfort to have a warm drink at meals that I can give my children, with a clear conscience that it will help and not hurt them as coffee or tea would."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Postum comes in two forms: Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c pkgs. Instant Postum—a soluble powder—dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water, and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both forms are equally delicious and cost about the same per cup. "There's a Reason" for Postum.—Sold by Grocers.

PALMER'S OPPONENT

KNIFED DEMOCRATIC AND HELPED REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES

Yet Michael Liebel, Jr., Aims to Represent the Pennsylvania Democrats in Their National Convention.

Michael Liebel, Jr., whose election to Congress from the Erie-Crawford district in 1914 was due in part to the Penrose machine, has aroused opposition to himself from Democrats of that district, where his record as the Democratic end of the bi-partisan machine is well known, by becoming a candidate for the Pennsylvania seat in the Democratic national committee against A. Mitchell Palmer, who, as a candidate for re-election, is supported by the Democratic state organization. According to the Corry Journal, which has published Liebel's record of opposing Democratic and supporting Republican candidates in that district, his political life, since he ostensibly switched from the Republican camp to become a professed Democrat, "has been devoted to tearing down and betraying the party and its candidates."

How Liebel is regarded in his home county and congressional district is indicated by the fact that many representative Democrats of that district are opposed to Liebel's candidacy and have declared themselves in favor of the re-election of National Committee-man Palmer. A number of these gentlemen have represented the Democratic party either in an official capacity or as candidates on their party's ticket. Some of them are among the former candidates who felt the point of Liebel's dirk when he was aiding their Republican opponents. Liebel and Edward Huer, a wholesale liquor dealer in Erie, were active Republicans in Erie county about eleven years ago, when the failure of Republican leaders to invite them into a conference which had resulted in the selection of the Republican candidate for mayor aroused their ire. That incident was the beginning of Liebel's first profession of Democratic faith and marks the birth of the bi-partisan machine in Erie city and county, which is headed by Liebel on the one hand, and by Edward Huer, who has always claimed to be a Republican, on the other. Jointly they have undertaken to dominate the politics of Erie city and county ever since. This bi-partisan organization has at critical times succeeded in dominating the Democratic organization and hand-capping or preventing the election of Democratic candidates in almost every campaign.

John A. Reynolds, unanimously nominated by the Erie county Democrats for sheriff in 1907, was opposed by Liebel, who said that Reynolds had no business in being a candidate without consulting him, and the Republican candidate was elected. L. E. Torrey was nominated by the Erie county Democrats for judge in 1914, but Liebel supported the Republican candidate, who was elected. Mr. Torrey in filing his expense account, made a public record of the treachery. In 1912, Max B. Halbach was the Democratic nominee for sheriff, and the activity of the Liebel organization in behalf of the Republican candidate was so notorious that the Democratic nominee, who was elected despite the Liebel opposition, published a letter saying that although he had always been a Democrat and fairly won the nomination, he had received absolutely no assistance of any kind from the present leaders of the so-called Democratic organization.

Andrew J. Palm of Meadville was the Democratic candidate for Congress in the Erie-Crawford district in 1906, but Liebel's organization opposed Palm and supported the Republican candidate. John B. Brooks of Erie, in 1908 and 1910, was the Democratic candidate for Congress in that district, and in each of those campaigns Liebel and his machine supported the Republican candidate. Turner W. Shacklet of Erie was the Democratic nominee for Congress in 1912. In the primaries the Liebel machine participated actively in behalf of a Republican candidate, Milton W. Shreve, against another Republican, Isadore Sobel, and in the general election the Liebel machine continued to support Shreve against the Democratic nominee. The Democrats of the district, after such experiences, produced no representative Democrat to seriously contest for the nomination for Congress in 1914. So Liebel became a candidate and was nominated. He had the support of the Republican bosses in both Erie and Crawford counties, and a former Republican congressman appealed for help for Liebel on the grounds that the latter had given him support in at least four of his campaigns. Through the aid of the Republican leaders and organization, Liebel was elected. But his reputation had preceded him to Washington, and now he stands as the only Democratic congressman who has been, as Mr. Palmer says, absolutely repudiated by President Wilson, who has not permitted Liebel to designate a single postmaster or other federal appointment in his own congressional district.

Liebel was opposed to the nomination of Woodrow Wilson for President by the Baltimore convention. He succeeded in persuading one Erie-Crawford delegate to disregard his instructions and pledge and vote against Wilson. Liebel did his utmost to induce

the other Erie-Crawford delegate to desert Wilson at the same time, but in this he failed. Liebel's candidacy against President Wilson's closest friend and adviser in Pennsylvania, A. Mitchell Palmer, is recognized as a distinctly anti-Wilson move on the eve of the Presidential campaign.

MARKING BALLOT, LOOK OUT Especially As To Democratic Candidates for Delegates-at-Large.

On the Democratic primary ballot there will be no name of a candidate for alternate delegate-at-large except the twelve supported by the Democratic state organization, so that the Democratic voter will have, in this particular, nothing to do but vote for the entire twelve without danger of marking a wrong name. For delegates-at-large, however, there will be twenty-five names on the Democratic ballot, and the voter will vote for twelve of these. The names of all the candidates are arranged in alphabetical order, and therefore, the candidates supported by the state organization are not all bunched together, but, in the alphabetical order of their names, are intermingled with the other candidates.

Among the first thirteen in the list of candidates for delegates-at-large are only five of the candidates supported by the state organization. These are Messrs. Auten, Black, Dunn, Given and Glasgow. Of the last twelve names in the list there are all together without a break, those of six candidates supported by the state organization—Messrs. Hindman, Lee, Lenahan, Lynett, McAvoy and McIntyre. Then come a break of one name, after which follows the twelfth candidate of the Democratic state reorganizers—State Chairman Roland S. Morris.

STATE ORGANIZATION'S MEN

Candidates Whom the Democratic Reorganizers Support.

There are thirty-three State-wide Democratic candidates supported by the Democratic State Organization for the Primary Election, as follows: PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES: WOODROW WILSON, The White House, Washington, D. C. UNITED STATES SENATOR: ELLIS L. ORVILE, Bellefonte, Centre County. STATE TREASURER: SAMUEL B. PHILSON, Meyersdale, Somerset County. AUDITOR GENERAL: JAMES H. MURRIN, Carlisle, Lackawanna County. REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS-AT-LARGE: JOSEPH T. KINSLEY, 5169 Arch street, Philadelphia. JOHN J. MOORE, Plymouth, Luzerne County. THOMAS ROSS, Doylestown, Berks County. JACOB B. WAIDELICH, Allentown, Lehigh County. MEMBER OF THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE: A. MITCHELL PALMER, Stroudsburg, Monroe County. DELEGATES-AT-LARGE TO NATIONAL CONVENTION: VOHS AUTEN, Mount Carmel, Northumberland County. JERE S. BLACK, York, York County. HARRY J. DUNN, Reading, Berks County. T. H. GIVEN, 3222 Wilkins avenue, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County. WILLIAM A. GLASGOW, Jr., 121 South Twenty-second street, Philadelphia. W. WAYNE HINDMAN, Clarks, Clarion County. ROBERT E. LEE, Pottsville, Schuylkill County. JOHN T. LENAHAN, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County. EDWARD S. LYNETT, Scranton, Lackawanna County. CHARLES D. McAVOY, Norristown, Montgomery County. WILLIAM MCINTYRE, Sharon, Mercer County. ROLAND S. MORRIS, 2122 Spruce street, Philadelphia. ALTERNATE DELEGATES-AT-LARGE TO NATIONAL CONVENTION: C. H. AKEBACH, New Castle, Bedford, Lawrence County. VICTOR E. P. BARKMAN, Bedford, Bedford County. J. HARVEY BERGE, Waynesburg, Greene County. JACOB L. BUTT, Gettysburg, Adams County. M. J. CLEMONS, Murray, Sullivan County. A. V. DREVELY, Lebanon, Blair County. EDWARD A. DUPUTRON, 216 Etsaugh street, Philadelphia. C. HOW DOUGHERTY, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County. S. L. GILSON, Erie, Erie County. R. M. MATSON, Brookville, Jefferson County. NORRIS B. SLACK, West Chester, Chester County. JOHN F. STONE, Coudersport, Potter County.

LIEBEL SILENT ON CHARGES OF KNIFING

Michael Liebel, Jr., criticizing National Committee-man Palmer's assertion that Liebel could not, under any circumstances gain recognition as a Democratic congressman or Democrat from President Wilson, does not deny Mr. Palmer's declaration that the Erie congressman now aiming to be nationally re-elected by the President on account of Liebel's part in running the bi-partisan machine of Erie county, and not permitted to designate a single postmaster or other federal appointment in his congressional district. Mr. Palmer takes the ground that the Democrats of the state will not elect as their national committee-man a man whose record of about eleven years as a professed Democrat proves, through his knifing of Democratic candidates and support of Republican nominees in his home county and congressional district, that he is an enemy of the Democratic party and a valuable helper of the Penrose Republican machine. Mr. Liebel is silent also on the charges of his having made Democratic candidates suffer from his dirk.

SPLIT AIDS DEMOCRATS

PENROSE'S CONTEMPT FOR BRUMBAUGH'S PRESTIGE IN STATE

Bitterness of Factional Fight of Republican Machine Elements Unequaled Since Quay's Failure to be Re-elected.

Probably no other fight between Republican factions of Pennsylvania, at least since the time of Quay's unsuccessful effort to be re-elected to the United States Senate in 1899, was so intensely bitter as the conflict now waged between the Vare-Brumbaugh and the Penrose-McNichol wings of the Republican machine. It is not likely that the wounds inflicted by each faction upon the other can be healed this year, and therefore, the Democrats of the state may reasonably count upon being helped in their campaign by conditions other than the bright prospect which their party gains from the extraordinary strength of President Wilson as a candidate for re-election. Additional advantages to the Democrats are probable as a result of the severity with which the Republican factional leaders, from Senator Penrose and Governor Brumbaugh down, are assailing one another with ugly charges and cutting personalities.

Penrose belittles Brumbaugh in a sneering manner which, if not unprecedented in attacks of bosses against governors, is unusually startling in the boldness of its expression of contempt for the prestige of the chief executive of the state. The Senator declares that the vote for the governor as a nominal candidate for President of the United States "will be so slight as to be negligible, and the governor will be overwhelmingly defeated in his candidacy for delegate-at-large," to the national convention. Brumbaugh, the senator declares, is not in good faith as a candidate for the Presidency, and his candidacy was discredited at the outset.

Brumbaugh rather feebly hits back by saying that he is "not a candidate for any office" and then, inconsistently asking the voters to approve the stand he has taken for the primary ballot, in order that "some parties" whom he does not name shall not succeed in their endeavor to retain control of the broken parts of the party machine. The governor has done his share toward disrupting the Republican machine by tying himself fast to the Vare contractor-politicians, at whose dictation he has made his appointments to public offices. Brumbaugh's claim of aiming to harmonize his party cannot be reconciled with his course so far as governor.

The Penrose camp's prediction that Brumbaugh will make only a perfunctory campaign for a primary vote for delegates pledged to support the "popular choice" of their party for President, would seem to be in some degree sustained by the cutting down of the itineraries that were arranged for the governor. Brumbaugh, however, appeals for support for "instructed" national delegates. His name will be the only one on the Republican primary ballot for President, and, therefore, any vote that he may receive may be interpreted by his friends as entitling him to support from the candidates pledged to the "popular choice."

The Democrats of the state may not perceive any more merit in the professions and doings of one Republican faction than in those of the other machine wing, and will hope that this factional cleansing of soiled linen may result in benefit to the state by further improving the Democratic prospect in the Presidential campaign.

THE TEST OF REAL DEMOCRACY.

(Pennsburg Town and County.) Palmerism is not a test of loyalty—so argues the Philadelphia Record editorially. Wilson Democrats would like to know by what species of logic the Record can prove that Liebelism is such a test. Palmerism may not be a perfect "ism," but the majority of Democrats in Pennsylvania in the 1914 primary seemed to prefer that "ism" to Gaffism, Hallism, Mulvillism, Ryanism, Penroseism, Donnellyism and any other smaller "isms," including annexism.

VENANGO DEMOCRATS SOLID FOR PALMER

The contest between Palmer and Liebel for member of the Democratic national committee from Pennsylvania is being actively conducted and great effort is being expended in behalf of each contestant. In Venango county the Democrats are solid for Palmer.—Venango Spectator.

DON'T BE MISLED.

Democrats should not be misled by the misrepresentation of such papers as the Philadelphia Record. The policy of the Record has ever been to find fault with the existing organization, no matter who was at its head, and while it harps about "party harmony," it never loses an opportunity to promote discord in the party ranks.—Perry County Democrat.

Unusual.

Speaking of long memories, a writer in the Boston Globe says: "I can remember my grandmother when nineteen months of age."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

STATE NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Latest Gleanings From All Over the State.

TOLD IN SHORT PARAGRAPHS

If Samuel S. and Charles M. Couffer, sons of Samuel Couffer, formerly proprietor of the Couffer House, Steelton, lead "temperate, decent, law-abiding lives" they will share between them the income of their father's estate, amounting to \$235 monthly for each. When either of them, in the opinion of the Steelton Trust Company, ceases to live thus, his patrimony will be just thirty-five dollars a month.

Judge Wilmer in United States Court at Sunbury sentenced William Phillips, Harrisburg, and Harry Price, Seranton, found guilty of violating the Harrison Drug Act, to one year and one day each in the Federal Prison at Atlanta, and William Burns and Albert Wise, Harrisburg, to four and six months, respectively, in the Dauphin county jail for the same offense.

The Grand Castle, Knights of the Golden Eagle and Ladies' of the Golden Eagle, adjourned at Reading after the installation of officers. The new grand chief of the Grand Castle is John F. Bromley, Philadelphia, and the grand templar of the ladies' order is Mrs. Mary Hixler, Harrisburg. Next year's convention of the Grand Castle will be held in Allentown.

By a vote of 22,337 to 14,763, miners of the Second District, United Mine Workers of America, ratified the Philadelphia scale, which means that approximately 175,000 miners of the Central Pennsylvania District will not strike. Many mines, idle while the vote was being taken and counted, will resume operations at once.

Judge Witmer in Federal Court sentenced John B. Beigle, of Wilkes-Barre, to nine months in jail and \$200 fine when he pleaded guilty to robbing his own office. Beigle broke the safe and door at his store and made it appear as if the place had been robbed. He went to Canada, but later returned and surrendered.

The coke trade is making no recovery from the blow it received during the Easter holidays, many workmen still insisting on two days' rest out of every seven. The recent wage advance has had no influence on the labor supply, which is so curtailed that production is kept down to 410,000 tons a week.

Nearly one hundred women attended the county convention of the Woman Suffrage party at Norristown. The speakers included Mrs. Anna Orme, of Wayne; Mrs. George Piersol, Philadelphia; Mrs. George Bean and Mrs. Edgar Gardner, of Cynwyd; Mrs. M. E. Snyder, Ardmore, and Ethel Sprigley, Lansdowne.

Fragments of rock hurled over one thousand feet from an overcharge of dynamite in a quarry near Centerville, killed Benjamin Rice, five years old, and severely injured Robert Eckenrode, fourteen years old. Workmen were hurried to the ground and injured by the explosion which came through a double charge placed by mistake.

Merchant coke operators are meeting the recent 5 and 10 per cent wage increase of the H. C. Fricks Coke Company. It is the second advance this year, and coal and coke authorities say it constitutes the highest wage for like labor paid in the world.

Fifty women who are ready to do their "bit" in the event of war organized the State College Chapter of the Pennsylvania Women's Division for National Preparedness. Mrs. Anna W. La Domus, of Chester, State organizer, was in charge of the meeting.

Following the tie-up of several collieries recently, owing to employees objecting to a new time schedule, the Susquehanna Coal Company's Hickory Swamp employees went on strike along with many workmen at the P. & R. C. & L. Company's Bear Valley Colliery.

Harrisburg's Council raised the minimum wage for common labor employed by the municipality from 16 2/3 to 17 1/2 cents an hour. City improvement work has been greatly hampered because of the scarcity of labor.

C. D. Markol, of East Salem, Juniata county, dealer in general merchandise, has written to Mayor Ezra S. Meals, of Harrisburg, for a license to sell hot stunks on the street. He will have them in a glass cage, he explains.

Arrests of four merchants in Philadelphia were ordered by the State Dairy and Food authorities for the sale of cherries used in sundaes which were not in accord with State food regulations.

The Harrisburg School Board voted an increase in the tax rate from 8 1/2 to 10 mills. The board is short by \$50,000 for the year and there is a deficit of \$100,000.

Why That Lame Back?

Morning lameness, sharp twinges when bending, or an all-day back-ache; each is cause enough to suspect kidney trouble. Get after the cause. Help the kidneys. We Americans go it too hard. We overdo, overeat and neglect our sleep and exercise and so we are fast becoming a nation of kidney sufferers. 72% more deaths than in 1890 is the 1910 census story. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands recommend them.

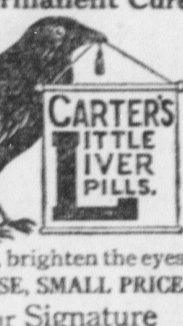
A Pennsylvania Case

D. R. Pringle, 913 Oak St., Indiana, Pa., says: "I suffered acutely from pains across the small of my back. The kidney secretions passed too frequently, especially at night and I felt miserable. Two boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills rid me of the back-ache and regulated the action of my kidneys. The cure has lasted and my kidneys are now in good shape."



Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner—drowsy—cure indigestion—improve the complexion, brighten the eyes. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.



Every Woman Wants Partine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleaning and germicidal power. Sample Free. Ask all druggists, or postpaid by mail, The Petros-Ford Company, Boston, Mass.

JOHNSON'S FOOT SOAP

A hot foot bath with Johnson's Foot Soap will relieve them at once and make life worth living. The safe and sure remedy composed of the old and reliable ingredients—Keratin, Lotion, and Bran. See per cake at first class druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of the price by the manufacturer, THOMAS GILL SOAP CO. 711-712 West Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Second Sight. "I love the heiress, and I'm going in to win." "You always want everything in sight." "I want more than that, my dear boy. The heiress is out of sight." Time's Changes. Flatbush—Don't you think times have changed? Bensonhurst—Most decidedly. Now, in the spring the young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of snow. If one man in a thousand pays attention to what you say, you are in luck. And the more confidence we have in others the more we are disappointed.

Relieves Neuralgia YAGER'S LINIMENT Nothing gives such quick relief from neuralgia, sciatica or rheumatism as Yager's Liniment. It stops pain and allays the inflammation instantly. The great external pain reliever. Prepared by GILBERT BROS. & CO., Inc., Baltimore, Md.

In the Bath Before retiring, use with warm water and insure a restful night. Glenn's Sulphur Soap It Refreshes. Contains 50% Pure Sulphur. GALLSTONES FREE

GALLSTONES FREE Avoid operations. Positive remedy—No pain—No danger. Write for our full book of Truth and Facts to-day. Coltsen Remedy Co., Dept. C-60, 2193, Dearborn St., Chicago