

THE EUROPEAN WAR A YEAR AGO THIS WEEK

May 1, 1915.
 Germans gained ground along Ypres canal, but lost near Bagatelle and in Le Pretre forest.
 Germans invaded Russian Baltic provinces.
 Russians defeated in Kovno and at Orava and Opor valleys.
 Two German torpedo boats and one British destroyer sunk in North sea battle.
 Dardanelles and Bosphorus forts bombarded.
 American tanker Gulfight torpedoed.

May 2, 1915.
 British and French vainly attacked Germans northeast of Ypres.
 Great battle developed in Plain of Rawa, Central Poland.
 Austrians took offensive in region of Cieszkowice.
 Allies made further advance on Gallipoli peninsula; Australians lost heavily.
 German aeroplanes bombarded Epinal and other places.
 Last of the landsturm called out.

May 3, 1915.
 Germans made violent attacks near Ypres and in Champagne.
 Teutons under Von Mackensen won great victory in West Galicia.
 Continuous bombardment of Dardanelles maintained by allied fleet.
 British steamer Minterne and four Norse steamers sunk by German submarines.

May 4, 1915.
 Germans took three villages near Ypres.
 French gained in region of Steenstraete.
 Fierce battle near Stry between Russians and Teutons.
 Triple alliance treaty denounced by Italy.
 Turks defeated allies near Avi Burnu.
 Lloyd-George introduced second British war budget.

May 5, 1915.
 Germans drove British back but were checked by French.
 Russians retreated along Galician line and from Carpathian slopes.
 Teutons captured Gorlice.
 Turks checked allies at Sedd-ul-Bahr.

May 6, 1915.
 German line around Ypres gave way in places, and French won ground in Alsace.
 Teutons took Tarnow, Jaslo and Dukla and drove Russians from Dunajec and Biala rivers.
 Russians defeated Turks in Caucasus.
 Desperate fighting in Gallipoli.
 Five British vessels sunk by submarines.

May 7, 1915.
 Cunard liner Lusitania sunk by German submarine; 1,154 persons lost, including 102 Americans.
 Germans made more gains near Ypres.
 Turks captured ten British guns at Sedd-ul-Bahr.
 Russian aviators dropped bombs on Constantinople.

PICKED UP AT RANDOM

About twelve marriages out of every 100 are second marriages.
 There is no federal institution in the continental United States for the reception and care of lepers.
 The coal mines of Sweden do not produce enough fuel for that country's needs and scientists are trying many experiments with peat, of which there is a vast supply available.
 So serious was a recent invasion of Uruguay by locusts that an agricultural and live stock census of that country was postponed for three months.
 To enable persons to take breathing exercises systematically and on a progressive scale is the purpose of simple apparatus invented by a French doctor.
 Elephants have been put to work in England. Horses are scarce, due to the great demand for war horses, but a Sheffield firm broke the horse famine by hiring a retired elephant from a circus, which pulls as much as five horses.
 By photography, with a vibrating lens, an English scientist has timed a lightning flash at one-hundredth of a second.
 Parachutes to bring an aeroplane safely to land after it had met with a mishap in flight are a French invention.
 Hawaii will be equipped with a lighthouse giving a double flash of light of 940,000 candle power every ten seconds.
 The mineral production of Alaska last year is officially estimated to have been worth \$32,000,000, the greatest amount on record.

SHARP FIGHTING NEAR SUEZ CANAL

Turks Annihilate British Cavalry Squadrons.

CAPTURE SCORE OF OFFICERS

Ottoman Official Statement Says the Turkish Forces Attacked the Strongly Fortified Positions Near Quatia.

Berlin.—Turkish troops annihilated four British cavalry squadrons, about 800 men, in a battle April 23 near Quatia, about 25 miles east of the Suez Canal. This information was contained in an official report issued by the Turkish War Department under date of April 27.

The text of the official statement says:

"In an engagement near Quatia, east of the Suez Canal, on April 23 Turkish troops annihilated four enemy cavalry squadrons.
 "The Turkish forces attacked the strongly fortified positions near Quatia, destroying the entire camp and a large part of the fortified positions.
 "The enemy suffered heavy losses. The survivors hastily fled toward the canal.
 "One colonel, one major, 20 captains and lieutenants and 257 unwounded and 24 wounded soldiers were taken prisoners.
 "Turkish camel riders and Medina volunteers distinguished themselves in this action.
 "On April 25 an enemy air squadron, composed of nine aeroplanes, in order to avenge the defeat, raided Quatia and dropped about 70 bombs upon the hospital which flew the Geneva flag. One British and two Turkish wounded soldiers were killed and two British soldiers were again wounded.
 "Turkish aeroplanes successively attacked the enemy's man-of-war at El Kantara and the docks of Port Said. They also dropped bombs on camps of the enemy between Port Said and El Kantara. The machines returned unharmed.
 "On April 25 the Russians attacked on the right wing near Suren, south of Bitlis, on the Caucasian front. They were repulsed, retiring two kilometers to the northward and suffering heavy losses.
 "Turkish hydroaeroplanes dropped bombs on the enemy's aviation station on Imbros Island. A conflagration was observed. In spite of anti-aircraft machine gun and artillery fire the hydroaeroplanes returned safely."

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MOVING DAY



REVOLT OF IRISH GROWS BIGGER

Uprising Spreads From Dublin to West and South.

MARTIAL LAW DECLARED

Whole of Ireland Under Martial Law—Sir John Maxwell Given Task of Quelling Rebellion.

London.—Martial law has been declared throughout Ireland and Maj.-Gen. Sir John Maxwell, who until recently commanded the troops in Egypt, has gone over to take charge, the Irish executive officials having placed themselves under his instructions. He has been given full disciplinary powers for the extension of the operations and the suppression of the rebellion.

The revolt, which broke out in Dublin has spread to other parts of Ireland, chiefly to the west and south. This information, together with the fact that the rebels are still in possession of parts of the city of Dublin, was given to the nation by the ministers in Parliament.

Dublin Cut Off.
 Dublin is further from London now than Peking is from New York, so far as communication for the general public is concerned. No Irish newspapers have reached here since the rising, and passenger traffic has been, for the most part, suspended. The only information comes through official channels.

England, naturally, is extremely anxious about the Irish situation, but no fears are expressed that the Government will not be able to suppress the rising. The casualties thus far do not exceed what might have occurred in civil riots, but more severe fighting is likely to follow before quiet is restored in Dublin.

The extent of the seditious movement is for the present a governmental secret, except that it has spread to the west and south. It was on the west coast of Ireland that Sir Roger Casement's expedition, consisting of a submarine and a steamer was intended to land munitions, when the steamer was captured by a patrol boat.

In the north of Ireland, so far as is known, there has been no disturbance, a direct dispatch from Londonderry reporting complete order.

WELLAND CANAL PLOT CHEAP.
 Entire Cost Not Over \$1,000, Says United States Attorney.

New York.—The entire cost of the alleged plot to destroy the Welland Canal did not exceed \$1,000, according to documents seized in the office occupied by Wolfe von Igel, former secretary to Capt. Franz von Papen, recalled German military attaché, Assistant United States Attorney Roger B. Wood said.

Horst von der Goltz, who was returned from England to testify before the Federal grand jury, received \$600, Mr. Wood said; John T. Ryan, of Buffalo, received a check for \$200, the dynamite cost \$31, six automatic pistols about \$100 and railroad fares about \$120.

Mr. Wood declared the only papers seized in Von Igel's office which he had examined were those relating to the alleged canal conspiracy. He characterized these as "most illuminating."

SUNDAY GIVES \$2,000 AWAY.
 Presents Checks To Institutions At Winona, Ind.

Warsaw, Ind.—Evangelist Billy Sunday, who has just returned from Baltimore, gave Dr. S. C. Dickey, general manager of Winona Assembly, a check for \$1,000 for use in beautifying the Chautauqua grounds. At the same time he gave President J. C. Beckenridge, of Winona College of Agriculture, a check for \$1,000 for the support of the school.

U. S. TROOPS RENEW VILLA HUNT

Col. Dodd Defeats Bandit Band, Killing Six.

BANDIT BANDS REFORMED

Americans Lose Two Killed; Three Hurt—Instructions To Guide Scott At His Conference With Obregon Drafted.

AMERICANS ARE WARNED TO LEAVE.

Torreon, Mex.—American Consul Coen, at Durango City, has advised all Americans to leave the city and is himself considering the advisability of going to the border. A serious situation has been caused through the violent anti-American agitation which has been carried on by the Durango newspapers since the American soldiers and Mexicans clashed at Parral.

Washington.—A renewal of the hunt for Villa and his scattered bands of bandits by American troops now is in progress, both official reports from General Funston and border advice received here disclosed.

The cavalrymen, despite the worn condition of their mounts, are beating the mountains where Villa adherents have been assembling during the lull in the chase after the Parral incident. No information as to the whereabouts of Villa himself has been received. The War Department gave out this dispatch from General Funston.

Dodd Defeats Villistas.
 Following just received from General Pershing:

"Namaquipa.
 "A report, received from Colonel Dodd, whose column of four troops, Seventh Cavalry, has been operating southwest of Minaca, states that he overtook a band of Villistas near Tomachic on the 22d at 4:30 P. M., killing six and wounding 19 others, many probably fatally. Twenty-five horses were captured. Our loss two killed and three wounded. Fight lasted until after dark. Impossible to tell definitely loss of Villistas.

"Dodd's column, when previously heard from, was at Penacich on the 17th. Country reported very rough. March made over difficult mountain trails. Villistas reported under leadership of Cervantes, Rios Baca and Dominguez numbered 150 to 200. Baca reported killed at Santa Tomas. Do not give entire credit to report of his death.

"Our killed at Tomachic were Ralph A. Raw, saddler, Troop L, Seventh Cavalry, and Tillman T. Mathias, Troop L, Seventh Cavalry, Dodd returning to Minaca."

A second dispatch from General Funston follows:
 "Late reports from Colonel Erwin state that on the 20th instant, scouting party from his command encountered small body of Villistas near Comomachic and mortally wounded four. Wounded in Dodd's command doing well and none expected to die.

ANTI-WAR TELEGRAMS STOP.
 Threat of Investigation Supposed To Have Caused Halt.

Washington.—The deluge of anti-war telegrams to members of Congress came to a sudden stop.
 It is estimated that between 140,000 and 150,000 telegrams, costing \$250,000, were received by members of the House and the Senate during the past few days. The speech of Senator Hunting, of Wisconsin, in which he stated he might ask an investigation of the propaganda, it is believed, had the effect of calling a halt on the movement to embarrass the President's handling of the German submarine issue.

TRAIN DERAILED; TWO KILLED.
 Mr. and Mrs. Piper Meet Death At Fabers, Va.

Charlottesville, Va.—The Southern's fast train No. 36, north bound, from New Orleans to New York, was derailed at Fabers, Nelson county, 22 miles south of Charlottesville, at 7:05. Both engines and four express cars were overturned, but none of the passenger cars left the track. Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Piper, of Fabers, while walking along a sidetrack, were caught under an overturned express car and instantly killed.

THE COUNTRY AT LARGE
 United States Senator Thomas Taggart was nominated by acclamation for the short term in the United States Senate by the Indiana Democratic Convention.

Elisha Lee, general superintendent of the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad, was appointed assistant general manager of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Daniel P. Toomey, publisher of the official paper of the Knights of Columbus, died at his home at East Orange.

Miss Noel Meets Death in Same Manner As Two Relatives Did.
 Hanover, Pa.—Miss Natalie Noel, 22 years old, of McSherrystown, was killed when the horse she was riding threw her to the street. Her head struck the trolley track, fracturing her skull. Her uncle and grandfather were killed in the same manner.

SIR ROGER'S SISTER APPEALS.
 Asks Wilson To Intervene In Brother's Behalf.

Washington.—An appeal to President Wilson from a lawyer representing Mrs. Agnes Newman, a sister of Sir Roger Casement, asking Mr. Wilson to receive her in order that she might ask assistance for Sir Roger was referred to the State Department.

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ARRESTED FOR MARRYING.
 James Bowers Had Been Ordered By Court Not To Wed.

Bristol, Va.—Following his marriage here with Mrs. Bonnie Smith, a young widow from Fish Springs, Tenn., James Bowers, a railroad employe, was arrested. When a former wife was divorced from Bowers the court entered an order restraining Bowers from again marrying. He is now under bond, waiting action of the court.

KILLS TWO IN 130-MILE RUN.
 Southern Railway Train Makes Unusual Record.

Bristol, Va.—In a run of 130 miles a passenger train arriving here over the Southern Railway killed two men, one near Knoxville and the other near Johnson City. Papers on the latter indicated he was Samuel Smith, of Chattanooga. He was apparently 36 years old.

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WOMAN REBEL LEADER CAUGHT

Other Heads of Irish Revolt Surrender.

7 BRITISH OFFICERS KILLED

Postoffice and Blocks Of Buildings in Heart of Dublin Burned—Machine Guns and More Troops Sent To Enniscorthy.

London.—While the government officials assert that the revolution in Ireland has been practically suppressed and that the leaders have surrendered unconditionally, it is reported that the rebellion has not been stamped out, but only temporarily quelled in Dublin after much bloodshed and the destruction of property in the very heart of the city valued at over \$5,000,000.

Five British army officers were killed and 21 wounded on Saturday and Sunday, in addition to two killed and five wounded earlier in the week.

The postoffice and several other important public buildings have been burned.

The Countess of Markievicz, an ardent militant socialist and a leader in the rebellion, has been arrested.

The official report also says that the Four Courts district has been recaptured and that messengers have been sent from the leader of the Dublin rebels to other rebels in Galway, Clare, Wexford, Louth and Dublin counties ordering them to surrender.

"Believed To Be Quiet."
 The text of the statement follows:
 "The general officer commanding-in-chief of the Irish command has reported the situation in Dublin much more satisfactory. Throughout the country there was still much more to be done, which would take time, but he hoped that the back of the rebellion had been broken.

"Sunday night messengers were sent out from the rebel leaders in Dublin to the rebel bodies in Galway, Clare, Wexford, Louth and Dublin counties ordering them to surrender, and priests and the Royal Irish constabulary are doing their utmost to disseminate this information.

"As regards the situation in Dublin, rebels from the areas of Sackville street, the postoffice and the Four Courts district are surrendering freely.

"It is further reported that up to the present 707 prisoners have been taken, included among these is the Countess Markievicz.

WANTS \$200,000 FOR HORSES.
 Senator Pittman Asks For Government Appropriation.

Washington.—With a view of improving the breed of light horses—farm, saddle and harness—throughout the country, Senator Pittman, of Nevada, introduced an amendment to be proposed to the Agricultural Appropriations bill calling for the immediate appropriation of \$200,000 for the extension of the so-called army remount stations at Front Royal, Va., from which some of the finest horses in the United States cavalry have come.

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