

## UNITED UPON THE BALKAN HEIGHTS

Historical Meeting of the East and West.

### SERBS STILL FIGHTING

Historical Event in Serbia Celebrated By Teuton and Bulgarian Allies With Parade in Fortress Taken From Their Enemy.

Berlin.—The Austro-Hungarian, Bulgarian and German comrades have met on the Balkan heights. In the twilight of October 26, in the rugged Dobrova mountains, where the patrol of the allied powers were looking out for each other, there suddenly appeared two Bulgarian officers and 25 men.

According to the Cologne Gazette, all were splendid soldiers and well equipped. A majority of them were veterans who had fought in the Balkan War against Serbia. They were led by Lieutenant Gatevev. They were given an enthusiastic reception by the soldiers of the Central Powers.

The military commanders and the Duke of Mecklenburg hastened to the place, northeast of Brza Planina, near the town of Milutinovich, where the historical meeting of the East and West took place. Later there was a brilliant parade in the conquered Serbian fortress of Klavodva.

Resounding cheering and the national anthems were heard from the opposite bank of the Danube, where the Roumanian population listened to the celebration of the inauguration of the new passage from Germany through Austria-Hungary and Bulgaria into Turkey, which touches only territory of the allied powers.

The Frankfurter Zeitung, in commenting on the Balkan situation, declares that the campaign against Serbia may now be considered won in its essentials.

"Serbian troops are still fighting in the northeastern corner," says the newspaper, "but their country must soon yield to our pressure. The day when the German and Bulgarian armies united will be an important date in the world's history."

### 19 YEARS IN FEAR OF ARREST.

Man Gives Himself Up To Find He is Not Wanted.

Chicago.—For 19 years Joseph Cunningham wandered in various cities oppressed with the fear that Federal officers were pursuing him for the theft of \$50 taken in 1896 from the Alexandria (Ind.) Postoffice, where his brother Will was postmaster and he a clerk. Tired of the haunting fear of detectives, Joseph Wednesday surrendered to the Hammond (Ind.) police and discovered that no officer had ever searched for him.

Postmaster Will Cunningham had made good the shortage and has welcomed the lost brother to the old town.

### NOT ALL PROSPERITY WAR-MADE.

Much Of It Due To Domestic Revival, Says Big Canner.

Chicago.—George E. Stocking, president of the Western Canners' Association, which is in session here, expressed the opinion that considerable of the prosperity of the country at present credited to war orders should be charged to a domestic revival. "Take our industry as an instance," he said. "We are canners of fruit and vegetables. Little of the product goes abroad, yet we did \$100,000,000 worth of business last year, and that's a lot more than we did the year before."

### CAPTURED BY WARSHIP.

Six German Officers Who Escaped From Norfolk Caught At Sea.

New York.—The six officers of the interned German raider Kronprinz Wilhelm who escaped from Norfolk, Va., October 10, on the yacht Eclipse, were captured at sea by a British warship, according to information in a letter received here. The letter was sent to William Wolf, a New York manufacturer, by his mother-in-law, who was a passenger on the steamer Bermuda, which left New York for Hamilton last Wednesday.

### RUSSIA BUYS CLOTH IN U. S.

Gives Contract For 5,000,000 Yards For Uniforms.

Boston.—Contracts have been signed by William M. Wood, president of the American Woolen Company, for the delivery of 5,000,000 yards of uniform cloth to the Russian Government. It was announced here. The order is said to be the largest ever placed at one time in the history of the trade.

### TYPHOON KILLS 170.

Eight Hundred Injured in Southern Luzon, in the Philippines.

Manila.—The typhoon in Southern Luzon killed at least 170 persons and injured 800. Damage to property and to the hemp and rice crops is estimated at \$1,000,000. A heavy landslide involved a portion of the volcano of Mayon.

## DOCTOR KILL JOY



## 20 CHILDREN DIE IN SCHOOL FIRE

Exit From Burning Building Blocked By Cripple.

### MOST OF THE VICTIMS GIRLS

Crippled Child Believed To Have Fallen and Tripped Other Children Pressing On Behind Her.

Peabody, Mass.—Twenty children, most of them girls, ranging in age from seven to 17 years, lost their lives in a fire which destroyed St. John's Parochial School. Another girl has injuries which are regarded as probably fatal, while others were less severely hurt.

The 600 children had entered their classrooms for the morning session, when the fire was discovered and although a majority of them were guided to safety by Sisters of the Order of Notre Dame, who were their teachers, panic seized a large number as they neared the front door, and in their rush to escape they lost their footing and their bodies blocked the exit. It was in the front vestibule that nearly all the bodies were found.

### Mother Superior Burned.

All of the sisters escaped, but Mother Superior Marie Carmelita was seriously burned. At the convent house it was said that her injuries probably would not prove fatal, although she is prostrated by the disaster and the suffering of her charges.

How the fire started may never be known. An early theory that a boiler explosion caused it having been dismissed, the state police officials are of the opinion that a storeroom in the basement, where a gas meter was located, was its source, but investigation of the theory was difficult as the place where the storeroom had been was entirely burned.

### Alarm Follows Prayer.

The first word of the fire is believed to have come from a tardy pupil who smelled smoke and reported it to the Mother Superior. The children had just finished morning prayer when the gong sounded for fire drill. Mother Marie hurried to tell the sisters of the actual danger, and the movements of the fire drill were quickly started. A few days ago, in a practice drill, the building was emptied within two minutes. It would have been cleared in almost the same time today. In the opinion of Rev. Nicholas J. Murphy, pastor of St. John's Roman Catholic Church, but for the falling of a child believed to be a cripple, in the front vestibule. Over her body child after child, fearful of the flames, and pressed on by the crowd behind, stumbled and fell. The opening was choked and further escape was in this way stopped.

### RUSSIA SEEKING LOAN.

Wants \$50,000,000 To \$100,000,000 To Be Spent For Supplies.

New York.—Agents of the Russian Government, it was reliably reported here, are seeking to establish a credit loan in this country somewhat similar to the recent \$500,000,000 Anglo-French credit loan, although no bond issue is contemplated, of from \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000 and more, if it can be obtained. Details of the proposed loan were lacking, but in one quarter it was reported that the Russian Government was willing to pay as high as 9 per cent. interest for a loan of this size.

### EDISON GOES ON EXHIBITION.

Lets School Children "See Him" and Spends 14 Hours in Bed.

Los Angeles.—Thomas A. Edison answered an invitation to let school children "see him." At a high school Mr. Edison smilingly placed himself on exhibition in the auditorium, but refused to make a speech. Mr. Edison also broke a record by spending 14 hours in bed and appearing at breakfast at 8.30 A. M.

## NATION'S DEFENSE FUND PROBLEM

President to Discuss It With Chairman Kitchin.

### MOST OF THE VICTIMS GIRLS

Issue Of Panama Canal Bonds, Increase In War Tax, In Wool and Income Rates Proposed.

Washington.—Legislative problems of financing the Administration's "national defense" program, it is understood, will be the object of a conference which President Wilson arranged for November 16 with Representative Kitchin, of North Carolina, the new chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee, which originates the revenue measures in Congress.

The "national defense" program calls for total appropriations of approximately \$500,000,000 for the army and the navy, an increase of upward of \$200,000,000 over the normal sums made available for the two fighting arms of the country. Means must be found to raise this money and it is said that the President desires to have a full discussion with Representative Kitchin over revenue plans. The belief is also expressed that the President will incidentally discuss with Representative Kitchin his reported opposition to any plans calling for large increases in the army and navy.

### Not Agreed On Revenue Plan.

So far as can be learned the Administration leaders have not agreed upon any set plans for raising the additional revenue needed for increasing the army and navy. As matters now stand an impression seems to prevail that the plan will embrace the following: Panama Canal bonds to the amount of \$100,000,000, already authorized by Congress, will be issued; the so-called war tax will be continued and increased about \$25,000,000 or \$50,000,000; the tariff on sugar will be maintained, yielding about \$15,000,000, an attempt will be made to raise the tariff on wool and to stiffen the income tax rate.

There is also considerable discussion of imposing an inheritance tax. Representative Cordell Hull, of Tennessee, father of the income tax act, is working out such a plan on the House side, while Senator George W. Norris, of Nebraska, is behind legislation of this kind on the Senate side of the Capitol. It is declared that a 5 per cent. inheritance tax would yield from \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000 a year. It is stated that there would be no difficulty about collecting this tax, as all wills must be probated in the courts and the obstacles encountered in reaching incomes for taxation would not be experienced. Experts here estimate that something like \$5,000,000,000 changes hands through death every year and that at least half of this amount would be in sums which would fall within the scope of the proposed law.

All the indications are that the country is squarely behind the President in his plans to strengthen the army and navy so that this nation can be prepared to resist an invasion by a foreign foe. This sentiment, which reaches the White House through many different channels, is taken to mean that the nation is prepared for extraordinary methods of raising revenue in order to provide money for national defense.

### TYPHOID FEVER "ACCIDENT."

Wisconsin Court Admits Claim For Compensation.

Madison, Wis.—The Supreme Court of Wisconsin, in an opinion given in the case of the New Dells Lumber Company vs. Venner, held that typhoid fever contracted through drinking water furnished by the employer and resulting in the death of the employe is an accident and within the meaning of the Workmen's Compensation act.

## THE MARKETS

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot irregular; No. 1 Northern Duluth, \$1.06½ and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, \$1.08 c f Buffalo.  
 Corn—No. 2 yellow, 77½¢ prompt.  
 Butter—Creamery, extras (92 score), 28c; creamery (higher scoring), 28¢ 29c; firsts, 26½¢@27½¢; seconds, 24¢@26c.  
 Eggs—Fresh gathered, extra 36¢ 37c; extra firsts, 33¢@35c; firsts, 28¢ 32c; seconds, 24¢@27c. Nearby henry whites, fine to fancy, 52¢@55c; nearby henry browns, 38¢@40c.  
 Cheese—State, whole milk, fresh flats, white and colored, specials, 16½¢; do average fancy, 15c.  
 Live Poultry—Firm; Western chickens, 16½¢; fowls, 14½¢@15c; turkeys, 18c. Dressed dull, Western fresh chickens, 14¢@23c; fresh fowls, feed, 13¢@17½¢; turkeys, 18¢@22½c.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat—Carlota, in export elevator, No. 2, red, Western spot and October, \$1.14@1.16; do do, No. 2 Southern red, \$1.19@1.12; steamer, No. 2 red, \$1.11@1.13; do do, No. 3 red, \$1.09@1.12; rejected A, \$1.07½@1.09½; do do, rejected B, \$1.06@1.08.  
 Corn—Western, No. 2 yellow, 74¢ 75c; do do, Western steamer, yellow, 73¢@74c; do do, Western, No. 3 yellow, 72½¢@73c; Delaware, yellow, 72¢@73c.  
 Oats—No. 2 white, 45¢@46c; standard white, 44¢@45c; No. 3 white, 41¢@42c; No. 4 white, 38¢@39c; sample, 33¢@36c; purified oats, graded, 42¢@44c.  
 Butter—Western, solid-packed creamery, fancy, specials, 30½¢; extra, 28½¢; extra firsts, 27½¢; firsts, 26¢ 26½¢; seconds, 24¢@25c; thirds, 23¢ @23½¢; lard-packed, 21¢@22c; nearby prints, fancy, 32c; do do, average extra, 30¢@31c; do do, firsts, 27¢@29c; do do, seconds, 25¢@26c; jobbing sales of fancy prints, 26¢@29c.

Eggs—Nearby extras, 36c per dozen; nearby firsts, \$9.90 per standard case; nearby current receipts, \$9.30 per case; Western extra, firsts, \$9.90 per case; do do, firsts, \$9.30 per case; fancy selected candled eggs jobbing at 38¢@40c per dozen.  
 Cheese—New York, full cream, fancy, new, 15½¢@16c; do do, fair to good, new, 14½¢@15c; do do, part skims, 6¢@12c.  
 Live Poultry—Fowls, 14¢@15c, according to size and quality; old roosters, 11¢@12c; spring chickens, 14¢@15c, according to quality; ducks, as to size and quality, 13¢@16c; large size preferred; pigeons, old, per pair, 18¢ 30c; do do, young, per pair, 17¢@18c.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—No. 2 red spot and October, 112½¢; November, 102¼¢; No. 2 red Western spot and October, 115c.

Corn—Year, 62½¢; January, 62½c.

Oats—No. 3 white, 41¢@42c; No. 4 white, 36¢@37c, as to location.

Rye—No. 2 rye, Western, \$1.09½@1.10; No. 3, do, 1.05@1.06; No. 4, do, 1.04@1.05; bag lots, as to quality and condition, 95¢@1.05.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$20@20.50; No. 2, do, 18¢@19¢; No. 3, do, 15¢@17¢; light clover mixed, 18.50¢@19¢; No. 1 clover mixed, 17.50¢@18¢; No. 2, do, 14¢@17¢; choice clover, 17¢@17.50¢ nominal; No. 1 clover, 15¢@17¢ nominal; No. 2, do, 13¢@15¢ nominal; No. 3, do, 12¢@13¢ nominal.

Straw—No. 1 straight rye, \$14@14.50; No. 2, do, 13¢@13.50; No. 11 tangled rye, 11¢@11.50; No. 2, do, 10¢; No. 11 wheat, 8.50¢; No. 2, do, 7¢@7.50¢; No. 1 oat, 10¢@10.50¢; No. 2, do, 9¢@9.50¢.  
 Butter—Creamery, fancy, 39c; do, choice, 29¢; do, good, 28¢; do, prints, 20¢@22¢; Maryland and Pennsylvania rolls, 20¢@21¢; Ohio rolls, 19¢@20¢; West Virginia rolls, 19¢@20¢; store-packed, 19¢; Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania dairy prints, 19¢@20¢; process butter, 24¢@25¢.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 29c; Western firsts, 29¢; West Virginia firsts, 28¢; Southern firsts, 26¢@27¢. Reared and re-handled eggs, ½ to 1c higher.

Live Poultry—Chickens—Old hens, 4 lbs and over, 16c; do, old hens, small to medium, 15c; do, old roosters, 10c; do, spring, large, fat, 16c; do, do, small to medium, 15¢@16c; do, do, white Leghorn, 15c. Ducks—Young Pekins, 3 lbs and over, 14¢@15c; do, do, puddle, do, 13¢@14c; do, do, Muscovy, do, 14c; do, do, smaller, do, 12c. Geese—Nearby, 14¢@16c. Turkeys—Young, 7 lbs and over, 20c; do, old, 18¢. Pigeons—Young, per pair, 15¢@20c; do, old, do, 15¢@20¢.

### Live Stock

CHICAGO.—Hogs—Bulk, \$7.05@7.60; light, 6.85¢@7.80; mixed, 7¢@7.85¢; heavies, 6.85¢@7.80; rough, 6.85¢@7c; pigs, 4¢@7c.

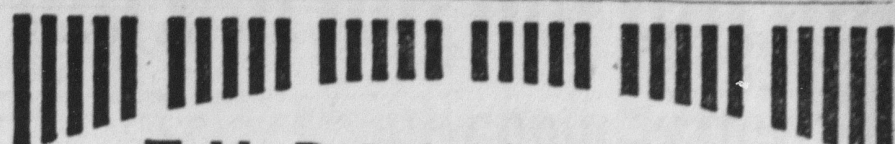
Cattle—Native beef cattle, \$6@10.50; cows and heifers, 2.85¢@8.35¢; calves, 7.25¢@11c.

Sheep—Wethers, \$6.25¢@6.65¢; ewes 4¢@6c; lambs, 6.50¢@8.75¢.

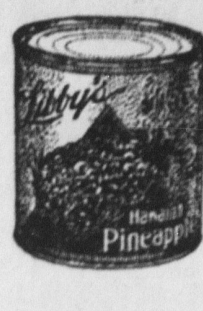
KANSAS CITY, MO.—Hogs—Bulk, \$6.90@7.25¢; heavy, 6.75¢@7.25¢; packers and butchers, 6.90¢@7.40¢; light, 6.75¢@7.35¢; pigs, 6¢@7c.

Cattle—Prime fed steers, \$9.65@10.30¢; dressed beef steers, 8.25¢@9.50¢; southern steers, 5.50¢@7.50¢; cows, 4¢ 6.75¢; heifers, 6¢@9.25¢; stockers and feeders, 5.50¢@8.25¢; bulls, 5.25¢@6.25¢; calves, 6¢@10.50¢.

Sheep—Lambs, \$8.25¢@8.65¢; yearlings, 6.50¢@7.25¢; wethers, 5.75¢@6.50¢; ewes, 5.40¢@6c.



## Table Dainties from Sunny Climes



**Libby's** California Asparagus and Hawaiian Pineapple



From tropical Hawaii, home of the sweetest, most luscious pineapple, comes the one; and California, where the tenderest asparagus grows, supplies the other. The Libby care and cleanliness back of both is a warrant of a product that will please you.

**Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago**

One of Those Friends.  
 "Wombat, I'm a friend of yours, and I must tell you that today Flubddub was saying some very means things about you."  
 "If you are a friend of mine, why did you stand there and listen to him?"  
 "Well, I'm a friend of his, too."  
 The Profits.  
 "Do you think it is profitable for a man to be a chauffeur?"  
 "Well, it is a business in which he can certainly manage to raise the dust."

## Many Children Suffer From Kidney Trouble

Three years ago my little girl, Angela, was taken sick with scarlet fever and later dropsy set in; her face and limbs swelled and her eyes puffed. A leading physician here at the time, treated her without the slightest success. A sample of your Swamp-Root having been left at the house at the time, I resolved to try it, and as it agreed with her stomach I continued using it with gratifying results. The inflammation began to subside after she had taken the first fifty-cent bottle, and after she took two large bottles she was pronounced cured by the doctor, and has been in good health ever since. The doctor came to see her every day and examined her every second day until he pronounced her kidneys in perfect condition. Now then the doctor was under the impression that I was giving my girl his medicine, but as his medicine had failed to do a bit of good, and desiring not to offend him, I did not tell him I was giving her Swamp-Root and he did not know the difference. I did not use one drop of his medicine after I started my girl on Swamp-Root, and have always felt that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root saved my girl's life, for which I am grateful. I cannot praise it too highly.  
 Mrs. MARY BYRNE,  
 New Brunswick, N. J.

State of New Jersey vs. County of Middlesex.  
 Mrs. Mary Byrne, being duly sworn by me, according to law, on her oath saith that the above statement made by me is just and true.  
 MRS. MARY BYRNE,  
 Sworn and subscribed to before me, this 16th day of July, A. D. 1909.  
 MARGARET P. O'DONNELL,  
 Notary Public.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You.  
 Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.  
 The candidate elected by a large majority is apt to become a cheery official.  
 The trouble hunting season is still open.

Never Had a Chill.  
 After Taking ELIXIR BARKER.  
 "My little daughter, 10 years old, suffered nearly a year with chills and fever, most of the time under the doctor's care. I was discouraged and a friend advised me to try Elixir Barker. I gave it to her and she has never had a chill since. It completely cured her." Mrs. Cyrus Helms, 32 E. St., N. E., Washington, D. C.  
 Elixir Barker 50 cents, all druggists or by Parcel Post prepaid from Kiozeski & Co., Washington, D. C.  
 The Household Boss.  
 He—Ann, I intend to put my foot down on the next purchase for this house.  
 She—All right, William; you'll put it down on a new carpet.  
 Worth Looking Into.  
 Noit—That fellow Hawkins is as honest as the day is long.  
 Askitt—But what's his night record?  
 Not Gray Hairs but Tired Eyes.  
 make us look older than we are. Keep your eyes young and you will look young. After the Moris always Marine Your Eyes—Don't tell your age.  
 Follies of youth are drafts on old age, the payments of which are imperative.  
 The secret of success is a secret that women never tell.

**10c Worth of DU PONT**  
 Will Clear \$1.00 Worth of Land

Get rid of the stumps and grow big crops on cleared land. Now is the time to clean up your farm while products bring high prices. Blasting is quickest, cheapest and easiest with Low Freezing Du Pont Explosives. They work in cold weather.  
 Write for Free Handbook of Explosives No. 69F, and name of nearest dealer.  
**DU PONT POWDER COMPANY**  
 WILMINGTON DELAWARE

**Mrs. S. A. Allen's**  
 Hair Color Restorer

Never fails. Gives color and beauty to gray hair. More than half a century of success. If your dealer hasn't it, send \$1.00 and a large bottle will be sent you by parcel post.  
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