

## WOMEN CAN HARDLY BELIEVE

How Mrs. Hurley Was Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Eldon, Mo. — "I was troubled with displacement, inflammation and female weakness. For two years I could not stand on my feet long at a time and I could not walk two blocks without enduring cutting and drawing pains down my right side which increased every month. I have been at that time purple in the face and would walk the floor. I could not lie down or sit still sometimes for a day and a night at a time. I was nervous, and had very little appetite, no ambition, melancholy, and often felt as though I had not a friend in the world. After I had tried most every female remedy without success, my mother-in-law advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so and gained in strength every day. I have now no trouble in any way and highly praise your medicine. It advertises itself." — Mrs. S. T. HURLEY, Eldon, Missouri.

Remember, the remedy which did this was Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. For sale everywhere.

It has helped thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing down feeling, indigestion, and nervous prostration, after all other means have failed. Why don't you try it? Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

**Mrs. S. A. Allen's**  
World's  
**Hair Color Restorer**



Never Fails  
Gives color and beauty  
to GRAY HAIR.  
More than half a century  
of success. It is sent  
dollar a box, and a large bottle  
will be sent you by  
parcel post.  
MRS. S. A. ALLEN  
55 Barclay St. New York

Renews Your Youthful Appearance

**The Wretchedness of Constipation**  
Can quickly be overcome by  
**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.**  
Purely vegetable  
—act surely and  
gently on the  
liver. Cure  
Biliousness,  
Head-  
ache,  
Dizziness,  
and Indigestion. They do their duty.  
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.  
Genuine must bear Signature  
*Asent's Food*



**For the Toilet**  
**Glenn's Sulphur Soap**  
To keep the hands white,  
the head free from dandruff  
and the complexion clear.  
It  
**Beautifies**  
(All Druggists)  
Contains 30% Pure Sulphur.  
Wash Hair & Whisker Dye, Black or Brown, etc.

**DRIVE MALARIA OUT OF THE SYSTEM**  
**BABEK**  
for  
**That Tired Feeling**  
A GOOD TONIC AND APPETIZER

**DAISY FLY KILLER**  
placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Real, clean, germicidal, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of natural, non-toxic ingredients; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. All dealers or mail order paid for \$1.00.  
HAROLD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

**PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM**  
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to revitalize dormant hair. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c and \$1.00 in Druggists.

**DROPSY TREATED** usually gives quick relief, soon removes swelling and short breath, often gives entire relief in 15 to 25 days. Trial treatment sent FREE.  
DR. THOMAS E. GREEN, Successor to Dr. H. H. Green's Son, Box 1, Chatsworth, Ga.

W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 27-1915.

## HIS NAME HONORED

Nathan Hale a Synonym for the Highest Patriotism.

How Youthful Martyr to the Cause of Liberty Met Death With Fortitude That Can Never Be Forgotten.

When the farmers of Lexington fired the shots that brought on the war of American Independence that April day in 1775, a pale, slim boy, not yet twenty years old, destined to become a martyr to our freedom, laid down his badge of office as a schoolteacher at New London, Conn., and took up the sword. That boy was Nathan Hale. His heroic sacrifice to his country's cause is one of the treasured pages in American history.

New London went wild with excitement when the news of the battle of Lexington reached there. Bands of patriots paraded the streets. Guns were fired and speeches made. A meeting was called at once to determine what that city should do in the war. Every man of prominence spoke and then the young schoolteacher was called to the platform. What words he said that day have been lost to posterity, but we do know they must have been the most stirring of the occasion, for immediately after he left the platform men began marching forward to enlist. One sentence of Nathan Hale's that day has been preserved and it is worthy to rank with the greatest sayings of our nation.

"Let us march immediately and never lay down our arms until we have obtained independence," he said. That is all the more remarkable when one remembers that it was more than a year later before independence was talked of in the continental congress and it was two years before the Declaration of Independence was adopted.

Nathan Hale enrolled as a lieutenant in the regiment of Col. Charles Webb. His studious habits stood him in good stead, and soon he was one of the best officers in the regiment. He



Too Late, He Realized That . . . the Boat Was Filled With British Marines.

went with his company to Boston and during the siege of that city by the army under General Washington the twenty-year-old boy was promoted to be a captain for bravery and efficiency.

When the British evacuated Boston and sailed for New York a greater part of the American army went down that way. Captain Hale and his regiment were among them. They took part in all the hardships of that campaign.

Late in the summer of 1776, when the British had driven the American army from Long Island, General Washington was particularly anxious to establish some sort of secret information line into New York. He tried many plans without success. Finally he summoned his officers to a council and told them to be on the lookout for some bright, courageous man who would undertake the dangerous task. He spoke, among others, to Colonel Knowlton of Knowlton's Rangers, the regiment to which Captain Hale was attached.

Colonel Knowlton conferred with his officers. When he put the proposition to them every cheek paled. If the messenger should be caught they all knew he would be hanged as a spy. The word spy is a horrible one to an honorable man. No one volunteered to risk a death of shame. For a few moments there was a hush in the room. Then Captain Hale walked in and said:

"I will undertake it, sir." Captain Hale had been sick in bed for some time, and his fellow officers crowded about him seeking to dissuade him from his purpose. Among them Capt. William Hull, a classmate of Hale's at Yale, spoke the longest. But the youthful captain could not be shaken from his purpose.

"Gentlemen," he said, "I owe my country the accomplishment of an object so important and so much desired by the commander of our armies. I know of no mode of obtaining the information but by assuming a disguise and passing into the enemy's camp. I am fully aware of the consequences of

discovery and capture in such a situation. I wish to be useful, and every kind of service for the public good becomes honorable by being necessary."

In such manner did Captain Hale turn spy. That night he left the camp at Harlem Heights dressed in the brown garments and broad brimmed hat of a schoolteacher. He was accompanied a short distance by Sergeant Hempstead and his faithful servant, Ansel Wright, who arranged to have a boat ready for Captain Hale for his return, September 20.

Nathan Hale had no trouble in penetrating the British lines. He went to New York and over to Brooklyn, carefully collecting information about the number of British soldiers, their cannon, ammunition, other supplies and fortifications, in Latin, and concealed it in a hollowed out place in one of his boot heels.

September 19 he began his return. He spent the night at a farm house near the place where the boat was to wait for him. The next morning he went to breakfast at a little wayside inn, "The Cedars," kept by a widow named Chichester. During his meal a man entered and stared at him. Captain Hale paid little attention, as he thought he was safe by now.

As soon as the meal was finished he hurried off to the rendezvous. It was a misty morning. As Hale approached the beach he saw a boat pulling in. Glad almost beyond belief to be rid of his dangerous task he hurried down to meet it. Too late he realized that instead of Sergeant Hempstead and Ansel Wright the boat was filled with British marines. He turned to run, but the marines caught him.

"What are you doing out so early?" a marine demanded.

"Isn't it proper for a schoolteacher to get a breath of fresh air?" Hale asked in reply.

"Why did you run?"

"I thought you were rebels." The marines would not believe Hale's assertions of innocence and began to search him. They looked everywhere without success. One pulled off his boots and reached inside. Nothing suspicious had been found and the marines reluctantly were preparing to turn him loose when one of them, with an oath, threw the boot he held at a tree. That tore away the strip that covered the secret hiding place and the papers fell out.

Captain Hale was then taken aboard a frigate in the harbor and later to New York, where General Howe questioned him. There was nothing to do but admit that he was a spy. General

Howe immediately ordered that the young patriot be hanged the following day and turned him over to an officer named Cunningham, the provost marshal.

That night Hale was kept in solitary confinement. He begged to be allowed to write letters to his mother and Alice Adams, his sweetheart, in New London. Cunningham furnished him with paper and ink and then destroyed the letters in front of Hale, saying:

"The rebels should never know they had a man who could die with such firmness."

Hale asked that a minister or a Bible be sent to him. Both were refused. The only favor he received was being allowed to rest in the tent of a young British officer while on his way to his death.

Early on the morning of September 22, 1776, it was Sunday, Hale was conducted to the scaffold. Cunningham cuffed him brutally and said:

"Make your dying speech." Hale had been praying. He continued and when he had finished rose to his feet and faced the crowd of British soldiers and townspeople. In a loud, clear voice he said:

"I regret that I have but one life to give to my country."  
"Swing the rebel off!" Cunningham shouted, and thus died one of the most heroic figures in our history.

**Real Lesson of the Day.**  
The Fourth of July properly symbolizes the liberty for which the patriots stood ready to sacrifice their lives in order to launch the United States as a national craft which should be anchored by no weight of foreign despotism.

**Most Enduring Tribute.**  
After all, it should be remembered that the finest and most enduring tribute we can pay to "Old Glory" is to so live our lives as individuals that the nation may be truly great in the character of its citizenship and the ideals for which the flag stands.

## THE MARKETS

**NEW YORK**—Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 red, 124½¢, and No. 2 hard, 127½¢; 1 f New York export, billed; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 124½¢, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, 121½¢; 1 f Buffalo. Corn—Spot firm; No. 2 yellow, 86½¢, prompt shipment. Oats—Spot easy; standard, 55¢; No. 3 white, 54½¢; fancy clipped white, 55½¢@57¢. Butter—Creamery extras (93 score), 28¼¢@28½¢; creamery (higher scoring), 28¼¢@29¼¢; firsts, 27¢@28¼¢; seconds, 25¼¢@26¼¢. Eggs—Fresh gathered extras, 22¢@23¢; extra firsts, 20¼¢@21¢; firsts, 19¢@20¢; seconds, 17¼¢@18¼¢; nearby henry whites, fine to fancy, 23¢@25¢; nearby henry browns, 22¼¢@23¼¢. Cheese—State, whole milk, fresh, Kats and twins, specials, 14¢@14½¢; do, average fancy, 13¼¢. Live Poultry—Western chickens, broilers, 25¢; fowls, 15¢; turkeys, 16¢@11. Dressed poultry quiet; prices unchanged.

**PHILADELPHIA**—Wheat—Car lots, in export elevator, No. 2 red, nominal, \$1.26@1.25; No. 2 red Western, nominal, \$1.25@1.20; No. 1 Northern Duluth, \$1.32@1.36.

Corn—Car lots, for local trade, as to location, No. 2 yellow, 84¢@84½¢; steamer yellow, 83¢@83½¢; No. 3 yellow, 81¢@82¢; No. 4 steamer, 79¢@80¢.

Oats—No. 2 white, 55¢@55½¢; standard white, 54¢@54½¢; No. 3 white, 53¢@53½¢.

Butter—Western fresh, solid-packed, creamery, fancy, special, 30¼¢; extra, 28¼¢; extra firsts, 27¼¢@28¢; firsts, 27¢; seconds, 26¢; ladle-packed, 21¢@22¢; nearby prints, fancy, 32¢; average extra, 29¢@31¢; fair to good, 26¢@27¢; garlicky, 24¢@26¢; jobbing sales of fancy prints, 36¢@39¢.

Eggs—Nearby, extra, 24¢ per doz; nearby firsts, \$6.16 per standard case; nearby current receipts, \$5.85 per case; Western extra, firsts, \$6.15 per case; do, do, first, \$5.85 per case; Southern, \$4.80@5.40 per case; fancy selected, candied and fresh eggs, jobbing at 26¢@27¢ per doz.

Live Poultry—Fowls, 15¢@16¢; roosters, 11¢@12¢; broiling chickens, fancy, not leghorns, weighing 1½@2 pounds apiece, 24¢@25¢; do, smaller, 18¢@19¢; do, weighing 1½@2 pounds, 21¢@24¢; do, weighing 1½@2 pounds, 18¢@20¢; ducks, Pekin, 14¢@15¢; do, Indian runners, 12¢@13¢; pigeons, old, per pair, 25¢@30¢; do, young, per pair, 20¢@22¢.

Cheese—New York, full cream, fancy, new, 14¢@14½¢; fair to good, new, 13¢@13½¢; do do part skims, 8¢@12¢.

**BALTIMORE**—Wheat—No. 2 red spot, 111½¢; June, 108½¢; July, 107¼¢; No. 2 red Western spot, 115 bid.

Corn—Contract, 80¼¢; steamer mixed, 76¼¢. Oats—Standard white, 52¢; No. 3 white, 52¼¢.

Rye—No. 2 Western, spot, old rye, \$1.23 bid. Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$22; No. 2, do, \$21; No. 3, do, \$19@20; light clover mixed, \$21; No. 1, do, \$20.50@21; No. 2, do, \$17.50@19; choice clover, nominal, \$20@20.50; No. 1, do, \$19.50@20; No. 2, do, \$16@18; No. 3, do, \$15@15.50.

Straw—No. 1 straight rye, \$11.50@12; No. 2, do, \$10.50@11; No. 1 tangled, \$10.50; No. 2, do, \$9@9.50; No. 1 wheat, \$9.50; No. 2, do, \$7.50@8.50; No. 1, oat, \$10@10.50; No. 2, do, \$9@9.50.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 29¢@29½¢; creamery, choice, 27¢@28¢; creamery, good, 25¢@26¢; creamery, prints, 29¢@31¢; creamery, blocks, 28¢@30¢; ladies, 22¢@23¢; Maryland and Pennsylvania, rolls, 22¢; Ohio, rolls, 21¢@21½¢; West Virginia, rolls, 21¢@21½¢; storepacked, 21¢@21½¢; dairy prints, Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania, 21¢@21½¢.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 19¢; Western firsts, 19¢; West Virginia firsts, 19¢; Southern firsts, 18¢.

Live Poultry—Chickens—Old hens, 4 lbs and over, 14¢@14½¢; do, old hens, small to medium, 14¢@14½¢; do, old roosters, 9¢; do, spring, 1½@2 lbs, 25¢@26¢; do, 1¼@1½ lbs, 23¢@24¢; do, under 1½ lbs as to size, 20¢@22¢. Ducks—Muscovy, 3 lbs and over, 12¢; do, Pekins, 13¢; do, puddle, 12¢; do, smaller, 11¢; do, young, 3 lbs and over, 18¢@20¢. Pigeons—Young, 20¢; do, old, 20¢. Guinea fowl, each, 25¢@30¢.

### Live Stock

**CHICAGO**—Hogs—Bulk, \$7.30@ \$6.75@9.25; springs, \$6.25@9.75. Cattle—Native beef steers, \$6.80@9.50; Western steers, \$7@8.25; cows and heifers, \$3.25@9; calves, \$7.25@10.25. Sheep—Sheep, \$5.50@6.40; lambs, 7.70; heavy, \$6.90@7.60; rough, \$6.90 7.60; light, \$7.40@7.75; mixed, \$7.15@7.05; pigs, \$6@7.35.

**KANSAS CITY**—Hogs—Bulk, \$7.35 @7.50; heavy, \$7.30@7.40; packers and butchers, \$7.30@7.52½; light, \$7.30 @7.55; pigs, \$6.50@7.25.

Cattle—Prime fed steers, \$8.70@9; dressed beef steers, \$7.90@8.40; Southern steers, \$7.05@8.50; cows, \$4.50@7; heifers, \$6@8.70; stockers and feeders, \$7@8.30; calves, \$5@10. Sheep—Lambs, \$7.25@9.50; yearlings, \$7.25@8; wethers, \$6@6.75; ewes, \$4.75@5.25.

**PITTSBURGH**—Cattle—Choice, \$9.15@9.25; prime, \$8.85@9.

## It's a Picnic Getting Ready for a Picnic

If you choose  
Spanish Olives Pickles Sweet Relish Ham Loaf Veal Loaf  
Chicken Loaf Fruit Preserves Jellies Apple Butter  
Luncheon Meats Pork and Beans

**Libby's** Ready to Serve  
**Food Products**  
Insist on Libby's at your grocer's  
**Libby, McNeill & Libby**  
Chicago

### Wrong Diagnosis.

One of the prominent clubs of this city gave a contract for the decoration of their building in honor of the visit of the fleet, and the decorator conceived the idea that the word "welcome" spelled out in signal flags would be an appropriate and beautiful design for the front wall, over the entrance. He asked a naval officer for directions, and, following the code which said officer wrote out for him, a very interesting result was obtained. Judge of the surprise of the contractor when an army officer, happening by, asked: "Do you know what you have written?" "Why, welcome," stammered the decorator.

### Not by a long shot!

"Not by a long shot!" said the army officer. "You have up there, 'To be with the army.'"—Life.

### Sad Part of the Allegation.

"Every darn fool in this town thinks he could run a newspaper better than I can!" grumbled the editor of the *Northville Tocsin* and *Guardian* of the Heathstone, the price whereof was a dollar a year and the time to subscribe now. "Ey-yah!" replied Mortimer Morose. "And the worst of it is, a good many of 'em could!"—Kansas City Star.

### Estimating the Probabilities.

"My daughter is having her voice trained," said Mr. Cumrox. "Is she a soprano or a contralto?" "I dunno. I suppose she'll decide to be whichever costs the most."

### Nothing interests women more than a man who refuses to explain things.

But a poet doesn't necessarily dwell in an attic for the sake of the view.

### HINTS FOR THE HOUSEWIFE

Compiled by a Substitute While the Regular Man Was Away From His Desk.

A good way to save money on your gas and electric light bills is to spend your evenings at theaters and restaurants where the management pays for the lights.

If your husband's hair shows signs of falling out, try pulling his ears instead. They very seldom come loose. Installment collectors and other undesirable callers can be made to keep their distance by means of ripe tomatoes served at long range.

A society matron, whose position demands that she entertain a great deal more than she can really afford has discovered that by serving a few bird shot with each portion of guinea hen the guests can be made to think they are eating game.

A young wife of our acquaintance tried for years to break her husband of the habit of bringing home unexpected guests to dinner. At last she took the advice of a friend and flirted desperately with the very next man her husband invited to the house. After that there was no more trouble.—New York World.

### A Real Dilemma.

"I'm in a fix," declared the war correspondent. "I'm in love with a pretty nurse."  
"Yes?"  
"She wants me to shave, and my passport describes me with whiskers."

To convert an ax into a pick is the purpose of an attachment patented by a West Virginia inventor.

**Bringing In**  
the daintiest, choicest  
flavoured flaked food  
ever produced—  
**New**  
**Post Toasties**  
If you like corn flakes, as most folks do, there's a delightful surprise ahead. The new method of toasting these choice bits of Indian Corn brings out a wonderful new flavour—  
**A Flavour Beyond Compare**  
New Post Toasties have a body and crispness that don't mush down when cream or milk is added, and they come **FRESH-SEALED**—sweet and appetizing.  
**Your Grocer Has Them Now**