

(Signed) "AVARNA." A decree was issued Sunday confiscating all Austrian and German ships in Italian harbors.

Prince von Buelow, an astute Ger- White Way' (La Blanche Voie), which evitable,

man statesman, whose wife is an is situated on the only one of the five Italian woman, was sent to Rome with southern ridges of the Lorette Hill, instructions to do his utmost to save which was still partially in the hands

Germany First, Is Program.

President Wilson has no intention

at Morcanza to compute from May 1, 1915.

William D. Wallace, New Castle: John B. Robb, Jr., Carnegie; Charles W. Houston, Pittsburgh; J. Sharp Wil-

General Mobilization Is Ordered.

munication

this respect.

Hungary.

to him.

Rome, via Paris .-- Italy is at war with Austria-Hungary. With the issuance of the general mobilization order. the Italian Government issued a proclamation declaring war on Austria. which officially will begin Monday.

Prior to this, and after a lengthy consultation, the Ministers of War and Marine proclaimed all the provinces bordering on Austria and the islands and coast towns of the Adriatic in a state of war, which was equivalent to the establishment of martial law, the step usually preceding the formal declaration.

King Victor's mobilization decree went into effect Sunday morning and more than 3,000,000 men fully equipped with arms and ammunition it is expected will be put into the field within a month.

# ROOSEVELT WINS OUT.

#### Jury Finally Wins Over One Man Who Made Delay.

Syracuse, N. Y .- The jury in the trial of William Barnes' suit for libel tier. Large numbers of her troops are against Theodore Roosevelt returned a mobilized in this territory, and the verdict in favor of the defendant after forces of Austria-Hungary are lined up considering for more than 11 hours the on the other side of the boundary. The question of placing all the costs of the very mountanious character of the action upon the plaintiff. It is the belief of the jury everything Colonel face each other, the southern part of Roosevelt charged is true, and there the Austrian Alps, promises operations fore the plaintiff, not having been libeled, is entitled to no damages. William M. Ivins, of counsel for Wilham Barnes, announced that an appeal would be taken from the verdict of the jury at Syracuse which found in favor of Theodore Roosevelt in the his visits to the United States some Barnes against the former President.

## DYNAMITE KILLS FOUR.

Automobile Load Of It, Which Was To Be Used To Recover Body.

Syracuse, N. Y .- Four were killed, three fatally injured and 17 others seri- trian territory to the north and east ously injured here when an automobile near the head of the Adriatic Sea. load of dynamite, to be used to search This region, which includes Trent and for the body of a drowned boy. ex- Trieste, is Italian in all but nationality. ploded. Several women are among the To attain it has long been her cherishinjured. Windows were blown out of ed ambition. nearby factories and shreds of bodies and clothing were thrown on telephone wires and scattered for a distance of 150 feet.

#### MUFFLER ON DERNBURG.

#### New York Hears It Was Set To Work By Wireless.

Bernburg, chief spokesman of the indefinite period. "I could not sleep reports heard here. It is said that the of our plant was murdering boys in letters for publication in this country. them."

enough." It now appears that Austria did not really believe that Italy would enter the field against her.

In the meantime there had arisen in Office: Italy a war party, led by the "Irredentists," which made its voice heard in no uncertain terms. Dispatches from Rome for months past have indicated that the sentiment for active participation in the war was stronger by far than that on the side of continued neurality.

For months the diplomatic exchanges between Vienna and Rome had been constant, but the most persistent efforts of the diplomats to keep Triple Alliance was denounced by a few prisoners. Italy on May 4, but even after this diplomatic endeavors were continued. sions as late as May 10.

# Large Forces On Italian Front.

Italy's first move on land undoubtedly will be against the Austrian fron-Terrain where the opposing armies and fighting of the most difficult nature

So far as known, the Italian fleet is mostly in the Adriatic, under the command of the Duke of the Abruzzi, who is known to many Americans through trial of the libel suit brought by Mr. 10 years ago. It is generally believed that the fleet will proceed promptly daily. against the naval strength of Austria in these waters.

> To Regain "Unredeemed Italy." One great purpose of Italy in entering the war is to gain possession of "Unredeemed Italy," a sweep of Aus-

## REFUSES SHRAPNEL ORDER.

#### Battle Creek Man Declines \$3,000 Day Indefinitely.

Battle Creek, Mich .-- C. E. Kolb. president of a local manufacturing concern, has refused an order from a Eu-

ropean government for shrapnel shells. New York .- The muffler has been The order, if accepted, would have put via wireless, on Dr. Bernhard amounted to about \$3,000 a day for an Kaiser in this country, according to easy with the thought that the product former German Colonial Secretary will Europe," said Mr. Kolb in announcing a bill providing for 1,100,000,000 frances make no further speeches, give out no his action. "If the United States (\$220,000,000), being an additional ap jury fix the responsibility on the permore interviews and write no more wanted the shrapnel we would make 1915

the situation. He labored indefatigably of the enemy. From this point the for months, but in vain. He offered Germans, with their mitrailleuses, Italy certain parts of Austrian terri- were considerably hampering our tory as the price of her neutrality, but action, as also was the case on the her answer was always, "It is not plateau and to the west of Suchez."

Berlin (via Londan) .- The following statement was given out at the War

"Western theater of war:

"North of Ypres colored French troops attacked our positions east of the canal during the night. "An attack by the British in the

late evening south of Neuve Chapelle, in the region of La Quinque, broke down under our fire. Northeast of Arras we shot down an enemy flying machine at Fresnoy.

"A further attack, by the French in the Forest of Ailly, failed with con-Italy out of the war were futile. The siderable losses to the enemy, who left at no time since the sinking of the

"Since the 1st of May, 104,000 prisoners, 72 cannon and 253 machine Austria offering Italy further conces. guns have been captured by the army intention of suspending submarine under General Mackensen and the other German troops fighting in the Austro-Hungarian army. These figures are included in the total figures already published."

> Petrograd (via London) .-- An official statement referring to the recent fighting in the Carpathian Mountains was issued here and reads:

"In the fighting of the past three weeks, since the beginning of the operations of the enemy in the Carpathians, their losses on May 10, May 11, May 12 and May 13, during which

the fighting lost some of its intensity. averaged 10,000 a day. On the other 17 days they were much heavier. especially during the period between May 16 and May 19, when they amounted to several tens of thousands council, the Foreign Office has issued

"Certain regiments of the enemy have been reduced to a single company. Their total losses during this period, including 40,000 prisoners captured by us, have undoubtedly reached to one-fourth or perhaps one-third of ment and the actual details concerntheir total strength.

"The score of guns lost by the enemy in this fighting is as nothing compared with their total number, but it must be borne in mind that owing to the lack of horses and the scarcity of projectiles-between 2,000,000 and 3,000,000 shells having been expended | their money. by the enemy during this period-the enemy left behind on old positions several hundred guns. This circumstance has helped to equalize the odds, which

were in favor of the enemy."

\$220,000,000 MORE FOR WAR.

French Chamber Called Upon For Ad ditional Apropriation.

Paris .--- Minister of Finance Ribot inroduced in the Chamber of Deputies propriation for the first six months of sons whom it regarded as being to

itting America's protest to Germany against the sinking of the Lusitania to be thrown into the background by a new protest to Great Britain against the hardships and injustices imposed upon American commerce by the British blockade.

Whole it is true that the United States Government expects at an early date to renew its demands on England for better treatment, there is strong suspicion in official circles that the sudden agitation which has been started regarding the British violations of American rights is the result of a deliberate effort on the part of German propagandists to divert public attention from the Lusitania affair while Germany takes her time about answering President Wilson's note.

It can be stated on the authority of Lusitania has the German Government, either through Mr. Gerard or the warfare against merchant ships pending a reply to President Wilson.

Reports that such assurances had been given are likewise suspected of having been started by German propagandists in an effort to still popular feeling in the United States.

BRITAIN EXPLAINS ACTS.

Fears Americans Misunderstand Attl. tude Toward Shipping.

London .-- In an effort to correct what the Government believes to be a misunderstanding of Great Britain's 1915. attitude toward American ships and American cargoes in other neutral bottoms, detained under the order in an explanatory memorandum.

This explanation is supplemented by a statement that cotton cargoes, which the Government agreed to purchase under the cotton agreement. have all been bought by the Governing the payment only await proof of ownership and papers showing the actual contract price. It is explained that as most of these papers must come from the United States there will still be some unavoidable delays before the owners of the cotton get

# ACCUSES KAISER OF MURDER.

Coroner's Jury Renders Verdict On Death Caused By Zeppelin.

Ramsgate, England.-A coroner's jury here returned a verdict of "wilful murder" against Emperor William in the case of John Smith, who died as the result of shock following injuries sustained in the Zeppelin raid of Monday. The coroner suggested that the blame for war waged in this manner.

son, Beaver; John A. Elliot, Beaver Falls; Charles H. Ogden, Pittsburgh; John C. Oliver, Pittsburgh: Samuel R. Wilson, Sewickley; Hay Walker, Jr., Pittsburgh; D. M. Campsey, Claysville; Edward McDonals, McDonals; H. T. Billick, Monongahela: Theodore A. Straub, Canonsburg; John Add Mc-Ilvanis, Washington; William D. Cotteral, Waynesboro; John C. Haymaker, Pitteburgh.

Trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane, at Farview-To serve for the term of three years, to compute from June 1, 1915; C. H. Dorfinger, White Mills; Walter Mc-Nichols, Scranton: Alfred Marvin, Matamoras.

Commissioners of Valley Forge-For the term of five years, to compute from June 8, 1912; William H. Sayen, Wayne; John W. Jordan, Philadelphia; John T. Windrim, Devon. From April 20, 1914, John P. Nicholson, Philadelphia; J. P. Hale Jenkins, Norristown: mond L. Jones, Reading; Theodore E. Weidersheim, Philadelphia.

Trustees to the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane, at Allentown -For the term of three years, to compute from January 27, 1915; John J. Teller, Philadelphia; William A. Siebert, Easton; George R. Bedford, Reservation Commission, to serve Wilkes-Barre.

Trustees of the Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital, at Harrisburg-For Johnstown, October 10, 1917; William the term of three years, to compute | P. Stevenson, McVeytown, February 6, from the dates set opposite their 1918. names, respectively; William M. Don-

aldson, Harrisburg, October 25, 1914:

Edgar F. Smith. of Philadelphia, to versity Council, to serve for the term of four years, to compute from Febru- October 11, 1913. ary 20, 1915.

Members of the General George Gordon Meade Statue Commission, to serve until lawfully determined or annulled to compute from September 24, pute from the dates set opposite their 1913; John B. Patrick, Harrisburg; John Wanamaker, Philadelphia,

Trustees of the State Hospital for the insane, at Danville, for the term of three years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively : W. Field Shay, Watsontown, February 10, 1914; I. X. Grier, Danville, May 10, 1915; Samuel D. Townsend, Hughesville, September 4, 1913; Edward Brennan, Shamokin, February 10. 1914; W. A. Curry, M. D., Danville, June 9, 1914; Truman P. Reitmeyer, Williamsport, October 17, 1914; W. F. Lowry, Berwick, October 17, 1914; Herbert T. Hocht, Danville, June 4 1915.

Members of the State Fisheries Commission, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively; William A. Leisenring, Mauch Chunk, May 26, 1915; John Hamberger, Erie, June 2, 1915.

Charles H. Garlick, of Bellevue, Pa. to be inspector of steam engines and September 30, 1913.

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steam bollers in the county of Alle William A. Parton, Philadelphia; Rich- gheny, for the term of two years, to compute from February 2, 1914.

William A. Ramsey, of Pittsburgh, to be inspector of illuminating gas and gas meters in Allegheny county, for the term of three years, to compute from April 15, 1915.

Members of the State Forestry until the dates set opposite their names, respectively; J. M. Hoffman,

Richard A. McFadden, of Philadelphia, as engineer to assist and co-oper-Lewis S. Sadler, Carlisle, March 19, ate with the Director of the Department of Wharves, Docks and Ferries of the city of Philadelphia in the imbe a member of the College and Uni- provement of its port, to serve for the term of four years, to compute from

Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Region, at Ashland, to serve until lawfully determined or annulled, to comnames, respectively: Charles H. Bordner, Shenandoah, November 19, 1913; Harrison Ball, Mahanoy City, May 12, 1914.

Members of the Suburban Metropolitan Planning Commission, to serve until October 14, 1915: Marshall R., Pugh, Wayne; Wfiliam S. Ellis, Bryn Mawr: Emile J. Barlet, Ridley Park: Julius E. Nachod, Glenside; George Sullivan, Cynwyd. Until October 14, 1916; Penrose Robinson, Hatboro; George W. Ochs, Elkins Park; George W. Elkins, Elkins Park; Arthur P. Townsend, Langhorne; Samuel F. Houston, Chestnut Hill, Until October 14, 1917; A. E. Turner, Philadelphia; Randal Morgan, Philadelphia; Charles W. Kolb, Mt. Airy; John Gribbel, Wyncote; Alba B. Johnson, Rosemont, Eckley B. Coxe, Jr., of Drifton, to be a trustee of the State Hospital of the Middle Coal Feld of Pennsylvania, at Hasleton, to serve until lawfully determined or annulled, to compute from

