

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets first put up 40 years ago. They regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated tiny granules. Adv.

Any man will leave his automobile in a mud hole to come over and tell you home to get yours out.

# TWO WOMEN AVOID OPERATIONS

### By Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Chicago, Ill.—"I must thank you with all my heart for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I used to go to my doctor for pills and remedies and they did not help me. I had headaches and could not eat, and the doctor claimed I had female trouble and must have an operation. I read in the paper about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I have taken it and feel fine. A lady said one day, 'Oh, I feel so tired all the time and have headache.' I said, 'Take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,' and she did and feels fine now."—Mrs. M. R. KARSCHNICK, 1438 N. Paulina Street, Chicago, Illinois.



The man with the gun may not maim or even frighten his horses and cattle, though he frequently does injure them more or less through the latter cause if not the former, but in destroying birds of such direct economic importance he does a damage which cannot be estimated in dollars and cents.

It is a diligent gleaner in stubble fields, but there is no evidence that it destroys either sprouting or ripening grain.

Few birds, save the rose-breasted grosbeak, will devour Colorado potato bugs like the quail. The moth and larva of the cut-worm are eaten with relish. Chinch bug, cotton worm, cucumber beetle, wireworm, cloverleaf weevil, army worm, cotton bollweevil, rose bug, grasshopper, locust and tobacco worm butterfly are among the ingredients of its flesh diet. Few birds eat so large a proportion of injurious insects.

Just the money value saved to us by this intervention cannot be even approximated. But when we consider the fact that figures show the loss from the boll worm in some years at \$15,000,000; potato beetle, \$10,000,000; cotton worm, \$30,000,000; chinch bug and Rocky Mountain locust each \$100,000,000, it is very evident that birds which make them a considerable portion of their food are too valuable to be killed just for sport.

As a seed—and weed—destroyer, its mission is scarcely less important. The food capacity of each bird is estimated at a half ounce per day. Some, one, taking Virginia for the basis of computation and allowing four quails to the square mile, finds that in that state alone 573 tons of seeds are consumed by quails during the months from September 1 to April 30. Some of our worst weeds are also included in the list, as grab grass, black plantain, cockle, orange hawk-weed, rag-weed, fox tail, wild morning glory and bindweed.

Through a prolific race, quails have other enemies than the gunner to work for their extinction. One of the most common is heavy snow, cutting off their food supply. As they are ground birds, heavy snow, followed by rain or sleet often forms a crust under which they are hopelessly buried.

The farmer who scatters grain freely about the yard in time of heavy snow will find that they are as regular feeders as his domestic fowls, and the little care given for the short period required pays in pleasure as well as in dollars and cents.

## GIVE QUAIL A CHANCE

### IS FARMER'S FRIEND AND MONEY-SAVER EVERYWHERE.

Sportsman in Destroying Birds of Such Direct Economic Importance Does Damage Which Cannot Be Estimated in Dollars.

Careful and conservative students of its habits have rated every quail as worth five dollars to the farmer. Few turkeys yield so much, yet the farmer would feel insulted to have a sportsman ask—or take without asking—the privilege of shooting some of his domestic fowls.

The man with the gun may not maim or even frighten his horses and cattle, though he frequently does injure them more or less through the latter cause if not the former, but in destroying birds of such direct economic importance he does a damage which cannot be estimated in dollars and cents.

Guiltless of even a little trespassing charged to its cousin, the ruffed grouse or pheasant, that of feasting on young twigs, sprouts and buds, it has never been convicted of real damage at any season of the year.

It is a diligent gleaner in stubble fields, but there is no evidence that it destroys either sprouting or ripening grain.

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## GARDEN WORK FOR SEEDTIME

Many Insects Attack and Injure Potatoes, Cabbage, Cucumbers, Radishes and Other Plants.

(By FRANK H. SWEET.)

Watch out for these. The potato bug attacks potatoes, egg plants and tomatoes. Use paris green and other arsenic poisons.

The cabbage worm attacks cabbage, cauliflower and turnips. Hand picking is best in small gardens.

Wire worm attacks potatoes, corn and some seeds. Fall turning of the soil will expose and kill them.

The cutworm attacks small plants of cabbage, beans, corn, tomatoes, etc. In small gardens dig around the plant which has been cut off. The worm may be found in the soil and killed, or the transplanted plants may be wrapped with a cylinder of tough paper reaching one inch below ground and three inches above.

The striped cucumber beetles attack squashes, cucumbers and melons and the newly hatched worms do damage to corn roots. Sow extra seed. Dust the stems and leaves with air-slaked lime after every rain.

The flea beetle attacks radishes, tomatoes, cabbage, turnips, etc., when the plants are young. Keep the plants dusted with air-slaked lime or plaster, mixed with a little paris green, or similar poison.

Plant lice or aphids, green and dark-colored, attack lettuce, eggplants, peas and beans. Use kerosene emulsion or tobacco water.

The parsley worm attacks celery, carrots and parsley. Hand picking is the best for the small garden.

The squash vine borer attacks stems of cucumbers, squash and melons. Cover the first joint of the vine with earth.

The amount of seed per acre will vary slightly with the method of seeding and the purity and germinating power of the seed. It is believed that in general too little, rather than too much, seed is sown. If clover is sown separately, it should be at the rate of from eight to ten pounds of red or mammoth, from four to six of alsike, and from three to four of white clover.

Notching is a good way to mark sheep, and it is quite frequently used. Notches upon certain parts of the ears indicate certain numbers, the sum of the numbers represented by the notches being the number of the sheep. By a series of notches any numbers desired for the farm flock can be obtained. Numbers up in the hundreds involve a rather complicated system, but these are not usually necessary on the farm.

To avoid a complex system, each crop of lambs may be numbered from one upward. In this way it will not generally be necessary to notch higher than 100. This system is sometimes used as a check for ear tags in case the latter become torn out.

I have a recipe for the cure of farcy that is so common to horses. I have tried it and have never known it to fail. Here it is: One pound of sulphur; one pound cream of tartar; one ounce salt-petre; one ounce resin. Mix this together and give a tablespoonful in the feed once a day for three days, then after three days give two doses of the same. You will find that it will bring your horses out all right. This remedy will remove all pin worms also.—W. Byrton, Grantsdale, Mont.

Every land owner who leases his farms should introduce a system of tenant farming in connection with livestock growing and feeding. Long leases with live stock feeding would prove a mighty factor in soil conservation.

The Swedish railroads are experimenting with peat for fuel.

Meat prices in Manila have risen 100 per cent. within a year.

## The Markets

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 hard winter, 99¢ c f New York; No. 2 red, 104¢ elevator; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 101½¢; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, 101½¢ f o b afloat opening navigation.

Corn—Spot firm; No. 3 yellow, 75½¢ asked c f to arrive.

Butter—Steady; 5,500 tubs. Creamery, held, extras, 22½¢@23¢; ladies, current make, seconds, 17¢@17½¢; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 15¢@15½¢.

Dressed Poultry—Quiet; fresh fowls, 15¢@19¢; chickens, frozen broilers, 18¢@21¢; turkeys frozen, 22¢@25¢.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat—Car lots in export elevator, No. 2 red, spot and April, 98½¢@99¢; No. 1 Northern Duluth, \$1.03¼@1.04¼.

Corn—Car lots, new, No. 2 yellow, 76¢@76½¢; natural, new, No. 2 yellow, 75¢@75½¢; do, do, steam, yellow, 74¢@75¢; do, do, No. 3 yellow, 74¢@74½¢; do, do, No. 4 yellow, 69¢@71¢.

Oats—No. 2 yellow, 45¢@46½¢; standard white, 45¢@45½¢; No. 3 white, 44¢@44½¢; No. 4 white, 42¢@43¢.

Butter—Western solid-packed creamery, fancy, special, 28¢; extra, 26¢; extra firsts, 25¢; firsts, 24¢; seconds, 22¢@23¢; nearby prints, fancy, 29¢; average, extra, 28¢; firsts, 25¢@27¢; seconds, 22¢@24¢; jobbing sales of fancy prints, 32¢@35¢.

Eggs—Nearby extra, 21¢ per doz; nearby firsts, \$5.85 per standard case; nearby current receipts, \$5.20; Western extra firsts, \$5.85 per standard case; firsts, \$5.70; seconds, \$5.10@5.25; handled and recrated fresh eggs, 22¢@25¢ per doz; duck eggs, 32¢@35¢ per doz; goose eggs, 80¢@90¢ per doz.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—No. 2 red spot and April, 99½¢ nominal; No. 7, 99¢ nominal; July, 91¼¢ nominal; August, 90½¢ nominal.

Corn—Contract, 68½¢; steamer mixed, 65¢.

Oats—Standard white, 45¢; No. 3 white, 43½¢@44½¢.

Rye—Domestic Delivery—Western Rye, No. 2, 70¢@71¢; No. 3, 67¢@68¢; No. 4, 65¢@66¢. Bag lots nearby, as to quality, 80¢@88¢.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$17.00@18.00; standard timothy, \$17.00; No. 2 timothy, \$16.00@16.50; No. 3 timothy, \$14.00@15.00; light clover mixed, \$15.50; No. 1 clover mixed, \$16.00; No. 2 clover mixed, \$14.00@15.50; heavy clover mixed, \$15.00@16.00.

Butter—Creamery—Fancy, 27½¢@28¢; choice, 25¢@26¢; good, 22¢@24¢; prints, 28¢@30¢; blocks, 27¢@29¢; ladies, 18¢@20¢; Maryland and Pennsylvania, rolls, 17¢@19¢; Ohio, rolls, 14¢@16¢; West Virginia, rolls, 14¢@16¢; storepacked, 12¢@13¢; Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania, dairy prints, 14¢@16¢.

Cheese—Jobbing lots, per lb, 20¢@21¢.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 19¢; Western firsts, 19¢; West Virginia firsts, 19¢; Southern firsts, 18¢; duck eggs, 30¢. Recrated or rehandled eggs, ½¢@1¢ per doz. higher.

Live Poultry—Chickens—Old hens, heavy, 19¢; do, small to medium, 19¢; old roosters, 10¢@11¢; young, choice, 20¢@22¢; winter, 2 lbs and under, 25¢@28¢. Ducks, 20¢; Muscovy, 18¢. Pigeons, per pair—Young, 30¢; old, 30¢. Guinea fowl, each, 50¢.

CHICAGO.—Hogs—Bulk of sales, \$8.65@8.75; light, \$8.60@8.80; mixed, \$8.50@8.80; heavy, \$8.35@8.75; rough, \$8.25@8.75; rough, \$8.25@8.45; pigs, \$7.25@8.65.

Cattle—Prime fed, \$9.50@9.60; Texas steers, \$7.20@8.20; stockers and feeders, \$5.50@7.90; cows and heifers, \$3.70@8.40; calves, \$6.75@10.

Sheep—Natives, \$5.40@6.80; yearlings, \$6.50@7.45; lambs, native, \$7.25@8.25.

KANSAS CITY.—Hogs—Bulk, \$8.40@8.60; heavy, \$8.50@8.60; packers and butchers, \$8.45@8.57½; light, \$8.30@8.55; pigs, \$7.25@8.25.

Cattle—Prime fed steers, \$8.50@9.25; dressed beef steers, \$7.40@8.50; Southern steers, \$6.75@7.55; cows, \$4.50@7.50; heifers, \$6.75@8.75; stockers and feeders, \$6.50@7.80; bulls, \$5.50@7.10; calves, \$6.50@10.

Sheep—Lambs, \$6.75@7.25; wethers, \$5.25@6.50; ewes, \$5@6.25.

ST. LOUIS.—Hogs—Pigs and lights, \$7@8.87½; mixed and butchers, \$8.70@8.85; good heavy, \$8.70@8.80.

Cattle—Native beef steers, \$7.50@9.25; cows and heifers, \$4.25@8.75; stockers and feeders, \$5@8; Texas and Indian steers, \$6.75@8; cows and heifers, \$4.50@6.65; native calves, \$6@10.

Sheep—Native, muttons, \$5.75@6.50; lambs, \$7@8.40; sheered lambs, \$5.75@7.35.

PITTSBURGH.—Cattle—Choice, \$8.75@9; prime, \$8.60@8.80.

Sheep—Prime wethers, \$6.60@6.85; culls and commons, \$4@4.50; lambs, \$6@8.65; spring lambs, \$9@12; veal calves, \$10@10.50.

Hogs—Prime heavies, \$9.05@9.10; mediums and heavy and light Yorkers, \$9.15@9.20; pigs, \$8@9.10; roughs, \$8@8.35.

WIVES! Mothers! Daughters! Just a Word With You!

A woman's organism is a very delicate thing—it very easily gets out of order—just like a delicate piece of machinery, it requires more than ordinary care and attention.

There are many signs which point to disorder, such as headaches, unaccountable pains in various parts of the body, listlessness, nervousness, irritability, dizziness, faintness, backache, loss of appetite, depression, and many others.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has been the means of restoring thousands of suffering women to natural health and strength. For more than forty years it has been successfully carrying on its great work. Today it is known throughout the length and breadth of every land. Women everywhere look upon it as a helpful friend. Let it aid you.

Sold in liquid or tablet form by druggists, or trial box mailed free for 10 cents from Dr. Pierce's Dispensary, Buffalo, N.Y. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

## TOAD A VALUABLE SERVANT

Its Uses in the World Have Not Been Accorded the Recognition It Has Long Deserved.

Few well-meaning creatures have been more thoroughly misunderstood than the homely, meditative and retiring toad.

Formerly the toad was considered a venomous reptile, but in our day its habits have been more carefully observed and its great value to the promulgist and gardener has been fully established on account of its propensity for destroying insects.

We should, therefore, cultivate the friendship and assistance of the insectivorous reptiles, including the striped snake, as well as that of birds.

Every tidy housewife detests the cockroach, mice and other vermin. Two or three domesticated toads and would keep the coast clear of these and would be found more desirable than a cat, as they are wholly free from trespassing on the rights of man as does the cat. The toad is possessed of a timid and retiring nature, loving dark corners and shady places, but under kind treatment becoming quite tame.

Many instances might be cited of pet toads remaining several years in a family and doing most valuable service with no other compensation than that of immunity from persecution.

In Europe toads are carried to the cities to market and are purchased by the horticulturists, who by their aid are enabled to keep in check the multiplication of the insect tribes which prey upon their fruits, flowers, etc.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES

214 Brevard St., Tampa, Fla.—"Some three years ago I commenced to suffer from a rash on my face and back. Before the pimples came on my face there were a lot of blackheads. It looked as if the blackheads turned into pimples because after a little while all of them were gone and my face was covered with pimples. They grew small at first but gradually grew and right at the end of each pimple it was all white. I carelessly picked them with my finger nails, which made them spread, and I soon discovered them on my back. My back was covered with pimples and my face the same way. At night I could hardly sleep on account of the burning and itching sensation they caused. I did not like to go out because the pimples caused disfigurement."

"Seeing the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in one of the magazines I sent for a sample. I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I am glad to be able to say that I am entirely cured of pimples." (Signed) Jno. O. Darlington, Jan. 25, 1913.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

The Easiest Way.

"I wish I could make enough money quickly so I could have the leisure to sit down and write a play so good that it would make the country talk about it for ten years to come."

"That's easily done. Write a bad play first."

FOR MALARIA, CHILLS, FEVER, Colds and La Grippe take Elixir Babek, a preventative and remedy.

"I have used 'Elixir Babek' for four years for Malaria, and found it all that is claimed for it. Without it I would be obliged to change my residence, as I can not take quinine in any of its forms."—J. Middleton, Four-Mile Run, Va. Elixir Babek 50 cents. All drug-gists or by Parcel Post prepaid from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

To Have and to Hold.

"Does Tightwad keep Sunday?" "I expect he does, if he ever gets hold of it."—Judge.

Kill the Flies Now and Prevent disease. A DAISY FLY KILLER will do it. Kills thousands. Lasts all season. All dealers or six cent express mail for \$1. H. SOMERS, 350 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y. Adv.

Suitable Course.

"Jinks is a perfect clam in business." "I suppose that is why he is continually being roasted."

Putnam Fadeless Dyes will last until the goods wear out. Adv.

A man's good opinion of himself isn't going to fool St. Peter.

SOFT EYES MUST GO Get a 10c box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. JAMES LLOYD, 20 & 22, N.W., Washington, D.C.

Wives! Mothers! Daughters! Just a Word With You!

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"Is It a Boy or Girl?" A baby's sickness is looked upon as a matter of course; most infant troubles can be prevented if you administer Dr. FAHRNEY'S TEETHING SYRUP. It soothes and strengthens the baby's system. Can be given to babies one day old. Prevents Cholera Infantum, makes Teething simple and easy, relieves bowel complaints, 25 cents at druggists. Trial bottle free if you mention this paper.

Made only by DR. D. FAHRNEY & SON, HAGERSTOWN, Md.

### JONES' BREAK-UP CURES RHEUMATISM

SCIAITICA, LUMBARO or GOUT

No matter how severe the case is, we guarantee that 6 bottles of "Break-Up" will effect a cure. If not your money is refunded. This guarantee has stood for 20 years and only 8 people have asked for their money back, but hundreds have written us of the wonderful cures effected. In most cases one or two bottles will be sufficient. \$1.00 per bottle or six bottles for \$5.00, with guarantee. Sold by druggists, or direct from JONES' BREAK-UP, Inc., New Egypt, N. Y.

### CU-MOR SALVE

Give immediate relief for all kinds of PILES and a wonderful remedy for ECZEMA, CHAPPED HANDS, SORES and any form of SKIN DISEASE. Twenty-five cents at all druggists. Write for FREE SAMPLES. Dept. D-1.

### THE COURTNEY DRUG COMPANY

Baltimore, Md.

### ADVICE TO THE AGED

Ace brings infirmities, such as sluggish bowels, weak kidneys and torpid liver.

### Tutt's Pills

have a specific effect on these organs, stimulating the bowels, gives natural action, and imparts vigor to the whole system.

### Pettit's Eye Salve

RELIEVES TIRED EYES

### W.L. DOUGLAS SHOES

Men's \$2.00 \$2.50 \$3.00  
Women's \$3.00 \$3.50 \$4.00  
Misses' \$2.00 \$2.50 \$3.00  
\$1.50 \$1.75 \$2.00 \$2.50 \$3.00

Began business in 1879, now a legal make of \$2.00 shoes, \$2.50 shoes, \$3.00 shoes, \$4.00 shoes, \$5.00 shoes, \$6.00 shoes, \$7.00 shoes, \$8.00 shoes, \$9.00 shoes, \$10.00 shoes.

\$1,008,279 INCREASE

W. L. Douglas shoes in 1913 over 1912.

This is the reason we give you the actual value for \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.00, \$8.00, \$9.00, \$10.00. Our standards have not been lowered and the price to you remains the same.

Ask your dealer to show you the kind of W. L. Douglas shoes he is selling. You will find that they are exactly as good as our make and as high priced. The only difference is in the price.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

Some people without W. L. Douglas shoes stamped on the bottom. If W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, order direct from factory. Please specify number of the factory at all prices, postage free. Write for illustrated catalog showing how to order by mail. W. L. DOUGLAS, 215 Spauld Street, Brockton, Mass.

### There's Money in Ice

We offer a limited amount of Treasury Stock in an Ice Co., now operating 2 plants in Illinois, in order to raise capital. Buy and keep up with the demand. With increased capacity we expect to pay big dividends. Full investigation invited.

Glacier Ice Company  
Merchants-Laclede Bldg. St. Louis, Mo.

### STOP, LOOK AND LISTEN, HOW IS THIS?

Beautiful 24 piece set of Roger's Silverware in leatherette case. Sent prepaid for \$4.75. Guaranteed for life. Agents wanted. ECONOMY SALES CO., Washington, D. C.

AGENTS—\$50 TO \$75 PER WEEK sure selling Economy Match and Toothpick Sets. All dealers buy. Address today, HOUSE OF LIGHTHOPE, CANTON, OHIO.

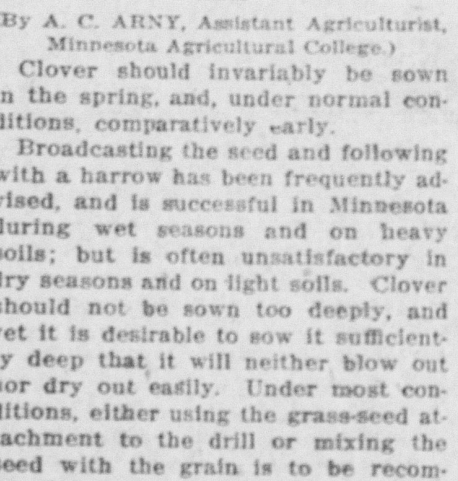
### PATENTS

WATSON E. COLEMAN, Wash. D. C.  
Indian Runner Ducks. Book "Ostrich Ducks." Free. Mrs. J. A. FURCH, South Williamsport, Penn.

### W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 16-1914.



Eggs of the Bob White.



Punch Used for Inserting Ear Labels—Can Also Be Used for Notching.