

WILSON SIGNS
TARIFF BILL

Law Effective at Once and Collectors are Notified.

CURRENCY REFORM URGED.

President Uses Two Pens in Affixing His Signature, One Going To Simmons and the Other To Underwood.

Washington.—Surrounded by the leaders of a united Democracy, President Wilson signed the Underwood-Simmons Tariff bill at 9.09 o'clock Friday night at the White House.

Simultaneously telegrams were sent to customs collectors throughout the country by the Treasury Department putting into actual operation the first Democratic tariff revision since 1894. The act becomes effective immediately.

A happy group of legislators, members of the Cabinet and friends—encircled the President as he smilingly sat down and slowly affixed his signature with two gold pens. He presented to Representative Underwood the pen that had written the word "Woodrow" and the one which had completed his name to Senator Simmons. Both recipients bowed their appreciation.

In impressive silence the President rose and delivered in easy, natural tones an extemporaneous speech that brought prolonged applause.

Asks Currency Legislation.

The President declared that the journey of legislative accomplishment had only been partly completed; that a great service had been done for the rank and file of the country, but that the second step in the emancipation of business was currency reform. He earnestly called upon his colleagues to go "the rest of the journey" with fresh impulse.

"Gentlemen, I feel a very peculiar pleasure," said the President, "in what I have just done by way of taking part in the completion of a great piece of business. It is a pleasure which is very hard to express in words adequate to express the feeling, because the feeling that I have is that we have done the rank and file of the people of this country a great service. It is hard to speak of these things without seeming to go off into campaign eloquence, but that is not my feeling. It is one very profound, a feeling of profound gratitude that, working with the splendid men who have carried this thing through with studious attention and doing justice all around, I should have had part in serving the people of this country as we have been striving to serve them ever since I can remember."

EXPRESS PLUNGES OVER BANK.

Passengers Fight Each Other In Panic and Darkness.

Erie, Pa.—Thirteen victims of the wreck of a westbound through passenger train on the Philadelphia and Erie Railway were reported recovering at the hospitals here. The train, running at a high rate of speed, struck an obstruction on the rails near Carland, Pa. The engine, mail and four passenger cars rolled down a 30-foot embankment. For several minutes the passengers fought each other in a panicky effort to extricate themselves from the twisted wreckage. Railroad employes rushed from the Carland yards and managed to quell the panic. The injured were assisted to the town, where medical aid was obtained. The more seriously hurt were brought here for hospital treatment. Most of the injured were residents of this vicinity.

A CARNEGIE GIFT DECLINED.

Methodist Conference Endorses Action of Vanderbilt College.

Cleveland, Tenn.—The Holston Conference Methodist Episcopal Church South, unanimously voted to endorse the action of the College of Bishops and the minority of the board of trust of Vanderbilt University in declining to accept an offer of \$1,000,000 gift by Andrew Carnegie for Vanderbilt University's medical school. The resolutions express regret "that the terms of said gift as set forth in Mr. Carnegie's letter were such that it could not be accepted with honor."

SUPPRESSION OF GAMBLING.

Representative Harrison Would Have Specific Treaties With Powers.

Washington.—Suppression of gambling in cotton futures over the entire world by negotiation of treaties with foreign nations was proposed in a House resolution introduced by Representative Harrison, of Mississippi.

MONUMENT TO SEA GULL.

Unveiled By Mormons As Reminder Of Deliverance.

Salt Lake City.—Commemorating the deliverance of early Mormon settlers from starvation, a monument to the great Salt Lake sea gull was unveiled in the temple grounds here. A grasshopper scourge, which visited the pioneers in 1848, threatened total destruction to their crops when great flocks of gulls appeared and devoured the pests.

"WE SHOULD WORRY"



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O'DONNELL TELLS OF DYNAMITING

Startling Crimes Throughout the Country.

SUPPLIES MISSING LINKS.

Account Of His Career As Narrated By George E. Davis Reveals a List Of Outrages Similar To That Told By McManigal.

New York.—Dynamite outrages that rivalled the exploits of the McNamara brothers and of Ortie McManigal were confessed to by George E. Davis, a union ironworker. Davis, who was arrested here, was the George O'Donnell who figured in the trial at Indianapolis that resulted in the conviction of Frank M. Ryan, president of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Ironworkers, and 37 of his associates. His arrest and its consequences round up the work the federal government started more than two years ago, when the dynamiting of bridges and steel frame buildings all over the country became a national scandal.

All the explosions that Davis says he caused were touched on and testified to at the dynamiters' trial in Indianapolis, but the fact that Davis himself caused them remained unrevealed until he himself told of it.

Davis' confession resulted in the arrest in Indianapolis of Harry Jones, secretary-treasurer of the Ironworkers' Union. His confession supplements the evidence presented at the Indianapolis trial and makes fresh charges against some of the men there convicted and now in prison. Some of his revelations concern President Ryan, who is now out on bail pending appeal from a prison sentence of seven years.

Balked At Murder.

Davis says he was the man chosen to kill Walter Drew, attorney for the National Erectors' Association in December, 1911, after Drew was charged with kidnapping John J. McNamara. It was suggested also that he try to "get" William J. Burns, the detective employed by Drew and his associates to unearth the dynamite conspiracy. The price on Drew's head at that time, Davis said, was \$5,000. "I told them," his confession continues, "that I didn't want to mix up in such business."

TRADE UNION'S VICTORY.

British Admiralty Has Awarded Them Recognition.

London.—An important victory for the trade unions was announced here, when the British Admiralty awarded them official recognition. In reply to the demands of the dockyard men the admiralty agreed hereafter, in the event of disputes, to meet deputations of the workmen either in London or at the dockyards.

FIVE PERISH IN FLAMES.

Trapped in Hotel By Fire At New Haven, Ky.

New Haven, Ky.—Five persons perished in flames that swept through the business section of New Haven. The victims were the wife, three children and sister of James Devers, who were trapped by the fire in Devers' Hotel. The loss on several buildings destroyed amounted to about \$50,000.

EMPLOYERS TO BE HELD.

Must Deduct Income Assessment From Their High-Salaried Men.

Washington.—A warning to employers that they will be held responsible for payment of income taxes by their high-salaried employes was issued by the Internal Revenue Bureau. All collectors were sent a notice calling their attention to the provision of the income tax law requiring firms to deduct the assessment from such employes as come under its provisions.

JAPAN SEEKING EQUAL RIGHTS

Land Ownership in Any State in the Union.

DEPARTMENT SURPRISED.

Will Ask For An Agreement With This Government Giving Even Terms Of Ownership With the Citizens Of Any Other Nation.

Washington.—Surprise was expressed at the State Department at the report from Tokio that another note bearing upon the California anti-alien land legislation had been dispatched to Washington. The last Japanese note presented more than a fortnight ago remains unanswered and it has been assumed that the negotiations temporarily would be held in abeyance until the return of Counselor John Bassett Moore, who has been in direct charge of the correspondence in the latest phases. Mr. Moore has been on a month's vacation and returned to Washington only Wednesday. By mutual agreement the principles have sought to maintain the strictest secrecy as to the various steps in the negotiations. It is reported here, however, that the Japanese government has reached the conclusion that it cannot successfully meet the contention of the State Department that the California Land Law is not in conflict with the existing treaty, and has decided to seek a new convention.

Unofficial information from Japan indicates that Japan instead of seeking to substitute for the Knox treaty of 1911 an entirely new convention of general scope, is inclined to ask for an agreement that will in conventional terms recognize the right of Japanese land ownership in any state of the United States or even terms with the citizens of any other nation. The attitude of the State Department regarding such a proposition remains to be developed.

WANT MURDERESS PARDONED.

Woman Was Condemned To Die, But Warrant Never Signed.

Harrisburg, Pa.—The State Board of Pardons was asked to grant a pardon for Mrs. Kate Edwards, the Reading murderess, who has been in prison for more than a dozen years and whose death warrant has been unsigned in the administration of three governors. Mrs. Edwards was convicted September 14, 1901, and sentenced to be hanged in March of the following year. In 1903 commutation was refused. The petition for the pardon alleges that she had been debased by brutal treatment, and had she told the truth at the trial, she would not have been convicted of first degree murder.

TO FURNISH 100-A-POUND BEEF.

Peruvian Discusses Panama Canal Trade With Wilson.

Washington.—A. F. Leguia, former President of Peru, called on President Wilson to pay his respects and discuss with him his plans to furnish beef to American consumers for 10 cents a pound when the Panama Canal opens.

FOODLESS FOR 62 DAYS.

California Woman Subsisted Entirely On Water—May Die.

Palo Alto, Cal.—Physicians are hourly expecting the death of Mrs. G. H. Foss, who has refused food for 62 days and lived on a water diet.

FIRE PREVENTION DAY.

October 9th Set Aside In Chicago To Instruct Children.

Chicago.—Three hundred and fifty thousand school children will be addressed by uniformed firemen on October 9, which was designated as Fire Prevention Day in a proclamation issued by Mayor Harrison. They will be told that a majority of fires are caused by carelessness and how they can do their part in keeping the city safe.

The Way. "How on earth do you start to gain a standing in society?" "By first getting a footing."

THINK OF THE MILLIONS that have been relieved in the past 75 years by Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills and decide whether they are not worth a trial. They regulate the bowels, stimulate the liver and purify the blood. Adv.

Unanswerable. Simeon Ford, New York's well-known humorist, said whimsically the other day, apropos of the death of J. Pierpont Morgan: "We learn from Mr. Morgan's life that wealth does not bring happiness. We know already that poverty doesn't bring it, either. What on earth then is a man to do?"—Argonaut.

HAIR CAME OUT IN BUNCHES

Route No. 3, Box 20A, Broken Arrow, Okla.—"My trouble began with an itching of the scalp of my head. My scalp at first became covered with flakes of dandruff which caused me to scratch and this caused a breaking out here and there on the scalp. It became so irritated until I could not rest at night and my hair would come out in bunches and became short and rough.

"Everything I used would cause it to grow worse and it continued that way for about three or four years. While reading the paper I saw the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a sample. It proved so good that I decided to get some more. I used them as directed and in two weeks I saw a good effect. Now my hair is longer and looks better than I have ever known it to be. I give all the credit of my cure of scalp trouble to the Cuticura Soap and Ointment." (Signed) Mrs. Ella Sheffield, Nov. 30, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Carbines for Cavalry.

A proposition to convert the new Springfield rifle into a carbine for the use of the mounted service is being considered by the ordnance officers of the army. The plan is to shorten the barrel of the rifle four inches, and by so doing to reduce its weight by two pounds, thus making it much easier to handle by the mounted troops. The sights also are to be adjusted to meet the shortening of the barrel. The decrease in the muzzle velocity, it is claimed, will not be so great as to interfere with its effectiveness up to a range of 1,500 yards. The ordnance department had been asked to make a report on the proposition, and the cavalry board will take it up and include it in its report on the reorganization of the cavalry and on the new equipment.

Made Him Short Tempered.

"Bothering me again about that bill. Say, didn't I tell you three weeks ago that I was short?"

"Yes, but you are short too con-founded long."

Striking Type.

Marks—Your new stenographer is a remarkably handsome girl.

Parks—Yes, a striking type of female beauty, so to speak.

Not This Time.

"Did you take in boarders this summer, Sam?"

"No, sir; they was on to us."

Some men never borrow trouble; they buy it outright.

WINCHESTER

Pistol and Rifle Cartridges Winchester cartridges adapted to Winchester rifles are made to get the best possible results out of them. As the same equipment, organization and system are employed in making all Winchester cartridges, it naturally follows that Winchester cartridges produce the best results in all firearms. Winchester cartridges are made for all calibers and makes of rifles, revolvers and pistols. Sold everywhere. Ask For The Red W Brand.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES FOR MEN AND WOMEN. The largest makers of Men's \$3.50 and \$4.00 shoes in the world. Ask your dealer to show you W. L. Douglas \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$4.50 shoes. Just as good in style, fit and wear as others; makes costing \$5.00 to \$7.00—the only difference is the price. Shoes in all leathers, styles and shapes to suit everybody. If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factory at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price. If W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, order direct from the factory and save the middleman's profit. Shoes for every member of the family, at all prices, by Parcel Post, postage free. Write for Illustrated Catalog. It will show you how to order by mail, and why you can save money on your footgear. W. L. Douglas name is stamped on the bottom.

Dr. FAHRNEY'S TEETHING SYRUP. Expels from the stomach and bowels the things that make baby cry in the night. Lets mother and baby sleep all night and get a good rest. Cures Colic in ten minutes; is a splendid medicine for Diarrhea, Cholera Morbus and Sour Stomach. You can't get anything better for teething, ailing, pale, skinny, under-sized babies. 25 cents at drug stores. First Bottle FREE by mail of Dr. D. Fahrney & Son, Hagerstown, Md., if you mention this paper. LETS BABY SLEEP ALL NIGHT.

Boys Prefer the Farm. The farm boy has a tremendous advantage in the world. Early he is trained to self-reliance, to performance of duties, to regular labor. He has a sound body. He is eminently fitted to do the greatest things done in the world. He recognizes that the farm is the best place in the world in which to live. Ten chances to one he would prefer to stay on his father's farm. If the father can learn to make the farm pay well, if he can make it progressive, with hope of fine achievement at the end of the struggle, then most boys will stay. It is when the farm is stagnant, unprogressive, dead, almost hopeless, that the young man sets his face resolutely away from the farm.—Breeder's Gazette. Important Question. "Woman," growled the villain, "the crime is on your own head." "Is it on straight?" anxiously demanded the villainess. It is. "He has money, health, position, influence—ah, his should be a full life." "Well, he does tank up considerable." Its Way. "I hear there is a new comet coming." "Yes, and on a special train." Considering the entire earth, about one person in 100 lives to be sixty-five years of age. HAS NEW IDEA IN SURGERY. New Yorker Confident of Ability to Graft Limbs of Dead on Bodies of Living. Dr. A. L. Sorens, a New York surgeon, who astounded the world at the recent medical congress in London by stating that he would soon be able to graft the limbs of the dead upon the bodies of the living, will resume his experiments at his New York laboratory. "So far I have only taken the limbs of dogs and grafted them on other dogs," said he. "The work is so new that I have to make the instruments to use, and that takes time and patience. The dogs on which I have experimented are today just as sound as though they had been born with the limbs grafted on them. When working upon the dogs I take one that has just died and immediately graft his limb to that of a living animal. But with human subjects that question of time is the most serious." Even if a man does have fairly good sense he can easily write a few love letters. The world production of tin last year was 114,195 tons, as compared with 515,828 tons the year before. It is no task for a clever woman to manage a young man—during courtship.

Vigor A determination to "get ahead" is found in every action of the successful man or woman. Vigor of body and brain comes principally from the food one eats. Grape-Nuts and cream Is the regular morning ration for thousands who are "making good," and who know that a clear brain and steady nerves are necessary to success. Made of Wheat and Barley, Grape-Nuts contains all of the vital tissue-building elements of the grains thoroughly baked, concentrated, and easily digested. "There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts Sold by Grocers.