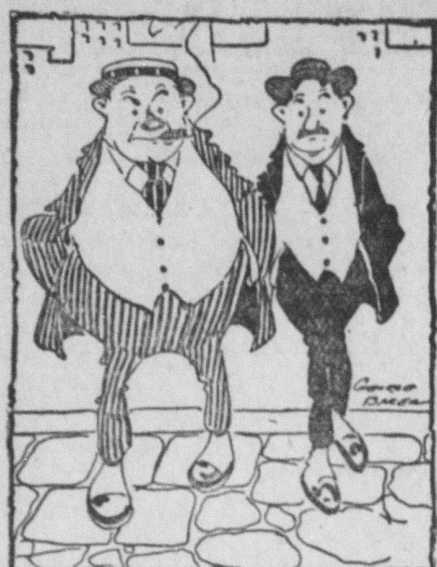


AN INVITATION.



Harry Nort—I'm going up in an airship tomorrow. Flatman—Well, drop in on us if you're passing our way.

HIRAM CARPENTER'S WONDERFUL CURE OF PSORIASIS.

"I have been afflicted for twenty years with an obstinate skin disease, called by some M. D.'s, psoriasis, and others leprosy, commencing on my scalp; and in spite of all I could do, with the help of the most skillful doctors, it slowly but surely extended until a year ago this winter it covered my entire person in the form of dry scales. For the last three years I have been unable to do any labor, and suffering intensely all the time. Every morning there would be nearly a dust-pailful of scales taken from the sheet on my bed, some of them half as large as the envelope containing this letter. In the latter part of winter my skin commenced cracking open. I tried everything, almost, that could be thought of, without any relief. The 12th of June I started West, in hopes I could reach the Hot Springs. I reached Detroit and was so low I thought I should have to go to the hospital, but finally got as far as Lansing, Mich., where I had a sister living. One Dr. — treated me about two weeks, but did me no good. All I thought I had but a short time to live. I earnestly prayed to die. Cracked through the skin all over my back, across my ribs, arms, hands, limbs; feet badly swollen; toe-nails came off; finger-nails dead and hard as a bone; hair dead, dry and lifeless as old straw. O my God! how I did suffer.

"My sister wouldn't give up; said, 'We will try Cuticura.' Some was applied to one hand and arm. Eureka! there was relief; stopped the terrible burning sensation from the word go. They immediately got Cuticura Resolvent, Ointment and Soap. I commenced by taking Cuticura Resolvent three times a day after meals; had a bath once a day, water about blood heat; used Cuticura Soap freely; applied Cuticura Ointment morning and evening. Result: returned to my home in just six weeks from the time I left, and my skin as smooth as this sheet of paper. Hiram E. Carpenter, Henderson, N. Y."

The above remarkable testimonial was written January 19, 1880, and is republished because of the permanency of the cure. Under date of April 22, 1910, Mr. Carpenter wrote from his present home, 610 Walnut St. So., Lansing, Mich.: "I have never suffered a return of the psoriasis and although many years have passed I have not forgotten the terrible suffering I endured before using the Cuticura Remedies."

"Lize Was 'Otherwise at Present.'" Sam Jones found Eliza Williams animatedly talking with Jim Lewis at a colored baptism. Now, Eliza was Sam's "best girl," or he reckoned her that way; so walking up he sought to monopolize her attention. But Eliza, considering the interruption unwarranted, wheeled upon Sam with, "Yo' will have to 'scuse me, I am otherwise at present."—Frank P. Fogg, National Magazine.

TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA AND BUILD UP THE SYSTEM AND GIVE THE BLOOD A HEALTHY TONIC. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a tasteful form. The Quinine drives out the malarial and the iron builds up the system. Sold by all druggists for 30 cents. Price 50 cents.

All Aboard. Modiste—Do you want a train on your gown, madam? Customer—Yes, and I want it on time, too.

For HEADACHE—Hicks' CAPSIDINE. Whether from Colds, Heat, Stomach or Nervous Troubles, Capsidine will relieve you. It's a liquid—pleasant to take—acts immediately. Try it. 10c., 25c., and 50 cents at drug stores.

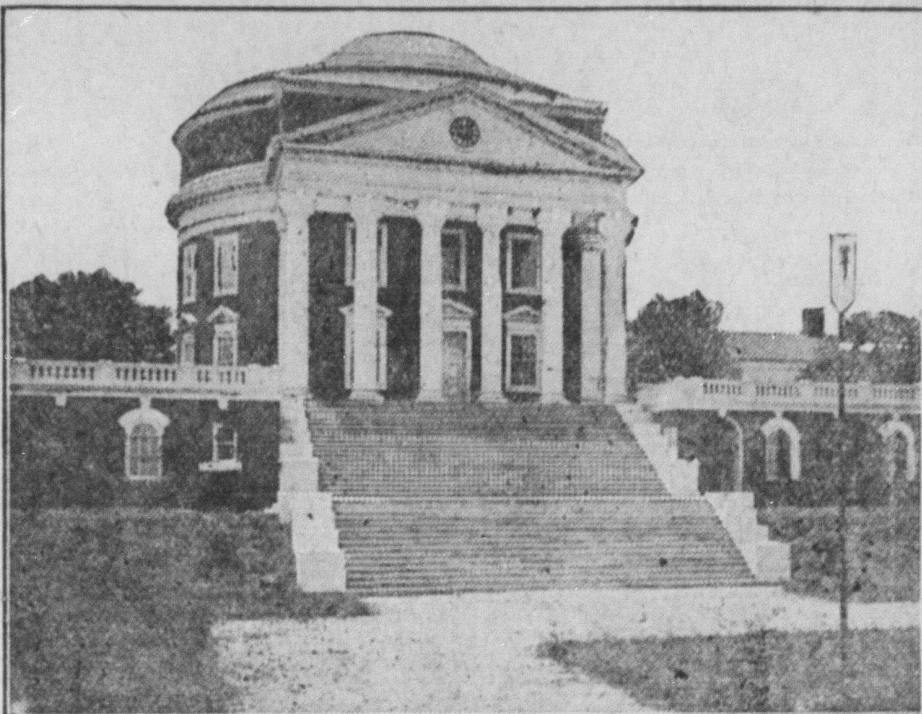
The Proper Way. "Can you answer the questions about this bench show categorically?" "I prefer to do so dogmatically?"

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. Easy to take.

Two may be company—unless they are husband and wife.

Advertisement for Pimples and Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Includes text: "blackheads and oily skin may be quickly overcome by the frequent use of" and "The original site of the university was a farm of some two hundred acres, picturesquely located in the highlands of Albemarle."

THE FAMOUS ROTUNDA



Pride of Thomas Jefferson, at University of Virginia.

THE GREATEST MEMORIAL TO THOMAS JEFFERSON THE PATRIOT

THIS season particularly, among the great patriots whom the nation delights to honor stands high the name of Thomas Jefferson. Enduring forever as his memorial will stand the Declaration of Independence, but his services to his country were so many and so magnificent that a grateful people has enshrined him in its memory second only, perhaps, to his immortal fellow-patriot and statesman, George Washington.

That Jefferson is richly deserving of more numerous memorials must be conceded if one but recalls, for a moment the variety of his services to the nation. His services as president of the United States and founder of one of our great political parties commend him to our gratitude as do his diplomatic triumphs and his activity as one of the prime movers in the whole revolutionary movement, but, after all, perhaps his strongest claim upon the admiration of the American people in all generations, past and to come, is as the author of that keystone of our national existence,—the Declaration of Independence.

It is probable that the next decade will witness the provision of an acknowledgment in marble and bronze of the republic's debt to Jefferson that will in some degree make up by its splendor for the tardiness of its creation. However, Jefferson's fame has not waited upon such reminder. As has been said, there are several statues of him in public places; there is an imposing though simple monument over his grave in the hills of Virginia, and finally there is a memorial which is as noble a heritage as any man could leave to the nation to whose service he devoted his life.

University Jefferson's Memorial.

This last-mentioned memorial is the University of Virginia which Jefferson virtually founded and the up-building of which was the project above all others nearest his heart. Indeed, it was his desire and avowed intention to make this ideal seat of learning his monument before posterity, and he watched it develop on a site he chose almost under the shadow of his beloved home at Little Mountain with all the solicitude which a father might extend to a favorite child. And yet the University of Virginia, despite its noble traditions and the magnificence of its architectural setting, is not one of the best known colleges of the country and it is safe to say that very few persons have ever been brought to realize its significance as the chosen monument of the author of the foundation stone of our liberty.

The forerunner of the University of Virginia, which was, by the way, the first real university established in the New World, was authorized by the state legislature of Virginia in the year 1803 but no headway was made with the project until March, 1814, when Thomas Jefferson, the real head and founder of the institution, was elected to the board of trustees and threw himself heart and soul into this labor of love which appealed to him as few enterprises had done in his whole eventful career. Through the wish of Jefferson, Charlottesville, his "home town" in the foothills of the Blue Ridge mountains, was chosen as the site for the new university and in 1817 the cornerstone of the first building, Central college, was laid, there being present on this occasion not only Thomas Jefferson, but also James Madison and James Monroe, who stand in history with Jefferson as presidents of the United States.

Original Building Still Standing. The original site of the university was a farm of some two hundred acres, picturesquely located in the

"highlands of Albemarle" but this tract was, of course, added to as the requirements of the university demanded. The original building thus auspiciously started is still standing, but having outlived its usefulness for its original function is now utilized as a residence by one of the instructors at the university. This building was designed by Jefferson, who formulated the whole architectural scheme which is in itself sufficient to render the University of Virginia notable.

Indeed, the circumstance that Thomas Jefferson was the architect of the beautiful home of the University of Virginia, as well as the founder of this seat of learning, renders it particularly fitting that it should, in accordance with his wish, be regarded as his enduring monument. Although the fact may not be so well known the versatile Thomas Jefferson was as much a genius in architectural work as he was in literary expression, as evidenced by the Declaration of Independence. He designed his home, the mansion Monticello, which remains to this day a masterpiece of Colonial architecture, and his influence had much to do with the formulation of the plan for the white house at Washington,—a building which embodies some of the features found also at Monticello. Always the Leading Spirit.

Like other great men, Jefferson did not always have his own way, even with his neighbors and fellow-Virginians. He had a hard struggle to have his university, which was known at first simply as Central college, formally accepted as the state university, but he continued his missionary work in behalf of this cause for years, and finally in 1819 the legislature passed a formal act making the new institution a state university in name and in fact. Even at this the undertaking proceeded slowly and it was not until the spring of 1825 that the institution was open to students. At the first meeting of the board of the university Mr. Jefferson was elected rector and until the time of his death in 1826 he directed and dominated the university, not only evolving the entire system of education introduced but actually devising to the minutest details every feature of construction and organization.

In formulating the plan and policy of this seat of learning Jefferson displayed that same rare judgment which we see reflected in the Declaration of Independence. As originally organized, the University of Virginia consisted of eight independent schools,—ancient languages, modern languages, mathematics, natural philosophy, chemistry, medicine, law, etc. Yet the system presented an organization of perfect elasticity. A new realm of knowledge, opened by the advance of thought, could at any time be admitted to the academic statehood with as much ease as a new state is admitted to the Union. Or, on the other hand, Steady Growth of University.

That this has worked out in practice just as it promised in theory is evidenced by the fact that the whole history of the University of Virginia has been a continual record of addition and expansion until now there are more than two dozen schools, grouped under six different departments.

There is much of historic interest on every hand within the university grounds. The original office of Thomas Jefferson is standing at one side of the court, and not far distant is the room where Dr. McGuffey wrote the school readers which are so well known to every boy and girl who ever attended the primary or grammar grades of our public schools. The Library building is, as has been mentioned, a replica of the Pantheon, one third the size of its Grecian model. Among the relics of interest in the rotunda of this Library are autograph letters of Phillips Brooks and Madison and much of the private correspondence of Jefferson. Among these Jefferson letters are some written during the closing years of his life in which he described the monument he desired to have erected over his grave, even to giving the dimensions and specifying the epitaph that was to be chiseled thereon, and which, by the way, enumerates the founding of this University of Virginia and the authorship of the Declaration of Independence as the public services for which he is commended to the memory of posterity. The University of Virginia has been referred to as "the child of Jefferson's old age" but certainly it is man with the enthusiasm of youth could labor more energetically than he did to realize his ideal of a great democratic institution of learning.

COMMERCIAL

Weekly Review of Trade and Market Reports.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

Business activity now awaits the outcome of the growing crops, and as crop reports continue to favor large harvests there is a noticeable improvement in business confidence, with some gain in actual trade transactions, although purchases are still conducted with conservatism and there is moderate buying for future needs. For the first time in many weeks there are signs of recovery from the depression in the iron and steel trade, and, while pig iron continues very dull, there are increased orders for finished steel, notably in the structural and wire divisions. In dry goods there is more improvement in sentiment than in activity, and the increased confidence is based upon the strength imparted to the situation by the low stocks and upon the effect of bright crop prospects. The actual demand is much below the normal point, but gives evidence of some expansion. The foreign trade is, however, largely in excess of last year, and this is, next to favoring agricultural conditions, the brightest spot in the whole business situation.

Wholesale Markets

NEW YORK.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 94 1/2c elevator and 95 1/4 f. o. b. afloat. No. 1 Northern Duluth, 103 f. o. b. afloat.

Corn—Spot steady; export, new, No. 2, corn, 60 1/2 c f. o. b. afloat nominal.

Oats—July closed 43 1/2; receipts, 57,950; shipments, 6,600.

Butter—Firm; receipts, 11,199 pkgs. Creamery special, 24c; process, special, 20; extras, 19@19 1/2; first, 17 1/2@18 1/2.

Cheese—Firm; receipts, 4,617 boxes. State, whole milk, large, colored, average fancy, 11c; do, large white average fancy, 11; state dairies, best, 12@12 1/2.

Eggs—Steady; receipts, 20,365 cases. Fresh gathered thirds, 11@12c.

Poultry—Alive firm; Western spring chickens, 26@28c; fowls, 16@16 1/2; turkeys, 15; dressed irregular; Western broilers, 18@25; fowls, 11 1/2@14 1/2; turkeys, 12@15.

PHILADELPHIA, June 15.—Wheat—Unchanged.

Corn—Steady; June, 58@58 1/2c. Oats—Firm, 1/2c higher; No. 2 white natural, 44@44 1/2c.

Butter—Firm; extra Western creamery, 25c; do, nearby prints, 26.

Eggs—Firm; Penna. and other nearby firsts, free cases, \$5.25 per case; do, current receipts, free cases \$4.80 per case; Western firsts, free cases, \$5.25 per case; do, current receipts, free cases, \$4.80 per case.

Cheese—Firm and 1/4@1/2c higher. New York full cream, fancy new, 12@12 1/2c; do, fair to good, 11@11 1/2.

Live Poultry—Firm; fowls, 15 1/2@16c; old roosters, 10@10 1/2; spring chickens, 24@28; ducks, 12@13.

Dressed Poultry—Firm; fresh killed fowls, nearby, 14 1/2@15c; do, Western, 13@14 1/2; old roosters, 9; broiling chickens, 28@32; Western, 18@27.

Refined sugars quiet. Tallow unchanged.

Potatoes—Firm; Pennsylvania old, nearby, per bu, 95c@91; New York, as to quality, 90c@91.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—No. 2 red Western, 91 1/2c; contract, 91 1/2; No. 3 red, 88 1/2c; steamer No. 2 red, 86 1/2c; steamer No. 2 red, Western 86 1/2c. The closing was quiet; spot and June, 90 1/2c; July, 89; August, 88 1/2c; September, 89 1/2c.

Corn—Contract, 58 1/2c; steamer mixed, 55 1/2c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 44 1/2@44 1/2c; standard white, 44 1/2; No. 3 white 43 1/2@44.

Hay—Timothy—No. 1, \$25; No. 2, \$20@23; No. 3, \$22.50@23. Clover—Choice mixed, \$22.50@23.50; do, No. 1, \$20@22; do, No. 2, \$20@22; No. 1, \$20@21; No. 2, \$18@19.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 22@23 1/2c; choice, 21@22; good, 19@20; imitation, 17@19; prints, 23@25; blocks, 22@24; ladies, 17@18; Maryland and Pennsylvania rolls, 15@16; Ohio rolls, 15@15 1/2; West Virginia rolls, 15@15 1/2; store-packed, 15@15 1/2; Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania dairy prints, 15@15 1/2; process butter, 18@20.

Cheese—Jobbing lots, per lb, 12 1/2@13c.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvanias and nearby firsts, 16c; Western firsts 16; West Virginia firsts, 16; Southern firsts, 15@15 1/2; guinea EGGS, 7 1/2@8.

Live Stock

CHICAGO—Cattle—Beoves, \$5.16@5.55; Texas steers, \$4.60@5.80; Western steers, \$4.80@5.75; stockers and feeders, \$3.70@5.60; cows and heifers, \$2.50@5.90; calves, \$4@5.50.

Hogs—Market slow at opening figures. Light, \$5.75@6.15; mixed, \$5.80@6.15; heavy, \$5.70@6.15; rough, \$5.70@5.85; pigs to choice heavy, \$5.85@6.15; rods, \$5.50@6.10; bulk of sales, \$5.95@6.10.

IN THE WORLD OF JUNIORS

Penal Code Sensible and Most Effective for Punishment of Childish Faults

Public opinion sways the child world. Sometimes this opinion is created by what an intelligent child has learned through older people, sometimes it comes of the children's own reasoning. And the child who falls in the etiquette demanded from him by his own world is punished in the surest and severest way. Public opinion is against him or his misdeed; he must remain on the outside until he has proved his repentance. There may be a suggestion for older people in this method of treating offenders in their midst. Punishment by the family's ostracism may bring a rude or indifferent-minded little person to terms sooner than anything else.

Emerson had a little daughter, Ellen, who once told a lie. She was not punished in the way that you or I might think wise. All the children in the family were brought together and told that something very dreadful had happened in their family; Ellen had told a lie. They must not romp or play or sing, for Ellen had told a lie.—The Designer.

Rest for Tuberculosis Patients.

Dr. Joseph H. Pratt of Boston, who was the founder of the first tuberculosis class in the United States in the Emmanuel church in Boston claims that in the treatment of tuberculosis absolute rest, often in bed, must be extended over a period of months, before the consumptive should take any exercise. He says: "Prolonged rest in bed out of doors yields better results than any other method of treating pulmonary tuberculosis. Patients will have a better appetite, and take more food without discomfort and gain weight and strength faster than patients with active disease who are allowed to exercise. Complications are much less frequent. When used in the incipient stage recovery is more rapid and surer."

Well Domesticated.

Judge Parry in the course of a sketch of his judicial duties states that he has learned to sympathize with domestic frailties. "I was once rebuking a man for backing up his wife in what was not only an absurd story, but one in which I could see he had no belief. 'You should be more careful,' I said, 'and I tell you candidly I don't believe a word of your wife's story.' 'You may do as you like,' he said, mournfully, 'but I've got to.'"

No Connection.

"I understand Skads gave you a cigar yesterday?" "Yes."

"It should have been a treat. He pays a dollar apiece for the cigars he smokes."

"What he pays for the cigars he smokes has nothing to do with what he pays for the cigars he gives other people to smoke."

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher. In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

Enough Decorative Art.

Visitor—Warden, why don't you cultivate beauty about these bare, blank walls? Why not plant some climbing vines about?

Warden—Excuse me, ma'am, but we already have a lot of porch climbers here.

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES

one size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Powder, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy; gives instant relief to corns and bunions. This is an easy test: Sprinkle Allen's Foot-Powder in one shoe and not in the other and notice the difference. Sold everywhere. Do not accept any substitute. For FREE trial package, address Allen S. Unwin, Lefroy, N. Y.

Never Forgot Business.

"What would you take for a cold?" the sufferer said. "I dunno," the man who never forgets business replied. "What'd you be willing to give?"

For COLDS and BRUISES.

Hicks' CAPSIDINE is the best remedy—relieves the aching and feverishness—cures the cold and restores normal conditions. It's liquid—effects immediately 10c., 25c., and 50c. At drug stores.

Real Optimist.

Bull Dog—Gee, but you look fierce with that can on your tail. Cheerful Dog—Ah, got out! That's Jewelry.

Life is for the most part but the union of our individual selves.—Cowper.

Remedies are Needed

Were we perfect, which we are not, medicines would not often be needed. But since our systems have become weakened, impaired and broken down through indiscretions which have gone on from the early ages, through countless generations, remedies are needed to aid Nature in correcting our inherited and otherwise acquired weaknesses. To reach the seat of stomach weakness and consequent digestive troubles, there is nothing so good as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, a glyceric compound, extracted from native medicinal roots—sold for over forty years with great satisfaction to all users. For Weak Stomach, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Pain in the Stomach after eating, Heartburn, Bad Breath, Belching of food, Chronic Diarrhea and other Intestinal Derangements, the "Discovery" is a time-proven and most efficient remedy.

HAVE YOU TRIED PAXTINE

The Great Toilet Germicide? You don't have to pay 50c or \$1.00 a pint for listerian antiseptics or peroxide. You can make 16 pints of a more cleansing, germicidal, healing and deodorizing antiseptic solution with one 25c box of Paxtine,—a soluble antiseptic powder, obtainable at any drug store.

Paxtine destroys germs that cause disease, decay and odors,—that is why it is the best mouth wash and gargle, and why it purifies the breath, cleanses and preserves the teeth better than ordinary dentifrices, and in sponge bathing it completely eradicates perspiration and other disagreeable body odors. Every dainty woman appreciates this and its many other toilet and hygienic uses.

Paxtine is splendid for sore throat, inflamed eyes and to purify mouth and breath after smoking. You can get Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic at any drug store, price 25c and 50c, or by mail postpaid from The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass., who will send you a free sample if you would like to try it before buying.

One Satisfaction.

"The cook says she is going to leave," said Mrs. Crosslots mournfully. "Are you sure she's in earnest?" responded her husband.

"Yes." "Nothing will change her mind?" "Nothing." "All right. Then I'll go down to the kitchen and discharge her."

The most hopeless man in the world is the man who is drifting.—Hans Sacka.

Life without love is like a good dinner without an appetite.

Advertisement for Libby's Pickles and Olives. Includes text: "When you want the best there is, ask your grocer for Libby's Pickles and Olives" and an image of a jar of pickles.

BALE YOUR HAY PRESS

It will bring you more money. Send for Catalog. P. K. DEDERICK'S SONS 100 Tivoli St., Albany, N. Y.

DAISY FLY KILLER

plaster on the... kills all flies, bees, wasps, mosquitoes, house flies, etc. Can be used on lawns, gardens, etc. For full directions, see directions on package. All dealers in household goods. 150 So. 4th Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MEN AND WOMEN

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased. For good results use Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy. At druggists. Sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

RELIABILITY!

FREE with your first order a good serviceable silkpin. Gent's neckwear at very reasonable prices; also soft collars for summer wear. Send for illustrated circulars and prices.

THE CRESCENT CO.

215 DIVISION AVE., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

PREVENTION

better than cure. Tutt's Pills if taken in time not only cure, but will prevent SICK HEADACHE, biliousness, constipation and kindred diseases.

Tutt's Pills

WE BUY OLD GOLD

Silver, Platinum, Old Jewelry, False Teeth of all kinds. Highest prices paid. PENN SMELTING & REFINING WORKS, 306 Filbert Street, Philadelphia.

W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 26-1911.

